



This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + *Refrain from automated querying* Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at <http://books.google.com/>



E 120



.E12e

3087

John Gower's English Works.

G. C. MACAULAY.

VOL. II.

Early English Text Society.

Extra Series, No. LXXXII.

1901.

[These volumes are issued by the Early English Text Society in arrangement with the Delegates of the Clarendon Press, who are publishing Mr. Macaulay's complete edition of the Poet Gower's Works,—French and Latin as well as English,—and have kindly consented to the Early English Text Society's taking the English Works separately.]

BERLIN: ASHER & CO., 13, UNTER DEN LINDEN.
NEW YORK: SCRIBNER & CO.; LEYPOLDT & HOLT.
PHILADELPHIA: J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO.

The
English Works of John Gower.

EDITED FROM THE MANUSCRIPTS,
WITH INTRODUCTION, NOTES, AND GLOSSARY.

BY

G. C. MACAULAY, M.A.,
FORMERLY FELLOW OF TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.

VOL. II.

(CONFESSIO AMANTIS, LIB. V. 1971—LIB. VIII; and IN PRAISE OF PEACE.)

LIBRARY

TO THE EARLY ENGLISH TEXT SOCIETY

AND

LONDON:

PUBLISHED FOR THE EARLY ENGLISH TEXT SOCIETY,
BY KEGAN PAUL, TRENCH, TRÜBNER & CO., LTD.,
PATERNOSTER HOUSE, CHARING CROSS ROAD.

M DCCCXI.

116489

Y8A8Q11
XOPU1.080P4T2 CPA.B1
Y11281V8U

Extra Series, No. LXXXII.

OXFORD: HORACE HART, M.A., PRINTER TO THE UNIVERSITY.

CONTENTS

	PAGE
CONFESSIO AMANTIS:—	
LIBER V (l. 1971)	I
LIBER VI	167
LIBER VII	233
LIBER VIII	386
IN PRAISE OF PEACE	481
NOTES	495
GLOSSARY AND INDEX OF PROPER NAMES	555
INDEX TO THE NOTES	651

CORRIGENDA ET ADDENDA

- p. 1, l. 1981, *for one read on*
- p. 11, l. 2349, *for well read wel*
- p. 25, note on l. 2872, *for B, read SB,*
- p. 35, l. 3222, *for well read wel*
- p. 57, l. 4068, *for both read bothe*
- p. 96, l. 5504, *for ware read war*
- p. 97, l. 5540, *for luste read lust*
- p. 104, l. 5771, *for letres read lettres*
- p. 111, notes on ll. 6020, 6046, *for AdΔ, read SAdΔ,*
- p. 113, l. 6114, *for parte read part*
- p. 116, l. 6215, *for escaped read ascaped*
- p. 119, note on l. 6313, *for AdBTΔ read SAdBTΔ*
- p. 122, l. 6422* *read Forthi* l. 6431* *read daies*
- p. 123, l. 6408 (*margin*), *for obtinu- read optinu-.*
- p. 127, l. 6541, *for crafte read craft*
- p. 143, l. 7169*, *for don read do*
- p. 144, l. 7181* *read poverte* 7182* *read underfing*
- p. 145, l. 7208* *read Sacrilegge*
- p. 170, l. 1116, *for verrailiche read verrailiche*
- p. 178, l. 415, *for Distruid read Destruid*
- p. 180, note on l. 497 (*margin*), *for BΔ read SBA*
- p. 218, l. 1880, *for schall read schal*
- p. 240, note on l. 262, *for Nomans, F read Noman S, F*
- p. 245, note on l. 451 *read J, SB, F*
- p. 259, l. 983 (*margin*), *for adesse read ad esse*
- p. 270, note on l. 1393, *for ellef þe read ellefþe*
- p. 272, l. 1445, *for whiche read which*
- p. 283, l. 1871, *for Well read Wel*

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

(LIBER QUINTUS).

- iii. *Agros iungit agris cupidus domibusque domosque,* [COVEITISE.]
Possideat totam sic quasi solus humum.
Solus et innumeros mulierum spirat amores,
Vt sacra millenis sit sibi culta Venus.

Dame Avarice is noght soleine,
 Which is of gold the Capiteine;
 Bot of hir Court in sondri wise
 After the Scole of hire aprise
 Sche hath of Servantz manyon,
 Wherof that Covoitise is on;
 Which goth the large world aboute,
 To seche thavantages oute,
 Wher that he mai the profit winne
 To Avarice, and bringth it inne.
 That one hald and that other draweth,
 Ther is no day which hem bedaweth,
 No mor the Sonne than the Mone,
 Whan ther is eny thing to done,
 And namely with Covoitise;
 For he stant out of al assisse
 Of resonable mannes fare.
 Wher he pourposeth him to fare

Hic tractat confessor super illa specie Avaricie, que Cupiditas dicitur, quam in amoris causa pertractans Amanti super hoc opponit.

1980

P. ii. 194

Latin verses iii. 4 tibi AM . . . B₂, AdBT

- 1973 his AM . . . B₂ 1976 *margin* cupiditatis RCLB₂
 1978 pauantage (pe auantage) E . . . B₂, W pe vantages MH: XG
 1979 that om. RCLB₂ 1981 That on om. B And that oon H₁
 hald S, F halt A, B haltd J 1988 tofare S, F

* *

B

[COVOITISE.]

Upon his lucre and his beyete,
 The smale path, the large Strete, 1990
 The furlong and the longe Mile,
 Al is bot on for thilke while :
 And for that he is such on holde,
 Dame Avarice him hath withholde,
 As he which is the principal
 Outward, for he is overal
 A pourveour and an asprie.
 For riht as of an hungri Pie
 The storve bestes ben awaited,
 Riht so is Covoitise afaited 2000
 To loke where he mai pourchace,
 For be his wille he wolde embrace
 Al that this wyde world beclippeth ;
 Bot evere he somewhat overhippeth,
 That he ne mai noght al fulfille
 The lustes of his gredi wille.
 Bot where it falleth in a lond,
 That Covoitise in myhti hond
 Is set, it is ful hard to fiede ;
 For thanne he takth non other hiede, 2010
 Bot that he mai pourchace and gete,
 His conscience hath al foryete,
 And not what thing it mai amonte
 That he schal afterward acompte.
 Bote as the Luce in his degre
 Of tho that lasse ben than he
 The fisshes griedeli devoureth, P. ii. 195
 So that no water hem socoureth,
 Riht so no lawe mai rescowe
 Fro him that wol no riht allowe ; 2020
 For wher that such on is of myht,
 His will schal stonde in stede of riht.
 Thus be the men destruid fulofte,
 Til that the grete god alofte
 Ayein so gret a covoitise
 Redresce it in his oghne wise :

1992 while] Mile AM
 2020 for him E . . . B₂

2002 he his wille wolde AMH₁E . . . B₂

And in ensample of alle tho
I finde a tale write so,
The which, for it is good to liere,
Hierafterward thou schalt it hier.

2030

Whan Rome stod in noble plit,
Virgile, which was tho parfit,
A Mirour made of his clergie
And sette it in the tounes ye
Of marbre on a piler withoute;
That thei be thritty Mile aboute
Be daie and ek also be nyhte
In that Mirour beholde myhte
Here enemys, if eny were,
With al here ordinance there,
Which thei ayein the Cite caste:
So that, whil thilke Mirour laste,
Ther was no lond which mihte achieve
With werre Rome forto grieve;
Wherof was gret envie tho.

[TALE OF VIRGIL'S
MIRROR.]

2040

Hic ponit exemplum
contra magnates cupidos. Et narrat de
Crasso Romanorum
Imperatore, qui tur-
rim, in qua speculum
Virgilii Rome fixum
extiterat, dolosa cir-
cumuentus cupiditate
euertit; unde non
solum sui ipsius per-
ditionem, set totius
Ciuitatis intollerabile
dampnum contingere
causauit.

And fell that ilke time so,
That Rome hadde werres stronge
Ayein Cartage, and stoden longe
The tuo Cites upon debat.

P. ii. 196

Cartage sih the stronge astat
Of Rome in thilke Mirour stonde,
And thoghte al prively to fonde
To overthowe it be som wyle.
And Hanybal was thilke while
The Prince and ledere of Cartage,
Which hadde set al his corage
Upon knighthod in such a wise,
That he be worthi and be wise
And be non othre was conseiled,
Wherof the world is yit merveiled
Of the maistries that he wroghte
Upon the marches whiche he soghte.

2050

2060

2030 thou schalt it] as þou schalt BT 2050 seeþ H₁XG seiþ AM
2057 knyhtod S knithod F knyhtode AJ in] on E . . . B₂
vp on Δ 2059 non oþre AJ, S, F non oþer C, B

[TALE OF VIRGIL'S
MIRROR.]

And fell in thilke time also,
The king of Puile, which was tho,
Thoghte ayein Rome to rebelle,
And thus was take the querele,
Hou to destruie this Mirour.

Of Rome tho was Emperour
Crassus, which was so coveitous,
That he was evere desirous 2070
Of gold to gete the pilage ;
Wherof that Puile and ek Cartage
With Philosophres wise and grete
Begunne of this matiere trete,
And ate laste in this degre
Ther weren Philosophres thre,
To do this thing whiche undertoke, P. ii. 197
And therupon thei with hem toke
A gret tresor of gold in cophres,
To Rome and thus these philisophres 2080
Togedre in compainie wente,
Bot noman wiste what thei mente.
Whan thei to Rome come were,
So prively thei duelte there,
As thei that thoghten to deceive :
Was non that mihte of hem perceive,
Til thei in sondri stedes have
Here gold under the ground begrave
In tuo tresors, that to beholde
Thei scholden seme as thei were olde. 2090
And so forth thanne upon a day
Al openly in good arai
To themperour thei hem presente,
And tolden it was here entente
To duellen under his servise.
And he hem axeth in what wise ;
And thei him tolde in such a plit,
That ech of hem hadde a spirit,
The which slepende a nyht appiereth

2068 tho] þat E... B; 2074 matier(e) to trete H1L, AdBT, W
2079 cophres AC, F cofres (coffres) J, SB 2098 ech AJ, B
eche F

LIBER QUINTUS

5

And hem be sondri dremes lereth
 After the world that hath betid. 2100 [TALE OF VIRGIL'S
 MIRROR.]

Under the ground if oght be hid
 Of old tresor at eny throwe,
 They schull it in here swevenes knowe;
 And upon this condicioun,
 Thei sein, what gold under the toun
 Of Rome is hid, thei wole it finde, P. ii. 198

Ther scholde noght be left behinde,
 Be so that he the halvendel
 Hem grante, and he assenteth wel; 2110
 And thus cam sleighte forto duelle
 With Covoitise, as I thee telle.

This Emperour bad redily
 That thei be logged faste by
 Where he his oghne body lay;
 And whan it was amorwe day,
 That on of hem seith that he mette
 Wher he a goldhord scholde fette:
 Wherof this Emperour was glad,
 And therupon anon he bad 2120

His Mynours forto go and myne,
 And he himself of that covine
 Goth forth withal, and at his hond
 The tresor redi there he fond,
 Where as thei seide it scholde be;
 And who was thanne glad bot he?

Upon that other dai secounde
 Thei have an other goldhord founde,
 Which the seconde maister tok
 Upon his swevene and undertok. 2130

And thus the sothe experience
 To themperour yaf such credence,
 That al his trist and al his feith
 So sikerliche on hem he leith,
 Of that he fond him so relieved,
 That thei ben parfitli believed,
 As thogh thei were goddes thre. P. ii. 199
 Nou herkne the soutilete.

2108 beleft F

2114 faste by A, F fasteby J, B

[TALE OF VIRGIL'S
MIRROR.]

The thridde maister scholde mete,
Which, as thei seiden, was unmete 2140
Above hem alle, and couthe most;
And he withoute noise or bost
Al prively, so as he wolde,
Upon the morwe his swevene tolde
To themperour riht in his Ere,
And seide him that he wiste where
A tresor was so plentivous
Of gold and ek so precious
Of jeueals and of riche stones,
That unto alle hise hors at ones 2150
It were a charge sufficient.
This lord upon this covenant
Was glad, and axeth where it was.
The maister seide, under the glas,
And tolde him eke, as for the Myn
He wolde ordeigne such engin,
That thei the werk schull undersette
With Tymber, that withoute lette
Men mai the tresor sauflī delve,
So that the Mirour be himselve 2160
Withoute empeirement schal stonde:
And this the maister upon honde
Hath undertake in alle weie.
This lord, which hadde his wit aweie
And was with Covoitise blent,
Anon therto yaf his assent;
And thus they myne forth withal, P. ii. 200
The timber set up overal,
Wherof the Piler stod upriht;
Til it befell upon a nyht 2170
These clerkes, whan thei were war
Hou that the timber only bar
The Piler, wher the Mirour stod,—
Here sleihte noman understod,—
Thei go be nyhte unto the Myne

2150 unto] it to BT to Δ 2157 scholde (schuld &c.)
M . . . B₂, TΔ, W 2162 And þus A . . . B₂, W Al þis
S . . . Δ

LIBER QUINTUS

7

[TALE OF VIRGIL'S
MIRROR.]

With pich, with soughre and with rosine,
 And whan the Cite was a slepe,
 A wylde fyr into the depe
 They caste among the timberwerk,
 And so forth, whil the nyht was derk, 2180
 Desguised in a povere arai
 Thei passeden the toun er dai.
 And whan thei come upon an hell,
 Thei sihen how the Mirour fell,
 Wherof thei maden joie ynowh,
 And ech of hem with other lowh,
 And seiden, 'Lo, what coveitise
 Mai do with hem that be noght wise !'
 And that was proved afterward,
 For every lond, to Romeward 2190
 Which hadde be soubgit tofore,
 Whan this Mirour was so forlore
 And thei the wonder herde seie,
 Anon begunne desobeie
 With werres upon every side ;
 And thus hath Rome lost his pride
 And was defouled overal. P. ii. 201
 For this I finde of Hanybal,
 That he of Romeins in a dai,
 Whan he hem fond out of arai, 2200
 So gret a multitude slowh,
 That of goldringes, whiche he drowh
 Of gentil handes that ben dede,
 Buisshelles fulle thre, I rede,
 He felde, and made a bregge also,
 That he mihte over Tibre go
 Upon the corps that dede were
 Of the Romeins, whiche he slowh there.
 Bot now to speke of the juisse,
 The which after the covoitise 2210
 Was take upon this Emperour,
 For he destruide the Mirour ;

2177 a slepe B, F aslepe AJ 2202 goldringes JE, S, F
 gold ringes A, B 2208 Of þe comuns E . . . B₂ (þo EC) Of þe
 bomeins (?) M Of Romayns W

[TALE OF VIRGIL'S
MIRROR.]

[COVEITISE.]
Confessor.

It is a wonder forto hiere.
The Romeins maden a chaiere
And sette here Emperour therinne,
And seiden, for he wolde winne
Of gold the superfluite,
Of gold he scholde such plente
Receive, til he seide Ho :
And with gold, which thei hadden tho 2220
Buillende hot withinne a panne,
Into his Mouth thei poure thanne.
And thus the thirst of gold was queynt,
With gold which hadde ben atteynt.
Wherof, mi Sone, thou miht hiere,
Whan Covoitise hath lost the stiere
Of resonable governance, P. ii. 202
Ther falleth ofte gret vengeance.
For ther mai be no worse thing
Than Covoitise aboute a king : 2230
If it in his persone be,
It doth the more adversite ;
And if it in his conseil stonde,
It bringth alday meschief to honde
Of commun harm ; and if it growe
Withinne his court, it wol be knowe,
For thanne schal the king be piled.
The man which hath hise londes tiled,
Awaiteth noght more redily
The Hervest, than thei gredily 2240
Ne maken thanne warde and wacche,
Wher thei the profit mihten cacche :
And yit fulofte it falleth so,
As men mai sen among hem tho,
That he which most coveiteth faste
Hath lest advantage ate laste.
For whan fortune is therayein,
Thogh he coveite, it is in vein ;
The happes be noght alle liche,
On is mad povere, an other riche, 2250
The court to some doth profit,

[COVEITISE.]

And some ben evere in o plit;
 And yit thei bothe aliche sore
 Coveite, bot fortune is more
 Unto that o part favorable.
 And thogh it be noght resonable,
 This thing a man mai sen alday, P. ii. 203
 Wherof that I thee telle may
 A fair ensample in remembrance,
 Hou every man mot take his chance 2260
 Or of richesse or of poverté.
 Hou so it stonde of the decerte,
 Hier is noght every thing aquit,
 For ofte a man mai se this yit,
 That who best doth, lest thonk schal have;
 It helpeth noght the world to crave,
 Which out of reule and of mesure
 Hath evere stonde in aventure
 Als wel in Court as elles where:
 And hou in olde daies there 2270
 It stod, so as the thinges felle,
 I thenke a tale forto telle.

In a Cronique this I rede.
 Aboute a king, as moste nede,
 Ther was of knyhtes and squiers
 Gret route, and ek of Officers:
 Some of long time him hadden served,
 And thoghten that thei have deserved
 Avancement, and gon withoute;
 And some also ben of the route
 That comen bot a while agon,
 And thei advanced were anon.
 These olde men upon this thing,
 So as thei dorste, ayein the king
 Among hemself compleïgnen ofte:
 Bot ther is nothing seid so softe,
 That it ne comth out ate laste; P. ii. 204
 The king it wiste, and als so faste,

[TALE OF THE TWO
COFFERS.]

Hic ponit Confessor
 exemplum contra il-
 los, qui in domibus
 Regum servientes, pro
 eo quod ipsi secundum
 eorum cupiditatem
 promoti non existunt,
 de regio servicio
 quamvis in eorum de-
 fectu indiscrete mur-
 murant.

2278 *margin eorum om.* AMH₁ 2288 and als so] anon als B
 and als (as) X, WH₃

[TALE OF THE TWO
COFFERS.]

As he which was of hih Prudence,
 He schop therfore an evidence 2290
 Of hem that pleignen in that cas,
 To knowe in whos defalte it was.
 And al withinne his oghne entente,
 That noman wiste what it mente,
 Anon he let tuo cofres make
 Of o semblance and of o make,
 So lich that no lif thilke throwe
 That on mai fro that other knowe :
 Thei were into his chambre broght,
 Bot noman wot why thei be wroght, 2300
 And natheles the king hath bede
 That thei be set in prive stede.
 As he that was of wisdom slih,
 Whan he therto his time sih,
 Al prively, that non it wiste,
 Hise oghne hondes that o kiste
 Of fin gold and of fin perrie,
 The which out of his tresorie
 Was take, anon he felde full ;
 That other cofre of straw and mull 2310
 With Stones meind he felde also.
 Thus be thei fulle bothe tuo,
 So that erliche upon a day
 He bad withinne, ther he lay,
 Ther scholde be tofore his bed
 A bord upset and faire spred ;
 And thanne he let the cofres fette, P. ii. 205
 Upon the bord and dede hem sette.
 He knew the names wel of tho,
 The whiche ayein him grucche so, 2320
 Bothe of his chambre and of his halle,
 Anon and sende for hem alle,
 And seide to hem in this wise :
 'Ther schal noman his happ despise ;
 I wot wel ye have longe served,
 And god wot what ye have deserved :
 Bot if it is along on me

LIBER QUINTUS

II

[TALE OF THE TWO
COFFERS.]

Of that ye unadvanced be,
 Or elles it be long on you,
 The sothe schal be proved nou, 2330
 To stoppe with youre evele word.
 Lo hier tuo cofres on the bord :
 Ches which you list of bothe tuo ;
 And witeth wel that on of tho
 Is with tresor so full begon,
 That if ye happe therupon,
 Ye schull be riche men for evere.
 Now ches and tak which you is levere :
 Bot be wel war, er that ye take ;
 For of that on I undertake 2340
 Ther is no maner good therinne,
 Wherof ye mihten profit winne.
 Now goth togedre of on assent
 And taketh youre avisement,
 For bot I you this dai avance,
 It stant upon youre oghne chance
 Al only in defalte of grace : P. ii. 206
 So schal be schewed in this place
 Upon you alle well afyn,
 That no defalte schal be myn.' 2350
 Thei knelen alle and with o vois
 The king thei thonken of this chois :
 And after that thei up arise,
 And gon aside and hem avise,
 And ate laste thei acorde ;
 Wherof her tale to recorde,
 To what issue thei be falle,
 A kniht schal speke for hem alle.
 He kneleth doun unto the king,
 And seith that thei upon this thing, 2360
 Or forto winne or forto lese,
 Ben alle avised forto chese.
 Tho tok this kniht a yerde on honde,
 And goth there as the cofres stonde,
 And with assent of everichon

2328 vnadvanced (vn auanced) 3e be E . . . B2 2350 faute
 E . . . B2 2352 his chois AM . . . B2, BT 2357 be falle] byfalle A

[TALE OF THE TWO
COFFERS.]

He leith his yerde upon that on,
And seith the king hou thilke same
Thei chese in reguerdoun be name,
And preith him that thei mote it have.
The king, which wolde his honour save, 2370
Whan he hath herd the commun vois,
Hath granted hem here oghne choise
And tok hem therupon the keie.
Bot for he wolde it were seie
What good thei have, as thei suppose,
He bad anon the cofre uncloze,
Which was fulfild with straw and stones : P. ii. 207
Thus be thei served al at ones.
This king thanne in the same stede
Anon that other cofre undede, 2380
Where as thei sihen gret richesse,
Wel more than thei couthen gesse.
'Lo,' seith the king, 'nou mai ye se
That ther is no defalte in me ;
Forthi miself I wole aquyte,
And bereth ye youre oghne wyte
Of that fortune hath you refused.'
Thus was this wise king excused,
And thei lefte of here evele speche
And mercy of here king beseche. 2390

[TALE OF THE BEG-
GARS AND THE
PASTIES.]

Nota hic de diuiciarum Accidencia : vbi narrat qualiter Fredericus Romanorum Imperator duos pauperes audiuit litigantes, quorum vnus dixit, 'Bene potest ditari, quem Rex vult ditare.' Et alius dixit, 'Quem deus vult ditare, diues erit.' Que res cum ad experimentum postea probata fuisset, ille qui deum inuocabat pastellum auro plenum sortitus

Somdiel to this matiere lik
I finde a tale, hou Frederik,
Of Rome that time Emperour,
Herde, as he wente, a gret clamour
Of tuo beggers upon the weie.
That on of hem began to seie,
'Ha lord, wel mai the man be riche
Whom that a king list forto riche.'
That other saide nothing so,
Bot, 'He is riche and wel bego, 2400
To whom that god wole sende wele.'
And thus thei maden wordes fele,
Wherof this lord hath hiede nome,
And dede hem bothe forto come

LIBER QUINTUS

13

To the Paleis, wher he schal ete,
 And bad ordeine for here mete
 Tuo Pastes, whiche he let do make. P. ii. 208

[TALK OF THE BEG-
 GARS AND THE
 PASTIES.]

est, alius vero caponis
 pastellum sorte pre-
 elegit.

A capoun in that on was bake,
 And in that other forto winne
 Of florins al that mai withinne
 He let do pute a gret richesse;
 And evene aliche, as man mai gesse,
 Outward thei were bothe tuo.

2410

This begger was comanded tho,
 He that which hield him to the king,
 That he ferst chese upon this thing:
 He sih hem, bot he felte hem noght,
 So that upon his oghne thoght
 He ches the Capoun and forsok
 That other, which his fela tok.

2420

Bot whanne he wiste hou that it ferde,
 He seide alowd, that men it herde,
 'Nou have I certainly conceived
 That he mai lihtly be deceived,
 That tristeth unto mannes helpe;
 Bot wel is him whom god wol helpe,
 For he stant on the siker side,
 Which elles scholde go beside:
 I se my fela wel recovere,
 And I mot duelle stille povere.'

2430

Thus spak this begger his entente,
 And povere he cam and povere he wente;
 Of that he hath richesse soght,
 His infortune it wolde noght.
 So mai it schewe in sondri wise,
 Betwen fortune and covoitise
 The chance is cast upon a Dee; P. ii. 209
 Bot yit fulofte a man mai se
 Ynowe of suche natheles,
 Whiche evere pute hemself in press
 To gete hem good, and yit thei faile.

2440

2405 margin sorte om. A . . . B₂ 2411 He] And BT 2412
 man] a man AMH₁ men WH₃ 2417 seeþ B 2433 he richesse
 (om. hath) E . . . B₂ richesse he haþ Ad *

[COVEITISE OF
LOVERS.]

And forto speke of this entaile
 Touchende of love in thi matiere,
 Mi goode Sone, as thou miht hiere,
 That riht as it with tho men stod
 Of infortune of worldes good,
 As thou hast herd me telle above,
 Riht so fulofte it stant be love :
 Thogh thou coveite it everemore,
 Thou schak noght have o diel the more, 2450
 Bot only that which thee is schape,
 The remenant is bot a jape.
 And natheles ynowe of tho
 Ther ben, that nou coveiten so,
 That where as thei a womman se,
 Ye ten or twelve thogh ther be,
 The love is nou so unavised,
 That wher the beaute stant assised,
 The mannes herte anon is there,
 And rouneth tales in hire Ere, 2460
 And seith hou that he loveth streite,
 And thus he set him to coveite,
 An hundred thogh he sihe aday.
 So wolde he more thanne he may ;
 Bot for the grete covoitise
 Of sotie and of fol emprise
 In ech of hem he fint somewhat P. ii. 210
 That pleseth him, or this or that ;
 Som on, for sche is whit of skin,
 Som on, for sche is noble of kin, 2470
 Som on, for sche hath rodi chieke,
 Som on, for that sche semeth mieke,
 Som on, for sche hath yhen greie,
 Som on, for sche can lawhe and pleie,
 Som on, for sche is long and smal,
 Som on, for sche is lyte and tall,
 Som on, for sche is pale and bleche,
 Som on, for sche is softe of speche,
 Som on, for that sche is camused,
 Som on, for sche hath noght ben used, 2480

2453 ynowe] I trowe BT 2465 Bot] So BT 2477 Somon F

Som on, for sche can daunce and singe;
 So that som thing to his likinge
 He fint, and thogh nomore he fiele,
 Bot that sche hath a litel hiele,
 It is ynow that he therfore
 Hire love, and thus an hundred score,
 Whil thei be newe, he wolde he hadde;
 Whom he forsakth, sche schal be badde.
 The blinde man no colour demeth,
 But al is on, riht as him semeth;
 So hath his lust no juggement,
 Whom covoitise of love blent.
 Him thenkth that to his covoitise
 Hou al the world ne mai suffise,
 For be his wille he wolde have alle,
 If that it mihte so befallē:

Thus is he commun as the Strete, **P. ii. 211**

I sette noght of his beyete.

Mi Sone, hast thou such covoitise?

Nai, fader, such love I despise, **2500**

And whil I live schal don evere,
 For in good feith yit hadde I levere,
 Than to coveite in such a weie,
 To ben for evere til I deie
 As povere as Job, and loveles,
 Outaken on, for haveles
 His thonkes is noman alyve.
 For that a man scholde al unthryve
 Ther oghte no wisman coveite,
 The lawe was noght set so streite: **2510**
 Forthi miself withal to save,
 Such on, ther is I wolde have,
 And non of al these othre mo.

Mi Sone, of that thou woldest so,
 I am noght wroth, bot over this
 I wol thee tellen hou it is.

For ther be men, whiche otherwise,

[COVEITISE OF
 LOVERS.]

Cecus non iudicat
 de coloribus.

Confessor.
 Amans.

Confessor.

2482 to] of BT 2488 forsake] sche is b. BT forsaketh he
 shal be b. H₁ 2500 My fader G . . . B₂ 2508 that] þan
 (þanne) XG, B þough E . . . B₂ 2513 al A, S, F alle J, B

[COVEITISE OF
LOVERS.]

Riht only for the covoitise
Of that thei sen a womman riche,
Ther wol thei al here love affiche; 2520
Noght for the Beaute of hire face,
Ne yit for vertu ne for grace,
Which sche hath elles riht ynowh,
Bot for the Park and for the plowh,
And other thing which therto longeth :
For in non other wise hem longeth
To love, bot thei profit finde; P. ii. 212
And if the profit be behinde,
Here love is evere lesse and lesse,
For after that sche hath richesse, 2530
Her love is of proporcion.
If thou hast such condicion,
Mi Sone, tell riht as it is.

Confessio Amantis.

Min holi fader, nay ywiss,
Condicion such have I non.
For trewli, fader, I love oon
So wel with al myn hertes thoght,
That certes, thogh sche hadde noght,
And were as povere as Medea,
Which was exiled for Creusa, 2540
I wolde hir noght the lasse love;
Ne thogh sche were at hire above,
As was the riche qwen Candace,
Which to deserve love and grace
To Alisandre, that was king,
Yaf many a worthi riche thing,
Or elles as Pantasilee,
Which was the quen of Feminee,
And gret richesse with hir nam,
Whan sche for love of Hector cam 2550
To Troie in rescousse of the toun,—
I am of such condicion,
That thogh mi ladi of hirselve
Were also riche as suche tuelve,

2526 hem om. RCB; he L 2540 for J, FH; fro AM . . . Bz,
S . . . Δ, WMagd. 2546 Yaf] Of E . . . Bz 2550 to Hector BT
2551 recousse F 2554 also] as AM . . . Bz, Ad, W

LIBER QUINTUS

17

[COVEITISE OF
LOVERS.]

I couthe noght, thogh it wer so,
 No betre love hir than I do.
 For I love in so plein a wise, **P. ii. 213**
 That forto speke of coveitise,
 As for poverte or for richesse
 Mi love is nouthor mor ne lesse. **2560**
 For in good feith I trowe this,
 So coveitous noman ther is,
 Forwhy and he mi ladi sihe,
 That he thurgh lokinge of his yhe
 Ne scholde have such a strok withinne,
 That for no gold he mihte winne
 He scholde noght hire love asterte,
 Bot if he lefte there his hertæ;
 Be so it were such a man,
 That couthe Skile of a womman. **2570**
 For ther be men so ruide some,
 Whan thei among the wommen come,
 Thei gon under proteccioun,
 That love and his affeccioun
 Ne schal noght take hem be the slieve;
 For thei ben out of that believe,
 Hem lusteth of no ladi chiere,
 Bot evere thenken there and hiere
 Wher that here gold is in the cofre,
 And wol non other love profre: **2580**
 Bot who so wot what love amounteth
 And be resoun trewliche acompteth,
 Than mai he knowe and taken hiede
 That al the lust of wommanhiede,
 Which mai ben in a ladi face,
 Mi ladi hath, and ek of grace
 If men schull yiven hire a pris, **P. ii. 214**
 Thei mai wel seie hou sche is wys
 And sobre and simple of contenance,

2563 he] I (y) BT 2564 his] hir X . . . B₂, T 2571 some]
 of some A . . . B₂, B 2573 protection (t) F 2574 and] of B
 2579 þe gold is in her cofre AdBT her(e) gold is in her(e) E . . . B₂
 ther . . . her H₁ 2587 schulde E . . . B₂, W hire a pris BTA, F
 hir(e) apris (appris) AJMXERLB₂, W here a pris C her(e) apris
 H₁, Ad, H₂

* *

C

[COVEITISE OF
LOVERS.]

And al that to good governance 2590
 Belongeth of a worthi wiht
 Sche hath pleinli : for thilke nyht
 That sche was bore, as for the nones
 Nature sette in hire at ones
 Beaute with bounte so besein,
 That I mai wel afferme and sein,
 I sawh yit nevere creature
 Of comlihied and of feture
 In eny kinges regioun
 Be lich hire in comparisoun : 2600
 And therto, as I have you told,
 Yit hath sche more a thousandfold
 Of bounte, and schortli to telle,
 Sche is the pure hed and welle
 And Mirour and ensample of goode.
 Who so hir vertus understode,
 Me thenkth it oughte ynow suffice
 Withouten other covoitise
 To love such on and to serve,
 Which with hire chiere can deserve 2610
 To be beloved betre ywiss
 Than sche per cas that richest is
 And hath of gold a Milion.
 Such hath be myn opinion
 And evere schal : bot natheles
 I seie noght sche is haveles,
 That sche nys riche and wel at ese, P. ii. 215
 And hath ynow wherwith to plese
 Of worldes good whom that hire liste ;
 Bot o thing wolde I wel ye wiste, 2620
 That nevere for no worldes good
 Min herte untoward hire stod,
 Bot only riht for pure love ;
 That wot the hihe god above.
 Nou, fader, what seie ye therto ?
 Mi Sone, I seie it is wel do.
 For tak of this riht good believe,

Confessor.

LIBER QUINTUS

19

What man that wole himself relieve

[COVEITISE OF
LOVERS.]

To love in eny other wise,

He schal wel finde his coveitise

2630

Schal sore grieve him ate laste,

For such a love mai noght laste.

Bot nou, men sein, in oure daies

Men maken bot a fewe assaies,

Bot if the cause be richesse ;

Forthi the love is wel the lesse.

And who that wolde ensamples telle,

Be olde daies as thei felle,

Than mihte a man wel understonde

Such love mai noght longe stonde.

2640

Now herkne, Sone, and thou schalt hiere

A gret ensample of this matiere.

To trete upon the cas of love,

So as we tolden hiere above,

I finde write a wonder thing.

Of Puile whilom was a king,

A man of hih complexioun

And yong, bot his affeccioun

After the nature of his age

Was yit noght falle in his corage

The lust of wommen forto knowe.

So it betidde upon a throwe

This lord fell into gret seknesse :

Phisique hath don the besinesse

Of sondri cures manyon

To make him hol ; and therupon

A worthi maister which ther was

Yaf him conseil upon this cas,

That if he wolde have parfit hele,

He scholde with a womman dele,

2660

A freissh, a yong, a lusti wiht,

To don him compaignie a nyht ;

For thanne he seide him redily,

That he schal be al hol therby,

[TALE OF THE KING
AND HIS STEWARD'S
WIFE.]

Hic ponit exemplum
contra istos qui non
propter amorem sed
propter diuicias spon-
salia sumunt. Et nar-
rat de quodam Regis
Apulie Seneschallo,
qui non solum prop-
ter pecuniam vxorem
duxit, set etiam pe-
cunie commercio vxor-
em sibi desponsatam
vendidit.

P. ii. 216

2650

2637 ensample AM . . . B₁, W 2658 conseil upon] to conseil in
AM . . . B₁

[TALE OF THE KING
AND HIS STEWARD'S
WIFE.]

And otherwise he kneu no cure.

This king, which stod in aventure
Of lif and deth, for medicine
Assented was, and of covine
His Steward, whom he tristeth wel,
He tok, and tolde him everydel, 2670
Hou that this maister hadde seid :
And therupon he hath him preid
And charged upon his ligance,
That he do make porveance
Of such on as be covenable
For his plesance and delitable ;
And bad him, hou that evere it stod, P. ii. 217
That he schal spare for no good,
For his will is riht wel to paie.

The Steward seide he wolde assaie : 2680
Bot nou hierafter thou schalt wite,
As I finde in the bokes write,
What coveitise in love doth.
This Steward, forto telle soth,
Amonges al the men alyve
A lusti ladi hath to wyve,
Which natheles for gold he tok
And noght for love, as seith the bok.
A riche Marchant of the lond
Hir fader was, and hire fond 2690
So worthily, and such richesse
Of worldes good and such largesse
With hire he yaf in mariage,
That only for thilke advantage
Of good this Steward hath hire take,
For lucre and noght for loves sake,
And that was afterward wel seene ;
Nou herkne what it wolde meene.

This Steward in his oghne herte

2666 The B 2671 his maister E . . . B₁ 2682 the om.
E . . . B₁ 2685 al the] alle (all) XE . . . B₁ 2690 hire] he
hir(e) A . . . B₁, S . . . Δ
2694 f. Whan þat sche was but of 3ong age
for good E . . . B₁ (was of L)
2696 And lucre E . . . B₁

LIBER QUINTUS

21

Sih that his lord mai noght asterte 2700 [TALE OF THE KING
 His maladie, bot he haue AND HIS STEWARD'S
 A lusti womman him to save, WIFE.]
 And thoghte he wolde yive ynowh
 Of his tresor ; wherof he drowh
 Gret coveitise into his mynde,
 And sette his honour fer behynde.
 Thus he, whom gold hath overset, P. ii. 218
 Was trapped in his oghne net ;
 The gold hath mad hise wittes lame,
 So that sechende his oghne schame 2710
 He rouneth in the kinges Ere,
 And seide him that he wiste where
 A gentile and a lusti on
 Tho was, and thider wolde he gon :
 Bot he mot yive yiftes grete ;
 For bot it be thurgh gret beyete
 Of gold, he seith, he schal noght spede.
 The king him bad upon the nede
 That take an hundred pound he scholde,
 And yive it where that he wolde, 2720
 Be so it were in worthi place :
 And thus to stonde in loves grace
 This king his gold hath abandouned.
 And whan this tale was full rouned,
 The Steward tok the gold and wente,
 Withinne his herte and many a wente
 Of coveitise thanne he caste,
 Wherof a pourpos ate laste
 Ayein love and ayein his riht
 He tok, and seide hou thilke nyht 2730
 His wif schal ligge be the king ;
 And goth thenkende upon this thing
 Toward his In, til he cam hom
 Into the chambre, and thanne he nom
 His wif, and tolde hire al the cas.
 And sche, which red for schame was,
 With bothe hire handes hath him preid P. ii. 219

2714 Ther was RCLB, W Wher was E 2735 tolde J, S
 told A, B, F 2737 hath him preid] to him preide B with him p. T

[TALE OF THE KING
AND HIS STEWARD'S
WIFE.]

Knelende and in this wise seid,
That sche to reson and to skile
In what thing that he bidde wile 2740
Is redy forto don his heste,
Bot this thing were noght honeste,
That he for gold hire scholde selle.
And he tho with hise wordes felle
Forth with his gastly contenance
Seith that sche schal don obeissance
And folwe his will in every place;
And thus thurgh strengthe of his manace
Hir innocence is overlad,
Wherof sche was so sore adrad 2750
That sche his will mot nede obeie.
And therupon was schape a weie,
That he his oghne wif be nyhte
Hath out of alle mennes sihte
So prively that non it wiste
Brought to the king, which as him liste
Mai do with hire what he wolde.
For whan sche was ther as sche scholde,
With him abedde under the cloth,
The Steward tok his leve and goth 2760
Into a chambre faste by;
Bot hou he slep, that wot noght I,
For he sih cause of jelousie.
Bot he, which hath the compainie
Of such a lusti on as sche,
Him thoghte that of his degre
Ther was noman so wel at ese: P. ii. 220
Sche doth al that sche mai to plese,
So that his herte al hol sche hadde;
And thus this king his joie ladde, 2770
Til it was nyh upon the day.
The Steward thanne wher sche lay
Cam to the bedd, and in his wise
Hath bede that sche scholde arise.

2738 seyde BT 2740 bidde] didde AM 2752 a weie MC, T
aweie AJ, B, F 2761 faste by AJ, B fasteby F 2771 nyh
om. E . . . Bz 2773 his wise JR, BT, W

LIBER QUINTUS

23

The king seith, 'Nay, sche schal noght go.'

His Steward seide ayein, 'Noght so ;

For sche mot gon er it be knowe,

And so I swor at thilke throwe,

Whan I hire fette to you hierē.'

The king his tale wol noght hierē, 2780

And seith hou that he hath hire boght,

Forthi sche schal departe noght,

Til he the brighte dai beholde.

And cawhte hire in hise armes folde,

As he which liste forto pleie,

And bad his Steward gon his weie,

And so he dede ayein his wille.

And thus his wif abedde stille

Lay with the king the longe nyht,

Til that it was hih Sonne lyht ; 2790

Bot who sche was he knew nothing.

Tho cam the Steward to the king

And preide him that withoute schame

In savinge of hire goode name

He myhte leden hom ayein

This lady, and hath told him plein

Hou that it was his oghne wif. P. ii. 221

The king his Ere unto this strif

Hath leid, and whan that he it herde,

Welnyh out of his wit he ferde, 2800

And seide, 'Ha, caitif most of alle,

Wher was it evere er this befalle,

That eny cokard in this wise

Betok his wif for coveitise ?

Thou hast bothe hire and me beguiled

And ek thin oghne astat reviled,

Wherof that buxom unto thee •

Hierafter schal sche nevere be.

For this avou to god I make,

After this day if I thee take, 2810

Thou schalt ben honged and todrawe.

[TALE OF THE KING
AND HIS STEWARD'S
WIFE.]

2776 The stiward BT Theward J seide no þing so B
2779 hire fette to] hire fette vnto C 3ou fette vnto B 2780 wold(e)
H. E . . . Bz, W 2793 that om. AdB

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

[TALE OF THE KING
AND HIS STEWARD'S
WIFE.]

Nou loke anon thou be withdrawe,
So that I se thee neveremore.
This Steward thanne dradde him sore,
With al the haste that he mai
And fledde awei that same dai,
And was exiled out of londe.

Lo, there a nyce housebonde,
Which thus hath lost his wif for evere!
Bot natheles sche hadde a levere; 2820
The king hire weddeth and honoureth,
Wherof hire name sche socoureth,
Which erst was lost thurgh coveitise
Of him, that ladde hire other wise,
And hath himself also forlore.

Confessor.

Mi Sone, be thou war therfore,
Wher thou schalt love in eny place, P. ii. 222
That thou no covoitise embrace,
The which is noght of loves kinde.
Bot for al that a man mai finde 2830
Nou in this time of thilke rage
Ful gret desese in mariage,
Whan venym melleth with the Sucre
And mariage is mad for lucre,
Or for the lust or for the hele:
What man that schal with outhere dele,
He mai noght faile to repente.

Amans.

Mi fader, such is myn entente:
Bot natheles good is to have,
For good mai ofte time save 2840
The love which scholde elles spille.
Bot god, which wot myn hertes wille,
I dar wel take to witnesse,
Yit was I nevere for richesse
Beset with mariage non;
For al myn herte is upon on
So frely, that in the persone
Stant al my worldes joie al one:
I axe nouthere Park ne Plowh,

2816 þe same E . . . B₂, S . . . A, WH₁ 2836 outhere] oþer
(oþir) M . . . B₂, AdBT, W eiper A

If I hire hadde, it were ynowh, 2850
 Hir love scholde me suffise
 Withouten other coveitise.
 Lo now, mi fader, as of this,
 Touchende of me riht as it is,
 Mi schrifte I am beknowe plein;
 And if ye wole oght elles sein,
 Of covoitise if ther be more P. ii. 223
 In love, agropeth out the sore.

- iv. *Fallere cum nequeat propria vir fraude, subornat* [FALSE WITNESS AND
Testes, sit quod eis vera retorta fides. PERJURY.]
Sicut agros cupidus dum querit amans mulieres,
Vult testes falsos falsus habere suos.
Non sine vindicta periurus abibit in eius
Visu, qui cordis intima cuncta videt.
Fallere periuro non est laudanda puellam
Gloria, set false condicionis opus.

Mi Sone, thou schalt understonde
 Hou Coveitise hath yit on honde 2860
 In special tuo conseilours,
 That ben also hise procurours.
 The ferst of hem is Falswitnessse,
 Which evere is redi to witnessse
 What thing his maister wol him hote:
 Perjurie is the secounde hote,
 Which spareth noght to swere an oth,
 Thogh it be fals and god be wroth.
 That on schal falswitnessse bere,
 That other schal the thing forswere, 2870
 Whan he is charged on the bok.
 So what with hepe and what with crok
 Thei make here maister ofte winne
 And wol noght knowe what is sinne

Hic tractat super
 illis Avaricie specie-
 bus, que falsum Testi-
 monium et Periurium
 nuncupantur; quorum
 fraudulenta circum-
 uencio tam in cupidi-
 tatis quam in amoris
 causa sui desiderii
 propositum quamsepe
 fallaciter attingit.

2856 wold(e) RCLB₂, W

Latin Verses iv. 2 vere A . . . CB₂ vero L verba W 4-7 om. B

7 laudando E . . . B₂

2863 ferst J, S, F ferste A 2863 margin super illis] semper
 de illis E . . . B₂ 2866 Periurie J, F Periure AC, B 2867 margin
 tam cupiditatis EC causa cup. RLB₂ tam in cupiditate H₁
 2868 be wroth] wroth AMH₁ 2872 hepe J, B, F hipe T hupe C
 hup A

FALSE WITNESS AND
PERJURY.]

For coveitise, and thus, men sain,
Thei maken many a fals bargain.
Ther mai no trewe querele arise
In thilke queste and thilke assise,
Where as thei tuo the poeple enforme ;
For thei kepe evere o maner forme, 2880
That upon gold here conscience P. ii. 224
Thei founde, and take here evidence ;
And thus with falswitnessse and othes
Thei winne hem mete and drinke and clothes.

Riht so ther be, who that hem knewe,
Of thes lovers ful many untrewre :
Nou mai a womman finde ynowe,
That ech of hem, whan he schal wowe,
Anon he wole his hand doun lein
Upon a bok, and swere and sein 2890
That he wole feith and trouthe bere ;
And thus he profreth him to swere
To serven evere til he die,
And al is verai tricherie.

For whan the sothe himselven trieth,
The more he swerth, the more he lieth ;
Whan he his feith makth althermest,
Than mai a womman truste him lest ;
For til he mai his will achieve,
He is no lengere forto lieve. 2900

Thus is the trouthe of love exiled,
And many a good womman beguiled.

[FALSE WITNESS.]
Confessor.

And ek to speke of Falswitnessse,
There be nou many suche, I gesse,
That lich unto the provisours
Thei make here prive procurours,
To telle hou ther is such a man,
Which is worthi to love and can
Al that a good man scholde kunne ;
So that with lesinge is begunne 2910
The cause in which thei wole procede, P. ii. 225
And also siker as the crede

2878 and] of BT in XE, W 2900 line om. B 2904 suche
J, SB such A, F 2906 hire AR, F procurous B, F

LIBER QUINTUS

• 27

Thei make of that thei knowen fals.

[FALSE WITNESS.]•

And thus fulofte aboute the hals

Love is of false men embraced ;

Bot love which is so pourchaced

Comth afterward to litel pris.

Forthi, mi Sone, if thou be wis,

Nou thou hast herd this evidence,

Thou miht thin oghne conscience

2920

Oppose, if thou hast ben such on.

Nai, god wot, fader, I am non,

Amans.

Ne nevere was ; for as men seith,

Whan that a man schal make his feith,

His herte and tunge moste acorde ;

For if so be that thei discorde,

Thanne is he fals and elles noght :

And I dar seie, as of my thoght,

In love it is noght descordable

Unto mi word, bot acordable.

2930

And in this wise, fader, I

Mai riht wel swere and salvely,

That I mi ladi love wel,

For that acordeth everydel.

It nedeth noght to mi sothsawe

That I witnesse scholde drawe,

Into this dai for nevere yit

Ne mihte it sinke into mi wit,

That I my conseil scholde seie

To eny wiht, or me bewreie

2940

To sechen help in such manere,

P. ii. 226

Bot only of mi ladi diere.

And thogh a thousand men it wiste,

That I hire love, and thanne hem liste

With me to swere and to witnesse,

Yit were that no falswitnessse ;

For I dar on this trouthe duelle,

I love hire mor than I can telle.

Thus am I, fader, gulteles,

2932 saluely S, F sauely AJ, B 2937 euere BT 2940
bewreie C, SB be wreie J, F by wreie A 2942 of] for BT
on W

[FALSE WITNESS.]

Confessor.

[TALE OF ACHILLES
AND DEIDAMIA.]

Hic ponit exemplum de illis, qui falsum testificantes amoris innocentiam circumveniunt. Et narrat qualiter Thetis Achillem filium suum adolescentem, muliebri vestitum apparatu, asserens esse puellam inter Regis Lichomedis filias ad educandum produxit. Et sic Achilles decepto Rege filie sue Deidamie socia et cubicularia effectus super ipsam Pirrum genuit; qui postea mire probitatis miliciam assecutus mortem patris sui apud Troiam in Polixenen tyrannice vindicauit.

As ye have herd, and natheles
In youre dom I put it al.

2950

Mi Sone, wite in special,
It schal noght comunliche faile,
Al thogh it for a time availe
That Falswitness his cause spede,
Upon the point of his falshiede
It schal wel afterward be kid;
Wherof, so as it is betid,
Ensample of suche thinges blinde
In a Cronique write I finde.

2960

The Goddesse of the See Thetis,
Sche hadde a Sone, and his name is
Achilles, whom to kepe and warde,
Whil he was yong, as into warde
Sche thoghte him salfly to betake,
As sche which dradde for his sake
Of that was seid in prophecie,
That he at Troie scholde die,
Whan that the Cite was belein.

Forthi, so as the bokes sein,
Sche caste hire wit in sondri wise,
Hou sche him mihte so disguise
That noman scholde his bodi knowe:
And so befell that ilke throwe,
Whil that sche thoghte upon this dede,
Ther was a king, which Lichomede
Was hote, and he was wel begon:
With faire dowhtres manyon,
And duelte fer out in an yle.

2970

P. ii. 227

Nou schalt thou hier a wonder wyle:
This queene, which the moder was
Of Achilles, upon this cas
Hire Sone, as he a Maiden were,
Let clothen in the same gere
Which longeth unto wommanhiede:
And he was yong and tok non hiede,

2980

2951 put AJ, S, F (?) putte C, BT 2964 as] and BT, Hs
2966 And AM . . . Bz, W 2967 in] of BT 2975 this] his AMH.X

[TALE OF ACHILLES
AND DEIDAMIA.]

Bot soffreth al that sche him dede.
 Wherof sche hath hire wommen bede
 And charged be here othes alle,
 Hou so it afterward befalle, 2990
 That thei discovere noght this thing,
 Bot feigne and make a knowleching,
 Upon the conseil which was nome,
 In every place wher thei come
 To telle and to witnesse this,
 Hou he here ladi dowhter is.
 And riht in such a maner wise
 Sche bad thei scholde hire don servise,
 So that Achilles underfongeth
 As to a yong ladi belongeth 3000
 Honour, servise and reverence. P. ii. 228
 For Thetis with gret diligence
 Him hath so tawht and so afaited,
 That, hou so that it were awaited,
 With sobre and goodli contenance
 He scholde his wommanhiede avance,
 That non the sothe knowe myhte,
 Bot that in every mannes syhte
 He scholde seme a pure Maide.
 And in such wise as sche him saide, 3010
 Achilles, which that ilke while
 Was yong, upon himself to smyle
 Began, whan he was so besein.
 And thus, after the bokes sein,
 With frette of Perle upon his hed,
 Al freissh between the whyt and red,
 As he which tho was tendre of Age,
 Stod the colour in his visage,
 That forto loke upon his cheke
 And sen his childly manere eke, 3020
 He was a womman to beholde.
 And thanne his moder to him tolde,
 That sche him hadde so begon
 Be cause that sche thoghte gon
 To Lichomede at thilke tyde,

[TALE OF ACHILLES
AND DEIDAMIA.]

Wher that sche seide he scholde abyde
Among hise dowhtres forto duelle.

Achilles herde his moder telle,
And wiste noght the cause why ;
And natheles ful buxomly

3030

He was redy to that sche bad,
Wherof his moder was riht glad,
To Lichomede and forth thei wente.

P. ii. 229

And whan the king knew hire entente,
And sih this yonge dowhter there,
And that it cam unto his Ere

Of such record, of such witesse,
He hadde riht a gret gladnesse

Of that he bothe syh and herde,
As he that wot noght hou it ferde

3040

Upon the conseil of the nede.
Bot for al that king Lichomede
Hath toward him this dowhter take,
And for Thetis his moder sake
He put hire into compainie
To duelle with Deïdamie,
His oghne dowhter, the eldeste,
The faireste and the comelieste
Of alle hise doghtres whiche he hadde.

Lo, thus Thetis the cause ladde,
And lefte there Achilles feigned,
As he which hath himself restreigned
In al that evere he mai and can
Out of the manere of a man,
And tok his wommannysse chiere,
Wherof unto his beddefere
Deïdamie he hath be nyhte.

3050

Wher kinde wole himselve rihte,
After the Philosophres sein,
Ther mai no wiht be therayein :

3060

And that was thilke time seene.

P. ii. 230

3026 he]sche E, BT 3032 hir B riht] ful E . . . B₂ 3045
put AJ, S, F putte C, B 3046 wiþ þat Dedamie RCLB₂
3054 the om. AMGRLB₂ alle (maner of man) H₁ 3058 wolde
EL, BT

LIBER QUINTUS

31

[TALE OF ACHILLES
AND DEIDAMIA.]

The longe nyhtes hem betuene
 Nature, which mai noght forbere,
 Hath mad hem bothe forto stere :
 Thei kessen ferst, and overmore
 The hihe weie of loves lore
 Thei gon, and al was don in dede,
 Wherof lost is the maydenhede ;
 And that was afterward wel knowe.

For it befell that ilke throwe
 At Troie, wher the Siege lay
 Upon the cause of Menelay
 And of his queene dame Heleine,
 The Gregois hadden mochel peine
 Alday to fihte and to assaile.
 Bot for thei mihten noght availe
 So noble a Cite forto winne,
 A prive conseil thei beginne,
 In sondri wise wher thei trete ;
 And ate laste among the grete
 Thei fellen unto this acord,
 That Protheüs, of his record
 Which was an Astronomien
 And ek a gret Magicien,
 Scholde of his calculacion
 Seche after constellacion,
 Hou thei the Cite mihten gete :
 And he, which hadde noght foryete
 Of that belongeth to a clerk,
 His studie sette upon this werk.

3070

3080

3090

P. ii. 231

So longe his wit aboute he caste,
 Til that he fond out ate laste,
 Bot if they hadden Achilles
 Here werre schal ben endeles.
 And over that he tolde hem plein
 In what manere he was besein,
 And in what place he schal be founde ;
 So that withinne a litel stounde
 Ulixes forth with Diomede
 Upon this point to Lichomede

3100

3090 his werk E . . . Bz, Δ the werke W

[TALE OF ACHILLES
AND DEIDAMIA.]

Agamenon togedre sente.
 Bot Ulixes, er he forth wente,
 Which was on of the moste wise,
 Ordeigned hath in such a wise,
 That he the moste riche aray,
 Wherof a womman mai be gay,
 With him hath take manyfold,
 And overmore, as it is told,
 An harneis for a lusti kniht,
 Which burned was as Selver bryht, 3110
 Of swerd, of plate and ek of maile,
 As thogh he scholde to bataille,
 He tok also with him be Schipe.
 And thus togedre in felaschipe
 Forth gon this Diomedes and he
 In hope til thei mihten se
 The place where Achilles is.
 The wynd stod thanne noght amis,
 Bot evene topseilcole it blew,
 Til Ulixes the Marche knew, 3120
 Wher Lichomede his Regne hadde. P. ii. 232
 The Stieresman so wel hem ladde,
 That thei ben comen sauf to londe,
 Wher thei gon out upon the stronde
 Into the Burgh, wher that thei founde
 The king, and he which hath facounde,
 Ulixes, dede the message.
 Bot the conseil of his corage,
 Why that he cam, he tolde noght,
 Bot undernethe he was bethoght 3130
 In what manere he mihte asprie
 Achilles fro Deidamia
 And fro these othre that ther were,
 Full many a lusti ladi there.
 Thei pleide hem there a day or tuo,
 And as it was fortunad so,

3110 burned as *be siluer* E . . . B₂ b. was with s. W b. was of s. H₂
 3119 *topseilcole* ACL, SAd, FH₂ *topseil cole* (coole) MH₂ XGERB₂,
 BT *top seile cole* Δ *to pseilcole* J *to Pheilcole* W *to pleiseil*
 cole Δ

It fell that time in such a wise,
 To Bachus that a sacrificise
 Thes yonge ladys scholden make;
 And for the strange mennes sake, 3140
 That comen fro the Siege of Troie,
 Thei maden wel the more joie.
 Ther was Revel, ther was daunsinge,
 And every lif which coude singe
 Of lusti wommen in the route
 A freissh carole hath sunge aboute;
 Bot for al this yit natheles
 The Greks unknowe of Achilles
 So weren, that in no degre
 Thei couden wite which was he, 3150
 Ne be his vois, ne be his pas. P. ii. 233
 Ulixes thanne upon this cas
 A thing of hih Prudence hath wrought:
 For thilke aray, which he hath broght.
 To yive among the wommen there,
 He let do fetten al the gere
 Forth with a knihtes harneis eke,—
 In al a contre forto seke
 Men scholden noght a fairer se,—
 And every thing in his degre 3160
 Endlong upon a bord he leide.
 To Lichomede and thanne he preide
 That every ladi chese scholde
 What thing of alle that sche wolde,
 And take it as be weie of yifte;
 For thei hemself it scholde schifte,
 He seide, after here oghne wille.
 Achilles thanne stod noght stille:
 Whan he the bryhte helm behield,
 The swerd, the hauberk and the Schield, 3170
 His herte fell therto anon;
 Of all that othre wolde he non,
 The knihtes gere he underfongeth,

3145 Al (Alle) lusti wommen AMH₁ A lusty womman ECLB₂
 Of women lusti Ad þat route E . . . B₂ 3152 this] þe BT
 3158 a contre] þe contre BTA 3169 the om. B

[TALE OF ACHILLES
AND DEIDAMIA.]

And thilke aray which that belongeth
Unto the wommen he forsok.
And in this wise, as seith the bok,
Thei knowen thanne which he was:
For he goth forth the grete pas
Into the chambre where he lay;
Anon, and made no delay,
He armeth him in knyhtli wise,
That bettre can noman devise,
And as fortune scholde falle,
He cam so forth tofore hem alle,
As he which tho was glad ynowh.
But Lichomede nothing lowh,
Whan that he syh hou that it ferde,
For thanne he wiste wel and herde,
His dowhter hadde be forlein;
Bot that he was so oversein,
The wonder overgoth his wit.
For in Cronique is write yit
Thing which schal nevere be foryete,
Hou that Achilles hath begete
Pirrus upon Deïdamie,
Wherof cam out the tricherie
Of Falswitness, whan thei saide
Hou that Achilles was a Maide.
Bot that was nothing sene tho,
For he is to the Siege go
Forth with Ulix and Diomede.

Confessor.

Lo, thus was proved in the dede
And fulli spoke at thilke while:
If o womman an other guile,
Wher is ther eny sikernesse?
Whan Thetis, which was the goddesse,
Deïdamie hath so bejaped,
I not hou it schal ben ascaped
With tho wommen whos innocence
Is nou alday thurgh such credence
Deceived ofte, as it is seene,

3180
P. ii. 234

3190

3200

3210
P. ii. 235

3192 in a Cronique AMH:RCLB, AdA, H: 3197 thei] he X, BT
3209 whos] which AMH: XG 3210 now a day X, B, WH:

LIBER QUINTUS

35

With men that such untrouthe meene.
 For thei ben slyhe in such a wise,
 That thei be sleihte and be queintise
 Of Falswitnessen bringen inne
 That doth hem ofte forto winne,
 Wher thei ben noght worthi therto.
 Forthi, my Sone, do noght so.

[PERJURY.]

Amans

Mi fader, as of Falswitnessen
 The trouthe and the matiere expresse, 3220
 Touchende of love hou it hath ferd,
 As ye have told, I have well herd.
 Bot for ye seiden otherwise,
 Hou thilke vice of Covoitise
 Hath yit Perjurie of his acord,
 If that you list of som record
 To telle an other tale also
 In loves cause of time ago,
 What thing it is to be forswore,
 I wolde preie you therfore, 3230
 Wherof I mihte ensample take.

3230

Mi goode Sone, and for thi sake
 Touchende of this I schal fulfille
 Thin axinge at thin oghne wille,
 And the matiere I schal declare,
 Hou the wommen deceived are,
 Whan thei so tendre herte bere,
 Of that thei hieren men so swere;
 Bot whan it comth unto thassay,
 Thei finde it fals an other day:
 As Jason dede to Medee, 3240
 Which stant yet of Auctorite
 In tokne and in memorial;
 Wherof the tale in special
 Is in the bok of Troie write,
 Which I schal do thee forto wite.

Confessor.

3240

P. ii. 236

In Grece whilom was a king,
 Of whom the fame and knowleching

3217 Wher] per BT 3225 Periurie J, B, F Periure AC
 3237 hertes XL, S . . . Δ 3241 vnto B of T 3246 Who
 pat wol rede it per may wite E . . . B₂

TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

Hic in amoris causa
ponit exemplum con-
tra periuros. Et nar-
rat qualiter Iason,
priusquam ad insulam
Colchos pro aureo vel-
lere ibidem conquest-
ando transmearet, in
amorem et coniugium
Medee Regis Othonis
filie iuramento firmius
se astrinxit; set suo
postea completo nego-
cio, cum ipsam secum
nauigio in Greciam
perduxisset, vbi illa
senectam patris sui
Esonis in floridam
iuuentutem mirabili
sciencia reformauit,
ipse Iason fidei sue
ligamento aliisque
beneficiis postpositis,
dictam Medeam pro
quadam Creusa Regis
Creontis filia periurus
dereliquit.

Beleveth yit, and Peleüs
He hihte; bot it fell him thus,
That his fortune hir whiel so ladde
That he no child his oghne hadde
To regnen after his decess.
He hadde a brother natheles,
Whos rihte name was Eson,
And he the worthi kniht Jason
Begat, the which in every lond
Alle othre passede of his hond
In Armes, so that he the beste
Was named and the worthieste,
He soghte worschipe overal.
Nou herkne, and I thee telle schal
An aventure that he soghte,
Which afterward ful dere he boghte.

3250

3260

Ther was an yle, which Colchos
Was cleped, and therof aros
Gret speche in every lond aboute,
That such merveile was non oute
In al the wyde world nawhere,
As tho was in that yle there.
Ther was a Schiep, as it was told,
The which his flees bar al of gold,
And so the goddes hadde it set,
That it ne mihte awei be fet
Be pouer of no worldes wiht:
And yit ful many a worthi kniht
It hadde assaied, as thei dorste,
And evere it fell hem to the worste.
Bot he, that wolde it noght forsake,
Bot of his knyghthod undertake
To do what thing therto belongeth,
This worthi Jason, sore alongeth
To se the strange regiouns
And knowe the condiciouns
Of othre Marches, where he wente;
And for that cause his hole entente

3270

P. ii. 237

3280

He sette Colchos forto seche,
 And therupon he made a speche
 To Peleüs his Em the king.
 And he wel paid was of that thing; 3290
 And schop anon for his passage,
 And suche as were of his lignage,
 With othre knihtes whiche he ches,
 With him he tok, and Hercules,
 Which full was of chivalerie,
 With Jason wente in compaignie;
 And that was in the Monthe of Maii,
 Whan colde stormes were away.
 The wynd was good, the Schip was yare,
 Thei tok here leve, and forth thei fare 3300
 Toward Colchos: bot on the weie P. ii. 238
 What hem befell is long to seie;
 Hou Lamedon the king of Troie,
 Which oghte wel have mad hem joie,
 Whan thei to reste a while him preide,
 Out of his lond he hem congeide;
 And so fell the dissencion,
 Which after was destruccion
 Of that Cite, as men mai hier:
 Bot that is noght to mi matiere. 3310
 Bot thus this worthi folk Gregeis
 Fro that king, which was noght curteis,
 And fro his lond with Sail updrawe
 Thei wente hem forth, and many a sawe
 Thei made and many a gret manace,
 Til ate laste into that place
 Which as thei soghte thei aryve,
 And striken Sail, and forth as blyve
 Thei sente unto the king and tolden
 Who weren ther and what thei wolden. 3320
 Oëtes, which was thanne king,

3290 that] þis B 3295 was ful AMH₁XG 3300 tok (took)
 AJ, SB, F toke C, Ad, H₁ (token leue H₁) 3304 have mad]
 to make BT 3306 But (Bot) of his lond E . . . B₂ 3311 this]
 þe B þese X 3311 f. gregeis (Gregeis): curteis J, S, F
 Gregois (gregois): curtois (courtoys) AC, B 3321 which þanne
 (þan) was þe k. E . . . B₂ which was the k. H₁, W which was þer k. X

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

Whan that he herde this tyding
 Of Jason, which was comen there,
 And of these othre, what thei were,
 He thoghte don hem gret worschipe :
 For thei anon come out of Schipe,
 And strawht unto the king thei wente,
 And be the hond Jason he hente,
 And that was ate paleis gate,
 So fer the king cam on his gate 3330
 Toward Jason to don him chiere ; P. ii. 239
 And he, whom lacketh no manere,
 Whan he the king sih in presence,
 Yaf him ayein such reverence
 As to a kinges stat belongeth.
 And thus the king him underfongeth,
 And Jason in his arm he cawhte,
 And forth into the halle he strawhte,
 And ther they siete and spieke of thinges,
 And Jason tolde him tho tidinges, 3340
 Why he was come, and faire him preide
 To haste his time, and the kyng seide,
 ' Jason, thou art a worthi kniht,
 Bot it lith in no mannes myht
 To don that thou art come fore :
 Ther hath be many a kniht forlore
 Of that thei wolden it assaie.'
 Bot Jason wolde him noght esmaie,
 And seide, ' Of every worldes cure
 Fortune stant in aventure, 3350
 Per aunter wel, per aunter wo :
 Bot hou as evere that it go,
 It schal be with myn hond assaied.'
 The king tho hield him noght wel paied,
 For he the Grekes sore dredde,
 In aunter, if Jason ne spedde,
 He mihte therof bere a blame ;
 For tho was al the worldes fame
 In Grece, as forto speke of Armes.
 Forthi he dredde him of his harmes, 3360
 3340 tho] þe AM . . . B:

And gan to preche him and to preie ; P. ii. 240 [TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

Bot Jason wolde noght obeie,
Bot seide he wolde his porpos holde
For ought that eny man him tolde.

The king, whan he thes wordes herde,
And sih hou that this kniht ansuerde,
Yit for he wolde make him glad,

After Medea gon he bad,
Which was his dowhter, and sche cam.

And Jason, which good hiede nam, 3370

Whan he hire sih, ayein hire goth ;
And sche, which was him nothing loth,

Welcomede him into that lond,
And softe tok him be the hond,
And doun thei seten bothe same.

Sche hadde herd spoke of his name

And of his grete worthinesse ;

Forthi sche gan hir yhe impresse

Upon his face and his stature,
And thoghte hou nevere creature 3380

Was so wel farende as was he.

And Jason riht in such degre

Ne mihte noght withholde his lok,

Bot so good hiede on hire he tok,

That him ne thoghte under the hevene

Of beaute sawh he nevere hir evene,

With al that fell to wommanhiede.

Thus ech of other token hiede,

Thogh ther no word was of record ;

Here hertes bothe of on acord 3390

Ben set to love, bot as tho P. ii. 241

Ther mihten be no wordes mo.

The king made him gret joie and feste,

To alle his men he yaf an heste,

So as thei wolde his thonk deserve,

That thei scholde alle Jason serve,

Whil that he wolde there duelle.

And thus the dai, schortly to telle,

3365 thes] þis MXGEC

3376 speke(n) AM . . . B₂, B, W

3393 made AJ, B mad S, F

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

With manye merthes thei despente,
 Til nyht was come, and tho thei wente, 3400
 Echon of other tok his leve,
 Whan thei no lengere myhten leve.
 I not hou Jason that nyht slep,
 Bot wel I wot that of the Schep,
 For which he cam into that yle,
 He thoghte bot a litel whyle;
 Al was Medea that he thoghte,
 So that in many a wise he soghte
 His witt wakende er it was day,
 Som time yee, som time nay, 3410
 Som time thus, som time so,
 As he was stered to and fro
 Of love, and ek of his conqueste
 As he was holde of his beheste.
 And thus he ros up be the morwe
 And tok himself seint John to borwe,
 And seide he wolde ferst beginne
 At love, and after forto winne
 The flees of gold, for which he com,
 And thus to him good herte he nom. 3420
 Medea riht the same wise, P. ii. 242
 Til dai cam that sche moste arise,
 Lay and bethoughte hire al the nyht,
 Hou sche that noble worthi kniht
 Be eny weie mihte wedde:
 And wel sche wiste, if he ne spedde
 Of thing which he hadde undertake,
 Sche mihte hirsself no porpos take;
 For if he deide of his bataile,
 Sche moste thanne algate faile 3430
 To geten him, whan he were ded.
 Thus sche began to sette red
 And torne aboute hir wittes alle,
 To loke hou that it mihte falle
 That sche with him hadde a leisir
 To speke and telle of hir desir.
 And so it fell that same day

LIBER QUINTUS

41

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

That Jason with that suete may
Togedre sete and hadden space
To speke, and he besoughte hir grace. 3440
And sche his tale goodli herde,
And afterward sche him ansuerde
And seide, 'Jason, as thou wilt,
Thou miht be sauf, thou miht be spilt;
For wite wel that nevere man,
Bot if he couthe that I can,
Ne mihte that fortune achieve
For which thou comst: bot as I lieve,
If thou wolt holde covenant
To love, of al the remenant 3450
I schal thi lif and honour save, P. ii. 243
That thou the flees of gold schalt have.'
He seide, 'Al at youre oghne wille,
Ma dame, I schal treuly fulfille
Your heste, whil mi lif mai laste.'
Thus longe he preide, and ate laste
Sche granteth, and behihte him this,
That whan nyht comth and it time is,
Sche wolde him sende certainly
Such on that scholde him prively 3460
Al one into hire chambre bringe.
He thonketh hire of that tidinge,
For of that grace him is begonne
Him thenkth alle othre thinges wonne.

