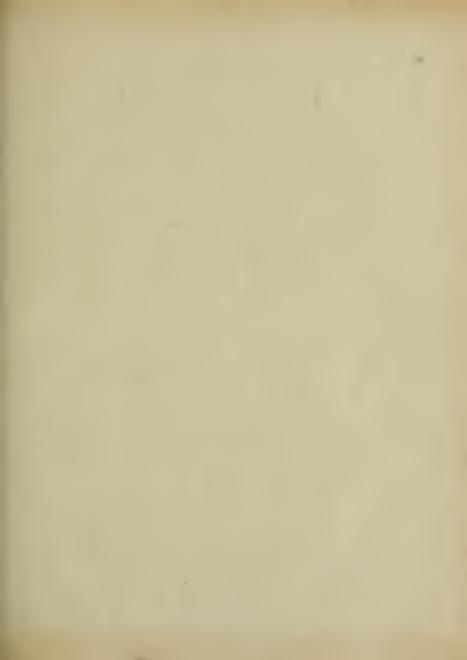


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CHRISTS TESTAMENTS,

Baptisme and the

Supper.

Written in two Bookes.

The 1. Of holy Baptisme, how it is to be understood in the Ground thereof, and why a christian should be Baptised.

The 2. Of the holy Supper of the Lord Christ, what it is, with the Benefit and Effects of it, and how the same may be worthily Participated of.

And how these are to be under stood, both according to the Old and New Testament.

Set forth from the True Theosophicall Ground, through the three Principles of the Divine Revelation, and presented to the Children of God for the Information of their understandings.

Written in the yeare of Christ 1624.

JACOB BEHM of Old Seidenberg
alias Tentonicus Philosophus.

And Englished by JOHN SPARROVV, Barrister of the Inner Temple London.

LUNDON;

Printed by M. Simmons, and are to be fold neare the figne of the Golden Lyon in Marry are thecets, and telementathe

Jesus said to his Disciples, Matth. 28. 19. Mark. 16. 16.

Goe forth into all the World, and Teach all People, and Baptile them in the Name of the Father, and of the Sonne, and of the Holy Ghost.

Whosoever beleeveth and is Baptised shall be saved, but whosoever beleeveth not shall be condemned.

The Englishers Preface.



Hese two little Books intituled together by the Authour the Booke of the Two Testaments, the one of Bap!isme, the other of the Supper, doe the most deeply and plainly handle those two Grand

Mysteries of any Booke extant since the Apostles Times, and doe cleerly satisfie the doubts and put an end to the different Opinions concerning each of them, and so make all friends together; those that are called Anabaptists, and those that are called Padobaptists; those that baptise persons of age upon confession of their Faith, and those that baptise Infants with Witnesses to stand for them: also this Treatise intimateth so much that it may be discerned who is a fit administratour of Baptisme to those new converted, or to the Infant children of converted Parents; It reconcileth the difference of Opinion about Transubstantiation, Consubstantiation, and the Participation of meere Bread and Wine: and sheweth how to understand truly the right Participation of the true flesh and bloud of Christ under Bread and Wine, and being there is reall participation to be had of the flesh and bloud of Christ without Bread and Wine why the Bread and Wine was so Instituted to be celebrated and communicated: and so also seeing the Baptisme of the A 2

Holy Ghost hath been many times without Water, why the Baptisme of Water is necessary to be used, even to those that had before received the

Holy Ghost as well as the Apostles.

All which, being understood, it will likewise appeare what the Ground of the Preaching of the Word of God is, as it is an Ordinance of God, and how wee shall truly perceive what is the Essence of all Ordinances as they are so called, (which in the signification of the word is no more but a thing ordained or appointed) and so it will be easie to finde how far short men are of rightly Esteeming the true Ordinances, and how forward they are in taking that for such which is

not indeed the Ordinance of God.

The Preaching of the Word, the Administration of Baptisme, and the Participation of the Supper, are Ordinances of God. The Communion of Saints or holy people (two or three met in Christs Name) are a true Church or Congregation of God according to his holy Ordinance. The Magistrate, Ruler, or King, and all that are in authority, are the Ordinance of God, for the punishment of Evill doers, and for the encouragement of them that doe well. Gods Ministers, Presbyters or Elders, Oldmen or Fathers in the Experimentall knowledge of Christ; his Bishops or Overfeers, Shepheards or Pastours, or feeders of his flock; his Doctours or Teachers, Instructors in the wayes of Godlines; or Prophets appointed to tell People of their sinnes: also Evangelists or Messengers of the Glad tydings of salvation; Disciples

or Schollers in the schoole of Christ, such as are taught of God; and Apostles, or such as are sent of God and Christ by the Holy Ghoststhese must needs be ordained and appointed by God: and so Forgiveness of sinnes or Absolution; Excommunication, or casting out from the Congregation of Christ, and delivering to Satan. Healing of the fick by the Elders fervent prayer of Faith. The Laying on of the hands of the Presbytery or Eldership, whereby the Gift of the Holy Ghost was bestowed. Also Marrying in the Lord. Are all of them the Ordinances of God; Every Duty of Man towards God, or of one towards another, mentioned either in the Old or New Testament, are

cleerly the Ordinances of God.

But how any thing is a true Ordinance of God, and wherein it doth confift, is hardly knowne and little confidered as it should be, that it might be certainly understood, and there is much Exercise of our Minds before wee can goe about to examine it rightly; wee must know God before wee can know his Ordinances, which are of his own appointment; and if we know not who he is, how can we know that we love him, and that it is not somewhat else which we love instead of him? for it is said by the Apostle John, He that Saith he loveth God and hateth his brother, is a lyar and the truth is not in him, for if a man loveth not his brother whom he hath seene, how can be love God whom he hath not seene and he that loveth not know- at Job 4.3. eth not God, for God is love. Further the same Apostle saith, that b God is love and he that dwelleth

b I Joh. 4. 13 .

· 1 Joh 3. 14.

in Love, droelleth in God and he in him: and how can any know this Excellent thing Love, in which who so dwelleth is "passed from death to life, if he knoweth not he hath it in him, and then how can he either know God or love him? This Love must be in us if we be the Disciples of Christ; nay there is not any thing mentioned in the whole Bible concerning Heaven and Redemption, but we must have it in us while we are in this life, or else we are not Partakers of it; yea God hath shed abroad his love into our hearts, which is that word of Iruth and life which is able to fave our foules, and doth perfectly fave them that dreceive it (that is, believe): and it is both shed abroad and received by very many foules, that neither know what that word is nor how they have received it: for example; when any Man is troubled at his doing of Evill, and is forry for it, and wisheth from his heart he had not done it, endeavoureth to have a better watch over himselfe, resolveth never to doe the same againe, desiring strength to be able to resist his doing of Evill any more, being carefull least evill fuggestions in his minde should allure him, and entice him to any evill againe, and constantly walketh thus circumspectly in his whole life to the end of his dayes. This Man hath the Love of Godshed abroad in his heart, and hath received it, elle it could not bring forth fuch fruits of the Spirit : and he that is so led by the spirit is the childe of God: though it may be such a one doth not know, if you aske him, what Gods Love is,

though

d Yeeld to it in obedience to the distates to it.

though he dwelleth in it; and the cause why there is so small progresse in the knowledge of Christianity, and the true Ordinances of God, is, because men think to learne those things by roate, and not by Heart: some are so far enemies to themselves, which is deeply to be lamented, that if they read that the Scripture faith a thing, they care not what it meaneth, or how to understand it aright, by seeking and finding the thing out which is spoken of, that they may be sure of the meaning of what they reade, in that inestimable booke of God: Indeed the Holy Scriptures have perfectly declared all the Mysteries of God, and his Ordinances, and they have been rendred out of the Originall Languages of Hebrew and Greeke, into the Mother Tongues almost of all Nations, sufficiently to leave them without excuse, that be not obedient in their lives and Conversations, so far as they may know, fo that it will be far more easie for the Heathen to excuse themselves at the Last day, then for those that have read or heard the Scriptures, and live not accordingly; though the Heathen also shall be left without excuse, as the Scripture saith; God hath left them without excuse, in that he doth good, and giveth them raine from Heaven, and fruitfull seasons, filling their hearts with food and Gladnesse.

Furthermore, The Scriptures have had many laborious Expositions of the words and rendrings both of the Originall and translated Copies, by large Writings, Commentaries, and Glosses, but

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the things which are undeniably means by those words, are not so well understood as they might be, if wee would be more frequent and diligent in the practife of that which bringeth all wifdome and understanding, which is, inward Experience, Examination of Experimenting of Spirituall things: according to that of the Apostle; Try or Examine all things, but hold that which is Good: In outward things wee are easily perswaded to try before wee trust, but concerning inmard things, wee are for the most part ready to take them upon trust, and never try or Examine whether those things are so or no; as the Noble Bereams, who were commended for searching or Examining the Scriptures, to see whether those things were so or no; not whether those words were written, but whether the things mentioned were fuch, for they had experience of the things in Scripture before hand: But there is a feare in some, that if wee should be so inquisitive, and prying into Mysteries, wee should run into the Extream of beeing too wise, which cannot be, except, in our own conceit; for our Saviour sayth; Re ye wise as Serpents, but Innocent as Doves; and indeed true wisdome is required to be able to dispence the Ordinances of God, and not reading and conceiving only, but Living the life of Christ, whereby wee shall come to the true knowledge of Christ within us, and though he were in our Parents before us, and in their feed, and so from our beginning to be, and continually ever, since, inus, knocking and calling at the inward doore of

our hearts invisibly & without a forme, & as the feed of God in the Embrio, before our knowing & receiving of him, yet after we have opened to him, and heard his call by yeelding our hearts in obedience therunto, he will get a form in us, & be born in w, and wee shall be regenerated in him, and so wee shall often feele him, and see him; but after that againe wee must attaine the stature of a Man in Christ, and be his disciples and schollers, and be taught by the Holy Ghost proceeding from him in us, before we can know and understand fuch Mysteries as his Ordinances are: But if wee did seeke wee should finde God and Christ in our Hearts; for though they be in us wee finde them not, because wee examine not what, and who they are, and we are discouraged in our seeking, partly because many have sought as wee have accounted it aright, and have not found, but the truth is, they have not fought in the right place; they looke to finde God any where but in their hearts, and yet he that cannot finde him there, shall never be able to finde him at all, but there whofoever feeks shall find him who is the fountain, from whence all things flow forth; the Scriptures did flow from him, and whatfoever could possibly have been written, is hidden in him: the Prophets and Apostles wrote and spake what they understood, but God was in their hearts and mindes, and filled them with the understanding of the Holy Spirit: Our Saviour Jesus Christ had not the Spirit by measure; for in him dwelt the fullnesse of the Deity bodily; and he 'grew'

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grew in understanding till he had the unction above his fellowes, from which understanding in him; proceeded those sayings, whereupon the people confessed, that he taught as one having power, and not as the Scribes and Pharifees, who though they were learned in the Scriptures, yet Christ sayd to them; Yee erre, not knowing the Scriptures; that is, the meaning of the things expressed in them, nor the Power of God; and he that understandeth not the thing in his minde which he would utter, cannot rightly speak nor write of it: the Scriptures are such writings of men full of Divine wisdome and understanding, but few other Bookes are written by those that so much as thought that the Apostles had such through knowledge of what they wrote in divine Mysteries: some there are that seeme to thinke that the writers of the Scriptures had it by such a kinde and manner of revelation, as if a man or Angel should relate and dictate words to them, and they themselves have no understanding of it, more, then their reason can apprehend, upon the bare hearing of the words, and that is all the skill some of this age account possible to be attained, in the Mysteries of God: but we are directed by the Apostle James, who well under shood what he said by Experience, that if wee want understanding wee should aske it of God: and though God be in every one, and every one liveth, moveth, and hath his being in him, yet without the Spirit of God moveth and teacheth us in our understandings, wee know him not: where

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where the fruits of the Spirit are, in that Mans heart the Spirit of God hath moved and taught him in his understanding: but from that small measure of understanding, he is not able presently to apprehend the Mysteries of that Spirit, and of those fruits, that is, whence they spring, how they are begotten and brought forth, how they grow, &c. nor can they be knowne but by the Same Spirit whose fruits they are; he that hath not the fruits of this Spirit, which is holineffe, peace, rightcousnesse, joy in the Holy Ghost, enjoyeth not the kingdome of God, nor till wee have fought and found peace and holinesse, wee shall not see God: and except wee be borne againe of water and the Holy Spirit, we cannot enter into the kingdom of Heaven, though it be *within us. Now, can any teach what it is to be born again? and what this Water and holy Spirit is ?- but he that hath them, and hath been borne againe by them; I would men were diligent to desire such spiritual things, and then God, who dwelleth in their hearts, would feele and heare their desires, and breath forth his holy Spirit in them, and satisfie their defires with his Gifts and Graces, and then he would fill their minds and understandings also, with the knowledge of all his Mysteries, and so they would learne in the schoole of Christ by Divine Experience, the true Ordinances of God; and then we should be better able to edifie one another in our most holy Faith, and wee should by degrees, improving that measure of knowledge we have; at length attaine the highest know-

* Luke 17:21.

knowledge of the highest Apostle. Wee want but the sincere practise of what we know, for by that meanes wee should not Quench, but stirre up the Gifts and Graces of Gods Holy Spirit that are within us, till it multiply and flow forth with all its Gifts, which wee suppose are not attainable, because men have not endeavoured that they might attaine them. And that is the Reason, wee have the Ordinances, not in Power, but in much weaknesse, wanting those Gifts which would enable Men, to dispence the Ordinances of God: It is a Great Gift to have our Calling and Election fure, in that fense, which the Apostle Paul meant it, according to the highest understanding of that Mysterie, which the Apostle himselfe knew, must needs be attainable by labour and Endeavour; and upon the knowledge of this Mysterie, doth many other Mysteries depend, it is that, for which the Ordinances were Instituted, as helps and meanes to bring us to the assured certainty of our salvation: wee content our felves, with an Imaginary superficiall persuasion, without knowing assurance; for if wee did endeavour, labour, search, feeke and try, wee should soone perceive, how it might be made infallibly fure; and then wee should as assuredly, understand the high Excellency of Every Ordinance of God.

All the Arts and Trades in the world are Myfteries, and are not truly knowne, but by those that have had Experience in them; then how can there be a skilfull Dispencer of the Mysteries

of God, his Ordinances; but by Experience in them; we are able to learne them all by Experience, but without that, wee know nothing of them, more then the very beast: The Devills, that far surpasse Mortall Men in knowledge, yet cannot know the Mysteries of God, because they cannot experiment them, but those of Darknesse they worke, and therefore know them: and wee are placed in this world, to work the works of God, that wee may know, what that Good and acceptable will of God is, and therefore wee should Work out our salvation, with feare and trembling: by obedience in well-doing; and that will bring us, to feele and know the good Spirit of God, which will teach us the way and course, how to finde every thing, if wee search and enquire in that Spirit; threfore let us endeavour after that which is Holy, and wee shall feele what the God of Holinesse is; and then we shall cleerly understand the Scriptures, and the writings of all other Men, wee shall be able to discover what is true and what is false, in all the words and writings of any Man, understandingly and demonstratively, to the convincing of all hearers, both in Divine and Naturall things.

From these Instances that have been mentioned, it may be perceived, that all the Ordinances of God, have proceeded from the Holy Ghost, neither can any thing be the Ordinance of God, where the Holy Ghost is not, in some measure or other, no man is the Minister of the Word of

God,

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God, any further, then he is taught by the Spirit of God, and speaketh what he understandeth, by the same Spirit. None were sit to be made Deacons or Elders, but one full of the Holy Ghost, then surely none are able to make Deacons or Elders, but by the Power of the Holy Ghost that is in them, and so of all other Ordinances: and according to the measure of the Holy Spirit in us, such is the validity and Efficacy of the Ordinances to us: the Outward performance, of the things directed in the Scripture, by men of sincere hearts, is sufficient, and they are warnings to us to forfake our Evill wayes, in the Observance of which course, wee may affuredly finde true Christianity, and consequently Salvation: but this is in the lowest degree: and it were to be wished, that none were so presumptuous, as to arrogate to themselves, that they are such, as performe the true Ordinances of God, unleffe they have the same holy Spirit of God, filling their hearts, as they had, of whom it is recorded in the holy Scriptures, that they did performe them aright: when wee are scarce truly Children of God, let us have a care that wee suffer not others to account us above what wee are, but rather informethem fincerely that wee are not fuch as they take us to be; and not take upon us to be called Gods Faithfull Servants, Ministers of God, Preachers of the Word, Elders, Teachers, Pastours, Overseers, Messengers, and Embassadours of Christ, or Apostles, such as are sent from

from Cod; neither should any mention those Texts of Scripture which speake of the true Officers of Christ, as if the same were meant and applyable to thamselves, and so urge them in Sermons, that those hearers that have not ability to discerne the truth in things that differ, are made confident to maintaine stiffely, that those Scriptures mean them they call Ministers, as well as it did the Apostles, Evangelists, and other faithfull Teachers in those dayes; and doe alledge those Scriptures in their behalfe, and call them Divines, whereas none of the Apoftles were so named in all the Scripture but John the Divine, the beloved Disciple, and most sublime in vision and Revelation: when as if wee truly examine our felves according to the Scriptures, wee shall finde wee ought rather to be esteemed Enemies of God and of his Sonne Jesus Christ our Lord: But let us presse forward in the wayes of Godlinesse, that wee may be at length strong Men in Christ, and enjoy his Ordinances in the Power, as it was and is, in the spirits and soules of all the faithfull holy ones, who have true understanding and knowledge in the Divine Mysteries by Experience, such were the Prophets, and Apostles, and faithfull in all ages.

No curious workman, can make his fervant expert in his work, except the fervant doe try and exercise himselfe, and by practise attain the skill and readinesse in his trade by Experience, that he may be able not onely to direct how to

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worke by hearefay, but to fhew his skill, by his own doing the same thing himselfe: The Apostles could doe the same thing which they taught others, or else they could not have rightly taught

as they did.

Now hee that considereth this Booke, will finde, that the Authour knew and writt Experimentally, and that if wee follow his doctrine and Experience, wee may attaine, not onely the understanding of his Writings, but be able to speak and write, all that he understood, and so disclose those things plainly and fully, which he had not time nor leave to write otherwise then obscurely of; Which when wee have arrived to, wee shall leave that feeking after the most desirable worldly things, which passe away in a Moment 3 and presse after the high Price of the Calling of Jefus Christ: now if by my means, any shall be stirred up, to strive, and so undoubtedly attaine, the blessed Crowne of Eternall Life, it will be also my Crowne of rejoycing in the world to come, though heere I must acknowledge my selfe one of the unworthiest of the children of Men.

ALETTER TO

* Carol von Endern.

* Charles of Endern.

Our falvation is in the Life of Jesus Christ in us.



Oble Sir, beloved in Christ, with the Hearty Desire of the Divine Light in the working power of the Holy Ens in our Immanuel, I fend over to you the little Booke of Christs Testaments, with the Preface to it. It should have been written but fingly in the three first sheets, for I would have

written it all over againe, and had begun with the first Chapter: And I am purposed to bring to the Presse this little Booke in a more child-like manner, for the better understanding of the simple. But because of the high sense, I let the * one be written against the other: seeing you and others Exercised other, one on one Lovers understand this sense well: and so the sublime under. side, the other standings may have that which is high, and the simple that which is lowly in the sense : yet: there is one and the same understanding in them both; though in the lower sense more simple words might be made use of; and so I commit you to the continual saving Love of Jesus Christ. Dated at Gerlitz 7° May, the yeare of Christ. 1 6 2 4.

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* One by the on the other, verse for verse.

and the state of t JACOB BEHM. ATEMINATE TO THE SECTION AND A SECTION AND A

The Summary Contents of the Chapters in this first Booke, concerning the Holy Baptisme.

CHAP. I.

How Reason useth to behold it selfe in a Creaturely Image-like manner, when it considereth of Christ and his Testaments, and whence the strife about Christs Testaments ariseth, and how that strife is an empty unprofitable thing.

CHAP. II.

Of the Covenant of God after the Fall; what the Fall of Man is, and how God hath bound himselse in Covenant with him againe. What the Circumcision in the old Testament is, and what the Baptisme in the New.

CHAP. III:

A Briefe and fundamentall information, how Man is. Baptised by the Holy Ghost, with Christs sufferings, Death, and Resurrection, in body and soule.

CHAP. IV.

*Or,10 Admi-

Of the outward Water-Baptisme by the hand of Man; who is worthy so to * Baptise, and what baptised Infant receiveth that Testament worthily; and how it goeth with the unworthy Hand, as also with the unworthy Baptised Infant.

The Preface to the Reader.

SHEWING

How the Testaments of Christ must be fun-

damentally understood, rightly participated, and worthily fed upon.

A Looking Glasse for Teacher and Hearer.



Hristian loving Reader, this little Booke of the Testaments of Christ, in this present time, when Men strive onely about Opinions, ought well to be confidered. Men are wholly and altogether departed from the right understanding, seeing they will maintaine Christs

Testaments with Disputing and the Sword.

2. There needs no Disputing about it, onely an earnest sincere penitent Man, who hath the Faith, understandeth this Testamentary a Institution and participation in the Power of Christ, but it is a Covenanting. foolishnesse to the Natural Man, and cannot be apprehended, I Cor. 2.

3. There belongeth quite another Earnest Sincerity to the true understanding, which is not apprehended by humane Reason, and is rightly understood by no Man, unlesse the Spirit of Christ open it to him in his Heart.

4. There lyeth a fast Seale before it, which no Reason nor Art can breake up, but onely that flaine Lamb of the House of Israel, who hath the

Key of David, Revel. 2. 7. Chap. 2. 5.

5. Christs Testaments are to Reason without the Divine Light, a closed Booke, but to the true children of Christ, they are an Opened Booke. Christs Testaments are a Seale of the firme and Eternall Covenant of God, wherewith God hath received Man to Grace againe after the horrible Defection, and fealed him with the flowing forth of his Love, by his bloud and Death, that wee b should be- b Or, Might. leeve his Word and Promise, which he hath revealed to us in the Holy Scripture concerning his Sonne, with the Redemption from finne, and heertofore declared by the Prophets.

6. Which

The Preface.

Ausbeute
Talent, or earnest Penny,
or Pawne.

6. Which Word in the flowing forth of his Love, is come into our humanity, and hath affirmed a Humane Soule, also flesh and bloud, and hath established this Eternall Covenant with his Bloud and Death: And so now he giveth this Testament to his Faithfull ones for a Pledge, and so maketh them Branches on the Vine of his Flesh and Bloud, so that they are imbodied to himselfe therewith, and made his right children, in whom HEE himselfe will dwell with his stella and bloud, with this Testamentary Pledge so that thereby they may Pray to the Father with joyfull assance in true child-like Humility, in the Name of his Sonne JESUS CHRIST, and so he will give them this Grace, John 16. 23.

7. This Testament he offeresh to us after a twofold Manner: First, through his Word Preached, whereby he Stirreth and Openeth the Hearts of the Hearers, that they enter into true Repentance for their Sinnes, and so procure themselves this Pledge of his Testa-

ments.

d Or, E.Jentiall.

8. Secondly, Through the Tive of Substantial participation of his Flesh and Bloud, by the Mouth of Faith with Bread and Wine, whereby he sealeth the Faith with his Bloud and Death, and thereby Openeth the Lifes understanding of the Inward Divine Hearing, so that the poore fallen Man, (which was dead to the Divine Hearing through sinne) arraineth againe the Divine Hearing in his understanting, and so is converted againe, and so entereth into his sirst Inheritance, which he had in Paradise, and giveth up his will to God, who reneweth his Heart, Thoughts, and Minde, through his Inspeaking or Inspiration, and continueth and dwelleth in him with his Pledge of this Testament, and powerfully worketh in him in his Faith, and generateth him to be a new Creature, which with its Spirit walketh in Heaven, and is a right Image of God, whereby the earthly sleshly will is daily killed, and the Newborne will dayly greth to Heaven, Joh. 5. 6. Phil. 3, 20.

e Senses.

f Or, Senses.

9. Which Heaven in the Inward Ground of his Life, is revealed in the Spirit of Christ in him, where the good Angelicall sthoughts climbe up upon the right Jacobs Ladder (Gen. 28.12.) and Christ his Lord sitteth above on the top of it at the Rightherd of God, and dayly prefenteth them with his humane and heavenly fleth and bloud before the wrath of God, and the severe Judgement, and is with him in all his need: A so incloseth his Prayers in himselfe, and thereby prefenteth them before Death, Hell, the Devill, and the Anger of God.

s Impregnated, or conceived.

10. This Publication, both of his Word Taught, 45 it is written in the Bib'e, and is 5 received in the facramentall participation, where be profferreth his Word in his flesh and bloud, a Christian Man should

receive

receive, and finde himselfe in this h Custome, and unite and tie him. h Celebration. felfe as a Member with the Congregation of Christ; for in Christ wee

are all but one, as a Tree i and its Eranches, Gal. 2. 28.

II. It is not so to be understood, that this Covenant and Testament is given onely by an outward hearing of the Word Preached, a.d. Participation of Bread and Wine at the & Testament, as the present kor, Sacrarrent World fo Erreth in Many Hearts: No. it must be a right fincere Earnest with true working Repentance, so that God with the Key of his Love unlocketh and Openeth the Hearing and the right Mouth, which shall receive this Testament, so that the poore soule have a right hunger and thirst after it, and bring its defire, through Christs fufferings, Dying, Death, and Resurrection to it.

12. Otherwise there is no true Mouth for such participation. It must be a right Earnest sincere purpose, that must put off the Defiled Garment, and be willing to passe into a New Life. It must be doing,

doing, or it availeth nothing.

13. This Pledge belongeth onely to Christs Children, which so heare and keepe the Word in their Hearts, that it bring forth fruit. There must be Great earnestnesse both in the Teacher and Hearer; for if any will handle and impart the Covenant of Christ, he must himselfe be capable of the Covenant and Testament. If the Sheepe must heare the voyce of Christ out of the Month of any and follow him, then also the Spirit and power of Christ must be in that Mins voyce: Else he is but a Hireling, and the Sheepe heare not Christs vorce fron his Mouth, but onely the word of Man, Joh. 10.

14. So also in like manner, the Hearers Eare should be directed to God in true Repentance, that he also may heare the voyce of Christ: not onely with outward Eares, but with the Eares of Divine power, that the Teachers and Hearers power may strike rogether, that the Spirit of Christ may worke 1 together with them, and the Heart may finde the Teachers Power, that Good fruit may Grow

from ir.

14. A Teacher should not teach for the sake of wages onely, but should know and well consider, that he standeth there in Chr sts fread, and that Christ will Teach through him, if he be a right m Shepheard.

16. So also the Hearers should incline their Eare to that, and Consider that they should there heare Christs voyce, and receive it with great Earnestnesse: and not thinke it is enough to Gee into the Church, and there fit an houre, to play the Hypocrite, and heare a Sermon; and remaine afterwards as before: No, fuch going to Church and hearing, is no Service of God; It bettereth them not, if in the Sermon or Freaching they have not heard Christ teach in their heares:

i Text. in.

Text, Baiween them.

m Of Pator.

Going

The Preface.

Going to Church maketh none vertuous, unlesse he heareth in the

Church Gods Word workingly in his foule.

17. So also is it with the Sacraments, wee should not thinke it is enough to Confesse and goe away, as if such a Custome did take away sinnes without true Repenrance, and that he may fin a new afterwards; No, it is not so, whosever is washed and afterwards defileth himselfe with the same Mire, he is then as he was before.

18. Christ must Absolve thee in thy soule with his sufferings and Death, and Inspeake or Inspire his satisfaction into thee in thy soule, else it availeth not. The Priests Mouth is onely an Outward Instrument, and coworketh in his Spirit: but if he be a hireling, he cannot cowork, but yet the Covenant of God in Christ Jesus worketh in the

Repentant Heart, and absolveth it.

19. Loving Brethren, both teacher and hearer, who handle the Covenant of Christ, have a care what you doe, there is great earnestnesse required, that you be not Guilty of the Death of Christ: Consider diligently the Great severe Earnestnesse of God, how HE hath instituted this Covenant with so Great hard Paine and Anguish through so great reproach and sufferings; It must needs be from a very great cause, that this Testament was Ordained with such severe Earnestnesse.

20. God requireth of Man againe Earnestnesse, to the receiving this Testament: Not with cold luke warme Hearts, onely to cover over sinne with the sufferings of Christ, and Comfort ones selse with

it in Impenitency.

- 21. It is not a forgivenesse from without, which is imputed to Man from without: No, but through Christs Bloud and Death: when the poore soule penetrateth into that, then the sufferings, Dying and Resurrection, together with the satisfaction, in this Testamentary Covenant is put on to it in the Bloud of Christ. This killeth Sinne, Death, and Hell, and leadeth the poore soule to the Father, in Christ.
- 22. It is not enough for a Man to know that Christ dyed for sinne, and assented to it, and holdeth it for true, and receiveth the satisfaction as a work done: No, no, there is no such receiving: but the whole Man must give it selfe thereinto, and must will to dye in Christs Death to the Evill Naturallown will, as also to wicked Lusts: and then Christ putteth on him his victory and satisfaction, and true heavenly Spirit springeth forth through Christs Death in his Resurrection, as a faire flower out of the wilde Earth, and there is a true Christian borne, who is a branch on the vine Christ, John 15.

23. Now there belongeth no great art or skill to this, but onely a child-

The Preface.

a childlike simplicity and Humility: the Plowman is as neere it as the Doctor: they must all in the simplicity of Christ enter into humility, and come with the lost sonne, and the Publicane in the Temple; there is no other way to it.

24. There needs no Great Speculation about it, with what trimmed words or behaviour man cometh thereto, but wee must come onely with the Children, which yeeld to the Father under his Rodde,

and pray for Grace.

25. He who hath learned much, and knoweth how to fit himselfe for it, is no more acceptable to God, then he that knoweth nothing, but yet with his whole Heart and soule in sorrow for sinnes turneth to him, and hath Faith in the Grace, and a true Earnest Purpose and

Resolution to be a New Creature.

26. This Ground, is onely therefore brought forth so deeply, that every one that strive about it, might see the true Inward Ground, and cease from strife, and yeeld himselse into the simplicity and Love of Jesus Christ. Whereby then suddenly the power of Sathan will be diminished, and People and Nations will see that the Christians are the children of God, If they thus walke in Love; which I wish from my Heart; for which Gause this little Booke is written.

Note.

The Preface. Note.

Heere the Reader that loveth God is to know;

faithfully and diligently out of the Authours
own bleffed Manuscript, as he wrote them
Anno 1623.

And secondly, that he afterwards in the yeare 1624.upon the desires of some good friends & lovers of the Truth,
was purposed (as may be seene in the foregoing Letter to
Carol von Endern) for the better understanding of the
simple, to bring them both into a more child-like forme,
but it is done onely to part of the third Chapter of this
sirft Booke, and no surther. Thus writeth the Publisher of

the High dutch Copie.

But more particularly, let the Reader take notice that the Authour had gone on to the 17th verse of the 3d Chapter as may appeare in the Printing of the double Pages in this Book, and so it was Printed in the High Dutch, and in the same manner here in the English; only with a different magnitude of Letter, those words which are the Came on both sides, are as neere as can well be observed in a letter of the same bignes with the whole Book but on the first side that which is not on the other side also, is with a smaller letter, and it was the first Booke that was written and finished by the Authour, and on the second side, that which was not in the other, is with a larger letter, & was that other Copie which he entended to finish quite through the whole Booke, and this is done to distinguish in some measure the alteration of the Expression in the two severall Copies, for the better understanding of the Mystery, and if it be diligently Observed it will very much help to the understanding of this, and all his other Wri-

tings,

The Preface.

tings, because where the Expression is obscure in the one, it is cleerer in the other; And besides; by the varying the Expression, all may discerne what latitude the Authours words

may admit of, in their meaning in all his Bookes.

Further, it is certain that we may be lead by the severall Expressions to the true knowledge of some part of the Mystery, and this great benefit accrues from thence, that it will enable us to speak & write infallibly, that which hath never been spoken or written concerning that Mystery, be it in Divine or

Naturall things.

But by the way this is not to be attained by outward Hearing or Reading onely, but by Experience; Teachers or Hearers that want Experience are indeed Ordinary Teachers and Hearers, but not true ones, for such are Extraordinary in the account of our times: such hearers are all they that under stand the Word feelingly, and bring forth fruit, in their lives and Conversations, and have the Power of Godlinesse, these can teach truly from what they know, though in a weake measure; but those that are called Ordinary Teachers, that have onely a forme of Godlines, and deny the Power therof, cannot teach at all nor deferve so much as the Name of an Ordinary Teacher, such a one is not so much as a true bearer. Our Saviour teacheth us, that who soever will do the will of our Father which is in Heaven, they shall know of his words whether they be of God: and if he submit his doctrine to be Examined by every one by this Rule, why should not every word of all others be examined by the same Rulezlet us thus do and we shall Ordinarily attain that which is indeed Extraordinary, even the true knowledge of spirituall things, the things of God, which are impossible to be perceived by the Naturall man. And accordingly I desire thee to Judge of the Authour of this Booke, and no otherwise. Farewell.

Joh. 7.17

of Reasons viewing of it selfe, how it useth to run in a Creaturely Forme, when it considereth of Christ and his Testaments.

I.

LL Strife and Missenser which he lest behinde him, ariseth from the desected Creaturely Reason, which will be a Mistris of All things or Beeings, and looketh onely in the Multiplicity of Breings, and in the variety and difference

2 Or, Senses.

- of Breings, and doth but loose it selfe in such viewing, and breaketh it selfe off from its Centre, or Originall, and disperseth the a Thoughts in the Multiplicity of Beeings, that they cannot see what their ground is out of which they are sprung, and so in their Consusion and running out, breake themselves off from their Chass, viz. from the Eternall WORD of God, and from the Eternall Divine speaking. In which spoken Word, all Beeings, together with understanding, Reason and Thoughts, consist, and take their Ground and beginning from it.
- 2. For if the Abysfall, not Naturall, uncreaturall G O D, viz: the Eternall O N E, speake his WORD no more, and that speaking spould Cease, there would be no understanding Reason or Thoughts more, also no Nature nor Creature, and all Beeings would be an Eternall nothing: for every Life ariseth from the Exhalation of the Eternall ONE, viz: from the Abyse: and there could be no Formability in the Eternall One, according to which, or out of which smething might be made.
- 3. For if there were a formability so a figure, then there must also have been a caute from whence the forme were arisen, and God were not one onely God, who were without Ground, Time, and Place; for all that hath a beginning hath a Ground; but that which hath no beginning, is without Ground and Forme.
- 4. Every beginning goeth out of the Eternall ONE, through the Exhalation of the Eternall ONE, whereby the Eternall ONE bringeth it selfe into selfe-viewing perceptibility and findingnesse, to the Moving and forming of it selfe. Every visible and Invisible Beeing, Spirituall and Corporeall, have taken their Originall in the Exhalation of the Eternall ONE, and stand with their Ground therein, for

How Reason useth to view it selfe in a Creaturely Imagelikenesse, when it considereth of Christ and his Testaments.

a Imaginary Manner.

Whence the Strife about Christs Testaments ariseth; and how the same is an Empty unprofitable thing.

LL Strife and Mif-understanding concerning Christs Perfon, Office and Beeing or substance, as also concerning his Testaments which he lest behinde him, wherein he worketh b Presentially, ariseth from b At Present. the defeded Creaturely Reason, which runneth on

onely in an Imagelike Opinion, and reacheth not the Ground of this Mystery, and yet will be a Mistris of all things or beeings, will Judge all things, and doth but loofe it selfe in fuch Image-likenesse, and breaketh it selse off from its Centre, and disperseth the c thoughts, and runneth on in the Multiplicity, c Inward whereby its Ground is confused, the Minde disquieted, and knoweth not it selfe.

lenles or thoughts.

No Life can stand in Certainty, except it continue in

its Centre, out of which it is sprung.

Seeing then the Soule is sprung from Gods Word and Will, and yet is entered into its own Lust and desire to will of it selfe: in such searching of selfe-willing, it cannot reach its first Ground from whence it is sprung: and threupon it runneth without its Ground in meere uncertainty till it returne to its Originall againe.

Every Beginning goeth out of the Eternall ONE, viz: out of the Tri-unity of GOD, through the Exhalation, or speaking of the unity of GOD. As a fountain floweth from its Originall. Through which flowing forth, the unity bringeth it selse into selse-viewing findingnesse and perceptibility, to the Forming and Imaging of it felfe. Every visible and Invisible Bee- d Or, Reing, both Spirituall and Corporeall, have taken their Originall in the Exhalation of the Divine Power, and are a d Reflection

semblance or Antitype. the beginning of every Beeing is nothing else but an Imagination of the Abysse, that the same bring it selse by its own longing into an Imagination, and Modelleth and Imageth it selse, and apprehendeth the Imagelike-

b Or, Exhale ib nesse, and b breatheth it forth from the Eternall One to a viewing of it it. felse.

c Or, Haling.

5. Which e breathing is the Eternall Word of the Abysfall Deity; as a speaking forth of the Abysse into a Ground, of the Unsubstantiallinto a Substantiall: In which the whole Creation, with the speaking forth, as in the septrability of the speaking, hath taken its beginning, and doth yet evermore so take it. And every life doth consist in that seperability of the speaking, where the immodeled Imagination in the Exhalation parteth it selse into seperability. In which Parting the sensibilities of the onely life is understood, where the One vieweth it selse in the Multiplicity.

d. Comprehendeth.

6. Also heerein is to be understood the Ground of the Propersies, in that the Parting of the Oaely Longing bringeth it selfe into Desiringnesse, and d incloseth and maketh it selfe Essentiall or Substantiall; in which e Inclosivility the search formes of Nature take their beginning, as is sufficiently declared in our other Writings.

Comprehensibility.

* O:, after.

7. Therefore fay I, the cause that Men dispute and strive about God, about his Word, Essence, or Beeing, and Will, is, that the understanding hard broken it selfe off from its Centre or Ground : which Breaking off, is nothing elfe, but that the Properties (which are gone forth out of the Eternall out-speaking of the Word, into a Creaturely Life) have brought themselves into selfe-lust, to the out-speaking of themselves, and in their own selfe-conceived Lust, have broken themselves off from the Eternall Longing * towards the Word of the Eternall speaking, and brought themselves into an own sensibility of Nature, and consused themselves in the formes of Nature. Where all the thoughts or fenses will dwell and run without the Onely God in selse Speculation and Reason: and can in no wife come to their Centre or Ground, except they finck downe into themselves in the Speculation, and goe againe into the Ground out of which they are Fxisted, and fall againe into the Eternall speaking Word, and give their owne wills into the Eternall speaking Word, that the same owne will of the Creaseardy Life may be out-spoken with, and in the Eternall Speaking Word in the Seperability of the Word.

8. In which re-out-speaking the New Regeneration of the Humane Life and Will is understood. For the Humane Life was in the Beginning of Man, in the Mord of GOD, and by the Inbreathing of the Word into the Humane Fody was manifested, and came into Sensitive, Perceptibility and Willing. Where then the willing hath broken it selfe off from the Word, wherein the Life was, without Creature, and hath brought it selse into a selse-Seperability and visibility of its perceptibility of the five senses. In which Sensibility is now at present runneth, and seeketh the Seate of God therein, but findeth onely a massurabieness, and Naturall and Creaturely formedness: wherein

NOCE

t.

of the seperable will of God, and stand with their Ground therein. For the Beginning of every Beeing is nothing else, but an Imagination of the out-flown will of God, which hath brought it telfe into Seperability, formednesse, and Imagelikenesse; wherein lyeth the whole Creation: And every life doth confift in its re-exhalation and e Reflection in the same manner.

Seeing then that the Humane Life is an out-flowing and Reflection of the Divine Power, understanding, and skill, therefore the same ought to continue in its originall, or elfe it loofeth the divine knowledge, Power and skill, and with selfe-speculation bringeth it selfe into Centres of its owne, and Strange Imaging, wherewith its Originall becometh darkned and strange.

As is to be knowne by Erroneous Reason, which ever teacheth concerning GOD, and yet hath no true understanding: also it never cometh to rest whiles it run-

neth on in Strange Imaging.

Therefore fay I, that this is the onely cause that Men Dispute and Strive about God, his Word, Essence or Beeing and Will; that the understanding of Man hath broken it selfe off from its Originall, and now runneth on in meere felf-will, thoughts, and Images in its own Lust to self-ishnesse, and Imagineth to it felfe another Ground to the Divine Willing, wherein vet there is no true knowledge, nor can be, so long till the Life returneth into it's Originall, viz. into the Divine outflowing and will.

And if this be done, then Gods will speaketh forth the Divine Power and Wonders againe through the hu. mane willing. In which Divine Speaking the life may know and comprehend Gods will, and f frame it selfe f Or, Image. therein. Then there is true divine knowledge and understanding in Mans skill, when his skill is continually renewed with divine Power, and when divine skill pref-

e Resemblance or Antitype.

feth

now it striveth about its owne Centre. For the own will hath brought it selfe into an own Centre, and broken it selfe off from the whole, and as to the totall is become as itwere dead.

- 9. Therefore (aith Christ, Unlesse ye be converted and become as Children, and be new-borne through water and the Spirit, je cannot see the Kingdome of God, Matth. 1?. 4. Joh. 3. 5. 7. The owne will should goe againe into its nothing, and then it standeth againe in the sirst Birth, and will be againe outspoken from the Eternall Word in a Divine Will. For whatsoever it is (whose living and willing willesh or runneth without the Eternall speaking Word) that same is without the Eternity, and liveth meetely in the Time.
- To But seeing the soule hath its Original out of the Eternall Word as a Power shereof, therefore it cannot Rest in the Beeing or Essence of Time, but seeketh its own Mother, who Generated it, and brought it into a Creaturely Forme, but its going forth, maketh that it cannot finde its Mother.
- 11. Therefore all Strife about the Divine Mysteries is an unprostrable thing, and is done from without, without God, in selfe-perceptibility, where the Sensibility vieweth it selfe in Nature in a Creaturely Forme. There is no comprehension or true understanding or knowledge of God, except the Image-like Reason forsake it selfe, and sinke downe with its owne will into its Centre againe, out of which it is gone forth: viz: into the Eternall Speaking Word of God: that it receive that speaking or breathing of God into it selfe againe, and through the Divine Science or skill, speake in a separable and sensible Forme: that it be a dwelling and Temple of God, wherein God, will worketh, Governeth, and willeth. Elsethere is no true knowledge or skill concerning God and his Beeing or Essence.

f Distinguishable.

vill be manife ted and Stirring in it. Naturall Reason wirhout the Light of God feeth onely the Naturall Imagelikenesse, and goeth on in its own speculation, and frameth in itselfe the Divise Beeing or Effence, as if that were just such a thing From whence is come the Strite amongst the Learned in Reason, so that Men strive and dispute about God, and about his Beeing or Effence and Will, where each of them holdeth his Imagination for Divise, and will have his own linage which he hath framed in the Imagination of his Reason, to be honoured for God: whereas yet it is onely a Naturall Image of Reason: and thus Men strive all the world over about these Images of Reason.

13. But a true Man, who standerh rightly in the Image of God, hath no Strife in Religion: For he live h in his first Mother, who hath formed him with Soule, Spirit, and Body, and his whole Substance, into an Image: he co-willeth and acteth with her: he is resigned into her, and yeeldeth his will to her, and she feedeth and southfut him: Every property of the strue resigned Man is houselfhed with its like. As first; the Body out of the Limus of the Earth, is not-rished

feth forth through the life, in that kinde and manner as in the Beginning it did flow forth from the divine Power and skill.

As Christ hath taught us, when he sayth; Unlesseye be converted and become as a childe, ye shall not come into the kingdom of God. That is, that the life turne it selfe againe into God out of whom it is proceeded, and forsake all its owne Imaging and Lust, and so it cometh to the Divine Vision againe.

All Strife about the Divine Will and Beeing or Essence, whereby men despise one another, cometh from selse Imagelikenesse, that one Man comprehendeth the Image of another, viz: his thoughts, and yet cannot rightly apprehend them. Where One Man sets himselse in the Thought and Minde of another, and bringeth that which is his owne thereinto, and compelleth that which is anothers into his Meaning, and forcibly sets himselse alost in the Thoughts and Minde of another, and holdeth them for his proper owne, and will make a shew therewith, and therewith domineere in and over the Thoughts and Minde of others: Men must worship and reverence his Thoughts and Minde, and hold them to be the Word of God, or s the speaking of God.

Thus Man deludeth himselfe, and Robbeth God of his bonour, taketh his Covenant in his Mouth, and yes hateth the Nurture of the Spirit of God, which therefore reproveth him in his Conscience, that he is but an Apostate Lucifer, and will compell others into his Image, that they

shall hold it for the Word of God.

But a true Man, Inclineth himselfe, to his Originall, and forsaketh all Images, and desireth no selfe Imagebility of his understanding, except what God will frame and speake with and through him: and despiseth none, but

g Or, Oracles. of the Originall of the Strife. Chap.I.

& Though's.

rished from the Earth : Secondly, the Body of the & Senses and Reason which is a (pirituall Body, is nourished from its Aftium or Constellation and Starres, out of which it hath its Originall. Thirdly : But the Soule is nourished in its Principle frem the Word and Beeing or Effence of God: for it is out of Gods Word

brought and come into a Bedy.

10. Now if it bring not it felfe in its own Imagibility and willing into felfhood, but bringeth its will againe into the Divine Speaking, then it gets its nourishment from the Essentiall Word of God, viz: from the Essentiall Wisdome of God : this is its Nutriment, from whence it also reacheth and attaineth divine skill: For every Spirit feeth no otherwife, nor deeper, then onely into its Effentiall Imagibility; viz: into that Essence wherein it worketh, so that the same hath made it Imagelike through the Imagination: therewith it formeth it felfe. and in such Essence vieweth it felfe, and so high also is its knowledge.

15. Therefore faith Christ: Except you turne agains with your Will and Imagibility, and tecome as a Childe, which hath no Imagibility in its Imagination, you shall not see God. Also ye must be new-borne againe, or else ye shall not inherit the Kingdome of God : That which is torne of flesh : viz: of fleshly Intagelikenesse, that is flesh and cannot inherite the Kingdome of God: but that which is formed and generated spiritually and through the Spiritual Imagination, that is Spirit, Joh. 3.6. For to be spiritually minded is Life and Peace, and to be Fleshly Minded, is Death, and enmity to God, fayth St. Paul, Rom. 8. 6, 7.

16. Into what the Spirit of the Will bringeth it selfe with its Imagination fo that it impresseth and comprehendeth it, therein also it Imageth it selfe inco Beeing or Essence: For no Spirit can bring any thing to passe without Beeing or Essence; If the Eternall One were not Essentially all would be nothing: and if that ONE had not a Will, there would be no Defire, nor Power, nor Word, nor Essence.

- 17. Indeed we acknowledge that the Will of the Abysse hath brought it selfe into a Longing and Imagination, of it felfe; whence Nature and Creature have their Originall; Whence also the Naturall Life hath its Originall; which now also out of the Partiblenesse of the Exhaled will , hath its owne Will and Imagination, to forme and Image it selfe according to its longing and desire: As we fee such changing in Nature, how Nature Imageth it selfe into so many kindes and Properties: and how those Imaged Properties, doe every one desire their like againe.
- 18. Seeing then we understand in Man, that he especially above all other Creatures desireth and longeth after three Properties. As first he longeth according to his happrehensive understanding, after the Hidden God: and though indeed he feeth him not with bodily eyes, yet he defireth him : Secondly, he long. eth after his Allrum or Constellation, out of which the Minde and Rationall Life is proceeded, therefore the Rationall Life longeth again after its Mother. Thirdly, he longeth after the Starres or Powers of the Earth, and the other Eleseents, and defireth them for his Nourishment : and therefore we know also by

h Sensible or cenceptivs.

but only distinguishesh the true from the false, the Good from the evill, and teachesh the Truth with Divine Powerfull out-flowing and will.

All Disputation concerning Gods Beeing or Essence and Will, is performed in the Images of the Senses or thoughts without God: For if any liveth in God, and willeth with God, what needeth he dispute about GOD, who or what GOD is?

But that he disputeth about it, is a signe, that he hath never felt it at all in his Minde or Senses, and it is not Given to him that God is in him, and willeth what he will. It is a certaine signe that he will exalt his owne Meaning and Image above others, and that he desireth the Dominion.

Men should friendly conferre together, and offer one another their Gifts and Knowledge in Love, and try things one with another, and hold that which is Best, 1 Thes. 5.21. And friendly instruct one another, and not so stand in their own opinion, as if they could not Erre: Seeing we have a Mighty Enemy against us, who suddenly bringeth strange Images into Mans thoughts, and maketh Men Insult: whence Sects and Scismes exist.

It lyeth in no Mans Person, that Menshould suppose, that the Divine Understanding must come onely from such and such: For the Scripture saith; Try all things,

and hold that which is Good, 1 Thef. 5. 21.

The Touchstone to this Knowledge, is, First, the Corner-Stone Christ: that Men should see, whether a thing enter out of Love into Love: or whether alone purely the Love of God be sought and desired: whether it be done out of Humility or Pride: Secondly, whether it be according to the Holy Scripture of the Bible: Thirdly, is it according to the Humane Heart and Soule, wherein the Booke of the Life of God is incorporated,

this hunger of his, that he must have his Originall out of these Three: For there is also such a threefold Spirit out of such an Originall to be understood in him . And then alle fuch a Threefold Effence or Substance, wherein his Spirit worketh; where every Operation longeth after its first Mother, and receiveth its Nutriment from her.

19. But feeing the Soule, viz: the Inward Ground of Man, in Adam the first Man, hath with its longing and defire out of its first Mother (out of its first Originall) viz out of the Divine Word and Will, turned out into the Operation of the Constellation and Elements, and formed it selfe in that Operation. and plowed it selfe into a ftrange Imagination , whereby the Divine food, viz: the Essentiall Wisdome of God is withdrawen: from which, with its longing desire, it hath broken off it selfe; thereupon it is wholly blinde as to God, and the first Divine Essence, (wherein God Created it,) is departed.

20. When the foule brought its Imagination from that I Divine Essence or Substance] out of and into the Earth'y and Astrall property, then also its Bo. dy, wherein the Threefold spirit workerh, became wholly Earthly Gro le and Beaftiall; for into whatfoever the Imagination of the Spirit bringeth it felfe, fuch a Body alfo is, through the Impression of the Spirituall desire. As we see in Man, that he hath gotten a Groffe Earthly Body, wherein the Principles now ft and in Meere Strife, Contrariety, and Enmity: from which, Paine, i Corruptibility and Death exist: which yet God did forbid him in Paradile, while he vet stood therein, That he should not Eate of the Knowledge of Evill and Gord, with the Imagination, elfe he foodld fall into fuch Necessity, Misery, and Death, and die to

the Kingdome of Heaven, asit is also come to passe, Gen. 2.17.

21. When the Soule brought it felfe into the Earthly Imagination, it brought it felfe in the Fatthly Image, and loft the Heavenly Image: whereas it should Image it felfe into the Essentiall Wifdeme, viz: into the Holy Heavenly Essensiall IVord, and take its Nourishment therestom: then it Imaged itselfe in the outward Aftrum or Confellation, and in the Serpents and Devills defire: whereby in its Noble Image it became a Vifard and Minfter in the fight of God, and lost its Angelicall forme which it had, as also Paradife, and the Kingdome of Heaven; and now with its Ground stood in the Impression of Darknesse in the Anger of God, and must have ever stood in such Vilardly Image, If the Great Love of God had not come to helpe it againe, and that the Divine Word, viz. its first Mother (its first Originall) had not againe Inspired or Spoken the Grace into it: fo that the fame Word would with its most Inward Secrefic and Love. give it felfe againe into the Ground of the Soule with a New well-spring and fountaine, and bring the foule a New Nourishment into its Life, whereby its naturall fiery and painfull property becometh changed into the Image of God againc.

22. Which great Divine Love would be a Death to the k Contrary will, as

alfo to the Serpents and Devills Poyfon, and flay the Monstrous Image and falley

· Fragility.

* Adverse.

and may very well be read by the Children of God: where then the true Minde hath its Touch-stone in it selfe. and can distinguish all things: If it be so that the Holy Ghost dwell in the Ground of the Minde, that Man hath Touchstone enough, That will leade him into all Truth.

Christs Testaments are a secret Mystery, and are proffered to the Minds and Thoughts that are departed from. and come againe to God, where the Life bringeth it felfe to God againe, and so will the Thoughts that returne to God be first fed with Divine Power and Understanding: the same afterwards kindle the Life, that it hungreth after God: to which afterwards is given Christs Flesh and Bloud for a h Pledge and Seale, and the Divine Essence hOr, Panne or Substance will be imprinted therein: whence the Life or Earnest. is brought againe into its Originall: viz: into Gods Pomer and Word.

A false Thought or Minde of Man is nourished againe by its Likenesse, viz: from its owne Conjecture, or from highnesse of Minde, or from the Subtilty of the Serpent: and these it desireth to Exalt, and put into an Image: and that Image is a Branch on the Tree of Satan.

Now that Man which is fed from the Divine Power and Spirit in his Minde and Thoughts, he is Divinely Minded, and bringeth forth Good things out of his Good Heart.

But that Man who is fed in his Thoughts from the Power and Will of the Flesh, he is fleshly Minded onely.

When Reason considereth of Christs Testaments, and thinketh and considereth how yet Christ can be present in his Testaments, then it thinketh, it is done after an i Image-like Manner.

i Imaginary.

And when it knoweth that it is not done in an Image-like Manner, then it falleth quite from that, and

m Formings.

false Imagination, and bring the first Image againe into a New Life, which New Life in this introduced Love should againe cate of the effentiall Wisdome of God, and with its desire Image it selfe therein, that the true Divine Science may be manifested therein againe, and might worke in a Creaturely Life, and

1 In the midft. fo bring it felfe! together into a Creaturely Imagibility.

Power.

23. To which End also God Created Angells and Men, because he would Image his Eternall Knowledge with the Essentiall Wisdome in a Formes, in and with which the Eternall Spirit playeth, and hath thereby erected a Harmony of Divine fullnesse of joy, to the endlesse Solace of such Images, viz: of the Angells and Men, and those who have their rise out of Gods Word and

24. And even therefore it is that the Eternall Word of the Divine Exhalation, with the Manisestation of so Great Love and Grace, (which inspired or pake it selfe in againe in Paradise after the Fall) is become Man, and hath introduced its Essential Love, viz; the Essential Wisdome of God, againe into Our Heavenly Ens and Substance that was faded as to God: and hath made our Substance that was faded as to God: and hath made our Substance that was faded as to God: and hath made our Substance that was faded as to God: and hath made our Substance that was faded as to God: and hath made our substance that was faded as to God: and hath made our substance that was faded as to God: and hath made our substance of surse substance of God: and hath made our substance of substance of our soules, as also into our Flesh and Blond, hath with its will and desire broken the Monstrous will of the soule, viz: the selfe-fixed Image-like false desire, as also the Devills Imagination, which he had into duced into Man; and hath with his Love brought the false properties into the Temperature againe; and is become Death to Death, which held us captive, so that it must die to its Wrath and a Corruptibility in this Introduced Love, and suffer the Humane Life, in this Love to spring forth through IT, to a new Will and Eternall Life.

25. This new introduced Love and Grace, hath given it selfe together into the Breaking of the Humane Life, viz: into the Dying of Man, in the Person of Cnist, and brought the Humane received Owne-will, with it selfe, into Death and broken it: and hath suffered the Humane Image, (which the Owne-will, through its Imagination and Desire of selfe-hood hath made thus Grosse and

" Fragitity.

and thinketh HEE is present onely in Remembrance: As when his Word is preached, then he worketh thus onely in the same powerfully; and so it thinketh also concerning his Testaments, that Christ worketh onely Spiritually in the Faith: and that the Testaments are onely Signes or Symboles, whereby wee should instruct our selves what he hath done for us, and therewith onely declare his Death, and the shedding of his Bloud, and should keepe it in lively Remembrance, to our Comfort.

Thus Reason understandeth nothing at all of the Kingdome of Christ, much lesse of his Person, or of his Office: and in that respect Men dispute and strive about it, and will needs attaine it with the Searching of Reafon: all this attaineth not the true understanding: For Christs Testaments are Heavenly, and Reason is Earthly & worldly: It feeketh Christ in the Time for that which is Temporary 7 and if it finde him not therein according to their Power, then it supposeth, HFE is present only to the k Thoughts, which cast themselves up to him kOr, Senses. in Heaven: But this will not renew the Life, and bring it into God againe: It will not make the New-Birth.

All Strife cometh from hence, that Men doe not understand that Heaven wherein Christ sitteth at the Right band of God, that he is in this world, and that the world standeth in Heaven, and Heaven in the World, and are in one another, as Day and Night.

The Inward Ground of the Word, out of which the Foure Elements are sprung, is the Heaven, viz.a Spiritual 1 World: In that Inward Power Christ Ruleth, true God' and. o Triumph, or shew.

wile, and brought it from the first Angelicall Image into such a Monster) to hang upon the Crosse, and there to be put to scorne: and so hath borne the Eternals store which Man must have borne, as a o spectacle upon the Crosse. The control of the crosses of Love would destroy the Deville introduced Desire, and Death also: and with this new Introduced Love spring forth through death, and bring sorth the humane Life through Death, and change the Wrath of the Anger of God into Love, and make Darknesse Light, and through this new introduced Love, convert and transfinute the Grosse (Earthly) Humane Image into a Heavenly Image againe.