The dai made ende and lost his lyht,
And comen was the derke nyht,
Which al the daies yhe blente.
Jason tok leve and forth he wente,
And whan he cam out of the pres,
He tok to conseil Hercules, 3470
And tolde him hou it was betid,
And preide it scholde wel ben hid,
And that he wolde loke aboute,
Therwhiles that he schal ben oute.
Thus as he stod and hiede nam,

3440 he om. E . . . B₂ 3465 lost is l. AYES, S 3472
And nought þer of hap fro him hid E . . . B₂ ben wel MH.X

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

A Mayden fro Medea cam
And to hir chambre Jason ledde,
Wher that he fond redi to bedde
The faireste and the wiseste eke;
And sche with simple chiere and meke, 3480
Whan sche him sih, wax al aschamed. P. ii. 244
Tho was here tale newe entamed;
For sikernesse of Mariage
Sche fette forth a riche ymage,
Which was figure of Jupiter,
And Jason swor and seide ther,
That also wiss god scholde him helpe,
That if Medea dede him helpe,
That he his pourpos myhte winne,
Thei scholde nevere parte atwinne, 3490
Bot evere whil him lasteth lif,
He wolde hire holde for his wif.
And with that word thei kisten bothe;
And for thei scholden hem unclothe,
Ther cam a Maide, and in hir wise
Sche dede hem bothe full servise,
Til that thei were in bedde naked:
I wot that nyht was wel bewaked,
Thei hadden bothe what thei wolde.
And thanne of leisir sche him tolde, 3500
And gan fro point to point enforme
Of his bataile and al the forme,
Which as he scholde finde there,
Whan he to thyle come were.

Sche seide, at entre of the pas
Hou Mars, which god of Armes was,
Hath set tuo Oxen sterne and stoute,
That caste fyr and flamme aboute
Bothe at the mouth and ate nase,
So that thei setten al on blase 3510
What thing that passeth hem betwene: P. ii. 245
And forthermore upon the grene
Ther goth the flees of gold to kepe

3481 aschamed A, SB a schamed J, F 3482 hire tale AJMXE
3484 sette BT 3490 departe AMXG

LIBER QUINTUS

43

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

A Serpent, which mai nevere slepe.
 Thus who that evere scholde it winne,
 The fyr to stoppe he mot beginne,
 Which that the fierce bestes caste,
 And daunte he mot hem ate laste,
 So that he mai hem yoke and dryve ;
 And therupon he mot as blyve 3520
 The Serpent with such strengthe assaile,
 That he mai slen him be bataile ;
 Of which he mot the teth outdrawe,
 As it belongeth to that lawe,
 And thanne he mot tho Oxen yoke,
 Til thei have with a plowh tobroke
 A furgh of lond, in which arowe
 The teth of thaddre he moste sowe,
 And therof schule arise knihtes
 Wel armed up at alle rihtes. 3530
 Of hem is noght to taken hiede,
 For ech of hem in hastihiede
 Schal other slen with dethes wounde :
 And thus whan thei ben leid to grounde,
 Than mot he to the goddes preie,
 And go so forth and take his preie.
 Bot if he faile in eny wise
 Of that ye hiere me devise,
 Ther mai be set non other weie,
 That he ne moste algates deie. 3540
 'Nou have I told the peril al : P. ii. 246
 I woll you tellen forth withal,'
 Quod Medea to Jason tho,
 'That ye schul knowen er ye go,
 Ayein the venym and the fyr
 What schal ben the recoverir.
 Bot, Sire, for it is nyh day,
 Ariseth up, so that I may
 Delivere you what thing I have,
 That mai youre lif and honour save.' 3550
 Thei weren bothe loth to rise,

3517 the] þo ERC, SBT 3533 dethes] hasty E . . . B₁
 3534 leid] brought B 3545 and] of BT

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

Bot for thei weren bothe wise,
 Up thei arisen ate laste :
 Jason his clothes on him caste
 And made him redi riht anon,
 And sche hir scherte dede upon
 And caste on hire a mantel clos,
 Withoute more and thanne aros.
 Tho tok sche forth a riche Tye
 Mad al of gold and of Perrie, 3560
 Out of the which sche nam a Ring,
 The Ston was worth al other thing.
 Sche seide, whil he wolde it were,
 Ther myhte no peril him dere,
 In water mai it noght be dreynt,
 Wher as it comth the fyr is queynt,
 It daunteth ek the cruel beste,
 Ther may no qued that man areste,
 Wher so he be on See or lond,
 Which hath that ring upon his hond : 3570
 And over that sche gan to sein, P. ii. 247
 That if a man wol ben unsein,
 Withinne his hond hold clos the Ston,
 And he mai invisible gon.
 The Ring to Jason sche betauhte,
 And so forth after sche him tauhte
 What sacrificise he scholde make ;
 And gan out of hire cofre take
 Him thoughte an hevenely figure,
 Which al be charme and be conjure 3580
 Was wroght, and ek it was thurgh write
 With names, which he scholde wite,
 As sche him tauhte tho to rede ;
 And bad him, as he wolde spede,
 Withoute reste of eny while,
 Whan he were loded in that yle,
 He scholde make his sacrificise
 And rede his carecte in the wise
 As sche him tauhte, on knes down bent,
 Thre sithes toward orient ; 3590

3582 name RCLB, T which AJ, S, F whiche B

For so scholde he the goddes plese
 And winne himselven mochel ese.
 And whanne he hadde it thries rad,
 To opne a buiste sche him bad,
 Which sche ther tok him in present,
 And was full of such oignement,
 That ther was fyr ne venym non
 That scholde fastnen him upon,
 Whan that he were enoynt withal.
 Forthi sche tauhte him hou he schal 3600
 Enoignte his armes al aboute, P. ii. 248
 And for he scholde nothing doute,
 Sche tok him thanne a maner glu,
 The which was of so gret vertu,
 That where a man it wolde caste,
 It scholde binde anon so faste
 That noman mihte it don aweie.
 And that sche bad be alle weie
 He scholde into the mouthes throwen
 Of tho tweie Oxen that fyr blowen, 3610
 Therof to stoppen the malice;
 The glu schal serve of that office.
 And over that hir oignement,
 Hir Ring and hir enchantement
 Ayein the Serpent scholde him were,
 Til he him sle with swerd or spere:
 And thanne he may saufliche ynowh
 His Oxen yoke into the plowh
 And the teth sowe in such a wise,
 Til he the knyhtes se arise, 3620
 And ech of other doun be leid
 In such manere as I have seid.

Lo, thus Medea for Jason
 Ordeigneth, and preith therupon
 That he nothing foryete scholde,
 And ek sche preith him that he wolde,
 Whan he hath alle his Armes don,
 To grounde knele and thonke anon

3599 enoynt J, S, F anoynt AC, B So 3601 3619 such(e)
 wise XGE, B

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

The goddes, and so forth be ese
The flees of gold he scholde sese. 3630
And whanne he hadde it sesed so, P. ii. 249
That thanne he were sone ago
Withouten eny tariyng.

Whan this was seid, into wepinge
Sche fell, as sche that was thurgh nome
With love, and so fer overcome,
That al hir world on him sche sette.
Bot whan sche sih ther was no lette,
That he mot nedes parte hire fro,
Sche tok him in hire armes tuo, 3640
An hundred time and gan him kisse,
And seide, 'O, al mi worldes blisse,
Mi trust, mi lust, mi lif, min hele,
To be thin helpe in this querele
I preie unto the goddes alle.'
And with that word sche gan doun falle
On swoune, and he hire uppe nam,
And forth with that the Maiden cam,
And thei to bedde anon hir broghte,
And thanne Jason hire besoghte, 3650
And to hire seide in this manere:
'Mi worthi lusti ladi dere,
Conforteth you, for be my trouthe
It schal noght fallen in mi slouthe
That I ne wol thurghout fulfille
Youre hestes at youre oghne wille.
And yit I hope to you bringe
Withinne a while such tidinge,
The which schal make ous bothe game.'

Bot for he wolde kepe hir name, 3660
Whan that he wiste it was nyh dai, P. ii. 250
He seide, 'A dieu, mi swete mai.'
And forth with him he nam his gere,
Which as sche hadde take him there,
And strauht unto his chambre he wente,
And goth to bedde and slep him hente,

3647 Of swoune RCLBa, BT Inne swone W uppe nam] vp
po nam E . . . Ba vpon name Hi 3665 he om, E . . . Ba, BT, W

LIBER QUINTUS

47

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

And lay, that noman him awok,
 For Hercules hiede of him tok,
 Til it was undren hih and more.
 And thanne he gan to sighe sore 3670
 And sodeinliche abreide of slep;
 And thei that token of him kep,
 His chamberleins, be sone there,
 And maden redi al his gere,
 And he aros and to the king
 He wente, and seide hou to that thing
 For which he cam he wolde go.
 The king therof was wonder wo,
 And for he wolde him fain withdrawe,
 He tolde him many a dredful sawe, 3680
 Bot Jason wolde it noght recorde,
 And ate laste thei acorde.
 Whan that he wolde noght abide,
 A Bot was redy ate tyde,
 In which this worthi kniht of Grece
 Ful armed up at every piece,
 To his bataile which belongeth,
 Tok ore on honde and sore him longeth,
 Til he the water passed were.
 Whan he cam to that yle there, 3690
 He set him on his kneis doun strauht, P. ii. 251
 And his carecte, as he was tawht,
 He radde, and made his sacrificise,
 And siththe enoignte him in that wise,
 As Medea him hadde bede;
 And thanne aros up fro that stede,
 And with the glu the fyr he queynte,
 And anon after he atteinte
 The grete Serpent and him slowh.
 Bot erst he hadde sorwe ynowh, 3700
 For that Serpent made him travaile

3668 of hem CL on him W 3669 vnder ERL, BT, Hs
 vndorne X vndur CBs, W 3671 abreide] he breide E . . . Bz,
 BT, Hs 3678 was wonder wo] þan was ful wo YE . . . Bz, BTA
 3688 ore on] oore in RLBz, Δ sore in EC, BT (And forþ with all
 his wey he fongep X) 3691 set AJ, S, F sette C, B

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

So harde and sore of his bataile,
That nou he stod and nou he fell:
For longe time it so befell,
That with his swerd ne with his spere
He mihte noght that Serpent dere.
He was so scherded al aboute,
It hield all eggetol withoute,
He was so ruide and hard of skin,
Ther mihte nothing go therin; 3710
Venym and fyr togedre he caste,
That he Jason so sore ablaste,
That if ne were his oignement,
His Ring and his enchantement,
Which Medea tok him tofore,
He hadde with that worm be lore;
Bot of vertu which therof cam
Jason the Dragon overcam.
And he anon the teth outdrouh,
And sette his Oxen in a plouh, 3720
With which he brak a piece of lond P. ii. 252
And sieu hem with his oghne hond.
Tho mihte he gret merveile se:
Of every toth in his degre
Sprong up a kniht with spere and schield,
Of whiche anon riht in the field
Echon slow other; and with that
Jason Medea noght foryat,
On bothe his knes he gan doun falle,
And yaf thonk to the goddes alle. 3730
The Flees he tok and goth to Bote,
The Sonne schyneth bryhte and hote,
The Flees of gold schon forth withal,
The water glistreth overal.

Medea wepte and sigheth ofte,
And stod upon a Tour alofte:
Al prively withinne herselfe,
Ther herde it nouthen ten ne tuelve,
Sche preide, and seide, 'O, god him spede,

3705 ne] and BT, W 3706 þe serpent XBs, BT, W 3720
his plough YE . . . Bs, BT the plough W

LIBER QUINTUS

49

The kniht which hath mi maidenhiede!' 3740 [TALE OF JASON AND
And ay sche loketh toward thyle. MEDEA.]

Bot whan sche sih withinne a while
The Flees glistrende ayein the Sonne,
Sche saide, 'Ha lord, now al is wonne,
Mi kniht the field hath overcome:

Nou wolde god he were come;
Ha lord, that he ne were alonde!' 3750
Bot I dar take this on honde,
If that sche hadde wynges tuo,
Sche wolde have flowe unto him tho
Strawht ther he was into the Bot. P. ii. 253

The dai was clier, the Sonne hot,
The Gregeis weren in gret doute,
The whyle that here lord was oute:
Thei wisten noght what scholde tyde,
Bot waiten evere upon the tyde,
To se what ende scholde falle.
Ther stoden ek the nobles alle
Forth with the comun of the toun;
And as thei loken up and doun, 3760

Thei weren war withinne a throwe,
Wher cam the bot, which thei wel knowe,
And sihe hou Jason broghte his preie.
And tho thei gonnen alle seie,
And criden alle with o stevene,
'Ha, wher was evere under the hevene
So noble a knyht as Jason is?'

And welnyh alle seiden this,
That Jason was a faie kniht,
For it was nevere of mannes miht 3770
The Flees of gold so forto winne;
And thus to talen thei beginne.

With that the king com forth anon,
And sih the Flees, hou that it schon;

3742 whan (when) AJC, B whanne F 3744 a (ha) lord al
is y wonne (al is wonne) YE . . . B₂, BTA ha lord al now is w.
MHXG 3747 on londe E . . . B₂, BTA, W 3751 he om. AM
3765 cried (criede) RCLB₂, Δ 3772 to talen] talen B of talen M
of tales H₁ to talkan W

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

And whan Jason cam to the lond,
The king himselve tok his hond
And kist him, and gret joie him made.
The Gregeis weren wonder glade,
And of that thing riht merie hem thoghte,
And forth with hem the Flees thei broghte, 3780
And ech on other gan to leyhe; P. ii. 254
Bot wel was him that mihte neyhe,
To se therof the proprete.
And thus thei passen the cite
And gon unto the Paleis straght.
Medea, which foryat him naght,
Was redy there, and seide anon,
'Welcome, O worthi kniht Jason.'
Sche wolde have kist him wonder fayn,
Bot schame tornede hire agayn; 3790
It was noght the manere as tho,
Forthi sche dorste noght do so.
Sche tok hire leve, and Jason wente
Into his chambre, and sche him sente
Hire Maide to sen hou he ferde;
The which whan that sche sih and herde,
Hou that he hadde faren oute
And that it stod wel al aboute,
Sche tolde hire ladi what sche wiste,
And sche for joie hire Maide kiste. 3800
The bathes weren thanne araied,
With herbes tempred and assaied,
And Jason was unarmed sone
And dede as it befell to done:
Into his bath he wente anon
And wyssh him clene as eny bon;
He tok a sopp, and oute he cam,
And on his beste aray he nam,
And kempde his hed, whan he was clad,
And goth him forth al merie and glad 3810
Riht strawht into the kinges halle. P. ii. 255
The king cam with his knihtes alle

3791 as tho] also AM . . . B₂, BT
3798 al om. AMH₁, H₂W

3796 sche] he H₁, BT

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

And maden him glad welcominge;
And he hem tolde the tidinge
Of this and that, hou it befell,
Whan that he wan the schepes fell.

Medea, whan sche was asent,
Com sone to that parlement,
And whan sche mihte Jason se,
Was non so glad of alle as sche.
Ther was no joie forto seche,
Of him mad every man a speche,
Som man seide on, som man seide other;
Bot thogh he were goddes brother
And mihte make fyr and thonder,
Ther mihte be nomore wonder
Than was of him in that cite.

3820

Echon tauhte other, 'This is he,
Which hath in his pouer withinne
That al the world ne mihte winne;
Lo, hier the beste of alle goode.'
Thus saiden thei that there stode,
And ek that walkede up and doun,
Bothe of the Court and of the toun.

3830

The time of Souper cam anon,
Thei wisshen and therto thei gon,
Medea was with Jason set:
Tho was ther many a deynte fet
And set tofore hem on the bord,
Bot non so likinge as the word
Which was ther spoke among hem tuo, P. ii. 256
So as thei dorste speke tho.
Bot thogh thei hadden litel space,
Yit thei acorden in that place
Hou Jason scholde come at nyht,
Whan every torche and every liht
Were oute, and thanne of other thinges
Thei spieke aloud for supposinges
Of hem that stoden there aboute:

3840

3814 the] po EC, B 3822 mad AJ, S, F made C, B 3823
seide . . . seide AC, B seid . . . seide S, F seid . . . seid J
3847 of om. E . . . Bz, BT

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

For love is everemore in doute, 3850

If that it be wisly governed

Of hem that ben of love lerned.

Whan al was don, that dissh and cuppe

And cloth and bord and al was uppe,

Thei waken whil hem lest to wake,

And after that thei leve take

And gon to bedde forto reste.

And whan him thoghte for the beste,

That every man was faste aslepe,

Jason, that wolde his time kepe, 3860

Goth forth stalkende al prively

Unto the chambre, and redely

Ther was a Maide, which him kepte.

Medea wok and nothing slepte,

Bot natheles sche was abedde,

And he with alle haste him spedde

And made him naked and al warm.

Anon he tok hire in his arm :

What nede is forto speke of ese?

Hem list ech other forto plese, 3870

So that thei hadden joie ynow : P. ii. 257

And tho thei setten whanne and how

That sche with him away schal stele.

With wordes suche and othre fele

Whan al was treted to an ende,

Jason tok leve and gan forth wende

Unto his oughne chambre in pes ;

Ther wiste it non bot Hercules.

He slepte and ros whan it was time,

And whanne it fell towards prime, 3880

He tok to him suche as he triste

In secre, that non other wiste,

And told hem of his conseil there,

And seide that his wille were

That thei to Schipe hadde alle thinge

So priveliche in thevenynge,

That noman mihte here dede asprie

3851 ffor if it be E . . . Be, BT But if hit be W 3879 slepte]
slep (sleep) YE, B 3883 him AH, XR

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

Bot tho that were of compaignie :
 For he woll go withoute leve,
 And lengere woll he noght beleve ; 3890
 Bot he ne wolde at thilke throwe
 The king or queene scholde it knowe.
 Thei saide, 'Al this schal wel be do :'
 And Jason truste wel therto.

Medea in the mene while,
 Which thoghte hir fader to beguile,
 The Tresor which hir fader hadde
 With hire al priveli sche ladde,
 And with Jason at time set
 Away sche stal and fond no let, 3900
 And straght sche goth hire unto schipe P. ii. 258

Of Grece with that felaschipe,
 And thei anon drowe up the Seil.
 And al that nyht this was conseil,
 Bot erly, whan the Sonne schon,
 Men syhe hou that thei were agon,
 And come unto the king and tolde :
 And he the sothe knowe wolde,
 And axeth where his dowhter was.
 Ther was no word bot Out, Allas ! 3910

Sche was ago. The moder wepte,
 The fader as a wod man lepte,
 And gan the time forto warie,
 And swor his oth he wol noght tarie,
 That with Caliphe and with galeie
 The same cours, the same weie,
 Which Jason tok, he wolde take,
 If that he mihte him overtake.
 To this thei seiden alle yee :
 Anon thei weren ate See, 3920

And alle, as who seith, at a word
 Thei gon withinne schipes bord,
 The Sail goth up, and forth thei strauhte.
 Bot non espleit therof thei cauhte,
 And so thei tornen hom ayein,

3888 in compaignie AM . . . Bz, BT 3914 wolde (wold)
 M . . . Bz, BTA, WHs

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

For al that labour was in vein.

Jason to Grece with his preie
Goth thurgh the See the rihte weie :
Whan he ther com and men it tolde,
Thei maden joie yonge and olde. 3930
Eson, whan that he wiste of this, P. ii. 259
Hou that his Sone comen is,
And hath achieved that he soughte
And hom with him Medea broughte,
In al the wyde world was non
So glad a man as he was on.
Togedre ben these lovers tho,
Til that thei hadden sones tuo,
Wherof thei weren bothe glade,
And olde Eson gret joie made 3940
To sen thenccress of his lignage ;
For he was of so gret an Age,
That men awaiten every day,
Whan that he scholde gon away.
Jason, which sih his fader old,
Upon Medea made him bold,
Of art magique, which sche couthe,
And preith hire that his fader youthe
Sche wolde make ayeinward newe :
And sche, that was toward him trewe, 3950
Behihte him that sche wolde it do, .
Whan that sche time sawh therto.
Bot what sche dede in that matiere
It is a wonder thing to hiere,
Bot yit for the novellerie
I thenke tellen a partie.

Nota quibus medi-
camentis Esonem
senectute decrepitum
ad sue iuuentutis
adolescenciam pru-
dens Medea reduxit.

Thus it befell upon a nyht,
Whan ther was noght bot sterreliht,
Sche was vanyssht riht as hir liste,
That no wyht bot himself it wiste, 3960
And that was ate mydnyht tyde. P. ii. 260
The world was stille on every side ;

3956 telle a gret partie B, W tellen it a parti Δ 3960 it
wiste] wiste CLB₂, BTΔ ne wist(e) MH₁X 3962 in euery side
E . . . B₂, BT

With open hed and fot al bare,
 Hir her tosprad sche gan to fare,
 Upon hir clothes gert sche was,
 Al specheles and on the gras
 Sche glod forth as an Addre doth :
 Non otherwise sche ne goth,
 Til sche cam to the freisshe flod,
 And there a while sche withstod. 3970
 Thries sche torned hire aboute,
 And thries ek sche gan doun loute
 And in the flod sche wette hir her,
 And thries on the water ther
 Sche gaspeth with a drecchinge onde,
 And tho sche tok hir speche on honde.
 Ferst sche began to clepe and calle
 Upward unto the sterres alle,
 To Wynd, to Air, to See, to lond
 Sche preide, and ek hield up hir hond 3980
 To Echates, and gan to crie,
 Which is goddesse of Sorcerie.
 Sche seide, 'Helpeth at this nede,
 And as ye maden me to spede,
 Whan Jason cam the Flees to seche,
 So help me nou, I you beseche.'
 With that sche loketh and was war,
 Doun fro the Sky ther cam a char,
 The which Dragouns aboute drowe :
 And tho sche gan hir hed doun bowe, 3990
 And up sche styh, and faire and wel P. ii. 261
 Sche drof forth bothe char and whel
 Above in thair among the Skyes.
 The lond of Crete and tho parties
 Sche soughte, and faste gan hire hye,
 And there upon the hulles hyhe
 Of Othrin and Olimpe also,
 And ek of othre hulles mo,

3964 Hir heed BT 3966 and on] vpon BT 3975 drecchinge
 honde J drenching(e) onde YXGEC, BTA drenching(e) hond(e)
 AH1RLB2 dremchinge honde M 3990 An F 3992 bothe]
 by þe E, BTA but H3

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

Sche fond and gadreth herbes suote,
 Sche pulleth up som be the rote, 4000
 And manye with a knyf sche scherth,
 And alle into hir char sche berth.
 Thus whan sche hath the hulles sought,
 The flodes ther foryat sche nought,
 Eridian and Amphrisos,
 Peneie and ek Spercheidos,
 To hem sche wente and ther sche nom
 Bothe of the water and the fom,
 The sond and ek the smale stones,
 Whiche as sche ches out for the nones, 4010
 And of the rede See a part,
 That was behovelich to hire art,
 Sche tok, and after that aboute
 Sche soughte sondri sedes oute
 In feldes and in many greves,
 And ek a part sche tok of leves:
 Bot thing which mihte hire most availe
 Sche fond in Crete and in Thessaile.
 In daies and in nyhtes Nyne,
 With gret travaille and with gret pyne, 4020
 Sche was pourveid of every piece, P. ii. 262
 And torneth homward into Grece.
 Before the gates of Eson
 Hir char sche let awai to gon,
 And tok out ferst that was therinne;
 For tho sche thoghte to beginne
 Such thing as semeth impossible,
 And made hirselves invisible,
 As sche that was with Air enclosed
 And mihte of noman be desclosed. 4030
 Sche tok up turves of the lond
 Withoute helpe of mannes hond,
 Al heled with the grene gras,
 Of which an Alter mad ther was

4006 Spertheidos XECB₂, BT 4008 and of þe AM . . . B₂,
 BTΔΔ, W 4020 To make wiþ þis medicine B line om. TA
 4024 His AMRC, T 4029 þat wiþ þe air YE . . . B₂, BT þat was
 with þe air Δ þat was of air XG

Unto Echates the goddesse
 Of art magique and the maistresse,
 And eft an other to Juvente,
 As sche which dede hir hole entente.
 Tho tok sche fieldwode and verveyne,
 Of herbes ben noght betre tueine, 4040
 Of which anon withoute let
 These alters ben aboute set:
 Tuo sondri puttes faste by
 Sche made, and with that hastely
 A wether which was blak sche slouh,
 And out therof the blod sche drouh
 And dede into the pettes tuo;
 Warm melk sche putte also therto
 With hony meynd: and in such wise
 Sche gan to make hir sacrifice, 4050
 And cride and preide forth withal P. ii. 263
 To Pluto the god infernal,
 And to the queene Proserpine.
 And so sche soghte out al the line
 Of hem that longen to that craft,
 Behinde was no name laft,
 And preide hem alle, as sche wel couthe,
 To grante Eson his ferste youthe.
 This olde Eson broght forth was tho,
 Awei sche bad alle othre go 4060
 Upon peril that mihte falle;
 And with that word thei wenten alle,
 And leften there hem tuo al one.
 And tho sche gan to gaspe and gone,
 And made signes manyon,
 And seide hir wordes therupon;
 So that with spellinge of hir charmes
 Sche tok Eson in both hire armes,
 And made him forto slepe faste,
 And him upon hire herbes caste. 4070
 The blake wether tho sche tok,

4043 puttes AJ, B, F pettes S 4049 and in such wise] in such
 a wise C in such(e) wise BT and such(e) wise RLBs 4067 And
 þan B And þat T

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

And hiewh the fleissh, as doth a cok ;
 On either alter part sche leide,
 And with the charmes that sche seide
 A fyr down fro the Sky alyhte
 And made it forto brenne lyhte.
 Bot whan Medea sawh it brenne,
 Anon sche gan to sterte and renne
 The fyri aulters al aboute :
 Ther was no beste which goth oute 4080
 More wylde than sche semeth ther : P. ii. 264
 Aboute hir schuldres hyng hir her,
 As thogh sche were oute of hir mynde
 And torned in an other kynde.
 Tho lay ther certein wode cleft,
 Of which the pieces nou and eft
 Sche made hem in the pettes wete,
 And put hem in the fyri hete,
 And tok the brond with al the blase,
 And thries sche began to rase 4090
 Aboute Eson, ther as he slepte ;
 And eft with water, which sche kepte,
 Sche made a cercle aboute him thries,
 And eft with fyr of sulphre twyes :
 Ful many an other thing sche dede,
 Which is noght writen in this stede.
 Bot tho sche ran so up and doun,
 Sche made many a wonder soun,
 Somtime lich unto the cock,
 Somtime unto the Laverock, 4100
 Somtime 'kacleth as a Hen,
 Somtime spekth as don the men :
 And riht so as hir jargoun strangeth,
 In sondri wise hir forme changeth,
 Sche semeth faie and no womman ;
 For with the craftes that sche can
 Sche was, as who seith, a goddesse,
 And what hir liste, more or lesse,
 Sche dede, in bokes as we finde,

4072 be cook H1G, BT 4073 either] euery AM . . . B3
 4088 put J, S, F putte AC, B 4106 forþ A . . . GC

LIBER QUINTUS

59

That passeth over manneskinde. 4110 [TALE OF JASON AND
 Bot who that wole of wondres hier, P. ii. 265 MEDEA.]
 What thing sche wroghte in this matiere,
 To make an ende of that sche gan,
 Such merveile herde nevere man.
 Apointed in the newe Mone,
 Whan it was time forto done,
 Sche sette a caldron on the fyr,
 In which was al the hole atir,
 Wheron the medicine stod,
 Of jus, of water and of blod, 4120
 And let it buile in such a plit,
 Til that sche sawh the spume whyt;
 And tho sche caste in rynde and rote,
 And sed and flour that was for bote,
 With many an herbe and many a ston,
 Wherof sche hath ther many on:
 And ek Cimpheius the Serpent
 To hire hath alle his scales lent,
 Chelidre hire yaf his adres skin,
 And sche to builen caste hem in; 4130
 A part ek of the horned Oule,
 The which men hier on nyhtes houle;
 And of a Raven, which was told
 Of nyne hundred wynter old,
 Sche tok the hed with al the bile;
 And as the medicine it wile,
 Sche tok thereafter the bouele
 Of the Seewolf, and for the hele
 Of Eson, with a thousand mo
 Of thinges that sche hadde tho, 4140
 In that Caldroun togedre as blyve P. ii. 266
 Sche putte, and tok thanne of Olyve
 A drie branche hem with to stere,
 The which anon gan floure and bere
 And waxe al freissh and grene ayein.

4110 over] euery ERLB, W ony C oure X 4113 make] take
 ERCB, 4129 his] hir C, B 4137 thereafter] after E . . . B,
 her (hir) after BT 4138 seefoul E, BTA sedewolf L 4140
 that] which E . . . B, W

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

Whan sche this vertu hadde sein,
 Sche let the leste drope of alle
 Upon the bare flor doun fallè;
 Anon ther sprong up flour and gras,
 Where as the drope falle was, 4150
 And wox anon al medwe grene,
 So that it mihte wel be sene.
 Medea thanne knew and wiste
 Hir medicine is forto triste,
 And goth to Eson ther he lay,
 And tok a swerd was of assay,
 With which a wounde upon his side
 Sche made, that therout mai slyde
 The blod withinne, which was old
 And sek and trouble and fieble and cold. 4160
 And tho sche tok unto his us
 Of herbes al the beste jus,
 And poured it into his wounde;
 That made his veynes fulle and sounde:
 And tho sche made his wounde clos,
 And tok his hand, and up he ros;
 And tho sche yaf him drinke a drauhte,
 Of which his youthe ayein he cauhte,
 His hed, his herte and his visage
 Lich unto twenty wynter Age; 4170
 Hise hore heres were away, P. ii. 267
 And lich unto the freisshe Maii,
 Whan passed ben the colde schoures,
 Riht so recovereth he his floures.
 Lo, what mihte eny man devise,
 A womman schewe in eny wise
 Mor hertly love in every stede,
 Than Medea to Jason dede?
 Ferst sche made him the flees to winne,
 And after that fro kiththe and kinne 4180
 With gret tresor with him sche stal,
 And to his fader forth withal

4151 mede E . . . Bz 4152 be sene (scene) AJ, B besene S, F
 4160 and fieble] fieble E, B, W 4161 into (in to) AM . . . Bz
 4177 eny stede XGL, BA

LIBER QUINTUS

61

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

His Elde hath torned into youthe,
Which thing non other womman couthe :
Bot hou it was to hire aquit,
The remembrance duelleth yit.

King Peleüs his Em was ded,
Jason bar corone on his hed,
Medea hath fulfild his wille :
Bot whanne he scholde of riht fulfille
The trouthe, which to hire afore
He hadde in thyle of Colchos swore,
Tho was Medea most deceived.
For he an other hath received,
Which dowhter was to king Creon,
Creusa sche hihte, and thus Jason,
As he that was to love untrewē,
Medea leste and tok a newe.

4190

Bot that was after sone aboght :
Medea with hire art hath wroght
Of cloth of gold a mantel riche,
Which semeth worth a kingesriche,
And that was unto Creusa sent

4200

P. ii. 268

In name of yifte and of present,
For Sosterhode hem was betuene ;
And whan that yonge freisshe queene
That mantel lappeth hire aboute,
Anon therof the fyr sprong oute
And brente hir bothe fleissh and bon.

Tho cam Medea to Jason
With bothe his Sones on hire hond,
And seide, 'O thou of every lond
The moste untrewē creature,
Lo, this schal be thi forfeiture.'

4210

With that sche bothe his Sones slouh
Before his yhe, and he outdrouh
His swerd and wold have slayn hir tho,
Bot farewel, sche was ago

Unto Pallas the Court above,
Wher as sche pleigneth upon love,
As sche that was with that goddesse,

4220

[TALE OF JASON AND
MEDEA.]

Confessor.

Amans.

Confessor.

[TALE OF PHRIXUS
AND HELLE.]

Nota qualiter aur-
cum vellus in partes
insule Colchos primo
deuenit. Athemas
Rex Philen habuit
coniugem, ex qua
Frixum et Hellen
genuit: mortua autem
Philen Athemas Yno-
nem Regis Cadmi fi-
liam postea in vxorem
duxit, que more No-
uerce dictos infantes
in tantum recollegit
odium, quod ambos
in mare proici penes
Regem procurauit.
Vnde Iuno compaci-
ens quendam Arietem
grandem aureo vesti-
tum vellere ad litus

And he was left in gret destresse.

Thus miht thou se what sorwe it doth
To swere an oth which is noght soth,
In loves cause namely.
Mi Sone, be wel war forthi,
And kep that thou be noght forswore:
For this, which I have told tofore,
Ovide telleth everydel.

Mi fader, I may lieve it wel,
For I have herde it ofte seie
Hou Jason tok the flees aweie
Fro Colchos, bot yit herde I noght
Be whom it was ferst thider broght.
And for it were good to hiere,
If that you liste at mi preiere
To telle, I wolde you beseche.

Mi Sone, who that wole it seche,
In bokes he mai finde it write;
And natheles, if thou wolt wite,
In the manere as thou hast preid
I schal the telle hou it is seid.

4230
P. ii. 269

4240

The fame of thilke schepes fell,
Which in Colchos, as it befell,
Was al of gold, schal nevere deie;
Wherof I thenke for to seie
Hou it cam ferst into that yle.
Ther was a king in thilke whyle
Towardes Grece, and Athemas
The Cronique of his name was;
And hadde a wif, which Philen hihte,
Be whom, so as fortune it dihte,
He hadde of children yonge tuo.
Frixus the ferste was of tho,
A knave child, riht fair withalle;
A dowhter ek, the which men calle
Hellen, he hadde be this wif.
Bot for ther mai no mannes lif

4250

Endure upon this Erthe hiere,
 This worthi queene, as thou miht hiere, 4260
 Er that the children were of age, P. ii. 270
 Tok of hire ende the passage,
 With gret worschipe and was begrave.

What thing it liketh god to have
 It is gret reson to ben his ;
 Forthi this king, so as it is,
 With gret suffrance it underfongeth :
 And afterward, as him belongeth,
 Whan it was time forto wedde,
 A newe wif he tok to bedde,
 Which Yno hihte and was a Mayde,
 And ek the dowhter, as men saide,
 Of Cadme, which a king also
 Was holde in thilke daies tho.

Whan Yno was the kinges make,
 Sche caste hou that sche mihte make
 These children to here fader lothe,
 And schope a wyle ayein hem bothe,
 Which to the king was al unknowe.

A yeer or tuo sche let do sowe 4280
 The lond with sode whete aboute,
 Wherof no corn mai springen oute ;
 And thus be sleyhte and be covine
 Aros the derthe and the famine

Thurghout the lond in such a wise,
 So that the king a sacrificse
 Upon the point of this destresse
 To Ceres, which is the goddesse
 Of corn, hath schape him forto yive,
 To loke if it mai be foryive, 4290
 The meschief which was in his lond. P. ii. 271
 Bot sche, which knew tofor the hond
 The circumstance of al this thing,
 Ayein the cominge of the king
 Into the temple, hath schape so,

[TALE OF PHRIXUS
 AND HELLE.]

natantem destinavit ;
 super cuius dorsum
 pueros apponi iussit.
 Quo facto Aries super
 vndas regressus cum
 solo Frixo sibi ad-
 herente in Colchos
 applicuit, vbi Iuno
 dictum Arietem cum
 suo vellere, prout in
 aliis canitur cronicis,
 sub arta custodia col-
 locauit.

4266 *margin* cum solo vellere A . . . B₂, B 4267 *margin* canitur
 YGE, BTΔA canetur AMH, XRCLB₂, S, FH₂ habetur W 4276
 Anon sche bigan for to make E . . . B₂ She kest anone howe she
 myght make W 4278 schope AJ, S, F schop (schoop) C, B

[TALE OF PHRIXUS
AND HELLE.]

Of hire acord that alle tho
Whiche of the temple prestes were
Have seid and full declared there
Unto the king, bot if so be
That he delivere the contre
Of Frixus and of Hellen bothe,
With whom the goddes ben so wrothe,
That whil tho children ben therinne,
Such tilthe schal noman beginne,
Wherof to gete him eny corn.
Thus was it seid, thus was it sworn
Of all the Prestes that ther are ;
And sche which causeth al this fare
Seid ek therto what that sche wolde,
And every man thanne after tolde
So as the queene hem hadde preid.

4300

4310

The king, which hath his Ere leid,
And lieveth al that evere he herde,
Unto here tale thus ansuerde,
And seith that levere him is to chese
Hise children bothe forto lese,
Than him and al the remenant
Of hem whiche are aportenant
Unto the lond which he schal kepe :
And bad his wif to take kepe
In what manere is best to done,
That thei delivered weren sone
Out of this world. And sche anon
Tuo men ordeigneth forto gon ;
Bot ferst sche made hem forto swere
That thei the children scholden bere
Unto the See, that non it knowe,
And hem therinne bothe throwe.

4320

P. ii. 272

The children to the See ben lad,
Wher in the wise as Yno bad
These men be redy forto do.
Bot the goddesse which Juno

4330

4307 all S, F alle AJ, B 4309 seid AJ, B, F seide C
4311 hem hap preid B hath hem preide W 4321 it is AMH₁
4330 Wherin J, F

LIBER QUINTUS

65

[TALE OF PHRIXUS
AND HELLE.]

Is hote, appiereth in the stede,
 And hath unto the men forbede
 That thei the children noght ne sle;
 Bot bad hem loke into the See
 And taken hiede of that thei sihen.
 Ther swam a Schep tofore here yhen,
 Whos flees of burned gold was al;
 And this goddesse forth withal 4340
 Comandeth that withoute lette
 Thei scholde anon these children sette
 Above upon this Schepes bak;
 And al was do, riht as sche spak,
 Wherof the men gon hom ayein.
 And fell so, as the bokes sein,
 Hellen the yonge Mayden tho,
 Which of the See was wo bego,
 For pure drede hire herte hath lore,
 That fro the Schep, which hath hire bore, 4350
 As sche that was swounende feint, P. ii. 273
 Sche fell, and hath hirselve dreint;
 With Frixus and this Schep forth swam,
 Til he to thyle of Colchos cam,
 Where Juno the goddesse he fond,
 Which tok the Schep unto the lond,
 And sette it there in such a wise
 As thou tofore hast herd devise,
 Wherof cam after al the wo,
 Why Jason was forswore so 4360
 Unto Medee, as it is spoke.
 Mi fader, who that hath tobroke
 His trouthe, as ye have told above,
 He is noght worthi forto love
 Ne be beloved, as me semeth:
 Bot every newe love quemeth
 To him which newefongel is.
 And natheles nou after this,

Amans.

4334 þo men H₁XGEC, B 4343 þe AMH₁XGB₂, Δ, W
 4349 was lore H₁ . . . B₂ 4351 As] And AM . . . B₂ 4352
 hirsolf adreynt B 4361 was spoke H₁XECLB₂ 4367 To him
 þat BT, W

*
*

F

Confessor.

If that you list to taken hiede
 Upon mi Schrifte to procede, 4370
 In loves cause ayein the vice
 Of covoitise and Avarice
 What ther is more I wolde wite.
 Mi Sone, this I finde write,
 Ther is yit on of thilke brood,
 Which only for the worldes good,
 To make a Tresor of Moneie,
 Put alle conscience aweie :
 Wherof in thi confession
 The name and the condicion 4380
 I schal hierafterward declare, P. ii. 274
 Which makth on riche, an other bare.

[USURY.]

v. *Plus capit usura sibi quam debetur, et illud
 Fraude colorata sepe latenter agit.
 Sic amor excessus quamsepe suos ut auarus
 Spirat, et unius tres capit ipse loco.*

Hic tractat de illa
 specie Auaricie, que
 Vsura dicitur, cuius
 creditor in pecunia
 tantum numerata
 plusquam sibi de iure
 debetur incrementum
 lucri adauget.

Upon the bench sittende on hih
 With Avarice Usure I sih,
 Full clothed of his oghne suite,
 Which after gold makth chace and suite
 With his brocours, that renne aboute
 Lich unto racches in a route.
 Such lucre is non above grounde,
 Which is noght of tho racches founde ; 4390
 For wher thei se beyete sterte,
 That schal hem in no wise asterte,
 Bot thei it dryve into the net
 Of lucre, which Usure hath set.
 Usure with the riche duelleth,
 To al that evere he beith and selleth
 He hath ordeined of his sleyhte
 Mesure double and double weyhte :
 Outward he selleth be the lasse,
 And with the more he makth his tasse, 4400
 Wherof his hous is full withinne.

4369 you] þou H₁YB₂, BT, WH₂ 4391 where þe biȝete sterte EG
 wher euere þei be ȝit stert(e) H₁XRLB₂ 4396 To] And H₁ . . . B₂

LIBER QUINTUS

67

[USURY.]

He reccheth noght, be so he winne,
 Though that ther lese ten or tuelve :
 His love is al toward himselve
 And to non other, bot he se
 That he mai winne suche thre ;
 For wher he schal oght yive or lene, P. ii. 275
 He wol ayeinward take a bene,
 Ther he hath lent the smale pese.
 And riht so ther ben manye of these 4410
 Lovers, that thogh thei love a lyte,
 That scarsly wolde it weie a myte,
 Yit wolde thei have a pound again,
 As doth Usure in his bargain.
 Bot certes such usure unliche
 It falleth more unto the riche,
 Als wel of love as of beyete,
 Than unto hem that be noght grete,
 And, as who seith, ben simple and povere ;
 For sielden is whan thei recovere, 4420
 Bot if it be thurgh gret decerte.
 And natheles men se poverte
 With porsuite and continuance
 Fulofte make a gret chevance
 And take of love his advantage,
 Forth with the help of his brocage,
 That maken seme wher is noght.
 And thus fulofte is love boght
 For litel what, and mochel take,
 With false weyhtes that thei make. 4430
 Nou, Sone, of that I seide above
 Thou wost what Usure is of love :
 Tell me forthi what so thou wilt,
 If thou therof hast eny gilt.
 Mi fader, nay, for ought I hiere.
 For of tho pointz ye tolden hiere
 I wol you be mi trouthe assure, P. ii. 276

Confessor.

Aman.

4402 by so AMH.XRCLB, B so W 4411 thei] sche B
 4413 wolde he H.XRCLB 4423 of continuance BT and
 contenance LB, WH 4425 his om. AM . . . B 4427
 wher it is A . . . B, FWKH

[Usury.]

Mi weyhte of love and mi mesure
 Hath be mor large and mor certain
 Than evere I tok of love ayein : 4440
 For so yit couthe I nevere of sleyhte,
 To take ayein be double weyhte
 Of love mor than I have yive.
 For als so wiss mot I be schrive
 And have remission of Sinne,
 As so yit couthe I nevere winne,
 Ne yit so mochel, soth to sein,
 That evere I mihte have half ayein
 Of so full love as I have lent :
 And if myn happ were so wel went, 4450
 That for the hole I mihte have half,
 Me thenkth I were a goddeshalf.
 For where Usure wole have double,
 Mi conscience is noght so trouble,
 I biede nevere as to my del
 Bot of the hole an halvendel ;
 That is non excess, as me thenketh.
 Bot natheles it me forthenketh ;
 For wel I wot that wol noght be,
 For every day the betre I se 4460
 That hou so evere I yive or lene
 Mi love in place ther I mene,
 For oght that evere I axe or crave,
 I can nothing ayeinward have.
 Bot yit for that I wol noght lete,
 What so befalle of mi beyete,
 That I ne schal hire yive and lene P. ii. 277
 Mi love and al mi thought so clene,
 That toward me schal noght beleve.
 And if sche of hire goode leve 4470
 Rewarde wol me noght again,
 I wot the laste of my bargain
 Schal stonde upon so gret a lost,
 That I mai neveremor the cost
 Recovere in this world til I die.

4452 it were AM 4462 ther] þat BT 4468 My þought
 and al my loue BT Mi loue and al mi treweþe Δ

[USURY.]

So that touchende of this partie
 I mai me wel excuse and schal;
 And forto speke forth withal,
 If eny brocour for me wente,
 That point cam nevere in myn entente: 4480
 So that the more me merueilleth,
 What thing it is mi ladi eilleth,
 That al myn herte and al my time
 Sche hath, and doth no betre bime.
 I have herd seid that thoght is fre,
 And natheles in privete
 To you, mi fader, that ben hiere
 Min hole schrifte forto hiere,
 I dar min herte wel desclose.
 Touchende usure, as I suppose, 4490
 Which as ye telle in love is used,
 Mi ladi mai noght ben excused;
 That for o lokinge of hire yē
 Min hole herte til I dye
 With al that evere I may and can
 Sche hath me wonne to hire man:
 Wherof, me thenkth, good reson wolde P. ii. 278
 That sche somdel rewarde scholde,
 And yive a part, ther sche hath al.
 I not what falle hierafter schal, 4500
 Bot into nou yit dar I sein,
 Hire liste nevere yive ayein
 A goodli word in such a wise,
 Wherof min hope mihte arise,
 Mi grete love to compensate.
 I not hou sche hire conscience
 Excuse wole of this usure;
 Be large weyhte and gret mesure
 Sche hath mi love, and I have noght
 Of that which I have diere boght, 4510
 And with myn herte I have it paid;
 Bot al that is asyde laid,
 And I go loveles aboute.

4485 sein (seie) MXCLB₂, W 4504 mihte S miht (might)
 AJ, B, F 4507 usure] mesure BT 4512 al þis BT

[Usury.]

Hire oghte stonde in ful gret doute,
 Til sche redresce such a sinne,
 That sche wole al mi love winne
 And yifh me noght to live by :
 Noght als so moche as 'grant mercy'
 Hir list to seie, of which I mihte
 Som of mi grete peine allyhte. 4520
 Bot of this point, lo, thus I fare
 As he that paith for his chaffare,
 And beith it diere, and yit hath non,
 So mot he nedes povere gon :
 Thus beie I diere and have no love,
 That I ne mai noght come above
 To winne of love non encress. P. ii. 279
 Bot I me wole natheles
 Touchende usure of love aquite ;
 And if mi ladi be to wyte, 4530
 I preie to god such grace hir sende
 That sche be time it mot amende.

Confessor.

Mi Sone, of that thou hast ansuerd
 Touchende Usure I have al herd,
 Hou thou of love hast wonne smale :
 Bot that thou tellest in thi tale
 And thi ladi therof accusest,
 Me thenkth tho wordes thou misusest.
 For be thin oghne knowlechinge
 Thou seist hou sche for o lokinge 4540
 Thin hole herte fro the tok :
 Sche mai be such, that hire o lok
 Is worth thin herte manyfold ;
 So hast thou wel thin herte sold,
 Whan thou hast that is more worth.
 And ek of that thou tellest forth,
 Hou that hire weyhte of love unevene
 Is unto thin, under the hevene
 Stod nevere in evene that balance
 Which stant in loves governance. 4550
 Such is the statut of his lawe,

4518 als so] als (as X, Ad, WHs 4523 it om. B 4525 Thus beie
 I diere] I beye deere H1 . . . Ba 4526 noght om. H1RCLB1, W

LIBER QUINTUS

71

That thogh thi love more drawe
And peise in the balance more,
Thou miht noght axe ayein therfore
Of ducte, bot al of grace.

[Usury.]

For love is lord in every place,
Ther mai no lawe him justefie P. ii. 280
Be reddour ne be compaignie,
That he ne wole after his wille
Whom that him liketh spede or spille. 4560

To love a man mai wel beginne,
Bot whether he schal lese or winne,
That wot noman til ate laste :
Forthi coveite noght to faste,
Mi Sone, bot abyd thin ende,
Per cas al mai to goode wende.
Bot that thou hast me told and said,
Of o thing I am riht wel paid,
That thou be sleyhte ne be guile
Of no brocour hast otherwhile 4570
Engined love, for such dede
Is sore venged, as I rede.

Brocours of love that deceiven,
No wonder is thogh thei receiven
After the wrong that thei decerven ;
For whom as evere that thei serven
And do plesance for a whyle,
Yit ate laste here oghne guile
Upon here oghne hed descendeth,
Which god of his vengeance sendeth,
As be ensample of time go
A man mai finde it hath be so.
It fell somtime, as it was sene,
The hihe goddesse and the queene
Juno tho hadde in compaignie
A Maiden full of tricherie ;
For sche was evere in on acord P. ii. 281

[LOVE-BROKERAGE.
TALE OF ECHO.]

Hic ponit exem-
4580 plum contra istos
maritos qui vltra id
quod proprias habent
vxores ad noue vo-
luptatis incrementum
alias mulieres super-
flue lucrari non ve-
rentur. Et narrat
qualiter Iuno vindic-
tam suam in Eccho
decreuit, pro eo quod
ipsa Eccho in huius-

4565 be ende H1 . . . B2 4568 riht wel paid] wela payd (appaied)
H1 . . . B2 4571 of suche dede BT 4574 thogh] of ERCB2
if H1 4576 firo whom AM 4579 hire AJM 4586 margin
decreuit, pro eo quod ipsa Eccho om. BT, H2 4587 on om. BT

[LOVE-BROKERAGE.
TALE OF ECHO.]

modi mulierum lucris
adquirendis de con-
silio mariti sui Iouis
mediatrix extiterat.

With Jupiter, that was hire lord,
To gete him othre loves newe,
Thurgh such brocage and was untrew 4590
Al otherwise than him nedeth.
Bot sche, which of no schame dredeth,
With queinte wordes and with slyhe
Blente in such wise hir lady yhe,
As sche to whom that Juno triste,
So that therof sche nothing wiste.
Bot so prive mai be nothing,
That it ne comth to knowleching;
Thing don upon the derke nyht
Is after knowe on daies liht : 4600
So it befell, that ate laste
Al that this slyhe maiden caste
Was overcast and overthrowe.
For as the sothe mot be knowe,
To Juno was don understonde
In what manere hir housebonde
With fals brocage hath take usure
Of love mor than his mesure,
Whan he tok othre than his wif,
Wherof this mayden was gultif, 4610
Which hadde ben of his assent.
And thus was al the game schent ;
Sche soffreth him, as sche mot nede,
Bot the brocour of his misdede,
Sche which hir conseil yaf therto,
On hire is the vengeance do :
For Juno with hire wordes hote, P. ii. 282
This Maiden, which Eccho was hote,
Reproveth and seith in this wise :
' O traiteresse, of which servise 4620
Hast thou thin oghne ladi served !
Thou hast gret peine wel deserved,
That thou canst maken it so queinte,
Thi slyhe wordes forto peinte
Towardes me, that am thi queene,
Wherof thou madest me to wene

LIBER QUINTUS

73

[LOVE-BROKERAGE.
TALE OF ECHO.]

That myn housbonde trewe were,
 Whan that he loveth elleswhere,
 Al be it so him nedeth noght.
 Bot upon thee it schal be boght, 4630
 Which art prive to tho doinges,
 And me fulofte of thi lesinges
 Deceived hast: nou is the day
 That I thi while aquite may;
 And for thou hast to me conceled
 That my lord hath with othre deled,
 I schal thee sette in such a kende,
 That evere unto the worldes ende
 Al that thou hierest thou schalt telle,
 And clappe it out as doth a belle.' 4640
 And with that word sche wasforschape,
 Ther may no vois hire mouth ascape,
 What man that in the wodes crieth,
 Withoute faile Eccho replieth,
 And what word that him list to sein,
 The same word sche seith ayein.
 Thus sche, which whilom hadde leve P. ii. 283
 To duelle in chambre, mot beleve
 In wodes and on helles bothe,
 For such brocage as wyves lothe, 4650
 Which doth here lordes hertes change
 And love in other place strange.
 Forthi, if evere it so befalle,
 That thou, mi Sone, amonges alle
 Be wedded man, hold that thou hast,
 For thanne al other love is wast.
 O wif schal wel to thee suffise,
 And thanne, if thou for covoitise
 Of love woldest axe more,
 Thou scholdest don ayein the lore 4660
 Of alle hem that trewe be.
 Mi fader, as in this degre
 My conscience is noght accused;

Confessor.

Amans.

4634 quite BT, W 4642 vice BT 4643 in the wodes]
 euere in wodes AM . . . B₂ 4651 herte XEC, BT, W 4652
 places XGLB₂, B

For I no such brocage have used,
 Wherof that lust of love is wonne.
 Forthi spek forth, as ye begonne,
 Of Avarice upon mi schrifte.

Confessor.

Mi Sone, I schal the branches schifte
 Be ordre so as thei ben set,
 On whom no good is wel beset.

4670

[PARSIMONY.]

vi. *Pro verbis verba, munus pro munere reddi
 Convenit, ut pondus equa statera gerat.
 Propterea cupido non dat sua dona Cupido,
 Nam qui nulla serit, gramina nulla metet.*

Hic tractat super
 illa specie Auaricie
 que Parcimonia dicitur,
 cuius natura tenax
 aliqualem sue substan-
 cie porcionem aut deo
 aut hominibus partici-
 pare nullatenus con-
 sentit.

Blinde Avarice of his lignage
 For conseil and for cousinage,
 To be withholde ayein largesse, **P. ii. 284**
 Hath on, whos name is seid Skarsnesse,
 The which is kepere of his hous,
 And is so thurghout averous,
 That he no good let out of honde;
 Thogh god himself it wolde fonde,
 Of yifte scholde he nothing have;
 And if a man it wolde crave, **4680**
 He moste thanne faile nede,
 Wher god himselve mai noght spede.
 And thus Skarsnesse in every place
 Be reson mai no thonk porchace,
 And natheles in his degree
 Above alle othre most prive
 With Avarice stant he this.
 For he governeth that ther is
 In ech astat of his office
 After the reule of thilke vice; **4690**
 He takth, he kepeth, he halt, he bint,
 That lihtere is to fle the flint
 Than gete of him in hard or neisshe
 Only the value of a reysse
 Of good in helpinge of an other,
 Noght thogh it were his oghne brother.

[PARSIMONY.]

For in the cas of yifte and lone
Stant every man for him al one,
Him thenkth of his unkindeschipe
That him nedeth no felaschipe : 4700
Be so the bagge and he acorden,
Him reccheth noght what men recorden
Of him, or it be evel or good. P. ii. 285

For al his trust is on his good,
So that al one he falleth ofte,
Whan he best weneth stonde alofte,
Als wel in love as other wise ;
For love is evere of som reprise
To him that wole his love holde.

Forthi, mi Sone, as thou art holde, 4710
Touchende of this tell me thi schrifte :

Hast thou be scars or large of yifte
Unto thi love, whom thou servest ?
For after that thou wel deservest
Of yifte, thou miht be the bet ;
For that good holde I wel beset,
For why thou miht the betre fare ;
Thanne is no wisdom forto spare.

For thus men sein, in every nede
He was wys that ferst made mede ; 4720
For where as mede mai noght spede,
I not what helpeth other dede :

Fulofte he faileth of his game
That wol with ydel hand reclame
His hauk, as many a nyce doth.
Forthi, mi Sone, tell me soth
And sei the trouthe, if thou hast be
Unto thy love or skars or fre.

Mi fader, it hath stonde thus, Confessio Amantis.
That if the tresor of Cresus 4730

And al the gold Octovien,
Forth with the richesse Yndien
Of Perles and of riche stones, P. ii. 286
Were al togedre myn at ones,

4701 By (Bi) so AM . . . B2, B (Be so G) 4717 why F which
A . . . B2, S . . . Δ, KH:Magd thi W 4732 ffor wiþ SA

[PARSIMONY.]

I sette it at nomore acompte
 Than wolde a bare straw amonte,
 To yive it hire al in a day,
 Be so that to that suete may
 I myhte like or more or lesse.
 And thus be cause of my scarsnesse 4740
 Ye mai wel understonde and lieve
 That I schal noght the worse achieve
 The pourpos which is in my thoght.
 Bot yit I yaf hir nevere noght,
 Ne therto dorste a profre make;
 For wel I wot sche wol noght take,
 And yive wol sche noght also,
 She is eschu of bothe tuo.
 And this I trowe be the skile
 Towardes me, for sche ne wile 4750
 That I have eny cause of hope,
 Noght also mochel as a drope.
 Bot toward othre, as I mai se,
 Sche takth and yifth in such degre,
 That as be weie of frendlihiede
 Sche can so kepe hir wommanhiede,
 That every man spekth of hir wel.
 Bot sche wole take of me no del,
 And yit sche wot wel that I wolde
 Yive and do bothe what I scholde 4760
 To plesen hire in al my myht:
 Be reson this wot every wyht,
 For that mai be no weie asterte, P. ii. 287
 Ther sche is maister of the herte,
 Sche mot be maister of the good.
 For god wot wel that al my mod
 And al min herte and al mi thoght
 And al mi good, whil I have oght,
 Als freliche as god hath it yive,
 It schal ben hires, while I live, 4770
 Riht as hir list himself commande.
 So that it nedeth no demande,

4738 By so AMX . . . B₁, B 4739 I myhte] It m. AM . . . B₁,
 S . . . Δ 4742 That it schal H₁ . . . B₁ 4770 I schal BT

To axe of me if I be scars
To love, for as to tho pars
I wole ansuere and seie no.

Mi Sone, that is riht wel do.
For often times of scarsnesse
It hath be sen, that for the lesse
Is lost the more, as thou schalt hiere
A tale lich to this matiere.

Confessor.

4780

Skarsnesse and love acorden nevere,
For every thing is wel the levere,
Whan that a man hath boght it diere :
And forto speke in this matiere,
For sparinge of a litel cost
Fulofte time a man hath lost
The large cote for the hod. .
What man that scars is of his good
And wol noght yive, he schal noght take :
With yifte a man mai undertake
The hihe god to plese and queme,
With yifte a man the world mai deme ;

[TALE OF BABIO
AND CROCEUS.]

Hic loquitur contra
istos, qui Auaricia
stricti largitatis bene-
ficio in amoris causa
confundunt. Et ponit
exemplum, qualiter
Croceus largus et hil-
laris Babionem aua-
rum et tenacem de
amore Viole, que
pulcherrima fuit,
donis largissimis cir-
cumuenit.

4790

P. ii. 288

For every creature bore,
If thou him yive, is glad therfore,
And every gladschipe, as I finde,
Is confort unto loves kinde
And causeth ofte a man to spede.
So was he wys that ferst yaf mede,
For mede kepeth love in house ;
Bot wher the men ben coveitouse
And sparen forto yive a part,
Thei knowe noght Cupides art :
For his fortune and his aprise
Desdeigneth alle coveitise
And hateth alle nygardie.
And forto loke of this partie,
A soth ensample, hou it is so,
I finde write of Babio ;
Which hadde a love at his menage,

4800

4788 That man H1 . . . B2
4792 yifte om. H1RCLB2

4789 margin Babilonem A . . . B2
4808 Rabio A . . . B2

[TALE OF BABIO
AND CROCEUS.]

Ther was non fairere of hire age, 4810
And hihte Viola be name;
Which full of youthe and ful of game
Was of himself, and large and fre,
Bot such an other chinche as he
Men wisten noght in al the lond,
And hadde affaited to his hond
His servant, the which Spodius
Was hote. And in this wise thus
The worldes good of sufficance
Was had, bot likinge and plesance, 4820
Of that belongeth to richesse
Of love, stod in gret destresse;
So that this yonge lusty wyht P. ii. 289
Of thing which fell to loves riht
Was evele served overal,
That sche was wo bego withal,
Til that Cupide and Venus eke
A medicine for the seke
Ordeigne wolden in this cas.
So as fortune thanne was, 4830
Of love upon the destine
It fell, riht as it scholde be,
A freissh, a fre, a frendly man
That noght of Avarice can,
Which Croceus be name hihte,
Toward this swete caste his sihte,
And ther sche was cam in presence.
Sche sih him large of his despence,
And amorous and glad of chiere,
So that hir liketh wel to hiere 4840
The goodly wordes whiche he seide;
And therupon of love he preide,
Of love was al that he mente,
To love and for sche scholde assente,
He yaf hire yiftes evere among.
Bot for men sein that mede is strong,
It was wel seene at thilke tyde;

4814 such *om.* AMRCL 4817 Spondeus H₁ . . . B₂ Spodius T
4818 in *om.* RCB₂

LIBER QUINTUS

79

[TALE OF BABIO
AND CROCEUS.]

For as it scholde of ryht betyde,
 This Viola largesce hath take
 And the nygard sche hath forsake: 4850
 Of Babio sche wol no more,
 For he was grucchende everemore,
 Ther was with him non other fare P. ii. 290
 Bot forto prinche and forto spare,
 Of worldes muk to gete encess.
 So goth the wrecche loveles,
 Bejaped for his Skarcete,
 And he that large was and fre
 And sette his herte to despende,
 This Croceus, the bowe bende, 4860
 Which Venus tok him forto holde,
 And schotte als ofte as evere he wolde.
 Lo, thus departeth love his lawe,
 That what man wol noght be felawe
 To yive and spende, as I thee telle,
 He is noght worthi forto duelle
 In loves court to be relieved.
 Forthi, my Sone, if I be lieved,
 Thou schalt be large of thi despence.
 Mi fader, in mi conscience 4870
 If ther be eny thing amis,
 I wol amende it after this,
 Toward mi love namely.
 Mi Sone, wel and redely
 Thou seist, so that wel paid withal
 I am, and forthere if I schal
 Unto thi schrifte specefie
 Of Avarices progenie
 What vice suieth after this,
 Thou schalt have wonder hou it is, 4880
 Among the folk in eny regne
 That such a vice myhte regne,
 Which is comun at alle assaies, P. ii. 291
 As men mai finde nou adaies.

Amans.

Confessor.

4851 Rabio A . . . B₂ 4856 the] he AM 4862 schette
 (schet) JXERCB₂ 4868 I] it BT þou H₁ . . . B₂ 4872 wold B
 4877 thi] þis H₁E . . . B₂

[INGRATITUDE.]

- vii. *Cuncta creatura, deus et qui cuncta creauit,
Dampnant ingrati dicta que facta viri.
Non dolor alonge stat, quo sibi talis amicam
Traxit, et in fine deserit esse suam.*

Hic loquitur super
illa aborta specie Aua-
ricie, que Ingratitudo
dicta est, cuius con-
dicionem non solum
creator, set eciam
cuncte creature abho-
minabilem detestan-
tur.

The vice lik unto the fend,
Which nevere yit was mannes frend,
And cleped is Unkindeschipe,
Of covine and of felaschipe
With Avarice he is withholde.
Him thenkth he scholde noght ben holde 4890
Unto the moder which him bar ;
Of him mai nevere man be war,
He wol noght knowe the merite,
For that he wolde it noght aquite ;
Which in this world is mochel used,
And fewe ben therof excused.
To telle of him is endeles,
Bot this I seie natheles,
Wher as this vice comth to londe,
Ther takth noman his thonk on honde ; 4900
Thogh he with alle his myhtes serve,
He schal of him no thonk deserve.
He takth what eny man wol yive,
Bot whil he hath o day to live,
He wol nothing rewarde ayein ;
He gruccheth forto yive o grein,
Wher he hath take a berne full.
That makth a kinde herte dull,
To sette his trust in such frendschipe, P. ii. 292
Ther as he fint no kindeschipe ; 4910
And forto speke wordes pleine,
Thus hie I many a man compleigne,
That nou on daies thou schalt finde
At nede fewe frendes kinde ;
What thou hast don for hem tofore,
It is foryete, as it were lore.
The bokes speken of this vice,
And telle hou god of his justice,

Latin Verses vii. 2 dicta que SBT dictaque AJM, FW dictique
(dicti que) H1E . . . B2 3 alonge AJ, F a longe SB

LIBER QUINTUS

81

Be weie of kinde and ek nature
And every lifissh creature,
The lawe also, who that it kan,
Thei dampnen an unkinde man.

[INGRATITUDE.]

4920

It is al on to seie unkinde
As thing which don is ayein kinde,
For it with kinde nevere stod
A man to yelden evel for good.
For who that wolde taken hede,
A beste is glad of a good dede,
And loveth thilke creature
After the lawe of his nature
Which doth him ese. And forto se
Of this matiere Auctorite,
Fulofte time it hath befalle ;
Wherof a tale amonges alle,
Which is of olde ensamplerie,
I thenke forto specefie.

4930

To speke of an unkinde man,
I finde hou whilom Adrian,
Of Rome which a gret lord was,
Upon a day as he per cas
To wode in his huntinge wente,
It hapneth at a soudein wente,
After his chace as he poursuieth,
Thurgh happ, the which noman eschuieth,
He fell unwar into a pet,
Wher that it mihte noght be let.
The pet was dep and he fell lowe,
That of his men non myhte knowe
Wher he becam, for non was nyh,
Which of his fall the meschief syh.
And thus al one ther he lay
Clepende and criende al the day
For socour and deliverance,

[TALE OF ADRIAN
AND BARDUS.]

P. ii. 293

4940

Hic dicit qualiter
bestie in suis benefi-
ciis hominem ingra-
tum naturaliter pre-
cellunt. Et ponit ex-
emplum de Adriano
Rome Cenatore, qui
in quadam Foresta ve-
nacionibus insistens,
dum predam perse-
queretur, in Cisternam
profundam nescia fa-
milia corruit: vbi su-
perueniens quidam
pauper nomine Bar-
dus, immissa cordula,
putans hominem ex-
traxisse, primo Sime-
am extraxit, secundo
Serpentem, tercio A-

4950

4920 Dampnen þe vnkinde creature H₁ . . . B₂ (Dampneth H₁B₂)
lifissh S, F liuissh BT liuyng AJM, Δ' liflich (livelich) WH₂
4921 who that it kan] þat it can AM by þat I can H₁ . . . B₂ 4935
olde AJ, S, F old C, B 4942 at] þat XECLB₂ þat at H₁R
4944 the om. H₁ . . . B₂, BA

[TALE OF ADRIAN
AND BARDUS.]

drianum, qui pauperem despiciens aliquid ei pro benefacto reddere recusabat. Set tam Serpens quam Simia gratuita beneuolencia ipsum singulis donis sufficienter remunerarunt.

Til ayein Eve it fell per chance,
A while er it began to nyhte,
A povere man, which Bardus hihte,
Cam forth walkende with his asse,
And hadde gadred him a tasse
Of grene stickes and of dreie
To selle, who that wolde hem beie, 4960
As he which hadde no liflode,
Bot whanne he myhte such a lode
To toune with his Asse carie.
And as it fell him forto tarie
That ilke time nyh the pet,
And hath the trusse faste knet,
He herde a vois, which cride dimme,
And he his Ere to the brimme
Hath leid, and herde it was a man, P. ii. 294
Which seide, 'Ha, help hier Adrian, 4970
And I wol yiven half mi good.'

The povere man this understod,
As he that wolde gladly winne,
And to this lord which was withinne
He spak and seide, 'If I thee save,
What sikerneshe schal I have
Of covenant, that afterward
Thou wolt me yive such reward
As thou behiitest nou tofore?'

That other hath his othes swore 4980
Be hevene and be the goddes alle,
If that it myhte so befall
That he out of the pet him broghte,
Of all the goodes whiche he oghte
He schal have evene halvendel.

This Bardus seide he wolde wel;
And with this word his Asse anon
He let untrusse, and therupon
Doun goth the corde into the pet,
To which he hath at ende knet 4990

4959 *margin* ipsum] insuper ipsum AM 4981 the] þo B om. T
4984 all S, F alle AJ, B 4989 f. put: knvt AMC pit: knit
H1XRLB1, Ad, W

LIBER QUINTUS

83

[TALE OF ADRIAN
AND BARDUS.]

A staf, wherby, he seide, he wolde
 That Adrian him scholde holde.
 Bot it was tho per chance falle,
 Into that pet was also falle
 An Ape, which at thilke throwe,
 Whan that the corde cam doun lowe,
 Al sodeinli therto he skipte
 And it in bothe hise armes clipte.
 And Bardus with his Asse anon P. ii. 295
 Him hath updrawe, and he is gon. 5000
 But whan he sih it was an Ape,
 He wende al hadde ben a jape
 Of faierie, and sore him dradde:
 And Adrian eftsone gradde
 For help, and cride and preide faste,
 And he eftsone his corde caste;
 Bot whan it cam unto the grounde,
 A gret Serpent it hath bewounde,
 The which Bardus anon up drouh.
 And thanne him thoghte wel ynouh, 5010
 It was fantosme, bot yit he herde
 The vois, and he therto ansuerde,
 'What wiht art thou in goddes name?'
 'I am,' quod Adrian, 'the same,
 Whos good thou schalt have evene half.'
 Quod Bardus, 'Thanne a goddes half
 The thridde time assaie I schal':
 And caste his corde forth withal
 Into the pet, and whan it cam
 To him, this lord of Rome it nam, 5020
 And therupon him hath adresced,
 And with his hand fulofte blessed,
 And thanne he bad to Bardus hale.
 And he, which understod his tale,
 Betwen him and his Asse al softe
 Hath drawe and set him up alofte

4994 þe pit (put &c.) H₁ . . . B₂, Ad, W 5003 sore] for AM
 he W 5011 fantosme, bot yit] fantasme (fantome) þat BTA
 fantasme and þit L fantasie but he þit W 5021 him hath adresced]
 þo him haþ dresced H₁XRCLB₂ 5025 al softe] alofte B softe W

[TALE OF ADRIAN
AND BARDUS.]