26 As the impurity of Gold is changed in the fire or much more, as a Man may by the Tintimre turne Copper, Lead, or Groffe Iron into Gold: so also is the Humané Spirit, together with the Body in their Three Principles, changed into the Divine power and property, and through Death brought into an Etermall Life, which confists in Power and Glory in the Will of God.

27. Where now wee understand, that the humane Soule in this transmuted new Birth, and introduced Love, doth againe Eate of the Effential Wildome of God, and with its will Imageth [or frameth] it selfe in the Divine Soience; and therein hath Divine skill and knowledge: And so by such Resurrection through the Death, (where the Man Christ in the Divine Power is arisen through the Death, (where the Man Christ in the Divine Power is arisen

and Man, through the Outward World: For where Christ fayth; Matth. 28. 18. 20. All Power is given to Mee in Heaven and on Earth: Also; I am with you alwayes till the End of the World: Also; Hee shall rule over all his Enemies, till all bis Enemies are laid under him as a footstoole, 1 Cor. 15, 25. Pfal. 110. 1. This is to be understood of his inward Kingdome, where, in the inward Power he ruleth over the outward Earthly, and also the Hellish.

For the outward World is sprung out of the inward Spirituall World; viz: out of Light and Darkneffe; which fabrick, before the Office of Christ stood in the Eternall Creators Office; who from Eternity hath wrought or effected light and darknesse, viz: the Spirituall World: which fabrick is flown forth and become visible, and brought by God into a Creation, wherein Light and Darknesse, viz: Good and Evill, rule one with another: where is understood Hell and Paine in the flowing forth of the Eternall Darknesse, and the Light of Nature, in the flowing forth of the Light; and in that where Evill and Good ruleth alike, is understood the Kingdome of Nature, with hot and cold, and all o-

· ther properties.

This Dominion hath God given to the Office of Christ, that he being both true God and Man, should rule over all the Propriety, and selfe-willing of this Kingdome, where Evill and Good rule one in another. As the Sun in the visible World ruleth over Evill and Good, and with its light and power, and all what soever it selfe is, is present every where, and penetrates into Every Beeing, and yet in its Image-like forme'doth not pluck away to it selse with its Efflux, but wholly giveth it selse into Every Beeing, and yet ever remaineth whole, and nothing of its Beeing goeth away therewith: Thus also it is to be understood concerning Christs Person and Office; which ruleth in the Inward Spirituali World visibly, and in the Outward World Invisibly, and throughthrough Death, and hath made Death Life) is become a Lord over Sinne,

Death, the Devill, and Hell, and hath borne all of them in its Refurrecti-

P Shew or Triumph.

on, as a p spectaele on the humane Soule and Budy, as a Victor over

them.

28. And here may be rightly mentioned what Christ saith, Job. 17. Father the Men were thus, but thou hast given them unto Mee, and I now give them this victory, viz. the New Life introduced into Death, that Death in them also may be Destroyed, that they in my Power may goe through Death, and in my Power be also thus transmuted, and through my Resurrection come against to the: i and as I am arisen from Dead, and have brought their (by Me assumed) Hummity, to thee; so that I as true God and Man in One Person, am One with there, and have possessed the Throne of Glory: So Father I will also, that these which them half given Mee, be where I am and see my Glory.

29. Now seeing Christ hath said, Joh. 6. Hee is the Bread that is come downe from Meaven, that giveth life to the World, and that wee should ease his sless and drinkthis bloud: and that a hospever easeth and drinketh the same, he would remaine in them, and they should remaine in Him; and whospever eateth not nor drinketh not the same, they have no life in them: Also Joh. 4. Hee would give us the water of Eternall Lise, and whospever should drink thereof, should thirs no more, but is would flow in him to a sountaine of Eternall Lise, and streams of living water should flow from him.

30. Therefore here-following I will fet downe a short fundamentall Exposition, what his Testaments, which he left behinde him, of Baptisme and the
Last Supper, are, what Baptiseth and is Baptised, how it is done, and to what

In penetrateth the Faithfull Mans Soule, Spirit, and Heart. And as fire gloweth through the Iron, and as the Sun worketh through and through an Hearb, so that the Hearb becometh Solar, [or filled with the vertue of the Sunne, and as it were so converted by the Sunne that it becometh wholly of the Nature of the Sunne]: so Christ ruleth in the Resigned Will, in soule and body over all Evill Inclinations, over Satans introduced Lust, and Generateth the Man to be a new heavenly Creature, and wholly sloweth with it selfe into him, both as to Divine and humane power, so that the Faithfull Man becometh a right branch on his Vine, in which, God and Man (as to that same inward New Birth) dwelleth.

Now herein confift the Testaments of Christ, that Hee offereth himselfe to the 1 Faith, that Hee will give it his 1 Text, Flesh and Bloud, and all Grace, and Spiritually dwell Glauben. in Man, as the Sun dwelleth in the Plant, and maketh Vide Ch

the fruit Ripe and m Tender.

So in like manner is the poore fallen Earthly Man, which perished in Soule and Body, againe renewed, and wrought out to be a heavenly fruit; where in the End, onely the Grossnesse of the flesh falleth from him, and the Spirit together with the Soule remaineth in Christ: and also heere in this Life according to this indwelling power, dwelleth in Heaven; concerning which St. Paul saith; Our Conversation is in Heaven, Phil. 3. 20. But the Body is in the World; and of the Worlds Essence: And now as the Heaven penetrateth the World, and giveth it Vertue and Power: so also Christ throughly penetrateth the outward Man with his inward ruling power, and resisteth the vaine Lust of the Earthly Nature.

Therefore say I; none understand any thing of God, except God worke it in his Minde and n Thoughts, for all Naturall knowledge is outward in the World, and ariseth from its Astrum, and runneth on in surmisings,

1 Text,
Glauben.
Vide Ch. 2.
v. 1. on the
fecond fide.
m Or, supple.

n Or, senses.

doubting

What the Sacrifices and Circum: in the O.T. Ch.2.

it is; also who partaketh thereof worthily, and how it is with the unwor-

bloud in his Testamenes is effected; with what Mouth, and what food

thy.

4.

The Second Chapter.

Of the Institution of Baptisme, what it is, who it is that Baptiseth, and what is Baptised;
And how the A Water-Baptisme is to be understood.

4Or , Baptifme of Water.

9

Τ.

Hen any will kindle a Fire, they must have some substance that will take fire: it must be a substance, wherein there is an Oyle and Waser, or its burneth not. For if they cast a Stone, or the

* Blazing.

Light: so also it is to be understood concerning the Soule; When it brake its desire off from Gods Essence of Love and Meeknesse: which divine Meeknesse in it was as a Spiritual Oyle and sountaine of Water, wherein its allayed its stery source, and therein its streehad a thining and Light: then its owne Seperator: viz: the Natural Fiat, compressed it selfe, so that by such a compression its properties became as a hard

like into the Fire, it will not so burne as to come to a r shining

* Asswaged or refreshed.

Impressed.

Stone, .

doubting whether a thing be fo or no: But the Spicit of Christ assureth in the Soule and Spirit of his Faithfull. and witnesseth in them that they are Gods Children, Rom. 8.

Now how this present Essentiall participation is effected. and what the Covenant of Grace between God and Man is both of the Old and New Testament: What Baptisme and the Supper of Christ are, shall be declared in the following Chapters.

The Second Chapter.

Of Gods Covenant after the Fall, what the Fall of Man is, and how God hath bound and united himselfe with him againe. What the Circumcision in the old Testament and the Baptisme in the New are.

Hen any will kindle a Fire, they must have some Substance that will take Fire: it must be a Substance. wherein there is an Oyle and Brimstone, or it burneth not. For if they cast a Stone, or the like into the Fire it will not fo burn as to come to a shining light: fo also it is to be understood concerning the poore

Soule; When it brake its defire off from Gods Effence of Love and Meeknesse: which Essence in the beginning was in it, as a Spirituall Oyle and Water, and it was as a Spirituall Brimstone, wherein the Light of God did burne: then it brought it selfe into owne Defire: whereby it was shut up as a hard Stone, and lost all its Love and Meeknesse; and was as a burning Brim-stone-spirit, which could not be remedied, unlesse the Oyle of Divine Meeknesse and Love did flow into it againe.

To this flowing into the Humane property, there must blance, or be a Subject, as a Medium, or Meanes, or o Antitype, thing of the

o Resemwhereby like nature.

10 What the Sacrifices and Circum: in the O.T. Ch.2.

Stone, or as a hungry source of Fire, wherein there is indeed great heate, and yet cannot come to any kindling of Light] as a hard Stone which lyeth in the

" Or , is not of Fire , and yet " is not properly the fame with Fire , because of the bard com-

preffion of the Stone.

2. And yet a Man may understand that there is not onely a Hote fire

in the perished Soule, as a hot burning Fire-source, but also a Cold

Or, opposition. Pire-source, wherein Hot and Cold Rand in Eternall Strife and Con-

trary Will: as the Cause of the true fire, viz: a darke fire-source of

Anguish, wherein there is alwayer a define of kindling, and yet no

Impression.

kindling may be effected, because of the strong v Compression: And that

the

whereby it may be done: whereinto also the Humane Faith Entered, and received the virtue or power through a Medium or Meane.

This Medium in the Old Testament is the Circumcision. together with the Sacrifices; and in the New Testament it is the Holy Baptisme, and Supper of Christ, together with the Word taught, whereby the Divine Love and Meeknesse, as the right P Anointing Oyle of divine power is againe flowen into the *Faith: and so the shut Mouth of the foule is received into and comprehended * Glauben, in the Covenant of God, and opened againe by the sweet Grace, so that it can againe Eate of the heavenly Manna.

What signifieth now this Anointing?

Answer: Nothing else, but that as Man is Tindured againe in Soule and Body, and so throughly penetrated and healed that he is capable of the Divine Power againe, viz: of the Divine fire of Love: so must his Brimstone Spirit of the Wrathfull fiery Soule, perished as to God, be remedied againe by the Covenant of God by fuch an Anointing Oyle: As with the Baptisme there is powred. into it, the Water of the Eternall Life of Divine Meeknesse: and in the Supper is powred into it, the fire-burning Love in the Life of our Lord Jesus Christ.

Reason sayth. .Cannot God forgive Man his sinne without a Medium ?

Answer: The Matter was not about forgivenesse: The Soule wanted not onely forgivenesse, but a New-Birth. It had brought it selfe into owne-will, and quite broken it selfe off from Gods will, whence the Eternall Darknesse existed in it: For the source of its Life, viz: its own Seperator (understand the Cause of its Creaturely Moving and Life) had lift up it selfe, and the properties

P Falsam or Unction. See Ch. 1. v. 28. 012 the second side.

the Substance of the Oyly and Watery Mecknesse is gone, and is share

up in fuch a hard indiffoluble Death.

3. And this is now that which God said to Adam: The Day when thou shalt Eate of the Tree (or fruit) of the Knowledge of Good and Evill,

thou shalt die the Death.

4. Thus the poore Soule is poyfoned through falle Imagination. and through its owne z compression of its desire, is come to be such a hungry fire-fource; which is onely a shutting in of the true Life. and a Ground of Darknesse, a source of Enmity and Contrariery. wherein there is no more any true Ens, wherein the Life might bring

it selfe into Light.

5. As a hard Stone is flut up, fo the Soule was flut up, and was out of the good Love-Life a Poylon-Life, after that manner as out of Angells there became Devills: which now also are of such a horrible poytonous stincking fire source in their Essence, and cannot attaine the kindling of the Light: The cause is this, that they are become Enemies of the Divine Love, that the Love is to them a Death of their Byill Will and Effence, which would flay their false Life in the twinckling of an Eye, if they di ibut come therein.

6. This a compressed Substance of the Soule, perished as to God, and blinde as to God, the Great Love of God out of miere Grace came a. gaine to help, as soone as the Soule together with the Body was thus fallen, and spake in or breathed in it selfe againe into the Centre of the Soule. viz: into the Compressed shut up and vanished Heavenly Ens of the Soule, viz: into the source of Meeknesse which it had, which was no more

Moveable.

7. Into this [Soule] the Moveable power spake in it selse agains to be a New Centre and Covenant, that God would in the fullnesse of Time in this inspoken voyce of Grace, and in Mans vanished heavenly Ens introduce and Manifest his living Ens, viz: the Essential Word of his Power

z Texr. Impression.

a Text. Impresseten. of Life were quite gone forth from their Temperature, and had brought themselves into a strange burning sire, viz: into an anguishing heat and cold; into Eternall hunger and thirst, into Horror and Despaire: Where, in the Life of the Body and of the Soule, all properties were against one another, and Man stood in an Eternall dying source: Hee was become quite Blinde and Dead as to God: and the more he moved himselse in his owne ability to apprehend God, the greater was his anxious source: For the poore Soule was by Lust gone into Earthlinesse: wherein Satan and the Spirit of Errour had captivated it, and made it wholly Monstrous: And now the More it sought Rest therein, the greater was its Paine.

And this now is that which God said to Adam: The Day when thoushalt Eate of the Tree of the Knowledge of Good and Evill, thou shalt die the

Death, Gen. 2. 17.

Thus the poore Soule is possened through false Imagination, and through its owne? compression of its desire, is come to be such a hungry fire-source, which is onely a shuring in of the true Life, and a Ground of Darknesse, a source of Enmity and Contrariety, wherein there is no more any true Divine Ens, wherein the Life might bring it selfe into Light.

9 Impression.

As a hard Stone is flut up, so also the Soule was shut up, and out of its Good Life there became an Evill Life: as out of Angells there became Devills, which now also are of such a Horrible poysonous stincking sire-source in their Essence, and cannot attaine the kindling of the Light, and are an Enemy of all Love and Truth.

This Compressed blinde Soule-substance, and perished as to God, the Great Love of God, came againe to helpe instantly after that Fall, and spake it selfe in againe into the Centre of the Life, as a new Covenant, viz: into the source of Meeknesse which it had, which Love-source in it was no more Moveable.

And did fet into the Humane perished heavenly Ens, his new Grace-Covenant, viz: the Destroyer of the Serpent; that God would in the fullnesse of Time in this inspoken voyce of Grace introduce thereinto, and manufest therein his living Ens,

What the Sacrifices and Circum: in the O.T. Ch.2. 12 Power and Wildome, with the Most high Love, viz: the Name I E-S.U.S. out of JEHOVA, and therewith make the vanished Essence or Substance of the Heavenly pare living and growing againe: whereof. the Soule should Eate, and thereby its anxious fire source would be trans-

niuted and changed into a Love fire.

8 This inspoken Grace-word of the Serpent-Destroyer, that is it now, which the Soules of the Holy Children of God before the Incarnation of Christ, have kindled, that they beleeved God and his promise, of the fullfilling that was to come: And in this Faith have they fa-

crificed.

9. For their Secrifices, especially of the first Fathers after Adam, were onely, that they represented an Image or Figure, how the Soule should be facrificed in the fire of GODS Wrath, and how through this inspoken-Grace-Ground and Covenant, the Soule should be transmuted in the fire of b Gods Wrath, and changed into a Love. fire, and how it should enter into the Death and Dying of its selfwill with the falle Imagination, and should burne away the falle will in the fire of Wrath, and in the power of this inspoken Grace of the Love and Meeknesse of God, goe forth through the fire into a cleare light, and so become a New-borne childe, that is no more Dark but Light: and how the Introduced poyfon of the Serpent must fever it selfe therefrom, as the simpake severeth it selfe from the Fire and Light, so that then the Fire and Light becometh a clearer Glance, and no more shut up, as in the Wood it lyeth shut up in the Es. fence.

10. This Image, Type, or Figure, they fet before them with their Sacrifice, and introduced their Imagination thereinto, with the inspoken Grace of the feede of the Woman, and Serpent-Destroyer, that so their Imagination might Forme, Mould or Image it selfe in the Figure of Chr ft, that so the spirit of their Will might stand in a c Modelling. wherein it might worke in the Grace.

Or, Gods Wrath fire.

Or, Imaging.

viz: the Living Word of his Power and Wisdome, with the most high Love, viz: the Name JESUS, and therewith make the vanished Essence or Substance living and growing againe: from whence the Soule should againe Eate of the heavenly Substance, whereby its anxious sire source would againe be changed into a Love fire: Of which the dry Rod of Aaron, [mentioned] by Moses, which grew againe and bare Almonds, was a figure.

This inspoken Grace word of the Serpent Destroyer, is it now, Image or which the Soules of the holy Children of God before the Incarnation Type. of Chilft, have kindled, that they believed God and his Promise of the sulfilling that was to Come: and in this Faith have they sacri-

ficed.

Ch. 2.

For their Sacrifices, especially of the first Fathers after Adam, were only, that they represented an Image or Figure, how the Soule should be sacrificed in the fire of Gods Wrath, and how the Soule should through this inspoken Ground of Grace and Covenant, in the fire of Gods wrath be changed into a Love-fire: how it should Enter into Death and a Dying to its felf-will of falle Defire: how the falle will should be burned off from it, and in the power of this inspoken Grace of the Love and Meeknesse of God, spring up or goe forth through the fire into a cleere light, and so become a new borne childe, which is no more dark but light: also did live no. more in its owne will, but in Gods will: and how the introduced Serpents-Poyson in this transmutation doth sever it felfe therefrom, in that manner as the smoake severeth it selfe from fire and Light, whereas then the fire and Light becometh a cleerer Glance, and is no more shut up, as it lyeth in the Essence of the Wood shut up : Even as the (Holy) Divine fire of the Soule was through sinne thus also shut up, which none could unshut and kindle, but only the Love of God in this incorporated Grace Covenant.

This Image, Type, or Figure, they fet before them with the Sactifices [looking] upon the future fulfilling, and introduced their Faith, with the inspoken Grace of the Womans feede and Serpent Destroyer, that so their Faith might thus Forme or Mouid it selfe in the Figure of Christ, that the Spirit of their will, might stand in the figure and Image of Christ, that their Faith might

Work in that incorporated Grace.

rText. Bild, Image or Type.

What the Sacrifices and Circum: in the O.T. Ch.2.

13

- In For without Substance no working can be: therefore they Imagined or typified to themselves the Regeneration, with the Sacrifices by fire, and formed or Imaged in them the Serpent-Destroyer, in the fire, how HEE would change Gods fire of Wrath in the soulesfire into a Light- and Love-fire, and how the Enmity would sever it selfe from the Soule: and how the Soule-should through Christs Death, (where the Love of God gave up it selfe into this fire) be changed into an Angell.
- 12. By this Immodeled Image or Type they pieced with their defire and earnest Prayer, to God: and Gods Word of Grace also thus had modelled and inspoken it selfe in Men: and Now there was a Conjunction between God and Man: for the Humane defire went with this Image into God, and Gods Love defire went into this Image of the Serpent-Destroyer; and so the desire of Man brought this Image of the Imagination into the Sacrifice: and so the Sacrifice was kindled with the Holy sire.
- Mote. And it was not a Common fire that they had. If thou Babell couldeft understand this, it were well for thee, and thou were delivered from
 the Fables wherein thou runnest on thy Course.
- 13. This Holy fire confumed their Sacrifice through Gods Imagi
 Or, Animal nation and kindling:to fignific how the deastial Image of Man thould lineage.

 be preferred in the fire of God, and the grosnesse of the Element be confumed: and out of the fires Confuming should goe forth the right true created pure bright Spiritual Image in Asam, which through this Great Love shall be preserved and brought through into Clarity by the Fire: In which New Image, the Love it selfe would be the fire of life, that it might no more Imagine and Imprint salshood.

For without Substance no working can be: therefore they Imagined or typified to themselves the Regeneration with the Sacrifices by fire, and formed or Imaged in them the Serpent-Destroyer in the fire; [typifying] how HEE would change Gods Wrath-fire in the Soule into a Light- and Love-fire; and how the Enmity would severit selfe from the Soule; and how the Soule should through Christs Death, (in which the Love of God Would Give up it selfe into this Wrath-fire) be changed into an Angell.

By this Immodeled Image or Type, with their defire and Earnest prayer they pressed through the Sacrifice to God; and Gods Word with the Grace had thus also with the Covenant Modeled it selfe in Men: and now there was a Conjunction between God and Man, for the Humane defire went with this Image through the Sacrifice in the Holy fire into God, and Gods Love defire went into this Image of the Serpent-Destroyer: For God kindled the

Sacrifice with the Holy Fire.

Ch. 2.

And it was not a Common fire that they had in their Sacrifices, though they used wood and Sacrifices thereto: yet their fire was not from a stone and a steele, but from the highest Tincture of the Paradiscall ground, from whence the fire of Life is sprung: If Man could understand it, and did not so runne on in blindnesse, it were well for him, and he were delivered from Babell and Fables.

This holy Fire confumed their Sacrifices through Gods Imagination and kindling: and there the humane introduced Will, which hangeth to Earthlinesse is clensed and in the holy Fire purged, and ransomed from sinne, upon the suture sulfilling. For the ground out of which this Holy Fire came, Manisessed it selfe afterwards in Mans Life, in the

Person of Christ.

Thus ftood the figure in their Sacrifices [to shew] how the earthly Image of Man should be preserved in the fire of God, and how the grossense of the Elements should be consumed, and out of the Consuming of the fire should goe forth the right true created pure bright spiritual! Image in Adam, which in the fire of Gods Wrath through this holy fire of the Great Love should be brought into Clarity: In which New Image, the Great fiery Love would it selfe be the fire of Life, that it night no more Imagine salshood.

Note.

14. With such an Imagination and Beleese or Faith, the first Men before Christs time; (before he manisested himselse in this incorporated Grace-Covenant, and became Man) were apprehended and taken into the Living Word of God, viz: into that Grace, wherein their Soule came into Divine Rest: untill at the fullfilling, that Christ sulfalled this processe, and arose from Death: and then Hee also with his Life and Substance in them, viz: in their Inward Ground of the Heavenly part which vanished in Adam; arose; and they have put on Christ, as to the Soule and spirituall substance: and so now waite for their Body, out of the Limus of the Earth, viz: the Third Principle; viz: the Outspoken formed Substantiall susward Word; with its spirit of the Resurrection at the Last Day: As also it is thus to be understood concerning Christians, which here have put on Christ.

Note.

- 15. This Ground of the Holy Fire, began with Adam and Abel. When Abel and Cain Sacrificed, God looked graciously on Abels Sacrifice: for the Image or Type of Christ stood with his Imagination of Faith therein: therefore God kindled his Sacrifice with the Holy Fire, and it was acceptable before him: for it was a Conjunction with the Divine Desire: But Cains he looked not graciously on, for he had not such Faith or Beleese, but stood in the perished Natures owne Lust and Desire, and had Imprinted or Imaged to himselfe the Kingdome of this World: and therefore the Holy Fire would not kindle in his Image or Type.
- 16. For Cain stood in the Image of the perished Adam, as a right figure of Adam after the Fall: and Abell stood in the figure of the New Regeneration, viz: in Christ figure [fignifying] how Christ would with his Sacrifice goe into Death: and so the Image of the perished Adam stood neere Cain [fignifying] how Christ was come to seeke lost Man, and to Generate him a New with his Sacrifice.
- 17. But as the vanity of Men gat the upperhand, and their Nature became still more Evill and shamefull, then was quenched this understanding of the Holy Fire among them, till the Flood came upon them, and destroyed them: which was a Type of the Baptisme [signifying] how the water of Eternall Life, viz: Gods Substantiall Meeknesse, would drowne and quench that sale Fire, viz: the sale life of the Soule, and how the Soule would grow up out of the Holy Water in the Meeknesse of God to a New Life of Light.
 - 18. But when God renewed his Covenant with Abraham, which

With this Faith the first Men before Christs time, (before Christ manifested himselfe in this incorporated Grace Covenant, and became Man) were apprehended and taken into the Living Word of God, viz: into the Grace, wherein their Soule came into Divine Reft : Note: till Christ ful filled this Type, and arose from Death; and then hee also with his life and Substance in them, viz: on their Inward Ground of the Heavenly part, which vanished in Adam; arose, and was manifested, and they put on Christ in Soule and Spirit : and so now wait for their Body out of the Limus of the Earth, viz: the Third Principle of the visible worlds property, viz: the formed Outspoken substantiall word of the Resurrection at the Last Day: As also it is thus to be understood concerning Christians.

This Ground of the Holy Fire began with Adam, with Abell and Caine; when Abell and Caine facrificed, God looked graciously on Abells facrifice, and kindled it with holy Fire, and the sweet smell went up before the LORD: for the Image or Type of Christ in his Faith stood therein, therefore God kindled his Sacrifice with the Holy Fire, and it was acceptable before God: for it was a Conjun-Rion with the Divine defire; But Cains he looked not graciously on; for he had not such Faith or beleefe, but stood in the perished Adamicall Nature of own Lust and defire, and had imprinted or Imaged to himselfe the Kingdome of this world: and therefore the Holy

Fire would not kindle in his Sacrifice.

Cain flood in the Figure of the perished Adam after the Fall, and Abell stood in the figure of the New Regeneration: [fignifying] how Christ would with his Sacrifice goe into Death, and die for Man: and so the Image of Caine stood neere [fignifying] how Christ was come to feeke the poore falne Man, and with his Sacrifice generate him a New.

But as the vanity of Men gat the upperhand, and their Nature became still more Evill and shamefull, then was quenched this understanding of the Holy Fire among them, till the Flood came upon them and overthrew them : which was a Type of the Baptisme [fignifying I how the water of Eternall Life, viz: Gods Substantiall Meeknesse would drowne and quench that false siery life of the Soule, and how the Soule would grow up out of the Holy Water in the Mecknesse of God to a New Life of Light.

Now when the time came that God renewed his Covenant with Abraham, which Hee had established in Paradise: HEE gave him the figure of Christ againe in the Circumcision and the Holy f With,

What the Sacrifices and Circum: in the O.T. Ch.2.

was Established in Paradise, then HEE gave him the figure of Christ

e With.

againe e in the Circumcision [signifying] how Christ with his heavenly

Bloud would cut off Sinne and vanity from our uncleane Birth: And

therefore the Masculine Persons must be Circumcised in that same

Member, whereby the Humane propagation is Effected.

19. Further he sets before him the Figure of Christ by his Sonne Isaac, in calling him to facrifice and say his Sonne on the Wood, how it would goe with the humane Redemption; how Christ would be a Sacrifice in our received humanity; and he awakened againe the Holy sire which devoured his sacrifice to signific how Gods Love fire would swallow up into it selfer Gods Wrath sire in Man, and turne it into Divine Love, and thereupon gave him the promise, that the seede of his Covenant, which would through this Holy Fire, through the Transsutation, through the dying of vanity, grow forth in the Love-fire, would be so great and so many as the startes in the summent. Thus would Gods children through the Sacrifice and Death of Christ, through this changing grow forth out of the Holy Fire.

f Reconciliation.

g Fire noyse.

26. This stood in the Old Testment in the figure, and the sattonement was done in the Sacrifice through the Holy Fire, which fire was an Image of the Wrath of God, which would devoute in it selfe the since together with the Serile's for the Fathers property in the Wrath was turned into this g fire-smoot, and the Sonnes property in the Love and Meeknesse brought teles hin the Wrath for they sacrificed the stell of Beast, but yet they brought their Imagination and Prayer into the Grace of God, and Imaged or Imprinted themselves in the Covenant of the Grace of Love.

into the fire of Gods Wrath, and Divine Love, wherein the attenement was done and so the Wrath-fire of their introduced desire tooke the Earthly vanity, and consumed it through the beastiall property of the Sactifice: to significate Man outwardly hath assumed to himselfe beastiall Properties, and awakened them in him through false Lust.

Fire: as is to be seene by the Sacrifices of Abraham. Gen. 15 how the Fire came forth between the Parts, and how at the same time in a vision terrour and great anguish fell upon binall which fignifie the Death of Christ, and the transmutation of Soules.

The Circumcifion of the Member of the Humane propaeation was a figure [fignifying] How the flethly Man of Masculine and Feminine seede, should be cut off from the Image Created in Adam, through the Death of Christ. with the Anger of God: and through the bloud-shed of Christ be againe brought into the Eternall Virginity: therefore must the Masculine Persons be Circumcised on that same Member: to signifie the uncleane Birth after a Beastiall Manner, which is a u vanity in the presence of God: therefore u Abomina-God set his Grace-Covenant in the figure of Christ on this Member, and so set Christ before him, whom hee had let up for a throne of Grace, that they might walke before him, and that his anger might not eate them uz, Gen. 17.

tion.

And he fets the figure of Christ forth with his processe

neere upon Isaac lignifying how the Redemption of Man-

kinde should be Effected. How Gods Love-fire should swallow

up into it selfe Gods Wrath-fire in Man : and turne it into Love :

What the Sacrifices and Circum: in the O.T. Ch.2.

22. Seeing then also such beastiall Properties hung to the Minde of Man, vizithe Animale soule from the Confiellation, so that their Praver and Will were not pure before God, therefore Gods Wrath-site consumed this Beastiall vanity of Man in the Sacrifice through Beastiall Properties, and their Immodeled Image or Type of the Grace went with their prayer into the holy Fire: and there was the soulish-desire received in: that same Holy fire, now pieceed with the received humane desire through the Fathers Wrath-sire in the Sacrifice.

Astened.

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23. And thus the Children of Ifiael in the Sacrifice and fire were i releafed from their finnes and vatilty, in a spiritual manner, upon the future fullfilling, till Chift would Come and assume our humanity, and give up himselfe to God his Farher (as a Sacrifice,) into h.s Wrath-fire, and with the manifelted Love fource in the Name JES VS turne the Wrath into Love: where then the Wrath swallowed up the humane owne Will, and Gods Love-will, through Christs Love, give forth through Death and through the Wrath, and the humanity went through Death into the Eternall Life.

24. In this manner was I frael in the Type of Christ, through the Covenant of God, through the sacrifice and five, after a spiritual manner ransomed from finnes: for I staels Faith went through the Sacrifice into the Covenant of God, viz. into the Grace-Attonement of the Womans seede: and Gods Imagination wentalso into his Covenant made with Adam and Abraham: and there was a Conjunction: and the true attonement in the Covenant was done through the holy sire: which holy sire afterwards in Christ manifested it selfe in the humanity, and tooke away the Strength from the Poyson of the wrath of God, and turned it into Love, and brake open the strong Impression of Death in the soule; fire, and brought the Divine Love and Mecknesse thereinto.

25. But when the time drew neere that GOD would manifest his Love-fire through his Covenant in the Humanity, that the same fire should be kindled in the Humane Life, then God remembed the Type, and with St John began the Water Baptisine, and brought his Covenant out of the Circumcision into the Baptisine.

26. But saith Reason;
What is or signifieth Water-Baptisme?
What doth God thereby? also
what doth it Effect?

* Text. Impressed. Answer: As is mentioned above: The Soule had so hard keompressed it selse in its properties in the wrath-sul Anger of God, that thereby it stood in Eternall Death: In it was no divine Love Ens more manifest or moveable, wherein it might be able to kindle the Holy fire of the Love of God: and therefore God sent the Baptisme before the hely kindling, and set it in the first Covenant: For when the Word and the power of the Holy sire, became Man, and manifested it selse in Christ; then the Holy Word in the Holy fire through the assumed Humanity, spake in it selse into its fellow-Members according to the Humanity.

Eintauchen, Soaking or steeping.

27. Now if this Inspeaking should take Effect in Man, and become Substantiall; then must the Divine 1 Insusion goe before: for as the Word in the Covenant manifested it selfe in the humanity, then

the

and thereupon gave him the Promise, that this promised incorpora-

ted Seede, which would through the Transmutation in the Fire,

through the Dying of Vanity, grow forth in the Love-fire, would be fo

great as the Starres in Heaven.

But when the time drew neere, that GOD would manifest his Love-fire through his Covenant in the Humanity, that the same fire should be kindled in the Humane Life, then he brought his Covenant [typissed] with Circumcission, into Water-Baptisme, and with St John began the Water-Baptisme.

But faith Reason;
What is or fignisseth the Water-Baptissee?
What doth God worke thereby?

Answer: As is mentioned above: The Soule had so much enraged it selfe with wrath, in its properties, that thereby it stood in Eternall Death: In it was Gods Love Essence no more manifest, wherein it might be able to kindle the Holy Fire of God, viz: the Holy Life: therefore God sent the Holy Baptisme before, and set it in the Covenant. For when the Word, viz: the power of the holy Fire, became Man, and revealed it selfe in Christ, then Christ with the holy Fire through the assumed humanity inspake himselse into his fellow Members, according to the Humanity.

Now if this Inspeaking should take Essect, and become Substantiall, then must the Divine * Insusion goe before: for as soone as the word manifested it selfe in the Humanity, then the Meeke Love and Grace

x Eintauchen.

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m Instituted.

the meeke Love and Grace in the Covenant did flow forth: with this flowing forth of the Divine Love was the Covenant fet m and placed in the Water Baptisme: for seeing Man was Earthly and Elementary, there must also be an Elementary Medium or Meanes for that purpose, wherein the flowing forth of the Divine Love in the Covenant might take hold, that a humane Naturall Substance might be in the middle, whereinto the Divine and also the Humane Imagination might enter, and Infuse it selfe in the humanity for a new Ens or kindlers wherein the Holy Fire might kindle it selfe in the dry soules fire.

28. As was done under Circumcisson in the Sacrifices, there the Beastiall fat was a Medium, wherein by such kindling, the humane defire through the Covenant went to meete God, and Gods Imagination went into the Covenant: Thus flood the Holy Fire in the Covenant, opposite to the Wrath in the Introduction of the humane desire in the Sactifice : Gods Imagination in his Love-fire went into the Covenant, and the Humane Imagination went also through the Sacrifice in the Fire into the Coves nant : for in the fire was Gods Wrath met opposite, where through the humane Imagination must goe into the Covenant, and so consume the since and uncleannesse in the Humane desire, which pierced to God: Thus stood in the Covenant the lover fire met opposite to the humane desires and the same tooke the humane defire in the Wrath-fire to it, according to its purity.

29. As may be seene by Moses on Mount Sinai, where first the Fathers Property in the Covenant out of the Weath-fire opened it selfe, and required Mans Righteousnesse, that the same should walke before God in full obedience and purity, and in purity draw neere anto him through the . Sacrifice in the fire: And if not, then he would devoure them in the Curse through this Wrath-fire: which was an Image, Type or shadow: [fignifying] how the humane vanity should and must be purged through Gods wrath-fire: But in the same wrath-fire stood the love-fire mer opposite in the Covenant in the Sacrifice, as an Image of Christ, and quenched the Wrath fire, so that the soules defre with its prayer and Will. could pierce through this wrath-fire into God.

30. This Love fire, that stood opposite to the Wrath in the Sacrifice, which also the Wrath-fire kindled, so that it devoured the Sacrifice, that is it, which in the limit of the Covenant, in the feede of the Woman awakened it felte with heavenly Subflantiality, viz: with the Effentiall Wisdome, and gave it selfe up

into our Substance, vanished as to God, yet heavenly.

31. Our substance vanished and shut up in Death, was fignified by the drie Rod of Aaron, which Substance grew in this awakening and introducing of the Heavenly Living Love n Essence, where Gods Substance became Man, in whom the Holy fire could Barne: For, the Divine Ens, which vanished in Adam, which grew againe with such kindling, was the food of this Love fire, as a Spirituall Holy Oyle, wherein the Love fire could kindle and burne : and that same Loveburning was the New Life of the Regeneration.

· By OTHER may be ment 6the man Christ smelfe.

31. But seeing in o OTHER Men there should not be Effected such a supernather men then turall kindling through the speciall Moving of God : [but] that other Men should all be kindled through this holy fire out of Christ; therefore went the Covenant

"Or Substance.

and the Baptisme in the N.T. Ch. 2.

in the Covenant did flow forth : with this flowing forth of the Divine Love in the Covenant was the Covenant set in the Water-Baptisme: Seeing Man was of an Elementary Earthly kinde, there must also be an Elementary Medium or Meanes for that purpose, wherein the flowing forth of the Divine Love in the Covenant might take hold; that a humane Naturall Substance might be in the Middle, whereinto the Divine and humane I magination might Enter, and y Insuse it selse in the humanity for an Ens or kindler, wherein the y Eintauchen. Holy fire might kindle it felfe in the dry foules-fire.

As was done by the Circumcifion and in the Sacrifice. where the Beastiall fat was a Medium, wherein the humane desire in fuch kindling With the Covenant went to meete God: and Gods Imagination went thus to meete the Covenant in Man, Thus food the Holy Fire opposite to the Wrath, and Consumed the uncleannesse in the Humane Will, that it might pierce to God.

By Mofes on Mount Sinai, wee see this Image also, where first the Fathers Property in the Fire manifested it selfe, and required Mans full obedience, to live before God in Holinesse, and draw neere to him in purity through the Sacrifice: If not then would he devoure them in the Curse through this fire: Which also was an Image, Type, or Shadow; [fignifying] how the humane vanity should and must be purged through Gods Wrath-fire : But I frael could not through the fire come to salvation and the Love of God, and through Moses goe into the Promised Land, but through Fosbua and Christ.

Therefore God brought his Heavenly Substance with his Covenant into the Water-Baptisme, that there H 2 might Covenant through the Water-Baptisme with the out flowne Grace first into the Heavenly Ess of Man, viz: into the vanished Substance, wherein the Incorporated Paradisicall-Covenant of the Serpent Destroyer steed, and pierced

into the same Covenant.

33. Yet feeing the Humane Essence, which was become Earthly, should goe together with such piercing in, therefore there must also be such a Medium forit; wherein the Humane Essence can take hold: for in Gods Hoinesse it cannot take hold; for the will was rent off from that; therefore there must now be a smilitude, wherein the Imagination of the Humane Nature may take hold.

34. For Christ also had this similitude, viz: the Elements, received from us Men, that the Divine Imagination might take hold in the Water: that so the Divine and humane Imagination together, might awaken and kindle the Incorporated Paradisicall Covenant, in that manner as a Glimmering (Mother.) fire or tinder-fire cometh into the wood and Glimmereth.

35. After such a manner, through the Baptisme was introduced a Divine Mother-fire of the Holy sire, (a holy and Divine Glimmering sire) which destroyed and brake since and Death to pieces in the Inwardnesse of Man, viz: in the vanished heavenly Eus: from which the dry withered Tree of the Inward Ground might receive a life againe, viz: a Spiritual Oyle: In which new Spiritual Oyle of the Power of the Divine Light, the Love-sire, viz: the New-Life should burne.

36. This is now the Water-Baptisme, to which the Holy Ghost in the Inward Ground is the hand, which with the flowing forth of the Divine Love out of Christs suffering, Death, and Resurrection baptiseth with his Victory: That is; Hee Insuseth Christs Humanity, Suffering, Death, and Resurrection, into the Inward Ground, and kindleth the Incorporated Paradisicall Covenant with this sire, that the dry Rod of Aaron buddeth forth.

27. For with this Infusion of the Holy Ghost, Christ is bestowed upon Man: he is hereby incorporated to Christ, and the Heavenly Ens, which in Many assumed our humane Ens, with the whole processe of Christ, is put on him, and imprinted in his even heavenly vanished Ens, to a New Life which bash overcome Death.

38. As a Tinsture, tinstureth wholly and throughly penetrateth the Mettle, or as fire gloweth quite through the Iron: so heere it is to be understood concerning those who are capable of such Insusion, as shall

further be taught.

might be a tolerable Medium, whereby he might introduce his Love-Essence into our vanished also heavenly Sub. stance, wherein the Holy fire might kindle it selfe againe.

Even therefore, because the humane Essence was become Earthly; that Man might beare or endure it : for there must be such a. Medium, wherein the humane Essence can take hold: for in Gods Holinesse without a Medium it cannot take hold:

the will was rent off from it.

Therefore God became Man, that he might [cause to] flow in us his Deity with the humanity, that we might comprehend or take hold of him: also that the Divine Imagination might introduce and awaken it felfe in Man, and coworke with the humane [Imagination]: and therefore he assumed the humanity, that he might work in us with

the Deity through the Humanity.

Thus with the Water-Baptisme, was a Glimmering Motherboly-fire, imprinted in Gods Love for a Subject or Object of Divine Imagination and working, whereby Death according to the Inwardnesse of Man Would be broken to Pieces, and a new life spring torth: As fire in wood beginneth to Glimmer, so was this Infusion or Baptising, an z Anoin- 2 Or, Uncliting of the Holy Spirit, for a new Lifes Oyle, wherein the Divine Light might kindle it selfe.

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This is now, the Ground of the Water-Baptisme, to which the Holy Ghost in the inward Ground is the hand, which with the flowing forth of the Divine Love out of Christs suffering, death, and refurrection, baptifeth with his victory : That is ; Hee Infuseth Christs humanity; suffering, Death, and resurrection into Man, and kindleth the incorporated Paradificall Covenant with this fire, that the dry Rod of Agron cometh to Bud forth againe.

For with this Infusion of the Holy Ghost, Christ is bestowed upon Man: he is hereby incorporated to Christ, and the heavenly Ens, which in Mary assumed our humane Ens, with the whole processe of

Christ, is put on and imprinted in him to a new Life.

As a Tindure, tindureth the Menle, or as fire gloweth through the Iron : fo here alfo ivis to be understood concerning those that are capable of this Infusion, as it tolloweth further.

The Third Chapter.

A Briefer and more fundamentall Instruction, how Man is Baptised by the Holy Ghost, with Christs Suffering, Death, and Resurrection in Body and Soule.

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Hen God would introduce his Covenant with the Circumcifion into the Water-Baptisme, then the Word of the Inspoken Grace, wherein the Holy Fire of God was, First, before band became a Man, and assumed first beforehand the Womans seede, as our soule and humanity, that he might baptise us with the

Living Covenant, which was become a Man.

- 2. For the Body of Man, to which the Baptisme was necessary, was out of the Elements: and now if it should be Baptissed, the Covenant must first beforehand give it selfe into an Elementary Medium, as in the Humanity of Christ, and Sanstifie that Medium, that Man might through this Medium be baptised.
- 3. For it was not to be done onely for the Heavenly Substance of Man, which vanished in Adam; in which the Covenant in Paradise incorporated it selfe, that it alone should be baptised; No; but also for the Soule, and for the Body out of the Limus of the Earth.
- 4. The whole Man needed the Baptisme: All the Three Principles of all the Three worlds in Man must be baptised: viz: The first Principle is the Eternall Nature, viz: the true Soules Life, that came out of the Word of the Inspeaking, into the Body; The Second Principle is the true Eternall Spirit; viz: the Holy Power of the Light and Love (which I call in this little Booke, the heavenly vanished Ens and Substance in Adam) wherein Adam vanished, viz: the Soules will departed out from it; The Third Principle is the Astrall Animal Soule,

The Third Chapter:

A Briefer and more fundamentall Instruction, how Man is Baptised by the Holy Ghost, with Christs Suffering, Death, and Refurrection, in Body and Soule.



Hen God-would introduce his Covenant with the Water Baptisme into the humanity, then was the inspoken Grace-word of the holy fire of God, viz: the fiery Love; First beforehand become Man, and tooke first beforehand the Womans feede on him, viz: our foule, spirit and whole

humanity, that he might Baptise us with the living Covenant, which

was God and Man.

For the Body of Man, to which the Baptisme was necessary, was out of the Elements: and now if it should be baptised, the Covenant Would first beforehand give it selse into an Elementary Medium, as in the humanity of Christ, and sanctifie the same, that Man might through this Medium be baptised.

For it was not to be done alone, for the heavenly Substance which vanished in Paradise; in which Substance, as in the most inward Ground of the humanity, the Covenant in Paradise incorporated it felfe; that the same Ground alone should be baptised: No; but also for the Soule, and for the Body out of the Limus

of the Earth.

The whole Man needeth the Baptisme: All the Three Principles, viz: all the Three worlds Properties in Man must be baptised: The first Principle is the Eternall Nature, The Mysterium Magnum, the Great Mystery, out of which the visible world is sprung forth, a ground of the true Eternall Soule which through Gods inbreathing came into the Body: The second Principle is the true Eternall Spirit, viz: the Holy Lights-Power (which Power I call in this little Booke, the heavenly Ens. Or Substance vanished in Adam) which vanished in Adam with the Fall, as the Soules-will departed out there-from into EarthliSoule, Ex Spiritu Mundi, out of the Spirit of the World, with its Body out of the Limus of the Earth, vizi the whole outward visible Man.

5. This Threefold Man was wholly fallen; for as the Divine Light in the Spirit of the Second Principle went out, he was quite blinde as to God, and dead as to Paradife; In this must a Divine Love Ens be Insufed againe, in which Love Ens, the Divine fire and Light might againe kindle to a new Life; but if this must be done, then must the Holy Fire first beforehand manifest it selfe with the Covenant in the Threefold Humanity, as in Christs Humanity, that Gods Spirit might baptise us out of, with, and through, this threefold Humanity; that Each Principle in us might be baptized with its like or similitude.

For the Holy Ghost Baptizeth through Christ to the for-

6. The Holy Fire of the Divine Power in Christ Baptiseth his Temple in w, which the Holy sire, viz: the Divine life in w would possesse, viz: the vanished Ens of the Heavenly worlds Substance, the Spirit of understanding, or of Power, viz: the Second Principle, or Angelicall Body out of the Angelicall worlds Substance, to which Substance Christ afterwards giveth his most holy spirituall sless for food, in which he himselfe dwelleth: This Divine Love in the Holy sire baptiseth this Spirit, for it is an Ens of the Holy sire, wherein it burneth or liveth. And the first Principle, viz: the siery Soule out of the Divine Science of the seperable speaking word, out of the Fathers Property, is baptised with the siery Spirit of the Fathers Property, as with the fire burning Love.

7. Thus so be understood.

The Soule is of the Fathers Property, and in this Baptisme with his Insusion into the Soule, he giveth it to the Son in his Love-fire: The Fathers Property in the fire taketh hold on the Soule, first with the Law of Nature, with his Strickt Righteousuesse, with the Eternall Birth of the fire-Ground: whereby the hard p Compressed Dead Soule in that Insusion of the fire is moveable, and its hard p Compression

P. Impression.

nesse, and brake its will off therefrom: The Third Principle is the Man from the outward worlds Substance, viz: the Astrall soule with its Body out of the Limus of the Earth, which standeth in the foure Elements.

This Threefold Man was wholly fallen; for as soone as the Light in the Spirit of the Second Principle, went out, he was quite blinde as to God, and dead as to Paradife, in this must a Divine Love Ens be Infused or imprinted againe, wherein the Divine fire and Light might kindle it selfe to a new Life: and therefore the Holy Fire of the Great Love of God in the Covenant must manifest it selse in the Humanity of Christ, that Gods Spirit might Bap. tife us out of, with, and through, this Threefold Humanity; that Each Principle in us might be bapt fed with its like or fimilitude: For the Holy Ghost Baptiseth through Christ, to the forgivenesse of sinnes.

How is this Baptisme of the Holy Ghost Effected?

Answer: Gods holy Fire of the Divine Love power in Christ Jefus baptifeth his Temple in w, which the holy fire Life, viz: Gods Spirit will possesse, viz: the vanished Ens of the Heavenly worlds Substance, the Spirit of pover and understanding the second Principle or Angelicall Ground: to which Ground Christ afterwards giveth his holy Spirituall flesh for food, wherein the true b Expresse Image of God doth Consist: The Divine Love and Reflect I-Iweetnes in the holy fire, baptiseth this Spirit, for it is an Ens of the mige. holy fire, wherin it burneth or liveth: And the first Principle, viz: the fiery Soule out of the Divine Science of the Seperable Eternall-Speaking word out of the Fathers fiery Substance is baptised with the fiery Spirit of the Fathers Property, as with the fire-burning Love. Understand this thus.

The Soule is of the Fathers Property, according to the fiery omnipotency, and in this Baptisme, in which the Father cobaptiseth, Hee giveth it to the Sonne in his Love fire: understand the Soule is of the Fathers fire, become a wrathfire: This wrath-fire with his Infusion he giveth to his fire-burning-Love: The Fathers Property in the fire, taketh hold on the Soule, first with the Law of Nature, as with his strickt righteousnesse Of the Eternall Birth of the fire-ground : whereby the hard compressed dead Soule in that same a Infusion of the fire of the Divine life, is moveable, and its hard compression of the false Magnetick desire is broken in sunder and opened, in that man-

b Owne very

c Impressed. d Fintaucken of the false Magnetick Defire is broken in funder and opened, in that manner, as a Man strikes up fire.

- 8. Thus now the Divine Light of the Great Love is in the Opened Name JESUS out of JEHOVA in the Centre of the Fathers fire: When the Fathers fire, unlocketh the fiery Soule, then the light of the Divine Love can thine into it, and Introduce the Love Em into it: for so some as the Wratis fire unlocketh the Soule; inflainly it receiveth the Love fire of the Sonne, and goethinto it; as fire Gloweth through Iron, or as a Tincluse penetrateth Metrell.
- 9. And thus is the Soule given from the Father to the Sonne, and thus the Sonne Givero is the Love-fire, vize the Evernall Life: for if the Fathers Property did not move together in the shut up Soule, then the Soule would remaine in its Impression in Eternall Death, and the Light could not be manifested in it

9 Commission or Constition.

- 10. The 9 shrill founding and kindling of the Pathers fire, is the fountains of humane Repentance, where man trembleth before sinne; for in the fire-glance is the falle compressed vanity of sinnes in the Darknesse of the Soule, Manifest, and the Love-shining in, of the Sonne, is the Meeke Love-Oyle, that uniteth and temperath the Committee or shrill founding, againe.
 - . 11. For the Some is in the Father, and the Father in the Sonne, and they

baptife together, The Father with fire, and the Sonne with Light:

after that manner as five is flrack, fo that the meeke Light-Glance is mani-

ner as a Man strikes up fire: thus a new fire of God is kindled, which commotion, or shrill founding, is also the c Trembling

Ground of Repentance.

Now when the Fathers fire is ftirred and kindled, then shineth the Divine Light of the Great sweet Love in the opened Name JESUS out of the Holy Name JEHOVA in the Centre of the Fathers fire, out of the unity of God, as the Beames of Divine Grace in the Soule: for the Soule is with this Glimps unlocked, and then suddenly the Light of Love taketh in the unlooked ground, & filleth it with the substance of Love.

And thus the Sonne, viz: the Love of the Father, receiveth the Soule, and sandifieth it, and throughly penetrateth it; as fire throughly penetrateth the Iron. And that is it which Christ faith: Father the Men were thine, and thou hast given them unto mee: and I give them the Eternall Life: Also: This is the Eternall Life, that they rightly know thee Father, that thou art the true God, and whom thou hast sent, Jesus Christ, Joh. 17. 3.6.

In this inshining and indwelling Light, is the New Birth, and God is Comprehended and knowne in the Spirit: whereupon followeth instantly the true Faith, which willeth nothing but what God will; for thus is Christ the Light of the Little World, viz: of Man, and giveth the Eternall Light-Life of God, to the Soule.

And thus the Soule liveth in the Father, and yet with the Sonnes office is governed and san diffied, and its anxious Fire-Life is a meere Love-burning: But the Fathers Concussion or shrill founding is necessary, that the soules fire-source may be touched, that the Soule may finde what it is: for it is thereby brought into continuall Repentance and humility, when the Beame of Gods wrath often toucheth it, that it confider its fall, and is at no time fecure: (for it hath a great Enemy neere it in its flesh and bloud, viz: Satans poyson) that it may no more run-on in its owne will as formerly: For the Soule in this Beame of wrath trembleth before finne, and so sinne is

or Contriti-

Note.

fested out of the fire, and so the fire burning is wholly turned and growne into

a Light Glance : The Fathers fire with its sorreur confumeth the vanity in the

Soule, and the Sonnes Love healeth it againe.

Thus is the Baptifine according to the Inward Ground of Mans Soule

and Spirit, to be understood.

Frext. With.

12. The Third Property; of the Third Principle, in the Water-Baptiline, wherewith the body of the surward Worlds Substance, as also the Spirit of the Constellation in Man is baptised; is thus to be considered:

manifested in the Light: and then comes Sorrow and Lamentation over finne on a heape. And thus standeth this pretious figure in the Inward Ground. For where the owne will of finne is shaken through Repentance, there the holy anointing Oyle of Love penetrateth instantly and healeth these wounds. Thus the Father Baptiseth with fire to Repentance, and the Sonne with Love, to Sansification; and the Holy Ghost manageth the office, who baptiseth with a New life: For the whole holy Trinity baptiseth according to the Divine Manisestation; For without and beyond the Manifestation there is onely One Triune God in one onely Good & Beeing and Will, & Substance whereof a Man cannot say: the Father is wrath, this or that, but is the Triune Good Beeing: But according to his Manifestation, out of which the Soules and Angells, together with Every Heavenly and Hellish Beeing is forung, (viz: after the Manner of the Mysterium Magnum, the Great Mystery;) from hence ariseth his Wrath or fire-fource, and that from Eternity in Eternity.

Note: Thus now a Man may understand the Baptisme according to the Inward Ground, according to Soule and Spirit: viz: the Father Baptiseth with the Concussion or shrill founding to Repentance with fire . in which fire, the bitter suffering and dying of Fesus Christ is impressed into the poore Soule: for the Wrath-fire which holdeth . the Soule captive, is overcome and softened with Love: and this is impressed in the Soule as a victory: and the Sonne baptiseth with the holy anointing-Oyle of Gods Love, and healeth the poore shakeri Soule againe: And the true Comforter the Holy Ghoft, which goeth forth through Christs Death, through Christs Resurrection, through the Father in the Sonne, he baptiseth with a nem Life, and giveth true Faith and understanding, that wee

receive and know this.

The Third Property of the Third Principle, with the Water-Baptisme, wherewith the body of the ourward worlds Substance, as also the Outward Life is baptifed, that is confidered as followeth: or Esfence.

dered: By the Water, viz: by the Element of the Body of Christ, the right Adamicall Man (which was created in Adam as to the Body, understand out of the ontward worlds Substance) is baptifed, for here the Holy Gh. It baptiseth, who goeth forth from the Father and the Sonne, his Going forth is the formation of the world, and the world is the outspoken, formed Word, and the Spirit of God it is that hath formed it.

13. For Hee is to be understood in all the Three worlds, in each world according to their Property: As in the Fathers wrath according to the Darknesse, he is the slame of Painfullnesse, and in the Eternail Light, he is the Love-slame of God: and in this world in Spiritu Mundi, in the Spirit of the world he is the formour and workmaster of every thing, in every thing according to its property: As the Seperator of the thing is, so also is the outslowne Spirit out of the outspoken word in every thing.

14. For in the outward worlds Substance, it is not to be understood, that the Spirit of its Substance, it called God, but it is the outstowne Spirit in the outspoken word of God, which with its ground standeth in the Word of God.

rall Life, is flowne forth out of Gods Love and Wrath, out of Light and Darknesse, viz: out of the first and second Principle, as out of the Eternall Nature, out of the Speaking of the Word, and Randeth with its forth that out that Spirit into a Creaturely Life.

forth that out-

76. It, (that same Exhaled Spirit) is the outward Creaturely Life, in Every Creature, according to its property.

It is the Soule of the Outward World, viz: the Inceptive Soule, a life

of the foure Elements.

Its power is a fiery and lightish Constellation: What the whole outward Constellation is in it selfe in its power; the same is that [Spirit] alone in it selfe: yet as a thut up Constellation that lyeth in the Temperament, and yet unfolds it selfe in Every Life, and maketh it selfe Seperable, according to the lifes property.

e In the Temperary Creatures with a Temporary Property, and in the Eter.

nall with an Eternall Property.

In Man with a temporary and [fragile] Corruptible property, and also with

an Eternall.

Which Eternall hangeth to the Eternall Exhaled Word (to the Eternall Exhaling): wherein Man at the Last Day, according to the visible Image, shall arise and come againe, out of the Corruptibility, and be presented before Gods Judgement (before The Judgement) and be put upon the Great university where the Mortal shall seperate is selfe from the Eternall.

•

Text. By.

Or, fiery Tri-

17. Under-

By the Water, viz: by the Element of the body of Christ, the Right Adamicall Man out of the Elements, which was created in Adam, understand the outward worlds Substance, is bapised: for heere the Holy Ghost Baptiseth, who goeth forth from the Father and the Sonne, his going forth is the formation of the world, and the world is the outspoken formed Word, and the Spirit of God it is, that hath

formed that out spoken Word.

Hee is to be understood in all Three Principles or Worlds, in each world according to their property. As First in the Fathers wrath according to the Darknesse, Hee is the slame of painefullnesse; and Secondly, in the Eternall Light he is the Love slame of God: and Thirdly, in this world in Spiritu Mundi, in the Spirit of this world hee is the formour and workmaster of Every thing, in every thing according to its property: as the Seperator or Archaeus of the thing is, from whence it ariseth, so also is the outslowne Spirit out of the outspoken word, in every thing.

And it is not to be understood, that the Spirit of the Outward Substance, is called God, but it is the outslowne Spirit in the outspoken Word of God, which with its Ground standeth in the Word of

God.