Withouten harm al esely.
 He seith noght ones 'grant merci,'
 Bot strauhte him forth to the cite, **P. ii. 296**
 And let this povere Bardus be. **5030**
 And natheles this simple man
 His covenant, so as he can,
 Hath axed; and that other seide,
 If so be that he him umbreide
 Of oght that hath be speke or do,
 It schal ben venged on him so,
 That him were betre to be ded.
 And he can tho non other red,
 But on his asse ayein he caste
 His trusse, and hieth homward faste: **5040**
 And whan that he cam hom to bedde,
 He tolde his wif hou that he spedde.
 Bot finaly to speke oght more
 Unto this lord he dradde him sore,
 So that a word ne dorste he sein:
 And thus upon the morwe ayein,
 In the manere as I recorde,
 Forth with his Asse and with his corde
 To gadre wode, as he dede er,
 He goth; and whan that he cam ner **5050**
 Unto the place where he wolde,
 He hath his Ape anon beholde,
 Which hadde gadred al aboute
 Of stickes hiere and there a route,
 And leide hem redy to his hond,
 Wherof he made his trosse and bond;
 Fro dai to dai and in this wise
 This Ape profreth his servise,
 So that he hadde of wode ynouh. **P. ii. 297**
 Upon a time and as he drouh **5060**
 Toward the wode, he sih besyde
 The grete gastli Serpent glyde,
 Til that sche cam in his presence,

5034 If it so be þat he vpbreyde (vmbreide) BT 5035 speke F
 rest spoke 5045 o word HiC, BT one word Δ, W 5051 the
 om. AM 5054 aroute F

And in hir kinde a reverence
 Sche hath him do, and forth withal
 A Ston mor briht than a cristall
 Out of hir mouth tofore his weie
 Sche let doun falle, and wente aweie,
 For that he schal noght ben adrad.
 Tho was this povere Bardus glad, 5070
 Thonkende god, and to the Ston
 He goth and takth it up anon,
 And hath gret wonder in his wit
 Hou that the beste him hath aquit,
 Wher that the mannes Sone hath failed,
 For whom he hadde most travailed.
 Bot al he putte in goddes hond,
 And torneth hom, and what he fond
 Unto his wif he hath it schewed ;
 And thei, that weren bothe lewed, 5080
 Acorden that he scholde it selle.
 And he no lengere wolde duelle,
 Bot forth anon upon the tale
 The Ston he profreth to the sale ;
 And riht as he himself it sette,
 The jueler anon forth fette
 The gold and made his paiement,
 Therof was no delaïement.

Thus whan this Ston was boght and sold, P. ii. 298
 Homward with joie manyfold 5090
 This Bardus goth ; and whan he cam
 Hom to his hous and that he nam
 His gold out of his Purs, withinne
 He fond his Ston also therinne,
 Wherof for joie his herte pleide,
 Unto his wif and thus he seide,
 ' Lo, hier my gold, lo, hier mi Ston !'
 His wif hath wonder therupon,
 And axeth him hou that mai be.
 ' Nou be mi trouthe I not,' quod he, 5100
 ' Bot I dar swere upon a bok,

[TALE OF ADRIAN
AND BARDUS.]

That to my Marchant I it tok,
And he it hadde whan I wente :
So knowe I noght to what entente
It is nou hier, bot it be grace.
Forthi tomorwe in other place
I wole it fonde forto selle,
And if it wol noght with him duelle,
Bot crepe into mi purs ayein,
Than dar I saufly swere and sein, 5110
It is the vertu of the Ston.'

The morwe cam, and he is gon
To seche aboute in other stede
His Ston to selle, and he so dede,
And lefte it with his chapman there.
Bot whan that he cam elleswhere,
In presence of his wif at hom,
Out of his Purs and that he nom
His gold, he fond his Ston withal : P. li. 299
And thus it fell him overal, 5120
Where he it solde in sondri place,
Such was the fortune and the grace.
Bot so wel may nothing ben hidd,
That it nys ate laste kidd :
'This fame goth aboute Rome
So ferforth, that the wordes come
'To themperour Justinian ;
And he let sende for the man,
And axede him hou that it was.
And Bardus tolde him al the cas, 5130
Hou that the worm and ek the beste,
Although thei maden no beheste,
His travail hadden wel aquit ;
Bot he which hadde a mannes wit,
And made his covenant be mouthe
And swor therto al that he couthe
To parte and yiven half his good,

5102 That to] Vnto B 5105 bot it be grace] but it be bi grace
AM but be goddis grace Δ 5111 the om. AM 5114 so he
dede AdBTΔ, W 5125 al aboute H1XRCL 5128 þat man
H1 . . . B1 5130 him om. BT 5131 ek (eck) AJC, BT eke F
5134 a mannes] mannes XE, B

LIBER QUINTUS

87

[TALE OF ADRIAN
AND BARDUS.]

Hath nou foryete hou that it stod,
As he which wol no trouthe holde.

This Emperour al that he tolde
Hath herd, and thilke unkindenesse
He seide he wolde himself redresse.

5140

And thus in court of juggement
This Adrian was thanne assent,
And the querele in audience
Declared was in the presence
Of themperour and many mo ;
Wherof was mochel speche tho
And gret wondringe among the press. P. ii. 300
Bot ate laste natheles

5150

For the partie which hath pleigned
The lawe hath diemed and ordeigned
Be hem that were avised wel,
That he schal have the halvendel
Thurghout of Adrianes good.
And thus of thilke unkinde blod
Stant the memoire into this day,
Wherof that every wysman may
Ensamplen him, and take in mynde
What schame it is to ben unkinde ;
Ayein the which reson debateth,
And every creature it hateth.

5160

[INGRATITUDE.]

Forthi, mi Sone, in thin office
I rede fle that ilke vice.

Confessor.

For riht as the Cronique seith
Of Adrian, hou he his feith
Foryat for worldes covoitise,
Fulofte in such a maner wise
Of lovers nou a man mai se
Full manye that unkinde be :
For wel behote and evele laste
That is here lif ; for ate laste,
Whan that thei have here wille do,
Here love is after sone ago.
What seist thou, Sone, to this cas ?

5170

5145 And in þe AM And tho the Hi 5157 the] in AM . . . B₂
5158 eny AM 5159 hem AMGRLB₂

Amans.

Mi fader, I wol seie Helas,
 That evere such a man was bore,
 Which whan he hath his trouthe suore
 And hath of love what he wolde, P. ii. 301
 That he at eny time scholde 5180
 Evere after in his herte finde
 To falsen and to ben unkinde.
 Bot, fader, as touchende of me,
 I mai noght stonde in that degre;
 For I tok nevere of love why,
 That I ne mai wel go therby
 And do my profit elles where,
 For eny sped I finde there.
 I dar wel thenken al aboute,
 Bot I ne dar noght speke it oute; 5190
 And if I dorste, I wolde pleigne,
 That sche for whom I soffre peine
 And love hir evere aliche hote,
 That nouthur yive ne behote
 In rewardinge of mi servise
 It list hire in no maner wise.
 I wol noght say that sche is kinde,
 And forto sai sche is unkinde,
 That dar I noght; bot god above,
 Which demeth every herte of love, 5200
 He wot that on myn oghne side
 Schal non unkindeschipe abide:
 If it schal with mi ladi duelle,
 Therof dar I nomore telle.
 Nou, goode fader, as it is,
 Tell me what thenketh you of this.

Confessor.

Mi Sone, of that unkindeschipe,
 The which toward thi ladischipe
 Thou pleignest, for sche wol thee noght, P. ii. 302
 Thou art to blamen of that thoght. 5210
 For it mai be that thi desir,
 Thogh it brenne evere as doth the fyr,
 Per cas to hire honour missit,

5180 eny om. AM
 Wherof AM . . . B₂

5199 bot] by (be) BT for W
 5210 jy þought BT

5204

Or elles time com noght yit,
 Which standt upon thi destine :
 Forthi, mi Sone, I rede thee,
 Thenk wel, what evere the befallē ;
 For noman hath his lustes alle.
 Bot as thou toldest me before
 That thou to love art noght forswore, 5220
 And hast don non unkindenesse,
 Thou miht therof thi grace blesse :
 And lef noght that continuance ;
 For ther mai be no such grevance
 To love, as is unkindeschipe.
 Wherof to kepe thi worschipe,
 So as these olde bokes tale,
 I schal thee telle a redi tale :
 Nou herkne and be wel war therby,
 For I wol telle it openly. 5230

[INGRATITUDE.]

Mynos, as telleth the Poete,
 The which whilom was king of Crete,
 A Sone hadde and Androchee
 He hihte : and so befell that he
 Unto Athenes forto lere
 Was send, and so he bar him there,
 For that he was of hih lignage,
 Such pride he tok in his corage,
 That he foryeten hath the Scoles, P. ii. 303
 And in riote among the foles 5240
 He dede manye thinges wronge ;
 And useth thilke lif so longe,
 Til ate laste of that he wroghte
 He fond the meschief which he soghte,
 Wherof it fell that he was slain.
 His fader, which it herde sain,
 Was wroth, and al that evere he mihte,
 Of men of Armes he him dighte
 A strong pouer, and forth he wente

[TALE OF THESEUS
AND ARIADNE.]

Hicponitexemplum
 contra viros amori
 ingratos. Et narrat
 qualiter Theseus Cad-
 mi filius, consilio suf-
 fultus Adriagne Regis
 Mynos filie, in domo
 que laborinthus dici-
 tur Minotaurum vicit :
 vnde Theseus Adri-
 agne sponsalia certis-
 sime promittens ipsam
 vna cum Fedra sorore
 sua a Creta secum na-
 uigio duxit. Set sta-
 tim postea oblito gra-
 titudinis beneficio A-
 driagnam ipsum sal-
 uantem in insula Chio
 spretam post tergum
 reliquit ; et Fedram
 Athenis sibi sponsa-
 tam ingratus corona-
 uit.

5215 standt S, F stant AC, B stande J thi] þe H. . . . B.
 5225 ffor loue H. . . . B. 5236 bar AJC, BT bare S, F 5237 margin
 suffultus] fultus BT 5239 margin vincit H. . . . B. 5242 vsed
 AM . . . B., W 5248 dighte F dihte AJ and so also in l. 5352

[TALE OF THESEUS
AND ARIADNE.]

Unto Athenys, where he brente 5250
The pleine contre al aboute :
The Cites stode of him in doute,
As thei that no defence hadde
Ayein the pouer which he ladde.
Egeüs, which was there king,
His conseil tok upon this thing,
For he was thanne in the Cite :
So that of pes into trettee
Betwen Mynos and Egeüs
Thei felle, and ben acorded thus ; 5260
That king Mynos fro yer to yeere
Receive schal, as thou schalt here,
Out of Athenys for truage
Of men that were of myhti Age
Persones nyne, of whiche he schal
His wille don in special
For vengeance of his Sones deth.
Non other grace ther ne geth,
Bot forto take the juise ; P. ii. 304
And that was don in such a wise, 5270
Which stod upon a wonder cas.
For thilke time so it was,
Wherof that men yit rede and singe,
King Mynos hadde in his kepinge
A cruel Monstre, as seith the geste :
For he was half man and half beste,
And Minotaurus he was hote,
Which was begete in a riote
Upon Pasiphe, his oghne wif,
Whil he was oute upon the strif 5280
Of thilke grete Siege at Troie.
Bot sche, which lost hath alle joie,
Whan that sche syh this Monstre bore,
Bad men ordeigne anon therfore :
And fell that ilke time thus,
'Ther was a Clerk, on Dedalus,
Which hadde ben of hire assent

5252 cite Hl. . . B2, T 5277 And] Of B 5281 of Troie
XC, S . . . Δ, W 5282 lost hath] lost(e) Hl . . . B2 hath lost W

LIBER QUINTUS

91

[TALE OF THESEUS
AND ARIADNE.]

Of that hir world was so miswent ;
 And he made of his oghne wit,
 Wherof the remembrance is yit, 5290
 For Minotaure such an hous,
 Which was so strange and merveilous,
 That what man that withinne wente,
 Ther was so many a sondri wente,
 That he ne scholde noght come oute,
 But gon amased al aboute.
 And in this hous to loke and warde
 Was Minotaurus put in warde,
 That what lif that therinne cam, P. ii. 305
 Or man or beste, he overcam 5300
 And slow, and fedde him therupon ;
 And in this wise many on
 Out of Athenys for truage
 Devoured weren in that rage.
 For every yeer thei schope hem so,
 Thei of Athenys, er thei go
 Toward that ilke wofull chance,
 As it was set in ordinance,
 Upon fortune here lot thei caste ;
 Til that Theseüs ate laste, 5310
 Which was the kinges Sone there,
 Amonges othre that ther were
 In thilke yeer, as it befell,
 The lot upon his chance fell.
 He was a worthi kniht withalle ;
 And whan he sih this chance falle,
 He ferde as thogh he tok non hiede,
 Bot al that evere he mihte spiede,
 With him and with his felaschipe
 Forth into Crete he goth be Schipe ; 5320
 Wher that the king Mynos he soghte,
 And profreth all that he him oghte
 Upon the point of here acord.

5288 world] lord BT 5299 therinne] euer inne H1 . . . B1
 5302 many AC, B manye (manie) S, F monie J 5308 As] And
 X . . . B1 5316 this] his L, BT 5321 the king] to king
 E . . . B1 kynge (om. the) X

[TALE OF THESEUS
AND ARIADNE.]

This sterne king, this cruel lord
Tok every day on of the Nyne,
And put him to the discipline
Of Minotaure, to be devoured ;
Bot Theseüs was so favoured,
That he was kept til ate laste. P. ii. 306
And in the meene while he caste 5330
What thing him were best to do :
And fell that Adriagne tho,
Which was the dowhter of Mynos,
And hadde herd the worthi los
Of Theseüs and of his myht,
And syh he was a lusti kniht,
Hire hole herte on him sche leide,
And he also of love hir preide,
So ferforth that thei were al on.
And sche ordeigneth thanne anon 5340
In what manere he scholde him save,
And schop so that sche dede him have
A clue of thred, of which withinne
Ferst ate dore he schal beginne
With him to take that on ende,
That whan he wolde ayeinward wende,
He mihte go the same weie.
And over this, so as I seie,
Of pich sche tok him a pelote,
The which he scholde into the throte 5350
Of Minotaure caste rihte :
Such wepne also for him sche dighte,
That he be reson mai noght faile
To make an ende of his bataile ;
For sche him tawhte in sondri wise,
Til he was knowe of thilke emprise,
Hou he this beste schulde quelle.
And thus, schort tale forto telle,
So as this Maide him hadde tawht, P. ii. 307

5326 put AJ, S, F putte C, BT 5341 sche schold B, W sche
wolde T 5346 ayeinward] a3ein H1 . . . B2 5349 tok (took)
AJC, SB toke F 5357 Hou he] How þat he AH1RCLB2 How
þat M 5359 þe maide AM . . . B2

Theseüs with this Monstre fawht,
 Smot of his hed, the which he nam,
 And be the thred, so as he cam,
 He goth ayein, til he were oute.
 Tho was gret wonder al aboute :
 Mynos the tribut hath relessed,
 And so was al the werre cessed
 Betwen Athene and hem of Crete.

5360 [TALE OF THESEUS
AND ARIADNE.]

Bot now to speke of thilke suete,
 Whos beaute was withoute wane,
 This faire Maiden Adriane, 5370
 Whan that sche sih Theseüs sound,
 Was nevere yit upon the ground
 A gladder wyht than sche was tho.

Theseüs duelte a dai or tuo
 Wher that Mynos gret chiere him dede :
 Theseüs in a prive stede
 Hath with this Maiden spoke and rouned,
 That sche to him was abandouned
 In al that evere that sche couthe,
 So that of thilke lusty youthe 5380
 Al prively betwen hem tweie
 The ferste flour he tok aweie.

For he so faire tho behihte
 That evere, whil he live mihte,
 He scholde hire take for his wif,
 And as his oghne hertes lif
 He scholde hire love and trouthe bere ;
 And sche, which mihte noght forbere,
 So sore loveth him ayein, P. ii. 308
 That what as evere he wolde sein 5390
 With al hire herte sche believeth.

And thus his pourpos he achieveth,
 So that assured of his trouthe
 With him sche wente, and that was routhe.

Fedra hire yonger Soster eke,
 A lusti Maide, a sobre, a meke,
 Fulfild of alle curtesie,

5364 So was B gret om. AM wonder AC, BT wondre
 J, S, F 5372 þis ground S . . . Δ 5387 wold(e) BT

[TALE OF THESEUS
AND ARIADNE.]

For Sosterhode and compainie
Of love, which was hem betuene,
To sen hire Soster mad a queene, 5400
Hire fader lefte and forth sche wente
With him, which al his ferste entente
Foryat withinne a litel throwe,
So that it was al overthrowe,
Whan sche best wende it scholde stonde.
The Schip was blowe fro the londe,
Wherin that thei seilende were ;
This Adriagne hath mochel fere
Of that the wynd so loude bleu,
As sche which of the See ne kneu, 5410
And preide forto reste a whyle.
And so fell that upon an yle,
Which Chyo hihte, thei ben drive,
Where he to hire his leve hath yive
That sche schal londe and take hire reste.
Bot that was nothing for the beste :
For whan sche was to londe broght,
Sche, which that time thoghte noght
Bot alle trouthe, and tok no kepe, P. ii. 309
Hath leid hire softe forto slepe, 5420
As sche which longe hath ben forwacched ;
Bot certes sche was evele macched
And fer from alle loves kinde ;
For more than the beste unkinde
Theseüs, which no trouthe kepte,
Whil that this yonge ladi slepte,
Fulfilde of his unkindeschipe
Hath al foryete the goodschipe
Which Adriane him hadde do,
And bad unto the Schipmen tho 5430
Hale up the seil and noght abyde,
And forth he goth the same tyde
Toward Athene, and hire alonde
He lefte, which lay nyh the stronde

5411 f. And so fell þat vpon an ile
Thei were wind driue wipinne a while H₁ . . . B₂
(driuen in a while L) 5427 his] alle B 5430 schipman H₁ . . . B₂, W

Slepende, til that sche awok.
 Bot whan that sche cast up hire lok
 Toward the stronde and sih no wyht,
 Hire herte was so sore aflyht,
 That sche ne wiste what to thinke,
 Bot drouh hire to the water brinke, 5440
 Wher sche behield the See at large.
 Sche sih no Schip, sche sih no barge
 Als ferforth as sche mihte kenne:
 'Ha lord,' sche seide, 'which a Senne,
 As al the world schal after hiere,
 Upon this woful womman hiere
 This worthi kniht hath don and wrought!
 I wende I hadde his love boght,
 And so deserved ate nede, P. ii. 310
 Whan that he stod upon his drede, 5450
 And ek the love he me behihte.
 It is gret wonder hou he mihte
 Towardes me nou ben unkinde,
 And so to lete out of his mynde
 Thing which he seide his oghne mouth.
 Bot after this whan it is couth
 And drawe into the worldes fame,
 It schal ben hindringe of his name:
 For wel he wot and so wot I,
 He yaf his trouthe bodily, 5460
 That he myn honour scholde kepe.'
 And with that word sche gan to wepe,
 And sorweth more than ynouh:
 Hire faire tresces sche todrouh,
 And with himself tok such a strif,
 That sche between the deth and lif
 Swounende lay fulofte among.
 And al was this on him along,
 Which was to love unkinde so,
 Wherof the wrong schal everemo 5470

5438 afriht (a fright &c.) A . . . B₂ (except E), W 5449 it at
 nede H₁XRCLB₂ 5456 is] was H₁E . . . B₂ 5457 into] to
 S . . . Δ 5464 tresces AC tresses BT trescess J, S, F 5465
 wip hir selue (self) took a strif H₁ . . . B₂ wip himself sche took such
 a s. B 5466 between(e) dep H₁ . . . B₂ 5467 lay] weepe (wep) BT

[TALE OF THESEUS
AND ARIADNE.]

Stonde in Cronique of remembrance.
And ek it asketh a vengeance
To ben unkinde in loves cas,
So as Theseüs thanne was,
Al thogh he were a noble kniht;
For he the lawe of loves riht
Forfeted hath in alle weie,
That Adriagne he putte aweie,
Which was a gret unkinde dede : P. ii. 311
And after this, so as I rede, 5480
Fedra, the which hir Soster is,
He tok in stede of hire, and this
Fel afterward to mochel teene.
For thilke vice of which I meene,
Unkindeschipe, where it falleth,
The trouthe of mannes herte it palleth,
That he can no good dede aquite :
So mai he stonde of no merite
Towardes god, and ek also
Men clepen him the worldes fo ; 5490
For he nomore than the fend
Unto non other man is frend,
Bot al toward himself al one.
Forthi, mi Sone, in thi persone
This vice above alle othre fle.
Mi fader, as ye techen me,
I thenke don in this matiere.
Bot over this nou wolde I hiere,
Wherof I schal me schryve more.
Mi goode Sone, and for thi lore, 5500
After the reule of coveitise
I schal the proprete devise
Of every vice by and by.
Nou herkne and be wel ware therby.

[RAVINE.]

viii. *Viribus ex clara res tollit luce Rapina,
Floris et inuita virgine mella capit.*

Hic tractat super
illa specie cupida que

In the lignage of Avarice,
Mi Sone, yit ther is a vice,

5480 after pat S . . . Δ 5500 as for BT

His rihte name it is Ravine,
 Which hath a route of his covine.
 Ravine among the maistres duelleth,
 And with his servantz, as men telleth,
 Extorcion is nou withholde :
 Ravine of othre mennes folde
 Makth his larder and paieth noght ;
 For wher as evere it mai be soght,
 In his hous ther schal nothing lacke,
 And that fulofte abyth the packe
 Of povere men that duelle aboute.
 Thus stant the comun poeple in doute,
 Which can do non amendement ;
 For whanne him faileth paiement,
 Ravine makth non other skile,
 Bot takth be strengthe what he wile.

P. ii. 312

[RAVINE.]

Rapina nuncupatur,
 cuius mater extorcio
 ipsam ad deservien-
 dum magnatum curiis
 specialius commen-
 davit.

5510

So ben ther in the same wise
 Lovers, as I thee schal devise,
 That whan noght elles mai availe,
 Anon with strengthe thei assaile
 And gete of love the sesine,
 Whan thei se time, be Ravine.

5520

Forthi, mi Sone, schrif thee hier,
 If thou hast ben a Raviner
 Of love.

Confessor.

5530

Certes, fader, no :
 For I mi ladi love so,
 That thogh I were as was Pompeie,
 That al the world me wolde obeie,
 Or elles such as Alisandre,
 I wolde noght do such a sklaundre ;
 It is no good man, which so doth.

Amans.

P. ii. 313

In good feith, Sone, thou seist soth :
 For he that wole of pourveance
 Be such a weie his luste avance,

Confessor.

5540

5507 it om. AM . . . B₂ (except E) 5510 servant H₁ . . . B₂
 5520 þei failen H₁ . . . B₂ he faileth W 5522 what] al þat B
 5524 thee schal] schal M . . . B₂ schal þe Δ, W 5527 seline BT
 5532 ladi love] loue desire H₁ . . . B₂ 5533 That] for BT
 was om. H₁ . . . B₂ 5539 wolde H₁ . . . B₂

* *

H

[RAVINE.]

Amans.

Confessor.

[TALE OF TEREUS.]

Hic ponit exemplum
contra istos in amoris
causa raptores. Et
narrat qualiter Pan-
dion Rex Athenarum
duas filias, videlicet
Progne et Philome-
nam, habuit. Prog-
ne autem Tereo Regi
Tracie desponsata,
contigit quod cum Te-
reus ad instantiam
vixoris sue Philome-
nam de Athenis in
Traciam sororie visi-
tationis causa secum
quadam vice perdu-
ceret, in concupiscen-
ciam Philomene tanta
seueritate in itinere
dilapsus est, quod ipse
non solum sue violen-
cia rapine virginitatem
eius oppressit, set et
ipsius linguam, ne fac-
tum detegeret, forpice
mutulauit. Vnde in
perpetue memorie
Cronicam tanti raptori-
s austeritatem miro
ordine dii postea vin-
dicarunt.

He schal it after sore abie,
Bot if these olde ensamples lie.

Nou, goode fader, tell me on,
So as ye cunne manyon,
Touchende of love in this matiere.

Nou list, mi Sone, and thou schalt hiere,
So as it hath befalle er this,
In loves cause hou that it is
A man to take be Ravine
The preie which is femeline.

5550

Ther was a real noble king,
And riche of alle worldes thing,
Which of his propre enheritance
Athenes hadde in governance,
And who so thenke therupon,
His name was king Pandion.
Tuo douhtres hadde he be his wif,
The whiche he lovede as his lif;
The ferste douhter Progne hihte,
And the secounde, as sche wel mihte, 5560
Was cleped faire Philomene,
To whom fell after mochel tene.
The fader of his pourveance
His doughter Progne wolde avance,
And yaf hire unto mariage
A worthi king of hih lignage,
A noble kniht eke of his hond, P. ii. 314
So was he kid in every lond,
Of Trace he hihte Tereus;
The clerk Ovide telleth thus. 5570
This Tereus his wif hom ladde,
A lusti lif with hire he hadde;
Til it befell upon a tyde,
This Progne, as sche lay him besyde,
Bethoughte hir hou it mihte be
That sche hir Soster myhte se,

5546 lust AMCL listne Δ 5557 margin duas filias om. B
5559 margin Tereo A . . . B₂ 5560 wel om. H₁E . . . B 5561
margin cum om. A . . . B₂ 5563 margin sororis A . . . B₂, B, W

[TALE OF TEREUS.]

And to hir lord hir will sche seide,
 With goodly wordes and him preide
 That sche to hire mihte go :
 And if it liked him noght so, 5580
 That thanne he wolde himselve wende,
 Or elles be som other sende,
 Which mihte hire diere Soster griete,
 And schape hou that thei mihten miete.
 Hir lord anon to that he herde
 Yaf his acord, and thus ansuerde :
 'I wole,' he seide, 'for thi sake
 The weie after thi Soster take
 Miself, and bringe hire, if I may.'
 And sche with that, there as he lay, 5590
 Began him in hire armes clippe,
 And kist him with hir softe lippe,
 And seide, 'Sire, grant mercy.'
 And he sone after was redy,
 And tok his leve forto go ;
 In sori time dede he so.

This Tereüs goth forth to Schipe P. ii. 315
 With him and with his felaschipe ;
 Be See the rihte cours he nam,
 Into the contre til he cam, 5600
 Wher Philomene was duellinge,
 And of hir Soster the tidinge
 He tolde, and tho thei weren glade,
 And mochel joie of him thei made.
 The fader and the moder bothe
 To leve here douhter weren lothe,
 Bot if thei weren in presence ;
 And natheles at reverence
 Of him, that wolde himself travaile,
 Thei wolden noght he scholde faile 5610
 Of that he preide, and yive hire leve :
 And sche, that wolde noght beleve,

5590 sche lay XGB₂, S . . . Δ, W 5592 kist SB, F kyste
 (kiste) AJ 5597 to] by (be) A . . . B₂ 5600 Vnto B
 5610 noght om. AM 5611 Of þat þey preyde T And þat þei
 preyde B

[TALE OF TEREÜS.]

In alle haste made hire yare
 Toward hir Soster forto fare,
 With Tereüs and forth sche wente.
 And he with al his hole entente,
 Whan sche was fro hir frendes go,
 Assoteth of hire love so,
 His yhe myhte he noght withholde,
 That he ne moste on hir beholde; 5620
 And with the sihte he gan desire,
 And sette his oghne herte on fyre;
 And fyr, whan it to tow aprocheth,
 To him anon the strengthe acrocheth,
 Til with his hete it be devoured,
 The tow ne mai noght be socoured.
 And so that tirant raviner, P. ii. 316
 Whan that sche was in his pouer,
 And he therto sawh time and place,
 As he that lost hath alle grace, 5630
 Foryat he was a wedded man,
 And in a rage on hire he ran,
 Riht as a wolf which takth his preie.
 And sche began to crie and preie,
 'O fader, o mi moder diere,
 Nou help!' Bot thei ne mihte it hiere,
 And sche was of to litel myht
 Defense ayein so ruide a knyht
 To make, whanne he was so wod
 That he no reson understod, 5640
 Bot hield hire under in such wise,
 That sche ne myhte noght arise,
 Bot lay oppressed and desesed,
 As if a goshauk hadde sesed
 A brid, which dorste noght for fere
 Remue: and thus this tirant there
 Beraft hire such thing as men sein
 Mai neveremor be yolde ayein,
 And that was the virginite:
 Of such Ravine it was pite. 5650

5621 he om. BT 5622 a fyre XC, B 5627 that] þe BT
 5633 which] that H1, BT om. M, W 5646 þi A this] þe M

LIBER QUINTUS

101

[TALE OF TEREUS.]

Bot whan sche to hirsclven com,
 And of hir meschief hiede nom,
 And knew hou that sche was no maide,
 With wofull herte thus sche saide:
 'O thou of alle men the worste,
 Wher was ther evere man that dorste
 Do such a dede as thou hast do? P. ii. 317
 That dai schal falle, I hope so,
 That I schal telle out al mi fille,
 And with mi speche I schal fulfille 5660
 The wyde world in brede and lengthe.
 That thou hast do to me be strengthe,
 If I among the poeple duelle,
 Unto the poeple I schal it telle;
 And if I be withinne wall
 Of Stones closed, thanne I schal
 Unto the Stones clepe and crie,
 And tellen hem thi felonie;
 And if I to the wodes wende,
 Ther schal I tellen tale and ende, 5670
 And crie it to the briddes oute,
 That thei schul hiere it al aboute.
 For I so loude it schal reherce,
 That my vois schal the hevene perce,
 That it schal sounne in goddes Ere.
 Ha, false man, where is thi fere?
 O mor cruel than eny beste,
 Hou hast thou holden thi behest
 Which thou unto my Soster madest?
 O thou, which alle love ungladest, 5680
 And art ensample of alle untrewes,
 Nou wolde god mi Soster knewe,
 Of thin untrouthe, hou that it stod!
 And he than as a Lyon wod
 With hise unhappi handes stronge

5667 þo stones EC 5670 tale] al BT

5671 f. And crie it to briddes al aboute

How þou hast do to me þurghoute H₁ . . . B₂(to þe briddes R) 5678 How schalt AM . . . B₂ Eucl has W

5684 a om. A

[TALE OF TEREUS.]

Hire cauhte be the tresses longe,
 With whiche he bond ther bothe hire armes, P. ii. 318
 That was a fieble dede of armes,
 And to the grounde anon hire caste,
 And out he clippeth also faste 5690
 Hire tunge with a peire scheres.
 So what with blod and what with teres
 Out of hire yhe and of hir mouth,
 He made hire faire face uncouth :
 Sche lay swounende unto the deth,
 Ther was unethes eny breth ;
 Bot yit whan he hire tunge refte,
 A litel part therof belefte,
 Bot sche with al no word mai soune,
 Bot chitre and as a brid jargoune. 5700
 And natheles that wode hound
 Hir bodi hent up fro the ground,
 And sente hir there as be his wille
 Sche scholde abyde in prison stille
 For everemo : bot nou tak hiede
 What after fell of this misdede.

Whanne al this meschief was befalle,
 This Tereüs, that foule him falle,
 Unto his contre hom he tyh ;
 And whan he com his paleis nyh, 5710
 His wif al redi there him kepte.
 Whan he hir sih, anon he wepte,
 And that he dede for deceite,
 For sche began to axe him streite,
 'Wher is mi Sister?' And he seide
 That sche was ded ; and Progne abreide,
 As sche that was a wofull wif, P. ii. 319
 And stod betuen hire deth and lif,
 Of that sche herde such tidinge :
 Bot for sche sih hire lord wepinge, 5720
 She wende noght bot alle trouthe,
 And hadde wel the more routhe.
 The Perles weren tho forsake
 To hire, and blake clothes take ;

5719 Of] And BT

LIBER QUINTUS

103

[TALE OF TEREUS.]

As sche that was gentil and kinde,
 In worschipe of hir Sostres mynde
 Sche made a riche enterement,
 For sche fond non amendement
 To syghen or to sobbe more :
 So was ther guile under the gore. 5730
 Nou leve we this king and queene,
 And torne ayein to Philomene,
 As I began to tellen erst.
 Whan sche cam into prison ferst,
 It thoghte a kinges douhter strange
 To maken so soudein a change
 Fro welthe unto so grete a wo ;
 And sche began to thenke tho,
 Thogh sche be mouthe nothing preide,
 Withinne hir herte thus sche seide : 5740
 ' O thou, almyhty Jupiter,
 That hihe sist and lokest fer,
 Thou soffrest many a wrong doinge,
 And yit it is noght thi willinge.
 To thee ther mai nothing ben hid,
 Thou wost hou it is me betid :
 I wolde I hadde noght be bore, P. ii. 320
 For thanne I hadde noght forlore
 Mi speche and mi virginite.
 Bot, goode lord, al is in thee, 5750
 Whan thou therof wolt do vengeance
 And schape mi deliverance.'
 And evere among this ladi wepte,
 And thoghte that sche nevere kepte
 To ben a worldes womman more,
 And that sche wisseth everemore.
 Bot ofte unto hir Sister diere
 Hire herte spekth in this manere,
 And seide, ' Ha, Sister, if ye knewe
 Of myn astat, ye wolde rewe, 5760
 I trowe, and my deliverance

5737 wele vnto E, B welpe into MH1C grete A, S, F gret
 JC, B 5740 and þus C 5743 wrongful þing X . . . B2
 wonderfull thyng H1 5748 hadde I S . . . Δ

[TALE OF TEREUS.]

Ye wolde schape, and do vengeance
 On him that is so fals a man :
 And natheles, so as I can,
 I wol you sende som tokninge,
 Wherof ye schul have knowlechinge
 Of thing I wot, that schal you lothe,
 The which you toucheth and me bothe.
 And tho withinne a whyle als tyt
 Sche waf a cloth of Selk al whyt 5770
 With letres and ymagerie,
 In which was al the felonie,
 Which Tereüs to hire hath do ;
 And lappede it togedre tho
 And sette hir signet therupon
 And sende it unto Progne anon.
 The messenger which forth it bar, P. ii. 321
 What it amonteth is noght war ;
 And natheles to Progne he goth
 And prively takth hire the cloth, 5780
 And wente ayein riht as he cam,
 The court of him non hiede nam.
 Whan Progne of Philomene herde,
 Sche wolde knowe hou that it ferde,
 And opneth that the man hath broght,
 And wot therby what hath be wroght
 And what meschief ther is befalle.
 In swoune tho sche gan doun falle,
 And eft aros and gan to stonde,
 And eft sche takth the cloth on honde, 5790
 Behield the lettres and thymages ;
 Bot ate laste, 'Of suche oultrages,'
 Sche seith, 'wepinge is noght the bote :'
 And swerth, if that sche live mote,
 It schal be venged otherwise.
 And with that sche gan hire avise
 Hou ferst sche mihte unto hire winne
 Hir Sister, that noman withinne,
 Bot only thei that were suore,

5765 wold(e) H1ECB2, W 5769 tyt (tit) AC, SB tyd J, F
 5773 hadde (had) do H1 . . . B2 5774 lappede B

It scholde knowe, and schop therfore 5800 [TALE OF TEREUS.]

That Tereüs nothing it wiste ;
And yit riht as hirselves liste,
Hir Soster was delivered sone
Out of prison, and be the mone
To Progne sche was broght be nyhte.

Whan ech of other hadde a sihte,
In chambre, ther thei were al one, P. ii. 322

Thei maden many a pitous mone ;
Bot Progne most of sorwe made,
Which sihe hir Soster pale and fade 5810

And specheles and deshonoured,
Of that sche hadde be defloured ;
And ek upon hir lord sche thoghte,
Of that he so untreuly wroghte
And hadde his espousaile broke.

Sche makth a vou it schal be wroke,
And with that word sche kneleth doun
Wepinge in gret devocioun :
Unto Cupide and to Venus
Sche preide, and seide thanne thus : 5820

' O ye, to whom nothing asterte
Of love mai, for every herte
Ye knowe, as ye that ben above
The god and the goddesse of love ;
Ye witen wel that evere yit

With al mi will and al my wit,
Sith ferst ye schopen me to wedde,
That I lay with mi lord abedde,
I have be trewe in mi degre,
And evere thoghte forto be, 5830

And nevere love in other place,
Bot al only the king of Trace,
Which is mi lord and I his wif.
Bot nou allas this wofull strif!

That I him thus ayeinward finde
The most untrewre and most unkinde

5802 riht om. H₁ . . . B₂

5807 ther] wher H₁ . . . B₂

5810 sihe AJ, S, F sih C, B
avow AC, B

5816 a vov (a vou) J, S, F

[TATE OF TEREUS.]

That evere in ladi armes lay. P. ii. 323

And wel I wot that he ne may
 Amende his wrong, it is so gret ;
 For he to lytel of me let,
 Whan he myn oughne Soster tok,
 And me that am his wif forsok.'

5840

Lo, thus to Venus and Cupide
 Sche preide, and furthermor sche cride
 Unto Appollo the hiheste,
 And seide, 'O myghti god of reste,
 Thou do vengeance of this debat.
 Mi Soster and al hire astat
 Thou wost, and hou sche hath forlore
 Hir maidenhod, and I therfore
 In al the world schal bere a blame
 Of that mi Soster hath a schame,
 That Tereüs to hire I sente :
 And wel thou wost that myn entente
 Was al for worschipe and for goode.
 O lord, that yfst the lives fode
 To every wyht, I prei thee hiere
 Thes wofull Sostres that ben hiere,
 And let ous noght to the ben lothe ;
 We ben thin oghne wommen bothe.'

5850

5860

Thus pleigneth Progne and axeth wreche,
 And thogh hire Soster lacke speche,
 To him that alle thinges wot
 Hire sorwe is noght the lasse hot :
 Bot he that thanne had herd hem tuo,
 Him oughte have sorwed everemo
 For sorwe which was hem betuene. P. ii. 324
 With signes pleigneth Philomene,
 And Progne seith, 'It schal be wreke,
 That al the world therof schal speke.'
 And Progne tho seknesse feigneth,
 Wherof unto hir lord sche pleigneth,
 And preith sche moste hire chambres kepe,
 And as hir liketh wake and slepe.

5870

5837 ladi (ladyes) H₁ . . . B₂ 5859 noght] neuer H₁ . . . B₂
 5873 chambre H₁ XELB₂, AdBTA, W

LIBER QUINTUS

107

[TALE OF TEREÜS.]

And he hire granteth to be so ;
 And thus togedre ben thei tuo,
 That wolde him bot a litel good.
 Nou herk hierafter hou it stod
 Of wofull auntres that befelle :
 Thes Sostres, that ben bothe felle,— 5880
 And that was noght on hem along,
 Bot onliche on the grete wrong
 Which Tereüs hem hadde do,—
 Thei schopen forto venge hem tho.
 This Tereüs be Progne his wif
 A Sone hath, which as his lif
 He loveth, and Ithis he hihte :
 His moder wiste wel sche mihte
 Do Tereüs no more grief 5890
 Than sle this child, which was so lief.
 Thus sche, that was, as who seith, mad
 Of wo, which hath hir overlad,
 Withoute insihte of moderhede
 Foryat pite and loste drede,
 And in hir chambre prively
 This child withouten noise or cry
 Sche slou, and hieu him al to pieces : P. ii. 325
 And after with diverse spieces
 The fleissch, whan it was so toheewe,
 Sche takth, and makth therof a sewe, 5900
 With which the fader at his mete
 Was served, til he hadde him ete ;
 That he ne wiste hou that it stod,
 Bot thus his oughne fleissch and blod
 Himself devoureth ayein kinde,
 As he that was tofore unkinde.
 And thanne, er that he were arise,
 For that he scholde ben agrise,
 To schewen him the child was ded,
 This Philomene tok the hed 5910
 Betwen tuo disshes, and al wrothe

5878 herkne (herken) LB₂, BTΔ, W 5880 The AJMH₁XRLB₂
 Tho EC 5889 To . . . griuec H₁ . . . B₂ 5890 þat was so
 lieue H₁ . . . B₂

[TALE OF TEREUS.]

Tho comen forth the Sostres bothe,
 And setten it upon the bord.
 And Progne tho began the word,
 And seide, 'O werste of alle wicke,
 Of conscience whom no pricke
 Mai stere, lo, what thou hast do!
 Lo, hier ben nou we Sostres tuo;
 O Raviner, lo hier thi preie,
 With whom so falsliche on the weie 5920
 Thou hast thi tirannye wrought.
 Lo, nou it is somdel aboght,
 And bet it schal, for of thi dede
 The world schal evere singe and rede
 In remembrance of thi defame:
 For thou to love hast do such schame,
 That it schal nevere be foryete.' P. ii. 326
 With that he sterte up fro the mete,
 And schof the bord unto the flor,
 And cauhte a swerd anon and suor 5930
 That thei scholde of his handes dye.
 And thei unto the goddes crie
 Begunne with so loude a stevene,
 That thei were herd unto the hevene;
 And in a twinclinge of an yhe
 The goddes, that the meschief syhe,
 Here formes changen alle thre.
 Echon of hem in his degre
 Was torned into briddes kinde;
 Diverseliche, as men mai finde, 5940
 After thastat that thei were inne,
 Here formes were set atwinne.
 And as it telleth in the tale,
 The ferst into a nyhtingale
 Was schape, and that was Philomene,
 Which in the wynter is noght sene,
 For thanne ben the leves falle

5918 hier ben nou we] here be we now J nowe we her be W
 here ben we M hier (here) ben now (om. we) H1...B2 5925 re-
 menbrance F 5929 in to H1ECLB2, BTΔ, H2 5936 Al sodeinly
 þat men it syhe H1...B2 5944 þe nightingale XECLB2

[TALE OF TEREUS.]

And naked ben the buisshes alle.
 For after that sche was a brid,
 Hir will was evere to ben hid, 5950
 And forto duelle in prive place,
 That noman scholde sen hir face
 For schame, which mai noght be lassed,
 Of thing that was tofore passed,
 Whan that sche loste hir maidenhiede :
 For evere upon hir wommanhiede,
 Thogh that the goddes wolde hire change, P. ii. 327
 Sche thenkth, and is the more strange,
 And halt hir clos the wyntres day.
 Bot whan the wynter goth away, 5960
 And that Nature the goddesse
 Wole of hir oughne fre largesse
 With herbes and with floures bothe
 The feldes and the medwes clothe,
 And ek the wodes and the greves
 Ben heled al with grene leves,
 So that a brid hire hyde mai,
 Betwen Averil and March and Maii,
 Sche that the wynter hield hir clos,
 For pure schame and noght aros, 5970
 Whan that sche seth the bowes thikke,
 And that ther is no bare sticke,
 Bot al is hid with leves grene,
 To wode comth this Philomene
 And makth hir ferste yeres flyht ;
 Wher as sche singeth day and nyht,
 And in hir song al openly
 Sche makth hir pleignte and seith, 'O why,
 O why ne were I yit a maide?'
 For so these olde wise saide, 5980
 Which understoden what sche mente,
 Hire notes ben of such entente.

5958 Sche thenkth] Sche was H₁ . . . B₂ 596a larchesse F
 5966 al] and AM . . . L om. B₂ 5971 sih (sigh &c.)
 E, AdBT, WH₂ saw Δ (sep S) 5974 þe Philomene H₁ . . . B₂
 5977 openly¹ priuely H₁ . . . B₂ 5979 O why] Why BT 5981
 Which AJ, S, F Whiche B

[TALE OF TEREUS.]

And ek thei seide hou in hir song
 Sche makth gret joie and merthe among,
 And seith, 'Ha, nou I am a brid,
 Ha, nou mi face mai ben hid:
 Thogh I have lost mi Maidenhede, **P. ii. 328**
 Schal noman se my chekes rede.'
 Thus medleth sche with joie wo
 And with hir sorwe merthe also, **5990**
 So that of loves maladie
 Sche makth diverse melodie,
 And seith love is a wofull blisse,
 A wisdom which can noman wisse,
 A lusti fievere, a wounde softe:
 This note sche reherceth ofte
 To hem whiche understonde hir tale.
 Nou have I of this nyhtingale,
 Which erst was cleped Philomene,
 Told al that evere I wolde mene, **6000**
 Bothe of hir forme and of hir note,
 Wherof men mai the storie note.

And of hir Sister Progne I finde,
 Hou sche was torned out of kinde
 Into a Swalwe swift of winge,
 Which ek in wynter lith swounynge,
 Ther as sche mai nothing be sene:
 Bot whan the world is woxe grene
 And comen is the Somertide,
 Than fleth sche forth and ginth to chide, **6010**
 And chitreth out in hir langage
 What falshod is in mariage,
 And telleth in a maner speche
 Of Tereüs the Spousebreche.
 Sche wol noght in the wodes duelle,
 For sche wolde openliche telle;
 And ek for that sche was a spouse, **P. ii. 329**
 Among the folk sche comth to house,
 To do thes wyves understonde

6008 world] woode B word T 6011 chatreþ (chatereth)
 AMH: chater (chateren) YXG . . . B: 6012 falshod A, S, F
 falshode JC, B 6016 wol C, B 6019 to vnderstonde H: E . . . B:

LIBER QUINTUS

III

The falshod of hire housebonde,
 That thei of hem be war also,
 For ther ben manye untrewes of tho.
 Thus ben the Sostres briddes bothe,
 And ben toward the men so lothe,
 That thei ne wole of pure schame
 Unto no mannes hand be tame;
 For evere it duelleth in here mynde
 Of that thei founde a man unkinde,
 And that was false Tereüs.
 If such on be amonges ous 6020 [TALE OF TEREUS.]
 I not, bot his condicion
 Men sein in every region
 Withinne toune and ek withoute
 Nou regneth comunliche aboute.
 And natheles in remembrance
 I wol declare what vengeance
 The goddes hadden him ordeined,
 Of that the Sostres hadden pleigned:
 For anon after he was changed
 And from his oghne kinde stranged, 6030
 A lappewincke mad he was,
 And thus he hoppeth on the gras,
 And on his hed ther stant upriht
 A creste in tokne he was a kniht;
 And yit unto this dai men seith,
 A lappewincke hath lore his feith
 And is the brid falseste of alle. P. ii. 330
 Bewar, mi Sone, er thee so falle;
 For if thou be of such covine,
 To gete of love be Ravine 6050
 Thi lust, it mai thee falle thus,
 As it befell of Tereüs.
 Mi fader, goddes forebode!
 Amans.

6020 falshod A, F falshode J, SB falshede C hire] here (her)
 HiERL, AdA, FHs 6026 no om. AM, Ad þe X, W 6042
 in HiE . . . Bz 6044 he was] of a BT 6046 The l. A . . . Bz,
 AdA, WHs 6048 Bewar F Be war AJC, SB 6052 to Tereus
 BT 6053 goddes forebode] nay god it forbode X . . . Bz nay
 god for bede Hi (goddes forbode AJM, AdT, WHs)

[TALE OF TEREUS.]

Me were levere be fortrode
 With wilde hors and be todrawe,
 Er I ayein love and his lawe
 Dede eny thing or loude or stille,
 Which were noght mi ladi wille.
 Men sein that every love hath drede;
 So folweth it that I hire drede, 6060
 For I hire love, and who so dredeth,
 To plesse his love and serve him nedeth.
 Thus mai ye knowen be this skile
 That no Ravine don I wile
 Ayein hir will be such a weie;
 Bot while I live, I wol obeie
 Abidinge on hire courtesie,
 If eny merci wolde hir plie.
 Forthi, mi fader, as of this
 I wot noght I have don amis: 6070
 Bot furthermore I you beseche,
 Som other point that ye me teche,
 And axeth forth, if ther be auht,
 That I mai be the betre tauht.

[ROBBERY.]

ix. *Viuat ut ex spoliis grandi quamsepe tumultu,
 Quo graditur populus, latro perurget iter.
 Sic amor, ex casu poterit quo carpere predam, P. ii. 331
 Si locus est aptus, cetera nulla timet.*

Hic loquitur super
 illa Cupiditatis specie
 quam furtum vocant,
 cuius Ministri alicuius
 legis offensam non me-
 tuentes, tam in amoris
 causa quam aliter,
 suam quamsepe con-
 scienciam offendunt.

Whan Covoitise in povere astat
 Stant with himself upon debat
 Thurgh lacke of his misgovernance,
 That he unto his sustenance
 Ne can non other weie finde
 To gete him good, thanne as the blinde, 6080
 Which seth noght what schal after falle,
 That ilke vice which men calle
 Of Robberie, he takth on honde;
 Wherof be water and be londe
 Of thing which othre men beswinke

6054 be fortrede (for trede) H₁XECLB₁ to be trede R 6059
 louter(e) AM . . . B₁ 6076 himseluen (himself) in d. H₁ . . . B₁
 6084 water AC, B watre J, S, F

[ROBBERY.]

He get him cloth and mete and drinke.
 Him reccheth noght what he beginne,
 Thurgh thefte so that he mai winne;
 Forthi to maken his purchas
 He lith awaitende on the pas, 6090
 And what thing that he seth ther passe,
 He takth his part, or more or lasse,
 If it be worthi to be take.
 He can the packes wel ransake,
 So prively berth non aboute
 His gold, that he ne fint it oute,
 Or other juel, what it be;
 He takth it as his proprete,
 In wodes and in feldes eke
 Thus Robberie goth to seke, 6100
 Wher as he mai his pourpos finde.

And riht so in the same kinde,
 My goode Sone, as thou miht hiere, P. ii. 332
 To speke of love in the matiere
 And make a verrai resemblance,
 Riht as a thief makth his chevance
 And robbeth mennes good aboute
 In wode and field, wher he goth oute,
 So be ther of these lovers some,
 In wylde stedes wher thei come 6110
 And finden there a womman able,
 And therto place covenable,
 Withoute leve, er that thei fare,
 Thei take a parte of that chaffare:
 Yee, though sche were a Scheperdesse,
 Yit wol the lord of wantounesse
 Assaie, although sche be unmete,
 For other mennes good is swete.
 Bot therof wot nothing the wif
 At hom, which loveth as hir lif 6120
 Hir lord, and sitt alday wisshinge
 After hir lordes hom comynge:
 Bot whan that he comth hom at eve,

6101 purchas S... Δ 6103 as] or AMRCL heere H₁ om. E
 6110 wyldee F wher] per AM 6114 hir(e) chaffare H₁... B₂ þi ch. M

[ROBBERY.]

Anon he makth his wif beleve,
 For sche noght elles scholde knowe :
 He telth hire hou his hunte hath blowe,
 And hou his houndes have wel runne,
 And hou ther schon a merye Sunne,
 And hou his haukes flowen wel ;
 Bot he wol telle her nevere a diel 6130
 Hou he to love untrew was,
 Of that he robbede in the pas,
 And tok his lust under the schawe P. ii. 333
 Ayein love and ayein his lawe.

Confessor.

Which thing, mi Sone, I thee forbede,
 For it is an ungoodly dede.
 For who that takth be Robberie
 His love, he mai noght justefie
 His cause, and so fulofte sithe
 For ones that he hath be blithe 6140
 He schal ben after sory thries.
 Ensamle of suche Robberies
 I finde write, as thou schalt hierie,
 Acordende unto this matiere.

[NEPTUNE AND
CORNIX.]

Hic loquitur contra
 istos in amoris causa
 predones, qui cum in
 suam furtive concupis-
 cenciam aspirant, for-
 tuna in contrarium
 operatur. Et narrat
 quod cum Neptunus
 quamdam virginem
 nomine Cornicem so-
 lam iuxta mare deam-
 bulantem opprimere
 suo furto voluisset,
 superueniens Pallas
 ipsam e manibus eius
 virginitate seruata
 graciosius liberauit.

I rede hou whilom was a Maide,
 The faireste, as Ovide saide,
 Which was in hire time tho ;
 And sche was of the chambre also
 Of Pallas, which is the goddesse
 And wif to Marte, of whom prouesse 6150
 Is yove to these worthi knihtes.
 For he is of so grete mihtes,
 That he governeth the bataille ;
 Withouten him may noght availle
 The stronge hond, bot he it helpe ;
 Ther mai no knyht of armes yelpe,
 Bot he feihte under his banere,
 Bot nou to speke of mi matiere,
 This faire, freisshe, lusti mai,
 Al one as sche wente on a dai 6160
 Upon the stronde forto pleie,

LIBER QUINTUS

115

Ther cam Neptunus in the weie,
 Which hath the See in governance; P. ii. 334
 And in his herte such plesance
 He tok, whan he this Maide sih,
 That al his herte aros on hih,
 For he so sodeinliche unwar
 Behield the beaute that sche bar.
 And caste anon withinne his herte
 That sche him schal no weie asterte, 6170
 Bot if he take in advantage
 Fro thilke maide som pilage,
 Noght of the broches ne the Ringes,
 Bot of some othre smale thinges
 He thoghte parte, er that sche wente;
 And hire in bothe hise armes hente,
 And putte his hond toward the cofre,
 Wher forto robbe he made a profre,
 That lusti tresor forto stele,
 Which passeth othre goodes fele 6180
 And cleped is the maidenhede,
 Which is the flour of wommanhede.
 This Maiden, which Cornix be name
 Was hote, dredende alle schame,
 Sih that sche mihte noght debate,
 And wel sche wiste he wolde algate
 Fulfille his lust of Robberie,
 Anon began to wepe and crie,
 And seide, 'O Pallas, noble queene,
 Scheu nou thi myht and let be sene, 6190
 To kepe and save myn honour:
 Help, that I lese noght mi flour,
 Which nou under thi keie is loke.' P. ii. 335
 That word was noght so sone spoke,
 Whan Pallas schop recoverir
 After the will and the desir
 Of hire, which a Maiden was,
 And sodeinliche upon this cas

[NEPTUNE AND
CORNIX.]

6162 Neptimus AH:R, BT, Hs 6167 so sod.] al sod. H1 . . . B2
 6178 Wherfor(e) to AB1, Δ Wherof to H1 Where to BT, W
 6190 and] ad F lete it be AM

[NEPTUNE AND
CORNIX.]

Out of hire wommanisshe kinde
 Into a briddes like I finde
 Sche was transformed forth withal,
 So that Neptunus nothing stal
 Of such thing as he wolde have stole.
 With fetheres blake as eny cole
 Out of hise armes in a throwe
 Sche flih before his yhe a Crowe ;
 Which was to hire a more delit,
 To kepe hire maidenhede whit
 Under the wede of fethers blake,
 In Perles whyte than forsake
 That no lif mai restore ayein.
 Bot thus Neptune his herte in vein
 Hath upon Robberie sett ;
 The bridd is flowe and he was let,
 The faire Maide him hath escaped,
 Wherof for evere he was bejaped
 And scorned of that he hath lore.

6200

6210

Confessor.

Mi Sone, be thou war therfore
 That thou no maidenhode stele,
 Wherof men sen deseses fele
 Aldai befalle in sondri wise ;
 So as I schal thee yit devise
 An other tale therupon,
 Which fell be olde daies gon,

6220

[TALE OF CALISTONA.]

Hic ponit exemplum contra istos in causa virginitatis lese predones. Et narrat quod cum Calistona Lichaontis mire pulcritudinis filia suam virginitatem Diane conseruandam castissima vouisset, et in Siluamque Tegea dicitur inter alias ibidem Nymphas moraturam se

King Lichaon upon his wif
 A dowhter hadde, a goodly lif,
 A clene Maide of worthi fame,
 Calistona whos rihte name
 Was cleped, and of many a lord
 Sche was besoght, bot hire acord
 To love myhte noman winne,
 As sche which hath no lust therinne ;
 Bot swor withinne hir herte and saide
 That sche wolde evere ben a Maide,
 Wherof to kepe hireself in pes,

P. ii. 336

6230

6215 Maide] may H₁ . . . B₂ him hath] is him S . . . A hath
 him W 6234 wol B

LIBER QUINTUS

117

With suche as Amadriades
 Were cleped, wodemaydes, tho,
 And with the Nimphes ek also
 Upon the spring of freisshe welles
 Sche schop to duelle and nagher elles.
 And thus cam this Calistona
 Into the wode of Tegea,
 Wher sche virginite behihte
 Unto Diane, and therto plihte
 Her trouthe upon the bowes grene,
 To kepe hir maidenhode clene.
 Which afterward upon a day
 Was priveliche stole away;
 For Jupiter thurgh his queintise
 From hire it tok in such a wise,
 That sodeinliche forth withal
 Hire wombe aros and sche toswal,
 So that it mihte noght ben hidd.
 And therupon it is betidd,
 Diane, which it herde telle,
 In prive place unto a welle
 With Nimphes al a compainie
 Was come, and in a ragerie
 Sche seide that sche bathe wolde,
 And bad that every maide scholde
 With hire al naked bathe also.
 And tho began the prive wo,
 Calistona wax red for schame;
 Bot thei that knewe noght the game,
 To whom no such thing was befall,
 Anon thei made hem naked alle,
 As thei that nothing wolden hyde:
 Bot sche withdrouh hire evere asyde,
 And natheles into the flod,
 Wher that Diane hirselve stod,
 Sche thoghte come unaperceived.
 Bot therof sche was al deceived;
 For whan sche cam a litel nyh,

[TALE OF CALISTONA.]

transtulisset, Iupiter
 virginis castitatem
 subtili furto surrip-
 ens, quendam filium,
 qui postea Archas
 nominatus est, ex ea
 genuit: unde Iuno in
 Calistonam seuiens
 eius pulcritudinem in
 vrse turpissime deform-
 itatem subito trans-
 figuravit.

6240

6250

P. ii. 337

6260

6270

6239 *margin* quendam] quem B 6256 in to A . . . B₂, W
 6257 al a] alle AM al þe (alle the) H1E . . . B₂ 6267 byde AM

[TALE OF CALISTONA.]

And that Diane hire wombe syh,
 Sche seide, 'Awey, thou foule beste,
 For thin astat is noght honeste
 This chaste water forto touche;
 For thou hast take such a touche,
 Which nevere mai ben hol ayein.'
 And thus goth sche which was forlein 6280
 With schame, and fro the Nimphes fledde,
 Til whanne that nature hire spedde,
 That of a Sone, which Archas
 Was named, sche delivered was.
 And tho Juno, which was the wif P. II. 338
 Of Jupiter, wroth and hastif,
 In pourpos forto do vengeance
 Cam forth upon this ilke chance,
 And to Calistona sche spak,
 And sette upon hir many a lak, 6290
 And seide, 'Ha, nou thou art atake,
 That thou thi werk myht noght forsake.
 Ha, thou ungoodlich ypocrite,
 Hou thou art gretly forto wyte!
 Bot nou thou schalt ful sore abie
 That ilke stelthe and micherie,
 Which thou hast bothe take and do;
 Wherof thi fader Lichao
 Schal noght be glad, whan he it wot,
 Of that his dowhter was so hot, 6300
 That sche hath broke hire chaste avou.
 Bot I thee schal chastise nou;
 Thi grete beaute schal be torned,
 Thurgh which that thou hast be mistorned,
 Thi large frount, thin yhen greie,
 I schal hem change in other weie,
 And al the feture of thi face
 In such a wise I schal deface,
 That every man thee schal forbere.'
 With that the liknesse of a bere 6310
 Sche tok and was forschape anon.

6289 he AdBT
 6296 of micherye B

6293 vngoodlich JC, SB, F vngoodliche A
 6302 chastic EC 6304 that om. AM, Ad

Withinne a time and therupon
 Befell that with a bowe on honde,
 To hunte and gamen forto fonde,
 Into that wode goth to pleie P. ii. 339
 Hir Sone Archas, and in his weie
 It hapneth that this bere cam.
 And whan that sche good hiede nam,
 Wher that he stod under the bowh,
 Sche kneu him wel and to him drouh; 6320
 For thogh sche hadde hire forme lore,
 The love was noght lost therfore
 Which kinde hath set under his lawe.
 Whan sche under the wodesschawe
 Hire child behield, sche was so glad,
 That sche with bothe hire armes sprad,
 As thogh sche were in wommanhiede,
 Toward him cam, and tok non hiede
 Of that he bar a bowe bent.
 And he with that an Arwe hath hent 6330
 And gan to teise it in his bowe,
 As he that can non other knowe,
 Bot that it was a beste wylde.
 Bot Jupiter, which wolde schylde
 The Moder and the Sone also,
 Ordeineth for hem bothe so,
 That thei for evere were save.
 Bot thus, mi Sone, thou myht have Confessor.
 Ensamle, hou that it is to fle
 To robbe the virginite 6340
 Of a yong innocent aweie:
 And overthis be other weie,
 In olde bokes as I rede,
 Such Robberie is forto drede,
 And nameliche of thilke good P. ii. 340
 Which every womman that is good
 Desireth forto kepe and holde,

6313 in honde X, AdBTΔ 6317 happeþ E, AdBTΔ happed W
 6318 he YEC, AdBT 6319 a bough H1 . . . B2, Δ 6324
 wodesschawe AJ, F woode schawe C, BT 6336 so] tuo E, B
 too W 6341 a weie F

[TALE OF CALISTONA.]

As whilom was be daies olde.
 For if thou se mi tale wel
 Of that was tho, thou miht somdiel 6350
 Of old ensample taken hiede,
 Hou that the flour of maidenhiede
 Was thilke time holde in pris.
 And so it was, and so it is,
 And so it schal for evere stonde:
 And for thou schalt it understonde,
 Nou herkne a tale next suiende,
 Hou maidenhod is to commende.

[VIRGINITY.]

x. *Vt Rosa de spinis spineto preualet orta,
 Et lili flores cespite plura valent,
 Sic sibi virginitas carnis sponsalia vincit,
 Eternos fetus que sine labe parit.*

Hic loquitur de vir-
 ginitatis commenda-
 cione, vbi dicit quod
 nuper Imperatores ob
 tanti status dignitatem
 virginibus cedebant
 in via.

Of Rome among the gestes olde
 I finde hou that Valerie tolde 6360
 That what man tho was Emperour
 Of Rome, he scholde don honour
 To the virgine, and in the weie,
 Wher he hire mette, he scholde obeie
 In worschipe of virginite,
 Which tho was of gret dignite.
 Noght onliche of the wommen tho,
 Bot of the chaste men also
 It was commended overal:
 And forto speke in special 6370
 Touchende of men, ensample I finde, P. ii. 341

Hic loquitur, quali-
 ter Phyrinus, iuuenum
 Rome pulcherrimus,
 ut illesam suam con-
 seruaret virginitatem,
 ambos oculos eruens
 vultus sui decorem
 abhominabilem con-
 stituit.

Phyryns, which was of mannes kinde
 Above alle othre the faireste
 Of Rome and ek the comelieste,
 That wel was hire which him mihte
 Beholde and have of him a sihte.
 Thus was he tempted ofte sore;

6351 olde ensamples AdBT, W

Latin Verses x. om. here and ins. later S . . . Δ (ins. here Λ)

6361 That whilom was an emp. H1E That whilom þer was emp.
 XRCLB2 þat what man was þo emp. Δ 6363 and in] and
 AMR in LB2 6364 margin sedebant H1RCLB2 6366 of]
 a AdBT 6367 womman H1 . . . B2, W 6372 Phirus AM

121

[VIRGINITY.]

In carne preter
carnem viuere potius
vita angelica quam
humana est.

6400*

6378 be om. AM 6381 threste] put B 6382 him] it B
6387 f. That maidenhode is forto preise
Who pat þe vertus wolde peise S . . . ΔΔ
6390 margin Hii secuntur agnum quocunque ierit SΔ
6395*-6438* Only in SΔδBTΔΔ The text here follows S 6396* ff.
margin In carne—est om. B 6398* Lich BT Liche S

[CHASTITY OF
VALENTINIAN.]

Hic loquitur qualiter
Valentinianus Imperator,
cum ipse octogenarius plures
prouincias Romano

Of Valentinian the king
And Emperour be thilke daies,
A worthi knyht at alle assaies,
Hou he withoute Mariage
Was of an hundred wynter Age,

6400

I thenke tellen overmore,
Which is, mi Sone, for thi lore,
If that the list to taken hiede.

6410*

x. *Vt Rosa de spinis spineto preualet orta,
Et lilii flores cespite plura valent,
Sic sibi virginitas carnis sponsalia vincit,
Eternos fetus que sine labe parit.*

Milicia est vita
hominis super terram.

To trete upon the maidenhiede;
The bok seith that a mannes lif
Upon knyhtode in werre and strif
Is sett among hise enemys:
The frele fleish, whos nature is
Ai redy forto sporne and falle,
The ferste foman is of alle;
For thilke werre is redi ai,
It werreth nyht, it werreth dai,
So that a man hath nevere reste.
For thi is thilke knyht the beste,
Thurgh myht and grace of goddes sonde
Which that bataille mai*withsonde:
Wherof yit duelleth the memoire
Of hem that whilom the victoire
Of thilke dedly werre hadden;
The hih prouesse which thei ladden,
Wherof the Soule stod amended,
Upon this erthe is yit commended.

6420*

P. ii. 343

6430*

Hic loquitur qualiter
Valentinianus Imperator,
cum ipse octogenarius plures
prouincias Romano
Imperio belliger sub-

An Emperour be olde dayes
Ther was, and he at alle assaies
A worthi knyht was of his hond,
Ther was non such in al the lond;

Latin Verses x. inserted after 6412 SAdBT after 6413* Δ*

6413* book BT boke S margin Milicia—terram BA om. SΔ

6427* dedly BT dedely S 6429* stood BT stode S 6430*
is 3it SΔ it is AdBTΔ

And hadde ben a worthi kniht
 Bothe of his lawe and of his myht.
 Bot whan men wolde his dedes peise
 And his knyghthode of Armes preise,
 Of that he dede with his hondes,
 Whan he the kinges and the londes
 To his subjeccion put under,
 Of al that pris hath he no wonder,
 For he it sette of non acompte,
 And seide al that may noght amonte
 Ayeins o point which he hath nome,
 That he his fleiss hath overcome :
 He was a virgine, as he seide ;
 On that bataille his pris he leide.
 Lo nou, my Sone, avise thee.

Yee, fader, al this wel mai be,
 Bot if alle othre dede so,
 The world of men were sone go :
 And in the lawe a man mai finde,
 Hou god to man be weie of kinde
 Hath set the world to multeplie ;
 And who that wol him justefie,
 It is ynoub to do the lawe.
 And natheles youre goode sawe
 Is good to kepe, who so may,
 I wol noght therayein seie nay.

Mi Sone, take it as I seie ;
 If maidenhod be take aweie
 Withoute lawes ordinance,

[CHASTITY OF
VALENTINIAN.]

Imperio belliger subi-
 ugasset, dixit se super
 omnia magis gaudere
 de eo, quod contra sue
 carnis concupiscenci-
 am victoriam obtinu-
 isset; nam et ipse virgo
 omnibus diebus vite
 sue castissimus per-
 mansit.

6410

P. ii. 344

(6450*)

[VIRGINITY.]

Amans.

6420

Confessor.

6430

Bot yit for al his vasselage
 He stod unwedded al his age,
 And in Cronique as it is told,
 He was an hundred wynter old.
 Bot whan men wolde etc. (as 6405 ff.)

iugasset, dixit se super
 omnia magis gaudere
 de eo quod contra sue
 carnis concupiscen-
 ciam victoriam obtinu-
 isset; nam et ipse virgo
 omnibus diebus vite
 sue castissimus per-
 mansit.

6408 and] of AdBT 6409 put AJ, S, F putte B 6418 My
 fader H1 . . . B2, Ad mai wel AMEC, S . . . ΔΔ 6429 take AJ,
 F tak SB

6436* stood BT stode S margin contra sue om. B
 6439* margin castissime B

[VIRGINITY.]

It mai noght failen of vengeance.
 And if thou wolt the sothe wite,
 Behold a tale which is write,
 Hou that the King Agamenon,
 Whan he the Cite of Lesbon
 Hath wonne, a Maiden ther he fond,
 Which was the faireste of the Lond
 In thilke time that men wiste.
 He tok of hire what him liste 6440
 Of thing which was most precious,
 Wherof that sche was dangerous.
 This faire Maiden cleped is
 Criseide, douhter of Crisis,
 Which was that time in special P. ii. 345
 Of thilke temple principal,
 Wher Phebus hadde his sacrifice,
 So was it wel the more vice.
 Agamenon was thanne in weie
 To Troieward, and tok aweie 6450
 This Maiden, which he with him ladde,
 So grete a lust in hire he hadde.
 Bot Phebus, which hath gret desdeign
 Of that his Maiden was forlein,
 Anon as he to Troie cam,
 Vengeance upon this dede he nam
 And sende a comun pestilence.
 Thei soghten thanne here evidence
 And maden calculacion,
 To knowe in what condicion 6460
 This deth cam in so sodeinly ;
 And ate laste redyly
 The cause and ek the man thei founde :
 And forth withal the same stounde
 Agamenon opposed was,
 Which hath beknownen al the cas (6500*)
 Of the folie which he wroghte.

6444 Criseid(e) þe doughter AdBTΔ (Criseide dowhter S)
 6452 grete AJ, S, F gret C, BT 6461 in] hem AXG . . . B₂ hym
 MH₁ 6463 he founde RCLB₂ be f. E 6465 apposed
 AM . . . B₂ (except E)

LIBER QUINTUS

125

And therupon mercy thei soghte
Toward the god in sondri wise
With preiere and with sacrificse,
The Maide and hom ayein thei sende,
And yive hire good ynouh to spende
For evere whil sche scholde live :
And thus the Senne was foryive
And al the pestilence cessed.

[VIRGINITY.]