The Outflowne Spirit of the outward Naturall and Creaturely Life; is flowen forth out of Gods Love and Wrath, out of Light and Darkneffe, viz: out of the first and second Principle, out of the Eternall Nature, out of the Speaking of the Word, for the Eternall Word, hath breathed it selfe with that Spirit into a Creaturely, Imagelike Life.

It is the Soule of the Outward World, a Life of the foure Elements. Its power is as a fiery and lightish Constellation: What the whole outward Constellation is in it selfe in its power, the same is that [Spirit] every where alone in it selfe, yet as a shut up Constellation that lyeth in the Temperament and yet unfoldeth it selfe in every Life, and maketh it selfe Seperable, according to every Lifes property.

Note.

Courteous Reader, this is what our Authour, bleffed in the Spirit of the high knowledge, indeed readily began to bring to the easier under standing for the simple, but hath not finished it, for *A. +O.1624 in his Jubilee-yeare, or 50th years of his Age, he went, according to the Mystery, againe, into his Grave or Magick and Mentall Principle.

* Aiino

17. Understand us now heere rightly thus, concerning the Baptisme of this Outward Spirit: The Inward Holy-Spirit of Divine Love kindleth the Outslowen Spirit, and anointeth it with Divine Power: For, the humanity of Christ according to our Outward Spirit was anointed of the Holy Ghost: and that same outward Spirit of Christ, which in Christs Person in the Elements of the Body ruled after a humane Manner, that in the Covenant of his Testament in the Water-Baptisme, anointeth the Inward ground of the Water; and the anointed power in the water, in the word of the Covenant, anointeth the true Man, which in Adam was Created out of the Limus of the Earth; and so also it anointeth the Spiritus Mundi, the Spirit of the world; viz: the right * Astrall Soule, which at the Last Day shall come againe and be treed.

* Note.

18. Now understand us dearely and well, it availeth us much: This Anointing of Water-Baptisme, is anointed with Christs suffering, death, and refurrection; it is anointed with Christs shedding of his bloud, with which heavenly bloud, he changed Gods Wrath into Love, and besprink ed Death in the humane Property, wherewith he anointed the Earth, when he shed forth this his bloud upon and into it : Note also: It was anointed therewith, when Christ yeelded his anoin ted Life of the outward humanity received from us, in his Death, into this Spiritus Mundi, this spirit of the world againe, and anointed that also with his Anointing in his Death: viz: where his ontward mortall foule, received from us (which dyed on the Croffe, and veelded it selfe into the hand of God, as into his Outspoken Word) went out of the Body into the Elements : Alfo : It is anointed therewith where this his outward Soule with the Eternall Soule, wherein the holy Ghost was; penetrated through Death and Hell: And also therewith, where the Holy Ghost in the Word, received this his dead Astrall Soule, our of death, and brought it through death with his refurrection into Eternall Life, where Gods Love anointed it with the Eternall Life.

19. This Anointing of Christ is understood in the Water-Baptisme as in the Covenant of God, for God anointeth in the humanity of Christ the Elements of the Body, together with the Mortall and Immortall Soule, and bringeth Christ with this anointing into his Death, and into the Wrath, and through Death into the Eternall Life; And this Anointing (wherein Christ hath overcome Gods Wrath, Sinne, Death, the Devill, and Hell) hath God with his Covenant of the Old Testament ordained in the Water-Baptisme, and offereth it now to Every man.

20. And so now if a Man defireth it, and inclineth himselse to it, as a Man, and not a Beast, then the Holy-Ghost baptises the inward Ground, viz: his Temple, which himselse possesses, viz: the true E-

terna!!

ternall Spirit, together with the Eternall Soule: And the anointing of Christ, out of his humanity received from us, anointeth and bapriseth in us the true first Man Created in Adam out of the Limus of the Earth, together with the Mortall Soule, (yet that a Man may understand the Ground herein, is that I which shall arise and live Evernally.

21. This is done through Christs suffering, Death, and Resurrection in his bloudy 7 Conflict; viz: the villory of his Death is the hand that baptiseth. Note; the right Man is baptised unto Life, and the Serpent-Groffe earthly Man, is baptifed with Christs Death and dying, fo that he shall dye, and leave all his evill lusts and defires to the Death of Christ, that that may kill it, and bring a new will out of the

Death of Christ, out of Soule and Body.

22. The Evill Man, viz: that Serpent-Monster, is taken with this baptisme (viz: where the hand of God, viz: his speaking Word it selse, taketh and baptiseth) and is buried with Christ in his Death, and in that Hell, into which Christ in his dying entred: understand. into the Darknesse of Gods Wrath, viz: into the Abysse of the humanity : and this anointing in the Baptisme bindeth and uniteth it selfe with the true Adamicall first Body, which was before the fall of Adam. and generateth, through Christs victory, a new will in soule and bodv. which obeyeth God.

23. Thus then according to this anointing, the true Man standeth in the Anointing of Christ, and the Serpent-Monster standeth in Gods wrath: and yet during this time [of life] dwell in one body, but each in its Principle, viz: in its own Property; concerning which St Paul saith; Rom. 7. 20. 25. Now if I sinne, it is not I, but sinne in the Evill flesh that doth it: Also: so then I now serve God with the minde of the anointed Ground, and with the Minde of the falle flesh I serve the

Law of sinne.

24. And saith further: Rom. 8. 1.28. Now then there is no condemnation to them that are in Christ Fesus in his anointing, which according to this purpose of God are called in the Word, or are thus comprehended in the Calling in the Anointing: where he then meaneth the right anointed Man, which in this time of life flicketh hidden in the 2 Scales of the Earthly Body, as fine Gold in a Groffe stone, and 2 viz: Shell. yet according to the Anointing dwelleth in Heaven; as St Paul also faith; Phil. 3.20. Our Conversation is in Heaven: Also Rom. 6. 15. Gal.2. 17. Shall we then that belong unto Christ be yet sinners? that be farre from is: where he meaneth the Anointed Ground, and not the beastiall Monster of Earthlinesse, full of Evill inclinations, which standeth in the wrath of God, the Condemnation; and shall not inheritethe Kingdome of God, which yet in this [life] time, hangeth to the right anointed Man.

y Os, Fight or combat.

25. The anointed Ground is the Christian, and not the outward Grosse Beast: The Anointing it is, which daily breaketh the head of the Monster the Serpent, viz: the Evill Farthly will, where the Strife in Man is, where one property willeth Evill and the other Good, and that which overcometh, driveth Man on to Work: Therefore shall and must Mans Work: be Judged, and every one be gathered into its barne: viz: that which is done in the power of the Anointing, into the Kingdome of God; and that which is done in the power of the Monster the Serpent, into Damnation, into the Darknesse of Wrath and Death.

The Fourth Chapter.

Of the Outward Water-Baptisme by Mans hand:
who is worthy to performe such Baptisme?
and what Baptised Infant doth worthily
receive this Baptisme; how it goeth with the unworthy hand, as
also with the unworthy
Baptised Infant.

In this time highly necessary to be considered.

Ŧ.



Hen God established the Testament of his holy Covenant of Grace in Paradise, out of the Type and Sacrifices, & would ordaine the Circumcission into Water-Baptisme: then he bringeth forth a Branch out of his Covenant in a humane Manisestation, and began the Water-Baptisme thereby; As is cleerely to

beseene in John the Baptist, who was proclaimed by the Angelicall Message or Embassie, and moreover of the stock of the high Priests.

2 His Incarnation or becoming Man, came not from the will of the flesh, for his Father Zachary and Mother Elizabeth, which were ancient people full of Dayes, who were cleerly dead in the fleshly sperme or seede, where the ability of Man was cleerly gone: The seede of Zachary and Elizabeth, was raised up through the moving of the Holy Ghost out of the Paradisicall Grace-Covenant in their now quite vanished Spermatick Property.

2 The Seade.

2. Indeed he came out of the humane Ground, but not out of hismane ability, for the Anointing in the Covenant awakened it, so that their sperme, above the course and power of Natures owne ability was unlocked: which Holy Ghost raised up a seede out of the humane

sperme, and to that purpose chose a it in its first beginning.

4. But the anointing of John was done in Maries Salute, when shee came to old Elizabeth, and the divine anointing stirred in her (understand in Mary) out of Christs Incarnation or becoming Man: When Mary full of this anointing, faluted Elizabeth, then the Incarnation of Christ, disfused with the anointing through the salute of Mary in John in the Mothers womb: and not onely in John, but also in his Mother Elazabeth, so that shee was full of this anointing, and both the Mothers prophefied in the Spirit of this anointing.

5. And this is the Baptisme of John, when as he was anointed with the Incarnation of Christ, out of Christ, and received the Baptilme of the Holy Ghoft out of the Covenant in the Mothers womb, so that he should be a Forerumer and declarer, that the time of the Anointing, and fullfilling of the Covenant of God, was at hand: that God hath introduced his Covenant of the anointing of Grace, into the humanity, and that the Covenant is become a Man: that God will hence forward shed forth his anoincing through the humanity of Christ, through an Elementary Medium or Meanes, (that consisteth no more in fire, as in the Old Testament, but in Love and Meek. nesse of Water, so that the time of Grace is at hand, wherein God hath given his anointing into the humanity.

6. And then wee see that God there began no new Covenant. but onely a New Ordinance: for John suffered himselfe to be Circumcifed, as also Christ: John tooke the power and calling out of the Covenant of the Circumcifion, out of the Sacrifices of fire, and by the command of God brought them into the Water-Baptisme: to signifie that hence forward finne should be drowned by the death of Christ in his Love and Meeknesse, and no more burne in the fire as was done

by Israel in the Type.

7. Moreover wee see by John, that he did not yet baptise with the forgivenesse of sinnes, but with Repentance, viz. with the Spirit of the anointing to Repentance, which foundeth through the hearts of Men, and prepareth the way for the Spirit of Christ, which unlocketh the Doores of Mens hearrs and soules, that after b him, the King of b Viz. John the Glary might enter in at those Opened Gates; concerning which sould fayth; Open the Gates wide for the King of Glory; that the King of Glory, viz: Christ may enter in, Pfal. 24. 7. 9. And as John witnesseth, He baptised with water to Repentance and forgivenesse of sinnes, yet he is not Christ, but after him cometh he that hath the fan in his band, who will baptife with the fire of the Spirit, Luk. 3. 16, 17. 8. Alfe

Baptift.

8. Also wee see in John, that he must be the sonne of a Priest, who were conversant about Circumcifion and Sacrifices: he must come out of the Law of the Covenant, and fuffer himselfe to be Circumcia fed, and put on the Covenant, that he might with the Spirit of the Covenant and of Circumcifion, begin the Water Baptisme; viz: the Ordinance of Grace and forgivenesse: for sinne should be destroyed now no more by fire, but by Love, which God manifested in the Covenant through Christ; it [finne] should be drowned and changed by Gods Meeknesse.

9. Therefore also, God ordained for this destroying of finnes this meanes of the Water-Baptisme : to signifie, that sinne should be drowned in the bloud of Christ, in his Love and Grace, and that Man should henceforth have an open Gate of Grace to God in the Love and Meeknesse, so that now with the Repentant forrow for sinnes. with the c forfaking of finnes he may Enter through this Gate into Grace.

The absolution from sinnes.

10. And wee see heere in John, the beginner of the Water-Baptisme, what Man is worthy to baptise with this new Grace Covenant, viz: fuch a one, as also beforehand, hath been baptised with this Grace. as John was by Christ, who was Baptised even in his Mouliers would: for flesh and bloud without this anointing cannot Baptile : for this Might, standeth not in the dauthority of Man, but in Christs dauthority.

d Or, Power.

Note.

11. A Christian, in whom is the anointing of Christ, baptiseth with the anointing of Christ, for the Holy Trinity baptiseth with the Grace-Covenant of the anointing, with Christs Incarnation or becoming Man, with his fuffering, death, and victory: Now will any baptife, they must not onely baptise with the Hand and Water Baptisme,

but also with the Faith of the anointing.

12. An unfaithfull, or unbeleeving Baptifer, doth no more in this high work of the Baptisme; Then the Font-stone or Bason doth. which holdeth the water: for though he sprinkle or powre water; and useth the words of Christ; yet he Essecteth nothing therewith, but is dumb [or dead] in the working, except the Covenant of Christ worketh and baptiseth: he is but meerly a Medium or means. like a worklesse [inanimate] e Substance, that doth not it selfe work together in this Covenant: but onely doth the work, in which work God worketh in respect of his Covenant.

e Or, Thing.

12. Not so to be understood, as if the worke by the unworthy all.

f Or, Ineffectu- hand were therefore wholly f powerleffe: no, the Covenant of God. 8 fevereth not ir felfe; for the unworthy hands fake, which is but a 8 Absenteth or Medium or Means: for faithfull Parents, which stand in the anointing withdraweth, of this Covenant, and have put on the Covenant, they have the anointing also in their seede; and generate Children out of the pro-

perty

perty of their bodyes and soules: now if they be baptised in body and soule, and have put on the anointing of Christ, wherefore then not also the Ens of their bodyes? if they be the Temples of the Holy Ghost, (who dwelleth in them;) and eate Christs sless and drink his bloud, so that Christ is in them and they in Christ; as Christ sayth; Joh. 6. 56. Wherefore then not also the fruit of their Bodies? For Christ sayth indeed (Matth 7. 18.) a Good Tree cannot bring forth bad sruit, sayth and a bad Tree cannot bring forth Good fruit: If the eye of the spirit be light, then is the whole body light: If the Leven be Holy, then is the whole Lump Holy, Matth 6. Rom. 11.

14. John was baptifed in the Mothers womb through the Spirit of Christ out of Maries voice, as also his mother Elizabeth: and wee see cleerly, how it came to passe, for as Elizabeth heard the Spirit of Mary, the Holy Ghost moved in her, and also in her fruit alike; they received the Baptisme of Christ out of his humanity alike, the Mother with the Sonne: wherefore then not also now at present, in holy Parents, in whom the anointing is, For such as the Tree is, such is also its fruit: But the Covenant in the Baptisme is therefore, that every one should themselves with their owne will, as a particular branch on the Tree, and as a life of their owne, put on the Covenant of Christ, as through the outward Medium or Meanes ordained thereunto.

15. Not to understand; that a childe of honest anointed Parents, which hath attained life, though it dye before the Baptisme, that it is not in the anointing of Christ; It hath indeed put on the anointing of its Parents, for it is existed out of their substance, out of their baptised soules and bodies substance, and onely needeth, if it liveth, to enter into the Image of the visible Covenant, as a life of its owne; and with its will give it selfe up into that which it inheriteth from its Parents: But seeing a childe understandeth not this, therefore the Parents doe it with their Faith, and every one of those that are called to that work, viz. the hinterses or God fathers and God-mothers, who in their faiths-desire with their Prayer i recommend the childe to the Covenant of Christ, and present it in the Covenant of Christ to the Holy Trinity, and desire the Covenant to be upon this Childe.

16. All these, both the Parents and standers by: viz: the faithfull Baptiser and Witnesses, worke with their faith in the property of the Childe, and reach out to it with their faith the Covenant of Christ: for the will of their Faith, taketh the Childes will being without understanding, into their faiths desire, and so beare the childes will in their will, with their anointing into the Covenant of Christ, viz: before the Holy Triniy.

17. When the Baptifer sprinkleth or powreth the water upon the Childe, then is his faith together in the water, and fastneth it selfe

h Pathen Gossips. i Transferre or deliver over. in the words of Christ, who sayth; Matth. 28. 19. Goe hence into all the world, Baptising all Nations, in the Natre of the Father, Sonne, and Holy Ghost: Upon Christs command they Baptise Men, the Baptiser Baptiseth with the Hand, and with Faith: and the Parents together with the Witnesses, baptise with their Faiths defire, with the anointed will: they insufe it into Christs Covenant; and Christ insuseth himselse therein, with his Bloud, Death, and Victory, viz: with the victory of his Death: and kindleth the faiths-Ens of the Childe, with his love fire.

k Hatcher, breeder, or Ember. 18. Thus the Graine of Mustardseed of the love-fire, soweth it selse into the Childes Soules and Bodies Ens, as a Glimmering Mother of Divine Love: which Mother afterwards, when the childe getteth understanding of its owne, is more kindled through Faith, Repentance and Prayer, and becometh a high shining Light: and when afterwards the Mouth of Faith eateth Christs sless and drinketh bit bload, then this holy Mother love-fire, atteineth holy Oyle to the

burning of its Life.

19. With the Baptisme is implanted the humanity of Christ according to the holy Love-water, viz: the Water of Eternall Life, in which water the holy fire may burne: and with the Supper is participated the Holy Tincture in the bloud and flesh of Christ, viz: the true Love-fire burning, a spirituall Anointing Oyle out of the divine fire and Light, which the water of Love kindleth viz: the Baptisme-Covenant: And though a Childe be borne of Hely Parents, and in the Mothers womb be cleerely in this Covenant, yet it ought also to put on this Covenant in its owne selfesubfifting person, in its owne lifes will: for this Caufe, that in the flesh, Sinne and nucleannesse is together propagated and inherited, and therefore should it selfe put on this Covenant: for it ought and must it selfe with the Covenant of Grace breake the head of the Serpent in the flesh, and therefore it ought also it selfe to put on Christ with his victory: For Christ now offereth himselfe, to it selfe, it ought therefore in its owne person to receive him with its owne will, and give its owne will up to him.

Text. auff:

Note.

with God in Christs bloud and Death, wherein Christ bindeth himfelse to Man with his victory and Resurrection, and placeth Man therein: And Man in the Baptisme giveth up his Adamicall averse will to the Death of Christ, and desireth to dye to his owne will in the Death of Christ, and to rise againe through Christs Resurrection out of Christs Death, with, and in Christ, to a new will, and to live and to will with Christ: For wee are through the Baptisme with Christs victory, planted anew in the Word of God: for Man is the Outspoken Imaged Word of God, which hath brought his will in Adam from the speaking of God into an owne will and speaking, and is become treacherous

cherous to the Word of God: and with the Baptisme the Imaged Word promifeth and incorporateth it selfe againe with the Eternall Speaking of God, that it will speake and will according to God: viz:

Gods righteousnesse and truth.

21. The Baptiline is an Oath which Man Sweareth m to God, when m In or into. he renounceth the Devill and his Kingdome, and giveth up himselfe to God for his proper owne, viz: for a Temple of God: And though a childe understandeth nor this: yet the Baptiser, as also the Parents and Witnesses should understand it, and introduce their faith into the childes will; and fo with their introduced will in the childes will, together plunge or finke themselves downe with this oath into Gods Covenant through the Word of Christ upon his command in the Water-Baptisme: and apprehend the Command of Christ in themselves. viz: in their Faith, and so in their understanding enter into the Covenant with the childes n not-understanding; and in the stead, and n Or, Ignorance, with the will of the childe, in their will make such a promise to God: for this the Parents may and ought especially to doe: seeing the childe is forung up out of their life and substance, as the branch out of the Stock, o fo they have also power, to comprehend the will of the o Thin, childe in the will of their Faith, and with the will of the childe to give up and binde or unite it unto God.

22. Moreover the Baptifer hath this in his power, who upon the Command of Christ standeth there in Christs stead, and bringeth in his Mouth the Command of Chift, and baptifeth with his hand upon the command of Christ: such a one, should be the Anointed of Christ. and enter into that worke through the Doore of Christ, or he is but as a piece of wood, or clod of earth, standing by as an Earthly Medium, and himselfe doth not baptise together with his Faith, but is onely an outward Instrument of the Covenant, as the Axe wherewith the Carpenter heweth: though indeed he is not altogether as the Axe that cutteth, but as the hand that holdeth the Axe: he neither cutteth nor coworketh in the work of the Spirit, but is onely the outward Instrument, and doth onely an outward thing: Hee reacheth not the Covenant, but onely the Water, and bringeth a dead word in his life.

but the office of Christ is in the command.

22. The living Word in the Covenant which there baptifeth, hath not its originall out of the power of the wicked month, but out of the Command in the Covenant: The wicked Mouth bringeth the outward linerall Word, as a Minister thereof, but the Covenant bringeth the Living Word in Power: If the Parents and Witnesses be faithfu'l, they reach forth the childe with their Faith to the Covenant, and the wicked Baptifer with his Mouth and Hand is but an Infrument to it, in that manner and way, as a Glock striketh and soundeth, and yet hath no life, but giveth notice and understanding to the Living

what it meaneth: or as a wicked Man in a shew of Holinesse, nameth and acknowledgeth the Holy Name of God before a Holy person. where infrantly the Holy Name of God is thereby stirred and becometh working in the Heart of the Holy Man that heareth it, and ver the Hypocrite in his knowledge neither understandeth it nor findeth it; and this stirring of the good Heart doth not proceed out of the wicked Mouth, and enter into the Holy Heart, but it proceedeth out of the Name of God.

24. Thus also the Holy Name baptiseth by the micked Baptiser. and not the evill Mouth, but he must be an Instrument, that pronounceth the Holy Name, which worketh not from his pronouncing, but from the Name and Covenant, through the faithfull Parents and Witnesses introduction of their Faith: For the Covenant is it selfe a Faith [or Beleeving] viz: Gods Word and Mouth: The Covenant baptifeth them all, that give themselves up into it, whether worthily or unworthily, whether the Faith of the Boptifer and of the Parents and Witnesses be there or not, but with great difference, as the Scripture faith; With the Holy thou art Holy, and with the Perverse then art perverse, Pfal. 18, 26. Also, such as the People are, such a G d they have : and as S: Paul faith of the Supper; Therefore they received it to Judgement, because they distinguish not the Lords body.

25. For where Gods Love is present, there his wrath is also prefent : where Light is, there is also Fire: The Ens of Faith present onely through the Fire forth into Light: The Covenant standeth firme, the childe is baptifed with the Covenant, the Covenant receiveth it, although there were onely a wicked Baptifer, and also such Witnesses without Faith: But as the Mouth is, such is also the food in the Mouth, as the Lord faith by the Prophet; Wherefore doth the wicked take my Covenant into his Mouth, and hateth P to be reformed? Pfal. 50. 16, 17. Men should not misuse the Name of God, for the Lord will not leave him unpunished that misuseth it, Deut. 5. 5. Hee will not cast the Pearle before Swine, Matth. 7. 6. The wicked Man that draweth neere to his Covenant, is to God in his Covenant a Good savour to the Condemnation" of Death, and the Holy is a good savour to life, I Cor. 2. 15, 16.

26. What else can be, if there are Evill Parents without Faith, but that they also beget wicked children, for as the stock is, so also is the fruit: And now if they convert not, and through true earnest Repentance and Prayer, incorporate their fruit to Christ, and send them with faith to this Covenant, but indeed invite fuch wicked Witnesses or Goffips, without Faith thereunto, and there be also a wicked Baptifer, who shall baptife heere? Shall the Love of God in the Covenant of Grace baptife? May it not be as St Paul fayth of the Supper; That the wicked receive it unto Judgement? Now if a Man make a mock of the Covenant, how will Gods Glory appeare among the

Note.

P Nurture or chastisement.

Scorners? there it is rightly fayd; With the Hely thou art boly, and with the perverse thou are perverse: If the seede be 9 bad, though a Man cast 9 Oc, False. it into good Ground, yet there groweth bad fruit from it, for it draweth from the good Ground, an Ens of its owne likenesse to it felfe.

27. How then may it goe there, where a childe fpringeth from Parents that are quite wicked, and also wicked Witnesses are onely called to it, which stand there onely for state and pride, or for humane favour, which are also for such causes called to it, whereas there is no Faith nor Good will, much lesse an Earnest Prayer, but onely an Earthly Lucifer standeth before the Covenant of Christ, and the Baptifer is also a dead person: who awakeneth heere the Holy Covenant? As the Faith is that moveth or stirreth the Covenant such is also the Manifestation of the Covenant, and so is also the Baptisme.

28. Christ fayth; Suffer little children to come unto mee, for of fuch is the Kingdome of God, Matth. 10. 14. Chap. 19. 13. but he meaneth children, not Wolves and Beafts: Hee biddeth them to come to him, and Not to bring them to him in the Devills pride and state, with stately high-minded false unfaithfull People, which doe but despise the humility of Christ, and scorne Love; it must be in Earnest if a Man

will enter through the Wrath of God into Love.

29. Reason sayth thus; What is it to the childe, that it is begotten of wicked Parents, and is brought by Evill People to the Covenant of Christ?

Answer: Yes indeede, what is it to God, who willeth not the Death of a Sinner, that wicked Parents beget wicked children, and that a Man doth but scorne his Covenant of Grace: shall he therefore cast the Pearle before Swine? The Parents indeed know very well, that God fayth; Hee will punish the sinne of the Parents on the Children unto the third and fourth Generation, Deut. 5. 9. Shall he then powre his Love into their wicked Wills, when as indeed they doe not defire the Love, nor is there any Earnestnesse there, but meerly the performance of a Custome, and they doe it onely with an hypocriticall shew without Earnestnesse, and withall make use of such people about it. which doe but scorne the simplicity of Christ with their Pride.

20 To be conversant with the Testaments and Covenant of Christ and to make use of them, will require great Earnestnesse, not onely in hew but in power: For the Covenant of God in Christ is made through his bloud and Death, and to that End, that who foever will partake of this Covenant and Testaments, should convert with his will and enter into Repentance, and dye to the Inherited talle Lust in the Covenant, through Christs Death, and be New borne out

of the Covenant of these Testaments.

31. For the Baptisme confisteth not alone in Water, but in the Word

r Or, Essence.

Word of God, and in the Faith: The water is but a Medium, wherein the Word of God and the Faith, taketh hold and worketh, and without the Word of God and Faith there is no Baptisme; the faith of Man must take hold on the promised Word, and in the Water these two, viz: the Faith and the Word of God bring themselves into one fubstance, and that spirituall substance is the Baptisme, which is understood under Water: Now if there be no Faith at this work; then is the Word without Humane Substance, only in it selfe according to and in the Covenant, and that baptiseth Man according to the Mans Property, but Faith in the Grace apprehendeth the Grace in the Covenant and Word, and bringeth it selfe with the Covenant into the Water; and so then the Word of God and the Faith and the

Water baptife alike.

Frext. Eine.

32. For the outward Elementary water is not the Ground of the Baptisme; but the spiritual Water, which is united and tyed with the Word in the Covenant, and with the Faith: for the Word powreth it selfe forth in aWater-source of Life in sgreat Meeknesse and Love, and the Faith taketh hold of this promised Word of Grace in the Covenant: This Grace in the spiritual water, comprehenderh it selfe with the Elementary water, after the manner as the Invisible world hath made it selfe visible with this worlds substance, viz: with the Elements: and as the Invisible Word of God worketh by the visible, and as the visible substance of the Elements shall againe goe into the Invisible: Thus also in the Baptisme-Covenant, the Invisible Element, viz: the heavenly substance uniteth it selfe with the visible Elements of Mans body: viz: the substance of Eternity with the substance of Time: the Eternall Speaking Word of Divine Love with the Outspoken Imaged Word of the Humanity.

Or, Formed.

33. For the Pure Element, according to the holy spirituall World, out of which the soure Elements are sprung forth, is that which baptiseth through the soure Elements of Mans Body: The true Man created in Adam, which slicketh in the Grosse husk of the soure Elements, that is baptised to Eternall Life, for the Pure Element soaketh or Insuser it selfe agains into the vanished Image of Man, which Image was out of the Pure Element, but vanished in Adam; And to that End God hath u ordained his Covenant in the Water Baptisme: and there belongeth now Faith to it, and Repentance to this Receiving: for Repentance is an unlocking or stirring of the hidden shut up things of Man, whereby the Inward Spirituall desire, viz: the Spirituall Mouth to such Receiving, is opened: and Faith is the Opened Mouth which taketh in the Holy Element.

34. And although a childe without understanding cannot doe this, yet those with their Faith should are it, who baptise, and the rest that are present at the Baptisme, so their Faith must comprehend it selfe

in

in the childes will, for the childe hath not yet a willing, neither to Good nor Evill, but their Faith comprehendeth it felfe in the childes Life, viz: in Soule and Spirit: which may well be, being all foules. have their originall from One, and so they are in the Centre, one onely Ground, viz: in the Word of God, out of which the Soule hath taken its originall, and wherein they all stand together in the Ground, for this Comprehending in [the childe] is nothing else, but to introduce their love-will into the childe: and although a Man cannot doe that in his owne power and Might, yet if the will of Man comprehenderhit selfe in Gods Word and Promise, and taketh hold of the Promised Grace, together with the command that wee should doe this thing, then is the Possibility there: For the Promised Word giveth and worketh the ability in Mans Will, and giveth the Deed: Gods will taketh Mans will refigned up to him, and doth it through his Might with Mans will.