6470

P. ii. 346

Lo, what it is to ben encressed
Of love which is evele wonne.
It were betre noght begonne
Than take a thing withoute leve,
Which thou most after nedes leve,
And yit have malgre forth withal.
Forthi to robben overal
In loves cause if thou beginne,
I not what ese thou schalt winne.
Mi Sone, be wel war of this,
For thus of Robberie it is.

Confessor.

6480

Mi fader, youre ensamplerie
In loves cause of Robberie
I have it riht wel understonde.
Bot overthis, hou so it stonde,
Yit wolde I wite of youre aprise
What thing is more of Covoitise,

Amans.

6490

- xi. *Insidiando latens tempus rimatur et horam
Fur, quibus occulto tempore furta parat.
Sic amor insidiis vacat, ut sub tegmine ludos
Prendere furtivos nocte fauente queat.*

[STEALTH AND
MICHERY.]

With Covoitise yit I finde
A Servant of the same kinde,
Which Stelthe is hote, and Mecherie
With him is evere in compainie.

Hic tractat super
illa Cupiditatis specie,
que secretum latro-

6471 maide and] mayden (maide) H₁ . . . B₂, AdBT, W 6472
3af AM . . . B₂, T, W (gave)

6486f. My fader so I wole I wis Amans.

But now [wip] your ensamplerie H₁ . . . B₂

(wip om. all except E)

Latin Verses xi. 1 ad horam E, B 2 tempora AdBT 3 insidii
H₁ . . . B₂

[STEALTH AND
MICHERY.]

cinium dicitur, cuius
natura custode rerum
nesciente ea que cupit
tam per diem quam
per noctem absque
strepitu clanculo fur-
atur.

Of whom if I schal telle soth,
He stalketh as a Pocok doth,
And takth his preie so covert,
That noman wot it in apert. 6500
For whan he wot the lord from home, P. ii. 347
Than wol he stalke aboute and rome;
And what thing he fint in his weie,
Whan that he seth the men aweie,
He stelth it and goth forth withal,
That therof noman knowe schal.
And ek fulofte he goth a nyht
Withoute Mone or sterreliht,
And with his craft the dore unpiketh,
And takth therinne what him liketh: 6510
And if the dore be so schet,
That he be of his entre let,
He wole in atē wyndou crepe,
And whil the lord is faste aslepe,
He stelth what thing as him best list,
And goth his weie er it be wist. (6550*)
Fulofte also be lyhte of day
Yit wole he stele and make assay;
Under the cote his hond he put,
Til he the mannes Purs have cut, 6520
And riflēt that he fint therinne.
And thus he auntreth him to winne,
And berth an horn and noght ne bloweth,
For noman of his conseil knoweth;
What he mai gete of his Michinge,
It is al bile under the winge.
And as an hound that goth to folde
And hath ther taken what he wolde,
His mouth upon the gras he wypeth,
And so with feigned chiere him slypeth, 6530
That what as evere of schep he strangle, P. ii. 348
Ther is noman therof schal jangle,
As forto known who it dede;
Riht so doth Stelthe in every stede,

6499 margin custodire A . . . B₂ 6501 at home H₁ . . . B₂
6518 wold(e) H₁ . . . B₂ 6533 As] And AdBT, H₁

Where as him list his preie take.
 He can so wel his cause make
 And so wel feigne and so wel glose,
 That ther ne schal noman suppose,
 Bot that he were an innocent,
 And thus a mannes yhe he blent :
 So that this crafte I mai remene
 Withouten help of eny mene.

6540

Ther be lovers of that degre,
 Which al here lust in privete,
 As who seith, geten al be Stelthe,
 And ofte atteignen to gret welthe
 As for the time that it lasteth.
 For love awaiteth evere and casteth
 Hou he mai stele and cacche his preie,
 Whan he therto mai finde a weie :
 For be it nyht or be it day,
 He takth his part, whan that he may,
 And if he mai nomore do,
 Yit wol he stele a cuss or tuo.

[STEALTH OF LOVERS.]

6550

Mi Sone, what seist thou therto?
 Tell if thou dedest evere so.
 Mi fader, hou?

Confessor.

Mi Sone, thus,—
 If thou hast stolen eny cuss
 Or other thing which therto longeth,
 For noman suche thieves hongeth :
 Tell on forthi and sei the trouthe.

6560

P. ii. 349

Mi fader, nay, and that is routhe,
 For be mi will I am a thief;
 Bot sche that is to me most lief,
 Yit dorste I nevere in privete
 Noght ones take hire be the kne,
 To stele of hire or this or that,
 And if I dorste, I wot wel what :
 And natheles, bot if I lie,
 Be Stelthe ne be Robberie
 Of love, which fell in mi thoght,
 To hire dede I nevere noght.

Confessio Amantis.

(6600*)

6570

6547 And for AdBT, W

[STEALTH OF LOVERS.]

Bot as men sein, wher herte is failed,
 Ther schal no castell ben assailed;
 Bot thogh I hadde hertes ten,
 And were als strong as alle men,
 If I be noght myn oghne man
 And dar noght usen that I can,
 I mai miselve noght recovere.
 Thogh I be nevere man so povere, 6580
 I bere an herte and hire it is,
 So that me faileth wit in this,
 Hou that I scholde of myn acord
 The servant lede ayein the lord:
 For if mi fot wolde awher go,
 Or that min hand wolde elles do,
 Whan that myn herte is therayein,
 The remenant is al in vein.
 And thus me lacketh alle wele,
 And yit ne dar I nothing stele 6590
 Of thing which longeth unto love: P. ii. 350
 And ek it is so hyh above,
 I mai noght wel therto areche,
 Bot if so be at time of speche,
 Ful selde if thanne I stele may
 A word or tuo and go my way.
 Betwen hire hih astat and me
 Comparison ther mai non be,
 So that I fiele and wel I wot,
 Al is to hevy and to hot 6600
 To sette on hond withoute leve:
 And thus I mot algate leve
 To stele that I mai noght take,
 And in this wise I mot forsake
 To ben a thief ayein mi wille
 Of thing which I mai noght fulfille.
 For that Serpent which nevere slepte
 The flees of gold so wel ne kepte
 In Colchos, as the tale is told,
 That mi ladi a thousandfold 6610
 Nys betre yemed and bewaked,

6585 wolde AJ, SB wold C, F 6597 hih A, F hihe B hye J

Wher sche be clothed or be naked.
 To kepe hir bodi nyht and day,
 Sche hath a wardein redi ay,
 Which is so wonderful a wyht,
 That him ne mai no mannes myht (6650*)
 With swerd ne with no wepne daunte,
 Ne with no sleihte of charme enchaunte,
 Whereof he mihte be mad tame,
 And Danger is his rihte name; 6620
 Which under lock and under keie, P. ii. 351
 That noman mai it stele aweie,
 Hath al the Tresor underfonge
 That unto love mai belonge.
 The leste lokinge of hire yhe
 Mai noght be stole, if he it syhe;
 And who so gruccheth for so lyte,
 He wolde sone sette a wyte
 On him that wolde stele more.
 And that me grieveth wonder sore, 6630
 For this proverbe is evere newe,
 That stronge lokes maken trewe
 Of hem that wolden stele and pyke:
 For so wel can ther noman slyke
 Be him ne be non other mene,
 To whom Danger wol yive or lene
 Of that tresor he hath to kepe.
 So thogh I wolde stalke and crepe,
 And wayte on eve and ek on morwe,
 Of Danger schal I nothing borwe, 6640
 And stele I wot wel may I noght:
 And thus I am riht wel bethoght,
 Whil Danger stant in his office,
 Of Stelthe, which ye clepe a vice,
 I schal be gultif neveremo.
 Therfore I wolde he were ago
 So fer that I nevere of him herde,
 Hou so that afterward it ferde:

6617 no om. H1E . . . B1, H1 6633 pile C 6634 skile C

6641 I wot wel may I] wel ne may I B wel may I AdT I wot
wel I mai Δ

*
*

K

[STEALTH OF LOVERS.]

For thanne I mihte yit per cas
 Of love make som purchas 6650
 Be Stelthe or be som other weie, P. ii. 352
 That nou fro me stant fer aweie.

Bot, fader, as ye tolde above,
 Hou Stelthe goth a nyht for love,
 I mai noght wel that point forsake,
 That ofte times I ne wake
 On nyhtes, whan that othre slepe ;
 Bot hou, I prei you taketh kepe.
 Whan I am loged in such wise
 That I be nyhte mai arise, 6660

At som wyndowe and loken oute
 And se the housinge al aboute,
 So that I mai the chambre knowe
 In which mi ladi, as I trowe,
 Lyth in hir bed and slepeth softe,
 Thanne is myn herte a thief fulofte: (6700*)

For there I stonde to beholde
 The longe nyhtes that ben colde,
 And thenke on hire that lyth there.
 And thanne I wisshe that I were 6670

Als wys as was Nectanabus
 Or elles as was Protheüs,
 That couthen bothe of nigromaunce
 In what liknesse, in what semblaunce,
 Riht as hem liste, hemself transforme :
 For if I were of such a forme,
 I seie thanne I wolde fle
 Into the chambre forto se

If eny grace wolde falle,
 So that I mihte under the palle 6680
 Som thing of love pyke and stele. P. ii. 353

And thus I thenke thoghtes fele,
 And thogh therof nothing be soth,
 Yit ese as for a time it doth :
 Bot ate laste whanne I finde
 That I am falle into my mynde,

6653 tolde] me tolde AM 6659 such a wise MHiE . . . B₁, W
 6667 to] and S . . . A 6678 the] hire (hir) X . . . B₁, B here H₁

LIBER QUINTUS

131

[STEALTH OF LOVERS.]

And se that I have stonde longe
And have no profit underfonge,
Than stalke I to mi bedd withinne.

And this is al that evere I winne
Of love, whanne I walke on nyht :
Mi will is good, bot of mi myht
Me lacketh bothe and of mi grace ;
For what so that mi thoght embrace,
Yit have I noght the betre ferd.

6690

Mi fader, lo, nou have ye herd
What I be Stelthe of love have do,
And hou mi will hath be therto :

If I be worthi to penance

I put it on your ordinance.

6700

Confessor.

Mi Sone, of Stelthe I the behiete,
Thogh it be for a time swete,
At ende it doth bot litel good,
As be ensample hou that it stod
Whilom, I mai thee telle nou.

I preie you, fader, sei me hou.

Amans.

Mi Sone, of him which goth be daie

Confessor.

Be weie of Stelthe to assaie,
In loves cause and takth his preie,

Ovide seide as I schal seie,

6710

And in his Methamor he tolde

P. ii. 354

A tale, which is good to holde.

The Poete upon this matiere

[TALE OF LEUCOTHOE.]

Of Stelthe wrot in this manere.

Venus, which hath this lawe in honde

Of thing which mai noght be withstonde, (6750*)

As sche which the tresor to warde

Of love hath withinne hir warde,

Phebum to love hath so constreigned,

That he withoute reste is peined

6720

With al his herte to coveite

Hic in amoris causa
super isto Latrocinio
quod de die contigit
ponit exemplum. Et
narrat quod, cum
Leuchotoe Orchami
filia in cameris sub
arta matris custodia

6694 whoso ADBT þoght (þought) C, SB þoghte (þouhte) AJ, F
6697 ha doo AM kan do Δ 6700 put AJ, S, F putte B
it on] it in H₁ECL me in B₂ 6706 tel E, B 6715 his lawe
AMX... B₂ hire lawe H₁ þe lawe S... Δ 6717 margin de die]
die H₁... B₂ de nocte B 6719 Phebus H₁... B₂

[TALE OF LEUCOTHOE.]

virgo preseruabatur,
Phebus eius pulcritu-
dinem concupiscens,
in conclave domus
clara luce subintrans,
virginis pudiciciam
matre nescia deflora-
uit: vnde ipsa inpreg-
nata iratus pater filiam
suam ad sepeliendum
viam effodit; ex
cuius tumulo florem,
quem Solsequium vo-
cant, dicunt tunc con-
sequenter prinitus
accreuisse.

A Maiden, which was warded streyte
Withinne chambre and kept so clos,
That selden was whan sche desclos
Goth with hir moder forto pleie.
Leuchotoe, so as men seie,
This Maiden hihte, and Orchamus
Hir fader was; and befell thus.
This doughter, that was kept so deere,
And hadde be fro yer to yeere 6730
Under hir moder discipline
A clene Maide and a Virgine,
Upon the whos nativite
Of comelihiede and of beaute
Nature hath set al that sche may,
That lich unto the fresshe Maii,
Which othre monthes of the yeer
Surmonteth, so withoute pier
Was of this Maiden the feture.
Wherof Phebus out of mesure 6740
Hire loveth, and on every syde P. ii. 355
Awaiteth, if so mai betyde,
That he thurgh eny sleihte myhte
Hire lusti maidenhod unrihte,
The which were al his worldes welthe.
And thus lurkende upon his stelthe
In his await so longe he lai,
Til it befell upon a dai,
That he thurghout hir chambre wall
Cam in al sodeinliche, and stall 6750
That thing which was to him so lief.
Bot wo the while, he was a thief!
For Venus, which was enemye
Of thilke loves micherie,
Discovereth al the pleine cas
To Clymene, which thanne was

6728 *margin* matre nescia] matre H₁RCLB₁ matre nesciente X, B
nesciente matre E 6731 *margin* quem om. AMH₁E . . . B₁
6732 *margin* nunc H₁ . . . B₁ 6742 if om. AM 6746 thus
om. AM 6751 which] pat A . . . B₁ om. W 6756 How it
befell and how it was H₁ . . . B₁

LIBER QUINTUS

133

[TALE OF LEUCOTHOE.]

Toward Phebus his concubine.
 And sche to lette the covine
 Of thilke love, dedli wroth
 To pleigne upon this Maide goth, 6760
 And tolde hire fader hou it stod ;
 Wherof for sorwe welnyh wod
 Unto hire moder thus he saide :
 ' Lo, what it is to kepe a Maide !
 To Phebus dar I nothing speke,
 Bot upon hire I schal be wreke, (6800*)
 So that these Maidens after this
 Mow take ensample, what it is
 To soffre her maidenhed be stole,
 Wherof that sche the deth schal thole.' 6770
 And bad with that do make a pet, P. ii. 356
 Wherinne he hath his douhter set,
 As he that wol no pite have,
 So that sche was al quik begrave
 And deide anon in his presence.
 Bot Phebus, for the reverence
 Of that sche hadde be his love,
 Hath wroght thurgh his pouer above,
 That sche sprong up out of the molde
 Into a flour was named golde, 6780
 Which stant governed of the Sonne.
 And thus whan love is evele wonne,
 Fulofte it comth to repentaile.
 Mi fader, that is no mervaille,
 Whan that the conseil is bewreid.
 Bot ofte time love hath pleid
 And stole many a prive game,
 Which nevere yit cam into blame,
 Whan that the thinges weren hidde.
 Bot in youre tale, as it betidde, 6790
 Venus discoverede al the cas,
 And ek also brod dai it was,
 Whan Phebus such a Stelthe wroghte,

Amans.

6766 it schal S . . . Δ 6768 Mqw AC, S, F Mowe J, B
 6769 hir(e) AJM, WH₁ 6771 do make J, SA, FH₁ to make
 AM, AdBT, W go make H₁ . . . B₁

[TALE OF LEU-
COTHOE.]

Confessor.

[TALE OF HERCULES
AND FAUNUS.]

Hic ponit exem-
plum super eodem
quod de nocte contigit.
Et narrat qualiter
Hercules cum Eole in
quadam spelunca no-
bili, Thophis dicta,
sub monte Thymolo,
vbi silua Bachi est, ho-
spicio pernoctarunt.
Et cum ipsi variis lec-
tis seperatim iacentes
dormierunt, contigit
lectum Herculis vesti-
mentis Eole lectum-
que Eole pelle leonis,
qua Hercules indue-
batur, operiri. Super
quo Faunus a silua de-
scendens speluncam
subintravit, temptans
si forte cum Eole sue
concupiscencie volup-
tatem nesciente Her-
cule furari posset.
Et cum ad lectum
Herculis muliebri pal-
pata veste ex casu per-
uenisset, putans Eo-
len fuisse, cubiculum
nudo corpore ingre-

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

Wherof the Maide in blame he broghte,
That afterward sche was so lore.
Bot for ye seiden nou tofore
Hou stelthe of love goth be nyhte,
And doth hise thinges out of syhte,
Therof me liste also to hiere
A tale lich to the matiere,
Wherof I myhte ensample take.

6800
P. ii. 357

Mi goode Sone, and for thi sake,
So as it fell be daies olde,
And so as the Poete it tolde,
Upon the nyhtes micherie
Nou herkne a tale of Poesie.

The myhtieste of alle men
Whan Hercules with Eolen,
Which was the love of his corage,
Togedre upon a Pelrinage
Towardes Rome scholden go,
It fell hem be the weie so,
That thei upon a dai a Cave
Withinne a roche founden have,
Which was real and glorious
And of Entaile curious,
Be name and Thophis it was hote.
The Sonne schon tho wonder hote,
As it was in the Somer tyde;
This Hercules, which be his syde
Hath Eolen his love there,
Whan thei at thilke cave were,
He seide it thoghte him for the beste
That sche hire for the hete reste
Al thilke day and thilke nyht;
And sche, that was a lusti wyht,
It liketh hire al that he seide:
And thus thei duelle there and pleide
The longe dai. And so befell,

6810

(6850*)

6820

6795 he AdBT 6802 and om. B 6803 bifell AM, Ad, Hs
6811 Toward XRCLB; Towarde Hs 6816 margin sectis
ARCLB; 6821 S has lost a leaf (ll. 6821-7000) 6824 margin
voluntatem AM

LIBER QUINTUS

135

This Cave was under the hell
 Of Tymolus, which was begrowe
 With vines, and at thilke throwe
 Faunus with Saba the goddesse,
 Be whom the large wilderness
 In thilke time stod governed,
 Weere in a place, as I am lerned,
 Nyh by, which Bachus wode hihte.
 This Faunus tok a gret insihte
 Of Eolen, that was so nyh ;
 For whan that he hire beaute syh,
 Out of his wit he was assoted,
 And in his herte it hath so noted,
 That he forsok the Nymphes alle,
 And seide he wolde, hou so it falle,
 Assaie an other forto winne ;
 So that his hertes thoght withinne
 He sette and caste hou that he myhte
 Of love pyke away be nyhte
 That he be daie in other wise
 To stele mihte noght suffise :
 And therupon his time he waiteth.

Nou tak good hiede hou love afaiteth
 Him which withal is overcome.
 Faire Eolen, whan sche was come
 With Hercules into the Cave,
 Sche seide him that sche wolde have
 Hise clothes of and hires bothe,
 That ech of hem scholde other clothe.
 And al was do riht as sche bad,
 He hath hire in hise clothes clad

6830 [TALE OF HERCULES
 AND FAUNUS.]
 P. ii. 358 ditur; quem senciens
 Hercules manibus
 apprehensum ipsum
 ad terram ita fortiter
 allisit, ut impotens
 sui corporis effectus
 usque mane ibidem
 requieuit, vbi Saba
 cum Nymphis siluestri-
 bus superueniens ip-
 sum sic illudum deri-
 debat.

6840

6850

6860

6836 Weere F Were AC, B Wher(e) JG 6839 so om.
 H₁XRCLB₂ him E 6846 herte H₁RCLB₂
 For 6848-6851 X has—

That he by daye in oþer stede
 ffor ouȝte þat he haþ prayde and bede
 To stele myȝte nouȝt suffise
 Beþouȝte him in a noþer wise
 And þer vpon his time awaiteþ

6856 him om. A . . . B₂ 6857 hire AM, B 6858 That]
 And AM . . . B₂

[TALE OF HERCULES
AND FAUNUS.]

And caste on hire his gulion, P. ii. 359
Which of the Skyn of a Leoun
Was mad, as he upon the weie
It slouh, and overthis to pleie
Sche tok his grete Mace also
And knet it at hir gerdil tho. (6900*)
So was sche lich the man arraied,
And Hercules thanne hath assaied
To clothen him in hire array:
And thus thei jape forth the dai, 6870
Til that her Souper redy were.
And whan thei hadden souped there,
Thei schopen hem to gon to reste;
And as it thoghte hem for the beste,
Thei bede, as for that ilke nyht,
Tuo sondri beddes to be dyht,
For thei togedre ligge nolde,
Be cause that thei offre wolde
Upon the morwe here sacrifice.
The servantz deden here office 6880
And sondri beddes made anon,
Wherin that thei to reste gon
Ech be himself in sondri place.
Faire Eole hath set the Mace
Beside hire beddes hed above,
And with the clothes of hire love
Sche helede al hire bed aboute;
And he, which hadde of nothing doute,
Hire wympel wond aboute his cheke,
Hire kertell and hire mantel eke 6890
Abrod upon his bed he spredde. P. ii. 360
And thus thei slepen bothe abedde;
And what of travail, what of wyn,
The servantz lich to drunke Swyn
Begunne forto route faste.
This Faunus, which his Stelthe caste,
Was thanne come to the Cave,
And fond thei weren alle save

6867 the man] to man H₁ . . . B₂ 6883 Ech AJC. B Eche F
hemself B 6895 Beginne H₁ . . . B₂ (except C), AdBT

LIBER QUINTUS

137

[TALE OF HERCULES
AND FAUNUS.]

Withoute noise, and in he wente.

The derke nyht his sihte blente,

And yit it happeth him to go

Where Eolen abedde tho

Was leid al one for to slepe ;

Bot for he wolde take kepe

Whos bed it was, he made assai,

And of the Leoun, where it lay,

The Cote he fond, and ek he fieleth

The Mace, and thanne his herte kieleth,

That there dorste he noght abyde,

Bot stalketh upon every side

6900

And soghte aboute with his hond,

That other bedd til that he fond,

Wher lai bewympled a visage.

Tho was he glad in his corage,

For he hir kertell fond also

And ek hir mantell bothe tuo

(6950*)

Bespred upon the bed alofte.

He made him naked thanne, and softe

Into the bedd unwar he crepte,

Wher Hercules that time slepte,

6920

And wende wel it were scheȝ

P. ii. 361

And thus in stede of Eole

Anon he profreth him to love.

But he, which felte a man above,

This Hercules, him threw to grounde

So sore, that thei have him founde

Liggende there upon the morwe ;

And tho was noght a litel sorwe,

That Faunus of himselve made,

Bot elles thei were alle glade

6930

And lowhen him to scorne aboute :

Saba with Nimphis al a route

Cam down to loke hou that he ferde,

And whan that thei the sothe herde,

He was bejaped overal.

Mi Sone, be thou war withal

Confessor.

6925 þrew C, B þrewe AJ, F 6932 a route J, B, F arowte A
6933 it ferde AdBT

[TALE OF HERCULES
AND FAUNUS.]

To seche suche mecheries,
Bot if thou have the betre aspies,
In aunter if the so betyde
As Faunus dede thilke tyde, 6940
Wherof thou miht be schamed so.

Amans.

Min holi fader, certes no.
Bot if I hadde riht good leve,
Such mecherie I thenke leve:
Mi feinte herte wol noght serve;
For malgre wolde I noght deserve
In thilke place wher I love.
Bot for ye tolden hier above
Of Covoitise and his pilage,
If ther be more of that lignage, 6950
Which toucheth to mi schrifte, I preie P. ii. 362
That ye therof me wolde seie,
So that I mai the vice eschuie.

Confessor.

Mi Sone, if I be order suie
The vices, as thei stonde arowe,
Of Covoitise thou schalt knowe
Ther is yit on, which is the laste;
In whom ther mai no vertu laste,
For he with god himself debateth,
Wherof that al the hevene him hateth. 6960

[SACRILEGE.] xii. *Sacrilegus tantum furto loca sacra prophanat;
Vt sibi sunt agri, sic domus alma dei.
Nec locus est, in quo non temptat amans quod amatur,
Et que posse nequit carpere, velle capit.*

Hic tractat super
ultima Cupiditatis
specie, que Sacrile-
gium dicta est, cuius
furtum ea que altis-
simo sanctificantur
bona depredans eccle-
sie tantum spoliis in-
sidiatur.

The hihe god, which alle goode
Pourveied hath for mannes fode
Of clothes and of mete and drinke,
Bad Adam that he scholde swinke
To geten him his sustenance;
And ek he sette an ordinance (7000*)
Upon the lawe of Moïses,
That though a man be haveles,
Yit schal he noght be thefte stele.
Bot nou adaies ther ben fele, 6970

6954 Mi om. AdBT 6955 on rowe H1RCLB1 6967 a lawe B

LIBER QUINTUS

139

[SACRILEGE.]

That wol no labour undertake,
 Bot what thei mai be Stelthe take
 Thei holde it sikerliche wonne.
 And thus the lawe is overronne,
 Which god hath set, and namely
 With hem that so untrewely
 The goodes robbe of holi cherche.
 The thefte which thei thanne werche P. ii. 363
 Be name is cleped Sacrilege,
 Ayein the whom I thenke alegege.* 6980
 Of his condicion to telle,
 Which rifleth bothe bok and belle,
 So forth with al the remenant

* Upon the pointz as we ben taught
 Stant sacrilege, and elles nought.

The firste point is for to seye,
 Whan that a thief schal stele awaye
 The holy thing from holy place.

The secounde is, if he pourchace 7020*
 By wey of thefte unholy thing,
 Which he upon his knowleching
 Fro holy place aweie took.

The thridde point, as seith the book,
 Is such as, wher as evere it be,
 In woode, in feld or in Cite,
 Schal no man stele by no wise
 That halwed is to the servise
 Of god which alle thinges wot.
 But ther is nouthur cold ne hot, 7030*
 Which he for god or man wol spare,
 So that the body may wel fare;
 And that he may the world aschape,
 The hevene him thenkth is but a jape:
 And thus, the sothe for to telle,
 He rifleth bothe book and belle,
 So forth with al, etc. (as 6983 ff.)

7015*-7036* Only in AdBTA (not Δ) S is here defective, but did not
 contain the passage. Text follows B 7015* f. taght: naght T 7025*
 euer T euer B 7034* þenkeþ B thinkth T 7036* rifleth T ruyfleþ B

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

[SACRILEGE.]

To goddes hous appourtenant,
 Wher that he scholde bidde his bede,
 He doth his thefte in holi stede,
 And takth what thing he fint therinne: P. ii. 364
 For whan he seth that he mai winne,
 He wondeth for no cursednesse,
 That he ne brekth the holinesse 6990
 And doth to god no reverence;
 For he hath lost his conscience,
 That though the Prest therfore curse,
 He seith he fareth noght the wurse.
 And forto speke it otherwise,
 What man that lasseth the franchise (7050*)
 And takth of holi cherche his preie,
 I not what bedes he schal preie.
 Whan he fro god, which hath yive al,
 The Pourpartie in special, 7000
 Which unto Crist himself is due,
 Benymth, he mai noght wel eschue
 The peine comende afterward;
 For he hath mad his foreward
 With Sacrilege forto duelle,
 Which hath his heritage in helle.
 And if we rede of tholde lawe,
 I finde write, in thilke dawe
 Of Princes hou ther weren thre
 Coupable sore in this degre. 7010
 That on of hem was cleped thus,
 The proude king Antiochus;
 That other Nabuzardan hihte,
 Which of his crualte behyhte
 The temple to destruie and waste,
 And so he dede in alle haste;
 The thridde, which was after schamed, P. ii. 365
 Was Nabugodonosor named,

6994 wurse A, F worse JC, B 7001 S *resumes* 7007 (7061*)
margin SBΔΔ *have here* Hic tractat precipue de tribus sacrilegis,
 quorum vnus fuit Antiochus, alter Nabuzardan, tercius Nabugodonosor.
 (precipue om. Δ) 7008 lawe AdBT 7009 hou om. H₁ . . . B₂
 7010 sore] alle H₁ . . . B₂

LIBER QUINTUS

141

[SACRILEGE.]

And he Jerusalem putte under,
 Of Sacrilege and many a wonder 7020
 There in the holi temple he wroghte,
 Which Baltazar his heir aboghte,
 Whan Mane, Techel, Phares write
 Was on the wal, as thou miht wite,
 So as the bible it hath declared.
 Bot for al that it is noght spared
 Yit nou aday, that men ne pile,
 And maken argument and skile
 To Sacrilege as it belongeth,
 For what man that ther after longeth, 7030
 He takth non hiede what he doth.*
 And riht so, forto telle soth,
 In loves cause if I schal trete,

* And if a man schal telle soth,
 Of guile and of soubtilite
 Is non so slyh in his degre
 To feigne a thing for his beyete,
 As is this vice of which I trete. 7090*
 He can so priveliche pyke,
 He can so wel hise wordes slyke
 To putte away suspeciou, n,
 That in his excusacioun,
 Ther schal noman defalte finde.
 And thus fuloste men be blinde,
 That stonden of his word deceived,
 Er his queintise be perceived.
 Bot natheles yit otherwhile, P. ii. 366
 For al his sleyhte and al his guile, 7100*
 Of that he wolde his werk forsake,
 He is atteint and overtake ;
 Wherof thou schalt a tale rede,
 In Rome as it befell in dede.

7022 (7076*) *margin* Nota de scriptura in pariete tempore Regis
 Baltazar, que fuit mane, techel, phares SBA (scripta B) 7025 it om.
 H1 . . . B2

7086*-7210* *Only in SAdBTAA Text here follows S* 7100*
 sleyhte SA stelpe AdBT 7104* *line om.* BT

[SACRILEGE OF
LOVERS.]

Ther ben of suche smale and grete :
If thei no leisir fynden elles,
Thei wol noght wonden for the belles,

[TALE OF LUCIUS AND
THE STATUE.]

Hic loquitur de illis
quilaruata consciencia
Sacrilegium sibi licere
fingunt. Et narrat
quod, cum quidam
Lucius clericus famo-
sus et Imperatori no-
tus deum suum Apol-
linem in templo Rome
de anulo suo, pallio
et barba aurea spolia-
set, ipse tandem ap-
prehensus et coram
Imperatore accusatus
taliter se excusando
ait: 'Anulum a deo
recepī, quia ipse digi-
to protenso ex sua
largitate anulum hunc
graciose michi optu-
lit; pallium ex lamine
aureo constructum
tuli, quia aurum max-
ime ponderosum et
frigidum naturaliter
consistit, unde nec in
estate propter pondus
nec in yeme propter
frigus ad dei vestes
utile fuit; barbā ab
eo deposui, quia ip-
sum patri suo assimi-
lare volui, nam et
Apollo, qui ante ip-
sum in templo stetit,
absque barba iuvenis
apparuit. Et sic ea
que gessi non ex fur-
to set honestate pro-
cessisse manifeste de-
claravi.'

Er Rome cam to the creance
Of Cristes feith, it fell per chance,
Cesar, which tho was Emperour,
Him liste forto don honour
Unto the temple Apollinis,
And made an ymage upon this,
The which was cleped Apollo.
Was non so riche in Rome tho;
Of plate of gold a berd he hadde,
The which his brest al overspradde;
Of gold also withoute faile
His mantell was of large entaile,
Beset with perrie al aboute,
Forthriht he strawhte his finger oute,
Upon the which he hadde a ryng,
To sen it was a riche thing,
A fin Carbuncle for the nones,
Most precious of alle Stones.

7110*

7120*

And fell that time in Rome thus :
Ther was a clerk, on Lucius,
A Courteour, a famous man,
Of every witt somewhat he can,
Outake that him lacketh reule
His oghne astat to guide and reule;
How so it stod of his spekinge,
He was noght wys in his doinge.
Bot every riot ate laste
Mot nedes falle and mai noght laste :
After the meede of his decerte,
So fell this clerk into poverte
And wiste noght how forto ryse;
Wherof in many a sondri wyse

P. ii. 367

7130*

7121* charboncle AdT charboele B 7126* margin barbā
ab eo] barbā a deo BA (margin om. AdT) 7128* margin
volui] nolui BA 7129* margin qui ante—templo om. B
7132* margin set honestate] sed ex honestate BA

LIBER QUINTUS

143

Ne thogh thei sen the Prest at masse ;
That wol thei leten overpasse.
If that thei finde here love there,

[SACRILEGE OF
LOVERS.]

He caste his wittes hier and ther,
He loketh nyh, he loketh fer,
Til on a time that he com
Into the temple, and hiede he nom
Wher that the god Apollo stod.
He sih the richesse and the good,
And thoghte he wolde be som weie
The tresor pyke and stele aweie ;
And therupon so slyhly wroghte,
That his pourpos aboute he broghte,
And wente away unaparceived.

[TALE OF LUCIUS AND
THE STATUE.]

Thus hath the man his god deceived,
His ryng, his mantell and his beard,
As he which nothing was a feerd,
Al prively with him he bar :
And whan the wardeins weren war
Of that here god despuiled was,
Hem thoghte it was a wonder cas,
How that a man for eny wele
Durst in so holy place stele,
And namely so gret a thing.

7140*

This tale cam unto the king,
And was thurgh spoken overal :
Bot forto knowe in special
What maner man hath do the dede,
Thei soghten help upon the nede
And maden calculacioun,
Wherof be demonstracioun
The man was founde with the good.
In juggement and whan he stood,
The king hath axed of him thus :
'Sey, thou unsely Lucius,
Whi hast thou don this sacrilegge ?'

7150*

P. ii. 368

7160*

7140* he om. AdBTA 7148* the] he S 7150* a feerd
(a ferd) SB aferd T 7156* Durste BT Durst S 7157*
gret BT grete S

[SACRILEGE OF
LOVERS.]

Thei stonde and tellen in hire Ere, 7040
 And axe of god non other grace, P. ii. 370
 Why! thei ben in that holi place;

[TALE OF LUCIUS AND
THE STATUE.]

'Mi lord, if I the cause allegge,' 7170*
 Quod he ayein, 'me thenketh this,
 That I have do nothing amis.
 Thre pointz ther ben whiche I have do,
 Wherof the ferste point stant so,
 That I the ryng have take aweie.
 As unto that this wole I seie:
 Whan I the god behield aboute,
 I sih how he his hond strawhte oute
 And profred me the ryng to yive;
 And I, which wolde gladly live 7180*
 Out of povert of his largesse,
 It underfeng, so that I gesse,
 As therof I am noght to wyte.
 And overmore I wol me quite,
 Of gold that I the mantell tok:
 Gold in his kinde, as seith the bok,
 Is hevy bothe and cold also;
 And for that it was hevy so,
 Me thoghte it was no garnement P. ii. 369
 Unto the god convenient, 7190*
 To clothen him the somer tide;
 I thoghte upon that other side
 How gold is cold, and such a cloth
 Be resoun oghte to be loth
 In wynter time for the chele.
 And thus thenkende thoghtes fele,
 As I myn yhe aboute caste,
 His large beerd thanne ate laste
 I syh, and thoghte anon therfore
 How that his fader him before, 7200*
 Which stod upon the same place,
 Was beerdles with a yongly face:
 And in such wise as ye have herd

7176* As vnto þat SΔ Vnto þat AdTA Vnto þat point B 7181*
 of SΔ þurgh BT þoro Ad 7183* And . . . am I AdBTA

LIBER QUINTUS

145

[SACRILEGE OF
LOVERS.]

Bot er thei gon som advantage
 Ther wol thei have, and som pilage
 Of goodli word or of beheste,
 Or elles thei take ate leste
 Out of hir hand or ring or glove,
 So nyh the weder thei wol love,
 As who seith sche schal noght foryete,
 Nou I this tokne of hire have gete: 7050
 Thus halwe thei the hihe feste.
 Such thefte mai no cherche areste,
 For al is leueful that hem liketh,
 To whom that elles it misliketh.
 And ek riht in the selve kinde
 In grete Cites men mai finde
 This lusti folk, that make it gay,
 And waite upon the haliday:
 In cherches and in Menstres eke
 Thei gon the wommen forto seke, 7060
 And wher that such on goth aboute,
 Tofore the faireste of the route,
 Wher as thei sitten alle arewe,
 Ther wol he most his bodi schewe,
 His croket kembd and theron set
 A Nouche with a chapelet,
 Or elles on of grene leues,
 Which late com out of the greves,
 Al for he scholde seme freissh.
 And thus he loketh on the fleissh, 7070

I tok away the Sones berd,
 For that his fader hadde non,
 To make hem liche, and hier upon
 I axe forto ben excused.'

[TALE OF LUCIUS AND
THE STATUE.]

Lo thus, wher Sacrilege is used,
 A man can feigne his conscience;
 And riht upon such evidence 7210*
 In loves cause, &c. (as 7033 ff.)

7048 love] hou G, AdBTA 7053 leueful AJ, S, F leuful C
 lieful B 7070 the fleissh] his fl. AdBTA
 7204* took BT toke S

* * *

L

[SACRILEGE OF
LOVERS.]

Riht as an hauk which hath a sihte **P. ii. 371**
 Upon the foul, ther he schal lihte; (7250*)
 And as he were of faerie,
 He scheweth him tofore here yhe
 In holi place wher thei sitte,
 Al forto make here hertes flitte.
 His yhe nawher wole abyde,
 Bot loke and prie on every syde
 On hire and hire, as him best lyketh :
 And otherwhile among he syketh; 7080
 Thenkth on of hem, 'That was for me,'
 And so ther thenken tuo or thre,
 And yit he loveth non of alle,
 Bot wher as evere his chance falle.
 And natheles to seie a soth,
 The cause why that he so doth
 Is forto stele an herte or tuo,
 Out of the cherche er that he go :
 And as I seide it hier above,
 Al is that Sacrilege of love; 7090
 For wel mai be he stelth away
 That he nevere after yelde may.
 Tell me forthi, my Sone, anon,
 Hast thou do Sacrilege, or non,
 As I have said in this manere?

Confessio Amantis.

Mi fader, as of this matiere
 I wole you tellen redely
 What I have do; bot trewely
 I mai excuse min entente,
 That nevere I yit to cherche wente 7100
 In such manere as ye me schryve, **P. ii. 372**
 For no womman that is on lyve.
 The cause why I have it laft
 Mai be for I unto that craft
 Am nothing able so to stele,
 Thogh ther be wommen noght so fele.
 Bot yit wol I noght seie this,
 Whan I am ther mi ladi is,

7078 preie (prey) AMH₁ 7094 do] be CL 7106 noght]
 neuer (neer) A . . . B₂

LIBER QUINTUS

147

[SACRILEGE OF
LOVERS.]

In whom lith holly mi querele,
 And sche to cherche or to chapele 7110
 Wol go to matins or to messe,—
 That time I waite wel and gesse,
 To cherche I come and there I stonde,
 And thogh I take a bok on honde,
 Mi contenance is on the bok,
 Bot toward hire is al my lok;
 And if so falle that I preie
 Unto mi god, and somewhat seie
 Of Paternoster or of Crede,
 Al is for that I wolde spede, 7120
 So that mi bede in holi cherche
 Ther mihte som miracle werche (7300*)
 Mi ladi herte forto chaunge,
 Which evere hath be to me so strange.
 So that al mi devocion
 And al mi contemplacion
 With al min herte and mi corage
 Is only set on hire ymage;
 And evere I waite upon the tyde.
 If sche loke eny thing asyde, 7130
 That I me mai of hire avise, P. ii. 373
 Anon I am with covoitise
 So smite, that me were lief
 To ben in holi cherche a thief;
 Bot noght to stele a vestement,
 For that is nothing mi talent,
 Bot I wold stele, if that I mihte,
 A glad word or a goodly syhte;
 And evere mi service I profre,
 And namly whan sche wol gon offre, 7140
 For thanne I lede hire, if I may,
 For somewhat wolde I stele away.
 Whan I beclippe hire on the wast,
 Yit ate leste I stele a tast,
 And otherwhile 'grant mercy'
 Sche seith, and so winne I therby

7119 or of] of a AM 7124 to me hap be strange H1 . . . B2, W
 7131 on hire A . . . B2 on here H1 7137 wold C, S, F wolde AJ, B

[SACRILEGE OF
LOVERS.]

A lusti touch, a good word eke,
 Bot al the remenant to seke
 Is fro mi pourpos wonder ferr.
 So mai I seie, as I seide er, 7150
 In holy cherche if that I wowe,
 My conscience it wolde allowe,
 Be so that up amendement
 I mihte gete assignement
 Wher forto spede in other place:
 Such Sacrilege I holde a grace.
 And thus, mi fader, soth to seie,
 In cherche riht as in the weie,
 If I mihte oght of love take,
 Such hansell have I noght forsake. 7160
 Bot finali I me confesse, P. ii. 374
 Ther is in me non holinesse,
 Whil I hire se in eny stede;
 And yit, for oght that evere I dede,
 No Sacrilege of hire I tok,
 Bot if it were of word or lok,
 Or elles if that I hir fredde,
 Whan I toward offringe hir ledde,
 Take therof what I take may,
 For elles bere I noght away: 7170
 For thogh I wolde oght elles have,
 Alle othre thinges ben so save (7350*)
 And kept with such a privilege,
 That I mai do no Sacrilege.
 God wot mi wille natheles,
 Thogh I mot nedes kepe pes
 And malgre myn so let it passe,
 Mi will therto is noght the lasse,
 If I mihte other wise aweie.
 Forthi, mi fader, I you preie, 7180
 Tell what you thenketh therupon,
 If I therof have gult or non.

7152 I wolde AdBTA 7160 I om. AMR 7163 eny] holi
 S . . . ΔΔ 7166 as it were H₁ . . . B₂ 3if I were J 7172 so]
 to AM 7177 so] sone H₁ . . . B₂ 7181 3c þenken AM
 3ou þenken H₁XRCL ye thingeth W

Thi will, mi Sone, is forto blame,
 The remenant is bot a game,
 That I have herd the telle as yit.
 Bot tak this lore into thi wit,
 That alle thing bath time and stede,
 The cherche serveth for the bede,
 The chambre is of an other speche.
 Bot if thou wistest of the wreche,
 Hou Sacrilege it hath aboght,
 Thou woldest betre ben bethoght;
 And for thou schalt the more amende,
 A tale I wole on the despende.

To alle men, as who seith, knowe
 It is, and in the world thurgh blowe,
 Hou that of Troie Lamedon
 To Hercules and to Jasoun,
 Whan toward Colchos out of Grece
 Be See sailende upon a piece
 Of lond of Troie reste preide,—
 Bot he hem wrathfulli congeide:
 And for thei founde him so vilein,
 Whan thei come into Grece ayein,
 With pouer that thei gete myhte
 Towardes Troie thei hem dyhte,
 And ther thei token such vengeance,
 Wherof stant yit the remembrance;
 For thei destruide king and al,
 And leften bot the brente wal.
 The Grecs of Troiens many slowe
 And prisoners thei toke ynowe,
 Among the whiche ther was on,
 The kinges doughter Lamedon,
 Esiona, that faire thing,
 Which unto Thelamon the king
 Be Hercules and be thassent
 Of al the hole parlement

Confessor.

7190
 P. ii. 375

[TALE OF PARIS AND
 HELEN.]

Hic in amoris causa
 super istius vicii arti-
 culo ponit exemplum.
 Et narrat, pro eo quod
 7200 Paris Priami Regis fi-
 lius Helenam Menelai
 vxorem in quadam
 Grece insula a templo
 Veneris Sacrilegus ab-
 duxit, illa Troie famo-
 sissima obsidio per
 vniuersi orbis climata
 divulgata precipue
 causabatur. Ita quod
 huiusmodi Sacrilegi-
 um non solum ad
 ipsius regis Priami
 omniumque suorum
 interitum, set etiam
 7210 ad perpetuam vrbs
 desolacionem vindicte
 fomitem ministrabat.

7194 on þe I wol Hi...CB₂ on þe wol I L 7203 margin famosissima F
 7205 margin vniuersa BT vniuersum A... B₂ 7206 margin
 causabat A... B₂ 7208 the] in AM... B₂ 7215 that] þe Hi... B₂

[TALE OF PARIS AND
HELEN.]

Was at his wille yove and granted.
And thus hath Grece Troie danted, 7220
And hom thei torne in such manere: P. ii. 376
Bot after this nou schalt thou hiere (7400*)
The cause why this tale I telle,
Upon the chances that befelle.

King Lamedon, which deide thus,
He hadde a Sone, on Priamus,
Which was noght thilke time at hom:
Bot whan he herde of this, he com,
And fond hou the Cite was falle,
Which he began anon to walle 7230

And made ther a cite newe,
That thei whiche othre londes knewe
Tho seiden, that of lym and Ston
In al the world so fair was non.
And on that o side of the toun
The king let maken Ylioun,
That hihe Tour, that stronge place,
Which was adrad of no manace
Of quarel nor of non engin;
And thogh men wolde make a Myn, 7240
No mannes craft it mihte aproche,
For it was sett upon a roche.

The walles of the toun aboute,
Hem stod of al the world no doute,
And after the proporcion
Sex gates weren of the toun
Of such a forme, of such entaile,
That hem to se was gret mervaille:
The diches weren brode and depe,
A fewe men it mihte kepe 7250
From al the world, as semeth tho, P. ii. 377
Bot if the goddes weren fo.

Gret presse unto that cite drouh,
So that ther was of poeple ynouh,
Of Burgeis that therinne duellen;
Ther mai no mannes tunge tellen

LIBER QUINTUS

151

[TALE OF PARIS AND
HELEN.]

Hou that cite was riche of good.

Whan al was mad and al wel stod,
King Priamus tho him bethoghte
What thei of Grece whilom wroghte, 7260
And what was of her swerd devoured,
And hou his Soster deshonoured
With Thelamon away was lad :

And so thenkende he wax unglad,
And sette anon a parlement,
To which the lordes were assent.
In many a wise ther was spoke,
Hou that thei mihten ben awroke,
Bot ate laste natheles

Thei seiden alle, 'Acord and pes.' 7270
To setten either part in reste
It thoghte hem thanne for the beste (7450*)
With resonable amendement ;

And thus was Anthenor forth sent
To axe Esionam ayein
And witen what thei wolden sein.
So passeth he the See be barge
To Grece forto seie his charge,
The which he seide redely

Unto the lordes by and by : 7280
Bot where he spak in Grece aboute, P. ii. 378
He herde noght bot wordes stoute,
And nameliche of Thelamon ;
The maiden wolde he noght forgon,
He seide, for no maner thing,
And bad him gon hom to his king,
For there gat he non amende
For oght he couthe do or sende.

This Anthenor ayein goth hom
Unto his king, and whan he com, 7290
He tolde in Grece of that he herde,
And hou that Thelamon ansuerde,

7257 of good] and good JH₁, AdBTA 7264 þo þenkende he B
þus þenking he GC he þenking he H₁XRLB₂ he þenking þus E
7271 euery AdBT 7274 Antenor F 7275 Esiona H₁ . . . B₂, T
7277 be large Ad by grace AM

[TALE OF PARIS AND
HELEN.]

And hou thei were at here above,
That thei wol nouthur pes ne love,
Bot every man schal don his beste.
Bot for men sein that nyht hath reste,
The king bethoghte him al that nyht,
And erli, whan the dai was lyht,
He tok conseil of this matiere ;
And thei acorde in this manere, 7300
That he withouten eny lette
A certain time scholde sette
Of Parlement to ben avised :
And in the wise it was devised,
Of parlement he sette a day,
And that was in the Monthe of Maii.
This Priamus hadde in his yhte
A wif, and Hecuba sche hyhte,
Be whom that time ek hadde he
Of Sones fyve, and douhtres thre 7310
Besiden hem, and thritty mo, P. ii. 379
And weren knyhtes alle tho,
Bot noght upon his wif begete,
Bot elles where he myhte hem gete
Of wommen whiche he hadde knowe ;
Such was the world at thilke throwe :
So that he was of children riche,
As therof was noman his liche.
Of Parlement the dai was come,
Ther ben the lordes alle and some ; 7320
Tho was pronounced and pourposed,
And al the cause hem was desclosed, (7500*)
Hou Anthenor in Grece ferde.
Thei seten alle stille and herde,
And tho spak every man aboute :
Ther was alegged many a doute,
And many a proud word spoke also ;
Bot for the moste part as tho

7297 that] þe S... Δ 7303 f. *two lines om.* AdBT 7311 hem]
tuo (too) Hi... B₁ 7318 his] him Hi... B₁, B, W 7327 And
a proud word AMH₁XRCL And proude wordes B₁ 7328 as tho]
also AdBT

LIBER QUINTUS

153

Thei wisten noght what was the beste,
 Or forto werre or forto reste. 7330 [TALE OF PARIS AND HELEN.]
 Bot he that was withoute fere,
 Hector, among the lordes there
 His tale tolde in such a wise,
 And seide, 'Lordes, ye ben wise,
 Ye knowen this als wel as I,
 Above all othre most worthi
 Stant nou in Grece the manhode
 Of worthinesse and of knihthode ;
 For who so wole it wel agrope,
 To hem belongeth al Europe, 7340
 Which is the thridde parti evene P. ii. 380
 Of al the world under the hevene ;
 And we be bot of folk a fewe.
 So were it reson forto schewe
 The peril, er we falle thrinne :
 Betre is to leve, than beginne
 Thing which as mai noght ben achieved ;
 He is noght wys that fint him grieved,
 And doth so that his grief be more ;
 For who that loketh al tofore 7350
 And wol noght se what is behinde,
 He mai fulofte hise harmes finde :
 Wicke is to stryve and have the worse.
 We have encheson forto corse,
 This wot I wel, and forto hate
 The Greks ; bot er that we debate
 With hem that ben of such a myht,
 It is ful good that every wiht
 Be of himself riht wel bethoght.
 Bot as for me this seie I noght ; 7360
 For while that mi lif wol stonde,
 If that ye taken werre on honde,
 Falle it to beste or to the werste,
 I schal miselven be the ferste
 To grieven hem, what evere I may.

7336 all S, F alle AJ, B
 (for teschewe &c.) H₁ . . . B₂
 falle it to werste H₁B₂

7344 forto schewe] forto eschewe
 7363 or to werste JXERCL, H₂

[TALE OF PARIS AND
HELEN.]

I wol noght ones seie nay
To thing which that youre conseil demeth,
For unto me wel more it quemeth
The werre certes than the pes ;
Bot this I seie natheles, 7370
As me belongeth forto seie. P. ii. 381
Nou schape ye the beste weie. (7550*)

Whan Hector hath seid his avis,
Next after him tho spak Paris,
Which was his brother, and alleide
What him best thoghte, and thus he seide :
'Strong thing it is to soffre wrong,
And suffre schame is more strong,
Bot we have suffred bothe tuo ;
And for al that yit have we do 7380
What so we mihte to reforme
The pes, whan we in such a forme
Sente Anthenor, as ye wel knowe.
And thei here grete wordes blowe
Upon her wrongful dedes eke ;
And who that wole himself noght meke
To pes, and list no reson take,
Men sein reson him wol forsake :
For in the multitude of men
Is noght the strengthe, for with ten 7390
It hath be sen in trew querele
Ayein an hundred false dele,
And had the betre of goddes grace.
This hath befalle in many place ;
And if it like unto you alle,
I wole assaie, hou so it falle,
Oure enemis if I mai grieve ;
For I have cawht a gret believe
Upon a point I wol declare.

This ender 'day, as I gan fare 7400
To hunte unto the grete hert, P. ii. 382
Which was tofore myn houndes stert,

7382 This wrong and schame in better forme H₁ . . . B₁ (The
wrong X) 7388 wol (wil) him H₁ . . . B₁, W 7391 trew F
trewe AJC, SB 7400 ende er dai A

And every man went on his syde
 Him to poursuie, and I to ryde
 Began the chace, and soth to seie,
 Withinne a while out of mi weie
 I rod, and nyste where I was.
 And slep me cauhte, and on the gras
 Beside a welle I lay me doun
 To slepe, and in a visioun 7410
 To me the god Mercurie cam;
 Goddesses thre with him he nam,
 Minerve, Venus and Juno,
 And in his hond an Appel tho
 He hield of gold with lettres write:
 And this he dede me to wite,
 Hou that thei putt hem upon me,
 That to the faireste of hem thre
 Of gold that Appel scholde I yive.
 With ech of hem tho was I schrive, 7420
 And echon faire me behihte;
 Bot Venus seide, if that sche mihte (7600*)
 That Appel of mi yifte gete,
 Sche wolde it neveremor foryete,
 And seide hou that in Grece lond
 Sche wolde bringe unto myn hond
 Of al this Erthe the faireste;
 So that me thoghte it for the beste,
 To hire and yaf that Appel tho.
 Thus hope I wel, if that I go, 7430
 That sche for me wol so ordeine, P. ii. 383
 That thei matiere forto pleigne
 Schul have, er that I come ayein.
 Nou have ye herd that I wol sein:
 Sey ye what stant in youre avis.
 And every man tho seide his,
 And sundri causes thei recorde,
 Bot ate laste thei acorde
 That Paris schal to Grece wende,

7403 went AC, S, F wente J, BT 7405 the] to AdBT
 7410 a visioun MXGCLB₂, Δ, FWH; auisioun (avision etc.) AJH₁ER,
 SAdBT 7417 putt A, S, F putte JC, B 7419 that] þe AM

[TALE OF PARIS AND
HELEN.]

And thus the parlement tok ende.

7440

Cassandra, whan sche herde of this,
The which to Paris Soster is,
Anon sche gan to wepe and weile,
And seide, 'Allas, what mai ous eile?
Fortune with hire blinde whiel
Ne wol noght lete ous stonde wel:
For this I dar wel undertake,
That if Paris his weie take,
As it is seid that he schal do,
We ben for evere thanne undo.'

7450

This, which Cassandre thanne hihte,
In al the world as it berth sihte,
In bokes as men finde write,
Is that Sibille of whom ye wite,
That alle men yit clepen sage.
Whan that sche wiste of this viage,
Hou Paris schal to Grece fare,
No womman mihte worse fare
Ne sorwe more than sche dede;
And riht so in the same stede
Ferde Helenus, which was hir brother, P. ii. 384

7460

Of prophecie and such an other:
And al was holde bot a jape,
So that the pourpos which was schape,
Or were hem lief or were hem loth,
Was holde, and into Grece goth
This Paris with his retenance.
And as it fell upon his chance,
Of Grece he londeth in an yle,
And him was told the same whyle
Of folk which he began to freyne,
Tho was in thyle queene Heleyne,
And ek of contres there aboute
Of ladis many a lusti route,
With mochel worthi poeple also.
And why thei comen theder tho,
The cause stod in such a wise,—

7470

(7650*)

7441 Cassandre H1 . . . B2
7470 þat same XRCLB2, T

7464 the om. AM . . . B2

LIBER QUINTUS

157

[TALE OF PARIS AND
HELEN.]

For worschipe and for sacrificise
That thei to Venus wolden make,
As thei tofore hadde undertake,
Some of good will, some of behest,
For thanne was hire hihe feste
Withinne a temple which was there.

7480

Whan Paris wiste what thei were,
Anon he schop his ordinance
To gon and don his obeissance
To Venus on hire holi day,
And dede upon his beste aray.
With gret richesse he him behongeth,
As it to such a lord belongeth,
He was noght armed natheles,
Bot as it were in lond of pes,
And thus he goth forth out of Schipe
And takth with him his felaschipe:
In such manere as I you seie
Unto the temple he hield his weie.

7490

P. ii. 385

Tydinge, which goth overal
To grete and smale, forth withal
Com to the queenes Ere and tolde
Hou Paris com, and that he wolde
Do sacrificise to Venus:

7500

And whan sche herde telle thus,
She thoghte, hou that it evere be,
That sche wole him abyde and se.

Forth comth Paris with glad visage
Into the temple on pelrinage,
Wher unto Venus the goddesse
He yifh and offreth gret richesse,
And preith hir that he preie wolde.
And thanne aside he gan beholde,
And sih wher that this ladi stod;
And he forth in his freisshe mod
Goth ther sche was and made hir chiere,
As he wel couthe in his manere,
That of his wordes such plesance
Sche tok, that al hire aqueintance,

7510

7504 wolde AdB

7510 on side H1 . . . B2 (except E)

[TALE OF PARIS AND
HELEN.]

Als ferforth as the herte lay,
 He stal er that he wente away.
 So goth he forth and tok his leve,
 And thoghte, anon as it was eve, 7520
 He wolde don his Sacrilege, P. ii. 386
 That many a man it scholde abegge. (7700*)

Whan he to Schipe ayein was come,
 To him he hath his conseil nome,
 And al devised the matiere
 In such a wise as thou schalt hiere.
 Withinne nyht al prively
 His men he warneth by and by,
 That thei be redy armed sone
 For certein thing which was to done: 7530

And thei anon ben redi alle,
 And ech on other gan to calle,
 And went hem out upon the stronde
 And tok a pourpos ther alonde
 Of what thing that thei wolden do,
 Toward the temple and forth thei go.
 So fell it, of devocion
 Heleine in contemplacion
 With many an other worthi wiht
 Was in the temple and wok al nyht, 7540
 To bidde and preie unto thymage
 Of Venus, as was thanne usage;
 So that Paris riht as him liste
 Into the temple, er thei it wiste,
 Com with his men al sodeinly,
 And alle at ones sette ascry
 In hem whiche in the temple were,
 For tho was mochel poeple there;
 Bot of defense was no bote,
 So soffren thei that soffre mote. 7550

Paris unto the queene wente, P. ii. 387
 And hire in bothe hise armes hente
 With him and with his felaschipe,
 And forth thei bere hire unto Schipe.

7533 went A, SB, F wente JC 7535 that om. AM... B₂ 7541 unto]
 to H₁... B₂ 7544 it om. H₁... B₂ 7554 in to AM... B₂, WH₃ to Δ

LIBER QUINTUS

159

[TALE OF PARIS AND
HELEN.]

Up goth the Seil and forth thei wente,
 And such a wynd fortune hem sente,
 Til thei the havene of Troie cauhte;
 Where out of Schipe anon thei strauhte
 And gon hem forth toward the toun,
 The which cam with processioune 7560
 Ayein Paris to sen his preie.
 And every man began to seie
 To Paris and his felaschipe
 Al that thei couthen of worschipe;
 Was non so litel man in Troie,
 That he ne made merthe and joie
 Of that Paris hath wonne Heleine.
 Bot al that merthe is sorwe and peine
 To Helenus and to Cassaundre;
 For thei it token schame and sklaundre 7570
 And lost of al the comun grace,
 That Paris out of holi place (7750*)
 Be Stelthe hath take a mannes wif,
 Wherof that he schal lese his lif
 And many a worthi man therto,
 And al the Cite be fordo,
 Which nevere schal be mad ayein.
 And so it fell, riht as thei sein,
 The Sacrilege which he wroghte
 Was cause why the Gregois soughte 7580
 Unto the toun and it beleie, P. ii. 388
 And wolden nevere parte aweie,
 Til what be sleihte and what be strengthe
 Thei hadde it wonne in brede and lengthe,
 And brent and slayn that was withinne.
 Now se, mi Sone, which a sinne
 Is Sacrilege in holy stede:
 Be war therfore and bidd thi bede,
 And do nothing in holy cherche,
 Bot that thou miht be reson werche. 7590
 And ek tak hiede of Achilles,
 Whan he unto his love ches
 Polixena, that was also

7570 token] tolden S . . . Δ

[SACRILEGE OF
LOVERS.]

In holi temple of Appollo,
Which was the cause why he dyde
And al his lust was leyd asyde.

And Troilus upon Criseide
Also his ferste love leide
In holi place, and hou it ferde,
As who seith, al the world it herde ;
Forsake he was for Diomedé,
Such was of love his laste mede.

7600

Confessor.

Forthi, mi Sone, I wolde rede,
Be this ensample as thou myht rede,
Sech elles, wher thou wolt, thi grace,
And war the wel in holi place
What thou to love do or speke,
In aunter if it so be wreke
As thou hast herd me told before.

[DIVISIONS OF
AVARICE.]

And tak good hiede also therfore
Upon what forme, of Avarice

7610

P. ii. 389

Mor than of eny other vice,
I have divided in parties
The branches, whiche of compainies
Thurghout the world in general

Ben nou the leders overal,
Of Covoitise and of Perjure,
Of fals brocage and of Usure,
Of Skarsnesse and Unkindeschipe,
Which nevere drouh to felaschipe,
Of Robberie and privi Stelthe,
Which don is for the worldes welthe,
Of Ravine and of Sacrilege,
Which makth the conscience agregge ;

7620

(7800*)

Although it mai richesse atteigne,
It floureth, bot it schal noght greine
Unto the fruit of rihtwisnesse.

Bot who that wolde do largesse
Upon the reule as it is yive,
So myhte a man in trouthe live

7630

7602 of lust (luste) H₁ . . . B₂ 7604 line om. B 7611 what] þe
AdBT that W 7619 Skarsnesse F 7621 and of M . . . B₂, T
7630 to troupe AMH₁XRCLB₂ by troupe E

Toward his god, and ek also
 Toward the world, for bothe tuo
 Largesse awaiteth as belongeth,
 To neither part that he ne wrongeth;
 He kepeth himself, he kepeth his frendes,
 So stant he sauf to bothe hise endes,
 That he exceedeth no mesure,
 So wel he can himself mesure:
 Wherof, mi Sone, thou schalt wite,
 So as the Philosophre hath write. 7640

xiii. *Prodeus et parcus duo sunt extrema, que largus P. ii. 390* [PRODIGALITY AND
Est horum medius, plebis in ore bonus. LARGESS.]

Between the tuo extremities
 Of vice stant the propretes
 Of vertu, and to prove it so
 Tak Avarice and tak also
 The vice of Prodegalite;
 Between hem Liberalite,
 Which is the vertu of Largesse,
 Stant and governeth his noblesse.
 For tho tuo vices in discord
 Stonde evere, as I finde of record; 7650
 So that between here tuo debat
 Largesse reuleth his astat.
 For in such wise as Avarice,
 As I tofore have told the vice,
 Thurgh streit holdinge and thurgh skarsnesse
 Stant in contraire to Largesse,
 Riht so stant Prodegalite
 Revers, bot noght in such degre.
 For so as Avarice spareth,
 And forto kepe his tresor careth, 7660
 That other al his oghne and more
 Ayein the wise mannes lore
 Yifeth and despendeth hiere and there,
 So that him reccheth nevere where.
 While he mai borwe, he wol despende,

Nota hic de virtute
 Largitatis, que ad
 oppositum Avaricie
 inter duo extrema,
 videlicet Parcimoni-
 am et Prodegalitatem,
 specialiter consistit.

7634 partie (party) þat he wrongeþ AM . . . Ba
Latin Verses xiii. 1 extrema que C, B extremaque J, F

[PRODIGALITY AND
LARGESSE.]

Til ate laste he seith, 'I wende';
 Bot that is spoken al to late,
 For thanne is poverte ate gate
 And takth him evene be the slieve, P. ii. 391
 For erst wol he no wisdom lieve. 7670
 And riht as Avarice is Sinne,
 That wolde his tresor kepe and winne, (7850*)
 Riht so is Prodegalite:
 Bot of Largesse in his degre,
 Which evene stant betwen the tuo,
 The hihe god and man also
 The vertu ech of hem commendeth.
 For he himselven ferst amendeth,
 That overal his name spreadeth,
 And to alle othre, where it nedeth, 7680
 He yifh his good in such a wise,
 That he makth many a man arise,
 Which elles scholde falle lowe.
 Largesce mai noght ben unknowe;
 For what lond that he regneth inne,
 It mai noght faile forto winne
 Thurgh his decerte love and grace,
 Wher it schal faile in other place.
 And thus betwen tomoche and lyte
 Largesce, which is noght to wyte, 7690
 Halt evere forth the middel weie:
 Bot who that torne wole aweie
 Fro that to Prodegalite,
 Anon he lest the proprete
 Of vertu and goth to the vice;
 For in such wise as Avarice
 Lest for scarsnesse his goode name,
 Riht so that other is to blame,
 Which thurgh his wast mesure exceedeth, P. ii. 392
 For noman wot what harm that bredeth. 7700
 Bot mochel joie ther betydeh,

7689 tomoche E, S, F to moche AJ, BT tuo (two) moche
 H. . . B₂ (except E) the moche W 7694 lost AM . . . B₂
 (except E) loseth W leueth Δ 7700 it bredeþ A . . . B₂
 7701-7746 Forty-six lines om. S . . . Δ (ins. A)

Wher that largesse an herte guydeth :

[PRODIGALITY AND
LARGESS.]

For his mesure is so governed,

That he to bothe partz is lerned,

To god and to the world also,

He doth reson to bothe tuo.

The povere folk of his almesse

Relieved ben in the destresse

Of thurst, of hunger and of cold ;

The yifte of him was nevere sold,

7710

Bot frely yive, and natheles

The myhti god of his encess

Rewardeth him of double grace ;

The hevene he doth him to pourchace

And yifth him ek the worldes good :

And thus the Cote for the hod

Largesse takth, and yit no Sinne

He doth, hou so that evere he winne.

What man hath hors men yive him hors,

Lucas. Omni ha-
benti dabitur.

And who non hath of him no fors,

7720

For he mai thanne on fote go ;

The world hath evere stonde so.

Bot forto loken of the tweie,

A man to go the siker weie,

Betre is to yive than to take :

Beacius est dare
quam accipere.

With yifte a man mai frendes make,

Bot who that takth or gret or smal, P. ii. 393

He takth a charge forth withal,

And stant noght fre til it be quit.

So forto deme in mannes wit,

7730

It helpeth more a man to have

His oghne good, than forto crave

Of othre men and make him bounde,

Wher elles he mai stonde unbounde.

Senec conseileth in this wise,

And seith, 'Bot if thi good suffise

Unto the liking of thi wille,

Withdrawh thi lust and hold the stille,

And be to thi good sufficient.'

Seneca. Si res tue
tibi non sufficient, fac
vt rebus tuis sufficiat.

7725 *margin* Beacius—accipere om. A . . . B:
accipere] ac-pere F

[PRODIGALITY AND
LARGESS.]

Apostolus. Ordina-
ta caritas incipit a
seipsa.

For that thing is appourtenant 7740
To trouthe and causeth to be fre
After the reule of charite,
Which first beginneth of himselve.
For if thou richest othre tuelve,
Wherof thou schalt thiself be povere,
I not what thonk thou miht recovere.

Whil that a man hath good to yive,
With grete routes he mai live
And hath his frendes overal,
And everich of him telle schal. 7750
Therwhile he hath his fulle packe,
Thei seie, 'A good felawe is Jacke';
Bot whanne it faileth ate laste,
Anon his pris thei overcaste,
For thanne is ther non other lawe
Bot, 'Jacke was a good felawe.'
Whan thei him povere and nedy se, P. ii. 394
Thei lete him passe and farwel he;
Al that he wende of compainie
Is thanne torned to folie. 7760

[PRODIGALITY OF
LOVERS.]

Bot nou to speke in other kinde
Of love, a man mai suche finde,
That wher thei come in every route
Thei caste and waste her love aboute,
Til al here time is overgon,
And thanne have thei love non:
For who that loveth overal,
It is no reson that he schal (7900*)
Of love have eny proprete.
Forthi, mi Sone, avise thee 7770
If thou of love hast be to large,
For such a man is nocht to charge:
And if it so be that thou hast
Despended al thi time in wast
And set thi love in sondri place,
Though thou the substance of thi grace

7742 margin A plus A Amplus H1ERC Amplius B2 Ambrosius X
7751 The whil J, W pat whil C (Al þe while he hath his pak Δ)
7766 non] gon AM

[PRODIGALITY OF
LOVERS.]

Lese ate laste, it is no wonder ;
 For he that put himselven under,
 As who seith, comun overal,
 He lest the love special 7780
 Of eny on, if sche be wys ;
 For love schal noght bere his pris
 Be reson, whanne it passeth on.
 So have I sen ful many on,
 That were of love wel at ese,
 Whiche after felle in gret desese
 Thurgh wast of love, that thei spente P. ii. 395
 In sondri places wher thei wente.

Riht so, mi Sone, I axe of thee Confessor.
 If thou with Prodegalite 7790
 Hast hier and ther thi love wasted.

Mi fader, nay ; bot I have tasted Amans.
 In many a place as I have go,
 And yit love I nevere on of tho,
 Bot forto drive forth the dai.
 For lieveth wel, myn herte is ay
 Withoute mo for everemore
 Al upon on, for I nomore
 Desire bot hire love al one :
 So make I many a prive mone, 7800
 For wel I fiele I have despended
 Mi longe love and noght amended
 Mi sped, for oght I finde yit.
 If this be wast to youre wit
 Of love, and Prodegalite,
 Nou, goode fader, demeth ye :
 Bot of o thing I wol me schryve,
 That I schal for no love thryve,
 Bot if hirself me wol relieve.

Mi Sone, that I mai wel lieve : 7810 Confessor.
 And natheles me semeth so,
 For oght that thou hast yit misdo
 Of time which thou hast despended,
 It mai with grace ben amended.

7784 sene (sen) many on H₁ . . . B₂ 7804 to] vnto E, B
 7809 wol me AdBT, W me wolde M

[PRODIGALITY OF
LOVERS.]

For thing which mai be worth the cost
 Per chaunce is nouthur wast ne lost ;
 For what thing stant on aventure, P. ii. 396
 That can no worldes creature (7950*)
 Telle in certein hou it schal wende,
 Til he therof mai sen an ende. 7820
 So that I not as yit therfore
 If thou, mi Sone, hast wonne or lore :
 For ofte time, as it is sene,
 Whan Somer hath lost al his grene
 And is with Wynter wast and bare,
 That him is left nothing to spare,
 Al is recovered in a throwe ;
 The colde wyndes overblowe,
 And stille be the scharpe schoures,
 And soudeinliche ayein his floures 7830
 The Somer hapneth and is riche :
 And so per cas thi graces liche,
 Mi Sone, thogh thou be nou povere
 Of love, yit thou miht recovere.