35. Therefore fay I, it is a dangerous thing, to baptife children without the Faith of the Parents, and of them that Baptile, and the rest that are present to the work: The Scripture sayth, Heb. 11.6. Without Faith it is impossible to please God: But this Faith is not a History or Knowledge, that a Man onely give affent to it, and believe that it is Gods work: No, it is an Earnest, desirefull co-working, a pressing in to the Promised Grace, an Earnest consideration of our inherited finne, and of the Great earnestnesse of God, and how he through this Grace-Covenant receiveth us againe as children, and powreth his

Grace into us with this work.

36. Those that are present should with Great humility and * inversion to God, with Earnest prayer, apply themselves to this Covenant, and well confider, what they there purpose to doe, for they stand even before the Covenant of the Holy Trinity, before Gods open Face, and have to deale with God and Man, and should well imprint in them the bitter sufferings, and dying of Jesus Christ: into which a childe is baptised, of which they are co-working Witnesses according to the Faith: and not stand before this Covenant, as a Whore before a Glasse, with proud Hearts, as if it were a worldly honour which a Man should make use of, about it : such People which have no understanding and Faith towards it, and onely come to it with proud hearts, are not y profitable to this Covenant, but a hin- y Or, Furtherderance, they hinder others, who Gape upon the Pride and bravery, and therewithall forget the Earnestnesse.

37. And although the Baptisme may be performed without such Persons, through the Parents and the Baptisers Earnestnesse and prayer; yet the Christian Church hath so ordained, that living Witnesses should be present, which with their prayer attend this Earnestnesse, and it was well ordained : but it is come to such a Misuse that

* Turning into God.

ance.

it were many times better that fuch children of Infidelity were not prefent: for, the Devill belongeth not to this work: Now if the Devill have the chiefe Dominion in a Man, what is then fuch a Man profitable at it? As is mentioned before; The Funt-stone or Bason, and the unfaithfull Stander-by is one as good as the other, but that the Proud Man is a hinderance to others.

2 Or, significa-

28. The Baptisme is a substantial working, not a meete signe or symbole of the Testament of Christ: The Holy Ghost baptiseth the Soule and the Spirit, from Christs bloud and Death, with his victory: and the Holy Element of the spiritual Water baptiseth the Body of the source Elements to the Resurrection of the Dead, and baptiseth the Serpents Ens, and awakened introduced Poyson to dye, for sor Dead 1.

Note.

Note ..

therefore if the Infant baptifed should worthily receive it, there must be Earnestnesse: A Christian, who is a Christian in Christ, in whom Ch. ist worketh, liveth, and * dwelleth, he should Baptise; for he must enter into this Sheepfold by the Doore of Christ: viz: through Christs Spitit, and not climbe up otherwhere, else he is a Theese and a Murtherer, and cometh onely that he may robbe and steale the honour of Christ, and deceive Men, he should be A true Shepheard and not a hireling: Heere a vaileth no babling and making a shew, but there must be Earnestnesse, for it is an Earnestnesse with God: All Jangling and disputation about this work, is an unprostrable thing, and moreover hurtfull, Men should by hould of it with Earnestnesse, and follow the Command of Christ, and believe what Christ bath sayd.

40. There belongeth no mote to this work, but Faith and Water, and Earnest Prayer in true Repentance, with such a Will, that one Man would helpe to release another from Death, the Devill and Hell, and (help) to introduce him with himselse into the Kingdome of God: that is the whole processe that belongeth heereunto: Every one that is a true Christian in Christ, is worthy to be a Stander by and present at this work: but he that is not such a one, is unworthy, whether he be Beptiser or Stander by, one as well as the other, there is no respect of Persons with God: In Christ wee are ONE, Hee is the Stock, wee are the Branches: Hee worketh his work through his sellow Members, as the Stock of the Tree generateth its fruit through its Twiggs and Branches: The Stock useth no strange Tree for its Twiggs , so also Christ onely useth his Members to his work of his fruit.

Note.

The End of this first little Booke
Concerning
The Holy Baptisme.

The Second Booke.

Concerning

The Holy Supper

of our Lord Jesus Christ;

What kinde of Participation it is, and how that is to be understood.

Also concerning the Contention of the Learned about Christs Cup: what they doe about it, also what is to be held concerning it.

Wherein Babell, the Great City upon Earth, with her forme and Wonders, together with the Antichrist, standeth quite naked and manifest.

To the Comfort of the simple Children of Jesus Christ, and to the building up of the true Christian Religion, in this consused troublesome Time.

All very Earnesily and sincerely discovered from the knowledge of the Great Mystery.

LONDON;

Printed by M. S. and are to be fold by H. B. at the Cassle in Cornbill. 1 6 5 2.

I COR. 11. 28.

Let a Man Examine himselfe, and so let him Este of this Fread and Drink of this Cup.

An Intimation or Instruction to the READER.

Hough indeed I heere dive and fearch sublimely and Deepe, and set it downe very cleerely, yet the Reader must be told thus much, that without the Spirit of God, it will be a Mystery to him, and not apprehen-

ded.

Therefore let every one looke well to it, what he judgeth, that he fall not into the Judgement of God, and be captivated by his owne Turba, and that his owne Reason distract him; this I say, meaning well, and give it to the Reader to Ponder [in his Minde].

JACOB BEHM of Old Seidenberg.

The Contents of the Chapters in this Second little Booke, Concerning the Holy Supper of Jesus Christ.

- F the Ground of the Old Testament, how this Testament was cleerly in the Type among the Jewes.
- 2. Of the Supper of the New Testament, how the Type is come into Esence [or Substance].
- 3. How the Disciples did eate and drinke the flesh and bloud of Christ.
- 4. Of the difference in the Participation of it, what the wicked receive with this Testament: and how a Man should so prepare himselfe, that he may be truly worthy.
- or Universities, about Christs Testaments: how that Strife that hath filled the face of the Earth, is a vaine and very hurtfull thing, and ariseth in the Anger of God, from the Devills desire and will, whereby all brotherly Love and unity is destroyed, the highly pretious Name of GOD blasphemed, and the Holy GHOST in his Divine Wonders is Judged and despited by Reason.

The First Chapter.

Of the Ground of the Old Testament; how this Testament was cleerly in the Type among the Jewes.



Hen God fent Meses to Pharae, and commanded him. to let the Children of Ifrael goe into the Wildernesse and facrifice to him, and Pharao would not doe it, then God fent great Plagues and punishments upon him; and lastly, the a destroying Angel, which slew all a Stiffing. the first-borne in Egypt; and there he commanded If

rael the Passeover, or to slay and eate the Paschal-Lamb, viz: a Lamb of a yeare old, and besprinkle the Doores and upper Poasts with the Bloud thereof, that the slaying anger should there b passe over, and kill none in the House, Exod. 2. 12.

b Paffe, by.

2. Which was a Type of the New Testament, [shewing] how the Poalts and Doores of our Life should be sprinckled with the Bloud of the Lamb Christ, that Gods Anger in soule and body may not swallow us up into his wrath: And as they must Eate up that Lamb wholly or quite and leave nothing over, so would the Lamb Christ, give himselfe in his Testament wholly for food to his Christendome, and not divided; and would befp inkle the Poalts of our Life with his Bloud of Love, that the destroying Angel in Gods Anger might not take hold of us and flav us.

2. Also wee have an Image or similitude thereof in the Unleavened Cakes, which they must Bake and Eate. [shewing] that they should through this Paschal-Lands Figure, which fignified Christ, be a New and sweet Lump, when they should eate the right Paschal-Lamb Christ, in his Testament: all which was a Figure of the New Regeneration: [fignifying] how the same should be borne through the right Paschal-Land Christ, 1 Cor. 5, 7, and how the same (New Birth) would Eate the sweet food of the Divine Grace.

4. This is a Powerfull Figure of the terrible Fall in Adam, and then in the New Birth or Regeneration in Christ, for in Adam the first Birth, viz: the first Angelicall Life, was slaine by Gods Anger, and by the Grace Covenant in Christ; was the same brought back againe, and spoken [or inspired] into Adam and Eve: thus now the Spirit of God signifieth by this figure of Moses in Agypt, how that same inspoken Grace should be fallfilled with heavenly and divine Substance, also how Man should be d marked and sprinckled by that Mark, viz:

d Sineared or streaked.

by the bloud of the Lamb of God: and how God would give him the substance of his sweet Love for food, whereby the Naturall soullish fire Life should be againe quickened, and attaine a Divine Ens in its Lifes Essence, and thereby be transmuted and changed againe

into the Angelicall Image,

5. Also wee see this Image sery cleerly in the Sacrifices of Israel: How they must stay and sacrifice stills and burne the Fat: For when God gave the Law to Mises, that Israel should live in full obedience in the Covenant of this Law, then he gave him also the figure, [shewing] how this Law should be fullfilled, and how Man should be cattoned from Sinne, and the Anger of God: as wee may cleerly see this, in the *third Book of Mises in the Eighth Chapter, where the Image of the reconciliation or attonement standeth.

*Released or reconciled.

*Levit. 8. 14, 15,16,17,18, 19,20, 21.

Where it standeth thus-

f Sacrifice.

s Clensed it from sinne.

And Moses caused an Heifer to be brought for a Sinne-Offering, and Auron with his Sonnes land their hands upon his head: there it was flaine, and Moses tooke the bloud, and with his finger put it round about upon the hornes of the Altar, and & clenfed the Altar, and powered out the bloud at the foote of the Altar, and sanctified it. so that he made an attonement on it: And tooke all the fatt upon the Inwards, and the Kall upon the Liver, and the iwo Kidneyes with the fact on them, and burned it upon the Altar : But the Heifer with his hide, flesh, and dung, be burnt with fire without the Host, as the Lord had commanded him: And brought a Weather or Ram for a Burnt Sacrifice; and Aaron with his Sonnes layd their hands upon his head, and it was flaine there : And Moses sprinckled the Bloud round about upon the Altar, and clave the Ram in pieces, and burnt the head, the pieces and the Rump: and washed the Inwards and the leggs with water, and so burnt the whole Rain upon the Altar ; this was a burnt sacrifice for a sweet savour, a fire to the Lord as the Lord had commanded him, Leviticus 8. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21.

6. This is a true figure of the Sacrifice of Christ with our assumed humanity, how he hath offered our humanity, through the secrifice of his body, to the Anger of God, and how God in this sacrifice, hath smelt his sweet love in the Humanity of Christ, and reconciled his wrath in

the fire.

7. The Figure of Christ standeth thus.

*Levit. 8.10. 11.12. Tabernacle. *When Moses should make this sacrifice, he tooke first the anointing Oyle, and anointed the h dwelling place, and all that was therein, and santified it, and sprinckled therewith seaven times upon the Altar, and anointed the Altar, and all its implements, the Laver with its soote, so that it was santissied;

111cz

and powred the anointing Oyle upon Aarons Head, and anointed him, so that he

was sanctified.

Moses standeth heere in the figure of God, and Aaron standeth in the figure of Christ according to our Humanity, and the Heiser standeth in the figure of the earthly, perished Adam, according to his Beastiall property; and the Ram standeth in the figure of the true Man created in Adam [shewing] how the same should be offered up to God againe in the humanity of Christ: Moses anointed Aaron, that is, God anointed our Humanity in Christ with his highest Love, viz: with the substantial Wisdome, and Divine substance in the Name IESUS.

- 8. And that is it, that Moses first anointed the Tabernacle, which signifieth the Body of Mary, in which GOD became MAN, and therefore the Angel called her the Blessed among all women, Luk. 1.28. For God first sandified the Tabernacle, and sprinckled with his anointing oyle of Love upon all the seaven properties of the Naturall Life: which life in the humanity of Christ, the Altar of Myses signified, which God anointed, when JESUS assumed Mans Life: The Laver with its soote signifieth: How God hath anointed the humanity of Christ, with which he should doe wonders: The anointed Head of Aaron signifieth, how the humanity of Christ, viz: our humanic Science, should be anointed with the Holy Ghost.
- 9. This, God set forth by Moses in the Type; for when Myses had anointed Aaron together with the Tabernacle and the sonnes of Aaron, and established the whole buisines; then he caused a Heises to be brought for a sinne-offering; which Heiser signified the Grosse Earthly Man impressed through Adams Lust: On this Heiser must Aaron and his sonnes lay their hands upon his head, which signifieth, how God in Christ, and then the Priests or Pharises would lay their bands upon our, in Christ assumed, Mortall humanity and flay that is put to death, our humanity according to this Worlds Substance: and how his humane Bloud should be sprinckled round about on the Hotnes of the Holy Altar, with the singer of God, viz: as with the laying hold of Gods Anger: and how God would thus cleanse his Altar in the Humanity; upon which Altar, viz: the humane Life; should holy Sacrifices be offered to God againe.

upon the Altar, fignifieth, that our true Adamicall Man out of the Linus of the Earth, according to its right Inward Ground, should not be cast away, or thrust out from God, but be kindled in the fire of Gods Anger with the fire of Love, and be offered to God. As this then was done in the humanity of Christ, when he sacrified our humanity to the Anger of God, but yet did introduce it with his Love

IVI 2

through

through Death into Life, as out of the fire there fpringeth up a cleere Light, as out of the fire dying, a new Life, which confifteth in power and Love.

11. Bur that Moles did burne with fire the Heifer with his hide, flesh, and Dung without the Hoff, and only fprinckled the bloud of the Heiter upon the homes of the Altar, and kindled the fatt, it fignifieth, that the groffe beaftiall body of our flesh with skin and bones, shall not come upon Gods Altar, and inherite the kingdome of God, but it shall be confumed with the Effentiall fire of the Earth without the holy Fire of God : as Moses must burne the Heiser without the Host, so also should and must, the Groffe heastiall Man be burnt up without the City of God, viz: in its owne Principle, by that same Nature-fire: as it is done before our Eves: But this Earthly Mans Bloud, wherein the Astrall foule I veth, should be sprinckled upon the Hornes of the Altar: which fignifieth the right Man created in Adam out of the Limus of the Earth with the right Astrum, whose bloud or power shall come againe at the Last Day: that fime bloud was in Christs humanity, with the inclusion of the Heavenly bloud, sprinckled upon the hornes of the Altar in his fuffering and dying on the i Tree of the Crosse; for a signe, that our bloud, after a right humane manner, is with Christ come upon Gods Altar, and that God in Christ hath therewith Marked us in the Eterna'l Heaven'y Altar.

Altar, fignifieth, that our humane bloud, wherein our eutward humane life confifteth, which here dyeth, is in its dying powred out at the foote of the Altar, viz: into the [foure] Elements, and referved to the bringing againe of the first true Man, that the right life shall be kept at the soote of the Altar, that is, in its owne Principle, as in Mysterie at the soote of the Altar, that is, in its owne Principle, as in Mysterie world, till God shall purge this Altar of the foure Elements, and bring forth againe the same pure vertue and power of the bloud, together with the Elements, and bring them into the Temperature, and fo then the humane bloud shall againe come to the Soule, according

to the property of the Spirituall World.

13. For this cause must Moses and Aaron in the figure power out the Heisers bloud at the soote of the Altar: for God had not to doe about the blo d of Beasts, but he set forth the sigure of Maus restoration, and signifieth under it, that Wee Men according to the outward Grosse Earthly Man were but such Beasts, which Grosse bases stiall property had swallowed up the true Man into it selfe: Thus he signifieth, how he would with his power bring againe and new Generate that same inward devoured Ground: And as the power and vertue of our Mumia, of the oyly property shall be kindled againe shrough the fire of God, as Moses kindled the satt; so shall the power

i Note.

er of the inward Ground, heere even in the time of this life, be kindled with the Divine fire, and burne upon Gods Altar, which through the Unction or anoisting of the Spirit of God the uld be done in w: Even as Mojes kindled the fatt, so should also the spirit of Christ kindle our Inward Ground even in this [lifes] Time: And when this scomes to be done, then should the Heiser, viz: the beast-Man be slaine; that is, he should be daily Mortified, and with his wil and beastiall defire be cost forth without the Host of God: so the is but Earth and a Beast, and not sit for the Kingdome of Heaven, Joh 6.

14. But the Rammow lignifieth the right anointed Man in the humanity of Christ, as also our inward Ground, which with Christs anointing in us becometh living againe: As God through Aarons sons, viz: through the high Priest, would lay the hand of his Anger upon it, and sl y it, that our humane will might be sl ine; so shall in this slaying the b'oud of this Ram, viz: the right humanity, be sprinckled every where upon the Altar of God, and the faumane will shall be split in pieces, and quite for sake the owne will, and the Head, viz: the humane senses or thoughts be kindled with Gods stree Even as Mosfer kindled the Head of the Ram, as also the pieces and the Rhm.p. so must also our humanity in Christ, be washed with the water of Love, and afterwards be facrificed upon the Altar of God, viz: on the Tree of the Crosse.

offered to the Lord, for a sweet sawur to the Lord: therein Lyeth the Great Mystery: The Ram is the right Man Created in Adam, which Christ, as the Word, or the power of God, tooke on him from our Adamicall Humanity, in the Body of Mary: and signifieth by the Ram, that God in Christ would thus anoint our right Adamicall Humanity,

with the holy anointing Oyle, and bring it to God againe.

16. But feeing the humane will was departed from God, and had brought it felfe into Earthly beafitall Lust: therefore should this Ram, viz: the Humanity of Christ be kindled with Gods fire of Anger: for the Anger of God was become manifest in the humanity; and therefore God anointed first the humanity with the Spirit of his Love in Christs humanity, and afterwards offered this Ram, viz: the right Adamicall humanity to the fire of God, that in the Anointing of the Love-Oyle, the anger-fire might be kindled, and the anger fire in the anointing of the Love, viz: through the Oyle of its holy substance, be transmuted, and wholly turned into a Love-burning.

17. For our humane foule was become an Anger fire, viz: an Enmity against God, and therefore thus God reconciled it in the Love of its substance: That is, Gods anger in the humane life was thus reconciled, for Gods power smelt, or thus drew, in the fire, the humane life agains into the Eternall Word, viz: into God. Gods Anger fire

-Note,

was the Mouth, which received the humane Life againe into it, and swallowed up the humane averted will into it selfe.

13. But when this Great love had given up it selfe into the humane Life in Christ, then was Gods Anger fire with its devouring in the soules fire, turned into meere Love, viz: wholly into a Love fire: and thus Death in the fire of Gods Anger, which holdeth the soule captive with its Impression: wherein the soule was a darknesse, viz: a darke fire; was broake open, and againe turned into the Light Life.

Type, of the Comming of Christ: for Moses sayth: This was a sweet savour to the Lord: Now God doth not savour the beastiall Lise; fr that shall not inherite the Kingdome of God: Gods buisines which he had to doe by Moses, was not about the Ram and the Heiser, but he set forth the humanity under them before him: Gods imagination went into the Humanity in his inspoken Grace Covenant, viz: in that inspoken Grace word of Love, which stood as a Goale or Limit in Man, even unto Mary, where it manifested it selse in the Humanity: Into this went Gods Imagination, and Mans Imagination went into this Type, viz: into the Sacrifice in the fire: Thus went also the Incorporated Grace Covenant with Mans Imagination into the Sacrifice of the fire, as into the Type [fignifying] how Christ should reconcile Gods anger in the humanity.

20. And thus was the humane will in the Type of Christ ransomed in the fire; for the Incorporated Grace-Covenant, went with the humane desire, in their prayer (which through this Sacrifice in the fire pressed into God) together into the fire of the Sacrifice, and reconciled (that is, destroyed) the Earthly Beastiall property of the humane will, in the fire, with the Love: For with the fire God formed an Image before him, as a lubstance, in which fire substance Gods fire Imaged it selfe, and reconciled the Elementary fire in Man: his Eternall Love-fire, savoured the humane will, through the incorporated Grace, through that Medium of the fire, for Moses had holy fire,

wherewith he kindled the Sacrifice.

21. Thus was the Elementary fire of Man reconciled in the Holy Fire, and yet must a Beastiall Medium, viz: Beasts stelsh, come into the Holy fire of Moses, seeing Man was become Beastiall: that the beastiall kinde be burned away in the Holy fire through the Fathers anger-fire; and that Gods Love-fire might kindle the humane soule-fire in its introduced desire in the Sacrifice and so Gods desire in the Word smelt Mans desire through the fire; for in the fire, the Beastinall vanity of Mans will, burnt away in the anger-fire: and so then the cleere humane will, pressed into Gods Love-fire, as a sweet savour: for the incorporated Paradissicall inspoken Grace, pressed with the cleere will of Man, into God.

22. And

Ch. v.

22. And that is it which Myes sayth; It was a facrifice of a sweet favour unto the Lord: For God desired to smell nothing there, but onely Mans will, viz: the humane Life, which before the times of the world, was in the Word of God: indeed without Creature, but yet in some, which was inbreathed to the Created Image: That same did God smell through the Secrifice in the Ens of Christ viz: through the inspoken Grace, and reconciled the averted will through the Grace in the Fire, so that the humane will becare divine againe: and trought (1) the humane Lifes fire, and (2) Gods Love fire, into one fire, as into one lifes burning: and that was a right Sacrifice of Reconciliation, or sinne-offering, when sinne was offered to the fire of Gods anger to be consurred.

23. And thus also the beastial flesh, which they offered and eare afterwards, was sanctified to Man: for Gods Imagination in the Covenant went thereinto; therefore Moses calleth it; Holy Flesh: also, Holy Bread, such was the Shew bread, 1 Sam. 21. 6. Matth. 12. 4. All which, stood in the Type [fignifying] How that same incorporated power of the Grace-Covenant, would manifest it selfe with Heavenly Substance in Christ, and give it for food of the humane soule, viz: to the soules fire: in which sood, the soules fire should be turned juto. a

Love-fire.

24. For in the Old Testament this sweet Grace Covenant gave it selse into the Sacrifice of the siery soules desire, for sood, as to the Soules Mouth in the sire: For the Soule, viz: the Soulish Faiths Mouth, did in the Sacrifice of sire, eate of this sweet Grace, not in the Substance, but in the power, upon the sulfilling that was to come, till the power was manifested in the sless But their Body did under it, eate of the blessed bread and sless, wherein also the power of the Grace, viz: the Imagination of the Covenant, was. Thus the Jewes did eate Christs sless and drank his bloud in the Grace Ens, in the power, in the Type; where the power was not yet sless and bloud: but yet that same word of Grace, which afterwards became Man, was therein.

25. But when the time came, and was fulfilled, that the same incorporated Word of Grace (which received their Soule in the faithsdesire in the fiery Essence) became Man, then it gave it selfe to this saiths-Mouth, viz: of the fiery soulish Essence, according to the Divine and humane property, for food: Of which wee will heere sollowing write more at large, and set downe the true Ground, how Christ selfs and bloud is to be eaten and drunk: not out of a Conceit or

Opinion, but out of the Ground of the Scripture, and true certaine knowledge through Gods Grace.

Note.

a Or, Immode.

led.

The Second Chapter.

Of the Supper of the New Testament, how the Type is come into Substance.

I



Hen the time was fullfilled, that this Grace-Covenant should manifest it selfe, and assume the Humanity with Soule and Body, then the Type ceased; For the Anger-fire of God in the Soule and in the flesh of Man, was together a imprinted in the Substantiall Word, viz: in the Divine Ens: which Divine Ens

out of the Divine power, assumed also the Divine Ens of Adam, which vanished as to the Kingdome of Heaven, viz: to the Holy Working Fire, when the Soule Imaged it selfe into Earthlinesse; and made it living, that is burning in it selfe againe, through the Holy Fire, where then the Divine Sacrifice in the fire was manifested in

the Humanity.

2. For the Soule was of the Fathers property, according to his fires might, and was become a meere fire of Anger: This the Father gave to the Sonne, as to the Manifested Grace-Covenant, and brought the Fathers Anger fire in the Soule, into the Sonnes Love fire, so that the Fathers anger fire and the Sonnes Love fire, in the humane Substance stood in one Ground: the Love fire became Substantiall, that is, a heavenly sless, and gave it selfe to the anger-fire of the Father in the humane Lifes property, for food to a fire-burning, after the manner, as a Man patteth a pleasant Oyly Balsam to a fire, and then the sire in its burning giveth forth out of it selfe, a pleasant smell and vertue out of this Balsam Oyle.

3. Thus the Father now smelt this pleasant savour in the Humanity in the Sou'es fire, which savour he formerly smelt in the Sacifice in the Type: for Christ was now the right high Priest, which offered to God his Father the acceptable Sacrifice of the sweet savour in the Humanity, and reconciled the Anger in the Humanity: The Altar of God upon which Moser sacrificed, was now in the Humanity of Christ, who offered up to God the sweet humanity out of the heavenly Ent, with the Adamicall humanity into his Anger fire, which burned in the Adamicall humanity: Sinne in the Adamicall selftowed through the sweet heavenly sless: through the Substantial Word of Love, through JESUS, viz: Gods greatest Sweetnesse.

4. God brought the Sacrifice of Moses, viz: the reconciliation in

fire,

fire, into the humanity, and made of Moses, Christ; viz: the right high Priest, who with his holy bloud besprinckled the Altar, viz: the fire-

Life; as Moses did with the bloud of Beasts in the Type.

5. And we see this Eminently in the Supper of Christ, which when at last the would enter into his sufferings, and kill sinne in our humanity, with the substantial! Love fire in his bloud, then at last he Ease the Paschall Lamb with his Disciples: for he had given himselfe up into the Type with his Grace-Covenant, with the heavenly stelling and would fullfill the Type with the flesh of Love, and bring forth the Adamicall humanity through Death; viz:through Gods Anger, through the inclosure of the Adamicall Life into Gods Love-sire, and breake open the Prison of Death.

6. So now in the Type of the Paschal-Lamb he began the New Testament, viz: the fulfilling of these Types: and lead his Disciples to the Sacrifice of the New Testament; viz: to the Altar of God, in his slesh and bloud, that they should eate the sulfilling of the Old Testament in the Sacrifice of the New Testament: for he brought the Old Testament, viz: the figure, into the New, viz: into his slesh and bloud, which was the Sacrifice of reconciliation for the sinnes of the World; and gave them the battonement in his slesh to Eate, and in Or, Reconci-

his bloud to drink.

7 For the reconciliation should be no more done in fire, where the Fathers anger burnt away the vanity in Mans Faith, but it should be done in the Love-fire, in the flesh of Christ: they should now with their faiths defire, viz: with the fiery lifes Mouth of the soule, eare and drink the reconciliation with Christs slesh and bloud: No more with Faith in the Type, but in Substance, no more in power without Substance, but with Substantiall Divine and humane power, wherein the humanity of Christ himselfe should be the Paschal Lamb: Not Deity without Humanity, but Deity and Humanity alike.

8. For the Paschal-Lamb must be eaten quite up, and so also he would not give them onely a piece of his humanity, but (Note) gave himselse to them wholly and altogether, into their soules fire-mouth, viz: into the Faiths desire: The soules fiery Mouth was now the fire of God which devoured the Sacrifice: as common fire devoureth Oyle, and giveth a cleere light out of its consuming: Thus also Christ gave to his. Disciples, viz: to their faiths desire, understand, to the fiery Mouth of the Soule, as to the true Life; his heavenly Body and his heavenly Bloud, in that manner and way, as the heavenly Ens in the limit of the Covenant gave it selfe; into Mary, into the vanished Ens, and became one Person, wholly undivided.

9. Note; He gave his whole heavenly humanity to them into their Adamicall Humanity, understand to the Paradiscall Ground: for every Life desireth an Ens of its likenesse, viz: every sire desireth

Or, Reconci-

an Ens for its burning, which is like that fire.

10. The foolish fire-life was become dark through the Impression of Death, and therefore needed a light Ens, out of the Divine Light, as a Substance of Light: as a holy anointing Oyle: wherein the dark painfull Soules fire changeth it selfe into a Light- and Love-desire: This now conceived upon Christs Altar, viz: out of Christs humanity, the Substantiall Love, viz: the Substantiall Wisdome of God: that same fire in this Substance was the Name and the power J E-S US, viz: Gods greatest holinesse, which changeth the Soules into a Light: whence Christ said; Hee was the Light of the world, Joh. 8. 12. For in his power, hath the Soule againe attained eyes of Divine-Light, so that it beholdeth God againe.

II. And as a Man giveth Oyle to common fire, out of which arifeth a Light, so in like manner is to be understood concerning the dark Soules fire; which receiveth into it selfe, Christs heavenly Ens of the Divine Substantiall Love, in this Testament, and kindleth againe, the vanished even heavenly Ens in Adam, and burneth in the likenesse: wherein the Kingdome of Heaven, viz: the City of God is againe unlocked, where the Divine Light in that same unlocked Paradiscall Ground shineth againe: which is the City of God in Man, where the Holy Ghost dwelleth; of which Christ saith; Hee that Eateth my sless and drinketh my bloud, he continueth in Mee and I in him,

Joh. 6. 56.