Amans.

Mi fader, certes grant merci :
 Ye have me tawht so redeli,
 That evere whil I live schal
 The betre I mai be war withal
 Of thing which ye have seid er this.
 Bot overmore hou that it is, 7840
 Toward mi schrifte as it belongeth,
 To wite of othre pointz me longeth ;
 Wherof that ye me wolden teche
 With al myn herte I you beseche.

Explicit Liber Quintus.

7817 in aventure AM. . . B₁, W 7819 Telle JC, SB Tell A, F
 7823 tymes AdBTΔ 7829 stilled S . . . Δ 7840 euermore
 H₁ XRB₁, BΔ, W

Incipit Liber Sextus

i. *Est gula que nostrum maculauit prima parentem* P. iii. 1

Ex vetito pomo, quo dolet omnis homo.

[GLUTTONY.]

Hec agit ut corpus anime contraria spirat,

Quo caro fit crassa, spiritus atque macer.

Intus et exterius si que virtutis habentur,

Potibus ebrietas conuiciata ruit.

Mersa sopore, labris, que Bachus inebriat hospes,

Indignata Venus oscula raro premit.

THE grete Senne original,

Which every man in general

Upon his berthe hath envenymed,

In Paradis it was mystymed :

Whan Adam of thilke Appel bot,

His swete morscel was to hot,

Which dedly made the mankinde.

And in the bokes as I finde,

This vice, which so out of rule

Hath sette ous alle, is cleped Gule ;

Of which the branches ben so grete,

That of hem alle I wol noght trete,

Bot only as touchende of tuo

I thenke speke and of no mo ;

Wherof the ferste is Dronkeschipe,

Which berth the cuppe felaschipe.

Ful many a wonder doth this vice,

He can make of a wisman nyce,

And of a fool, that him schal seme

That he can al the lawe deme,

And yiven every juggement

Which longeth to the firmament

Bothe of the sterre and of the mone ;

Hic in sexto libro
tractare intendit de il-
lo capitali vicio quod
Gula dicitur, nec non
et de eiusdem duabus
solummodospeciebus,
videlicet Ebrietate et
Delicacia, ex quibus
humane concupiscen-
cie oblectamentum ha-
bundancius augmenta-
tur.

10

P. iii. 2

[i. DRUNKENNESS.]

20

10 sette AJC, S, F set BT

13 tuo] mo B

[DRUNKENNESS.]

And thus he makth a gret clerk sone
 Of him that is a lewed man.
 Ther is nothing which he ne can,
 Whil he hath Dronkeschipe on honde,
 He knowth the See, he knowth the stronde,
 He is a noble man of armes,
 And yit no strengthe is in his armes : 30
 Ther he was strong ynouh tofore,
 With Dronkeschipe it is forlore,
 And al is changed his astat,
 And wext anon so fieble and mat,
 That he mai nouthur go ne come,
 Bot al togedre him is benome
 The pouer bothe of hond and fot,
 So that algate abide he mot.
 And alle hise wittes he foryet,
 The which is to him such a let, 40
 That he wot nevere what he doth, P. iii. 3
 Ne which is fals, ne which is soth,
 Ne which is dai, ne which is nyht,
 And for the time he knowth no wyht,
 That he ne wot so moche as this,
 What maner thing himselven is,
 Or he be man, or he be beste.
 That holde I riht a sori feste,
 Whan he that reson understod
 So soudeinliche is woxe wod, 50
 Or elles lich the dede man,
 Which nouthur go ne speke can.
 Thus ofte he is to bedde broght,
 Bot where he lith yit wot he noght,
 Til he arise upon the morwe ;
 And thanne he seith, 'O, which a sorwe
 It is a man be drinkeles !'
 So that halfdrunke in such a res
 With dreie mouth he sterte him uppe,
 And seith, 'Nou baillez ça the cuppe.' 60

34 wext BT, F wexit J wexþ A wexeþ C 44 As for AdBTA
 57 a man be] for to be AdBT a man to be JBz, Δ 59 sterte AJ,
 S, F stert C, BT

That made him lese his wit at eve
 Is thanne a morwe al his beleve ;
 The cuppe is al that evere him pleseth,
 And also that him most deseseth ;
 It is the cuppe whom he serveth,
 Which alle cares fro him kerveth
 And alle bales to him bringeth :
 In joie he wepeth, in sorwe he singeth,
 For Dronkeschipe is so divers,
 It may no whyle stonde in vers. 70
 He drinkth the wyn, bot ate laste P. iii. 4
 The wyn drynkth him and bint him faste,
 And leith him drunke be the wal,
 As him which is his bonde thral
 And al in his subjeccion.

[DRUNKENNESS.]

And lich to such condicion,
 As forto speke it other wise,
 It falleth that the moste wise
 Ben otherwhile of love adoted,
 And so bewhaped and assoted, 80
 Of drunke men that nevere yit
 Was non, which half so loste his wit
 Of drinke, as thei of such thing do
 Which cleped is the jolif wo ;
 And waxen of here oghne thoght
 So drunke, that thei knowe noght
 What reson is, or more or lesse.
 Such is the kinde of that sieknesse,
 And that is noght for lacke of brain,
 Bot love is of so gret a main, 90
 That where he takth an herte on honde,
 Ther mai nothing his miht withstonde :
 The wise Salomon was nome,
 And stronge Sampson overcome,
 The knihtli David him ne mihte
 Rescoue, that he with the sihte
 Of Bersabee ne was bestad,
 Virgile also was overlad,

[LOVE-DRUNKEN-
NESS.]

66 care H₁ . . . B₂ 69 firo F 79 doted AdBT 86 þei ne
 knowe AM . . . B₂ (except GE) þei knewe J

[LOVE-DRUNKEN-
NESS.]

Confessio Amantis.

And Aristotle was put under.
Forthi, mi Sone, it is no wonder
If thou be drunke of love among,
Which is above alle othre strong :
And if so is that thou so be,
Tell me thi Schrifte in privite ;
It is no schame of such a thew
A yong man to be dronkelew.
Of such Phisique I can a part,
And as me semeth be that art,
Thou scholdest be Phisonomie
Be schapen to that maladie
Of lovedrunke, and that is routhe.

100
P. iii. 5

110

Ha, holi fader, al is trouthe
That ye me telle : I am beknowe
That I with love am so bethrowe,
And al myn herte is so thurgh sunke,
That I am verraliche drunke,
And yit I mai bothe speke and go.
Bot I am overcome so,
And torned fro miself so clene,
That ofte I wot noght what I mene ;
So that excusen I ne mai
Min herte, fro the ferste day
That I cam to mi ladi kiththe,
I was yit sobre nevere siththe.
Wher I hire se or se hire noght,
With musinge of min oghne thoght,
Of love, which min herte assaileth,
So drunke I am, that mi wit failleth
And al mi brain is overtorned,
And mi manere so mistorned,
That I foryete al that I can
And stonde lich a mased man ;
That ofte, whanne I scholde pleie,
It makth me drawe out of the weie
In soulein place be miselve,
As doth a labourer to delve,
Which can no gentil mannes chere ;

130
P. iii. 6

101 If] Of ERCB, Thoughe X

LIBER SEXTUS

171

[LOVE-DRUNKEN-
NESS.]

Or elles as a lewed Frere,
 Whan he is put to his penance,
 Riht so lese I mi contenance. 140
 And if it nedes so betyde,
 That I in compainie abyde,
 Wher as I moste daunce and singe
 The hovedance and carolinge,
 Or forto go the newefot,
 I mai noght wel heve up mi fot,
 If that sche be noght in the weie;
 For thanne is al mi merthe aweie,
 And waxe anon of thoght so full,
 Wherof mi limes ben so dull, 150
 I mai unethes gon the pas.
 For thus it is and evere was,
 Whanne I on suche thoghtes muse,
 The lust and merthe that men use,
 Whan I se noght mi ladi byme,
 Al is foryete for the time
 So ferforth that mi wittes changen
 And alle lustes fro me strangen,
 That thei seie alle trewely,
 And swere, that it am noght I. 160
 For as the man which ofte drinketh, P. iii. 7
 With win that in his stomac sinketh
 Wext drunke and witles for a throwe,
 Riht so mi lust is overthrowe,
 And of myn oghne thoght so mat
 I wexe, that to myn astat
 Ther is no lime wol me serve,
 Bot as a drunke man I swerve,
 And suffre such a Passion,
 That men have gret compassion, 170
 And everich be himself merveillev
 What thing it is that me so eilleth.
 Such is the manere of mi wo
 Which time that I am hire fro,

145 newefot S, F *the rest newe foot (fot)* 151 a pas H₁ . . . B₂
 152 euer(e) it was AdBT 160 I am H₁XERC 162 With]
 The AM . . . B₂ 172 so om. H₁ . . . B₂

[LOVE-DRUNKEN-
NESS.]

Til eft ayein that I hire se.
 Bot thanne it were a nycete
 To telle you hou that I fare :
 For whanne I mai upon hire stare,
 Hire wommanhede, hire gentillesse,
 Myn herte is full of such gladnesse, 180
 That overpasseth so mi wit,
 That I wot nevere where it sit,
 Bot am so drunken of that sihte,
 Me thenkth that for the time I mihte
 Riht sterte thurgh the hole wall ;
 And thanne I mai wel, if I schal,
 Bothe singe and daunce and lepe aboute,
 And holde forth the lusti route.
 Bot natheles it falleth so
 Fulofte, that I fro hire go 190
 Ne mai, bot as it were a stake, P. iii. 8
 I stonde avisement to take
 And loke upon hire faire face ;
 That for the while out of the place
 For al the world ne myhte I wende.
 Such lust comth thanne into mi mende,
 So that withoute mete or drinke,
 Of lusti thoughtes whiche I thinke
 Me thenkth I mihte stonden evere ;
 And so it were to me levere 200
 Than such a sihte forto leve,
 If that sche wolde yif me leve
 To have so mochel of mi wille.
 And thus thenkende I stonde stille
 Withoute blenchinge of myn yhe,
 Riht as me thoghte that I syhe
 Of Paradis the moste joie :
 And so therwhile I me rejoie,
 Into myn herte a gret desir,
 The which is hotere than the fyr, 210
 Al soudeinliche upon me renneth,
 That al mi thoght withinne brenneth,

197 or] and AMX . . . B₂, Δ 202 3if A, F 3iue J, B
 flor wel is me þat I haue leue H₁ . . . B₂ (I om. C) 209 Vnto AdBT

[LOVE-DRUNKEN-
NESS.]

And am so ferforth overcome,
 That I not where I am become;
 So that among the hetes stronge
 In stede of drinke I underfonge
 A thoght so swete in mi corage,
 That nevere Pymment ne vernage
 Was half so swete forto drinke.
 For as I wolde, thanne I thinke
 As thogh I were at myn above,
 For so thurgh drunke I am of love,
 That al that mi sotye demeth
 Is soth, as thanne it to me semeth.
 And whyle I mai tho thoghtes kepe,
 Me thenkth as thogh I were aslepe
 And that I were in goddes barm;
 Bot whanne I se myn oghne harm,
 And that I soudeinliche awake
 Out of my thought, and hiede take
 Hou that the sothe stant in dede,
 Thanne is mi sekernesse in drede
 And joie torned into wo,
 So that the hete is al ago
 Of such sotie as I was inne.
 And thanne ayeinward I beginne
 To take of love a newe thorst,
 The which me grieveth altherworst,
 For thanne comth the blanche fievere,
 With chele and makth me so to chievere,
 And so it coldeth at myn herte,
 That wonder is hou I asterte,
 In such a point that I ne deie:
 For certes ther was nevere keie
 Ne frosen ys upon the wal
 More inly cold than I am al.
 And thus soffre I the hote chele,
 Which passeth othre peines fele;
 In cold I brenne and frese in hete:
 And thanne I drinke a biter swete

220
P. iii, 9

230

240

250

215 þo hetes ST þo hertes B 235 I om. AM 241 at]
 al (alle) H₁E, SAdTA 242 hou] þat AM

[LOVE-DRUNKEN-
NESS.]

With dreie lippe and yhen wete. P. iii. 10
 Lo, thus I tempre mi diete,
 And take a drauhte of such reles,
 That al mi wit is herteles,
 And al myn herte, ther it sit,
 Is, as who seith, withoute wit ;
 So that to prove it be reson
 In makinge of comparison
 Ther mai no difference be
 Betwen a drunke man and me. 260
 Bot al the worste of everychon
 Is evere that I thurste in on ;
 The more that myn herte drinketh,
 The more I may ; so that me thinketh,
 My thirst schal nevere ben aqueint.
 God schilde that I be noght dreint
 Of such a superfluite :
 For wel I fiele in mi degre
 That al mi wit is overcast,
 Wherof I am the more agast, 270
 That in defaulte of ladischipe
 Per chance in such a drunkeschipe
 I mai be ded er I be war.
 For certes, fader, this I dar
 Beknowe and in mi schrifte telle :
 Bot I a drauhte have of that welle,
 In which mi deth is and mi lif,
 Mi joie is torned into strif,
 That sobre schal I nevere worthe,
 Bot as a drunke man forworthe ; 280
 So that in londe where I fare P. iii. 11
 The lust is lore of mi welfare,
 As he that mai no bote finde.
 Bot this me thenkth a wonder kinde,
 As I am drunke of that I drinke,
 So am I ek for falte of drinke ;
 Of which I finde no reles :
 Bot if I myhte natheles

262 pruste M, Δ trust(e) AdBT, W 281 wher þat AMG, H:
 285 line om. B

Of such a drinke as I coveite,
 So as me liste, have o receite,
 I scholde assobre and fare wel.
 Bot so fortune upon hire whiel
 On hih me deigneth noght to sette,
 For everemore I finde a lette :
 The boteler is noght mi frend,
 Which hath the keie be the bend ;
 I mai wel wisshe and that is wast,
 For wel I wot, so freissh a tast,
 Bot if mi grace be the more,
 I schal assaie neveremore.
 Thus am I drunke of that I se,
 For tastinge is defended me,
 And I can noght miselven stanche :
 So that, mi fader, of this branche
 I am gultif, to telle trouthe.

290

[LOVE-DRUNKEN-
NESS.]

300

Mi Sone, that me thenketh routhe ;
 For lovedrunke is the meschief
 Above alle othre the most chief,
 If he no lusti thoght assaie,
 Which mai his sori thurst allaie :
 As for the time yit it lisseth
 To him which other joie misseth.
 Forthi, mi Sone, aboven alle
 Thenk wel, hou so it the befalle,
 And kep thi wittes that thou hast,
 And let hem noght be drunke in wast :
 Bot natheles ther is no wyht
 That mai withstonde loves miht.
 Bot why the cause is, as I finde,
 Of that ther is diverse kinde
 Of lovedrunke, why men pleigneth
 After the court which al ordeigneth,
 I wol the tellen the manere ;
 Nou lest, mi Sone, and thou schalt hiere.

310

P. iii. 12

320

For the fortune of every chance
 After the goddes pourveance
 To man it groweth from above,

Confessor.

Hic narrat secundum
Poetam, qualiter

[JUPITER'S TWO
TUNS.]

in suo celario Iupiter
duo dolea habet, quo-
rum primum liquoris
dulcissimi, secundum
amarissimi plenum
consistit, ita quod ille
cui fatata est prosperi-
tas de dulci potabit,
alter vero, cui aduer-
sabitur, poculum gus-
tabit amarum.

So that the sped of every love
Is schape there, er it befallē.
For Jupiter aboven alle, 330
Which is of goddes sovereign,
Hath in his celier, as men sein,
Tuo tonnes fulle of love drinke,
That maken many an herte sinke
And many an herte also to flete,
Or of the soure or of the swete.
That on is full of such piment,
Which passeth all entendement
Of mannes witt, if he it taste,
And makth a jolif herte in haste: 340
That other biter as the galle, P. iii. 13
Which makth a mannes herte palle,
Whos drunke schipe is a sieknesse
Thurgh fielingē of the biternesse.
Cupide is boteler of bothe,
Which to the lieve and to the lothe
Yifeth of the swete and of the soure,
That some lawhe, and some loure.
Bot for so moche as he blind is,
Fulofte time he goth amis 350
And takth the badde for the goode,
Which hindreth many a mannes fode
Withoute cause, and forthreth eke.
So be ther some of love seke,
Whiche oghte of reson to ben hole,
And some comen to the dole
In happ and as hemselfe leste
Drinke undeserved of the beste.
And thus this blinde Boteler
Yifeth of the trouble in stede of cler 360
And ek the cler in stede of trouble:
Lo, hou he can the hertes trouble,
And makth men drunke al upon chaunce

329 be falle JH₁ERB₂, BT 339 caste AdBT, H₂ 354 of þe
seke AM . . . B₂ 357 In iape AM 358 vnserued AM, W
363 drinke al H₁X, AdBT drunken (om. al) E all (om. drunke) B₂
dronke and W

[JUPITER'S TWO
TUNES.]

Withoute lawe of governance.
 If he drawe of the swete tonne,
 Thanne is the sorwe al overronne
 Of lovedrunke, and schalt noght greven
 So to be drunken every even,
 For al is thanne bot a game.
 Bot whanne it is noght of the same, 370
 And he the biter tonne draweth, P. iii. 14
 Such drunkeschipe an herte gnaweth
 And fiebleth al a mannes thoght,
 That betre him were have drunke noght
 And al his bred have eten dreie ;
 For thanne he lest his lusti weie
 With drunkeschipe, and wot noght whider
 To go, the weies ben so slider,
 In which he mai per cas so falle,
 That he schal breke his wittes alle. 380
 And in this wise men be drunke
 After the drink that thei have drunke :
 Bot alle drinken noght alike,
 For som schal singe and som schal syke,
 So that it me nothing merueilleth,
 Mi Sone, of love that thee eilleth ;
 For wel I knowe be thi tale,
 That thou hast drunken of the duale,
 Which biter is, til god the sende
 Such grace that thou miht amende. 390
 Bot, Sone, thou schalt bidde and preie
 In such a wise as I schal seie,
 That thou the lusti welle atteigne
 Thi wofull thurstes to restreigne
 Of love, and taste the swetnesse ;
 As Bachus dede in his distresse,
 Whan bodiliche thirst him hente
 In strange londes where he wente.
 This Bachus Sone of Jupiter

[PRAYER. BACCHUS
IN THE DESERT.]Nota hic qualiter
potus aliquando sici-

367 Of louedrunke and schalt FK Of louedrunke and schal J,
 SAdBT, W Of louedrinke and schal AM . . . B₂, Δ Of loue drunken
 and shal H₂ 376 lest J, B, F lesþ A leeseþ C 379 which A, B, F
 whiche J 382 that om. AdBT 387 I wel AJM I wol(e) H₁ . . . B₂

* *

N

[PRAYER. BACCHUS
IN THE DESERT.]

enti precibus acquiritur. Et narrat in exemplum quod, cum Bachus de quodam bello ab oriente repatrians in quibusdam Lubie partibus alicuius generis potum non inuenit, fuis ad Iouem precibus, apparuit ei Aries, qui terram pede percussit, statimque fons emanauit; et sic potum petenti peticio preualuit.

Was hote, and as he wente fer 400
Be his fadres assignement P. iii. 15
To make a werre in Orient,
And gret pouer with him he ladde,
So that the heiere hond he hadde
And victoire of his enemys,
And torneth homward with his pris,
In such a contre which was dreie
A meschief fell upon the weie.
As he rod with his compainie
Nyh to the strondes of Lubie, 410
Ther myhte thei no drinke finde
Of water nor of other kinde,
So that himself and al his host
Were of defalte of drinke almost
Distruid, and thanne Bachus preide
To Jupiter, and thus he seide:
'O hihe fader, that sest al,
To whom is reson that I schal
Beseche and preie in every nede,
Behold, mi fader, and tak hiede 420
This wofull thirst that we ben inne
To staunche, and grante ous forto winne,
And sauf unto the contre fare,
Wher that oure lusti loves are
Waitende upon oure hom cominge.'
And with the vois of his preiynge,
Which herd was to the goddes hihe,
He syh anon tofore his yhe
A wether, which the ground hath sporned;
And wher he hath it overturned, 430
Ther sprang a welle freissh and cler, P. iii. 16
Wherof his oghne boteler
After the lustes of his wille
Was every man to drinke his fille.
And for this ilke grete grace
Bachus upon the same place

408 the] jei F 409 margin concussit A . . . B₂ 414 for
defaute H₁ . . . C, Δ, H₂ in defaute B₂, W 421 wofull] foule
AdBT 434 Was] 3af H₁ . . . B₂

A riche temple let arere,
Which evere scholde stonde there
To thursti men in remembrance.

[PRAYER. BACCHUS
IN THE DESERT.]

Forthi, mi Sone, after this chance
It sit thee wel to taken hiede
So forto preie upon thi nede,
As Bachus preide for the welle;
And thenk, as thou hast herd me telle,
Hou grace he gradde and grace he hadde.
He was no fol that ferst so radde,
For selden get a domb man lond:
Tak that proverbe, and understand
That wordes ben of vertu grete.

440 Confessor.

Forthi to speke thou ne lete,
And axe and prei erli and late
Thi thirst to quenche, and thenk algate,
The boteler which berth the keie
Is blind, as thou hast herd me seie;
And if it mihte so betyde,
That he upon the blinde side
Per cas the swete tonne arauhte,
Than schalt thou have a lusti drauhte
And waxe of lovedrunke sobre.
And thus I rede thou assobre
Thin herte in hope of such a grace; P. iii. 17
For drunkschipe in every place,
To whether side that it torne,
Doth harm and makth a man to sporne
And ofte falle in such a wise,
Wher he per cas mai nocht arise.

450

460

And forto loke in evidence
Upon the sothe experience,
So as it hath befaller this,
In every mannes mouth it is
Hou Tristram was of love drunke
With Bele Ysolde, whan thei drunke
The drink which Brangwein hem betok,
Er that king Marc his Eem hire tok

[LOVE-DRUNKENNESS.
TRISTRAM.]

Hic de amoris ebri-
tate ponit exemplum,
470 qualiter Tristrans ob
potum, quem Brang-
weyne in navi ei por-
rexit, de amore Bele
Isolde inebriatus ex-
titit.

442 þe nede AM . . . B₂ 463 i (I) torne AM 469 So
þat AdBT, W 470 margin ad potum H₁ . . . B₂

[LOVE-DRUNKENNESS.
TRISTRAM.]

To wyve, as it was after knowe.
And ek, mi Sone, if thou wolt knowe,
As it hath fallen overmore
In loves cause, and what is more
Of drunke schipe forto drede,
As it whilom befell in dede, 480
Wherof thou miht the betre eschue
Of drunke men that thou ne suie
The compaignie in no manere,
A gret ensample thou schalt hiere.

[MARRIAGE OF PIROTHOUS.]

Hic de periculis ebrietatis causa in amore contingentibus narrat quod, cum Pirothous illam pulcherimam Ypotaciam in vxorem duceret, quosdam qui Centauri vocabantur inter alios vicinos ad nupcias inuitauit; qui vino imbuti, noue nupte formositatem aspicientes, duplici ebrietate insanierunt, ita quod ipsi subito salientes a mensa Ipotaciam a Pirothoo marito suo in impetu rapuerunt.

This finde I write in Poesie
Of thilke faire Ipotacie,
Of whos beaute ther as sche was
Spak every man,—and fell per cas,
That Pirothous so him spedde, 490
That he to wyve hire scholde wedde,
Wherof that he gret joie made. P. iii. 18
And for he wolde his love glade,
Ayein the day of mariage
Be mouthe bothe and be message
Hise frendes to the feste he preide,
With gret worschipe and, as men seide,
He hath this yonge ladi spoused.
And whan that thei were alle housed,
And set and served ate mete,
Ther was no wyn which mai be gete, 500
That ther ne was plente ynouh:
Bot Bachus thilke tonne drouh,
Wherof be weie of drunke schipe
The greteste of the felaschipe
Were oute of reson overtake;
And Venus, which hath also take
The cause most in special,
Hath yove hem drinke forth withal
Of thilke cuppe which exciteth
The lust wherinne a man deliteth: 510

488 margin contingentibus F 495 feste AJ, B fest C, F
497 margin in om. H1 . . . B2, BΔ, W 500 be gete] begete
(bigete) AX, SAdTΔ 508 3oue B, F 3eue A 3iue J, C

[MARRIAGE OF PIRITHOUS.]

And thus be double weie drunke,
 Of lust that ilke fyri funke
 Hath mad hem, as who seith, halfwode,
 That thei no reson understode,
 Ne to non other thing thei syhen,
 Bot hire, which tofore here yhen
 Was wedded thilke same day,
 That freisshe wif, that lusti May,
 On hire it was al that thei thoghten.
 And so ferforth here lustes soghten,
 That thei the whiche named were 520
P. iii. 19
 Centauri, ate feste there
 Of on assent, of on acord
 This yonge wif malgre hire lord
 In such a rage awei forth ladden,
 As thei whiche non insihte hadden
 Bot only to her drunke fare,
 Which many a man hath mad misfare
 In love als wel as other weie.
 Wherof, if I schal more seie 530
 Upon the nature of the vice,
 Of custume and of excercise
 The mannes grace hou it fordoth,
 A tale, which was whilom soth,
 Of fooles that so drunken were,
 I schal reherce unto thine Ere.

I rede in a Cronique thus
 Of Galba and of Vitellus,
 The whiche of Spaigne bothe were
 The greteste of alle othre there,
 And bothe of o condicion
 After the disposicion
 Of glotonie and drunkschipe.
 That was a sori felaschipe:
 For this thou miht wel understonde,
 That man mai wel noght longe stonde
 Which is wyndrunke of comun us;

[GALBA AND VITELLUS.]

Hic loquitur specialiter contra vicium
 540 illorum, qui nimia potatione quasi ex consuetudine ebriosi efficiuntur. Et narrat exemplum de Galba et Vitello, qui potentes in Hispania principes fuerunt, set ipsi cotidiane ebrietatis potibus assueti, tanta vicinis intulerunt enor-

513 halfwode S, F half wode (woode) AJ, B 519 On] Of B
 531 his vice A . . . B₂, S . . . Δ 543 and of H₁ . . . B₂, W

[GALBA AND VITEL-
LIUS.]

mia, quod tandem toto
conclamante populo
pena sentencie capi-
talis in eos iudicialiter
diffinita est : qui prius-
quam morerentur, ut
penam mortis alleuia-
rent, spontanea vini
ebrietate sopiti, quasi
porci semimortui gla-
dio interierunt.

For he hath lore the vertus,
Wherof reson him scholde clothe ;
And that was seene upon hem bothe. 550
Men sein ther is non evidence, P. iii. 20
Wherof to knowe a difference
Betwen the drunken and the wode,
For thei be nevere nouthen goode ;
For wher that wyn doth wit aweie,
Wisdom hath lost the rihte weie,
That he no maner vice dredeth ;
Nomore than a blind man thredeth
His nedle be the Sonnes lyht,
Nomore is reson thanne of myht, 560
Whan he with drunkschipe is blent.
And in this point thei wepen schent,
This Galba bothe and ek Vitelle,
Upon the cause as I schal telle,
Wherof good is to taken hiede.
For thei tuo thurgh her drunkenhiede
Of witles excitacioun
Oppressede al the nacion
Of Spaigne ; for of fool usance,
Which don was of continuance 570
Of hem, whiche alday drunken were,
Ther was no wif ne maiden there,
What so thei were, or faire or foule,
Whom thei ne token to defoule,
Wherof the lond was often wo :
And ek in othre thinges mo
Thei wroghten many a sondri wrong.
Bot hou so that the dai be long,
The derke nyht comth ate laste :
God wolde noght thei scholden laste, 580
And schop the lawe in such a wise, P. iii. 21
That thei thurgh dom to the juise
Be dampned forto be forlore.

550 *margin* que tandem AM coclamante F 554 neuere
AJ, T neuer C, SB, F 556 *margin* perierunt A . . . B₁
559 Sonne H₁E, B, W (sonne bright) 569 of fool] a fool AM . . . C
a foul B₂ of foul Ad of foli Δ

[GALEA AND VITEL-
LIUS.]

Bot thei, that hadden ben tofore
Enclin to alle drunkenesse,—
Here ende thanne bar witnessse;
For thei in hope to assuage
The peine of deth, upon the rage
That thei the lasse scholden fiele,
Of wyn let fille full a Miele,
And dronken til so was befalle
That thei her strengthes losten alle
Withouten wit of eny brain;
And thus thei ben halfdede slain,
That hem ne grieveth bot a lyte.

590

Mi Sone, if thou be forto wyte
In eny point which I have seid,
Wherof thi wittes ben unteid,
I rede clepe hem hom ayein.

Confessor.

I schal do, fader, as ye sein,
Als ferforth as I mai suffise:
Bot wel I wot that in no wise
The drunkschipe of love aweie
I mai remue be no weie,
It stant noght upon my fortune.
Bot if you liste to comune
Of the seconde Glotonie,
Which cleped is Delicacie,
Wherof ye speiken hier tofore,
Beseche I wolde you therfore.

600

Amans.

Mi Sone, as of that ilke vice,
Which of alle othre is the Norrice,
And stant upon the retenue
Of Venus, so as it is due,
The proprete hou that it fareth
The bok hierafter nou declareth.

610

P. iii, 22

Confessor.

- ii. *Delicie cum diuiciis sunt iura potentum,
In quibus orta Venus excitat ora gule.
Non sunt delicie tales, que corpora pascunt,
Ex quibus impletus gaudia venter agit,*

[DELICACY.]

590 fille ful] fulfille (ful fille) H₁XRCB₂ fulle M fille W
I rede þe H₁ERC B₂, Ad I rede þou X (I rede þe M corr.)

599

[DELICACY.]

*Quin completus amor maiori munere gaudet,
Cum data deliciis mens in amante satur.*

Hic tractat super illa
specie Gule que Delicacia
nuncupatur, cuius mollicies
voluptuose carni in personis
precipue potentibus
queque complacencia
corporaliter ministrat.

Of this chapitre in which we trete
There is yit on of such diete,
To which no povere mai atteigne ;
For al is Past of paindemeine
And sondri wyn and sondri drinke,
Wherof that he wole ete and drinke :
Hise cokes ben for him affaited,
So that his body is awaited,
That him schal lacke no delit,
Als ferforth as his appetit
Sufficeth to the metes hote.
Wherof this lusti vice is hote
Of Gule the Delicacie,
Which al the hole progenie
Of lusti folk hath undertake
To feede, whil that he mai take
Richesses wherof to be founde :
Of Abstinence he wot no bounde,
To what profit it scholde serve.
And yit phisque of his conserve
Makth many a restauracioun
Unto his recreacioun,
Which wolde be to Venus lief.
Thus for the point of his relief
The coc which schal his mete arraie,
Bot he the betre his mouth assaie,
His lordes thonk schal ofte lese,
Er he be served to the chese :
For ther mai lacke noght so lyte,
That he ne fint anon a wyte ;
For bot his lust be fully served,
Ther hath no wiht his thonk deserved.
And yit for mannes sustenance,
To kepe and holde in governance,

620

630

P. iii. 23

640

650

Latin Verses ii. 6 fatur H₁ . . . B₂, B

620 is Past of] his past of AJ is past(e) as BT his past is Ad
621 margin molliciis A . . . B₂ 623 margin quoque AMH₁XB₂, W
633 Richesse AMH₁, H₂ Riches W 647 For bot] But if AdBT

To him that wole his hele gete
 Is non so good as comun mete :
 For who that loketh on the bokes,
 It seith, confeccion of cokes,
 A man him scholde wel avise
 Hou he it toke and in what wise.
 For who that useth that he knoweth,
 Ful selden seknesse on him groweth,
 And who that useth metes strange,
 Though his nature empeire and change 660
 It is no wonder, lieve Sone,
 Whan that he doth ayein his wone ;
 For in Phisique this I finde,
 Usage is the seconde kinde.

[DELICACY.]

Philosophus. Con-
suetudo est altera na-
tura.

And riht so changeth his astat 660
 He that of love is delicat :
 For though he hadde to his hond
 The beste wif of al the lond,
 Or the faireste love of alle,
 Yit wolde his herte on othre falle 670
 And thenke hem mor delicious
 Than he hath in his oghne hous :
 Men sein it is nou ofte so ;
 Advise hem wel, thei that so do.
 And forto speke in other weie,
 Fulofte time I have herd seie,
 That he which hath no love achieved,
 Him thenkth that he is noght relieved,
 Thogh that his ladi make him chiere,
 So as sche mai in good manere 680
 Hir honour and hir name save,
 Bot he the surplus mihte have.
 Nothing withstondende hire astat,
 Of love more delicat
 He set hire chiere at no delit,

P. iii. 24 [LOVE-DELICACY.]

653 who that] who so AM . . . B₂ 664 Vsance A . . . B₂
 665-964 ins. after 1146 SAdBTΔΔ These copies proceed here with l. 965
 Usage is þe seconde kinde
 In loue als wel as oþer weie, &c.
 673 nou om. AM 681 His honour AM

[LOVE-DELICACY.]

Confessio Amantis.

Bot he have al his appetit.

Mi Sone, if it be with thee so,
Tell me.

Myn holi fader, no :

For delicat in such a wise
Of love, as ye to me devise, 690
Ne was I nevere yit gultif;
For if I hadde such a wif
As ye speke of, what scholde I more?
For thanne I wolde neveremore
For lust of eny wommanhiede P. iii. 25
Myn herte upon non other fiede :
And if I dede, it were a wast.
Bot al withoute such repast
Of lust, as ye me tolde above, 700
Of wif, or yit of other love,
I faste, and mai no fode gete;
So that for lacke of deinte mete,
Of which an herte mai be fedd,
I go fastende to my bedd.
Bot myhte I geten, as ye tolde,
So mochel that mi ladi wolde
Me fede with hir glad semblant,
Though me lacke al the remenant,
Yit scholde I somdel ben abeched 710
And for the time wel refrechd.
Bot certes, fader, sche ne doth;
For in good feith, to telle soth,
I trowe, thogh I scholde sterve,
Sche wolde noght hire yhe swerve,
Min herte with o goodly lok
To fede, and thus for such a cok
I mai go fastinge everemo :
Bot if so is that eny wo
Mai fede a mannes herte wel,
Therof I have at every meel 720
Of plente more than ynowh;
Bot that is of himself so towh,

686 But if BT 715 a goodly JH₁RCB₂, AdBT, H₁ a gladly W
one goodly Δ

Mi stomac mai it noght defie.

[LOVE-DELICACY.]

Lo, such is the delicacie

Of love, which myn herte fedeth; P. iii. 26

Thus have I lacke of that me nedeth.

Bot for al this yit natheles

I seie noght I am gylteles,

That I somdel am delicat:

For elles were I fulli mat,

730

Bot if that I som lusti stounde

Of confort and of ese founde,

To take of love som repast;

For thogh I with the fulle tast

The lust of love mai noght fiele,

Min hunger otherwise I kiele

Of smale lustes whiche I pike,

And for a time yit thei like;

If that ye wisten what I mene.

Nou, goode Sone, schrif thee clene

740

Confessor.

Of suche deyntes as ben goode,

Wherof thou takst thin hertes fode.

Mi fader, I you schal reherce,

Confessio Amantis.

Hou that mi fodes ben diverse,

So as thei fallen in degre.

O fiedinge is of that I se,

An other is of that I here,

The thridde, as I schal tellen here,

It groweth of min oghne thoght:

And elles scholde I live noght;

750

For whom that failleth fode of herte,

He mai noght wel the deth asterte.

Of sihte is al mi ferste fode,

Thurgh which myn yhe of alle goode

Hath that to him is acordant,

P. iii. 27

Nota qualiter visus in amore se continet delicatus.

A lusti fode sufficant.

Whan that I go toward the place

Wher I schal se my ladi face,

Min yhe, which is loth to faste,

Beginth to hungre anon so faste,

760

734 ful paast AM 746 Of fieding(e) AM, AdA, Hs If fieding(e)
Hs . . . Bs (not G) Tho fedyng W 751 of herte] and herte AJM

[LOVE-DELICACY.]

That him thenkth of on houre thre,
 Til I ther come and he hire se :
 And thanne after his appetit
 He takth a fode of such delit,
 That him non other deynte nedeth.
 Of sondri sihtes he him fedeth :
 He seth hire face of such colour,
 That freisshe is than eny flour,
 He seth hire front is large and plein
 Withoute frounce of eny grein, 770
 He seth hire yhen lich an hevene,
 He seth hire nase strauht and evene,
 He seth hire rode upon the cheke,
 He seth hire rede lippes eke,
 Hire chyn acordeth to the face,
 Al that he seth is full of grace,
 He seth hire necke round and clene,
 Therinne mai no bon be sene,
 He seth hire handes faire and whyte ;
 For al this thing without wyte 780
 He mai se naked ate leste,
 So is it wel the more feste
 And wel the mor Delicacie
 Unto the fiedinge of myn yhe.
 He seth hire schapthe forth withal, P. iii. 28
 Hire bodi round, hire middel smal,
 So wel begon with good array,
 Which passeth al the lust of Maii,
 Whan he is most with softe schoures
 Ful clothed in his lusti floures. 790
 With suche sihtes by and by
 Min yhe is fed ; bot finaly,
 Whan he the port and the manere
 Seth of hire wommanysshe chere,
 Than hath he such delice on honde,
 Him thenkth he mihte stille stonde,
 And that he hath ful sufficance
 Of liflode and of sustenance

762 he hire] to hir(e) AdBT 784 myn] his AM . . . B.
 785 schappe S, F the rest schape (schappe &c.)

[LOVE-DELICACY.]

As to his part for everemo.
 And if it thoghte alle othre so, 800
 Fro thenne wolde he nevere wende,
 Bot there unto the worldes ende
 He wolde abyde, if that he mihte,
 And fieden him upon the syhte.
 For thogh I mihte stonden ay
 Into the time of domesday
 And loke upon hire evere in on,
 Yit whanne I scholde fro hire gon,
 Min yhe wolde, as thogh he faste,
 Ben hungerstorven al so faste, 810
 Til este ayein that he hire syhe.
 Such is the nature of myn yhe :
 Ther is no lust so deintefull,
 Of which a man schal noght be full,
 Of that the stomac underfongeth, P. iii. 29
 Bot evere in on myn yhe longeth :
 For loke hou that a goshauk tireth,
 Riht so doth he, whan that he pireth
 And toteth on hire wommanhiede ;
 For he mai nevere fulli fiede 820
 His lust, bot evere aliche sore
 Him hungreth, so that he the more
 Desireth to be fed algate :
 And thus myn yhe is mad the gate,
 Thurgh which the deyntes of my thought
 Of lust ben to myn herte broght.
 Riht as myn yhe with his lok
 Is to myn herte a lusti coc
 Of loves fode delicat,
 Riht so myn Ere in his astat, 830
 Wher as myn yhe mai noght serve,
 Can wel myn hertes thonk deserve
 And fieden him fro day to day
 With suche deyntes as he may.
 For thus it is, that overal,
 Wher as I come in special,
 I mai hiere of mi ladi pris ;

830 Qualiter auris in
amore delectatur.

827 Paragraph at l. 830 in MSS.

[LOVE-DELICACY.]

I hiere on seith that sche is wys,
 An other seith that sche is good,
 And som men sein, of worthi blod 840
 That sche is come, and is also
 So fair, that nawher is non so;
 And som men preise hire goodli chiere:
 Thus every thing that I mai hiere,
 Which souneth to mi ladi goode, P. iii. 30
 Is to myn Ere a lusti foode.
 And ek min Ere hath over this
 A deynte feste, whan so is
 That I mai hiere hirselve speke;
 For thanne anon mi faste I breke 850
 On suche wordes as sche seith,
 That full of trouthe and full of feith
 Thei ben, and of so good desport,
 That to myn Ere gret confort
 Thei don, as thei that ben delices.
 For al the metes and the spices,
 That eny Lombard couthe make,
 Ne be so lusti forto take
 Ne so ferforth restauratif,
 I seie as for myn oghne lif, 860
 As ben the wordes of hire mouth:
 For as the wyndes of the South
 Ben most of alle debonaire,
 So whan hir list to speke faire,
 The vertu of hire goodly speche
 Is verraily myn hertes leche.
 And if it so befalle among,
 That sche carole upon a song,
 Whan I it hiere I am so fedd,
 That I am fro miself so ledd, 870
 As thogh I were in paradis;
 For certes, as to myn avis,
 Whan I here of hir vois the stevene,
 Me thenkth it is a blisse of hevene.
 And ek in other wise also P. iii. 31

838 seith] seie MC, AdA, W (say) 841 is also] seip also
 AdBT 856 and all(e) þe spices M . . . B, W

LIBER SEXTUS

191

[LOVE-DELICACY.]

Fulofte time it falleth so,
 Min Ere with a good pitance
 Is fedd of redinge of romance
 Of Ydoine and of Amadas,
 That whilom weren in mi cas, 880
 And eke of othre many a score,
 That loveden longe er I was bore.

For whan I of here loves rede,
 Min Ere with the tale I fede;
 And with the lust of here histoire
 Somtime I drawe into memoire
 Hou sorwe mai noght evere laste;
 And so comth hope in ate laste,
 Whan I non other fode knowe. 890
 And that endureth bot a throwe,
 Riht as it were a cherie feste;

Bot forto compten ate leste,
 As for the while yit it eseth
 And somdel of myn herte appeseth:
 For what thing to myn Ere spreadeth,
 Which is plesant, somdel it feedeth
 With wordes suche as he mai gete
 Mi lust, in stede of other mete.

Lo thus, mi fader, as I seie, 900
 Of lust the which myn yhe hath seie,
 And ek of that myn Ere hath herd,
 Fulofte I have the betre ferd.

And tho tuo bringen in the thridde,
 The which hath in myn herte amidde
 His place take, to arraie P. iii. 32

The lusti fode, which assaie
 I mot; and nameliche on nyhtes,
 Whan that me lacketh alle sihtes,
 And that myn heringe is aweie,
 Thanne is he redy in the weie 910
 Mi resousuper forto make,
 Of which myn hertes fode I take.

This lusti cokes name is hote

892 for tacompten B 899 as I þe seye B 906 fode]
 poughtes B om. AdT flode B

Amans.

[LOVE-DELICACY.]

Qualiter cogitatus im-
pressiones leticie yma-
ginatiuas cordibus in-
serit amantum.

Thoght, which hath evere hise pottes hote
Of love buillende on the fyr
With fantasie and with desir,
Of whiche er this fulofte he fedde
Min herte, whanne I was abedde ;
And thanne he set upon my bord
Bothe every syhte and every word 920
Of lust, which I have herd or sein.
Bot yit is noght mi feste al plein,
Bot al of woldes and of wissches,
Therof have I my fulle disshes,
Bot as of fielinge and of tast,
Yit mihte I nevere have o repast.
And thus, as I have seid afor,
I licke hony on the thorn,
And as who seith, upon the bridel
I chiewe, so that al is ydel 930
As in effect the fode I have.
Bot as a man that wolde him save,
Whan he is sek, be medicine,
Riht so of love the famine
I fonde in al that evere I mai P. iii. 33
To fiede and dryve forth the day,
Til I mai have the grete feste,
Which al myn hunger myhte areste.
Lo suche ben mi lustes thre ;
Of that I thenke and hiere and se 940
I take of love my fiedinge
Withoute tastinge or fielinge :
And as the Plover doth of Eir
I live, and am in good espeir
That for no such delicacie
I trowe I do no glotonie.
And natheles to youre avis,
Min holi fader, that be wis,
I recomande myn astat
Of that I have be delicat. 950

Confessor.

Mi Sone, I understonde wel

927 tofor AdBT
to do AM

928 on] of EB₂, AdBT

946 I do]

That thou hast told hier everydel,
 And as me thenketh be thi tale,
 It ben delices wonder smale,
 Wherof thou takst thi loves fode.
 Bot, Sone, if that thou understode
 What is to ben delicious,
 Thou woldest noght be curious
 Upon the lust of thin astat
 To ben to sore delicat,
 Wherof that thou reson excede:
 For in the bokes thou myht rede,
 If mannes wisdom schal be suied,
 It oghte wel to ben eschuiet
 In love als wel as other weie;
 For, as these holi bokes seie,
 The bodely delices alle
 In every point, hou so thei falle,
 Unto the Soule don grievance.
 And forto take in remembrance,
 A tale acordant unto this,
 Which of gret understandinge is
 To mannes soule resonable,
 I thenke telle, and is no fable.

[LOVE-DELICACY.]

960

P. iii. 34

[DELICACY.]

Delicie corporis militans
aduersus animam.

970

Of Cristes word, who wole it rede,
 Hou that this vice is forto drede
 In thevangile it telleth plein,
 Which mot algate be certein,
 For Crist himself it berth witness.
 And thogh the clerk and the clergesse
 In latin tunge it rede and singe,
 Yit for the more knouelchinge
 Of trouthe, which is good to wite,
 I schal declare as it is write
 In Engleissh, for thus it began.

[DIVES AND LAZARUS.]

Hic ponit exemplum
contra istos delicatos.
Et narrat de diuite et
Lazaro, quorum gestus
in euangelio Lucas
euidencius describit.

980

Crist seith: 'Ther was a riche man,
 A mihti lord of gret astat,
 And he was ek so delicat

After 964 Als wel be reson as be kinde etc. (1149 ff.) SAdBTΔΔ
 973 To] In AM . . . B2 979 margin gesta B 988 eek he was C, Δ.

[DIVES AND LAZARUS.]

Of his clothing, that everyday
 Of pourpre and bisse he made him gay, 990
 And eet and drank therto his fille
 After the lustes of his wille,
 As he which al stod in delice
 And tok non hiede of thilke vice.
 And as it scholde so betyde, P. iii. 35
 A povere lazre upon a tyde
 Cam to the gate and axed mete:
 Bot there mihte he nothing gete
 His dedly hunger forto stanche;
 For he, which hadde his fulle panche 1000
 Of alle lustes ate bord,
 Ne deigneth noght to speke a word,
 Onliche a Crumme forto yive,
 Wherof the povere myhte live
 Upon the yifte of his almesse.
 Thus lai this povere in gret destresse
 Acolde and hungred ate gate,
 Fro which he mihte go no gate,
 So was he wofulli besein.
 And as these holi bokes sein, 1010
 The houndes comen fro the halle,
 Wher that this sike man was falle,
 And as he lay ther forto die,
 The woundes of his maladie
 Thei licken forto don him ese.
 Bot he was full of such desese,
 That he mai noght the deth eschape;
 Bot as it was that time schape,
 The Soule fro the bodi passeth,
 And he whom nothing overpasseth, 1020
 The hihe god, up to the hevene
 Him tok, wher he hath set him evene
 In Habrahannes barm on hyh,
 Wher he the hevene joie syh

993 As] And AdBT stood al H1 . . . B2, Ad, W 998 he] be
 AMXRB2 1004 þis p. S . . . Δ 1006 þe p. S . . . Δ 1008
 for AdBT 1010 these] þe AM . . . B2, H2 1023 Habrahannes
 J, F *rest* Abrahames (Abrahams &c.): so 1039, 1046, 1073

And hadde al that he have wolde. P. iii. 36 [DIVES AND LAZARUS.]

And fell, as it befalle scholde,
This riche man the same throwe
With soudein deth was overthrowe,
And forth withouten eny wente
Into the helle straght he wente ; 1030

The fend into the fyr him drouh,
Wher that he hadde peine ynouh
Of flamme which that evere brenneth.

And as his yhe aboute renneth,
Toward the hevene he cast his lok,
Wher that he syh and hiede tok
Hou Lazar set was in his Se

Als ferr as evere he mihte se
With Habraham ; and thanne he preide
Unto the Patriarch and seide : 1040

"Send Lazar down fro thilke Sete,
And do that he his finger wete
In water, so that he mai droppe
Upon my tunge, forto stoppe
The grete hete in which I brenne."

Bot Habraham answerde thenne
And seide to him in this wise :
"Mi Sone, thou thee miht avise
And take into thi remembrance,
Hou Lazar hadde gret penance, 1050
Whyl he was in that other lif,
Bot thou in al thi lust jolif
The bodily delices soghtest :

Forthi, so as thou thanne wroghtest,
Nou schalt thou take thi reward P. iii. 37
Of dedly peine hierafterward

In helle, which schal evere laste ;
And this Lazar nou ate laste
The worldes peine is overronne,
In hevene and hath his lif begonne 1060
Of joie, which is endeles.

1027 the] his H1 . . . B2 1030 Vnto þe helle BT In to helle
JRB2, Δ, W 1048 margin Salomon. Qui obturat aures suas
ad clamorem pauperum, ipse clamabit et non exaudietur SBTΔ

[DIVES AND LAZARUS.]

Bot that thou preidest natheles,
 That I schal Lazar to the sende
 With water on his finger ende,
 Thin hote tunge forto kiele,
 Thou schalt no suche graces fiele ;
 For to that foule place of Sinne,
 For evere in which thou schalt ben inne,
 Comth non out of this place thider,
 Ne non of you mai comen hider ; 1070
 Thus be yee parted nou atuo."

The riche ayeinward cride tho :
 "O Habraham, sithe it so is,
 That Lazar mai noght do me this
 Which I have axed in this place,
 I wolde preie an other grace.
 For I have yit of brethren fyve,
 That with mi fader ben alyve
 Togedre duellende in on hous ;
 To whom, as thou art gracious, 1080
 I preie that thou woldest sende
 Lazar, so that he mihte wende
 To warne hem hou the world is went,
 That afterward thei be noght schent
 Of suche peines as I drye. P. iii. 38
 Lo, this I preie and this I crie,
 Now I may noght miself amende."

The Patriarch anon suiende
 To his preiere ansuerde nay ;
 And seide him hou that everyday 1090
 His brethren mihten knowe and hiere
 Of Moïses on Erthe hiere
 And of prophetes othre mo,
 What hem was best. And he seith no ;
 Bot if ther mihte a man aryse
 Fro deth to lyve in such a wise,
 To tellen hem hou that it were,
 He seide hou thanne of pure fere
 Thei scholden wel be war therby.

1085 I drye] þey drye B 1089 his] þis (this) H₁, AdBTΔ his S)
 1098 hou om. S. . . Δ

Quod Habraham: "Nay sikerly;
 For if thei nou wol noght obeie
 To suche as techen hem the weie,
 And alday preche and alday telle
 Hou that it stant of hevene and helle,
 Thei wol noght thanne taken hiede,
 Thogh it befelle so in dede
 That eny ded man were arered,
 To ben of him no betre lered
 Than of an other man alyve."

1100 [DIVES AND LAZARUS.]

If thou, mi Sone, canst descryve
 This tale, as Crist himself it tolde,
 Thou schalt have cause to beholde,
 To se so gret an evidence,
 Wherof the sothe experience
 Hath schewed openliche at ye,
 That bodili delicacie

1110 Confessor.

P. iii. 39

Of him which yeveth non almesse
 Schal after falle in gret destresse.
 And that was sene upon the riche:
 For he ne wolde unto his liche
 A Crumme yiven of his bred,
 Thanne afterward, whan he was ded,
 A drope of water him was werned.
 Thus mai a mannes wit be lerned
 Of hem that so delices taken;
 Whan thei with deth ben overtaken,
 That erst was swete is thanne sour.
 Bot he that is a governour
 Of worldes good, if he be wys,
 Withinne his herte he set no pris
 Of al the world, and yit he useth
 The good, that he nothing refuseth,
 As he which lord is of the thinges.
 The Nouches and the riche ringes,
 The cloth of gold and the Perrie
 He takth, and yit delicacie

1120

1130

1100 Habraham JX, F rest Abraham 110 5 wold(e) M, B, W
 1107 Than eny AH₁ Themeny M (p. m.) 1109 of lyue X . . . B₂,
 Ad, H₂ on liue Δ 1112 be holde JH₁RB₂

[DIVES AND LAZARUS.]

He leveth, thogh he were al this.
 The beste mete that ther is
 He ett, and drinkth the beste drinke;
 Bot hou that evere he ete or drinke, 1140
 Delicacie he put aweie,
 As he which goth the rihte weie
 Noght only forto fiede and clothe
 His bodi, bot his soule bothe.
 Bot thei that taken otherwise P. iii. 40
 Here lustes, ben none of the wise;
 And that whilom was schewed eke,
 If thou these olde bokes seke,
 Als wel be reson as be kinde,
 Of olde ensample as men mai finde. 1150

[DELICACY OF NERO.]

Hic loquitur de delicacia
 Neronis, qui corporalibus deliciis
 magis adherens spiritualia
 gaudia minus obtinuit.

What man that wolde him wel advise,
 Delicacie is to despise,
 Whan kinde acordeth noght withal;
 Wherof ensample in special
 Of Nero whilom mai be told,
 Which ayein kinde manyfold
 Hise lustes tok, til ate laste
 That god him wolde al overcaste;
 Of whom the Cronique is so plein,
 Me list nomore of him to sein. 1160
 And natheles for glotonie
 Of bodili Delicacie,
 To knowe his stomak hou it ferde,
 Of that noman tofore herde,
 Which he withinne himself bethoghte,
 A wonder soubtil thing he wroghte.
 Thre men upon eleccioun

After 1146 SAdBTΔA have the following six lines (omitting the two
 1147f.), and then insert the passage 665-964. The text here is that of S:—

Bot now a dai a man mai se
 The world so full of vanite,
 That noman takþ of reson hiede
 Or forto cloþe or forto fiede,
 Bot al is sett vnto þe vice
 To newe and changen his delice.
 And riht so etc. (as 665 ff.)

1151 That man X . . . Ba (not G), W 1155 margin minus om. B

Of age and of complexioun
 Lich to himself be alle weie
 He tok towards him to pleie, 1170
 And ete and drinke als wel as he.
 Therof was no diversite ;
 For every day whan that thei eete,
 Tofore his oghne bord thei seete,
 And of such mete as he was served,
 Although thei hadde it noght deserved,
 Thei token service of the same. P. iii, 41
 Bot afterward al thilke game
 Was into wofull earnest torned ;
 For whan thei weren thus sojorned, 1180
 Withinne a time at after mete
 Nero, which hadde noght foryete
 The lustes of his frele astat,
 As he which al was delicat,
 To knowe thilke experience,
 The men let come in his presence :
 And to that on the same tyde,
 A courser that he scholde ryde
 Into the feld, anon he bad ;
 Wherof this man was wonder glad, 1190
 And goth to prike and prance aboute.
 That other, whil that he was oute,
 He leide upon his bedd to slepe :
 The thridde, which he wolde kepe
 Withinne his chambre, faire and softe
 He goth now doun nou up fulofte,
 Walkende a pass, that he ne slepte,
 Til he which on the courser lepte
 Was come fro the field ayein.
 Nero thanne, as the bokes sein, 1200
 These men doth taken alle thre
 And slouh hem, for he wolde se
 The whos stomak was best defied :
 And whanne he hath the sothe tryed,
 He fond that he which goth the pass
 Defyed best of alle was,

[DELICACY OF NERO.]

Which afterward he usede ay. P. iii. 42

And thus what thing unto his pay

Was most plesant, he lefte non :

With every lust he was begon, 1210

Wherof the bodi myhte glade,

For he non abstinence made ;

Bot most above alle erthli thinges

Of wommen unto the likinges

Nero sette al his hole herte,

For that lust scholde him noght asterte.

Whan that the thirst of love him cawhte,

Wher that him list he tok a drauhte,

He spareth nouthur wif ne maide,

That such an other, as men saide, 1220

In al this world was nevere yit.

He was so drunke in al his wit

Thurgh sondri lustes whiche he tok,

That evere, whil ther is a bok,

Of Nero men schul rede and singe

Unto the worldes knowlechinge,

Mi goode Sone, as thou hast herd.

[LOVE-DELICACY.]

For evere yit it hath so ferd,

Delicacie in loves cas

Withoute reson is and was ; 1230

For wher that love his herte set,

Him thenkth it myhte be no bet ;

And thogh it be noght fulli mete,

The lust of love is evere swete.

Confessor.

Lo, thus togedre of felaschipe

Delicacie and drunkschipe,

Wherof reson stant out of herre, P. iii. 43

Have mad full many a wisman erre

In loves cause most of alle :

For thanne hou so that evere it falle, 1240

Wit can no reson understonde,

Bot let the governance stonde

To Will, which thanne wext so wylde,

That he can noght himselve schylde

1209 non] anon EC, AdBT 1230 it is AM . . . B₁ 1233 Al] ough B
 As ough AdT Thogh W

Fro no peril, bot out of feere
 The weie he secheth hiere and there,
 Him recheth noght upon what syde:
 For oftetime he goth beside,
 And doth such thing withoute drede,
 Wherof him oghte wel to drede.
 Bot whan that love assoteth sore,
 It passeth alle mennes lore;
 What lust it is that he ordeigneth,
 Ther is no mannes miht restreigneth,
 And of the godd takth he non hiede:
 Bot laweles withoute drede,
 His pourpos for he wolde achieve
 Ayeins the pointz of the believe,
 He tempteth hevene and erthe and helle,
 Hierafterward as I schal telle.

[LOVE-DELICACY.]

1250

1260

- iii. *Dum stimulator amor, quicquid iubet orta voluptas,
 Audet et aggreditur, nulla timenda timens.
 Omne quod astra queunt herbarum siue potestas,
 Seu vigor inferni, singula temptat amans.
 Quod nequit ipse deo mediante parare sinistrum,
 Demonis hoc magica credulus arte parat.
 Sic sibi non curat ad opus que recia tendit,
 Dummodo nudatam prendere possit auem.*

[SORCERY AND
WITCHCRAFT.]

Who dar do thing which love ne dar? P. iii. 44

To love is every lawe unwar,
 Bot to the lawes of his heste
 The fissch, the foul, the man, the beste
 Of al the worldes kinde louteth.
 For love is he which nothing douteth;
 In mannes herte where he sit,
 He compteth noght toward his wit
 The wo nomore than the wele,
 No mor the hete than the chele,
 No mor the wete than the dreie,
 No mor to live than to deie,

Hic tractat qualiter
 Ebrietas et Delicacia
 omnis pudicie con-
 trarium instigantes
 inter alia ad carnalis
 concupiscencie pro-
 mocionem Sortilegio
 magicam requirunt.

1270

1245 no] pe B₂, AdBT pat M 1254 is] as A... B₂ 1257 wol(c)
 AH₁... B₂ 1267 he] it G, B margin Sortilegio SBTΔΔ Sacrilegio
 AX... B₂, FH₂ sacrilegis H₁ sacri legis M (Latin om. J,
 Ad, W)

[SORCERY AND
WITCHCRAFT.]

So that tofore ne behinde
He seth nothing, bot as the blinde
Withoute insyhte of his corage
He doth merveilles in his rage.
To what thing that he wole him drawe,
Ther is no god, ther is no lawe,
Of whom that he takth eny hiede ;
Bot as Baiard the blinde stede, 1280
Til he falle in the dich amidde,
He goth ther noman wole him bidde ;
He stant so ferforth out of reule,
Ther is no wit that mai him reule.
And thus to telle of him in soth,
Ful many a wonder thing he doth,
That were betre to be laft,
Among the whiche is wicheckcraft,
That som men clepen Sorcerie,
Which forto winné his druerie 1290
With many a circumstance he useth, P. iii. 45
Ther is no point which he refuseth.

Nota de Auctorum
necnon et de librorum
tam naturalis quam
execrabilis magice
nominibus.

The craft which that Saturnus fond,
To make prickes in the Sond,
That Geomance cleped is,
Fulofte he useth it amis ;
And of the flod his Ydromance,
And of the fyr the Piromance,
With questions echon of tho
He tempteth ofte, and ek also 1300
Aëremance in juggement
To love he bringth of his assent :
For these craftes, as I finde,
A man mai do be weie of kinde,
Be so it be to good entente.
Bot he goth al an other wente ;
For rathere er he scholde faile,
With Nigromance he wole assaile
To make his incantacioun
With hot subfumigacioun. 1310

1289 som men] somme (some &c.) A . . . B₂
et de] et BT 1294 pikkes AdBTA

1293 margin

Thilke art which Spatula is hote,
 And used is of comun rote
 Among Paiens, with that craft ek
 Of which is Auctor Thosz the Grek,
 He worcheth on and on be rowe :
 Razel is noght to him unknowe,
 Ne Salomones Candarie,
 His Ydeac, his Eutonye ;
 The figure and the bok withal
 Of Balamuz, and of Ghenbal ¹³²⁰
 The Seal, and therupon thymage **P. iii. 46**
 Of Thebith, for his advantage
 He takth, and somewhat of Gibiere,
 Which helplich is to this matiere.
 Babilla with hire Sones sevene,
 Which hath renonced to the hevene,
 With Cernes bothe square and rounde,
 He traceth ofte upon the grounde,
 Makende his invocacioun ;
 And for full enformacioun ¹³³⁰
 The Scole which Honorius
 Wrot, he poursuieth : and lo, thus
 Magique he useth forto winne
 His love, and spareth for no Sinne.
 And over that of his Sotie,
 Riht as he secheth Sorcerie
 Of hem that ben Magiciens,
 Riht so of the Naturiens
 Upon the Sterres from above
 His weie he secheth unto love, ¹³⁴⁰
 Als fer as he hem understondeth.
 In many a sondry wise he fondeth :
 He makth ymage, he makth sculpture,
 He makth writinge, he makth figure,
 He makth his calculacions,
 He makth his demonstracions ;
 His houres of Astronomie
 He kepeth as for that partie

¹³¹² of] to AM ¹³¹⁷ Ne] The B ¹³¹⁹ and] of B
¹³²⁰ Chenbal B₂, SΔ Geubal AM Glenball H₃ Thenballe W

[SORCERY AND
WITCHCRAFT.]

Which longeth to thinspeccion
Of love and his affeccion ;
He wolde into the helle seche
The devel himselfe to beseche,
If that he wiste forto spede,
To gete of love his lusti mede :
Wher that he hath his herte set,
He bede nevere fare bet
Ne wite of other hevene more.

1350
P. iii. 47

Confessor.

Mi Sone, if thou of such a lore
Hast ben er this, I red thee leve.

Amans.

Min holi fader, be youre leve
Of al that ye have spoken hiere
Which toucheth unto this matiere,
To telle soth riht as I wene,
I wot noght o word what ye mene.
I wol noght seie, if that I couthe,
That I nolde in mi lusti youthe
Benethe in helle and ek above
To winne with mi ladi love
Don al that evere that I mihte ;
For therof have I non insihte
Wher afterward that I become,
To that I wonne and overcome
Hire love, which I most coveite.

1365

Confessor.

Mi Sone, that goth wonder streite :
For this I mai wel telle soth,
Ther is noman the which so doth,
For al the craft that he can caste,
That he nabeith it ate laste.
For often he that wol beguile
Is guiled with the same guile,
And thus the guilour is beguiled ;
As I finde in a bok compiled
To this matiere an old histoire,
The which comth nou to mi memoire,
And is of gret essamplerie
Ayein the vice of Sorcerie,
Wherof non ende mai be good.

1380
P. iii. 48

Bot hou whilom therof it stod,
A tale which is good to knowe
To thee, mi Sone, I schal beknowe.

1390

Among hem whiche at Troie were,
Uluxes ate Siege there
Was on be name in special;
Of whom yit the memorial
Abit, for whyl ther is a mouth,
For evere his name schal be couth.
He was a worthi knyht and king
And clerk knowende of every thing;
He was a gret rethorien,
He was a gret magicien;
Of Tullius the rethorique,
Of king Zorastes the magique,
Of Tholome thastronomie,
Of Plato the Philosophie,
Of Daniel the slepi dremes,
Of Neptune ek the water stremes,
Of Salomon and the proverbes,
Of Macer al the strengthe of herbes,
And the Phisique of Ypocras,
And lich unto Pictagoras
Of Surgerie he knew the cures.
Bot somewhat of his aventures,
Which schal to mi matiere acorde,
To thee, mi Sone, I wol recorde.

This king, of which thou hast herd sein,
Fro Troie as he goth hom ayein
Be Schipe, he fond the See divers,
With many a wyndi storm revers.
Bot he thurgh wisdom that he schapeth
Ful many a gret peril ascapeth,
Of whiche I thenke tellen on,
Hou that malgre the nedle and ston
Wynddrive he was al soudeinly
Upon the strondes of Cilly,

[TALE OF
ULYSSES AND
TELEGONUS.]

Nota contra istos ob
amoris causam sorti-
legos; vbi narrat in
exemplum quod, cum
Vluxes a subuersione
Troie repatriare na-
uigio voluisset, ipsum
in Insula Cilly, vbi illa
expertissima maga
nomine Circes regna-
uit, contigit applicu-
isse; quem vt in sui
amoris concupiscen-
ciam exardesceret,
Circes omnibus suis
incantacionibus vin-
cere conabatur. V-
luxes tamen magica
potencior ipsam in
amore subegit, ex qua
filium nomine Thelo-
gonum genuit, qui
postea patrem suum
interfecit: et sic contra
fidei naturam genitus
contra generacionis
naturam patricidium
operatus est.

1400

1410

P. iii. 49

1420

1388 whilom how þerof AMX . . . Ba hou somtyme þ. J
whilome therof how H1 1391 whiche SB which AJC, F
1419 which B

[Tale of
ULYSSES AND
TELEGONUS.]

Wher that he moste abyde a whyle.
 Tuo queenes weren in that yle
 Calipsa named and Circes ;
 And whan they herde hou Uluxes
 Is londe ther upon the ryve,
 For him thei senden als so blive. 1430
 With him suche as he wolde he nam
 And to the court to hem he cam.
 Thes queenes were as tuo goddesses
 Of Art magique Sorceresses,
 That what lord comth to that rivage,
 Thei make him love in such a rage
 And upon hem assote so,
 That thei wol have, er that he go,
 Al that he hath of worldes good.
 Uluxes wel this understod, 1440
 Thei couthe moche, he couthe more ; P. iii. 50
 Thei schape and caste ayein him sore
 And wroghte many a soutil wyle,
 Bot yit thei mihte him noght beguile.
 Bot of the men of his navie
 Thei tuo forschope a gret partie,
 Mai non of hem withstonde here hestes ;
 Som part thei schopen into bestes,
 Som part thei schopen into foules,
 To beres, tiges, Apes, oules, 1450
 Or elles be som other weie ;
 Ther myhte hem nothing desobeie,
 Such craft thei hadde above kinde.
 Bot that Art couthe thei noght finde,
 Of which Uluxes was deceived,
 That he ne hath hem alle weyved,
 And broght hem into such a rote,
 That upon him thei bothe assote ;
 And thurgh the science of his art
 He tok of hem so wel his part, 1460
 That he begat Circes with childe.
 He kepte him sobre and made hem wilde,

1432 of hem AdBT 1437 And] That AM . . . B₂ (not G)
 1442 schope S . . . A 1444 And 3it AM . . . B₂

He sette himselve so above,
 That with here good and with here love,
 Who that therof be lief or loth,
 Al quit into his Schip he goth.
 Circes toswolle bothe sides
 He leste, and waiteth on the tydes,
 And straght thurghout the salte fom
 He takth his cours and comth him hom, 1470
 Where as he fond Penolope; P. iii. 51
 A betre wif ther mai non be,
 And yit ther ben ynowhe of goode.
 Bot who hir goodschipe understode
 Fro ferst that sche wifhode tok,
 Hou many loves sche forsok
 And hou sche bar hire al aboute,
 Ther whiles that hire lord was oute,
 He mihte make a gret avant

Amonges al the remenant 1480
 That sche was on of al the beste.
 Wel myhte he sette his herte in reste,
 This king, whan he hir fond in hele;
 For as he couthe in wisdom dele,
 So couthe sche in wommanhiede:
 And whan sche syh withoute drede
 Hire lord upon his oghne ground,
 That he was come sauf and sound,
 In al this world ne mihte be
 A gladdere womman than was sche. 1490

The fame, which mai noght ben hidd,
 Thurghout the lond is sone kidd,
 Here king is come hom ayein:
 Ther mai noman the fulle sein,
 Hou that thei weren alle glade,
 So mochel joie of him thei made.
 The presens every day be newed,
 He was with yiftes al besnewed;
 The poeple was of him so glad,
 That thogh non other man hem bad, 1500

1479 a om. AJMXGERCL 1481 was om. AdBT 1489 þe
 world AM . . . B₂

[TALE OF
ULYSSES AND
TELEGONUS.]

Oracius. Omnia
sunt hominum tenui
pendencia filo.

Taillage upon hemself thei sette, P. iii. 52
And as it were of pure dette
Thei yeve here goodes to the king :
This was a glad hom welcomyng.
Thus hath Uluxes what he wolde,
His wif was such as sche be scholde,
His poeple was to him sougit,
Him lacketh nothing of delit.
Bot fortune is of such a sleyhte,
That whan a man is most on heyhte, 1510
Sche makth him rathest forto falle :
Ther wot noman what schal befalle,
The happes over mannes hed
Ben honged with a tendre thred.
That proved was on Uluxes ;
For whan he was most in his pes,
Fortune gan to make him werre
And sette his welthe al out of herre.
Upon a dai as he was merie,
As thogh ther mihte him nothing derie, 1520
Whan nyht was come, he goth to bedde,
With slep and bothe his yhen fedde.
And while he slepte, he mette a swevene :
Him thoghte he syh a stature evene,
Which brihtere than the sonne schon ;
A man it semeth was it non,
Bot yit it was as in figure
Most lich to mannyssh creature,
Bot as of beaute hevenelich
It was most to an Angel lich : 1530
And thus betwen angel and man P. iii. 53
Beholden it this king began,
And such a lust tok of the sihte,
That fain he wolde, if that he mihte,
The forme of that figure embrace ;
And goth him forth toward the place,
Wher he sih that ymage tho,

1510 on] of AMG, Hs in Δ 2513 margin Omina T, F 1516 in
pes AdBTΔ (in his pes S) 1518 al om. AdBT 1520 ther]
he AM 1524 statue A . . . Bz, B 1536 jat place BT

[TALE OF ULYSSES
AND TELEGONUS.]