12. In this Paradificall unlocked Ground, Christ, viz: the Divine Love-Ens, continueth dwelling in the Light: for the power in the Light is the Divine Ens, viz: the Supernaturall heavenly slesh, a Tindure of Lise, which Tindure tindureth the Soule, and giveth the heavenly fire-Glance to the Soules-fire; But yet that a Man may rightly understand it: The Soule is the Fathers fire, which receiveth into it selfe (viz: into its stery desire) the Sonnes Substantial Love, viz: the holy Love-sire, which hath tutned it selfe into the humane Tinsure, viz: into stelf and bloud, understand, into that same humane Lifes power: Thus is the changing of the Soules Will Essend.

13. Thus wee see first this figure in Moseles Sacrifice of reconciliation, that the Soule, viz: the Faiths desire of the Soule brought it selfe into the Sacrifice, as into a Substance, and with the Substance went into the fire, where the reconciliation through fire, was made in the introduced Covenant of the Love-fire, in that manner and way, as the Substantiall Love of Christ should give it selfe up into the Soules-fire, wherein Gods anger did burne, for food and reconciliation: Secondly, wee see also by Moses, not onely how the Soule is ransomed from sinne through tre, and with the Love in the Covenant became sed with the holy sire of Grace, but they blessed also the bread and sless through the reconciliation of the Grace-Covenant,

Ch.2. Shewing how the Type is come into Substance.

and did eate the fame, viz: the holy bread and flesh, as God also com-

14. Which fignifieth the Orall eating and drinking of the Sub-stantiali Grace; where not onely the Soule is sed, but (Note) also the right adamicall Man, which shall arise from Death againe: for the Earth was corsed through Mans sinne, and Man must from the Curse of Gods anger Eate of the Earthly fruit: but with this Sacrifice and blessing of the Covenant, God erected now a new blessing, so that Israel did eate of Blessed food againe, where the Grace pressed through the Curse againe, as the Sunne presset and penetrateth through Warer.

15. All which was a Type of the Testament of Christ, which would not onely feed the Soule with Substantiall stery Love; But (Note) also the right Adamicall Body: and that when he would ordaine his New Testament under Bread and Wine, [fignisted] how the inward Grace of Love would presse through the outward Man, as the Sunne penetrateth through the Water, or as fire penetrateth through

Iron.

16. And by the Orall eating and drinking of his New Testament is fignified the Paschal Lamb in the Old Testament, where the Grace-Covenant of the Divine blessing gave it selfe into a visible Elementary Substance, viz: into a Medium, wherein the humane Body received the Grace: And it points at the New Testament, where Christ, viz: the Substantiall Grace, would with his Love, with the power of his stellow-Members the Christians, through an Elementary Medium of blessed Bread and Wine for soode and drink: where through, the accursed Body out of the Limus of the Earth, (which hath eaten

the Curse into it selse) is blessed againe.

17. This wee see cleerly by the Last Supper of Christ, that Christ with the Institution of the New Testament, would not ord line any strange or new thing, but onely fullfill the Old Testament; and with the Substantiall Grace, which in his Soule and flesh was become MAN; give himselfe up into the Covenant of the Old Testament: and himselfe be the sulfilling, viz: the Paschal Lamb, and the Holv bread and flesh, where-through our right Adamicall Man is to be bleffed: For he first eate the Paschal Lamb with his Disciples, and incorporated himselfe with them in the Covenant of the O'd Testament: and washed their feete for them : Afterwards he tooke the Bread, gave thanks, and brake it, and gave to them, and fayd: Take and Eate, that is my body, which is given for you: In like manner also he tooke the Cup after the Supper and gave thanks, gave to them and sayd: Drink yee all thereof, that is my bloud of the New Testament, which is shed for many for the forgivenesse of sinnes: I say unto you, I will now henceforth drink no more of this fruit

fruit of the Vine, till at the day that I will drink it new with you in my Fa-

thers Kingdome, Matth. 26. Mark. 11. 1 Cor. 11. 23. 18. This is now the true Ground, and fignifieth first how the sweet Grace of Gods Covenant, hath given it selfe up into our humanity: and secondly, how that same Grace-Covenant, (which in the Old Testament with the Sacrifices and Paschal-Lamb, gave it selfe to Israel under that fame food for a blefling,) doth now with the affumed humanity give it felfe to Man also under a Medium, viz: under Bread and Wine, to be eaten and drunk: and Thirdly: how he would not take away the first Covenant, and begin some new thing; but how he himselfe would be that very Grace. Covenant, and now present himfelfe as a Man, and now give himfelfe into Man after a Divine and humane way; that as they had participated of him heretofore, with his Grace in the Covenant, in the Sacrifice, in a spirituall way in power, through a Medium, so now they should participate of him also in a corporeall and spirituall way through the Medium of Bread & Wine, and Substantially participate of that same incorporated Grace in the Covenant.

19. For the cause was this; that he would give himselfe to them to be participated both in a humane and also in a Divine property, alike; that they should participate of the Grace (which had given it selfe into the humanity, and slaine Death, and opened the humane Life againe, and brought it through Death) in a new humane Life; that the same New Life out of Christs Death and Resurrection, might unlock even their Life which was shut up in Death, therefore he gave them this new unlocked humane Life of his assumed humane Life, with his flesh and bloud, even under an Elementary Medium, that the

Faith might conceive it through a Medium.

20. Therefore there must be a Medium, that (first) Gods Imagination of his Love, and (secondly) Mans Faiths desire might come together, and take hold one of another by a Medium; for as the participation of the Old Testament was done in a Spirituall way, so now it should be both in a Substantiall and Spirituall way alike: for the Deity hath now presented the Paschal-Lamb in the humanity of Christ; and Gods Imagination (which went formerly into the Sacrifice) went now into the humanity of Christ: and the Imagination of the humanity of Christ went with Divine power into the Medium of Bread and Wine, and through the same, in the participation thereof, into the humane. Life.

The Third Chapter.

How the Disciples of Christ have Eaten and Drunk Christs slesh and bloud: and how that is properly to be understood.

I

Eason should heere goe out from the Imagelikenesse into that which is unimagelike, and forsake the folly which Men strive for, for it was not an Imagelike participation, but is understood under an Imagelike one; Christ gave not his Disciples the Imaged Creaturely outward palpable

fleshly humanity, as some piece thereof: No, that is not consistent, for he sate by them at the Table, and did not rend the Imaged substance of his body, but he gave them the spirituall humanity, viz: the power and vertue of his body and bloud, his owne Mumia, wherein the Divine and humane power is understood: which Mumia is a true humane Substance of slesh and bloud, and is a spirituall slesh, out of which the visible Image groweth, and is wholly one with the visible Image.

2. See a Similitude in the Sunne, which standeth in its Orb, but presset with its Lustre, power, and whole Substance, with all what-soever it is in Essence, power, and Substance, forth out of it selse into the whole world, and giveth it selse to every Element, Substance, and Creature, to all hearbs, and Trees, also to every Creaturely life, and worketh in all things, whatsoever it will receive, and yet teareth not it selse, when it goeth forth from it selse, and giveth it selse to the other Creatures, it continues alwayes whole, and goeth not away from its Substance.

3 So is also the Supper of Christ to be understood; as wee see a Similitude of it in the hearbs and grasse of the Earth, which neither doth, nor can doe any thing without the power of the Sunne, it setteth the Jawes of its Essence wide open towards the Sunnes power and vertue; that is, it hungereth onely after that, and into that hunger the Sunne shineth in, and kindleth the Spirit, viz: the Brimstone, Salt, and Oyle of the Hearb: and as soone as that is done, that the Sunnes vertue findeth or perceiveth it selfe in the Brimstone, Salt and Oyle of the Hearb, then it worketh therein, whence the Hearb attaineth a perceptible warmth, and conceiveth and impressent the Sunnes vertue in it selfe, so that the Sunnes vertue and power becometh Substantial in the Hearb, and groweth with the Hearb, and tinctureth the same, whereby the Hearb becometh Sunney or Solar, and worketh, to [the bringing forth] fruit.

4. So in like manner wee are to understand concerning Christs Testaments: for Hee is the Sunne of Life, and the Light of the world. 7ch, 8 12 Hee according to the Deity, is the Eternall Speaking Word, v.Z. the power and vertue of the Deity, the power of the Divine Light, and according to the humanity, he is, the formed ourfooken Word which is wholly one with the Eternall Speaking Word: for hee hath introverted our received humanity with the Exernall Word, viz: turned the outward inward, viz: the Substance of Time; and turned the inward outward, viz: the Substance of the E-ernity: and is with the Divine Substance, through our humane Substance received from us, become preffing forth; as the Sunne preffeth forth from it selfe, and giveth forth it selfe, so the Divine Substance giveth it felfe forth through the humane: Note: The Divine Substance bringeth the humane forth with it selfe; for the Divine Defire goeth forth towards the humane Essence, and the humane Essence goeth in towards the Divine out-pressing delight or desire.

5. Note: But, being the Divine power and vertue excelleth the humane, therefore is the humane brought forth through the Divine power, so that the humane power and vertue giveth it selfe, together with the Divine; through the Divine power: for the humane power and vertue is a perception or invention of the Divine, wherein the Divine findeth it selfe in something, viz: in the formed Substance of the word of power, wherein the Divine power loveth it selfe, as in its perceptible Substance, as the Soule loveth it selfe in its

Body.

6. Note: And thus hath God powred his love through the humane Substance in the humanity of Christ, into the Disciples of Christ. with the humane Substance; in that way and manner, as the Sunnes power and vertue in Spiritu Mundi, in the Spirit of the World; as with the Effluence of the power and vertue of the Starres, mingleth it selfe with the Spirituall Erimstone, Salt and Oyle in the upper Elements, so that it comprehendeth their power and vertue in its Glance, and giverhit selse to them, and it (the power) giverhit felfe into the Sunnes power and vertue, and [fo they] worke together, whereby the light of Nature is unlocked, and with such working give themselves into the Earth, Hearbs, Trees, and all Creatures: To that in an Hearb or Tree such a vertue doth exist; whence the yegetation or budding forth of Creatures doth exist: where alwayes in such growing or life, a man is to understand (1) an Elementary Subflantiall power and vertue, and then (2) a super-Elementary Sunney or So'ar and Starry or Astrall power and vertue, where the Sunney and S arry with their strong power presse forth with the Elementary.

7. Note: Now wee see in hearbs and all things that grow out of

the Earth, when they take hold of and Eate this power and vertue of the Sunne and Starres, in them, that they doe not rend themselves and make or use a severed Mouth to doe it withall, but the Essence of their defire (viz: even the Naturall Brinistone, Salt and Oyle in the Hearb) is the Mourb, which taketh hold and eateth in it felfe he Influence of the upper Elements of the Sunne and Starres: Thus also in like manner it is to be understood concerning Christs Disciples and all other Menthey have Eaten and drunk Christs flesh and b'oud, Vila under Bread and Wine, as through a Medium, with the Essentiall dethrous Faiths. Mouth: not with a circumscribed creatingly compre-

hension, but with the Faiths desire.

8. Note: Yet that a Man may rightly understand it The is to know 1: (1) the outward Mouth with its comprehension, apprehendeth the outward Elementary Substance, Bread and Wine: The Mortall transitory Substance of Man, viz: the Grosse Flesh (which shall not, not cannot inherite the Kingdome of Heaven, Joh. 6, 62, 1 Cor. 15. 50.) that apprehendeth and eateth Bread and Wine, for Bread and Wine is also an earthly transflory Substance, which goeth into the Belly, and out from thence againe, as all naturall food, Matth 15 17 And (2) the right true Man, which was created in Adam, which before the beaftiall groffenesse, was a right Man and Image of the visible World, according to its inward Spiritual Ground; the fame eateth Christs flesh, which is even such Spiritua'l Substantiall flesh: with the Essentiall defire: Note: understand the flesh that he tooke on him in Mary, viz: our bumane, but not the cutward Ground of the Corporall foure Elements, but the Inward holy Element, viz: the Ground, out of which the foure Elements proceed: Not Fire, Aire, Water, and Earth, but the Eternall pure Element, which is a Substance of Paradise, which is hidden in the source Elements, understand the substance of Eternity, out of which time is gone forth into a vifion Substance: that fance flesh as a spiritrall Munia, out of which Man as to the visible body hath taken its original in verbo Figt. in the word Fiar, which in Adam became blinde as to the Kingdonie of Heaven, when he went with the defi e in o the foure Elementary groffenes: which fleshly Substance in Christ, becoming Man was filled with heavenly living Substance, and made living againe; Note; that is it which the right Adamicall Man eateth, which flicketh hidden in the Groffe shell of the source Elements : and in that Substance. the right Man Eateth Christs Passion, Dying, and Death, which death of Christ is in his victory become an Eterna I Life, which Life for fen out of the Death of Christ, breaketh our Earthly evill will, and is become a Death to our Death, which the outward Nature holdeth for a Life.

9. Note: Note: And heere is Christs Passion and Dying pur on

Workingly, Effectually. to Man, altogether Essentially, a Operatively, which Lifes-Death of Christ, swalloweth up our Death, wherein the Body when it heere dyeth according to the source Elementary Substance, resteth; and the source Elementary becometh dust and assess this same power and vertue of the true humanity resteth in its Principle to the coming againe of the Corporeall Substance.

10. But (2) the Soule which is a spiritual fire, in its defire, as with the true Faiths Mouth, eateth the Supernatural Subfantiall Love of the Name JESUS: which (Name) is become a Subfantiall Power and vertue, viz: the Supernaturall Wisdome of God,

wherein the whole Deity is understood workingly.

Soule is turned into a Love-fire-burning, for the Love of Christ giveth Ens and Substance to the Soules Fire; the fiery Life of the Soule taketh this Love Substance into its Essence, and by this Love-burning the Temple b Soph. J A H is againe unlocked, viz: the Substantials Holy powerfull-Light, the true Spirit which vanished in Adam: As a Light goeth forth out of fire, so through the Soules fire, another Principle, viz: the property of the Divine power and vertue goeth forth, and in that out-going power and vertue dwelleth the supernatural unsubstantials God in Trinity: for this is the Divine Principle, where God in Man dwelleth, worketh, and willeth, wherein the Divine Light is understood, which diffuseth it selfe through the true Man, as fire through Iron.

* Or, Sophia, The Wisdome of God.

· Penetrateth.

12. Note: Understand it aright thus; Man standeth in Three Principles, viz: in Three Beginnings: (1) the visible Man is the visible World, which is outward and inward, viz: a transitory and an untransitory, viz: the Pure Element, and the Essur, viz: the foure Elements: (2) the Grosse Man, with outward sless and bloud, is the source-Elementary Body, and the Spirituall Body in the Quintessee or sit Essential Body in the Ground, which is neither hor nor cold, neither dry nor moss : But the Soulish Ground, is not the Element, it is grounded in the Eternall Word, where the siery Word of the Fathers property hath inbreathed it selse into the Created body, as another Principle of an Eternall Nature.

13 Now the Third (3) Supernaturall Ground of Man is the true Spirit, understand the Substantiall Light, the Substantiall Wisdome, which with the Soules breathing in came into Man, but yet vanished when the Soule brought it selfe from the breathing Word into owne Will, into the visible Substance, with the defire; for the Soules fire-Life out of the Fathers property, could no more attaine that, therefore was this ground vanished as to the Creature, and not in God, but onely to the Creaturely Soule.

14. And

d Dale or

Valley.

14. And when this holy Ground of the foule and hody was hidden, then was foule and body a dark ^dDangeon, full of Paine and Torment: for God was hidden to it, and inflantly the Principles according to their properties began to qualifie and operate; as (1) the Soule according to the Anger property of God the Father, which as to the light fhioing in it was hidden: And (2) the outward Body, began to qualifie in the foure Elements, viz: in hot and cold, and in all other properties of the Starres power and vertue, and every awakened property impressed it selfe into a substance, whence the body became grosse, hard and beastiall, and the true Image of God, a Vibrard and Monster: And that is the sinue, for the sake of which Gods power and vertue went againe into the Humanity and received the Humanity, and overslowed into us againe his divine power and vertue through and in a right Humanity.

15. Seeing then Man standeth in Three Principles, as an Image according to time and Eternity of the visible and invisible Substance, and that Christ true GOD and MAN, hath also put on to himselfe the visible and invisible Substance in one undivided Person, so also is the participation of his Substance in his Testaments to be understood, as that every Principle in Man eateth and drinketh of its likenesse againe; viz: Note: (1) The outward right Adamicall Image out of the Limus of the Earth, eateth againe of the same humanity of Christ which he received from Man; and (2) The Soule eateth of the Divine Love fire; and (3) the Heavenly Divine Substance vanished in Adam, eateth of the Substantiall Wisdome, and yet wholly unsevered through one onely Fairhs Mouth alike: But: Note: (4) The groffe Beaft of the Groffe flesh, which is but a Huske. receiveth onely the outward husk of the Testament, viz: Bread and Wine, and under them the Judgement of God, that breaketh and killeth the Lust of the body of this Groffenelle; therefore Man (bould distinguish the body of the LORD, and his bloud, from the Animall Man [that is] without Faith, which receiveth onely the Judgement under Bread and Wine, for as the Mouth is, so is also the food in the Mouth.

16. Christ sayd, Joh. 6. My flesh is the right food, and my bloud is the right drink: Also: I am the Bread that is come from Heaven, that Giveth Life to the World: Hee that eateth my flesh, and drinketh my bloud, he continueth in Mee and I in Him: but he that eateth not the flesh of the Sonne of Man, he hath no life in him: Then the Jewes contended one among another and sayd: How can this Man give us his flesh to eate, and were offended at this saying: But he sayd: My words are Spirit and Life: Note: To signific, that wee should believe his words, and he that comprehendeth and receiveth his word in himselfe, he comprehendeth in himselfe that word which is become flesh and bloud; which word is be-

Waln

come a true humane Substance, and that the Faiths Mouth comprehendeth in it selfe, viz: the right hunger or defire of the right true humanity, after a spirituall way and manner: Note: As the word of the Divine power is become Man, so is it also comprehended by

the Faith, and is Man in his Members also.

17. That same Spiritual! Substantial! Word taketh on it our Humanity, understand the spiritual humanity, and giveth it selfe into the same, and worketh and dwelleth therein substantially after a spirituall manner; as hee dwelt and wrought in the Body which he received from Mary: where Men faw on Him outwardly our flesh and Bloud, viz: the spirituall Worlds substance, and yet in the visible was the invisible substance: of which he sayd; 70h. 3. 12. He was

therewish come from Heaven.

18. Thus also that same invisible spiritual substance of Christ, which hath united and introverted it selfe with our Humanity, into our Faiths desire; in that manner as a spark of fire falleth into Tinder, and kindleth the Tinder, and confumeth the substance of the Tinder, and maketh it altogether fire: so also the Substantiall Power and verrue of Christ consumeth in his Tinder; viz: in the humane spirituall Ground; in the Minde, eThoughts and Will, all evill influxes in Thoughts and Will: whether they were from the defire of the Earthly flesh, or from the Devill, and from the Lust of the world cast thereinto, yet that same spirituall fire, consumeth all, for it taketh in the Life of Man, and ruleth it.

19 It is a Light, viz: a Spirituall Oyle in the Life of Man, wherein the true Spirituall Life, viz: the foulish Life burneth, and without this Spiritual! Oyle there is no true Light or Life in Man, but onely an Astra'l Light; and the true soule standeth in the dark Dungeon in its Essence, and helpeth it selfe with the Astrall Light of the Sunne, in which regard it hath also vaine earthly Desires and Lust

in ir.

20. But that foule which attaineth this Holy anointing Oyle of Christ in it selfe, turneth irs longing and desires away from the vanity of the World, into Gods word and power, and is as a new young childe. that lyeth in the Mothers womb, and suffereth the Mother to nourish je: Thus it hangeth to Christs Essence, Substance and power, and eareth of the Stock of the Vine Christ, as the branch eateth of the Stock of the Vine, Joh. 15.

21. Reason should understand us right, It is not so to be understood, that Christ hath with his flesh and bloud, with the grosse mortall flesh and bloud, introverted himselfe into Man, which flesh and bloud is of no profit, but is onely as a receptacle or shell of the right spiritual Man: Much lesse doth the Divine Substance mingle it selfe with Bread and Wine; so that when I behold the bleffed Bread

e Seifes.

and Wine, and receive it into the Earthly mortall Mouth, I should think, that I comprehended Christs slesh and bloud with my slesh's

Mouth, as I comprehend Bread and Wine therewith.

22. No: That cannot be, Bread and Wine is but a Medium or meanes thereunto, even us the Earthly Mouth is a Medium or meanes of the Spirit: the Spirituall Faiths Mouth of Man co prehendeth Christsflesh and bloud under Bread and Wine: not inherent in Bread and Wine: for Bread and Wine changeth not it selfe into Christs slesh and Bloud, but it is a meanes thereto ordained, which Medium belongeth to the visible Man, through which Medium, the Invision

ble giveth it selfe into the Invisible Spiritual! Man.

23. In Bread and Wine 1000 properties are understood, as (1) the Grosse Elementary Earthly Substance, that belongeth to the Mortall Man; and then (2) the power and vertue therein, wherein the Tindure of the Bread and the Wine lyeth, which (Tindure) is above the Elementary Substance, wherein the source Elements lye in the Temperature, which is a heavenly Paradiscall power and vertue; that same Tindure of Bread and Wine is the true Medium wherewith Christ the humane Tindure giveth himselfe as into the humane Life: for, Man liveth not inform the foure Elements onely, Matth. 4. 4. The Grosse food which entereth into the Mouth, doth not alone suffaine Life, but the Inward power and vertue, viz: the Quintessence or fift Essence, wherein the Tindure lyeth as a spiritual fire.

f By Bread onely.

24. The Elementary food a produceth onely mortall flesh, and giveth a Source or moving of the Mortall Life, but the Spirituall Man taketh his Nutriment from the Tincture, for it selfe is a Tincture, viz: a Spirituall Fire: therefore Christ powreth or over-floweth his heavenly flesh and bloud, viz: the Holy anointing Oyle; into the Life of Man; through and with the Nutriment of the true Life, viz: through the Tincture of Bread and Wine: Not to understand, that the Tincture of Bread and Wine is able to apprehend such a thing, but it is onely a permissive Medium thereunto, as the Outward Mouth of a Man is but a Medium, where through the power and vertue of the Tincture in the sood is over flowed into the Spirituall Man: and, because in Bread and Wine there lyeth the highlyt Tincture; which is neerest to the Life of Man, which most of all sufficient the Life of Man, therefore also hath Christ ordained this Te-

E Worketh, or Effecteth.

25. But (1) wee should not be earthly minded, and suppose, that after the Bread and Wine is blessed with the words of Institution, that then Christs sless and blond is inherent in the Bread and Wine, and that every wicked Man may partake of it without the right Mouth; No, if that were so, then could Bread and Wine comprehend the divine power and vertue in its own capacity, and Christs

flament under it.

Spi-

Spirituall flesh and bloud were become Bread and Wine, and it would no more continue to be as Christ fayd; My words are Spirit and

Life, Joh. 6. 63.

26. Mans spiritual Mouth, taketh with the Faith Christs words and Life, which words are a power of his slesh and bloud, where the divine word is become a humane Substance: That same humane and divine substantial word is given to Man with the Tinthure of Bread and Wine, as through a Medium, that there may be a visible signe, of what is done in the inward Ground.

27. Note, Note; (2) wee should not depend on this meanes or Medium alone, and think, that Christs flesh and bloud is onely and alone Participated in this use of Bread and Wine; as reason in this present time miserably erreth therein: No, that is not so, Faith when it hungereth after Gods Love and Grace, alwayes eateth and drinketh of Christs flesh and bloud, through the Medium or meanes of the bleffed food, and without the Medium or meanes of the food: Christ hath not bound himselse to Bread and Wine alone, but hath bound himselfe to the Faith, that hee will be in Man, Hee will continue in him, and Man shall continue in Christ: His powerfull living Word would continue substantially in the Faith, of which Substance, the Faith may alwayes (as also it ever might) eate, for it is the Faiths Nutriment, wherein the Faith doth subsist and is a Substance: Note: The Faith in such participation becometh a substance; viz: a spirituall flesh and bloud of Christ, in which the Living GOD in Trinity, dwelleth, workerh, and willeth.

28. The Substantiall Faith in Man is Christ himselse, who continueth in Man, who is the Life and Light of Man: That is, the Temple of the Holy Ghost, who dwelleth in us; as Paulsayth; Knowyee not; that yee are the Temple of God, that the Spirit of God dwelleth in you? Also, the Temple of Christ is Holy, which yee are, I Cor. 3, 16, 17. Also, Shall we that belong unto Christ, be yet Sinners? that be far from us, then were Christ a servant of Sinne, in us, Galat. 2. 17. This same substantiall Faith is also the branch on the Vine of Christ, which power and vertue penetrates through the whole Man (as the Sunne doth an hearb) and

killeth the Lust and workes of the flesh.

29. The Mortall flesh is not the Substantiall Faith; that flesh comprehendeth not Christs flesh and bloud, but suffereth it as a Grosse stone suffereth the Tindure of Gold: and as sine Gold lyeth and groweth in the Grosse stone; so also the love of Christ groweth in the true Life of Mau, and penetrateth through the Life, as fire doth through Iron: Not that such power stood in Mans Life, that it could receive the substance of God in its owne power and vertue; No, it is given him of Grace; as the Sunne of its own will giveth it substantially suppose the Hearb: And the Hearb cannot therefore say, I am the Sunne.

Sunne, because the Sunne worketh in it: so also can Man not say: I am Christ, because that Christ dwelleth and worketh in him as in his Expresse I mage: But the Creature is the Passive wherein the Creator dwelleth and worketh.

Note.

30. Wee are Members of Christ according to his humanity, and are therefore called Christians, because Christ dwellerh and worketh in us, in that wee are in our Life his twiggs and branches, in those in whom he bringeth forth fruit through his power and vertue: O little Children, it is a Great Mysterie! Note, Note; the use of this Testament, where wee especially under Bread and Wine should partake of Christs stella and bloud; is therefore ordained, that so wee should come together, and eate of One Bread, drink of One Cup, and thereunder receive Christ, that wee should instruct one another, what he hath done for us, and declare his suffering Death and bloudshedding one among another, and teach it to our children. and should binde our selves therewith in Love, and exhort one another, that wee in Christ are Members of one Body, that wee in Christ are all but One.



- 31. Even as the One onely Christ giveth himselfe into us all in Common to be one onely Life, and loveth us all in his one onely Humanity, and reacheth forth that fame onely humanity with his great Love and Grace to us all in Common, under one Bread and Wine, and so bindeth himselfe to us in one only participation: Thus should wee also in such coming together and participation; as members of one body, binde our selves together in true Love and faith unesse, and seriously Consider, that in such participation wee are all but one in Christ: for wee partake all of one onely Christ, and in that same one Christ wee are one onely Body, which is Christ in his Members: O little Children, what a depth of Mysterie is this if wee did rightly confider it! Satan in the Anger of God, hath rent us afunder, and made us at odds, so that wee have Opposite thoughts: and heere cometh Christ with his Love, and maketh us all, in himselfe, one onely Man againe, which is he himselfe in us: so that all of us together are become branches rooted in his tree, which he himselfe is ; and all live from his vertue and substance, and stand in one stock, which is himselfe.
- 32. Therefore wee should rightly consider this, and not with unworthy hearts and Mouths draw neere to this Communion, and suppose it is enough, that wee partake of Bread and Wine: No, it is a brotherly, memberly Band and Covenant; wee binde our selves therewith in Christ to be one onely Man, and that same one onely Man, is every one himselfe in Christ: therefore our purpose in such coming together should be, that wee as Members of one Body, will binde our selves fast with such participation, and for sake Satan with

What the micked receive in this Testament. Ch.4.

his Opposite will, and heartily love one another, as Christ hath loved us,

and halb given bis life into Death for us.

33. To this End is this Testament of participation under Bread and Wine ordained: Not to understand, as if it were a participation apart and afunder, whereof a Christian without the use of this could not partake; for if we are in Christ, and he himselse be in us, and is out Life and Light, and we thus rooted in him in the Substantiall Faith; which Faiths Substance he kimselse is: Wherefore should not then that same Lifes desire, be able alwayes, if it but turne it selse thereinto, to eate thereof: this Ordinance is onely a memberlike Band of Love; that wee might thereby instruct one another what Christ hath done for us, till hee shall visibly come to us againe in his assumed humane Imagelikenesse; and as our right High Priess be ever with us and in us.

Nota

The Fourth Chapter.

Of the difference of such Participation, what the wicked receive by this Testament:

and how a Man should rightly prepare himselfe for it; that he may be rightly worthy.

I

S is above-mentioned, it lyeth not in the conceit or supposition that one need onely draw neere with the Body to such Communion, and think: when I have participated of Bread and Wine with others: then I have received the true Testament of Christ, whereby my simes

are forgiven mee: No, St Paul fayth: Hee than diffing affects more the Body of the LORD from Bread and Wine, he receives his to his owner Judgement, I Cor. 11. 29. Bread and Wine cannot apprehend this Testament, much lesse the Faithlesse, who come to it onely out of Custome, and that he will have the Name of a Christian.