And takth it in his Armes tuo,
And it embraceth him ayein
And to the king thus gan it sein :

1540

'Uluxes, understond wel this,
The tokne of oure aqueintance is
Hierafterward to mochel tene :
The love that is ous betuene,
Of that we nou such joie make,
That on of ous the deth schal take,
Whan time comth of destine ;
It may non other wise be.'

Uluxes tho began to preie
That this figure wolde him seie
What wyht he is that seith him so.

1550

This wyht upon a spere tho
A pensel which was wel begon,
Embrouded, scheweth him anon :

Thre fisshes alle of o colour
In manere as it were a tour
Upon the pensel were wroght.

Uluxes kneu this tokne noght,
And preith to wite in som partie
What thing it myhte signefie,

1560

'A signe it is,' the wyht ansuerde,
'Of an Empire : ' and forth he ferde
Al sodeinly, whan he that seide.

P. iii. 54

Uluxes out of slep abreide,
And that was riht ayein the day,
That lengere slepen he ne may.

Men sein, a man hath knowleching
Save of himself of alle thing ;
His oghne chance noman knoweth,
Bot as fortune it on him throweth :

Bernardus. Plures
plura sciunt et seipsos
nesciunt.

1570

Was nevere yit so wys a clerk,
Which mihte knowe al goddes werk,
Ne the secret which god hath set
Ayein a man mai noght be let.
Uluxes, thogh that he be wys,

1567 seip SBT margin Multi multa sciunt AH.XGECLB₂
Latin om. JMR, AdB, W

* *

P

[TALE OF ULYSSES
AND TELEGONUS.]

With al his wit in his avis,
The mor that he his swevene acompteth,
The lasse he wot what it amonteth :
For al his calculacion,
He seth no demonstracion 1580
Al plainly forto knowe an ende ;
Bot natheles hou so it wende,
He dradde him of his oghne Sone.
That makth him wel the more astone,
And schop therfore anon withal,
So that withinne castel wall
Thelamachum his Sone he schette,
And upon him strong warde he sette.
The sothe furthere he ne knew,
Til that fortune him overthreu ; 1590
Bot natheles for sikernesse, P. iii. 55
Wher that he mihte wite and gesse
A place strengest in his lond,
Ther let he make of lym and sond
A strengthe where he wolde duelle ;
Was nevere man yit herde telle
Of such an other as it was.
And forto strengthe him in that cas,
Of al his lond the sekereste
Of servantz and the worthieste, 1600
To kepen him withinne warde,
He sette his bodi forto warde ;
And made such an ordinance,
For love ne for aqueintance,
That were it erly, were it late,
Thei scholde lete in ate gate
No maner man, what so betydde,
Bot if so were himself it bidde.
Bot al that myhte him noght availe,
For whom fortune wole assaile, 1610
Ther mai be non such resistance,
Which mihte make a man defence ;

1581 As S . . . Δ 1598 þe cas JM, Δ þa cas A 1602
He] His F He charged hem þei scholde harde H1 . . . B2 (but
warde E)

LIBER SEXTUS

211

[TALE OF ULYSSES
AND TELEGONUS.]

Al that schal be mot falle algate.
 This Circes, which I spak of late,
 On whom Uluxes hath begete
 A child, thogh he it have foryete,
 Whan time com, as it was wone,
 Sche was delivered of a Sone,
 Which cleped is Thelogonus.
 This child, whan he was bore thus,
 Aboute his moder to ful age,
 That he can reson and langage,
 In good astat was drawe forth :
 And whan he was so mochel worth
 To stonden in a mannes stede,
 Circes his moder hath him bede
 That he schal to his fader go,
 And tolde him al togedre tho
 What man he was that him begat.
 And whan Thelogonus of that
 Was war and hath ful knowleching
 Hou that his fader was a king,
 He preith his moder faire this,
 To go wher that his fader is ;
 And sche him granteth that he schal,
 And made him redi forth withal.
 It was that time such usance,
 That every man the conoiscance
 Of his contre bar in his hond,
 Whan he wente into strange lond ;
 And thus was every man therfore
 Wel knowe, wher that he was bore :
 For espiaile and mistrowinges
 They dede thanne suche thinges,
 That every man mai other knowe.
 So it befell that ilke throwe
 Thelogonus as in this cas ;
 Of his contre the signe was
 Thre fisshes, whiche he scholde bere
 Upon the penon of a spere :

1620

P. iii. 56

1630

1640

1650

1631 hath] had (hadde) AM . . . Bs, W

1645 mihte (might)

S . . . Δ

[TALE OF ULYSSES
AND TELEGONUS.]

And whan that he was thus arraied P. iii. 57

And hath his harneis al assaied,
That he was redy everydel,
His moder bad him farewel,
And seide him that he scholde swithe
His fader griete a thousand sithe.

Thelogonus his moder kiste
And tok his leve, and wher he wiste
His fader was, the weie nam,
Til he unto Nachaie cam,
Which of that lond the chief Cite
Was cleped, and ther axeth he
Wher was the king and hou he ferde.
And whan that he the sothe herde,
Wher that the king Uluxes was,
Al one upon his hors gret pas
He rod him forth, and in his hond
He bar the signal of his lond

1660

With fisshes thre, as I have told ;
And thus he wente unto that hold,
Wher that his oghne fader duelleth.
The cause why he comth he telleth
Unto the kepers of the gate,
And wolde have comen in therate,
Bot schortli thei him seide nay :
And he als faire as evere he may
Besoghte and tolde hem ofte this,
Hou that the king his fader is ;
Bot they with proude wordes grete
Begunne to manace and threte,
Bot he go fro the gate faste,
Thei wolde him take and sette faste.

1680

P. iii. 58

Fro wordes unto strokes thus
Thei felle, and so Thelogonus
Was sore hurt and welnyh ded ;
Bot with his scharpe speres hed
He makth defence, hou so it falle,
And wan the gate upon hem alle,
And hath slain of the beste fyve ;

1669 Which A

1680 and to þrete JH:CBs, Δ, WK

LIBER SEXTUS

213

And thei ascriden als so blyve
Thurghout the castell al aboute.

1690 [TALE OF ULYSSES
AND TELEGONUS.]

On every syde men come oute,
Wherof the kinges herte afflihte,
And he with al the haste he mihte
A spere cauhte and out he goth,
As he that was nyh wod for wroth.
He sih the gates ful of blod,
Thelogonus and wher he stod
He sih also, bot he ne knew
What man it was, and to him threw 1700
His Spere, and he sterte out asyde.
Bot destine, which schal betide,
Befell that ilke time so,
Thelogonus knew nothing tho
What man it was that to him caste,
And while his oghne spere laste,
With al the signe therupon
He caste unto the king anon,
And smot him with a dedly wounde.
Uluxes fell anon to grounde ; 1710
Tho every man, 'The king ! the king !' P. iii. 59
Began to crie, and of this thing
Thelogonus, which sih the cas,
On knes he fell and seide, 'Helas !
I have min oghne fader slain :
Nou wolde I deie wonder fain.
Nou sle me who that evere wile,
For certes it is riht good skile.'
He crith, he wepeth, he seith therfore,
'Helas, that evere was I bore, 1720
That this unhappi destine
So wofulli comth in be me !'
This king, which yit hath lif ynouh,
His herte ayein to him he drouh,
And to that vois an Ere he leide

1691 al om. AM 1695 out] forþ H1, AdBT 1696 nyh]
right AdBT for wroth] and wroþ AM . . . B2 (except C), W wroþ T
for worþ J 1700 and] but AdBT 1716 I wolde AMX . . . B2
1718 good skile] and skile S . . . ΔΔ

[TALE OF ULYSSES
AND TELEGONUS.]

And understod al that he seide,
And gan to speke, and seide on hih,
'Bring me this man.' And whan he sih
Thelogonus, his thocht he sette
Upon the swevene which he mette, 1730
And axeth that he myhte se
His spere, on which the fisshes thre
He sih upon a pensel wroght.
Tho wiste he wel it faileth noght,
And badd him that he telle scholde
Fro whenne he cam and what he wolde.

Thelogonus in sorghe and wo
So as he mihte tolde tho
Unto Uluxes al the cas,
Hou that Circes his moder was, 1740
And so forth seide him everydel, P. iii. 6o
Hou that his moder gret him wel,
And in what wise sche him sente.
Tho wiste Uluxes what it mente,
And tok him in hise Armes softe,
And al bledende he kest him ofte,
And seide, 'Sone, whil I live,
This infortune I thee foryive.'
After his other Sone in haste
He sende, and he began him haste 1750
And cam unto his fader tyt.
Bot whan he sih him in such plit,
He wolde have ronne upon that other
Anon, and slain his oghne brother,
Ne hadde be that Uluxes
Betwen hem made acord and pes,
And to his heir Thelamachus
He bad that he Thelogonus
With al his pouer scholde kepe,
Til he were of his woundes depe 1760
Al hol, and thanne he scholde him yive
Lond wher upon he mihte live.
Thelamachus, whan he this herde,

1733 þe pensel G, B 1735 badd S bad A, B bed J badde F
1746 kest J, SB, F keste T kiste AC

[TALE OF ULYSSES
AND TELEGONUS.]

Unto his fader he ansuerde
And seide he wolde don his wille.
So duelle thei togedre stille,
These brethren, and the fader sterveth.

Lo, wherof Sorcerie serveth.
Thurgh Sorcerie his lust he wan,
Thurgh Sorcerie his wo began, 1770
Thurgh Sorcerie his love he ches, P. iii. 61
Thurgh Sorcerie his lif he les;
The child was gete in Sorcerie,
The which dede al this felonie :
Thing which was ayein kynde wroght
Unkindeliche it was aboght ;
The child his oghne fader slowh,
That was unkindeschipe ynowh.
Forthi tak hiede hou that it is,
So forto winne love amis, 1780
Which endeth al his joie in wo :
For of this Art I finde also,
That hath be do for loves sake,
Wherof thou miht ensample take,
A gret Cronique imperial,
Which evere into memorial
Among the men, hou so it wende,
Schal duelle to the worldes ende.

The hihe creatour of thinges,
Which is the king of alle kinges,
Ful many a wonder worldes chance
Let slyden under his suffrance ;
Ther wot noman the cause why,
Bot he the which is almyhty.
And that was proved whilom thus,
Whan that the king Nectanabus,
Which hadde Egipte forto lede,—
Bot for he sih tofor the dede
Thurgh magique of his Sorcerie,
Wherof he couthe a gret partie,

[TALE OF
NECTANABUS.]

1790

Hic narrat exem-
plum super eodem,
qualiter Nectanabus
ab Egipto in Macedon-
iam fugitiuus, Olimpi-
adem Philippi Regis
ibidem tunc absentis
uxorem arte magica
decipiens, cum ipsa
concubuit, magnum-
que ex ea Alexandrum
sortilegus genuit : qui
natus, postea cum ad
erudiendum sub cus-
todia Nectanabi com-

1800

1786 into] in A . . . B₂ vnto W 1787 it so AM
de Egipto BT 1794 margin fugiturus BT

1793 margin

[TALE OF
NECTANABUS.]

mendatus fuisset, ipsum Nectanabum patrem suum ab altitudine cuiusdam turris in fossam profundam proiciens interfecit. Et sic sortilegus ex suo sortilegio infortunii sortem sortitus est.

Hise enemys to him comende, P. iii. 62

Fro whom he mihte him noght defende,

Out of his oghne lond he fledde ;

And in the wise as he him dredde

It fell, for al his wicchecraft,

So that Egipte him was beraft,

And he disguised fledde aweie

Be schipe, and hield the rihte weie

To Macedoine, wher that he

Aryveth ate chief Cite.

1810

Thre yomen of his chambre there

Al only forto serve him were,

The whiche he trusteth wonder wel,

For thei were trewe as eny stiel ;

And hapneth that thei with him ladde

Part of the beste good he hadde.

Thei take logginge in the toun

After the disposicion

Wher as him thoghte best to duelle :

He axeth thanne and herde telle

1820

Hou that the king was oute go

Upon a werre he hadde tho ;

But in that Cite thanne was

The queene, which Olimpias

Was hote, and with sollempnete

The feste of hir nativite,

As it befell, was thanne holde ;

And for hire list to be beholde

And preised of the poeple aboute,

Sche schop hir forto riden oute

1830

At after mete al openly.

P. iii. 63

Anon were alle men redy,

And that was in the monthe of Maii,

This lusti queene in good arrai

Was set upon a Mule whyt :

To sen it was a gret delit

The joie that the cite made ;

With freisshe thinges and with glade

1806 margin ex] pro BT 1815 thei] he B 1817 toke
(took &c.) A . . . B₁ 1828 to beholde (be holde) H₁, AdTB

The noble toun was al behonged,
And every wiht was sore alonged
To se this lusti ladi ryde.

1840

Ther was gret merthe on alle syde ;
Wher as sche passeth be the strete,
Ther was ful many a tymber bete
And many a maide carolende :
And thus thurghout the toun pleiende
This queene unto a pleine rod,
Wher that sche hoved and abod
To se diverse game pleie,
The lusti folk jouste and tourneie ;
And so forth every other man,
Which pleie couthe, his pley began,
To plesse with this noble queene.

1850

Nectanabus cam to the grene
Amonges othre and drouh him nyh.
Bot whan that he this ladi sih
And of hir beaute hiede tok,
He couthe noght withdrawe his lok
To se noght elles in the field,
Bot stod and only hire behield.

1860

Of his clothinge and of his gere
He was unlich alle othre there,
So that it hapneth ate laste,
The queene on him hire yhe caste,
And knew that he was strange anon :
Bot he behield hire evere in on
Withoute blenchinge of his chere.
Sche tok good hiede of his manere,
And wondreth why he dede so,
And bad men scholde for him go.
He cam and dede hire reverence,
And sche him axeth in cilence
Fro whenne he cam and what he wolde.
And he with sobre wordes tolde,
And seith, 'Ma dame, a clerk I am,
To you and in message I cam,
The which I mai noght tellen hier ;

P. iii. 64

1870

1847 þe pleine AdBT

1875 And] He AdBT

[TALE OF
NECTANABUS.]

Bot if it liketh you to hiere,
 It mot be seid al prively,
 Wher non schall be bot ye and I.' 1880
 Thus for the time he tok his leve.
 The dai goth forth til it was eve,
 That every man mot lete his werk ;
 And sche thoghte evere upon this clerk,
 What thing it is he wolde mene :
 And in this wise abod the queene,
 And passeth over thilke nyht,
 Til it was on the morwe liht.
 Sche sende for him, and he com,
 With him his Astellabre he nom, 1890
 Which was of fin gold precious P. iii. 65
 With pointz and cercles merveilous ;
 And ek the hevenely figures
 Wroght in a bok ful of peintures
 He tok this ladi forto schewe,
 And tolde of ech of hem be rewe
 The cours and the condicion.
 And sche with gret affeccion
 Sat stille and herde what he wolde :
 And thus whan he sih time, he tolde, 1900
 And feigneth with hise wordes wise
 A tale, and seith in such a wise :
 ' Ma dame, bot a while ago,
 Wher I was in Egipte tho,
 And radde in scole of this science,
 It fell into mi conscience
 That I unto the temple wente,
 And ther with al myn hole entente
 As I mi sacrifice dede,
 On of the goddes hath me bede 1910
 That I you warne prively,
 So that ye make you redy,
 And that ye be nothing agast ;
 For he such love hath to you cast,
 That ye schul ben his oghne diere,

LIBER SEXTUS

219

[TALE OF
NECTANABUS.]

And he schal be your beddefiere,
Til ye conceive and be with childe.'
And with that word sche wax al mylde,
And somdel red becam for schame,
And axeth him that goddes name, 1920
Which so wol don hire compainie. P. iii. 66
And he seide, 'Amos of Lubie.'
And sche seith, 'That mai I noght lieve,
Bot if I sihe a betre prieve.'
'Ma dame,' quod Nectanabus,
'In tokne that it schal be thus,
This nyht for enformacion
Ye schul have an avision :
That Amos schal to you appiere,
To schewe and teche in what manere 1930
The thing schal afterward befall.
Ye oghten wel aboven alle
To make joie of such a lord ;
For whan ye ben of on acord,
He schal a Sone of you begete,
Which with his swerd schal winne and gete
The wyde world in lengthe and brede ;
Alle erthli kinges schull him drede,
And in such wise, I you behote,
The god of erthe he schal be hote.' 1940
'If this be soth,' tho quod the queene,
'This nyht, thou seist, it schal be sene.
And if it falle into mi grace,
Of god Amos that I pourchace
To take of him so gret worschipe,
I wol do thee such ladischipe,
Wherof thou schalt for everemo
Be riche.' And he hir thonketh tho,
And tok his leve and forth he wente.
Sche wiste litel what he mente, 1950
For it was guile and Sorcerie, P. iii. 67
Al that sche tok for Prophecie.
Nectanabus thurghout the day,

1931 thing] king B

1939 such AJC, B suche S, F

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

[TALE OF
NECTANABUS.]

Whan he cam hom wher as he lay,
 His chambre be himselve tok,
 And overtorneth many a bok,
 And thurgh the craft of Artemage
 Of wex he forgeth an ymage.
 He loketh his equacions
 And ek the constellacions, 1960
 He loketh the conjuncctions,
 He loketh the recepcions,
 His signe, his houre, his ascendent,
 And drawth fortune of his assent :
 The name of queene Olimpias
 In thilke ymage write was
 Amiddes in the front above.
 And thus to winne his lust of love
 Nectanabus this werk hath diht ;
 And whan it cam withinne nyht, 1970
 That every wyht is falle aslepe,
 He thoghte he wolde his time kepe,
 As he which hath his houre apointed.
 And thanne ferst he hath enoignted
 With sondri herbes that figure,
 And therupon he gan conjure,
 So that thurgh his enchantement
 This ladi, which was innocent
 And wiste nothing of this guile,
 Mette, as sche slepte thilke while, 1980
 Hou fro the hevene cam a lyht, P. iii. 68
 Which al hir chambre made lyht ;
 And as sche loketh to and fro,
 Sche sih, hir thoghte, a dragoun tho,
 Whos scherdes schynen as the Sonne,
 And hath his softe pas begonne
 With al the chiere that he may
 Toward the bedd ther as sche lay,
 Til he cam to the beddes side.
 And sche lai stille and nothing cride, 1990
 For he dede alle his thinges faire
 And was courteis and debonaire :
 1954 wher þat A . . . B₁ (except E) ther as W

LIBER SEXTUS

221

[TALE OF
NECTANABUS.]

And as he stod hire fasteby,
 His forme he changeth sodeinly,
 And the figure of man he nom,
 To hire and into bedde he com,
 And such thing there of love he wroghte,
 Wherof, so as hire thanne thoghte,
 Thurgh likinge of this god Amos
 With childe anon hire wombe aros, 2000
 And sche was wonder glad withal.
 Nectanabus, which causeth al
 Of this metrede the substance,
 Whan he sih time, his nigromance
 He stinte and nothing more seide
 Of his carecte, and sche abreide
 Out of hir slep, and lieveth wel
 That it is soth thanne everydel
 Of that this clerk hire hadde told,
 And was the gladdere manyfold 2010
 In hope of such a glad metrede, P. iii. 69
 Which after schal befall in dede.

Sche longeth sore after the dai,
 That sche hir swevene telle mai
 To this guilour in privete,
 Which kneu it als so wel as sche:
 And natheles on morwe sone
 Sche lefte alle other thing to done,
 And for him sende, and al the cas
 Sche tolde him plainly as it was, 2020
 And seide hou thanne wel sche wiste
 That sche his wordes mihte triste,
 For sche fond hire Avisioun
 Riht after the condicion
 Which he hire hadde told tofore;
 And preide him hertely therfore
 That he hire holde covenant
 So forth of al the remenant,
 That sche may thurgh his ordinance
 Toward the god do such plesance, 2030

1993 fasteby J, F faste by AC, SB 1996 he om. AdBT 2016
 als (as) wel XCLB₂, Δ (?), WK 2030 Towardes (Toward) god AdBT

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

[TALE OF
NECTANABUS.]

That sche wakende myhte him kepe
 In such wise as sche mette aslepe.
 And he, that couthe of guile ynouh,
 Whan he this herde, of joie he louh,
 And seith, 'Ma dame, it schal be do.
 Bot this I warne you therto :
 This nyht, whan that he comth to pleie,
 That ther be no lif in the weie
 Bot I, that schal at his likinge
 Ordeine so for his cominge, 2040
 That ye ne schull noght of him faile. **P. iii. 70**
 For this, ma dame, I you consaile,
 That ye it kepe so prive,
 That no wiht elles bot we thre
 Have knowlechinge hou that it is ;
 For elles mihte it fare amis,
 If ye dede oght that scholde him grieve.'
 And thus he makth hire to believe,
 And feigneth under guile feith :
 Bot natheles al that he seith 2050
 Sche troweth ; and ayein the nyht
 Sche hath withinne hire chambre dyht,
 Wher as this guilour faste by
 Upon this god schal prively
 Awaite, as he makth hire to wene :
 And thus this noble gentil queene,
 Whan sche most trusteth, was deceived.
 The nyht com, and the chambre is weyved,
 Nectanabus hath take his place,
 And whan he sih the time and space, 2060
 Thurgh the deceipte of his magique
 He putte him out of mannes like,
 And of a dragoun tok the forme,
 As he which wolde him al conforme
 To that sche sih in swevene er this ;

2041 3e schol (schul) not of him AdΔ ye ne shalle of
 him H₁ I ne schal of him AM 2046 mihte AJ, S
 miht F might C, B 2055 and he makþ BT and makeþ
 Ad 2061 the om. AM . . . B₁, Δ 2062 putte AC, B
 put J, F

LIBER SEXTUS

223

[TALE OF
NECTANABUS.]

And thus to chambre come he is.
 The queene lay abedde and sih,
 And hopeth evere, as he com nyh,
 That he god of Luby were,
 So hath sche wel the lasse fere. 2070
 Bot for he wolde hire more assure, P. iii. 71
 Yit eft he changeth his figure,
 And of a wether the liknesse
 He tok, in signe of his noblesse
 With large hornes for the nones :
 Of fin gold and of riche stones
 A corone on his hed he bar,
 And soudeinly, er sche was war,
 As he which alle guile can,
 His forme he torneth into man, 2080
 And cam to bedde, and sche lai stille,
 Wher as sche soffreth al his wille,
 As sche which wende noght misdo.
 Bot natheles it hapneth so,
 Althogh sche were in part deceived,
 Yit for al that sche hath conceived
 The worthieste of alle kiththe,
 Which evere was tofore or siththe
 Of conqueste and chivalerie ;
 So that thurgh guile and Sorcerie 2090
 Ther was that noble knyht begunne,
 Which al the world hath after wunne.
 Thus fell the thing which falle scholde,
 Nectanabus hath that he wolde ;
 With guile he hath his love sped,
 With guile he cam into the bed,
 With guile he goth him out ayein :
 He was a schrewed chamberlein,
 So to beguile a worthi queene,
 And that on him was after seene. 2100
 Bot natheles the thing is do ; P. iii. 72
 This false god was sone go,

2071 wolde AJ, SB wold F 2083 noght misdo om. B
 2089 and of cheualerie (chialrie &c.) AM . . . B₁, AdΔ, W 2091
 that] pe AM

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

With his deceipte and hield him clos,
Til morwe cam, that he aros.

And tho, whan time and leisir was,
The queene tolde him al the cas,
As sche that guile non supposeth ;
And of tuo pointz sche him opposeth.
On was, if that this god nomore
Wol come ayein, and overmore, 2110
Hou sche schal stonden in acord
With king Philippe hire oghne lord,
Whan he comth hom and seth hire grone.
'Ma dame,' he seith, 'let me alone :
As for the god I undertake
That whan it liketh you to take
His compaignie at eny throwe,
If I a day tofore it knowe,
He schal be with you on the nyht ;
And he is wel of such a myht 2120
To kepe you from alle blame.
Forthi conforte you, ma dame,
Ther schal non other cause be.'
Thus tok he leve and forth goth he,
And tho began he forto muse
Hou he the queene mihte excuse
Toward the king of that is falle ;
And fond a craft amonges alle,
Thurgh which he hath a See foul daunted,
With his magique and so enchaunted, 2130
That he flyh forth, whan it was nyht, **P. iii. 73**
Unto the kinges tente riht,
Wher that he lay amidde his host :
And whanne he was aslepe most,
With that the See foul to him broghte
And othre charmes, whiche he wroghte
At hom withinne his chambre stille,
The king he torneth at his wille,
And makth him forto dreme and se
The dragoun and the privete 2140
Which was betuen him and the queene.

And over that he made him wene
 In swevene, hou that the god Amos,
 Whan he up fro the queene aros,
 Tok forth a ring, wherinne a ston
 Was set, and grave therupon
 A Sonne, in which, whan he cam nyh,
 A leoun with a swerd he sih;
 And with that priente, as he tho mette,
 Upon the queenes wombe he sette 2150
 A Seal, and goth him forth his weie.
 With that the swevene wente aweie,
 And tho began the king awake
 And sigheth for his wyves sake,
 Wher as he lay withinne his tente,
 And hath gret wonder what it mente.

With that he hasteth him to ryse
 Anon, and sende after the wise,
 Among the whiche ther was on,
 A clerc, his name is Amphion: 2160
 Whan he the kinges swevene herde, P. iii. 74
 What it betokneth he ansuerde,
 And seith, 'So siker as the lif,
 A god hath leie be thi wif,
 And gete a Sone, which schal winne
 The world and al that is withinne.
 As leon is the king of bestes,
 So schal the world obeie his hestes,
 Which with his swerd schal al be wonne,
 Als ferr as schyneth eny Sonne.' 2170

The king was doubtif of this dom;
 Bot natheles, whan that he com
 Ayein into his oghne lond,
 His wif with childe gret he fond.
 He mihte noght himselve stiere,
 That he ne made hire hevy chiere;
 Bot he which couthe of alle sorwe,
 Nectanabus, upon the morwe
 Thurgh the deceipte and nigromance

2145 þer inne AdBT 2149 tho] so AdBT 2155 Wher þat
 AM . . . B₂ 2156 what] þat AM

* *

Q

[TALE OF
NECTANABUS.]

Tok of a dragoun the semblance, 2180
 And wher the king sat in his halle,
 Com in rampende among hem alle
 With such a noise and such a rore,
 That thei agast were also sore
 As thogh thei scholde deie anon.
 And natheles he grieveth non,
 Bot goth toward the deyss on hih;
 And whan he cam the queene nyh,
 He stinte his noise, and in his wise
 To hire he profreth his servise, 2190
 And leith his hed upon hire barm; P. iii. 75
 And sche with goodly chiere hire arm
 Aboute his necke ayeinward leide,
 And thus the queene with him pleide
 In sihte of alle men aboute.
 And ate laste he gan to loute
 And obeissance unto hire make,
 As he that wolde his leve take;
 And sodeinly his lothly forme
 Into an Egle he gan transforme, 2200
 And flyh and sette him on a raile;
 Wherof the king hath gret mervaille,
 For there he pruneth him and piketh,
 As doth an hauk whan him wel liketh,
 And after that himself he schok,
 Wherof that al the halle quok,
 As it a terremote were;
 Thei seiden alle, god was there:
 In such a res and forth he flyh.
 The king, which al this wonder syh, 2210
 Whan he cam to his chambre alone,
 Unto the queene he made his mone
 And of foryivenesse hir preide;
 For thanne he knew wel, as he seide,
 Sche was with childe with a godd.
 Thus was the king withoute rodd
 Chastised, and the queene excused
 Of that sche hadde ben accused.

And for the gretere evidence,
 Yit after that in the presence
 Of king Philipp and othre mo,
 Whan thei ride in the fieldes tho,
 A Phesant cam before here yhe,
 The which anon as thei hire syhe,
 Fleende let an ey doun falle,
 And it tobrak tofore hem alle:
 And as thei token therof kepe,
 Thei syhe out of the schelle crepe
 A litel Serpent on the ground,
 Which rampeth al aboute round,
 And in ayein it wolde have wonne,
 Bot for the brennyng of the Sonne
 It mihte noght, and so it deide.
 And therupon the clerkes seide,
 'As the Serpent, whan it was oute,
 Went enviroun the schelle aboute
 And mihte noght torne in ayein,
 So schal it fallen in certein:
 This child the world schal environe,
 And above alle the corone
 Him schal befalle, and in yong Age
 He schal desire in his corage,
 Whan al the world is in his hond,
 To torn ayein into the lond
 Wher he was bore, and in his weie
 Homward he schal with puison deie.'

2220

P. iii. 76

2230

2240

The king, which al this sih and herde,
 Fro that dai forth, hou so it ferde,
 His jalousie hath al foryete.
 Bot he which hath the child begete,
 Nectanabus, in privete
 The time of his nativite
 Upon the constellacioun
 Awaiteth, and relacion
 Makth to the queene hou sche schal do,

2250

P. iii. 77

2226 bifore (biforn &c.) M . . . B₂ afore (afor) Δ, W 2231 he
 wolde AdBT 2244 vnto AdBT 2247 sih (sigh, seyh) A, SB
 sihe F sye J 2255 schal] had H₁, AdBT

[TALE OF
NECTANABUS.]

And every houre apointeth so,
That no mynut therof was lore.
So that in due time is bore
This child, and forth with therupon
Ther felle wondres many on 2260
Of terremote universiel:
The Sonne tok colour of stiel
And loste his lyht, the wyndes blewe,
And manye strengthes overthrewe;
The See his propre kinde changeth,
And al the world his forme strangeth;
The thonder with his fyr levene
So cruel was upon the hevene,
That every erthli creature
Tho thoghte his lif in aventure. 2270
The tempeste ate laste cesseth,
The child is kept, his age encresseth,
And Alisandre his name is hote,
To whom Calistre and Aristote
To techen him Philosophie
Entenden, and Astronomie,
With othre thinges whiche he couthe
Also, to teche him in his youthe
Nectanabus tok upon honde.
Bot every man mai understonde, 2280
Of Sorcerie hou that it wende, P. iii. 78
It wole himselve prove at ende,
And namely forto beguile
A lady, which withoute guile
Supposeth trouthe al that sche hiereth:
Bot often he that evele stiereth
His Schip is dreynt therinne amidde;
And in this cas riht so betidde.
Nectanabus upon a nyht,
Whan it was fair and sterre lyht, 2290
This yonge lord ladde up on hih
Above a tour, wher as he sih
The sterres suche as he acompteth,
And seith what ech of hem amonteth,

As thogh he knewe of alle thing;
 Bot yit hath he no knowleching
 What schal unto himself befallē.
 Whan he hath told his wordes alle,
 This yonge lord thanne him opposeth,
 And axeth if that he supposeth 2300
 What deth he schal himselve deie.
 He seith, 'Or fortune is aweie
 And every sterre hath lost his wone,
 Or elles of myn oghne Sone
 I schal be slain, I mai noght fle.'
 Thoghte Alisandre in privete,
 'Hierof this olde dotard lieth':
 And er that other oght aspieth,
 Al sodeinliche his olde bones
 He schof over the wal at ones, 2310
 And seith him, 'Ly doun there apart: P.iii. 79
 Whereof nou serveth al thin art?
 Thou knewe alle othre mennes chance
 And of thiself hast ignorance:
 That thou hast seid amonges alle
 Of thi persone, is noght befallē.'
 Nectanabus, which hath his deth,
 Yit while him lasteth lif and breth,
 To Alisandre he spak and seide
 That he with wrong blame on him leide; 2320
 Fro point to point and al the cas
 He tolde, hou he his Sone was.
 Tho he, which sory was ynowh,
 Out of the dich his fader drouh,
 And tolde his moder hou it ferde
 In conseil; and whan sche it herde
 And kneu the toknes whiche he tolde,
 Sche nyste what sche seie scholde,
 Bot stod abayssht as for the while
 Of his magique and al the guile. 2330
 Sche thoghte hou that sche was deceived,

2299 apposeþ AMGB₂, W 2301 schold(e) SAdBT 2303
 hast F 2314 of H₁GEC, S . . . Δ, W if AJMXRLB₂, FK
 2331 that om. AM . . . B₂, WK

[TALE OF
NECTANABUS.]

That sche hath of a man conceived,
And wende a god it hadde be.
Bot natheles in such degre,
So as sche mihte hire honour save,
Sche schop the body was begrave.
And thus Nectanabus aboghte
The Sorcerie which he wroghte:
Thogh he upon the creatures
Thurgh his carectes and figures ²³⁴⁰
The maistrie and the pouer hadde, P. iii. 80
His creatour to noght him ladde,
Ayein whos lawe his craft he useth,
Whan he for lust his god refuseth,
And tok him to the dieules craft.
Lo, what profit him is belaft:
That thing thurgh which he wende have stonde,
Ferst him exilede out of londe
Which was his oghne, and from a king
Made him to ben an underling; ²³⁵⁰
And siththen to deceive a queene,
That torneth him to mochel teene;
Thurgh lust of love he gat him hate,
That ende couthe he noght abate.
His olde sleyhtes whiche he caste,
Yonge Alisaundre hem overcaste,
His fader, which him misbegat,
He slouh, a gret mishap was that;
Bot for o mis an other mys
Was yolde, and so fulofte it is; ²³⁶⁰
Nectanabus his craft miswente,
So it misfell him er he wente.
I not what helpeth that clergie
Which makth a man to do folie,
And nameliche of nigromance,
Which stant upon the mescreance.
And forto se more evidence,
Zorastes, which the experience
Of Art magique ferst forth drouh,

[ZOROASTER.]

Nota qualiter Rex
Zorastes, statim cum
ab vtero matris sue

²³⁴⁵ dieules S, F dieueles A deueles J, B
caughte B ²³⁵⁷ S has lost a leaf ^{2357-vii. 88.}

²³⁵⁵ caste]

Anon as he was bore, he lough,
Which tokne was of wo sūnge :
For of his oghne controvinge
He fond magique and tauhte it forth ;
Bot al that was him litel worth,
For of Surrie a worthi king
Him slou, and that was his endyng.
Bot yit thurgh him this craft is used,
And he thurgh al the world accused,
For it schal nevere wel achieve

That stant noght riht with the believe : 2380

Bot lich to wolfe is evele sponne,
Who lest himself hath litel wonne,
An ende proveth every thing.
Saül, which was of Juys king,
Up peine of deth forbad this art,
And yit he tok therof his part.

The Phitonesse in Samarie
Yaf him conseil be Sorcerie,
Which after fell to mochel sorwe,
For he was slain upon the morwe.

To conne moche thing it helpeth,
Bot of to mochel noman yelpeth :
So forto loke on every side,
Magique mai noght wel betyde.

Forthi, my Sone, I wolde rede
That thou of these ensamples drede,
That for no lust of erthli love
Thou seche so to come above,
Wherof as in the worldes wonder
Thou schalt for evere be put under.

Mi goode fader, grant mercy,
For evere I schal be war therby :
Of love what me so befallē,
Such Sorcerie aboven alle
Fro this dai forth I schal eschuie,

2370 [ZOROASTER.]

P. iii. 81 nasceretur, gaudio
magno risit; in quo
prenosticum doloris
subsequentis signum
figurabatur: nam et
ipse detestabilis ma-
gique primus fuit inuen-
tor, quem postea Rex
Surrie dira morte tru-
cidavit, et sic opus
operarium consump-
sit.

[SAUL AND THE
WITCH.]

Nota de Saule et
Phitonissa.

2390

Confessor.

[MAGIC TO BE
ESCHEWED.]

2400

P. iii. 82 Amans.

2376 that om. AM 2383 An ende BT, F And ende AJMERL,
Ad, K And pende CL And the ende H₁ And sende X The ende
B₂, W At ende Δ 2385 margin Nota de Saule et Ph. om. AM, Δ
2403 so me A . . . B₂, AdΔ euer me W

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

That so ne wol I noght poursuie
 Mi lust of love forto seche.
 Bot this I wolde you beseche,
 Beside that me stant of love,
 As I you herde speke above 2410
 Hou Alisandre was betawht
 To Aristotle, and so wel tawht
 Of al that to a king belongeth,
 Wherof min herte sore longeth
 To wite what it wolde mene.
 For be reson I wolde wene
 That if I herde of thinges strange,
 Yit for a time it scholde change
 Mi peine, and lisse me somdiel.
 Mi goode Sone, thou seist wel. 2420
 For wisdom, hou that evere it stonde,
 To him that can it understonde
 Doth gret profit in sondri wise;
 Bot touchende of so hih aprise,
 Which is noght unto Venus knowe,
 I mai it noght miselve knowe,
 Which of hir court am al forthdrawe
 And can nothing bot of hir lawe.
 Bot natheles to knowe more
 Als wel as thou me longeth sore; 2430
 And for it helpeth to comune, P. iii. 83
 Al ben thei noght to me comune,
 The scoles of Philosophie,
 Yit thenke I forto specefie,
 In boke as it is comprehended,
 Wherof thou mihtest ben amended.
 For thogh I be noght al cunnyng
 Upon the forme of this wrytyng,
 Som part therof yit have I herd,
 In this matiere hou it hath ferd. 2440

Confessor.

Explicit Liber Sextus.

2417 But B

2433 Philophie F

2435 bokes AdBT, W

Incipit Liber Septimus.

P. iii. 84

- i. *Omnibus in causis sapiens doctrina salutem
 Consequitur, nec habet quis nisi doctus opem.
 Naturam superat doctrina, viro quod et ortus
 Ingenii docilis non dedit, ipsa dabit.
 Non ita discretus hominum per climata regnat,
 Quin, magis ut sapiat, indiget ipse scole.*

[THE EDUCATION OF
ALEXANDER.]

I GENIUS the prest of love,
 Mi Sone, as thou hast preid above
 That I the Scole schal declare
 Of Aristotle and ek the fare
 Of Alisandre, hou he was tauht,
 I am somdel therof destrauht;
 For it is noght to the matiere
 Of love, why we sitten hiere
 To schryve, so as Venus bad.
 Bot natheles, for it is glad,
 So as thou seist, for thin aprise
 To hiere of suche thinges wise,
 Wherof thou myht the time lisse,
 So as I can, I schal the wisse:
 For wisdom is at every throwe
 Above alle other thing to knowe
 In loves cause and elleswhere.
 Forthi, my Sone, unto thin Ere,
 Though it be noght in the registre
 Of Venus, yit of that Calistre
 And Aristotle whylom write
 To Alisandre, thou schalt wite.
 Bot for the lores ben diverse,

Quia omnis doctrina bona humano regimini salutem confert, in hoc septimo libro ad instanciam Amantis languidi intendit Genius illam ex qua Philosophi et Astrologi philosophie doctrinam Regem Alexandrum imbuerunt, secundum aliquid declarare. Didit enim philosophiam in tres partes, quarum prima Theorica, secunda Rhetorica, tertia Practica nuncupata est, de quarum condicionibus subsequenter per singula tractabit.

P. iii. 85

20

[THREE PARTS OF
PHILOSOPHY.]

I thenke ferst to the reherce
The nature of Philosophie,
Which Aristotle of his clergie,
Wys and expert in the sciences,
Declareth thilke intelligences,
As of thre pointz in principal.
Wherof the ferste in special
Is Theorique, which is grounded
On him which al the world hath founded,
Which comprehendeth al the lore.

30

And forto loken overmore,
Next of sciences the seconde
Is Rethorique, whos faconde
Above alle othre is eloquent:
To telle a tale in juggement
So wel can noman speke as he.

The laste science of the thre
It is Practique, whos office
The vertu tryeth fro the vice,
And techeth upon goode thewes
To fle the compaignie of schrewes,
Which stant in disposicion
Of mannes free eleccion.

40

P. iii. 86

Practique enformeth ek the reule,
Hou that a worthi king schal reule
His Realme bothe in werre and pes.

Lo, thus danz Aristotiles
These thre sciences hath divided
And the nature also decided,
Wherof that ech of hem schal serve.

50

The ferste, which is the conserve
And kepere of the remnant,
As that which is most sufficant
And chief of the Philosophie,
If I therof schal specefie
So as the Philosophre tolde,
Nou herkne, and kep that thou it holde.

60

25 matier AdBT
AdBT, W

28 Declared AdBT
56 And pat AM . . . Ba

29 thre] pe Hi,

ii. *Prima creatorem dat scire sciencia summum :*

Qui caput agnoscit, sufficit illud ei.

Plura viros quandoque iuuat nescire, set illud

Quod videt expediens, sobrius ille sapit.

[i. THEORIC.]

Of Theorique principal
The Philosophre in special
The propretees hath determined,
As thilke which is enlumined
Of wisdom and of hih prudence
Above alle othre in his science :
And stant departed upon thre,
The ferste of which in his degre
Is cleped in Philosophie
The science of Theologie,
That other named is Phisique,
The thridde is seid Mathematique.

Hic tractat de prima parte Philosophie, que Theorica dicitur, cuius natura triplici dotata est sciencia, scilicet Theologia, Phisica et Mathematica : set primo illam partem Theologie declarabit.

70

P. iii. 87

Theologie is that science
Which unto man yifth evidence
Of thing which is noght bodely,
Wherof men knowe redely
The hihe almyhti Trinite,
Which is o god in unite
Withouten ende and beginnyng
And creatour of alle thinge,
Of hevene, of erthe and ek of helle.
Wherof, as olde bokes telle,
The Philosophre in his resoun
Wrot upon this conclusioun,
And of his wrytinge in a clause
He clepeth god the ferste cause,
Which of himself is thilke good,
Withoute whom nothing is good,
Of which that every creature
Hath his beinge and his nature.
After the beinge of the thinges
Ther ben thre formes of beinges :
Thing which began and ende schal,

[THEOLOGY.]

80

90

Nota quod triplex dicitur essencia : Prima temporanea, que incipit et desinit, Se-

Latin Verses ii. 2 capit AdBT, W

87 is thilke] þis ilke H₁ . . . B₂

89 S resumes

92 thre]

þe AMH₁XRLB₂

[THEOLOGY.]

cunda perpetua, que
incipit et non desinit,
Tercia sempiterna,
que nec incipit nec
desinit.

That thing is cleped temporal;
Ther is also be other weie
Thing which began and schal noght deie,
As Soules, that ben spiritiel,
Here beinge is perpetuel:
Bot ther is on above the Sonne,
Whos time nevere was begonne,
And endeles schal evere be;
That is the god, whos mageste
Alle othre thinges schal governe,
And his beinge is sempitern.
The god, to whom that al honour
Belongeth, he is creatour,
And othre ben hise creatures:
The god commandeth the natures
That thei to him obeien alle;
Withouten him, what so befall,
Her myht is non, and he mai al:
The god was evere and evere schal,
And thei begonne of his assent;
The times alle be present
To god, to hem and alle unknowe,
Bot what him liketh that thei knowe:
Thus bothe an angel and a man,
The whiche of al that god began
Be chief, obeien goddes myht,
And he stant endeles upriht.
To this science ben prive
The clerkes of divinite,
The whiche unto the poeple prechen
The feith of holi cherche and techen,
Which in som cas upon believe
Stant more than thei conne prieve
Be weie of Argument sensible:
Bot natheles it is credible,
And doth a man gret meede have,
To him that thenkth himself to save.
Theologie in such a wise

100
P. iii. 88

110

120

130
P. iii. 89

108 The god] And he B The T He Ad 109 That] And AdBT
119 By chief AM . . . C, W je cheef L

Of hih science and hih aprise
Above alle othre stant unlike,
And is the ferste of Theorique.

Phisique is after the secoude,
Thurgh which the Philosophre hath founde
To techen sondri knowlechinges
Upon the bodiliche thinges.
Of man, of beste, of herbe, of ston,
Of fisch, of foughl, of everychon
That ben of bodely substance,
The nature and the circumstance
Thurgh this science it is ful soght,
Which vailleth and which vailleth noght.

The thridde point of Theorique,
Which cleped is Mathematique,
Devided is in sondri wise
And stant upon diverse aprise.
The ferste of whiche is Arsmetique,
And the secoude is seid Musique,
The thridde is ek Geometrie,
Also the ferthe Astronomie.

Of Arsmetique the matiere
Is that of which a man mai liere
What Algorisme in nombre amonteth,
Whan that the wise man acompteth
After the formel proprete
Of Algorismes Abece:
Be which multiplicacioun
Is mad and diminucioun
Of sommes be the experience
Of this Art and of this science.

The secoude of Mathematique,
Which is the science of Musique,
That techeth upon Armonie
A man to make melodie
Be vois and soun of instrument
Thurgh notes of acordement,
The whiche men pronounce alofte,
Nou sharpe notes and nou softe,

161 experience M . . . Bz, Δ

[PHYSICS.]

Nota de secunda
parte Theorice, que
Phisica dicitur.

140

[MATHEMATICS.]

Nota de tercia parte
Theorice, que Mathe-
matica dicitur, cuius
condicio quatuor in
se continet intelligen-
cias, scilicet Arsmeti-
cam, Musicam, Ge-
ometriam et Astro-
nomiam: set primo
de Artismetice natura
dicere intendit.

160

P. iii. 90

Nota de Musica, que
secunda pars Artis
Mathematice dicitur.

170

[MATHEMATICS.]

Nota de tereia specie
Artis Mathematicæ,
quam Geometriam vocant.

Nou hihe notes and nou lowe,
As be the gamme a man mai knowe,
Which techeth the prolacion
Of note and the condicion.

Mathematique of his science
Hath yit the thriddle intelligence
Full of wisdom and of clergie
And cleped is Geometrie,
Thurgh which a man hath thilke sleyhte,
Of lengthe, of brede, of depthe, of heyhte 180
To knowe the proporcion
Be verrai calculacion

Of this science: and in this wise
These olde Philosophres wise,
Of al this worldes erthe round,
Hou large, hou thikke was the ground,
Controevden the experience;
The cercle and the circumference
Of every thing unto the hevene
Thei setten point and mesure evene. 190

Mathematique above therthe P. iii. 91
Of hyh science hath yit the ferthe,
Which spekth upon Astronomie
And techeth of the sterres hihe,
Beginnynge upward fro the mone.
Bot ferst, as it was forto done,
This Aristotle in other thing
Unto this worthi yonge king
The kinde of every element
Which stant under the firmament, 200
Hou it is mad and in what wise,
Fro point to point he gan devise.

[CREATION OF THE
FOUR ELEMENTS.]

iii. *Quatuor omnipotens elementa creavit origo,
Quatuor et venti partibus ora dabat.
Nostraque quadruplici complexio sorte creatur,
Corpore sicque suo stat variatus homo.*

Tofore the creacion
Of eny worldes stacion,

177 margin vocat A . . . B₂ (except E)

190 The F

Of hevene, of erthe, or eke of helle,
 So as these olde bokes telle,
 As soun tofore the song is set
 And yit thei ben togedre knet,
 Riht so the hihe pourveance
 Tho hadde under his ordinance
 A gret substance, a gret matiere,
 Of which he wolde in his manere
 These othre thinges make and forme.

For yit withouten eny forme
 Was that matiere universal,
 Which hihte Ylem in special.
 Of Ylem, as I am enformed,
 These elementz ben mad and formed,
 Of Ylem elementz they hote
 After the Scol of Aristote,
 Of whiche if more I schal reherce,
 Foure elementz ther ben diverse.

The ferste of hem men erthe calle,
 Which is the lowest of hem alle,
 And in his forme is schape round,
 Substantial, strong, sadd and sound,
 As that which mad is sufficient
 To bere up al the remenant.
 For as the point in a compas
 Stant evene amiddes, riht so was
 This erthe set and schal abyde,
 That it may swerve to no side,
 And hath his centre after the lawe
 Of kinde, and to that centre drawe
 Desireth every wörldes thing,
 If ther ne were no lettyng.

Above therthe kepth his bounde
 The water, which is the secounde
 Of elementz, and al withoute
 It environeth therthe aboute.
 Bot as it scheweth, noght forði
 This soubtil water myhtely,

[CREATION OF THE
 FOUR ELEMENTS.]

Hic interim tractat
 de creacione quatuor
 Elementorum, scilicet
 terre, aque, aeris et
 ignis, necnon et de
 210 eorum naturis, nam
 et singulis proprie-
 tates singule attri-
 buuntur.

P. iii. 92

220

Nota de Terra, quod
 est primum elemen-
 tum.

230

Philosophus. Vnum-
 quodque naturaliter
 appetit suum centrum.

Nota de Aqua, quod
 est secundum elemen-
 tum.

240

207 *margin* interim om. BΔ 236 ther ne] þerþe (the erthe
 &c.) ne AMH: XGEL þerþe (om. ne) C erþe ne R line om. W

[CREATION OF THE
FOUR ELEMENTS.]

Thogh it be of himselve softe,
The strengthe of therthe perceth ofte ;
For riht as veines ben of blod
In man, riht so the water flod
Therthe of his cours makth ful of veines, P. iii. 93
Als wel the helles as the pleines.
And that a man may sen at ye,
For wher the hules ben most hyhe, 250
Ther mai men welle stremes finde :
So proveth it be weie of kinde
The water heyher than the lond.

Nota de Aere, quod
est tercium elemen-
tum.

And over this nou understond,
Air is the thridde of elementz,
Of whos kinde his aspiementz
Takth every lifissh creature,
The which schal upon erthe endure :
For as the fissh, if it be dreie,
Mot in defaute of water deie, 260
Riht so withouten Air on lyve
No man ne beste myhte thryve,
The which is mad of fleissh and bon ;
There is outake of alle non.

Nota qualiter Aer
in tribus Periferiis di-
uiditur.

This Air in Periferies thre
Divided is of such degre,
Benethe is on and on amidde,
To whiche above is set the thridde :
And upon the divisions
There ben diverse impressions 270
Of moist and ek of drye also,
Whiche of the Sonne bothe tuo
Ben drawe and haled upon hy,
And maken cloudes in the Sky,
As schewed is at mannes sihte ;
Wherof be day and ek be nyhte
After the times of the yer P. iii. 94
Among ous upon Erthe her
In sondri wise thinges falle.

De prima Aeris
Periferia.

The ferste Periferie of alle 280

257 lyfliche AM liueliche W lif iche H₁ fische Δ
262 Nomans, F 269 the om. AM 275 And B

LIBER SEPTIMUS

241

[CREATION OF THE
FOUR ELEMENTS.]

Engendreth Myst and overmore
The dewes and the Frostes hore,
After thilke intersticion
In which thei take impression.

Fro the seconde, as bokes sein,
The moiste dropes of the reyn
Descenden into Middilerthe,
And tempreth it to sed and Erthe,
And doth to springe grass and flour.
And ofte also the grete schour
Out of such place it mai be take,
That it the forme schal forsake
Of reyn, and into snow be torned;
And ek it mai be so sojourned
In sondri places up alofte,
That into hail it torneth ofte.

De secunda Aeris
Periferia.

290

The thridde of thair after the lawe
Thurgh such matiere as up is drawe
Of dreie thing, as it is ofte,
Among the cloudes upon lofte,
And is so clos, it may noght oute,—
Thanne is it chased sore aboute,
Til it to fyr and leyt be falle,
And thanne it brekth the cloudes alle,
The whiche of so gret noyse craken,
That thei the feerful thonder maken.
The thonderstrok smit er it leyte,
And yit men sen the fyr and leyte,
The thonderstrok er that men hiere :
So mai it wel be proeved hiere
In thing which schewed is fro feer,
A mannes yhe is there nerr
Thanne is the soun to mannes Ere.
And natheles it is gret feere
Bothe of the strok and of the fyr,
Of which is no recoverir
In place wher that thei descende,
Bot if god wolde his grace sende.

De tercia Aeris
Periferia.

300

P. iii. 95

310

298 is vpdrawe (vp drawe) C, AdBT, W 300 vpon alofte AM
vp alofte T, Δ 303 befaller H, EC, SAdB, W

* *

R

[CREATION OF THE
FOUR ELEMENTS.]

Notahic qualiter Ig-
nes, quos noctanter in
Aere discurrere vide-
mus, secundum varias
apparencie formas va-
ria gestant nomina :
quorum primus Assub,
secundus Capra sa-
liens, tercius Eges et
quartus Daali in libris
Philosophorum nun-
cupatus est.

And forto speken over this,
In this partie of thair it is 320
That men fulofte sen be nyhte
The fyr in sondri forme alyhte.
Somtime the fydrake it semeth,
And so the lewed poeple it demeth ;
Somtime it semeth as it were
A Sterre, which that glydeth there :
Bot it is nouthur of the tuo,
The Philosophre telleth so,
And seith that of impressions
Thurgh diverse exalacions 330
Upon the cause and the matiere
Men sen diverse forme appiere
Of fyr, the which hath sondri name.
Assub, he seith, is thilke same,
The which in sondry place is founde,
Whanne it is falle doun to grounde,
So as the fyr it hath aneled, P. iii. 96
Lich unto slym which is congeled.

Of exalacion I finde
Fyr kinled of the fame kinde, 340
Bot it is of an other forme ;
Wherof, if that I schal conforme
The figure unto that it is,
These olde clerkes tellen this,
That it is lik a Got skippende,
And for that it is such semende,
It hatte Capra saliens.

And ek these Astronomiens
An other fyr also, be nyhte
Which scheweth him to mannes syhte, 350
Thei clepen Eges, the which brenneth
Lik to the corrant fyr that renneth
Upon a corde, as thou hast sein,

319 *margin hic om.* A . . . B₂, B, W (*Nota hic om.* Δ) 323 fyry
drake E, BT 330 exaltaciouns AM 336 falle doun
to gr.] doun (downe) to þe gr. (*om.* falle) AM . . . B₂ falle
doun to þe grounde J, T, W (thre grounde T) 339 exaltacioun
AMH₁

[CREATION OF THE
FOUR ELEMENTS.]

Whan it with poudre is so besein
Of Sulphre and othre thinges mo.

Ther is an other fyr also,
Which semeth to a mannes yhe
Be nyhtes time as thogh ther flyhe
A dragon brennende in the Sky,
And that is cleped proprely
Daaly, wherof men sein fulofte,
'Lo, wher the fyr drake alofte
Fleth up in thair!' and so thei demen.
Bot why the fyres suche semen
Of sondri formes to beholde,
The wise Philosophre tolde,
So as tofore it hath ben herd.

360

P. iii. 97

Lo thus, my Sone, hou it hath ferd :
Of Air the due proprete
In sondri wise thou myht se,
And hou under the firmament
It is ek the thridde element,
Which environeth bothe tuo,
The water and the lond also.

Confessor.

370

And forto tellen overthis
Of elementz which the ferthe is,
That is the fyr in his degre,
Which environeth thother thre
And is withoute moist al drye.
Bot lest nou what seith the clergie ;
For upon hem that I have seid
The creatour hath set and leid
The kinde and the complexion
Of alle mennes nacion.

Nota de Igne, quod
est quartum elemen-
tum.

380

Foure elementz sondri ther be,
Lich unto whiche of that degre
Among the men ther ben also
Complexions foure and nomo,
Wherof the Philosophre treteth,
That he nothing behinde leteth,
And seith hou that thei ben diverse,

390

361 Daily H₁ Baaly CL 365 forme AdBT 368 hou it
om. Ad T it B 374 sond(e) AMXGERCB₂

[THE FOUR COM-
PLEXIONS OF MAN.]

Nota hic qualiter
secundum naturam
quatuor elementorum
quatuor in humano
corpore complexi-
ones, scilicet Malen-
colia, Fleuma, Sanguis
et Colera, naturaliter
constituuntur: unde
primo de Malencolia
dicendum est.

De complexione
Fleumatis.

De complexione
Sanguinis.

De complexione
Colere.

So as I schal to thee reherse.

He which natureth every kinde,
The myhti god, so as I finde,
Of man, which is his creature,
Hath so devided the nature,
That non til other wel acordeth : P. iii. 98
And be the cause it so discordeth,
The lif which fieleth the seknesse
Mai stonde upon no sekernesse. 400

Of therthe, which is cold and drye,
The kinde of man Malencolie
Is cleped, and that is the ferste,
The most ungoodlich and the werste ;
For unto loves werk on nyht
Him lacketh bothe will and myht :
No wonder is, in lusty place
Of love though he lese grace.
What man hath that complexion,
Full of ymaginacion 410
Of dredes and of wrathful thoghtes,
He fret himselven al to noghtes.

The water, which is moyste and cold,
Makth fleume, which is manyfold
Foryetel, slou and wery sone
Of every thing which is to done :
He is of kinde sufficant
To holde love his covenant,
Bot that him lacketh appetit,
Which longeth unto such delit. 420

What man that takth his kinde of thair,
He schal be lyht, he schal be fair,
For his complexion is blood.
Of alle ther is non so good,
For he hath bothe will and myht
To plesse and paie love his riht :
Wher as he hath love undertake, P. iii. 99
Wrong is if that he be forsake.

The fyr of his condicion

Appreth the complexion
Which in a man is Colre hote,
Whos propretes ben dreie and hote:
It makth a man ben enginous
And swift of fote and ek irous;
Of contek and folhastifnesse
He hath a riht gret besinesse,
To thenke of love and litel may:
Though he behote wel a day,
On nyht whan that he wole assaie,
He may ful evele his dette paie.

After the kinde of thelement,
Thus stant a mannes kinde went,
As touchende his complexion,
Upon sondri division
Of dreie, of moiste, of chele, of hete,
And ech of hem his oghne sete
Appropred hath withinne a man.
And ferst to telle as I began,

The Splen is to Malencolie
Assigned for herbergerie:

The moiste fleume with his cold
Hath in the lunges for his hold
Ordeined him a propre stede,
To duelle ther as he is bede:

To the Sanguin complexion
Nature of hire inspeccion
A propre hous hath in the livere
For his duellinge mad delivere:

The dreie Colre with his hete
Be weie of kinde his propre sete
Hath in the galle, wher he duelleth,
So as the Philosophre telleth.

Nou over this is forto wite,
As it is in Phisique write
Of livere, of lunge, of galle, of splen,

430 [THE FOUR COM-
PLEXIONS OF MAN.]

440

Nota qualiter qua-
tuor complexiones
quatuor in homine
habitationes diuissim
possident.

450 Splen domus est
Malencolie.

Pulmo domus Fleu-
matis.

Epar domus San-
guinis.

P. iii. 100

Fel domus Colere.

460

Nota de Stomacho,
qui vna cum aliis cordi
specialius deseruit.

438 be hote AJMH₁XL, AdTA, K 445 chele] cold(e) AM . . . B₂
449 margin est om. B 451 be cold AdBT margin domus
J, S, B, F domus est ACB₂ &c. 456 his AdBT hye X 464
margin cordi om. AM . . . B₂

[THE FOUR COM-
PLEXIONS OF MAN.]

Thei alle unto the herte ben
 Servantz, and ech in his office
 Entendeth to don him service,
 As he which is chief lord above.
 The livere makth him forto love, 470
 The lunge yifth him weie of speche,
 The galle serveth to do wreche,
 The Splen doth him to lawhe and pleie,
 Whan al unclennesse is aweie :
 Lo, thus hath ech of hem his dede.
 And to sustienen hem and fede
 In time of recreacion,
 Nature hath in creacion
 The Stomach for a comun Coc
 Ordeined, so as seith the boc. 480
 The Stomach coc is for the halle,
 And builleth mete for hem alle,
 To make hem myghty forto serve
 The herte, that he schal noght sterve :
 For as a king in his Empire
 Above alle othre is lord and Sire,
 So is the herte principal, P. iii. 101
 To whom reson in special
 Is yove as for the governance.

[THE SOUL OF MAN.]

And thus nature his pourveance 490
 Hath mad for man to liven hiere ;
 Bot god, which hath the Soule diere,
 Hath formed it in other wise.
 That can noman pleinli devise ;
 Bot as the clerkes ous enforme,
 That lich to god it hath a forme,
 Thurgh which figure and which liknesse
 The Soule hath many an hyh noblesse
 Appropred to his oghne kinde.
 Bot ofte hir wittes be mad blinde 500
 Al onliche of this ilke point,
 That hir abydinge is conjoint

469 chief *om.* H₁ . . . B₂ (is chief *om.* R) 478 increacioun
 AM . . . B₂, W 480 Ordeineþ AH₁ . . . B₂ Ordeyne M
 483 forto] to AM 492 hath] þat AM . . . B₂

[THE SOUL OF MAN.]

Forth with the bodi forto duelle :
 That on desirerth toward helle,
 That other upward to the hevene ;
 So schul thei nevere stonde in evene,
 Bot if the fleissh be overcome
 And that the Soule have holi nome
 The governance, and that is selde,
 Whil that the fleissh him mai bewelde. 510
 Al erthli thing which god began
 Was only mad to serve man ;
 Bot he the Soule al only made
 Himselven forto serve and glade.
 Alle othre bestes that men finde
 Thei serve unto here oghne kinde,
 Bot to reson the Soule serveth ; P. iii. 102
 Wherof the man his thonk deserveth
 And get him with hise werkes goode
 The perdurable lyves foode. 520

Of what matiere it schal be told,
 A tale lyketh manifold
 The betre, if it be spoke plein :
 Thus thinke I forto torne ayein
 And telle plenerly therfore
 Of therthe, wherof nou tofore
 I spak, and of the water eke,
 So as these olde clerkes spieke,
 And sette proprely the bounde
 After the forme of Mappemounde, 530
 Thurgh which the ground be pourparties
 Departed is in thre parties,
 That is Asie, Aufrique, Europe,
 The whiche under the hevene cope,
 Als ferr as streccheth eny ground,
 Begripeth al this Erthe round.
 Bot after that the hihe wrieche
 The water weies let out seche

[THE DIVISION OF
THE EARTH.]

Hic loquitur vlt-
 rius de diuisione Terre
 que post diluuium
 tribus filiis Noe in tres
 partes, scilicet Asiam,
 Affricam et Europam
 diuidebatur.

508 hap AMH, AdBTΔ, WK 510 fleissh(e) may H, XRCLB,
 fleissh may him E 521 be told JGC, B betold (bitold) A, S, F
 525 priuely AJM plainly B₂ 528 bookes B

[THE DIVISION OF
THE EARTH.]

And overgo the helles hye,
Which every kinde made dye 540
That upon Middelertod,
Outake Noë and his blod,
His Sones and his doughtres thre,
Thei were sauf and so was he;—
Here names who that rede rihte,
Sem, Cam, Japhet the brethren hihte;—
And whanne thilke almyhty hond P. iii. 103
Withdrouh the water fro the lond,
And al the rage was aweie,
And Erthe was the mannes weie, 550
The Sones thre, of whiche I tolde,
Riht after that hemselfe wolde,
This world departe thei begonne.

De Asia.

Asie, which lay to the Sonne
Upon the Marche of orient,
Was graunted be comun assent
To Sem, which was the Sone eldeste;
For that partie was the beste
And double as moche as othre tuo. 560
And was that time bounded so;
Wher as the flod which men Nil calleth
Departeth fro his cours and falleth
Into the See Alexandrine,
Ther takth Asie first seisine
Toward the West, and over this
Of Canahim wher the flod is
Into the grete See rennende,
Fro that into the worldes ende
Estward, Asie it is algates,
Til that men come unto the gates 570
Of Paradis, and there ho.
And schortly for to speke it so,
Of Orient in general
Withinne his bounde Asie hath al.
And thanne upon that other syde

De Aufrica et Eu-
ropa.

541 Middelerpe (middelerpe) J, S, F myddel erpe AC B 546
Cam AJ, F Cham C, SB 552 himselue AJM 575 margin
Aufrica AJC, F Affrica SB

[THE DIVISION OF
THE EARTH.]Westward, as it fell thilke tyde,
The brother which was hote Cham P. iii. 104Upon his part Aufrique nam.
Japhet Europe tho tok he,
Thus parten thei the world on thre. 580Bot yit ther ben of londes fele
In occident as for the chele,
In orient as for the hete,
Which of the poeple be forlete
As lond desert that is unable,
For it mai noght ben habitable.Nota de mari quod
magnum Oceanum
dicitur.The water eke hath sondri bounde,
After the lond wher it is founde,
And takth his name of thilke londes
Wher that it renneth on the strondes: 590Bot thilke See which hath no wane
Is cleped the gret Oceane,
Out of the which arise and come
The hyhe flodes alle and some;
Is non so litel welle spring,
Which ther ne takth his beginnyng,
And lich a man that haleth breth
Be weie of kinde, so it geth
Out of the See and in ayein,
The water, as the bokes sein. 600Nota hic secundum
philosophum de quinto
Elemento, quod omnia
sub celo creata infra
suum ambitum continet,
cui nomen Orbis
specialiter appropriatum est.Of Elementz the propretes
Hou that they stonden be degres,
As I have told, nou myht thou hiere,
Mi goode Sone, al the matiere
Of Erthe, of water, Air and fyr.
And for thou saist that thi desir
Is forto witen overmore P. iii. 105The forme of Aristotles lore,
He seith in his entendement,
That yit ther is an Element 610
Above the foure, and is the fifte,
Set of the hihe goddes yifte,
The which that Orbis cleped is.578 Vnto S . . . Δ
haleth] lakkeþ AdBTA

584 Which AJC, F Whiche SB

597

[THE DIVISION OF
THE EARTH.]

And therupon he telleth this,
That as the schelle hol and sound
Encloseth al aboute round
What thing withinne an Ey belongeth,
Riht so this Orbis underfongeth
These elementz alle everychon,
Which I have spoke of on and on.

620

Bot overthis nou tak good hiede,
Mi Sone, for I wol procede
To speke upon Mathematique,
Which grounded is on Theorique.
The science of Astronomie
I thinke forto specefie,
Withoute which, to telle plein,
Alle othre science is in vein
Toward the scole of erthli thinges :
For as an Egle with his winges
Fleth above alle that men finde,
So doth this science in his kinde.

630

[ASTRONOMY.]

iv. *Lege planetarum magis inferiora reguntur,
Ista set interdum regula fallit opus.
Vir mediante deo sapiens dominabitur astris,
Fata nec immerito quid nouitatis agunt.*

Hic loquitur de Ar-
tis Mathematicae quarta
specie, que Astrono-
mia nuncupata est, cui
etiam Astrologia socia
connumeratur : set
primo de septem plan-
etis, que inter astra
potenciores existunt,
incipiendo a luna seor-
sum tractare intendit.

Benethe upon this Erthe hiere P. iii. 106
Of alle thinges the matiere,
As tellen ous thei that ben lerned,
Of thing above it stant governed,
That is to sein of the Planetes.
The cheles bothe and ek the hetes,
The chances of the world also,
That we fortune clepen so,
Among the mennes nacion
Al is thurgh constellacion,
Wherof that som man hath the wele,
And som man hath deseses fele
In love als wel as othre thinges ;

640

620 Which AJ, S, F Whiche B 621 good JC, SB goode A, F
628 Alle oþre AJ, S, F Alle (Al) oþer EC, B
Latin Verses iv. 4 quod H1 . . . B2, B quis T

The stat of realmes and of kinges
 In time of pes, in time of werre
 It is conceived of the Sterre :
 And thus seith the naturien
 Which is an Astronomien. 650

Bot the divin seith otherwise,
 That if men weren goode and wise
 And plesant unto the godhede,
 Thei scholden noght the sterres drede ;
 For o man, if him wel befalle,
 Is more worth than ben thei alle
 Towardes him that weldeth al.
 Bot yit the lawe original,
 Which he hath set in the natures,
 Mot worchen in the creatures, 660
 That therof mai be non obstacle,
 Bot if it stonde upon miracle
 Thurgh preiere of som holy man. P. iii. 107

And forthi, so as I began
 To speke upon Astronomie,
 As it is write in the clergie,
 To telle hou the planetes fare,
 Som part I thenke to declare,
 Mi Sone, unto thin Audience.

Astronomie is the science 670
 Of wisdom and of hih connyng,
 Which makth a man have knowleching
 Of Sterres in the firmament,
 Figure, cercle and moevement
 Of ech of hem in sondri place,
 And what between hem is of space,
 Hou so thei moeve or stonde faste,
 Al this it telleth to the laste.

Assembled with Astronomie
 Is ek that ilke Astrologie, 680
 The which in juggementz acompteth
 Theffect, what every sterre amonteth,
 And hou thei causen many a wonder
 To tho climatz that stonde hem under.

[PLANETS AND SIGNS.]

And forto telle it more plein,
 These olde philosophres sein
 That Orbis, which I spak of err,
 Is that which we fro therthe a ferr
 Beholde, and firmament it calle,
 In which the sterres stonden alle, 690
 Among the whiche in special
 Planetes sefne principal
 Ther ben, that mannes sihte demeth, P. iii. 108
 Bot thorizonte, as to ous semeth.
 And also ther ben signes tuelve,
 Whiche have her cercles be hemselfe
 Compassed in the zodiaque,
 In which thei have here places take.
 And as thei stonden in degre,
 Here cercles more or lasse be, 700
 Mad after the proporeion
 Of therthe, whos condicion
 Is set to be the foundement
 To sustiene up the firmament.
 And be this skile a man mai knowe,
 The more that thei stonden lowe,
 The more ben the cercles lasse;
 That causeth why that some passe
 Here due cours tofore an other.
 Bot nou, mi lieve dere brother, 710
 As thou desirest forto wite
 What I finde in the bokes write,
 To telle of the planetes sevene,
 Hou that thei stonde upon the hevene
 And in what point that thei ben inne,
 Tak hiede, for I wol beginne,
 So as the Philosophre tauhte
 To Alisandre and it betauhte,
 Wherof that he was fulli tawht
 Of wisdom, which was him betawht. 720
 Benethe alle othre stant the Mone,

685 *Paragr. in MSS at 686* 694 Bot þorizonte FWK Be (By)
 þorizonte SAdBTΔΔ But (Bot) zorizonte AMYXGERCBz Bot
 þorughout (þurgh out &c.) JH.L 717 it tawhte (taughte) A . . . Be

The which hath with the See to done :

[THE PLANETS.]

Of flodes hihe and ebbes lowe

P. iii. 109

Nota hic de prima
planeta, que aliis infe-
rior Luna dicitur.

Upon his change it schal be knowe ;

And every fissh which hath a schelle

Mot in his governance duelle,

To wexe and wane in his degre,

As be the Mone a man mai se ;

And al that stant upon the grounde

Of his moisture it mot be founde.

730

Alle othre sterres, as men finde,

Be schynende of here oghne kinde

Outake only the monelyht,

Which is noght of himselve bright,

Bot as he takth it of the Sonne.

And yit he hath noght al fulwonne

His lyht, that he nys somdiel derk ;

Bot what the lette is of that werk

In Almageste it telleth this :

The Mones cercle so lowe is,

740

Wherof the Sonne out of his stage

Ne seth him noght with full visage,

For he is with the ground beschaded,

So that the Mone is somdiel faded

And may noght fully schyne cler.

Bot what man under his pouer

Is bore, he schal his places change

And seche manye londes strange :

And as of this condicion

The Mones disposicion

750

Upon the lond of Alemaigne

Is set, and ek upon Bretaigne,

Which nou is cleped Engeland ;

P. iii. 110

For thei travaile in every lond.

Of the Planetes the secounde

Above the Mone hath take his bounde,

Mercurie, and his nature is this,

That under him who that bore is,

In boke he schal be studious

And in wrytinge curious,

760

Desecunda planeta,
que Mercurius dicitur.

[THE PLANETS.]

De tertia planeta,
que Venus dicitur.

And slouh and lustles to travaile
 In thing which elles myhte availe :
 He loveth ese, he loveth reste,
 So is he noght the worthieste ;
 Bot yit with somdiel besinesse
 His herte is set upon richesse.
 And as in this condicion,
 Theffect and disposicion
 Of this Planete and of his chance
 Is most in Burgoigne and in France.

770

Next to Mercurie, as wol befalle,
 Stant that Planete which men calle
 Venus, whos constellacion
 Governeth al the nacion
 Of lovers, wher thei spiede or non,
 Of whiche I trowe thou be on :
 Bot whiderward thin happes wende,
 Schal this planete schewe at ende,
 As it hath do to many mo,
 To some wel, to some wo.

780

And natheles of this Planete
 The moste part is softe and swete ;
 For who that therof takth his berthe, P. iii. iiii
 He schal desire joie and merthe,
 Gentil, courteis and debonaire,
 To speke his wordes softe and faire,
 Such schal he be be weie of kinde,
 And overal wher he may finde
 Plesance of love, his herte boweth
 With al his myht and there he woweth.

790

He is so ferforth Amourous,
 He not what thing is vicious
 Touchende love, for that lawe
 Ther mai no maner man withdrawe,
 The which venerien is bore
 Be weie of kinde, and therefore
 Venus of love the goddesse
 Is cleped : bot of wantounesse

769 and om. AMH.XGR 798 wantounesse JC, B, F
 wantounesse S wantounesse T

The climat of hir lecherie
Is most commun in Lombardie.

[THE PLANETS.]

800

Next unto this Planete of love
The brighte Sonne stant above,
Which is the hindrere of the nyht
And forthrere of the daies lyht,
As he which is the worldes ye,
Thurgh whom the lusti compaignie
Of foules be the morwe singe,
The freisshe floures sprede and springe,
The hihe tre the ground beschadeth,
And every mannes herte gladeth.
And for it is the hed Planete,
Hou that he sitteth in his sete,
Of what richesse, of what nobleie, **P. iii. 112**
These bokes telle, and thus thei seie.

Nota de Sole, qui
medio planetarum
residens Astrorum
principatum obtinet.

810

Of gold glistrende Spoke and whiel
The Sonne his carte hath faire and wiel,
In which he sitt, and is coroned
With brighte stones environed;
Of whiche if that I speke schal,
Ther be tofore in special
Set in the front of his corone
Thre Stones, whiche no persone
Hath upon Erthe, and the ferste is
Be name cleped Licuchis;
That othre tuo be cleped thus,
Astrices and Ceramius.

Nota de curru Solis
necnon et de vario
eiusdem apparatu.

820

In his corone also behinde,
Be olde bokes as I finde,
Ther ben of worthi Stones thre
Set ech of hem in his degre:
Wherof a Cristall is that on,
Which that corone is set upon;
The seconde is an Adamant;
The thridde is noble and avenant,
Which cleped is Ydriades.
And over this yit natheles
Upon the sydes of the werk,

830

[THE PLANETS.]

After the wrytinge of the clerk,
 Ther sitten fyve Stones mo :
 The smaragdine is on of tho, 840
 Jaspis and Elitropius
 And Dendides and Jacinctus.
 Lo, thus the corone is beset, P. iii. 113
 Wherof it schyneth wel the bet ;
 And in such wise his liht to sprede
 Sit with his Diademe on hede
 The Sonne schynende in his carte.
 And forto lede him swithe and smarte
 After the bryhte daies lawe,
 Ther ben ordeined forto drawe 850
 Foure hors his Char and him withal,
 Wherof the names telle I schal :
 Eritheüs the ferste is hote,
 The which is red and schyneth hote,
 The seconde Acteos the bryhte,
 Lampes the thridde coursier hihte,
 And Philogeüs is the ferthe,
 That bringen lyht unto this erthe,
 And gon so swift upon the hevene,
 In foure and twenty houres evene 860
 The carte with the bryhte Sonne
 Thei drawe, so that overronne
 Thei have under the cercles hihe
 Al Middelerthe in such an hye.
 And thus the Sonne is overal
 The chief Planete imperial,
 Above him and benethe him thre :
 And thus between hem regneth he,
 As he that hath the middel place
 Among the Sevene, and of his face 870
 Be glade alle erthly creatures,
 And taken after the natures
 Here ese and recreacion. P. iii. 114
 And in his constellacion
 Who that is bore in special,
 Of good will and of liberal
 He schal be founde in alle place,

[THE PLANETS.]

And also stonde in mochel grace
 Toward the lordes forto serve
 And gret profit and thonk deserve.
 And over that it causeth yit
 A man to be soubtil of wit
 To worche in gold, and to be wys
 In every thing which is of pris.
 Bot forto speken in what cost
 Of al this erthe he regneth most
 As for wisdom, it is in Grece,
 Wher is apropred thilke spiece.

880

Mars the Planete bataillous
 Next to the Sonne glorious
 Above stant, and doth mervailles
 Upon the fortune of batailes.
 The conquerours be daies olde
 Were unto this planete holde:
 Bot who that his nativite
 Hath take upon the proprete
 Of Martes disposicioun
 Be weie of constellacioun,
 He schal be fiers and folhastif
 And desirous of werre and strif.
 Bot forto telle redely
 In what climat most comunly
 That this planete hath his effect,
 Seid is that he hath his aspect
 Upon the holi lond so cast,
 That there is no pes stedefast.

Nota de quinta
 planeta, que Mars
 dicitur.
 890

900

P. iii. 115

Above Mars upon the hevene,
 The sexte Planete of the sevene,
 Stant Jupiter the delicat,
 Which causeth pes and no debat.
 For he is cleped that Planete
 Which of his kinde softe and swete
 Attempreth al that to him longeth;
 And whom this planete underfongeth
 To stonde upon his regiment,
 He schal be meke and pacient

Nota de sexta pla-
 neta, que Iupiter di-
 citur.
 910

911 that] je AMH₁G, AdBT, W

[THE PLANETS.]

De septima plane-
ta, que reliquis celsior
Saturnus dictus est.

And fortunat to Marchandie
And lusti to delicacie
In every thing which he schal do.
This Jupiter is cause also 920
Of the science of lyhte werkes,
And in this wise tellen clerkes
He is the Planete of delices.
Bot in Egipte of his offices
He regneth most in special:
For ther be lustes overal
Of al that to this lif befalleth ;
For ther no stormy weder falleth,
Which myhte grieve man or beste,
And ek the lond is so honeste 930
That it is plentevous and plein,
Ther is non ydel ground in vein ;
And upon such felicite
P. iii. 116
Stant Jupiter in his degre.

The heyeste and aboven alle
Stant that planete which men calle
Saturnus, whos complexion
Is cold, and his condicion
Causeth malice and crualte
To him the whos nativite 940
Is set under his governance.
For alle hise werkes ben grevance
And enemy to mannes hele,
In what degre that he schal dele.
His climat is in Orient,
Wher that he is most violent.

Of the Planetes by and by,
Hou that thei stonde upon the Sky,
Fro point to point as thou myht hiere,
Was Alisandre mad to liere. 950
Bot overthis touchende his lore,
Of thing that thei him tawhte more
Upon the scoles of clergie
Now herkne the Philosophie.

933 vpon] whan AM 935 f. margin De septima—dictus est
om. B 936 þe AM . . . Bz, AdA

He which departeth dai fro nyht,
 That on derk and that other lyht,
 Of sevene daies made a weke,
 A Monthe of foure wekes eke
 He hath ordeigned in his lawe,
 Of Monthes tuelve and ek forthdrawe
 He hath also the longe year.
 And as he sette of his pouer
 Acordant to the daies sevene
 Planetes Sevene upon the hevene,
 As thou tofore hast herd devise,
 To speke riht in such a wise,
 To every Monthe be himselve
 Upon the hevene of Signes tuelve
 He hath after his Ordinal
 Assigned on in special,
 Wherof, so as I schal rehersen,
 The tydes of the yer diversen.
 Bot plainly forto make it knowe
 Hou that the Signes sitte arowe,
 Ech after other be degre
 In substance and in proprete
 The zodiaque comprehendeth
 Withinne his cercle, as it appendeth.

The ferste of whiche natheles
 Be name is cleped Aries,
 Which lich a wether of stature
 Resembled is in his figure.
 And as it seith in Almageste,
 Of Sterres tuelve upon this beste
 Ben set, wherof in his degre
 The wombe hath tuo, the heved hath thre,
 The Tail hath sevene, and in this wise,
 As thou myht hierie me devise,
 Stant Aries, which hot and drye
 Is of himself, and in partie

[THE SIGNS.]

Postquam dictum
 est de vii. Planetis,
 quibus singuli septi-
 mane dies singulariter
 attitulantur, dicendum
 est iam de xii. Signis,
 960 per que xii. Menses
 Annuariis temporibus
 effectus varios asse-
 quuntur.

P. iii. 117

970

980 Nota hic de primo
 Signo, quod Aries
 dicitur, cui Mensis
 Marcii specialiter ap-
 propriatus est.

Quo deus in primo
 produxit adesse creata.

990

956 bryht (bright) S... Δ 962 margin assequitur H₁E... B₁
 asseruntur X 978 as it] and it E, AdBT it XL 979-982 Four
 lines om. B 983 margin adesse H₁XGECR, SBΔ, W (Lat. om.
 JM, AdT) 984 þe beste AM... B₁ his brest W

[THE SIGNS.]

He is the receipte and the hous P. iii. 118
 Of myhty Mars the bataillous.
 And overmore ek, as I finde,
 The creatour of alle kinde
 Upon this Signe ferst began
 The world, whan that he made man.
 And of this constellacioun
 The verray operacioun
 Availeth, if a man therinne
 The pourpos of his werk beginne; 1000
 For thanne he hath of proprete
 Good sped and gret felicitye.

The twelve Monthes of the yeer
 Attitled under the pouer
 Of these twelve Signes stonde;
 Wherof that thou schalt understonde
 This Aries on of the twelve
 Hath March attitled for himselve,
 Whan every bridd schal chese his make,
 And every neddre and every Snake 1010
 And every Reptil which mai moeve,
 His myht assaieth forto proeve,
 To crepen out ayein the Sonne,
 Whan Ver his Seson hath begonne.

Secundum Signum
 dicitur Taurus, cuius
 Mensis est Aprilis.
 Quo prius occultas
 inuenit herba vias.

Taurus the seconde after this
 Of Signes, which figured is
 Unto a Bole, is dreie and cold;
 And as it is in bokes told,
 He is the hous appourtenant P. iii. 119
 To Venus, somdiel discordant. 1020
 This Bole is ek with sterres set,
 Thurgh whiche he hath hise hornes knet
 Unto the tail of Aries,
 So is he noght ther sterreles.
 Upon his brest ek eyhtetiene
 He hath, and ek, as it is sene,
 Upon his tail stonde othre tuo.

1007 out of AdBT and of W 1017 is om. AdBT 1019
 hous of AM 1027 tuo] moo (mo) AM ... Bz

His Monthe assigned ek also
Is Averil, which of his schoures
Ministreth weie unto the floures.

[THE SIGNS.]

1030

The thridde signe is Gemini,
Which is figured redely
Lich to tuo twinnes of mankinde,
That naked stonde; and as I finde,
Thei be with Sterres wel bego:
The heved hath part of thilke tuo
That schyne upon the boles tail,
So be thei bothe of o parail;
But on the wombe of Gemini
Ben fyve sterres noght forthi,
And ek upon the feet be tweie,
So as these olde bokes seie,
That wise Tholomeüs wrot.

Tercium Signum
dicitur Gemini, cuius
Mensis Maius est.

Quo volucrum can-
tus gaudet de floribus
ortis.

1040

His propre Monthe wel I wot
Assigned is the lusti Maii,
Whanne every brid upon his lay
Among the griene leves singeth,
And love of his pointure stingeth
After the lawes of nature
The youthe of every creature.

P. iii. 120

1050

Cancer after the reule and space
Of Signes halt the ferthe place.
Like to the crabbe he hath semblance,
And hath unto his retienance
Sextiene sterres, wherof ten,
So as these olde wise men
Describe, he berth on him tofore,
And in the middel tuo be bore,
And foure he hath upon his ende.
Thus goth he sterred in his kende,
And of himself is moiste and cold,
And is the propre hous and hold
Which appartieneth to the Mone,

Quartum Signum
Cancer dicitur, cuius
Mensis Iunius est.

Quo falcis pratis
pabula tonsor equis.

1060

[THE SIGNS.]

Quintum signum
Leo dicitur, cuius Mensis
Iulius est.

Quo magis ad terras
expandit Luciferignes.

Sextum Signum
Virgo dicitur, cuius
Mensis Augustus est.
Quo vacuata prius
pubes replet horrea
messis.

And doth what longeth him to done.
The Monthe of Juin unto this Signe
Thou schalt after the reule assigne.

The fite Signe is Leo hote,
Whos kinde is schape dreie and hote,
In whom the Sonne hath herbergage.
And the semblance of his ymage
Is a leoun, which in baillie
Of sterres hath his pourpartie:
The foure, which as Cancer hath
Upon his ende, Leo tath
Upon his heved, and thanne nest
He hath ek foure upon his brest,
And on upon his tail behinde,
In olde bokes as we finde.
His propre Monthe is Juyl be name,
In which men pleien many a game.

1070

P. iii. 121

1080

After Leo Virgo the nexte
Of Signes cleped is the sexte,
Wherof the figure is a Maide;
And as the Philosophre saide,
Sche is the welthe and the risinge,
The lust, the joie and the likinge
Unto Mercurie: and soth to seie
Sche is with sterres wel beseie,
Wherof Leo hath lent hire on,
Which sit on hih hir heved upon,
Hire wombe hath fyve, hir feet also
Have other fyve: and overmo
Touchende as of complexion,
Be kindly disposicion
Of dreie and cold this Maiden is.
And forto tellen over this
Hir Monthe, thou schalt understonde,
Whan every feld hath corn in honde
And many a man his bak hath plied,

1090

1079 Monthe om. B 1095 cold om. AdBT 1100 Augst
applied T, F August applied A . . . Ba (except E), SAdA, WK
August plyed E, B

Unto this Signe is Augst applied.

1100 [THE SIGNS.]

After Virgo to reken evene
 Libra sit in the nombre of sevene,
 Which hath figure and resemblance
 Unto a man which a balance
 Berth in his hond as forto weie:
 In boke and as it mai be seie,
 Diverse sterres to him longeth,
 Wherof on hevede he underfongeth
 Ferst thre, and ek his wombe hath tuo,
 And doun benethe eighte othre mo.
 This Signe is hot and moiste bothe,
 The whiche thinges be noght lothe
 Unto Venus, so that alofte
 Sche resteth in his hous fulofte,
 And ek Saturnus often hyed
 Is in this Signe and magnified.
 His propre Monthe is seid Septembre,
 Which yifth men cause to remembre,
 If eny Sor be left behinde
 Of thing which grieve mai to kinde.

P. iii. 122

Septimum Signum
 Libra dicitur, cuius
 Mensis Septembris est.
 Vineâ quo Bachum
 pressa liquore colit.

1110

1120

Among the Signes upon heighte
 The Signe which is nombred eighte
 Is Scorpio, which as feloun
 Figured is a Scorpioun.
 Bot for al that yit natheles
 Is Scorpio noght sterreles;
 For Libra granteth him his ende
 Of eighte sterres, wher he wende,
 The whiche upon his heved assised
 He berth, and ek ther ben divided
 Upon his wombe sterres thre,
 And eighte upon his tail hath he.
 Which of his kinde is moiste and cold
 And unbehovely manyfold;
 He harmeth Venus and empeireth,
 Bot Mars unto his hous repeireth,
 Bot war whan thei togedre duellen.

P. iii. 123

Octauum Signum
 Scorpio dicitur, cuius
 Mensis October est.
 Floribus exclusis ye-
 mis qui ianitor extat.

1130

[THE SIGNS.]

Nonum signum Sagittarius dicitur, cuius Mensis Nouember est. Quo mustum bibulo linquit sua nomina vino.

His propre Monthe is, as men tellen,
Octobre, which bringth the kalende
Of wynter, that comth next suiende.

1140

The nynthe Signe in nombre also,
Which folweth after Scorpio,
Is cleped Sagittarius,
The whos figure is marked thus,
A Monstre with a bowe on honde!
On whom that sondri sterres stonde,
Thilke eighte of whiche I spak tofore,
The whiche upon the tail ben bore
Of Scorpio, the heved al faire
Bespreden of the Sagittaire;

1150

And eighte of othre stonden evene
Upon his wombe, and othre sevene
Ther stonde upon his tail behinde.
And he is hot and dreie of kinde:
To Jupiter his hous is fre,
Bot to Mercurie in his degre,
For thei ben noght of on assent,
He worcheth gret empeirement.
This Signe hath of his proprete
A Monthe, which of duete
After the sesoun that befalleth
The Plowed Oxe in wynter stalleth;
And fyr into the halle he bringeth,
And thilke drinke of which men singeth,
He torneth must into the wyn;
Thanne is the larder of the swyn;
That is Novembre which I meene,
Whan that the lef hath lost his greene.

P. iii. 124

1160

Decimum Signum Capricornus dicitur, cuius Mensis Decem-ber est.

Ipsa diem Nano noctemque Gigante figurat.

The tenthe Signe dreie and cold,
The which is Capricornus told,
Unto a Got hath resemblance:
For whos love and whos aqueintance
Withinne hise houses to sojorne
It liketh wel unto Satorne;
Bot to the Mone it liketh noght,

1170

[THE SIGNS.]

For no profit is there wrought.
 This Signe as of his proprete
 Upon his heved hath sterres thre,
 And ek upon his wombe tuo,
 And tweie upon his tail also.
 Decembre after the yeeres forme,
 So as the bokes ous enforme,
 With daies schorte and nyhtes longe
 This ilke Signe hath underfonge.

1180

Of tho that sitte upon the hevene
 Of Signes in the nombre ellevene
 Aquarius hath take his place,

P. iii. 125

Vndecimum Signum
 Aquarius dicitur, cuius
 Mensis Ianuarius est.
 Quo Ianus vultum
 duplum conuertit in
 annum.

And stant wel in Satornes grace,
 Which duelleth in his herbergage,
 Bot to the Sonne he doth oultrage.

1190

This Signe is verrailly resembled
 Lich to a man which halt assembled

In eyther hand a water spoute,
 Wherof the stremes rennen oute.

He is of kinde moiste and hot,
 And he that of the sterres wot

Seith that he hath of sterres tuo
 Upon his heved, and ben of tho

That Capricorn hath on his ende;
 And as the bokes maken mende,

1200

That Tholomeüs made himselve,
 He hath ek on his wombe tuelve,

And tweie upon his ende stonde.
 Thou schalt also this understonde,

The frosti colde Janever,

Whan comen is the newe yeer,

That Janus with his double face

In his chaiere hath take his place

And loketh upon bothe sides,

Somdiel toward the wynter tydes,

1210

Somdiel toward the yeer suiende,

That is the Monthe belongende

Unto this Signe, and of his dole

[THE SIGNS.]

Duodecimum Signum Piscis dicitur, cuius Mensis Februarius est.

Quo pluue torrens riparum concitat amnes.

He yifth the ferste Primerole.

The tuelfthe, which is last of alle **P. iii. 126**
 Of Signes, Piscis men it calle,
 The which, as telleth the scripture,
 Berth of tuo fisshes the figure.
 So is he cold and moiste of kinde,
 And ek with sterres, as I finde, 1220
 Beset in sondri wise, as thus :
 Tuo of his ende Aquarius
 Hath lent unto his heved, and tuo
 This Signe hath of his oghne also
 Upon his wombe, and over this
 Upon his ende also ther is
 A nombre of twenty sterres bryghte,
 Which is to sen a wonder sighte.
 Toward this Signe into his hous
 Comth Jupiter the glorious, 1230
 And Venus ek with him acordeth
 To duellen, as the bok recordeth.
 The Monthe unto this Signe ordeined
 Is Februer, which is bereined,
 And with londflodes in his rage
 At Fordes letteth the passage.

Nou hast thou herd the proprete
 Of Signes, bot in his degre
 Albumazar yit over this
 Seith, so as therthe parted is 1240
 In foure, riht so ben diuised
 The Signes twelve and stonde assised,
 That ech of hem for his partie
 Hath his climat to justefie.
 Wherof the ferste regiment **P. iii. 127**
 Toward the part of Orient
 From Antioche and that contre
 Governed is of Signes thre,
 That is Cancer, Virgo, Leo :
 And toward Occident also 1250
 From Armenie, as I am lerned,

1223 unto] and to B

1229 his signe AdBT

[THE SIGNS.]

Of Capricorn it stant governed,
 Of Pisces and Aquarius :
 And after hem I finde thus,
 Southward from Alisandre forth
 Tho Signes whiche most ben worth
 In governance of that doaire,
 Libra thei ben and Sagittaire
 With Scorpio, which is conjoint
 With hem to stonde upon that point : 1260
 Constantinople the Cite,
 So as the bokes tellen me,
 The laste of this division
 Stant untoward Septemtrion,
 Wher as be weie of pourveance
 Hath Aries the governance
 Forth with Taurus and Gemini.
 Thus ben the Signes propreli
 Divided, as it is reherced,
 Wherof the londes ben diversed. 1270

Confessor.

Lo thus, mi Sone, as thou myht hierie,
 Was Alisandre mad to liere
 Of hem that weren for his lore.
 But nou to loken overmore,
 Of othre sterres hou thei fare P. iii. 128
 I thenke hierafter to declare,
 So as king Alisandre in youthe
 Of him that suche thinges couthe
 Enformed was tofore his yhe
 Be nyhte upon the sterres hihe. 1280

[THE FIFTEEN STARS.]

Upon sondri creacion
 Stant sondri operacion,
 Som worcheth this, som worcheth that ;
 The fyr is hot in his astat
 And brenneth what he mai atteigne,
 The water mai the fyr restreigne,
 The which is cold and moist also.
 Of other thing it farth riht so

Hic tractat super
 doctrina Nectanabi,
 dum ipse iuuenem
 Alexandrum instruxit,
 de illis precipue xv.
 stellis vna cum earum
 lapidibus et herbis,
 que ad artis magice

1260 þe point AM . . . B₂ 1261 Constantyn noble þe cite
 H₁XERCL Constantyne þe noble cite B₂ 1266 Aries haþ H₁ . . . B₂
 1280 hihe] sihe (seye) BT 1287 moist AJ, S, F moiste B

[THE FIFTEEN STARS.]
naturalis operacionem
specialius conueniunt.

Prima stella vocatur
Aldeboran, cuius lapis
Carbunculus et herba
Anabulla est.

Secunda stella vocatur
Clota seu Pliades, cuius lapis
Cristallum et herba
Feniculus est.

Upon this erthe among ous here ;
And forto speke in this manere, 1290
Upon the hevene, as men mai finde,
The sterres ben of sondri kinde
And worchen manye sondri thinges
To ous, that ben here underlinges.
Among the whiche forth withal
Nectanabus in special,
Which was an Astronomien
And ek a gret Magicien,
And undertake hath thilke emprise
To Alisandre in his aprise 1300
As of Magique naturel
To knowe, enformeth him somdel
Of certein sterres what thei mene ;
Of whiche, he seith, ther ben fiftene,
And sondrily to everich on P. iii. 129
A gras belongeth and a Ston,
Wherof men worchen many a wonder
To sette thing bothe up and under.
To telle riht as he began,
The ferste sterre Aldeboran, 1310
The cliereste and the moste of alle,
Be rihte name men it calle ;
Which lich is of condicion
To Mars, and of complexion
To Venus, and hath therupon
Carbunculum his propre Ston :
His herbe is Anabulla named,
Which is of gret vertu proclamed.
The seconde is noght vertules ;
Clota or elles Pliades 1320
It hatte, and of the mones kinde
He is, and also this I finde,
He takth of Mars complexion :
And lich to such condicion
His Ston appropred is Cristall,
And ek his herbe in special
The vertuous Fenele it is.

The thridde, which comth after this,
Is hote Algol the clere rede,
Which of Satorne, as I may rede,
His kinde takth, and ek of Jove
Complexion to his behove.
His propre Ston is Dyamant,
Which is to him most acordant;
His herbe, which is him betake,
Is hote Eleborum the blake.

So as it falleth upon lot,
The ferthe sterre is Alhaiot,
Which in the wise as I seide er
Of Satorne and of Jupiter
Hath take his kinde; and therupon
The Saphir is his propre Ston,
Marrubium his herbe also,
The whiche acorden bothe tuo.

And Canis maior in his like
The fite sterre is of Magique,
The whos kinde is venerien,
As seith this Astronomien.
His propre Ston is seid Berille,
Bot forto worche and to fulfille
Thing which to this science falleth,
Ther is an herbe which men calleth
Saveine, and that behoveth nede
To him that wole his pourpos spede.

The sexte suiende after this
Be name Canis minor is;
The which sterre is Mercurial
Be weie of kinde, and forth withal,
As it is writen in the carte,
Complexion he takth of Marte.
His Ston and herbe, as seith the Scole,
Ben Achates and Primerole.

The sefinte sterre in special
Of this science is Arial,
Which sondri nature underfongeth.

[THE FIFTEEN STARS.]

1330 Tercia stella vocatur
Algol, cuius lapis
Dyamans et herba
Eleborum nigrum est.

P. iii. 130

Quarta stella vocatur
Alhaiot, cuius
lapis Saphirus et herba
Marrubium est.

1340

Quinta stella vocatur
Canis maior, cuius
lapis Berillus et herba
Savina est.

1350

Sexta stella vocatur
Canis minor, cuius
lapis Achates et herba
Primula est.

1360

Septima stella vocatur
Arial, cuius lapis
Gorgonza et herba
Celidonia est.

P. iii. 131

1346 *margin* Berillis A . . . B₂, W 1361 as þe scole (*om.* seith)
AMH₁XRLB₂ after þis scole E (as seiþ þe scole JGC)

[THE FIFTEEN STARS.]

Octaua stella vocatur
Ala Corui, cuius
lapis Honochinus et
herba Lapacia est.

Nona stella vocatur
Alaezel, cuius lapis
Smaragdus et herba
Salgea est.

Decima stella vocatur
Almareth, cuius
lapis Iaspis et herba
Plantago est.

Vndecima stella
vocatur Venenas, cuius
lapis Adamans et
herba Cicorea est.

Duodecima stella
vocatur Alpheta, cuius

The Ston which propre unto him longeth,
Gorgonza proprely it hihte:
His herbe also, which he schal rihte
Upon the worching as I mene,
Is Celidoine freissh and grene.

1370

Sterre Ala Corvi upon heihte
Hath take his place in nombre of eighte,
Which of his kinde mot parfome
The will of Marte and of Satorne:
To whom Lapacia the grete
Is herbe, bot of no beyete;
His Ston is Honochinus hote,
Thurgh which men worchen gret riote.

The nynthe sterre faire and wel
Be name is hote Alaezel,
Which takth his propre kinde thus
Bothe of Mercurie and of Venus.
His Ston is the grene Amyraude,
To whom is yoven many a laude:
Salge is his herbe appourtenant
Aboven al the remenant.

1380

The tenthe sterre is Almareth,
Which upon lif and upon deth
Thurgh kinde of Jupiter and Mart
He doth what longeth to his part.
His Ston is Jaspe, and of Planteine
He hath his herbe sovereigne.

1390

The sterre ellefthe is Venenas,
The whos nature is as it was
Take of Venus and of the Mone, P. iii. 132
In thing which he hath forto done.
Of Adamant is that perrie
In which he worceth his maistrie;
Thilke herbe also which him befalleth,
Cicorea the bok it calleth.

1400

Alpheta in the nombre sit,
And is the twelfthe sterre yit;

1372 *margin* Honochinus *om.* AM 1383 grene] grete
B, W 1393 ellef þe JC, S, F elleþe A elleueþe B 1400 him
calleþ R, AdBT

Of Scorpio which is governed,
And takth his kinde, as I am lerned;
And hath his vertu in the Ston
Which cleped is Topazion:
His herbe propre is Rosmarine,
Which schapen is for his covine.

Of these sterres, whiche I mene,
Cor Scorpionis is thritiene;
The whos nature Mart and Jove
Have yoven unto his behove.
His herbe is Aristologie,
Which folweth his Astronomie:
The Ston which that this sterre alloweth,
Is Sardis, which unto him boweth.

The sterre which stant next the laste,
Nature on him this name caste
And clepeth him Botercadent;
Which of his kinde obedient
Is to Mercurie and to Venus,
His Ston is seid Crisolitus,
His herbe is cleped Satureie,
So as these olde bokes seie.

Bot nou the laste sterre of alle
The tail of Scorpio men calle,
Which to Mercurie and to Satorne
Be weie of kinde mot retorne
After the preparacion
Of due constellacion.
The Calcedoine unto him longeth,
Which for his Ston he underfongeth;
Of Majorane his herbe is grounded.
Thus have I seid hou thei be founded,
Of every sterre in special,
Which hath his herbe and Ston withal,
As Hermes in his bokes olde
Witnesse berth of that I tolde.

[THE FIFTEEN STARS.]
lapis Topazion et her-
ba Rosa marina est.

1410 Terciadecima stel-
la vocatur Cor Scor-
pionis, cuius lapis
Sardis et herba Aris-
tologia est.

1420 Quartadecima stel-
la vocatur Boterca-
dent, cuius lapis Criso-
litus et herba Satureia
est.

P. iii. 133 Quintadecima stel-
la vocatur Cauda Scor-
pionis, cuius lapis
Calcedonia et herba
Maiorana est.

1430

1404 *margin* Topaxion Hi . . . B₂
Hi . . . CB₂ to paxione L
(astrologia) A . . . B₂, B_Δ, H₂
MH₂E, B_Δ, H₂

1406 Topaxion (topaxione)
1412 *margin* Astrologia
1413 Astrologie (astrologie)

[AUTHORS OF THE
SCIENCE OF ASTRO-
NOMY.]

Nota hic de Aucto-
ribus illis, qui ad As-
tronomie scienciam
pre ceteris studiosius
intendentes libros
super hoc distinctis
nominibus composue-
runt.

The science of Astronomie,
Which principal is of clergie
To dieme between wo and wel
In thinges that be naturel,
Thei hadde a gret travail on honde
That made it ferst ben understonde;
And thei also whiche overmore
Here studie sette upon this lore,
Thei weren gracious and wys
And worthi forto bere a pris.
And whom it liketh forto wite
Of hem that this science write,
On of the ferste which it wrot
After Noë, it was Nembrot,
To his disciple Ychonithon
And made a bok forth therupon
The which Megaster cleped was.
An other Auctor in this cas
Is Arachel, the which men note;
His bok is Abbategnyh hote.
Danz Tholome is noght the leste,
Which makth the bok of Almageste;
And Alfraganus doth the same,
Whos bok is Chatemuz be name.
Gebuz and Alpetragus eke
Of Planisperie, which men seke,
The bokes made: and over this
Ful many a worthi clerc ther is,
That writen upon this clergie
The bokes of Altemetrie,
Planemetrie and ek also,
Whiche as belongen bothe tuo,
So as thei ben naturiens,
Unto these Astronomiens.
Men sein that Habraham was on;
Bot whether that he wrot or non,
That finde I noght; and Moïses
Ek was an other: bot Hermes

1440 .

1450

P. iii. 134

1460

1470

1445 which AJ, S, F whiche B 1464 palmestrie H1 . . . B1
1473 Habraham JX, F rest Abraham

[AUTHORS OF THE
SCIENCE OF ASTRO-
NOMY.]

Above alle othre in this science
 He hadde a gret experience;
 Thurgh him was many a sterre assised,
 Whos bokes yit ben auctorized, 1480
 I mai noght knowen alle tho
 That writen in the time tho
 Of this science; bot I finde,
 Of jugement be weie of kinde
 That in o point thei alle acorden: P. iii. 135
 Of sterres whiche thei recorden
 That men mai sen upon the hevene,
 Ther ben a thousand sterres evene
 And tuo and twenty, to the syhte
 Whiche aren of hemself so bryhte, 1490
 That men mai dieme what thei be,
 The nature and the proprete.

Nou hast thou herd, in which a wise
 These noble Philosophres wise
 Enformeden this yonge king,
 And made him have a knowleching
 Of thing which ferst to the partie
 Belongeth of Philosophie,
 Which Theorique cleped is,
 As thou tofore hast herd er this. 1500
 Bot nou to speke of the secounde,
 Which Aristotle hath also founde,
 And techeth hou to speke faire,
 Which is a thing full necessaire
 To contrepise the balance,
 Wher lacketh other sufficance.

v. *Compositi pulcra sermonis verba placere*
Principio poterunt, veraque fine placent.
Herba, lapis, sermo, tria sunt virtute repleta,
Vis tamen ex verbi pondere plura facit.

[ii. RHETORIC.]

Above alle erthli creatures
 The hihe makere of natures

1477 this] his AdBT 1490 aren] been (ben) A . . . B₂, W
 1493 such a wise MH:CL, T, H₂
 Latin Verses v. 1 sermones H₁ . . . B₂, B 4 pulcra AdBT
 * * T
 *

[RHETORIC.]

Hic tractat de secunda parte Philosophie, cuius nomen Rethorica facundos efficit. Loquitureciam de eiusdem duabus speciebus, scilicet Grammatica et Logica, quarum doctrina Rethor sua verba perornat.

The word to man hath yove alone,
 So that the speche of his persone, 1510
 Or forto lese or forto winne, P. iii. 136
 The hertes thoght which is withinne
 Mai schewe, what it wolde mene;
 And that is noghwhere elles sene
 Of kinde with non other beste.
 So scholde he be the more honeste,
 To whom god yaf so gret a yifte,
 And loke wel that he ne schifte
 Hise wordes to no wicked us;
 For word the techer of vertus 1520
 Is cleped in Philosophie.
 Wherof touchende this partie,
 Is Rethorique the science
 Appropred to the reverence
 Of wordes that ben resonable:
 And for this art schal be vailable
 With goodli wordes forto like,
 It hath Gramaire, it hath Logique,
 That serven bothe unto the speche.
 Gramaire ferste hath forto teche 1530
 To speke upon congruite:
 Logique hath eke in his degre
 Between the trouthe and the falshode
 The pleine wordes forto schode,
 So that nothing schal go beside,
 That he the riht ne schal decide,
 Wherof full many a gret debat
 Reformed is to good astat,
 And pes sustiened up alofte
 With esy wordes and with softe, 1540
 Wher strengthe scholde lete it falle. P. iii. 137
 The Philosophre amonges alle
 Forthi commendeth this science,
 Which hath the reule of eloquence.
 In Ston and gras vertu ther is,
 Bot yit the bokes tellen this,

[RHETORIC.]

That word above alle erthli thinges
 Is vertuous in his doinges,
 Wher so it be to evele or goode.
 For if the wordes semen goode 1550
 And ben wel spoke at mannes Ere,
 Whan that ther is no trouthe there,
 Thei don fulofte gret deceipte;
 For whan the word to the conceipte
 Descordeth in so double a wise,
 Such Rethorique is to despise
 In every place, and forto drede.
 For of Uluxes thus I rede,
 As in the bok of Troie is founde,
 His eloquence and his facounde 1560
 Of goodly wordes whiche he tolde,
 Hath mad that Anthenor him solde
 The toun, which he with tresoun wan.
 Word hath beguiled many a man;
 With word the wilde beste is daunted,
 With word the Serpent is enchaunted,
 Of word among the men of Armes
 Ben woundes heeled with the charmes,
 Wher lacketh other medicine;
 Word hath under his discipline 1570
 Of Sorcerie the karectes. P. iii. 138
 The wordes ben of sondri sectes,
 Of evele and eke of goode also;
 The wordes maken frend of fo,
 And fo of frend, and pes of werre,
 And werre of pes, and out of herre
 The word this worldes cause entriketh,
 And reconsileth whan him liketh.
 The word under the coupe of hevене
 Set every thing or odde or evenē; 1580
 With word the hihe god is plesed,
 With word the wordes ben appesed,
 The softe word the loude stilleth;
 Wher lacketh good, the word fulfilleth,
 To make amendes for the wrong;

1574 and fo A . . . B₂, AdT 1577 þe worldes A . . . B₂, B_Δ

[RHETORIC.]

Nota de Eloquencia
Iulii in causa Cateline
contra Cillenum et
alios tunc vrbis Rome
Conciues.

Whan wordes medlen with the song,
It doth plesance wel the more.

Bot forto loke upon the lore
Hou Tullius his Rethorique
Componeth, ther a man mai pike 1590

Hou that he schal hise wordes sette,
Hou he schal lose, hou he schal knette,
And in what wise he schal pronounce
His tale plein withoute frounce.

Wherof ensample if thou wolt seche,
Tak hiede and red whilom the speche
Of Julius and Cithero,
Which consul was of Rome tho,
Of Catoun eke and of Cillene,
Behold the wordes hem betwene, 1600

Whan the tresoun of Cateline P. iii. 139

Descouered was, and the covine
Of hem that were of his assent
Was knowe and spoke in parlement,
And axed hou and in what wise
Men scholde don hem to juisse.

Cillenus ferst his tale tolde,
To trouthe and as he was beholde,
The comun profit forto save,
He seide hou tresoun scholde have 1610

A cruel deth; and thus thei spieke,
The Consul bothe and Catoun eke,
And seiden that for such a wrong
Ther mai no peine be to strong.

Bot Julius with wordes wise
His tale tolde al otherwise,
As he which wolde her deth respite,
And fondeth hou he mihte excite
The jugges thurgh his eloquence

Fro deth to torne the sentence 1620
And sette here hertes to pite.

Nou tolden thei, nou tolde he;

1588 his lore A . . . B₁ 1589 his] þe AdBT 1596 Tak
(Taak) AC, SB Take J, F 1597 and of AMR 1618 he]
men A me M 1619 iugge AdBT

Thei spieken plein after the lawe,
 Bot he the wordes of his sawe
 Coloureth in an other weie
 Spekende, and thus between the tweie,
 To trete upon this juggement,
 Made ech of hem his Argument.
 Wherof the tales forto hiere,
 Ther mai a man the Scole liere 1630
 Of Rethoriques eloquences, P. iii. 140
 Which is the secounde of sciences
 Touchende to Philosophie;
 Wherof a man schal justifie
 Hise wordes in disputeisoun,
 And knette upon conclusioun
 His Argument in such a forme,
 Which mai the pleine trouthe enforme
 And the soubtil cautele abate,
 Which every trewman schal debate. 1640

[RHETORIC.]

vi. *Practica quemque statum pars tertia Philosophie*
Ad regimen recte ducit in orbe vie:
Set quanto maior Rex est, tanto magis ipsum
Hec scola concernit, qua sua regna regat.

[iii. PRACTIC.]

The ferste, which is Theorique,
 And the secounde Rethorique,
 Sciences of Philosophie,
 I have hem told as in partie,
 So as the Philosophre it tolde
 To Alisandre: and nou I wolde
 Telle of the thridde what it is,
 The which Practique cleped is.
 Practique stant upon thre thinges
 Toward the governance of kinges;
 Wherof the ferst Etique is named,
 The whos science stant proclamed
 To teche of vertu thilke reule,

Hic tractat de tertia
 parte Philosophie, que
 Practica vocatur, cuius
 species sunt tres, scili-
 cet Etica, Ichonomia et
 Policia, quarum doc-
 trina regia magestas
 in suo regimine ad
 honoris magnificen-
 ciam per singula diri-
 gitur.

1650

1640 trewman AC, S, F trewe man B
 Latin Verses vi. 4 Hec FKH²Magd Ex A . . . B₂, S . . . ΔA, W
 regit BTA gerit Ad
 1651 ferst AJ, S, F ferste (firste) C, B

[PRACTIC.]

Hou that a king himself schal reule
 Of his moral condicion
 With worthi disposicion
 Of good livinge in his persone, P. iii. 141
 Which is the chief of his corone.
 It makth a king also to lerne
 Hou he his bodi schal governe, 1660
 Hou he schal wake, hou he schal slepe,
 Hou that he schal his hele kepe
 In mete, in drinke, in clothinge eke:
 Ther is no wisdom forto seke
 As for the reule of his persone,
 The which that this science al one
 Ne techeth as be weie of kinde,
 That ther is nothing left behinde.

That other point which to Practique
 Belongeth is Iconomique, 1670
 Which techeth thilke honestete
 Thurgh which a king in his degre
 His wif and child schal reule and guie,
 So forth with al the companie
 Which in his houshold schal abyde,
 And his astat on every syde
 In such manere forto lede,
 That he his houshold ne mislede.

Practique hath yit the thridde aprise,
 Which techeth hou and in what wise 1680
 Thurgh hih pourveied ordinance
 A king schal sette in governance
 His Realme, and that is Policie,
 Which longeth unto Regalie
 In time of werre, in time of pes,
 To worschipe and to good encess
 Of clerk, of kniht and of Marchant, P. iii. 142
 And so forth of the remenant
 Of al the comun poeple aboute,
 Withinne Burgh and ek withoute, 1690

1666 that om. AM . . . B₂ 1670 Belongeth to Icon. AM . . . B₂
 1671 honeste M . . . B₂ (except C), SA, WH₁ 1681 hih] his B
 1688 of] al AdBT 1690 eek C, B eke (eeke) A, F

Of hem that ben Artificiers,
 Whiche usen craftes and mestiers,
 Whos Art is cleped Mechanique.
 And though thei ben noght alle like,
 Yit natheles, hou so it falle,
 O lawe mot governe hem alle,
 Or that thei lese or that thei winne,
 After thastat that thei ben inne.

[PRACTIC.]

Lo, thus this worthi yonge king
 Was fulli tauht of every thing,
 Which mihte yive entendement
 Of good reule and good regiment
 To such a worthi Prince as he.
 Bot of verray necessite
 The Philosophre him hath betake
 Fyf pointz, whiche he hath undertake
 To kepe and holde in observance,
 As for the worthi governance
 Which longeth to his Regalie,
 After the reule of Policie.

[FIVE POINTS OF
POLICY.]

1700

1710

- vii. *Moribus ornatus regit hic qui regna moderna,
 Cercius expectat ceptra futura poli.
 Et quia veridica virtus supereminet omnes,
 Regis ab ore boni fabula nulla sonat.*

[THE FIRST POINT OF
POLICY. TRUTH.]

To every man behoveth lore,
 Bot to noman belongeth more
 Than to a king, which hath to lede P. iii. 143
 The poeple; for of his kinghede
 He mai hem bothe save and spille.
 And for it stant upon his wille,
 It sit him wel to ben avised,
 And the vertus whiche are assised
 Unto a kinges Regiment,
 To take in his entendement:
 Wherof to tellen, as thei stonde,
 Hierafterward nou woll I fonde.

Hic secundum Policiam tractare intendit precipue super quinque regularum Articulis, que ad Principis Regimen observande specialius existunt, quarum prima veritas nuncupatur. Perquam veridicus fit sermo Regis ad omnes.

1720

1695 hou om. AM 1698 þe staat (state) AMB₂ W þe estate R
 1711 behoveth] bilongeþ X, AdBT 1718 are] been (ben) A . . .
 B₂ margin existat AM . . . B₂

[TRUTH.]

Among the vertus on is chief,
 And that is trouthe, which is lief
 To god and ek to man also.
 And for it hath ben evere so,
 Tawhte Aristotle, as he wel couthe,
 To Alisandre, hou in his youthe
 He scholde of trouthe thilke grace
 With al his hole herte embrace, 1730
 So that his word be trewe and plein,
 Toward the world and so certein
 That in him be no double speche:
 For if men scholde trouthe seche
 And founde it noght withinne a king,
 It were an unsittende thing.
 The word is tokne of that withinne,
 Ther schal a worthi king beginne
 To kepe his tunge and to be trewe,
 So schal his pris ben evere newe. 1740
 Advise him every man tofore,
 And be wel war, er he be swore,
 For afterward it is to late, P. iii. 144
 If that he wole his word debate.
 For as a king in special
 Above all othre is principal
 Of his pouer, so scholde he be
 Most vertuous in his degre;
 And that mai wel be signefied
 Be his corone and specified. 1750

Nota super hiis que
 in corona Regis desig-
 nantur.

The gold betokneth excellence,
 That men schull don him reverence
 As to here liege sovereign.
 The Stones, as the bokes sein,
 Commended ben in treble wise:
 Ferst thei ben harde, and thilke assisse
 Betokneth in a king Constance,
 So that ther schal no variance
 Be founde in his condicion;
 And also be descripcion 1760

1744 wolde B 1749 be wel A . . . B₂ (*except* H₁ welbe)
 1751 *margin* Nota—designantur om. R, B, H₁

The vertu which is in the stones
 A verrai Signe is for the nones
 Of that a king schal ben honeste
 And holde trewly his beheste
 Of thing which longeth to kinghede:
 The bryhte colour, as I rede,
 Which in the stones is schynende,
 Is in figure betoknende
 The Cronique of this worldes fame,
 Which stant upon his goode name.
 The cercle which is round aboute
 Is tokne of al the lond withoute,
 Which stant under his Gerarchie,
 That he it schal wel kepe and guye.

[TRUTH.]

1770

P. iii. 145

And for that trouthe, hou so it falle,
 Is the vertu sovereign of alle,
 That longeth unto regiment,
 A tale, which is evident
 Of trouthe in comendacioun,
 Toward thin enformacion,
 Mi Sone, hierafter thou schalt hiere
 Of a Cronique in this matiere.

1780

As the Cronique it doth reherce,
 A Soldan whilom was of Perce,
 Which Daires hihte, and Ytaspis
 His fader was; and soth it is
 That thurgh wisdom and hih prudence
 Mor than for eny reverence
 Of his lignage as be descente
 The regne of thilke empire he hente:
 And as he was himselve wys,
 The wisemen he held in pris
 And soghte hem oute on every side,
 That toward him thei scholde abide.
 Among the whiche thre ther were
 That most service unto him bere,

[KING, WINE, WOMAN
AND TRUTH.]

Hic narrat, qualiter
 Darius filius Ytaspis
 Soldanus Percie a tri-
 bus suis Cubiculariis,
 quorum nomina Ar-
 paghes, Manachaz et
 Zorobabel dicta sunt,
 nomine questionis
 1790 singillatim interroga-
 uit, vtrum Rex aut
 mulier aut vinum ma-
 ioris fortitudinis vim
 obtineret: ipsis vero
 varia opinione re-
 spondentibus, Zoro-
 babel vltimus asseruit
 quod mulier sui amo-

1769 his worldes H1 . . . B2 1770 goode om. AM 1789 as]
 and A . . . B2 1791 And for he AM . . . B2 1792 wisemen
 S, F wise men AJC, B 1793 on] in AM . . . C of L 1795
 margin asserit B

[KING, WINE, WOMAN
AND TRUTH.]

ris complacencia tam
Regis quam vini po-
tenciam excellit. Ad-
didit insuper pro finali
conclusionē dicens,
quod veritas super
omnia vincit. Cuius
responsio ceteris lau-
dabilior acceptabatur.

As thei which in his chambre lyhen
And al his conseil herde and syhen.
Here names ben of strange note,
Arpaghes was the ferste hote, 1800
And Manachaz was the secounde,
Zorohabel, as it is founde
In the Cronique, was the thridde. P. iii. 146
This Soldan, what so him betidde,
To hem he triste most of alle,
Wherof the cas is so befallē:
This lord, which hath conceiptes depe,
Upon a nyht whan he hath slepe,
As he which hath his wit desposed,
Touchende a point hem hath opposed. 1810
The kinges question was this;
Of thinges thre which strengest is,
The wyn, the womman or the king:
And that thei scholde upon this thing
Of here ansuere avised be,
He yaf hem fulli daies thre,
And hath behote hem be his feith
That who the beste reson seith,
He schal resceive a worthi mede.
Upon this thing thei token hiede 1820
And stoden in desputeison,
That be diverse opinion
Of Argumentz that thei have holde
Arpaghes ferst his tale tolde,
And seide hou that the strengthe of kinges
Is myhtiest of alle thinges.
For king hath pouer over man,
And man is he which reson can,
As he which is of his nature
The moste noble creature 1830
Of alle tho that god hath wrought:
And be that skile it semeth noght,
He seith, that eny erthly thing P. iii. 147

1797 which A, F whiche B 1800 Arpaghes AMH.XCLB;
Arpaghes R 1805 he triste] þat trist(e) AM he trusteth Δ
1815 ansuere F

[KING, WINE, WOMAN
AND TRUTH.]

Mai be so myhty as a king.

A king mai spille, a king mai save,

A king mai make of lord a knave

And of a knave a lord also :

The pouer of a king stant so,

That he the lawes overpasseth ;

What he wol make lasse, he lasseth, 1840

What he wol make more, he moreth ;

And as the gentil faucon soreth,

He fleth, that noman him reclameth ;

Bot he al one alle othre tameth,

And stant himself of lawe fre.

Lo, thus a kinges myht, seith he,

So as his reson can argue,

Is strengest and of most value.

Bot Manachaz seide otherwise,

That wyn is of the more emprise ; 1850

And that he scheweth be this weie.

The wyn fulofte takth aweie

The reson fro the mannes herte ;

The wyn can make a krepel sterte,

And a delivere man unwelde ;

It makth a blind man to behelde,

And a bryht yhed seme derk ;

It makth a lewed man a clerk,

And fro the clerkes the clergie

It takth aweie, and couardie 1860

It torneth into hardiesse ;

Of Avarice it makth largesse.

The wyn makth ek the goode blod, P. iii. 148

In which the Soule which is good

Hath chosen hire a resting place,

Whil that the lif hir wole embrace.

And be this skile Manachas

Ansuere hath upon this cas,

And seith that wyn be weie of kinde

Is thing which mai the hertes binde 1870

Well more than the regalie.

Zorobabel for his partie

[KING, WINE, WOMAN
AND TRUTH.]

Nota hic de vigore
amoris, qui inter Ci-
rum Regem Persarum
et Apemen Besazis
filiam ipsius Regis
Concubinam spec-
tante tota Curia expe-
riebatur.

Seide, as him thoghte for the beste,
That wommen ben the myhtieste.
The king and the vinour also
Of wommen comen bothe tuo;
And ek he seide hou that manhede
Thurgh strengthe unto the wommanhede
Of love, wher he wole or non,
Obeie schal; and therupon,
To schewe of wommen the maistrie,
A tale which he syh with yhe
As for ensample he tolde this,—

1880

Hou Apemen, of Besazis
Which dowhter was, in the paleis
Sittende upon his hihe deis,
Whan he was hottest in his ire
Toward the grete of his empire,
Cirus the king tirant sche tok,
And only with hire goodly lok
Sche made him debonaire and meke,
And be the chyn and be the cheke
Sche luggeth him riht as hir liste, P. iii. 149
That nou sche japeth, nou sche kiste,
And doth with him what evere hir liketh;
Whan that sche loureth, thanne he siketh,
And whan sche gladeth, he is glad:
And thus this king was overlad
With hire which his lemman was.
Among the men is no solas,
If that ther be no womman there;
For bot if that the wommen were,
This worldes joie were aweie:
Thurgh hem men finden out the weie
To knihthode and to worldes fame;
Thei make a man to drede schame,
And honour forto be desired:
Thurgh the beaute of hem is fyred
The Dart of which Cupide throweth,
Wherof the jolif peine groweth,

1890

1900

1910

1882 I sih AdBT 1883 And for AM 1884 of Besaxis
H1XRCB2 and Besaxis L 1902 je womman J, BT

Which al the world hath under fote.
 A womman is the mannes bote,
 His lif, his deth, his wo, his wel;
 And this thing mai be schewed wel,
 Hou that wommen ben goode and kinde,
 For in ensample this I finde.

[KING, WINE, WOMAN
AND TRUTH.]

Whan that the duk Ametus lay
 Sek in his bedd, that every day
 Men waiten whan he scholde deie,
 Alceste his wif goth forto preie,
 As sche which wolde thonk deserve,
 With Sacrifice unto Minerve,

[TALE OF ALCESTIS.]

Nota de fidelitate
 Coniugis, qualiter Al-
 cesta vxor Ameti, vt
 1920 maritum suum viuifi-
 caret, seipsam morti
 spontanee subegit.

To wite ansuere of the goddesse P. iii. 150
 Hou that hir lord of his seknesse,
 Wherof he was so wo besein,
 Recouere myhte his hele ayein.
 Lo, thus sche cride and thus sche preide,
 Til ate laste a vois hir seide,
 That if sche wolde for his sake
 The maladie soffre and take, 1930
 And deie himself, he scholde live.
 Of this ansuere Alceste hath yive
 Unto Minerve gret thonkinge,
 So that hir deth and his livinge
 Sche ches with al hire hole entente,
 And thus acorded hom sche wente.
 Into the chambre and whan sche cam,
 Hire housebonde anon sche nam
 In bothe hire Armes and him kiste,
 And spak unto him what hire liste; 1940
 And therupon withinne a throwe
 This goode wif was overthrowe
 And deide, and he was hool in haste.
 So mai a man be reson taste,
 Hou next after the god above
 The trouthe of wommen and the love,
 In whom that alle grace is founde,
 Is myhtiest upon this grounde
 And most behovely manyfold.

1932 Of] And M, AdBT

1942 The A . . . B2

[KING, WINE, WOMAN
AND TRUTH.]

Lo, thus Zorobabel hath told 1950
The tale of his opinion :
Bot for final conclusion
What strengest is of erthli thinges, P. iii. 151
The wyn, the wommen or the kinges,
He seith that trouthe above hem alle
Is myhtiest, hou evere it falle.
The trouthe, hou so it evere come,
Mai for nothing ben overcome ;
It mai wel soffre for a throwe,
Bot ate laste it schal be knowe. 1960
The proverbe is, who that is trewe,
Him schal his while nevere rewe :
For hou so that the cause wende,
The trouthe is schameles ate ende,
Bot what thing that is troutheles,
It mai noght wel be schameles,
And schame hindreth every wyht :
So proveth it, ther is no myht
Withoute trouthe in no degre.
And thus for trouthe of his decre 1970
Zorobabel was most commended,
Wherof the question was ended,
And he resceived hath his mede
For trouthe, which to mannes nede
Is most behoveliche overal.
Forthi was trouthe in special
The ferste point in observance
Betake unto the governance
Of Alisandre, as it is seid :
For therupon the ground is leid 1980
Of every kinges regiment,
As thing which most convenient
Is forto sette a king in evene P. iii. 152
Bothe in this world and ek in hevene.

[THE SECOND POINT OF
POLICY. LIBERALITY.]

viii. *Absit Avaricia, ne tangat regia corda,
Eius enim spoliis excoariatur humus.*

1978 the om. J, AdBT 1980 therupon] vpon AM
Latin Verses viii. a Eius FKH:Magd rat Cuius

*Fama colit largum volitans per secula Regem,
Dona tamen licitis sunt moderanda modis.*

[LIBERALITY.]

Next after trouthe the secounde,
In Policie as it is founde,
Which serveth to the worldes fame
In worschipe of a kinges name,
Largesse it is, whos privilegge
Ther mai non Avarice abregge.
The worldes good was ferst comune,
Bot afterward upon fortune
Was thilke comun profit cessed:
For whan the poeple stod encressed
And the lignages woxen grete,
Anon for singulier beyete
Drouh every man to his partie;
Wherof cam in the ferste envie
With gret debat and werres stronge,
And laste among the men so longe,
Til noman wiste who was who,
Ne which was frend ne which was fo.
Til ate laste in every lond
Withinne hemself the poeple fond
That it was good to make a king,
Which mihte appesen al this thing
And yive riht to the lignages
In partinge of here heritages
And ek of al here other good;
And thus above hem alle stod
The king upon his Regalie,
As he which hath to justifie
The worldes good fro covoitise.
So sit it wel in alle wise
A king between the more and lesse
To sette his herte upon largesse
Toward himself and ek also
Toward his poeple; and if noght so,
That is to sein, if that he be

Hic tractat de regie
maiestatis secunda
Policia, quam Aristotiles largitatem vocat: cuius virtute non solum propulsata Avaricia Regis nomen magnificum extollitur, set et sui subditi omni diuiciarum habundancia iocundiores efficiuntur.

1990

2000

P. iii. 153

2010

1992 *margin* subditi omni] sub dicionum (subdicionum) A . . . B₁, B
2015 bitwene (between) more AM . . . B₂, Δ, WH₁

[LIBERALITY.]

Nota super hoc
quod Aristotiles Alex-
andrum exemplifi-
cavit de exactionibus
Regis Chaldeorum.

Toward himselven large and fre 2020
And of his poeple take and pile,
Largesse be no weie of skile
It mai be seid, bot Avarice,
Which in a king is a gret vice.
A king behoveth ek to fle
The vice of Prodegalite,
That he mesure in his expence
So kepe, that of indigence
He mai be sauf: for who that nedeth,
In al his werk the worse he spedeth. 2030
As Aristotle upon Chaldee
Ensample of gret Auctorite
Unto king Alisandre tauhte
Of thilke folk that were unsauhte
Toward here king for his pilage:
Wherof he bad, in his corage
That he unto thre pointz entende,
Wher that he wolde his good despende.
Ferst scholde he loke, hou that it stod, P. iii. 154
That al were of his oghne good 2040
The yiftes whiche he wolde yive;
So myhte he wel the betre live:
And ek he moste taken hiede
If ther be cause of eny nede,
Which oghte forto be defended,
Er that his goodes be despended:
He mot ek, as it is befalle,
Amonges othre thinges alle
Se the decertes of his men;
And after that thei ben of ken 2050
And of astat and of merite,
He schal hem largeliche aquite,
Or for the werre, or for the pes,
That non honour falle in descres,
Which mihte torne into defame,
Bot that he kepe his goode name,
So that he be noght holde unkinde.
For in Cronique a tale I finde,

2021 and pile] no pile AM

2043 Paragr. here J, SB, F &c.

Which spekth somdiel of this matiere,
 Hierafterward as thou schalt hiere.

2060

In Rome, to poursuie his riht,
 Ther was a worthi povere kniht,
 Which cam al one forto sein
 His cause, when the court was plein,
 Wher Julius was in presence.
 And for him lacketh of despence,
 Ther was with him non advocat
 To make ple for his astat.

[TALE OF JULIUS AND
 THE POOR KNIGHT.]

Hic secundum gesta Iulii exemplum ponit, qualiter Rex suorum militum, quos probos agnouerit, indigenciam largitatis sue beneficiis releuare tenetur.

Bot thogh him lacke forto plede,
 Him lacketh nothing of manhede;
 He wiste wel his pours was povere,
 Bot yit he thoghte his riht recouere,
 And openly poverté alleide,
 To themperour and thus he seide:

P. iii. 155

2070

'O Julius, lord of the lawe,
 Behold, mi conseil is withdrawe
 For lacke of gold: do thin office
 After the lawes of justice:
 Help that I hadde conseil hiere
 Upon the trouthe of mi matiere.'

2080

And Julius with that anon
 Assigned him a worthi on,
 Bot he himself no word ne spak.
 This kniht was wroth and fond a lak
 In themperour, and seide thus:

'O thou unkinde Julius,
 Whan thou in thi bataille were
 Up in Aufrique, and I was there,
 Mi myht for thi rescousse I dede
 And putte noman in my stede,
 Thou wost what woundes ther I hadde:
 Bot hier I finde thee so badde,
 That thee ne liste speke o word
 Thin oghne mouth, nor of thin hord

2090

2067 *margin* reuelare AM om. C
 2078 lawe AM . . . B₂, AdBT
 AdBT

2077 do] to H₁ . . . B₂, AdBT
 2093 list (luste) to H₁EB₂,

[TALK OF JULIUS AND
THE POOR KNIGHT.]

To yive a florin me to helpe.
 Hou scholde I thanne me beyelpe
 Fro this dai forth of thi largenme,
 Whan such a gret unkindenesse
 Is founde in such a lord as thou? P. III. 156
 This Julius knew wel ynou 2100
 That al was soth which he him tolde;
 And for he wolde noght ben holde
 Unkinde, he tok his cause on honde,
 And as it were of godden sonde,
 He yaf him good ynouh to spende
 For evere into his lives ende.
 And thus scholde every worthi king
 Take of his knihten knowleching,
 Whan that he syh thei hadden nede,
 For every service axeth mede: 2110
 Bot othre, whiche have noght deserved
 Thurgh vertu, bot of japes served,
 A king schal noght deserve grace,
 Thogh he be large in such a place.

[ANTIGONUS AND
CINICHUS.]

Hic ponit exem-
 plum de Rege An-
 tigonu, qualiter dona
 regia secundum malum
 et minus equa discre-
 cione moderandasunt.

It sit wel every king to have
 Discrecion, whan men him crave,
 So that he mai his yifte wite:
 Wherof I finde a tale write,
 Hou Cinichus a povere kniht
 A Somme which was over myht 2120
 Preide of his king Antigonu.
 The king ansuerde to him thus,
 And seide hou such a yifte passeth
 His povere antat: and thanne he lanneth,
 And axeth bot a litel peny,
 If that the king wol yive him eny.
 The king ansuerde, it was to smal
 For him, which was a lord real;
 To yive a man so litel thing P. III. 157
 It were unworschiþe in a king. 2130
 Be this ensample a king mai lere

2106 vnto H₁ . . . B₂, AdBT 2122 king om. AM 2128
 which] þat AM . . . B₂

LIBER SEPTIMUS

291

[DISCRETION IN
GIVING.]

That forto yive in in manere:
For if a king his tremor lanneth
Withoute honour and thonklew parrath,
Whan he himself wol so beguile,
I not who schal compleigne him while,
Ne who he rihte him schal relieve.
Bot nathelen this I believe,
To helpe with his oghne lond
Behoveth every man his hond
To sette upon necessite;
And ek his kinges realte
Mot every liege man conforte,
With good and bodi to supporte,
Whan thei no cause resonable:
For who that is noght entendable
To holde upriht his kinges name,
Him oghte forto be to blame.

2140

Nota hic quod Re-
gius statuit a suis
fidelibus omni favore
supportandus est.

[PRODIGALITY OF
KINGS.]

2150

Nota hic secundum
Aristotilem, qualiter
Principum Prodigali-
tas paupertatem in-
ducit communem.

Seneeca. Sic alia
beneficite, ut tibi non
noceat.

Of Policie and overmore
To speke in this matiere more,
So as the Philosopher tolde,
A king after the reule in holde
To modifie and to adrewe
Hine yiften upon such largesse
That he mesure noght excede:
For if a king falle into nede,
It causeth ofte sondri thingen
Whiche are ungoodly to the kingen.
What man wol noght himself mesure, P. III. 158
Men men fulste that mesure
Him hath forsake: and so doth he
That useth Prodegallite,
Which is the moder of poverte,
Wherof the londes ben deserte;
And namely whan thilke vice
Aboute a king stant in office
And hath withholde of his partie
The covoltouse flaterie,

2160

2140 Hilongest AdBT
secundum Aristotilem om. B
2158 been (ben) A . . . B.

2150 margin Nota. Aristotilem om. B
2155 margin Seneeca] Salomon II

Which many a worthi king deceiveth,
 Er he the fallas aperceiveth
 Of hem that serven to the glose.
 For thei that cunnen plese and glose,
 Ben, as men tellen, the norrices
 Unto the fostringe of the vices,
 Wherof fulofte natheles
 A king is blamed gulteles.

2170

[FLATTERERS.]

Nota qualiter in
 principum curiis adu-
 latores triplici graui-
 tate offendunt.

Primo contra deum.

Secundo contra
 Principem.

Tercio contra po-
 pulum.

A Philosophre, as thou schalt hiere,
 Spak to a king of this matiere,
 And seide him wel hou that flatours
 Coupable were of thre errours.

2180

On was toward the goddes hihe,
 That weren wrothe of that thei sihe
 The meschief which befalle scholde
 Of that the false flatour tolde.

Toward the king an other was,
 Whan thei be sleihte and be fallas
 Of feigned wordes make him wene
 That blak is whyt and blew is grene
 Touchende of his condicion :

P. iii. 159

For whanne he doth extorcion
 With manye an other vice mo,
 Men schal noght finden on of tho
 To groucche or speke therayein,
 Bot holden up his oil and sein
 That al is wel, what evere he doth ;
 And thus of fals thei maken soth,
 So that here kinges yhe is blent
 And wot not hou the world is went.

2190

The thridde errour is harm comune,
 With which the poeple mot commune
 Of wronges that thei bringen inne :
 And thus thei worchen treble sinne,
 That ben flatours aboute a king.
 Ther myhte be no worse thing
 Aboute a kinges regalie,
 Thanne is the vice of flaterie.

2200

2198 not A, F noght S nought J, B 2199 margin Tercio
 contra populum om. B, W

And natheles it hath ben used,
That it was nevere yit refused
As forto speke in court real;
For there it is most special,
And mai noght longe be forbore.
Bot whan this vice of hem is bore,
That scholden the vertus forthbringe,
And trouthe is torned to lesinge,
It is, as who seith, ayein kinde,
Wherof an old ensample I finde.

2210

Among these othre tales wise
Of Philosophres, in this wise
I rede, how whilom tuo ther were, P. iii. 160
And to the Scole forto lere
Unto Athenes fro Cartage
Here frendes, whan thei were of Age,
Hem sende; and ther thei stoden longe,
Til thei such lore have underfonge,
That in here time thei surmonte
Alle othre men, that to acompte
Of hem was tho the grete fame.
The ferste of hem his rihte name
Was Diogenes thanne hote,
In whom was founde no riote:
His felaw Arisippus hyhte,
Which mochel couthe and mochel myhte.
Bot ate laste, soth to sein,
Thei bothe tornen hom ayein
Unto Cartage and scole lete.
This Diogenes no beyete

[TALE OF DIOGENES
AND ARISTIPPUS.]

Hic contra vanitates
adulantum loquitur,
et narrat quod cum
2220 Arisippus de Cartagine Philosophus scole studium relinquens
sui Principis obsequio
in magnis adulacionibus pre ceteris carior assistebat, accidit vt ipse quodam die Diogenem Philosophum nuper socium suum, virum tam moribus quam sciencia probatissimum, herbas ad olera sua collectas
2230 lauantes ex casu ad ripam inuenit: cui ait, 'O Diogenes, vere si tu sicut et ego Principi tuo placere scires, huiusmodi herbas aut colligere aut lauare tibi minime indigeret.' Cui alter respondit,

2219 ff. *margin* Hic contra—deberes] Hic loquitur super eodem, et narrat quod, cum Diogenes et Arisippus philosophi a scolis Athenarum ad Cartaginem, vnde orti fuerant, reuertissent, Arisippus curie principis sui familiaris adhesit, Diogenes vero in quodam mansiunculo suo studio vacans permansit. Et contigit quod, cum ipse quodam die ad finem orti (ortus S) sui super ripam herbas quas elegerat (eligerat S) ad olera lauasset, superuenit ex casu Arisippus, dixitque ei, 'O Diogenes, certe si Principi tuo placere scires, tu ad olera tua lauanda non indigeres.' Cui ille respondit, 'O Arisippe, certe si tu olera tua lauare scires, te in blandiciis et adulacionibus principi tuo seruire non oporteret.' SBAA (*Lat. om.* AdT)

[TALE OF DIOGENES
AND ARISTIPPUS.]