2. So also it standeth mi in the Priests power, with his blessing to bring the Body and Bloud of Christ into the Bread and Wine; but it standeth in the Divine Institution, which Institution is bidden from the wicked Mouth, and it is done to him as to Judas, who though indeed he also eate and drank of the Bread and Wine of the

Supper;

Supper; and was invited to the Testament; yet he did not receive Christs flesh and bloud, viz: the Love of God; for after the Supper Satan went into him: which is as much as to fay: the power and vertue of the Testament touched him, so that his inward salse Faiths Mouth, was thus stirred and opened, but as his Faiths Mouths was, fo was also the Testament in his participation, as the Scripture fayth: With the Holy thou art Holy, and with the perverse thou art perverse

Pfal. 18. 26. 27.

2. Hee received the Testament of Christ, but [it was] the Judge. ment onely: which Judgement in the Holy or Saints killeth the Earthly Will of the Serpent: that is, when the Soule is capable of the holy power and vertue; so that it hath a Mouth of Faith, which receiverh the Love in the Testament, then it receiveth also herewith in like manner Christs suffering, Death and Resurrection, which killeth Sinne in Soule and Flesh; but the wicked Mouth is not capable of the Love; therefore it receiveth onely Christs suffering and Death, and Not his Refurrection, for with his falle opinion, he layeth his defire, viz: the falle Faiths Mouth, to Christs Flesh and Bloud, and killeth Christ in this participation in his Testament, in himselfe: he is thereby Guilty of the Death of Christ, for with his falle participation, and falle Faiths defire, he toucheth the severe Judgement of G.d. in Christs Agony, Wounds, and Death.

4. Therefore, in that he is onely capable of the Judgement, the Judgement of God which killed Christ for our finnes fake, in this Teflament is moveable in the Soule and property of the wicked: which Judgement, toucheth or stirreth Christs wounds and Death in his Testament, in this participation of false property, for the false Serpents-feede with this touch a flingeth Christ in the Heele : for Christ of a O: pierceth. fereth the Soule his Testament, and would flay the Serpent : but while Satan hath the chiefe Dominion in the Soule, he will not receive it, but through the Soules. Essence casteth his false Poysonous rayes b upon the wounds of Christ, and defireth to kill Christ.

s. Understand; he desireth to poylon and infest that Ground in Man, where Christs Bloud and Death, with his Refurection, should be possessed, and stirreth it felse so much the more in the false Soule, as he did in Judas: when he received this 'l'estament, then he was Stirring in Judas, and tooke his life in: Therefore fayth the Scripture; After the Sop, Satan entered into him, Joh. 13. 27. For his falle Heart had stirred the Judgement of God, therefore it came also into him, for it was within him aforehand, but not manifest, till he touched the Covenant in the Testament; so it went with him as with Uzza, Who unworthily touched the Arke of God, 2 Sam. 6. 6, 7. 1 Chron. 14. 9, 10. which a wicked Man ought to observe, that he doe not without repentance for his finnes touch this Testament, else, he lay-

b O', againft.

eth.

· Oi, Anguish.

eth his hand of false property, on Christs Wounds, Agony and Death,

and will in the End receive Fudas wages therefrom.

6. It is not so to be understood, as if the wicked, who applyeth himselfe with others to the Covenant of the Testaments of Christ, did receive nothing, as also is to be understood in Baptisme; for the Testament standeth strme, the Institution continueth in power and vertue, for the Faithlesse doth not take away the Covenant and power; The Covenant goeth with such participation and use, into all, but as the Mouth is, such also is the participation: Gods great Love and Grace, viz: the Substantiall Love, giveth not it selfe into the wicked soule, but the Processe of Christ, with his paine, Agony, Scorne and Death, goeth indeed into the wicked soule, for therein the Man Devill, viz: the wicked Heart, pierceth Christ in his wounds,

and maketh it felfe Guilty of the Death of Christ.

7. The wicked indeed participateth on Christs Going into Hell, on his Anguish, and Death, but he is not capable of his Resurrection, wherein Christ ruleth over Death and Hell: for his wicked will describe the to dye in Christs Death with Christ, to his wickednesse and false matters and conversation, but defireth onely to arise and Live with since in Christs Spirit; he will rule in the Resurrection of Christ with his Earthly Lucifer, therefore he treadeth the Death of Christ with the seete of his false desire, and doth the same which the Pharisees did to Christ: therefore it were better for him not to boast himselfe to be a Christian, and that he did not touch or meddle with Christs Testament.

Of the Ground of Absolution. What forgivenesse of Sinnes is.

d Or, Ignorance.
e Or, Sharp.

The falle conceit and grossed mis understanding, when Men teach, Christs Testaments destroy sinue, needs yet a more e acute exposition, that the wicked Man may not thus hide himselfe under it, and so cover himselfe with Christs purple Mantle, and weare it as a Badge upon him in filshood: Christs Bloudshedding, as when he destroyed Gods Anger therewith, and turned the Anger into Love, is that which destroyeth sinue: Hee that worthily participateth of Christs Bloudshedding, in him sinue is destroyed through his victory and resurrection with his bloud and Love; Hee that cometh to it with a Penitent heart for his by-past sinue, and is angry at it, and hath a strong purpose in himselse, no more to enter into it, he layeth hold with the Faith on the Testamentary Grace.

9. It is false for one to deferre his repentance till the participation of the Testament of Christ, [and then to think] that the same

will take away his finne: There is no, forgivenesse of finnes, either by Testament or Absolution, unlesse a Man convert from sinne, and be renewed through earnest sincere Repentance and turning in to the Volac Grace of God in Faith on Christ in the Holy Ghost: that he taketh up another will and resolution to goe out from falshood and wickedneffe.

10. For the forgivenesse of finnes in Christs Testaments, and without the use of them is nothing else but this: when Christ in the Converting Sinner ariseth from Mans Death, into Mans Faith; and a New obedient will arifeth out of his Death, and becometh a Light in Mans Life, fo that the Eternall Night is turned into a cleere Day, then Sinne is forgiven: for if the Eternall day of Love dawneth, there is the Night of the Eternall Darknelle of Gods Anger turned into Love, and there is the Wedding of the Lamb rightly kept; and not with the unworthy Heart, which without repentance and forfaking of its finnes runneth to the Testament, and supposeth, that its sinnes are forgiven through the laying on of the Priests Hand, and participation of the Testaments.

II. The Priest hath no power to forgive sinne, it standeth not in his owne might and power, the might is in the Ordinance of Christ: Christ in Man, and so farre also as he is in the Priest himselfe, forgiveth finne to the Repenting Conscience: The Absolution is but a Medium, viz: an outward figne thereof, that wee should receive one another in Love and hearty forgivenesse, and binde and reconcile our selves in the Love of the bands of Christ, in his Bride, and in Love receive one another into the Communion of the body, viz: of the Bride

of Christ.

12. The Minister of Christ, taketh the faithfull Penitent Man, through an Outward Absolution, in Christs stead, into the f Commu- f Church. nion or Congregation of Christ: Hee is with his Absolution a Medium or meanes, of that which Christ himselfe through his absolution doth g Effectually in the inward Ground, and so Man is through such a g Workingly, a Medium ontwardly confirmed: But if there be no Faith and conversion there; but onely a Custome, then there is also no Absolution; for the Priefts Absolution without Christs co-working, is powerleffe and dead, for the power sticketh not barely in the outward Ordinance and in the Priest, but in the Communion of the Saints in Christ, viz: in the Bride of Christ, the same taketh the Repenting Man into their Memberlike fraternity in the Fairb of that which is to come, the Spirir of Christ in his members receiveth him.

12. A wicked Priest, in whom the Spirit of Christ is not, cannot absolve him, nor receive him, but the Office of Christ through the word of his Promife, receiveth him: A false Priest is but an outward worklesse instrument as to himselfe, and doth no more with this than

the wicked Priest with the Waser-Baptisine, which onely powreth the water, and speaketh the words without co-working; But the Spirit of the Office looketh not upon the unworthy Minister of the Office, but upon those that come to the Office with Faith: He absolveth him through his Office, and receive: him with the Bride of Christ in whom Hee worketh, into the Church or Congregation, and not by a wicked Pharise, who himselse is not capable of the Office, and onely sitteeth there as an Idol, which Man worshippeth, and is himselse but a Devill full of falshood, and attributeth that to himselse, which he himselse hath not.

- 14. There must be earnest nessed in going about with such an Office of the power of God, or else Christ is but mocked therein: Therefore no Man should relye upon the Ordinance, and think, that the Ordinance absolveth him, or that for the Ordinance and Institution sake of Christ he receives the Testament: If any will receive Christ into himselfe for a lodger; he must then bring the Temple of Christ, wherein Christ absolveth him, with him into the Ordinance; The absolution is but a receiving into the Commanion of the Members of Christ: the Priest receiveth him outwardly with the Congregation, and Christ receiveth him in the Faith, and bindeth himselfe workingly with him; which cannot be done without Faith and Earnest turning into God: and now as Christ worketh inwardly in him, so also the Congregation or Church, viz: the Bride of Christ, worke membrally in him with their prayers, and they all are but one in Christ.
- 15. But it is a snare of the Devill, that the wicked think, that he is a sinner indeed, but he will at last goe to the Office of Christ, to the Communion of Saints; and will be absolved and receive Christs. Testament, that his sinnes may once be forgiven him, and then will sinne a new, when his old sinne is done away: as it comets to passe, that many begin to hang their heads a little, and make a shew, and presently afterwards enter into their old Custome againe, into all abominations and Blasphemy: These Crucifie Christ, and h pierce him in his wounds; and it goeth with such one as with Judas, who after he had eaten, Satan entered into him, it were better he continued altogether from it, so long as it is not with him in Earnestuesse, if that he thinketh to be and remaine a true Christian

h Note.

Of true Christianity. What a right Christian is.

Christianity is not a bare conceit, that a Man need onely to acknowledge with the Mouth and beleeve, that Christ dyed for us, and hath satisfied fatisfied for finne, that a Man need onely to give affent to the Gofpel, and hold the History of what was done by Christ, to be true, and that a Man need onely and barely to goe to his Testament, and there receive the Grace which he left behinde him, and comfort himselfe therewith, and accompt it as a Merit and imputed Grace: It is not enough for a Man to heare Sermons preached, and to be Baytifed to Christ, and goe to the Supper, so that a Man doe but keepe the Custome: this by farre maketh no Christian, it must be Earnestnesse, none is a Christian, unlesse Christ live and work in him; as Christ himselfe fayth; Without mee yee can doe nothing: Joh, 15, 5. Alfo: Hee that gathereth not with mee scattereth, Marth. 12, 20.

17. A Christian must be one Spirit in and with Christ, and will and work in the power of Christ: it is a living active working Grace, in a Christian; a continual burning fire, a feeling power and vertue, which though it be often covered with the Lust of the flesh, and the vanity of the world, yet it i glimmereth and burneth in the Heart, as i Gloweth. a fire, and reproveth the flesh, and the vaine lust of untruth; rejeetch the false way, and willeth it not: that same inward fire is the Spirit of Christ, which without ceasing breaketh the head of the Serpent; viz: the Lust of the flesh: The flesh hath the will of this world; but that fame kindled ground, hath the will of God: If any be a Christian, then he will hate and be angry at the will of the flesh, he will be an Enemy to his evill fleshly Lust, and constantly complaine and hold himselfe to be unworthy, and continually with his inward will of the foule finck himselfe, into the k meerest Grace, into k Purest. Gods mercy, and not say of himselfe, I am a right Christian, but will continually presse with his Desire into Gods Mercy, and fly to Grace, that he might be but a right Christian, and will accompt himselfe in all his conversation alwayes too unworthy of such Grace, and in continuall refigned humility with weeping and prayer, onely presse into Grace; his whole life will be a continual Repentance, and [he will] evermore desire to apprehend Grace, as it hath apprehended him.

18. A right Christian is affrighted at sinne, when the Lust of the flesh would worke sinne: also when he seeth others work sinne, then he groaneth in himselfe at it; and wisheth that such evill were not committed, it is an abomination to him in his Eyes, he loveth truth and righteousnesse, and hateth the falle way: and although the Earthly flesh often unawares without any purpose of will, falleth upon him with a sudden falle Lust, and many times bringeth him to fall, as hath been with David, and Solomon, and Many Saints, and is still done, yet fuch a Man in whom the Spirit of Christ is, doth not lye in sinne; but the Inward Ground, viz: the Incorporated Grace in the Spirit of Christ, cometh quickly with Gods I severe righteousnesse, in the An- 1 Strict.

Note.

ger, and entereth into him in the Conscience; as the Prophet Nathan entered into Davids conscience, and touched his conscience, and awakened the fire of Anger: when David suddenly began with great forrow to repent and acknowledge his sinne, and entered into such Earnest Repentance, that he would receive no comfort from all his friends, and would not suffer his Eares to be filled with comfort, and the tickling of Grace, till he felt the Grace of the Lord in his Conscience; no flattery would set his heart at peace, till the Lord spake into him with his Grace, 2 Sam. 12.7.

Of the worthy preparation to the holy Testament of Christ.

19.

If any will call himselfe a Christian, and comfort himselfe with the Merits of Christ, and approach to his Testament, and worthily receive the same, let him consider his wayes well, and looke to his heart. and see how it is framed, 1. Whether he standeth in such a defire. as to be willing to dye wholly from vanity; 2. Whether it be in his purpose, to goe out from all falshood, unrighteousnesse, lying and deceit; and that he be resolved never to enter into them againe: 2. Whether he defire the Grace of God in Christ, with a cleane pure 4. Also whether he is forry for his finne: 5. Whether he finde and feele fuch a will in himselfe, that from henceforth he will wholly goe forth from his former Sinnes and Blasphemies: 6. And also whether he be so minded, that he will veeld up his whole heart and will to Gods Mercy: 7. Also whether he findeth sceleth and knoweth a place in himselfe where he will lay up, this high Testament, viz: the flesh and bloud of Christ with his Grace: 8. Also whether or no he hath made roome in his heart and whole soule for the Spirit of Christ, that he may there enter in as a Living Conqueror over Death and Hell, and may erect his Kingly Palace in his heart and soule: 9. And whether he be capable of this, where Christ fayth; Wee will come unto you and make our dwelling in you, Joh. 14. 23. 10. Also whether the Temple of the Holy Ghost in him be swept and purged with right repentance: 11. Also whether there be a right Mouth in him, that can rightly receive Christs Holy flesh: 12. Also whether the Essence of his Life be so framed, that Christ with his Substance and with his Love may continue therein? For Christ sayth; Hee that Eateth my flesh and drinketh my Bloud, continueth in Mee and I in him, Joh. 6. 56. 13. Also whether he finde in his Minde that the Streame of the Living Waters of Divine Love flow from him, that he love his God, and his brother and Neighbour as himselse: 14. Also whether he wishech and defireth to doe. Good to his Enemies. 15. Whether he accompteth teth any thing in this world as his owne, of which he fayth; This is mine owne onely: 16. Or whether in that which he hath and possessed he accompteth himselfe but a servant of Gcd, and a Steward to him and his brother therein: and Consider that he is but an Officer and Servant of Gcd in his state and condition, & in his temporall Goods, that none of it is his own, but Gods and his brothers? 17. Also whether he trusteth God in his conversation, and keepe and esteeme his Life as his Lord Christ did; who was but a Pilgrim in this world, and had nothing for his owne, and also willingly less this Life for his brethen? 18. Also whether he findeth a sparkle of such a will in himselfe.

and very fit for such a Testamentary participation: but if not, and yet sindeth such a bunger in himselfe, that he would willingly be and will so, then he is in the drawing of the Father to the Grace in Christ, then he should not long parly with Reason, and frame doubts in himselfe, but should that very houre enter into such an Earnest purpose, that he will enter into Earnest sincere Repentance, and continually fly to the Grace of God in Christ, and pray, that he will give him such a heart and will, and not attribute to himselfe, as if he would attaine it in his owne power and vertue, but barely and meerly sinck into the most pure Grace, into the Mercy of God, and be in himselfe as a young childe, which onely hath a destre after the Mothers Milke, that cannot help himselfe, but flyeth to the Mother for her to helpe him.

21. His going to the Communion of Saints should be in Humility: with a right reconciliation with all those, whom he hath wronged, or who have wronged him, and should forgive all his Enemies, and wish the same to them which he desireth for himselfe: With the seare of God, and a penitent Heart, in a right Earnest purpose, he may approach thereto, and bring no owne desire to the Testament of Christ, nor willing to apprehend and comprehend such Grace by his owne ability, but onely sinch himselfe downe, and wholly give himselfe up into the Grace as unworthy: and cast himselfe upon the Grace, to doe with him what it will; and not at all will to desire the Spirit of Divine Joy; understand, as a propriety; but give himselse up to it, and sinck downe in the Grace, that the same (Spirit of Grace) may be in him how and when it will.

22.

The Heart and Minde should say in it selfe before the Testament of God; thus:

O thou Great Grace of God, I unworthy sinfull Man,

of the worthy preparation to the Holy Testament. Ch. 4.

70

come to thee upon thy Call, whereas thou hast bidden us poore Men to come and thou wilt refresh us, Matth. 11.28. Be it done unto mee according as thou sayst, how thou wilt, I give up my selfe herewith wholly and altogether, doe thou with mee poore unworthy Man according to thy Grace, how thou wilt; I will Eternally be thy owne: Break now my will, and govern it with thy will, I can and am able to doe nothing but sinck now wholly and altogether into thy Grace.

23. Such a Man as fo wholly giveth himselfe up to God, and continueth standing in such resignation with his will, he will in the End when the Grace moveth in him, finde and feele, what Grace and Divine Love is: When the Divine fire is kindled in his life, then he will seele and taste what Christ in him is, and finde quickly how he is

become another Man of other thoughts and will.

24. And then he is a Christian, when Christs Love-fire striveth with Gods Anger in the Conscience, and it will be set before that Man in Christs processe in this world, that he must follow after Christ, in his suffering, anguish, paine, scorne, and persecution, and must take the Crosse of Christ upon him, and be conformable to Christs Image: where there is Inwardly Strife against Sinne, and fleshly Lusts that are in him, fo that he despiseth himselfe and hateth the evill Lust; and outwardly he hath contempt, scorne, trouble, and misery: whereas the world accompteth him for a stranger and a foole, where reason looketh upon it selse as soolish, and he himselse as to the matters and conversation of this world will be a foole, and hateth every thing which his flesh loveth: where there is none that flattereth him, but all his good friends, shun him and withdraw themselves, except onely a few of the children of God, who take notice of it, and whom God fendeth him for his comfort: Then may he think, that he at that time with Christ, hangeth to the Crosse, and he so behaveth himselfe. that he would willingly even dye with Christ, for the profession sake of the Trueh, in hope that he also in Christs victory and overcoming shall arise wi h Christ, and live Eternally in Christ.

25. This is a Christian and worthy for the Communion of Saints, who is entered into this processe, and converseth therein: All others who goe onely out of Custome, and accompt Christs Testament, for an outwardly imputed Grace, and as a worke done believingly appropriate it to himselfe, and will receive it as a Gist, but will not be newborne, and be another Man of other thoughts and will, and keepe

the defiled Cloake of finne in the Conscience in him, and passe quickly againe into the old footsteps: All these are unworthy and unfit, and uncapable of the Testament, and receive it onely unto Judgement, as before is mentioned.

The Fift Chapter.

Of the Contention, Disputation, and Strife of the Learned about Christs Testaments: what they Effect therewith, and what is to be held concerning it. mi nermina : , else

Ot out of an affection to meddle with any one in his good Conscience, will I adde this Chapter, but for the comfort of the simple children of Christ, which Men so lead into Errour, and shut them up in opinions, and selead into Errour, and shut them up in opinions, duce them from the true understanding in contention, duce them from the true understanding in contention, duce them from the true understanding in contention,

and make of Christs Testamenrs a meere Den of Muriber, and binde and thut up the Conscience in Snares and Bands, to them I will fignifie what they should hold concerning the contentious Disputation

of the Learned in Reason, and what they set up thereby.

2. Christs Testaments are nothing else, but a Band and Covenant between God and Man, a Memberlike union of the children of Men, where God with the humanity of Christ hath bound himselfe with Man againe after the fall, to be their loving God: Now all that without this Memberlike Band and Covenant of Love, contend and difpute about conceits and opinions, about knowledge, that goeth into owne selfe without Christ, and there is no true understanding in any such for none knoweth Christ, but the Father onely, and those to whom the Father will reveale him, Matth. II. 27.

2. Now if Christ be revealed to and in a Man, then he hath no contentious Disputation, nor Strife with any Man about that knowledge and skill, but he is lowly, and accompteth himselfe unworthy of any fuch knowledge; he despiseth none for the difference sake of his Gifts, but is in Love with all Men, and letteth every Man have his owne, and giveth to his Neighbour onely his Love-will, and confidereth how he may be a Member of Christ and of his Brethren and Sifters.

4. But

a Matters.

4. But that Men run into so many Opinions, and strive, contend, and dispute about them, and despise one another for the Letter sake. and scorne, and give them to the Devill: there the simple Christian is to know, that in all fuch Strife there is no true understanding, bur meere Pride and Antichristian a doings, or miserable confounding of the words of Christ, where nothing ariseth from it but dis union. unfafety, Enmity, and nothing else is effected therewith but the Devills will.

5. And that is, because they give out themselves to be Teachers of the Kingdome of Christ, and yet are not sent or knowne of God; they take their matter all from others, and exchange words and letters, and contend and dispute about the Art, how Men may artificially fet letrers together and make opinions, which composure is most artificiall, and compell the Consciences into that Art; but they themfelves understand not what they doe: their knowledge sticketh barely in the letters, and yet have not the Living word CHRIST in them. who giveth testimen, to the Literall word: Had they Christ in the Love in them, then they would impart that fame Love, and would shew men Christ in themselves, and would so walke that Men might fee they were Christs children: But while they onely contend and dispute, and will not so love and live, themselves, it is false and but

6. But that this is true, let Men looke upon their supposition,

an hypocriticall shew.

about which they contend: One heape of them fayth, Christ is substantially under Bread and Wine: Also, Bread and Wine is changed into the Testament of Christ, and there is a change of the Bread and Wine; and so will receive Christ into the Beast all and Mortall Man, which Beast yet is not profitable b as to Holinesse: The other Party sayth; It is onely a signe and signification of the Body of Christ, that he was broken or dyed for us: and denieth the c present substantiall participation, and understand nothing concerning Man, what and how he is, what he wanteth and standeth in need of, that he may attaine the salvation of God againe: The Third Party will handle the matter best, and keep to the words of the Institution, but say; That Christ is participated with and under Bread and Wine, that is, Christs sless and bloud is earen and drunke under Bread and Wine; but yet have no understanding how that comes to palle, what is in Man that is capable of such a Gift, and will know nothing of the inward Ground and right Adamicall humanity, and deny also moreover the Substantial inhabiting of Christ, and is as farre from understanding as either of the other two: Neither will they know how the participation is wrought, but depend barely on the dead letter, but lay about them, lash and thunder, with

railing, scorne, Herefie, and Blasphemy.

b Text. In the holinesse. All-present, presentiall.

7. Every

Christ bound to their d Imagelike opinion, and will be Patron of that d Imaginary. same Image, and doe it upon no other ground, but that they will attaine Glory, honour, and high Esteeme by it: which may be knowne in that they all of them distrace and contemne one another, that each of them may but maintaine his d Imagelike opinion, and be called and esteemed Lords of the Mysteries of Christ; and yet in the ground of their hearts respect nothing but the Earthly Lucifer, with temporary honour and selfe-will; and will be sworshipped as Christ: cers. Every party would have it so, that Men should worship their Image, so Veneraved. viz: their framed literall Opinion.

8. With Christs Testaments they distinguish their Images, and make them a Sect therewith: and cry; Heere is the Church of Christ, there is Hereste and Sectuation: cleave unto mee, heere is Christ: and therewith imbitter the hearts of Kings and Princes, as also the Mindes of the People, so that one brother, for an Image-like opinion sake, despiteth, disgraceth, slandereth, and blasshemeth another, and accompts him and cryeth out upon him for Devillish, and will raise warres and bloudshed, and desolation of Land and People, for the sake of such Idoll-Images: all which are a meere empty shell without

fruit, and belong to the fiery World for Seperation.

9. Men have brought it to this passe, that the people think they are saved, if they doe but cleave to the opinion [of such men] and allow it: whether they understand it or no, when they doe but honour a Sectarian Name thereby, and hold the Patron of their opinion to be right; so that when one heareth the name of him, he cryeth; Tes, yes, that is right: and yet knoweth not what it is: so altogether have men blinded and seduced the simple, that Men looked onely upon Mens Names, and think Christ is in the Opinion; and that which is yet worse, men so compell the people with power into such Image-like Opinions, and have so blinded Men, that they for sake even body and Goods for an Opinion sake, which yet they understand not in the ground of it, and persecute, hate, and kill one another for it.

there is it in their Opinion; thus altogether is the world filled and blinded with Opinions: Men suppose, if a Manuse but Christs Testaments according to the opinion of his Patron, then there is blessed nessed and salvation therein, else there can be no salvation: and whosoever imagineth not according to the salvation; and hangeth and cleaveth to them, cannot be saved; also he is no true member of the right Christendome.

II. Men

Ch. 5.

15. Christ

11. Men doe so miserably contend about such Image like opininions, that the Charches are made nothing else but meere houses of
contentious Disputation, and spiritual Dennes of Murther: which
Murther in the End comes to warres and bloudsbed, and meere di grace
and dishonour is done to Christ for his holy Gifts and Testaments
sake: and nothing else in truth is thereby erected, but as Israel danced about the Golden Casse, and made an Idol casse to be their God, and joyed in their owne handiworke; viz: in their Idoll-Image, and lost their
God: and therefore also the anger of God was wrath against them, and devoused the null in the Wildernesse, so that such Idoll and Image Servants
could not come two the promised Land.

12. Loving brethren, contend not about Opinions, all contentions D sputition is an Image of an Idoll: Christ hath concerning his Omnipresence, told us of no opinion, where he sayth, He will be with us every day to the End of the world, Matth. 28. 20. He sayth not, in such or such an epinion, but where he signifies has presence, he sayth thus; as the signifient goest forth and shirtes has been going downe thereof, so shall also the Ever enduring coming of the Sonne of Man be, Matth. 24. 27. And sayth; The kingdome of God is inwardly within you, Luk. 17.

21.

13. Christs Light and power riseth up in his children in the inmard Ground, and shineth to them through the mbole course of their
life, and in that well-spring of Light is the kingdome of God in Min:
Now if he have not this, let him contend and dispute as much as he
will, yet he will bring it into him by no opinion; but if he stath it,
out of the same wellspring slow even streames of Love; it needeth no Opinion, let him onely looke that Christs kingdome be bonne in him,
that Christ be Man in him: eise he is no Christian, be he how he will
for opinion, he must stand as a branch in the vine of Christ, Joh. 15.
The Opinion he'peth him not, but the true faith chough
the break ag forth of Love is active, and merhath good works. Gal. 5. 6.
if he have not the works of Love, then he hath a so no Faith: the
opinion maketh no salvation, but is Babella' consultion of the Tongues
of the one onely Love: None is a Christian, unlesse he love his
neighbour, and desireth to doe him good.

Or, childelike.

Grace, is all falle; when Chr st werketh in a Man, then he is a Christian, and then the sufferings, merits, and satisfaction of Christian, and then the sufferings, merits, and satisfaction of Christian when he stath him in h miche for an Advoca e, who hath done it, that he doe it also in him, and a tracteth his merits to him, then is the kingdome of G d in that Merit, otherwise all Imagelike Opinions are false: No work pleaseth God but what he himselfe worketh in Man through his Spirit, therefore let us be the children of Christ, and not the Children of Images.

15. Christ hath imparted his kingdome to us in his Testaments, he that will receive it must be his childe, else there is no Inheritance: to work Repentance is better then to desire to know much: Is not the knowledge given from God to a Man, then he will not [be able to] understand the Ground of the divine secret Mystery, but if it be given him, he neede no Image: to continue in the hunility and simplicity of Christ, and to cleave to his love and Grace without

despising of any one, is good Christianity: All whatloever speaketh of it selse is Babell; in Christ wee are all Members, and all

one. A M E N.

The End of the second little Book concerning
The Holy Supper.



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ted of Christ. • 22	4. Why God Ordained the Water-
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R Eader, pray cause these faults to be monded with a Pen. Page 21. on the second side, line 10. for, unlooked, reade unlocked. Page 50. line 2. for, foolish reade soulish. page 55. line 31. for vision reade visible.