'O Arisippe, certe et
si tu sicut et ego olera
tua colligere et lauare
scires, principem tuum
ob inanis glorie cupid-
itatem blandiri nulla-
tenus deberes.'

Of worldes good or lasse or more
Ne soghte for his longe lore,
Bot tok him only forto duelle
At hom; and as the bokes telle,
His hous was nyh to the rivere
Besyde a bregge, as thou schalt hiere.
Ther duelleth he to take his reste,
So as it thoghte him for the beste,
To studie in his Philosophie,
As he which wolde so defie
The worldes pompe on every syde.

2240

Bot Arisippe his bok aside
Hath leid, and to the court he wente, **P. iii. 161**
Wher many a wyle and many a wente
With flaterie and wordes softe
He caste, and hath compassed ofte
Hou he his Prince myhte plesse;
And in this wise he gat him ese
Of vein honour and worldes good.
The londes reule upon him stod,
The king of him was wonder glad,
And all was do, what thing he bad,
Bothe in the court and ek withoute.
With flaterie he broghte aboute
His pourpos of the worldes werk,
Which was ayein the stat of clerk,
So that Philosophie he left
And to richesse himself upleste:
Lo, thus hadde Arisippe his wille.

2260

Bot Diogenes delte stille
At home and loked on his bok:
He soghte noght the worldes crok
For vein honour ne for richesse,
Bot all his hertes besinesse
He sette to be vertuous;
And thus withinne his oghne hous
He liveth to the sufficance
Of his havinge. And fell per chance,

2270

2243 and takþ B 2251 andj and wiþ AM, Δ 2262
pastat B

This Diogene upon a day,
 And that was in the Monthe of May,
 Whan that these herbes ben holsome,
 He walketh forto gadre some
 In his gardin, of whiche his joutes **P. iii. 162**
 He thoghte have, and thus aboutes **2280**
 Whanne he hath gadred what him liketh,
 He satte him thanne doun and pyketh,
 And wyssh his herbes in the flod
 Upon the which his gardin stod,
 Nyh to the bregge, as I tolde er.
 And hapneth, whil he sitteth ther,
 Cam Arisippes be the strete
 With manye hors and routes grete,
 And straght unto the bregge he rod,
 Wher that he hoved and abod; **2290**
 For as he caste his yhe nyh,
 His felaw Diogene he syh,
 And what he dede he syh also,
 Wherof he seide to him so:
 'O Diogene, god thee spede.
 It were certes litel nede
 To sitte there and wortes pyke,
 If thou thi Prince couthest lyke,
 So as I can in my degre.'
 'O Arisippe,' ayein quod he, **2300**
 'If that thou couthist, so as I,
 Thi wortes pyke, trewely
 It were als litel nede or lasse,
 That thou so worldly wolt compasse
 With flaterie forto serve,
 Wherof thou thenkest to deserve
 Thi princes thonk, and to pourchace
 Hou thou myht stonden in his grace,
 For getinge of a litel good. **P. iii. 163**
 If thou wolt take into thi mod **2310**
 Reson, thou myht be reson deeme
 That so thi prince forto queeme

2282 satte S, F sate W sat J, AdBT sitte (sit) AMH₁XGC
 sette (set) ERLB₂, Δ, H₂ 2294 so] po GLB₂, AdBT, W

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

Is noght to reson acordant,
 Bot it is gretly descordant
 Unto the Scoles of Athene.
 Lo, thus ansuerde Diogene
 Ayein the clerkes flaterie.

[FLATTERY.]

Bot yit men sen thessamplerie
 Of Arisippe is wel received,
 And thilke of Diogene is weyved. 2320
 Office in court and gold in cofre
 Is nou, men sein, the philosopfre
 Which hath the worschipe in the halle;
 Bot flaterie passeth alle
 In chambre, whom the court avanceth;
 For upon thilke lot it chanceth
 To be beloved nou aday.
 * I not if it be ye or nay,
 Bot as the comun vois it telleth;
 Bot wher that flaterie duelleth 2330
 In eny lond under the Sonne,
 Ther is ful many a thing begonne

[EXAMPLE OF DANTE.]

Nota exemplum
 cuiusdam poete de
 Ytalia, qui Dante vo-
 cabatur.

* I not if it be ye or nay.
 How Dante the poete answerde
 To a flatour, the tale I herde. 2330*
 Upon a strif bitwen hem tuo
 He seide him, 'Ther ben many mo
 Of thy servantes than of myne.
 For the poete of his covyne
 Hath non that wol him clothe and fede,
 But a flatour may reule and lede
 A king with al his lond aboute.' P. iii. 164
 So stant the wise man in doute
 Of hem that to folie drawe:
 For such is now the newe lawe, 2340*
 And as the comune vois it telleth,
 Wher now that flaterie duelleth
 In every lond etc. (as 2331 ff.)

2318 sein B sayne W 2329 Bot] And AdBTΛ 2330 Bot
 wher] And wher AM . . . B: Wher now AdBTΛ 2331 euery AdBT
 2329*-2340* only in AdBTΛ (not SA) 2332* seid T sayd B

Which were betre to be left;
That hath be schewed nou and eft.

[FLATTERY.]

Bot if a Prince wolde him reule
Of the Romeins after the reule,
In thilke time as it was used,
This vice scholde be refused,
Wherof the Princes ben assoted.
Bot wher the pleine trouthe is noted, 2340
Ther may a Prince wel conceive,
That he schal noght himself deceive,
Of that he hiereth wordes pleine;
For him thar noght be reson pleigne,
That warned is er him be wo.
And that was fully proeved tho,
Whan Rome was the worldes chief,
The Sothseiere tho was lief,
Which wolde noght the trouthe spare,
Bot with hise wordes pleine and bare 2350
To Themperour hise sothes tolde,
As in Cronique is yit withholde,
Hierafteward as thou schalt hier
Acordende unto this matiere.

To se this olde ensamplerie,
That whilom was no flaterie
Toward the Princes wel I finde;
Wherof so as it comth to mynde,
Mi Sone, a tale unto thin Ere,
Whil that the worthi princes were
At Rome, I thenke forto tellen.
For whan the chances so befellen

P. iii. 165 [THE ROMAN TRI-
UMPH.]

Hic narrat super
eodem, qualiter nuper
Romanorum Impera-
tor, cum ipse trium-
phator in hostes a
bello Rome rediret,
2360 tres sibi laudes in sig-
num sui triumphi
precipue debebantur:

2335 him wolde S . . . Δ, W 2337 as om. AM . . . B₁ (except C)
2352 is yit] it is C, AdBT 2357 ff. margin Hic narrat—aduersabitur]
Hic eciam contra vicium adulationis ponit exemplum: et narrat
quod, cum nuper Romanorum imperator contra suos hostes victoriam
optinuisset, et cum palma triumphi (trumphe S) in vrbem redire
debuisset, ne ipsum inanis glorie altitudo superextolleret, licitum fuit
pro illo die quod vnusquisque peiora que sue condicionis agnosceret
in aures suas apercius exclamaret, vt sic gaudium cum dolore com-
pesceret, et adulantum voces, sique fuerant, pro minimo computaret.
SBΔΔ (Lat. om. AdT)

[THE ROMAN TRI-
UMPH.]

primo quatuor equi
albissimi currum in
quo sedebat veherent,
secundo tunica Iovis
pro tunc indueretur,
tercio sui captiui pro-
pe currum ad vtrum-
quelatus cathenati de-
ambularent. Set ne
tanti honoris adulacio
eius animum in su-
perbiam extolleret,
quidam scurra lingu-
osus iuxta ipsum in
curru sedebat, qui
quasi continuatis vo-
cibus impropere
ei dixit, 'Notheos,'
hoc est nosce te ipsum,
'quia si hodie fortuna
tibi prospera fuerit,
cras forte versa rota
mutabilis aduersabi-
tur.'

That eny Emperour as tho
Victoire hadde upon his fo,
And so forth cam to Rome ayein,
Of treble honour he was certein,
Wherof that he was magnified.
The ferste, as it is specefied,
Was, whan he cam at thilke tyde,
The Charr in which he scholde ryde 2370
Foure whyte Stiedes scholden drawe;
Of Jupiter be thilke lawe
The Cote he scholde were also;
Hise prisoners ek scholden go
Endlong the Charr on eyther hond,
And alle the nobles of the lond
Tofore and after with him come
Ridende and broghten him to Rome,
In thonk of his chivalerie
And for non other flaterie. 2380
And that was schewed forth withal;
Wher he sat in his Charr real,
Beside him was a Ribald set,
Which hadde hise wordes so beset,
To themperour in al his gloire P. iii. 166
He seide, 'Tak into memoire,
For al this pompe and al this pride
Let no justice gon aside, (2400*)
Bot know thiself, what so befalle.
For men sen ofte time falle 2390
Thing which men wende siker stonde:
Thogh thou victoire have nou on honde,
Fortune mai noght stonde alway;
The whiel per chance an other day
Mai torne, and thou myht overthrowe;
Ther lasteth nothing bot a throwe.'
With these wordes and with mo
This Ribald, which sat with him tho,
To Themperour his tale tolde:

2363 eny om. AM 2376 of loond A 2377 margin fortunata
A . . . B₂ 2378 margin fuerit] fuit B₂ sint H₁ . . . L 2379
margin forte om. AM tokne S . . . Δ 2384 word(e) AMXLB₂

And overmor what evere he wolde, 2400
 Or were it evel or were it good,
 So plainly as the trouthe stod,
 He spareth noght, bot spekth it oute;
 And so myhte every man aboute
 The day of that solempnete
 His tale telle als wel as he
 To Themperour al openly.
 And al was this the cause why;
 That whil he stod in that noblesse,
 He scholde his vanite represse 2410
 With suche wordes as he herde.

Lo nou, hou thilke time it ferde
 Toward so hih a worthi lord:
 For this I finde ek of record,
 Which the Cronique hath auctorized. P. iii. 167
 What Emperour was entronized,
 The ferste day of his corone,
 Wher he was in his real Throne
 And hield his feste in the paleis
 Sittende upon his hihe deis 2420
 With al the lust that mai be gete,
 Whan he was gladdest at his mete,
 And every menstral hadde pleid,
 And every Disour hadde seid
 What most was plesant to his Ere,
 Than ate laste comen there
 Hise Macons, for thei scholden crave
 Wher that he wolde be begrave,
 And of what Ston his sepulture
 Thei scholden make, and what sculpture 2430
 He wolde ordeine therupon.

Tho was ther flaterie non

[THE EMPEROR AND
HIS MASONS.]

Hic eciam contra
 adulationem scribit
 quod primo die quo
 nuper Imperator in-
 tronizatus extitit, la-
 tomi sui ab ipso con-
 stanter peterent, de
 quali lapide sue se-
 pulture tumulum fa-
 bricarent; vt sic futu-
 ram mortem com-
 memorans vanitates
 huius seculi transito-
 rias facilius reprime-
 ret.

2409 that] his B 2412 it om. J, AdBT 2414 fl. margin
 Hic eciam—reprimeret] Hic ponit exemplum super eodem; et narrat
 quod eodem die quo imperator intronizatus in palacio suo regio ad
 conuiuium in maiori leticia sedisset, ministri sui sculptores coram
 ipso procederent alta voce dicentes, 'O imperator, dic nobis cuius
 forme et vbi tumbam sculpture tue faciemus,' vt sic morte remorsus
 huius vite blandicias obtemperaret. SBΔΔ but procederant SBA (Lat.
 om. AdT) 2424 Disour] Gestour AM . . . Ba 2428 be om. AM

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

The worthi princes to bejape;
 The thing was other wise schape
 With good conseil; and otherwise
 Thei were hemselven thanne wise,
 And understoden wel and knewen.
 Whan suche softe wyndes blewen
 Of flaterie into here Ere,
 Thei setten noght here hertes there; 2440
 Bot whan thei herden wordes feigned,
 The pleine trouthe it hath desdeigned
 Of hem that weren so discrete.
 So tok the flatour no beyete
 Of him that was his prince tho: P. iii. 168
 And forto proven it is so,
 A tale which befell in dede
 In a Cronique of Rome I rede.

[CAESAR'S ANSWER.]

Hic inter alia gesta
 Cesaris narrat vnum
 exemplum precipue
 contra illos qui, cum
 in aspectu princi-
 pis aliis sapienciores
 apparere vellent,
 quandoque tamen si-
 mulate sapiencie talia
 committunt, per que
 ceteris stulciores in
 fine comprobantur.

Cesar upon his real throne
 Wher that he sat in his persone 2450
 And was byest in al his pris,
 A man, which wolde make him wys,
 Fell doun knelende in his presence,
 And dede him such a reverence,
 As thogh the hihe god it were:
 Men hadden gret mervaille there
 Of the worschipe which he dede.
 This man aros fro thilke stede,
 And forth with al the same tyde
 He goth him up and be his side 2460
 He set him doun as pier and pier,
 And seide, 'If thou that sittest hier
 Art god, which alle thinges myht,
 Thanne have I do worschipe ariht
 As to the god; and other wise,
 If thou be noght of thilke assisse,
 Bot art a man such as am I,
 Than mai I sitte faste by,

2434 thing] king B₂, AdBT 2444 Tho took AdB Sto cok I
 2460 be om. AM 2461 as] and A 2464 do worschipe]
 worschiped AdBT

For we be bothen of o kinde.'

[CAESAR'S ANSWER.]

Cesar ansuerde and seide, 'O blinde, 2470

Thou art a fol, it is wel sene
Upon thiself: for if thou wene
I be a god, thou dost amys
To sitte wher thou sest god is;

And if I be a man, also P. iii. 169

Thou hast a gret folie do,
Whan thou to such on as schal deie
The worschipe of thi god aweie
Hast yoven so unworthely.

Thus mai I prove redely, 2480

Thou art nocht wys.' And thei that herde
Hou wysly that the king ansuerde,
It was to hem a newe lore;
Wherof thei dradden him the more,
And broghten nothing to his Ere,
Bot if it trouthe and reson were.

So be ther manye, in such a wise
That feignen wordes to be wise, (2500*)

And al is verray flaterie
To him which can it wel asprie. 2490

The kinde flatour can nocht love
Bot forto bringe himself above;
For hou that evere his maister fare,
So that himself stonde out of care,
Him reccheth nocht: and thus fulofte
Deceived ben with wordes softe
The kinges that ben innocent.

[FLATTERERS OF A
KING.]

Nota, qualiter isti
circa Principem adu-
latores potius a Curia
expelli, quam ad regie
maiestatis munera ac-
ceptari, Policia sua-
dente deberent.

Wherof as for chastiment
The wise Philosophre seide,
What king that so his tresor leide 2500
Upon such folk, he hath the lesse,

And yit ne doth he no largesse,
Bot harmeth with his oghne hond
Himself and ek his oghne lond,
And that be many a sondri weie. P. iii. 170

Wherof if that a man schal seie,
As forto speke in general,

2469 boþe (both) AM . . . B₂, AdBA, W

2486 if om. AM, Δ

[FLATTERERS OF A
KING.]

Wher such thing falleth overal
That eny king himself misreule,
The Philosopre upon his reule 2510
In special a cause sette,
Which is and evere hath be the lette
In governance aboute a king
Upon the meschief of the thing,
And that, he seith, is Flaterie.
Wherof tofore as in partie
What vice it is I have declared ;
For who that hath his wit bewared
Upon a flatour to believe,
Whan that he weneth best achieve 2520
His goode world, it is most fro.
And forto proeven it is so
Ensamples ther ben manyon,
Of whiche if thou wolt knowen on,
It is behovely forto hiere
What whilom fell in this matiere.

[AHAB AND MICALAH.]

Hic loquitur vterius
de consilio adulantum,
quorum fabulis prin-
cipis aures organizate
veritatis auditum ca-
pere nequiunt. Et
narrat exemplum de
Rege Achab, qui pro
eo quod ipse prophe-
cias fidelis Michee
recusavit blandiciis-
que adulantibus Zede-
chie adhesit, Rex
Sirie Benedab in cam-
po bellator ipsum di-
vino iudicio devictum
interfecit.

Among the kinges in the bible
I finde a tale, and is credible,
Of him that whilom Achab hihte,
Which hadde al Irahel to rihte ; 2530
Bot who that couthe glose softe
And flatre, suche he sette alofte
In gret astat and made hem riche ;
Bot thei that spieken wordes liche
To trouthe and wolde it noght forbere, P. iii. 171
For hem was non astat to bere,
The court of suche tok non hiede.
Til ate laste upon a nede,
That Benedab king of Surie
Of Irahel a gret partie, 2540
Which Ramoth Galaath was hote,
Hath sesed ; and of that riote
He tok conseil in sondri wise,
Bot noght of hem that weren wise.

2530 Irahel (Israel) J, S, FK rest Israel 2536 margin adulatis
A . . . B₂ 2540 Irahel (Israel) AJ, S, FK rest Israel

And natheles upon this cas
 To strengthen him, for Josaphas,
 Which thanne was king of Judee,
 He sende forto come, as he
 Which thurgh frendschipe and alliance
 Was next to him of aqueintance; 2550
 For Joram Sone of Josaphath
 Achabbes dowhter wedded hath,
 Which hihte faire Godelie.
 And thus cam into Samarie
 King Josaphat, and he fond there
 The king Achab: and whan thei were
 Togedre spekende of this thing,
 This Josaphat seith to the king,
 Hou that he wolde gladly hiere
 Som trew prophete in this matiere, 2560
 That he his conseil myhte yive
 To what point that it schal be drive.

And in that time so befell,
 Ther was such on in Irahel,
 Which sette him al to flaterie, P. iii. 172
 And he was cleped Sedechie;
 And after him Achab hath sent:
 And he at his comandement
 Tofore him cam, and be a sleyhte
 He hath upon his heved on heyhte 2570
 Tuo large hornes set of bras,
 As he which al a flatour was,
 And goth rampende as a leoun
 And caste hise hornes up and doun,
 And bad men ben of good espeir,
 For as the hornes percen their,
 He seith, withoute resistance,
 So wiste he wel of his science
 That Benedab is desconfit,
 Whan Sedechie upon this plit 2580
 Hath told this tale to his lord,
 Anon ther were of his acord
 Prophetes false manye mo

[AHAB AND MICAIAH.]

To bere up oil, and alle tho
 Affermen that which he hath told,
 Wherof the king Achab was bold
 And yaf hem yiftes al aboute.
 But Josaphat was in gret doute, (2600*)
 And hield fantosme al that he herde,
 Preiende Achab, hou so it ferde, 2590
 If ther were eny other man,
 The which of prophecie can,
 To hie him speke er that thei gon.
 Quod Achab thanne, 'Ther is on,
 A brothell, which Micheas hihte; P. iii. 173
 Bot he ne comth noght in my sihte,
 For he hath longe in prison lein.
 Him liketh nevere yit to sein
 A goodly word to mi plesance;
 And natheles at thin instance 2600
 He schal come oute, and thanne he may
 Seie as he seide many day;
 For yit he seide nevere wel.'
 Tho Josaphat began somdel
 To gladen him in hope of trouthe,
 And bad withouten eny slouthe
 That men him scholden fette anon.
 And thei that weren for him gon,
 Whan that thei comen wher he was,
 Thei tolden unto Micheas 2610
 The manere hou that Sedechie
 Declared hath his prophecie;
 And therupon thei preie him faire
 That he wol seie no contraire,
 Wherof the king mai be desplesed,
 For so schal every man ben esed,
 And he mai helpe himselve also.
 Micheas upon trouthe tho
 His herte sette, and to hem seith,
 Al that belongeth to his feith 2620
 And of non other feigned thing,

2594 Ther is on] is þer non B is þer on T 2598 liked S . . . Δ, W
 2609 þer S . . . Δ 2619 him AMX . . . B₁, K

[AHAB AND MICAIAH.]

That wol he telle unto his king,
 Als fer as god hath yove him grace.
 Thus cam this prophete into place
 Wher he the kinges wille herde ; P. iii. 174
 And he therto anon ansuerde,
 And seide unto him in this wise :
 ' Mi liege lord, for mi servise,
 Which trewe hath stonden evere yit,
 Thou hast me with prisone aquit ; 2630
 Bot for al that I schal noght glose
 Of trouthe als fer as I suppose ;
 And as touchende of this bataille,
 Thou schalt noght of the sothe faile.
 For if it like thee to hiere,
 As I am tauht in that matiere,
 Thou miht it understonde sone ;
 Bot what is afterward to done
 Advise thee, for this I sih.
 I was tofor the throne on hih, 2640
 Wher al the world me thoghte stod,
 And there I herde and understod
 The vois of god with wordes cliere
 Axende, and seide in this manere :
 " In what thing mai I best beguile
 The king Achab ? " And for a while
 Upon this point thei spieken faste.
 Tho seide a spirit ate laste,
 " I undertake this emprise."
 And god him axeth in what wise. 2650
 " I schal," quod he, " deceive and lye
 With flaterende prophecie
 In suche mouthes as he lieveth."
 And he which alle thing achieveth
 Bad him go forth and don riht so. P. iii. 175
 And over this I sih also
 The noble peple of Irahel
 Dispers as Schep upon an hell,

2622 his] þe H1, S... Δ 2633 this] þi S... Δ 2637 miht
 (might) JC, B mihte A, S, F 2641 S has lost two leaves (ll. 2641-
 3004) 2657 Irahel (Israel) J, FK rest Israel

[AHAB AND MICAIAH.]

Withoute a kepere unarraied :
 And as thei wente aboute astraied, 2660
 I herde a vois unto hem sein,
 "Goth hom into your hous ayein,
 Til I for you have betre ordeigned."
 Quod Sedechie, 'Thou hast feigned
 This tale in angringe of the king.'
 And in a wraththe upon this thing
 He smot Michee upon the cheke ;
 The king him hath rebuked eke,
 And every man upon him cride :
 Thus was he schent on every side, 2670
 Ayein and into prison lad,
 For so the king himselve bad.
 The trouthe myhte noght ben herd ;
 Bot afterward as it hath ferd,
 The dede proveth his entente :
 Achab to the bataille wente,
 Wher Benedab for al his Scheld
 Him slouh, so that upon the feld
 His poeple goth aboute astray.
 Bot god, which alle thinges may, 2680
 So doth that thei no meschief have ;
 Here king was ded and thei ben save,
 And hom ayein in goddes pes
 Thei wente, and al was founde les
 That Sedechie hath seid tofore. P. iii. 176
 So sit it wel a king therfore
 To loven hem that trouthe mene ;
 For ate laste it wol be sene (2700*)
 That flaterie is nothing worth.
 Bot nou to mi matiere forth, 2690
 As forto speken overmore
 After the Philosophres lore,
 The thridde point of Policie
 I thenke forto specifie.

[THE THIRD POINT OF
POLICY. JUSTICE.]

ix. *Propter transgressos leges statuuntur in orbe,
 Ut viuant iusti Regis honore viri.*

2689 flatering AdBT 2691 euermore JM, B forthermore W

*Lex sine iusticia populum sub principis umbra
Deuiat, vt rectum nemo videbit iter.*

[JUSTICE.]

What is a lond wher men ben none?
 What ben the men whiche are al one
 Withoute a kinges governance?
 What is a king in his ligance,
 Wher that ther is no lawe in londe?
 What is to take lawe on honde,
 Bot if the jugges weren trewe?
 These olde worldes with the newe
 Who that wol take in evidence,
 Ther mai he se the experience,
 What thing it is to kepe lawe,
 Thurgh which the wronges ben withdrawe
 And rihtwisnesse stant commended,
 Wherof the regnes ben amended.
 For wher the lawe mai comune
 The lordes forth with the commune,
 Ech hath his propre duete;
 And ek the kinges realte
 Of bothe his worschipe underfongeth,
 To his astat as it belongeth,
 Which of his hihe worthinesse
 Hath to governe rihtwisnesse,
 As he which schal the lawe guide.
 And natheles upon som side
 His pouer stant above the lawe,
 To yive bothe and to withdrawe
 The forfet of a mannes lif;
 But thinges whiche are excessif
 Ayein the lawe, he schal noght do
 For love ne for hate also.

Hic tractat de ter-
 cia Principum regi-
 minis Policia, que Ius-
 ticia nominata est,
 cuius condicio legibus
 incorrupta vniciue
 quod suum est equo
 pondere distribuit.

2710

P. iii. 177

2720

The myhtes of a king ben grete,
 Bot yit a worthi king schal lete
 Of wrong to don, al that he myhte;
 For he which schal the poeple ryhte,
 It sit wel to his regalie
 That he himself ferst justefie

Imperatoriam ma-
 iestatem non solum
 armis, set eciam legi-
 bus oportet esse ar-
 matam.

2730

2698 margin regiminis] Regis AM, BT, FW legis H₁ . . . B₂ siue
 regis Δ (Lat. om. J, Ad, K) 2710 lorde AH₁ lorde] M

[JUSTICE.]

Towardes god in his degre :
 For his astat is elles fre
 Toward alle othre in his persone,
 Save only to the god al one,
 Which wol himself a king chastise,
 Wher that non other mai suffise.
 So were it good to taken hiede
 That ferst a king his oghne dede
 Betwen the vertu and the vice
 Redresce, and thanne of his justice 2740
 So sette in evene the balance P. iii. 178
 Towardes othre in governance,
 That to the povere and to the riche
 Hise lawes myhten stonde liche,
 He schal excepte no persone.
 Bot for he mai noght al him one
 In sondri places do justice,
 He schal of his real office
 With wys consideracion
 Ordeigne his deputation 2750
 Of suche jugges as ben lerned,
 So that his poeple be governed
 Be hem that trewe ben and wise.
 For if the lawe of covoitise
 Be set upon a jugges hond,
 Wo is the poeple of thilke lond,
 For wrong mai noght himselven hyde :
 Bot elles on that other side,
 If lawe stonde with the riht,
 The poeple is glad and stant upriht. 2760
 Wher as the lawe is resonable,
 The comun poeple stant menable,
 And if the lawe torne amis,
 The poeple also mistorned is.
 And in ensample of this matiere
 Of Maximin a man mai hierie,
 Of Rome which was Emperour,

[JUSTICE OF MAXIMIN]

Nota hic de iusticia
 Maximini Imperatoris,

2747 do] to AM 2750 disputacioun AM ... B₂ 2762 menable
 AXG, FW moeuable (moueable &c.) H₁E, AdBT, K meuable (!)
 JMRCLB₂, A

That whanne he made a governour
 Be weie of substitution
 Of Province or of region,
 He wolde ferst enquire his name,
 And let it openly proclame
 What man he were, or evel or good.
 And upon that his name stod
 Enclin to vertu or to vice,
 So wolde he sette him in office,
 Or elles putte him al aweie.
 Thus hield the lawe his rihte weie,
 Which fond no let of covoitise:
 The world stod than upon the wise,
 As be ensample thou myht rede;
 And hold it in thi mynde, I rede.

In a Cronique I finde thus,
 Hou that Gayus Fabricius,
 Which whilom was Consul of Rome,
 Be whom the lawes yede and come,
 Whan the Sampnites to him broghte
 A somme of gold, and him besoghte
 To don hem favour in the lawe,
 Toward the gold he gan him drawe,
 Wherof in alle mennes lok
 A part up in his hond he tok,
 Which to his mouth in alle haste
 He putte, it forto smelle and taste,
 And to his yhe and to his Ere,
 Bot he ne fond no confort there:
 And thanne he gan it to despise,
 And tolde unto hem in this wise:
 'I not what is with gold to thryve,
 Whan non of all my wittes fyve
 Fynt savour ne delit therinne.
 So is it bot a nyce Sinne
 Of gold to ben to covoitous;
 Bot he is riche and glorious,

[JUSTICE OF MAXIMIN.]

qui cum alicuius pro-
 vincie custodem sibi
 substituere volebat,
 primo de sui nominis
 fama proclamacione
 facta ipsius condicio-
 nem diligentius in-
 vestigabat.

2770

P. iii. 179

2780

[GAIUS FABRICIUS.]

Hic ponit exemplum
 de iudicibus incorrup-
 tis. Et narrat qualiter
 (2800*) Gayus Fabricius nuper
 Rome Consul aurum a
 Sampnitibus sibi ob-
 latum renuit, dicens
 2790 quod nobilius est au-
 rum possidentes domi-
 nio subiugare, quam
 ex auri cupiditate do-
 minii libertatem amitte-
 re.

2800

P. iii. 180

2775 Enclind (Enclined) H1 . . . B2, W
 AM . . . B2 2794 putte AC, B put F 2792 in to his

[GAIUS FABRICIUS.]

Which hath in his subjeccion
 Tho men whiche in possession
 Ben riche of gold, and be this skile;
 For he mai aldai whan he wile,
 Or be hem lieve or be hem lothe,
 Justice don upon hem bothe.' 2810
 Lo, thus he seide, and with that word
 He threw tofore hem on the bord
 The gold out of his hond anon,
 And seide hem that he wolde non:
 So that he kepte his liberte
 To do justice and equite,
 Withoute lucre of such richesse.

Ther be nou fewe of suche, I gesse;
 For it was thilke times used,
 That every jugge was refused 2820
 Which was noght frend to comun riht;
 Bot thei that wolden stonde upriht
 For trouthe only to do justice
 Preferred were in thilke office
 To deme and jugge commun lawe:
 Which nou, men sein, is al withdrawe.
 To sette a lawe and kepe it noght
 Ther is no comun profit soght;
 Bot above alle natheles
 The lawe, which is mad for pes, 2830
 Is good to kepe for the beste, P. iii. 181
 For that set alle men in reste.

[THE EMPEROR
CONRAD.]

Hic narrat de iusticia nuper Conradi Imperatoris, cuius tempore alicuius reuerencia persone, aliqua seu precum interuencione quacunqve vel auri redempcione, legum Statuta commutari seu redimi nullatenus potuerunt.

The rihtful Emperour Conrade
 To kepe pes such lawe made,
 That non withinne the cite
 In destorbance of unite
 Dorste ones moeven a matiere.
 For in his time, as thou myht hiere,
 What point that was for lawe set
 It scholde for no gold be let, 2840
 To what persone that it were.

2806 whiche AJ, B which C, F 2814 non] anon MCB: (p. m.)
 gon E 2840 good AdBT

And this broghte in the comun fere,
Why every man the lawe dradde,
For ther was non which favour hadde.

So as these olde bokes sein,
I finde write hou a Romein,
Which Consul was of the Pretoire,
Whos name was Carmidotoire,
He sette a lawe for the pes,
That non, bot he be wepneles,
Schal come into the conseil hous,
And elles as malicious
He schal ben of the lawe ded.
To that statut and to that red
Acorden alle it schal be so,
For certain cause which was tho:
Nou lest what fell thereafter sone.
This Consul hadde forto done,
And was into the feldes ride;
And thei him hadden longe abide,
That lordes of the conseil were, 2860
And for him sende, and he cam there P. iii, 182
With swerd begert, and hath foryete,
Til he was in the conseil sete.
Was non of hem that made speche,
Til he himself it wolde seche,
And fond out the defalte himselve;
And thanne he seide unto the tuelve,
Whiche of the Senat weren wise,
'I have deserved the juise, 2870
In haste that it were do.'
And thei him seiden alle no;
For wel thei wiste it was no vice,
Whan he ne thoghte no malice,
Bot onliche of a litel slouthe:
And thus thei leften as for routhe

[THE CONSUL CAR-
MIDOTIRUS.]

Nota exemplum de
constancia iudicis; vbi
narrat de Carmidotiro
Rome nuper Consule,
qui cum sui statuti le-
gem nescius offendis-
set, Romanique super
hoc penam sibi remit-
tere voluissent, ipse
propria manu, vbi nul-
lus alius in ipsum vin-
dex fuit, sui criminis
vindictam executus
est.

2850 f. That euery man be wepenles
That come in to &c. H₁ . . . B₂

2857 lest] heer (here) AM . . . B₂ 2858 Thus AM 2863
igerd (I gerde &c.) AM . . . B₂

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

To do justice upon his gilt,
 For that he scholde noght be spilt.
 And whanne he sih the maner hou
 Thei wolde him save, he made avou 2880
 With manfull herte, and thus he seide,
 That Rome scholde nevere abreide
 His heires, whan he were of dawē,
 That here Ancestre brak the lawe.
 Forthi, er that thei weren war,
 Forth with the same swerd he bar
 The statut of his lawe he kepte,
 So that al Rome his deth bewepete. (2900*)

[EXAMPLE OF CAM-
BYSES.]

Nota quod falsi iudices mortis pena puniendi sunt. Narrat enim qualiter Cambyses Rex Persarum quendam iudicem corruptum excoriari viuum fecit, eiusque pelle cathedram iudicalem operiri constituit: ita quod filius suus super patris pellem postea pro tribunali cessurus iudicii equitatem evidencius memoraretur.

In other place also I rede,
 Wher that a jugge his oghne dede 2890
 Ne wol noght venge of lawe broke, P. iii. 183
 The king it hath himselven wroke.
 The grete king which Cambises
 Was hote, a jugge laweles
 He fond, and into remembrance
 He dede upon him such vengeance:
 Out of his skyn he was beflain
 Al quyk, and in that wise slain,
 So that his skyn was schape al meete,
 And nayled on the same seete 2900
 Wher that his Sone scholde sitte.
 Avise him, if he wolde flitte
 The lawe for the coveitise,
 Ther sih he redi his juisse.
 Thus in defalte of other jugge
 The king mot otherwhile jugge,
 To holden up the rihte lawe.
 And forto speke of tholde dawē,
 To take ensample of that was tho,
 I finde a tale write also, 2910
 Hou that a worthi prince is holde
 The lawes of his lond to holde,
 Ferst for the hihe goddes sake,
 And ek for that him is betake

The poeple forto guide and lede,
Which is the charge of his kinghede.

In a Cronique I rede thus
Of the rihtful Ligurgius,
Which of Athenis Prince was,
Hou he the lawe in every cas,
Wherof he scholde his poeple reule, P. iii. 184
Hath set upon so good a reule,
In al this world that cite non
Of lawe was so wel begon
Forth with the trouthe of governance.
Ther was among hem no distance,
Bot every man hath his encrese;
Ther was withoute werre pes,
Withoute envie love stod;
Richesse upon the comun good
And noght upon the singular
Ordeigned was, and the pouer
Of hem that weren in astat
Was sauf: wherof upon debat
Ther stod nothing, so that in reste
Mihte every man his herte reste.

And whan this noble rihtful king
Sih hou it ferde of al this thing,
Wherof the poeple stod in ese,
He, which for evere wolde plese
The hihe god, whos thonk he soghte,
A wonder thing thanne him bethoghte,
And schop if that it myhte be,
Hou that his lawe in the cite
Mihte afterward for evere laste.
And therupon his wit he caste
What thing him were best to feigne,
That he his pourpos myhte atteigne.

A Parlement and thus he sette,
His wisdom wher that he besette
In audience of grete and smale,

[LYCURGUS AND HIS
LAWS.]

Hic ponit exemplum
de Principibus illis,
2920 qui non solum legem
statuentes illam con-
servant, set vt com-
mune bonum adauge-
ant, propriam faculta-
tem diminuunt. Et
narrat quod, cum Li-
gurgius Athenarum
princeps subditos suos
in omni prosperitatis
habundancia divites et
vnanimis congruis
legibus stare fecisset,
volens ad vtilitatem
rei publice leges illas
2930 firmitus observari, per-
egre proficisci se fin-
xit; set prius iuramen-
tum solempne a legiis
suis sub hac forma exe-
git, quod ipsi vsque in
reditum suum leges
suas nullatenus in-
fringerent: quibus iu-
ratis peregrinacionem
suam in exilium abs-
que reditu pro per-
petuo delegavit.

2940

2950

P. iii. 185

2920 margin qui om. BT
2938 margin delegatur BT

2926 margin subditos suos om. A . . B2
2951 and om. A (p. m.)

[LYCURGUS AND HIS
LAWS.]

And in this wise he tolde his tale :
 ' God wot, and so ye witen alle,
 Hierafterward hou so it falle,
 Yit into now my will hath be
 To do justice and equite
 In forthringe of comun profit ;
 Such hath ben evere my delit.
 Bot of o thing I am beknowe,
 The which mi will is that ye knowe : 2960
 The lawe which I tok on honde,
 Was altogedre of goddes sonde
 And nothing of myn oghne wit ;
 So mot it nede endure yit,
 And schal do lengere, if ye wile.
 For I wol telle you the skile ;
 The god Mercurius and no man
 He hath me tawht al that I can
 Of suche lawes as I made,
 Wherof that ye ben alle glade ; 2970
 It was the god and nothing I,
 Which dede al this, and nou forthi
 He hath comanded of his grace
 That I schal come into a place
 Which is forein out in an yle,
 Wher I mot tarie for a while,
 With him to speke, as he hath bede.
 For as he seith, in thilke stede
 He schal me suche thinges telle,
 That evere, whyl the world schal duelle, 2980
 Athenis schal the betre fare. P. iii. 186
 Bot ferst, er that I thider fare,
 For that I wolde that mi lawe
 Amonges you ne be withdrawe
 Ther whyles that I schal ben oute,
 Forthi to setten out of doute
 Bothe you and me, this wol I preie,
 That ye me wolde assure and seie (3000*)
 With such an oth as I wol take,

2967 no man JC, B noman A, F 2977 as] and AdBT
 2989 3e wol AdBT I wold A

LIBER SEPTIMUS

315

That ech of you schal undertake
 Mi lawes forto kepe and holde.
 Thei seiden alle that thei wolde;
 And therupon thei swore here oth,
 That fro the time that he goth,
 Til he to hem be come ayein,
 Thei scholde hise lawes wel and plein
 In every point kepe and fulfille.

2990 [LYCURGUS AND HIS
 LAWS.]

Thus hath Ligurgius his wille,
 And tok his leve and forth he wente.
 Bot lest nou wel to what entente 3000
 Of rihtwisnesse he dede so :
 For after that he was ago,
 He schop him nevere to be founde ;
 So that Athenis, which was bounde,
 Nevere after scholde be releessed,
 Ne thilke goode lawe cessed,
 Which was for comun profit set.
 And in this wise he hath it knet ;
 He, which the comun profit soghte,
 The king, his oghne astat ne roghte ; 3010
 To do profit to the comune, P. iii. 187
 He tok of exil the fortune,
 And lefte of Prince thilke office
 Only for love and for justice,
 Thurgh which he thoghte, if that he myhte,
 For evere after his deth to rihte
 The cite which was him betake.
 Wherof men oghte ensample take
 The goode lawes to avance
 With hem which under governance 3020
 The lawes have forto kepe ;
 For who that wolde take kepe
 Of hem that ferst the lawes founde,
 Als fer as lasteth eny bounde
 Of lond, here names yit ben knowe :
 And if it like thee to knowe

2993 swere H1 . . . B2, Ad, WK 3000 lest] heer (here)
 AM . . . B2 3003 schop (schoop) AJC, B schope F 3005
 S resumes 3020 which AC, S, F whiche B

[THE FIRST LAW-
GIVERS.]

Hic ad eorum lau-
dem, qui iusticie causa
leges primo statue-
runt. aliquorum nomi-
na specialius com-
memorat.

Some of here names hou thei stonde,
Nou herkne and thou schalt understonde.

Of every bienfet the merite
The god himself it wol aquite ; 3030

And ek fulofte it falleth so,
The world it wole aquite also,
Bot that mai noght ben evene liche :
The god he yifh the heveneriche,
The world yifh only bot a name,
Which stant upon the goode fame
Of hem that don the goode dede.

And in this wise double mede
Resceiven thei that don wel hiere ;
Wherof if that thee list to hiere 3040

After the fame as it is blowe, P. iii. 188

Ther myht thou wel the sothe knowe,
Hou thilke honeste besinesse

Of hem that ferst for rihtwisnesse
Among the men the lawes made,
Mai nevere upon this erthe fade.

For evere, whil ther is a tunge,
Here name schal be rad and sunge
And holde in the Cronique write ;
So that the men it scholden wite, 3050

To speke good, as thei wel oghten,
Of hem that ferst the lawes soghten
In forthringe of the worldes pes.

Unto thebreus was Moises
The ferste, and to thegipcians
Mercurius, and to Troiens

Ferst was Neuma Pompilius,
To Athenes Ligurgius
Yaf ferst the lawe, and to Gregois 3060

Foroneüs hath thilke vois,
And Romulus to the Romeins.
For suche men that ben vileins
The lawe in such a wise ordeigneth,
That what man to the lawe pleigneth,

3040 to om. A . . . CB₂
JC, SB suche A, F

3060 hadde AdBT

3063 such

[KINGS MUST KEEP
THE LAWS.]

Be so the jugge stonde upriht,
He schal be served of his riht.
And so ferforth it is befallē
That lawe is come among ous alle :

God lieve it mote wel ben holde,
As every king therto is holde ;
For thing which is of kinges set,
With kinges oghte it noght be let.
What king of lawe takth no kepe,
Be lawe he mai no regne kepe.

3070
P. iii. 189

Do lawe away, what is a king ?
Wher is the riht of eny thing,
If that ther be no lawe in londe ?
This oghte a king wel understonde,
As he which is to lawe swore,
That if the lawe be forbore

3080

Withouten execucioun,
It makth a lond torne up so doun,
Which is unto the king a sclandre.

Forthi unto king Alisandre
The wise Philosophre bad,
That he himselve ferst be lad
Of lawe, and forth thanne overal
So do justice in general,

(3100*)

That al the wyde lond aboute
The justice of his lawe doute,
And thanne schal he stonde in reste.

3090

For therto lawe is on the beste
Above alle other erthly thing,
To make a liege drede his king.
Bot hou a king schal gete him love
Toward the hihe god above,
And ek among the men in erthe,
This nexte point, which is the ferthe
Of Aristotles lore, it techeth :

Wherof who that the Scole secheth,
What Policie that it is

3100
P. iii. 190

The bok reherscheth after this.

[THE FOURTH POINT
OF POLICY. PITY.]

Hic tractat de quarta Principum regiminis Policia, que Pietas dicta est; per quam Principes erga populum misericordes effectum misericordiam altissimi graciosius consequuntur.

Nota.

x. *Nil rationis habens ubi velle tyrannica regna
Stringit, amor populi transiet exul ibi.
Set Pietas, regnum que conservabit in eum,
Non tantum populo, set placet illa deo.*

It nedeth noght that I delate
The pris which preised is algate,
And hath ben evere and evere schal,
Wherof to speke in special,
It is the vertu of Pite,
Thurgh which the hihe mageste
Was stered, whan his Sone alyhte,
And in pite the world to rihte
Tok of the Maide fleissh and blod.
Pite was cause of thilke good,
Wherof that we ben alle save:
Wel oghte a man Pite to have
And the vertu to sette in pris,
Whan he himself which is al wys
Hath schewed why it schal be preised.
Pite may noght be conterpeised
Of tirannie with no peis;
For Pite makth a king courteis
Bothe in his word and in his dede.

3110

3120

It sit wel every liege drede
His king and to his heste obeie,
And riht so be the same weie
It sit a king to be pitous
Toward his poeple and gracious
Upon the reule of governance,
So that he worche no vengeance,
Which mai be cleped cruale.
Justice which doth equite
Is dredfull, for he noman spareth;
Bot in the lond wher Pite fareth
The king mai nevere faile of love,
For Pite thurgh the grace above,
So as the Philosophre affermeth,

P. iii. 191

3130

Latin Verses x. 2 vbi H1 . . . B1

3110 *margin* graciosius H1 . . . B1, W 3122 *margin* Nota F
om. AC, B 3135 Philosophre] holy book BTA

His regne in good astat confermeth.*

Thus seide whilom Constantin :

'What Emperour that is enclin

[PITY.]

Constantinus Imperator ait: 'Vere se dominum esse com-

*Thapostle James in this wise
Seith, what man scholde do juise,
And hath not pite forth with al,
The doom of him which demeth al
He may himself fulsore drede,
That him schal lakke upon the nede
To fynde pite, whan he wolde :
For who that pite wol biholde,—
It is a poynt of Cristes lore.
And for to loken overmore,
It is bihovely, as we fynde,
To resoun and to lawe of kynde.

3150*

Cassodre in his apprise telleth,
'The regne is sauf, wher pite duelleth.'

And Tullius his tale avoweth,
And seith, 'What king to pite boweth
And with pite stant overcome,
He hath that schield of grace nome,
Which to the kinges yifth victoire.'

3160*

Cassodorus. Vbi regnat pietas, consolidatur regnum.

Tullius. Qui pietate vincitur scutum victorie merito gestabit.

P. iii. 192

Of Alisandre in his histoire
I rede how he a worthi knight
Of sodein wraththe and nought of right
Forjugged hath, and he appeleth.
And with that word the king quereleth,
And seith, 'Non is above me.'
'That wot I wel my lord,' quoth he ;
'Fro thy lordschipe appele I nought,
But fro thy wraththe in al my thought
To thy pitee stant myn appeal.
The king, which understod him wel,
Of pure pite yaf him grace.
And eek I rede in other place,
Thus seide whilom etc. (as 3137 ff.)

3170*

Valerius narrat quod cum rex Alexander in ira sua quendam militem morti condemnasset, et ille appellavit, dixit rex, 'In terra nullus maior me est: ad quem ergo appellas?' Respondit miles, 'Non a maiestate tua, set a sententia ire tue tantum ad pietatem tuam appello.' Et sic rex pietate motus ipsum in misericordiam benignissime suscepit.

3180*

3137-3162 Placed after 3360* in SA
3149*-3180* Only in BTA (Ad defective). Text follows B
scholde] þat scholde T 3163* þis tale T

3150*

[PITY.]

probat, qui seruum
pietatis se facit.'

Troianus ait, quod
ipse subditos suos so-
lite pietatis fauore ma-
gis quam austeritatis
rigore regere, eorum-
que beneuolenciam
pocius quam timorem
penes se attractare
proponebat.

To Pite forto be servant,
Of al the worldes remenant
He is worthi to ben a lord.'

3140

In olde bokes of record
This finde I write of essamplaire :
Troian the worthi debonaire,
Be whom that Rome stod governed,
Upon a time as he was lerned (3190*)
Of that he was to familier,
He seide unto that conseiller,
That forto ben an Emperour
His will was noght for vein honour, 3150
Ne yit for reddour of justice ;
Bot if he myhte in his office
Hise lordes and his poeple plese, P. iii. 193
Him thoghte it were a grettere ese
With love here hertes to him drawe,
Than with the drede of eny lawe. (3200*)
For whan a thing is do for doute,
Fulofte it comth the worse aboute ;
Bot wher a king is Pietous,
He is the more gracious, 3160
That mochel thrift him schal betyde,
Which elles scholde torne aside.*

[TALE OF CODRUS.]

Of Pite forto speke plein, P. iii. 198, l. 17
Which is with mercy wel besein,

[TALE OF THE JEW
AND THE PAGAN.]

Hic in pietatis ex-
emplum prout Aris-
totiles Regi Alexan-
dro nuper rettulit, de-
clarans scribit qualiter
Iudeus pedestes cum
quodam pagano asi-
num equitante per de-

*To do pite support and grace,
The Philosophre upon a place
In his writinge of daies olde
A tale of gret essample tolde 3210*
Unto the king of Macedoine :
How betwen Kaire and Babeloine,
Whan comen is the somer heete,
It hapneth tuo men forto meete,

3142 ff. *margin* Troianus—proponerebat *om.* BT 3143 This A, F
Thus B 3148 conseiller F 3159 pitous (petous) JH, LB, Δ, W
piteous R piteuous X
3207*-3360* *Only in* SAdBTΔΔ (*Ad defective to l. 3269**). *Text*
follows S 3212* *betwene* S

Fulofte he wole himselve peine
 To kepe an other fro the peine:
 For Charite the moder is
 Of Pite, which nothing amis
 Can soffre, if he it mai amende.

[TALE OF CODRUS.]

Nota hic de Principis pietate erga populum, vbi narrat quod, cum Codrus Rex Athenarum contra Dorences bellum gerere de-

As thei scholde entren in a pas,
 Wher that the wyldernesse was.
 And as they wenten forth spekende
 Under the large wodes ende,
 That o man axeth of that other:
 'What man art thou, mi lieve brother?
 Which is thi creance and thi feith?'

3220*

'I am paien,' that other seith,
 'And be the lawe which I use
 I schal noght in mi feith refuse
 To loven alle men aliche,
 The povere bothe and ek the riche:
 Whan thei ben glade I schal be glad,
 And sori whan thei ben bestad;
 So schal I live in unite
 With every man in his degre.
 For riht as to miself I wolde,
 Riht so toward alle othre I scholde
 Be gracious and debonaire.
 Thus have I told thee softe and faire
 Mi feith, mi lawe, and mi creance;
 And if thee list for aqueintance,
 Now tell what maner man thou art.'

P. iii. 194

And he ansuerde upon his part:
 'I am a Jew, and be mi lawe
 I schal to noman be felawe
 To kepe him trowthe in word ne dede,
 Bot if he be withoute drede
 A verrai Jew riht as am I:
 For elles I mai trewely

[TALE OF THE JEW
AND THE PAGAN.]

sertum itinerando ipsum de secta et fide sua strictius interrogavit. Qui respondens ait: 'Paganus sum et fides mea hec est, vt omnes vno animo diligam et penes vnum quemque tempore necessitatis pietatem pro posse meo excerceam.' Cui Iudeus: 'Permitte me ergo, qui lassatus itinere deficio, aliquantulum equitare, et tu respectu pietatis ob meam recreationem pedibus pro tempore incedas.' Et ita factum est, vnde postea paganus infra breue lassatus asino suo restitui a Iudeo postulavit. At ille ait: 'Nequaquam: quia fides mea est, vt illi qui sectam meam non credit, nocumentum absque pietate prouocare debeo.' Et hiis dictis asellum veloci passu coegit, et paganum a dorso illud relinquit. Quod videns paganus in terram dolens corruit, extensisque in celum manibus summam iusticiam inuocabat. Postque a terra exurgens, cum paulisper deambulasset, respexit in quamdam vallem Iu-

3230*

3240*

3220* art] arþ S 3222* *margin* pietatem om. B 3223* *marg.*
 excerciam S 3228* *marg.* pro tempore om. BT 3231* *marg.*
 asinum sibi restitui BTA 3232* I om. BT 3234* *marg.* nocumen-
 tum S nocumenta B 3242* And T 3244* *marg.* quadam valle BT

* *

Y

[TALE OF CODRUS.]

beret, consulto prius
Appolline responsum
accepit, quod vnum de
duobus, videlicet aut
seipsum in prelio in-
terfici et populum su-
um saluari, aut popu-
lum interfici et se
saluum fieri, eligere

[TALE OF THE JEW
AND THE PAGAN.]

deum a leone in mor-
tis articulo prostratum;
et sic asinum suum
cum gaudio resumens,
pietatem magis quam
austeritatem laudabi-
lem decreuit.

It sit to every man livende
To be Pitous, bot non so wel
As to a king, which on the whiel
Fortune hath set aboven alle:
For in a king, if so befalle
That his Pite be ferme and stable,
To al the lond it is vailable

3170

(3370*)

Bereve him bothe lif and good.
The paien herde and understod,
And thoghte it was a wonder lawe.
And thus upon here sondri sawe
Talkende bothe forth thei wente.

The dai was hoot, the sonne brente, 3250*

The paien rod upon an asse,
And of his catell more and lasse
With him a riche trusse he ladde.
The Jew, which al untrowthe hadde,
And wente upon his feet beside, P. iii. 195

Bethoghte him how he mihte ride;
And with his wordes slihe and wise
Unto the paien in this wise
He seide: 'O, now it schal be seene
What thing it is thou woldest meene: 3260*

For if thi lawe be certein
As thou hast told, I dar wel sein,
Thou wolt beholde mi destresse,
Which am so full of werinesse,
That I ne mai unethe go,
And let me ride a Myle or tuo,
So that I mai mi bodi ese.'
The paien wolde him noght desplese
Of that he spak, bot in pite
It list him forto knowe and se 3270*
The pleignte which that other made;
And for he wolde his herte glade,
He lihte and made him nothing strange.

3174 if it so AM 3176 margin se] seipsum BT, Hs eligere om. BT
3251* margin after decreuit B adds et cum omni sui cordis intimo
deo gracias egit 3256* Boþoghte S 3265* vnneþes T

Only thurgh grace of his persone ; P. iii. 199 [TALE OF CODRUS.]
 For the Pite of him al one
 Mai al the large realme save.
 So sit it wel a king to have 3180
 Pite ; for this Valeire tolde,
 And seide hou that be daies olde (3380*)
 Codrus, which was in his degre

oporteret. Super quo
 Rex pietate motus
 plebisque sue magis
 quam proprii corporis
 salutem affectans, mor-
 tem sibi preelegit ; et
 sic bellum aggrediens
 pro vita multorum so-
 lus interiit.

Thus was ther made a newe change,
 The paien goth, the Jew alofte
 Was sett upon his asse softe :
 So gon thei forth carpente faste
 Of this and that, til ate laste
 The paien mihte go nomore,
 And preide unto the Jew therfore 3280*
 To suffre him ride a litel while.
 The Jew, which thoghte him to beguile,
 Anon rod forth the grete pas,
 And to the paien in this cas
 He seide, 'Thou hast do thi riht, P. iii. 196
 Of that thou haddest me behiht
 To do socour upon mi nede ;
 And that acordeth to the dede,
 As thou art to the lawe holde.
 And in such wise as I thee tolde, 3290*
 I thenke also for mi partie
 Upon the lawe of Juerie
 To worche and do mi duete.
 Thin asse schal go forth with me
 With al thi good, which I have sesed ;
 And that I wot thou art desesed,
 I am riht glad and noght mispaid,
 And whanne he hath these wordes said,
 In alle haste he rod aweie.
 This paien wot non other weie, 3300*
 Bot on the ground he kneleth evene,
 His handes up unto the hevene,
 And seide, 'O hihe sothfastnesse,

[TALE OF THE JEW
 AND THE PAGAN.]

3278* On his on þat AdBTA 3283* rod] goþ T 3292* Iuerie
 AdT Iewerie B Iurie S

[TALE OF CODRUS.]

King of Athenis the cite,
 A werre he hadde ayein Dorrence :
 And forto take his evidence
 What schal befall of the bataille,
 He thoghte he wolde him ferst consaille
 With Appollo, in whom he triste ;
 Thurgh whos ansuere this he wiste, 3190

[TALE OF THE JEW
AND THE PAGAN.]

That lovest alle rihtwisnesse,
 Unto thi dom, lord, I appele ;
 Behold and deme mi querele,
 With humble herte I thee beseche ;
 The mercy bothe and ek the wreche
 I sette al in thi juggement.
 And thus upon his marrement 3310*
 This paen hath made his preiere :
 And than he ros with drery chiere,
 And goth him forth, and in his gate
 He caste his yhe aboute algate,
 The Jew if that he mihte se. P. iii. 197
 Bot for a time it mai noght be ;
 Til ate laste ayein the nyht,
 So as god wolde, he wente ariht,
 As he which hield the hihe weie,
 And thanne he sih in a valleie 3320*
 Wher that the Jew liggende was,
 Al blodi ded upon the gras,
 Which strangled was of a leoun.
 And as he lokede up and doun,
 He fond his asse faste by
 Forth with his harneis redely
 Al hol and sound, as he it lefte,
 Whan that the Jew it him berefte :
 Wherof he thonketh god knelende.
 Lo, thus a man mai knowe at ende, 3330*
 How the pitous pite deserveth.
 For what man that to pite serveth,

3186 his om. AM an W
 3305* dom (doom) AdBT dome S 3311* made SAdBAA
 mad T 3312* whan B 3327* hol BT hole SAd

Of tuo pointz that he myhte chese,
 Or that he wolde his body lese
 And in bataille himselve deie,
 Or elles the seconde weie,
 To sen his poeple desconfit.
 Bot he, which Pite hath parfit
 Upon the point of his believe,

[TALE OF CODRUS.]

(3390*)

As Aristotle it berth witenesse,
 God schal hise foomen so repress,
 That thei schul ay stonde under foote.
 Pite, men sein, is thilke roote
 Wherof the vertus springen alle :
 What infortune that befall
 In eny lond, lacke of pite
 Is cause of thilke adversite ;
 And that aldai mai schewe at yhe,
 Who that the world discretly syhe.
 Good is that every man therfore
 Take hiede of that is seid tofore ;
 For of this tale and othre ynowhe
 These noble princes whilom drowhe
 Here evidence and here aprise,
 As men mai finde in many a wise,
 Who that these olde bokes rede :
 And thogh thei ben in erthe dede,
 Here goode name may noght deie
 For Pite, which thei wolde obeie,
 To do the dedes of mercy.
 And who this tale redily
 Remembre, as Aristotle it tolde,
 He mai the will of god beholde
 Upon the point as it was ended,
 Wherof that pite stod commended,
 Which is to charite felawe,
 As thei that kepen bothe o lawe.

[TALE OF THE JEW
AND THE PAGAN.]

3340*

P. iii. 198

3350*

3360*

3339* lond AdBT londe S 3342* discretely S 3348*
 many wise AdB After 3360* ins. 3137-3162 SΔ rest proceed
 with 3163 ff.

[TALE OF CODRUS.]

The poeple thoghte to relieve,
 And ches himselve to be ded.
 Wher is nou such an other hed, 3200
 Which wolde for the lemes dye?
 And natheles in som partie (3400*)
 It oghte a kinges herte stere,
 That he hise liege men forbere.
 And ek toward hise enemis
 Fulofte he may deserve pris,
 To take of Pite remembrance, P. iii. 200
 Wher that he myhte do vengeance:
 For whanne a king hath the victoire,
 And thanne he drawe into memoire 3210
 To do Pite in stede of wreche,
 He mai noght faile of thilke speche
 Wherof arist the worldes fame,
 To give a Prince a worthi name.

[POMPEIUS AND THE
KING OF ARMENIA.]

Hic ponit exemplum de victoriosi Principis pietate erga aduersarios suos. Et narrat quod, cum Pompeius Romanorum Imperator Regem Armenie aduersarium suum in bello victum cepisset, captumque vinculis alligatum Rome tenuisset, tyrannidis iracundie stimulos postponens, pietatis mansuetudinem operatus est. Dixit enim quod nobilius est Regem facere quam depone: super quo dictum Regem absque vlla redempcione non solum a vinculis absoluit, set ad sui regni culmen gratuita voluntate coronatum restituit.

I rede hou whilom that Pompeie,
 To whom that Rome moste obeie,
 A werre hadde in jeupartie
 Ayein the king of Ermenie,
 Which of long time him hadde grieved.
 Bot ate laste it was achieved 3220
 That he this king desconfit hadde,
 And forth with him to Rome ladde
 As Prisoner, wher many a day
 In sori plit and povere he lay,
 The corone of his heved deposed,
 Withinne walles faste enclosed;
 And with ful gret humilite
 He soffreth his adversite.
 Pompeie sih his pacience
 And tok pite with conscience, 3230
 So that upon his hihe deis
 Tofore al Rome in his Paleis,
 As he that wolde upon him rewe,
 Let yive him his corone newe

3198 thoghte to relieve] of his byleeue AM 3218 in Ermonie AM
 3225 on his heed B 3233 margin restituit F

And his astat al full and plein
 Restoreth of his regne ayein,
 And seide it was more goodly thing P. iii. 201
 To make than undon a king,
 To him which pouer hadde of bothe.
 Thus thei, that weren longe wrothe, 3240
 Acorden hem to final pes;
 And yit justice natheles
 Was kept and in nothing offended;
 Wherof Pompeie was comended.
 Ther mai no king himself excuse,
 Bot if justice he kepe and use,
 Which for teschuie crualte
 He mot attempre with Pite.

[POMPEIUS AND THE
 KING OF ARMENIA.]

Of crualte the felonie
 Engendred is of tirannie, 3250
 Ayein the whos condicion
 God is himself the champion, (3450*)
 Whos strengthe mai noman withstonde.
 For evere yit it hath so stonde,
 That god a tirant overladde;
 Bot wher Pite the regne ladde,
 Ther mihte no fortune laste
 Which was grevous, bot ate laste
 The god himself it hath redresced.
 Pite is thilke vertu blessed 3260
 Which nevere let his Maister falle;
 Bot crualte, thogh it so falle
 That it mai regne for a throwe,
 God wole it schal ben overthrowe:
 Wherof ensamples ben ynowhe
 Of hem that thilke merel drowhe.

[CRUELTY.]

Of crualte I rede thus: P. iii. 202
 Whan the tirant Leoncius
 Was to thempire of Rome arrived,
 Fro which he hath with strengthe prived 3270
 The piteous Justinian,

[CRUELTY OF
 LEONTIUS.]

Hic loquitur contra
 illos, qui tirannica
 potestate principatum
 obtinentes in iniquita-

3235 and ful AM . . . B₂ 3244 was] is 3it S . . . Δ 3270
 with] þe XGERL by H₁ no B₂ 3271 piteous (petows) MH₁ XLB₂,
 Δ, WH₁ piteuous AdT margin in *qm*. H₁ . . . B₂, BTΔ

[CRUELTY OF
LEONTIUS.]

tis sue malicia gloriantur. Et narrat exemplum, qualiter Leontius tyrannus pius Iustinianum non solum a solio imperatorie maiestatis fraudulenter expulit, set vt ipse inhabilis ad regnum in aspectu plebis efficeretur, naso et labris abscisis, ipsum tyrannice mutauit. Deus tamen, qui super omnia pius est, Tiberio superueniente vna cum adiutorio Terbellis Bulgarie Regis, Iustinianum interfecto Leontio ad imperium restitui misericorditer procurauit.

[CRUELTY OF
SICULUS.]

Hic loquitur vltorius de crudelitate Siculi tyranni, necnon et de Berillo eiusdem Consiliario, qui ad tormentum populi quendam taurum eneam tyrannica coniectura fabricari constituit; in quo tamen ipse prior, proprio crimine illud exigente, vsque ad sui interitus expirationem iudicialiter torquebatur.

As he which was a cruel man,
His nase of and his lippes bothe
He kutte, for he wolde him lothe
Unto the poeple and make unable.
Bot he which is al merciabe,
The hihe god, ordeigneth so,
That he withinne a time also,
Whan he was strengest in his ire,
Was schoven out of his empire.
Tiberius the pouer hadde,
And Rome after his will he ladde,
And for Leonce in such a wise
Ordeigneth, that he tok iuise
Of nase and lippes bothe tuo,
For that he dede an other so,
Which more worthi was than he.

3280

Lo, which a fall hath cruale,
And Pite was set up ayein:
For after that the bokes sein,
Therbellis king of Bulgarie
With helpe of his chivalerie
Justinian hath unprisoned
And to thempire ayein coroned.

3290

In a Cronique I finde also
Of Siculus, which was ek so
A cruel king lich the tempeste, P. iii. 203
The whom no Pite myhte areste,—
He was the ferste, as bokes seie,
Upon the See which fond Galeie 3300
And let hem make for the werre,—
As he which al was out of herre (3500*)
Fro Pite and misericorde;
For therto couthe he noght acorde,
Bot whom he myhte slen, he slouh,
And therof was he glad ynouh.

3274 *margin* in exemplum S . . . Δ 3276 al is SAdBT is Δ
3279 of his ire Δ in his A in hic M *margin* in om. BT
3298 To whom AM . . . B₂, Ad Inne whom W hom Δ
margin tyranni om. A . . . B₂

[CRUELTY OF
SICULUS.]

He hadde of conseil manyon,
 Among the whiche ther was on,
 Be name which Berillus hihte;
 And he bethoghte him hou he myhte 3310
 Unto the tirant do likinge,
 And of his oghne ymaginyng
 Let forge and make a Bole of bras,
 And on the side cast ther was
 A Dore, wher a man mai inne,
 Whan he his peine schal beginne
 Thurgh fyr, which that men putten under.
 And al this dede he for a wonder,
 That whanne a man for peine cride,
 The Bole of bras, which gapeth wyde, 3320
 It scholde seme as thogh it were
 A belwinge in a mannes Ere,
 And noght the criinge of a man.
 Bot he which alle sleihtes can,
 The devel, that lith in helle fast,
 Him that this caste hath overcast,
 That for a trespas, which he dede P. iii. 204
 He was putt in the same stede,
 And was himself the ferste of alle
 Which was into that peine falle 3330
 That he for othre men ordeigneth;
 Ther was noman which him compleigneth.

Of tirannie and crualte
 Be this ensample a king mai se,
 Himself and ek his conseil bothe,
 Hou thei ben to mankinde lothe
 And to the god abhominable.
 Ensamples that ben concordable
 I finde of othre Princes mo,
 As thou schalt hiere, of time go. 3340

The grete tirant Dionys,
 Which mannes lif sette of no pris,

3326 this caste] it cast B is cast Ad, H₂ þis made A . . . B₂
 3330 vnto AdBT to Δ 3332 which] þat AM . . . B₂ 3338
 couenable AM . . . R coueable L couable B₂ (C defect.) 3340 ago
 (a go) H₁E, BΔ, WH₂ 3342 of] at A . . . B₂ om. W

[DIONYSIUS AND HIS
HORSES.]

Nota hic de Dionysio tiranno, qui mire crudelitatis seueritate etiam hospites suos ad deuorandum equis suis tribuit : cui Hercules tandem superueniens victum impium in impietate sua pari morte conclusit.

[LICHAON.]

Nota hic de consimili Lichaontis tyrannia, qui carnes hominum hominibus in suo hospicio ad vescendum dedit ; cuius formam condicioni similem Iupiter cocquans ipsum in lupum transformauit.

Unto his hors fulofte he yaf
The men in stede of corn and chaf,
So that the hors of thilke stod
Devoureden the mennes blod ;
Til fortune ate laste cam,
That Hercules him overcam,
And he riht in the same wise
Of this tirant tok the juise : 3350
As he til othre men hath do,
The same deth he deide also, (3550*)
That no Pite him hath socoured,
Til he was of hise hors devoured.

Of Lichaon also I finde
Hou he ayein the lawe of kinde P. iii. 205
Hise hostes slouh, and into mete
He made her bodies to ben ete
With othre men withinne his hous.
Bot Jupiter the glorious, 3360
Which was commoeved of this thing,
Vengeance upon this cruel king
So tok, that he fro mannes forme
Into a wolf him let transforme :
And thus the crualte was kidd,
Which of long time he hadde hidd ;
A wolf he was thanne openly,
The whos nature prively
He hadde in his condicion.

And unto this conclusioun, 3370
That tirannie is to despise,
I finde ensample in sondri wise,
And nameliche of hem fulofte,
The whom fortune hath set alofte
Upon the werres forto winne.
Bot hou so that the wrong beginne
Of tirannie, it mai noght laste,
Bot such as thei don ate laste
To othre men, such on hem falleth ;
For ayein suche Pite calleth 3380

Vengeance to the god above.
 For who that hath no tender love
 In savinge of a mannes lif,
 He schal be founde so gultif,
 That whanne he wolde mercy crave
 In time of nede, he schal non have.

Of the natures this I finde, **P. iii. 206**
 The fierce Leon in his kinde,
 Which goth rampende after his preie,
 If he a man finde in his weie, 3390
 He wole him slen, if he withstonde.
 Bot if the man coude understonde
 To falle anon before his face
 In signe of mercy and of grace,
 The Leon schal of his nature
 Restreigne his ire in such mesure,
 As thogh it were a beste tamed,
 And torne away halfvinge aschamed,
 That he the man schal nothing grieve.
 Hou scholde than a Prince achieve 3400
 The worldes grace, if that he wolde
 Destruie a man whanne he is yolde (3600*)
 And stant upon his mercy al?
 Bot forto speke in special,
 Ther have be suche and yit ther be
 Tirantz, whos hertes no pite
 Mai to no point of mercy plie,
 That thei upon her tirannie
 Ne gladen hem the men to sle;
 And as the rages of the See 3410
 Ben unpitous in the tempeste,
 Riht so mai no Pite areste
 Of crualte the gret outrage,
 Which the tirant in his corage
 Engendred hath: wherof I finde
 A tale, which comth nou to mynde.

[NOBLENESS OF THE
 LION.]

Nota qualiter Leo
 hominibus stratis par-
 cit.

I rede in olde bokes thus: **P. iii. 207**

3387 nature þis AdBT natures þus AM . . . B₁ 3397 i tamed
 AM . . . B₁ 3412 areste] haue reste AM

[SPERTACHUS AND
THAMARIS.]

Hic loquitur precipue contra tirannos illos qui, cum in bello vincere possunt, humani sanguinis effusione saturari nequiunt. Et narrat in exemplum de quodam Persarum Rege, cuius nomen Spertachus erat, qui pre ceteris tunc in Oriente bellicosus et victoriosus, quoscunque gladio vincere poterat, absque pietate interfici constituit. Set tandem sub manu Thamaris Marsegetarum Regine in bello captus, quod a diu quesivit, seueritatem pro seueritate finaliter inuenit. Nam et ipsa quoddam vas de sanguine Persarum plenum ante se afferri decreuit, in quo caput tyranni vsque ad mortem mergens dixit: 'O tyrannorum crudelissime, semper esuriens sanguinem sitisti: ecce iam ad saturitatem sanguinem bibe.'

Ther was a Duk, which Spertachus
Men clepe, and was a werreour,
A cruel man, a conquerour 3420
With strong pouer the which he ladde.
For this condicion he hadde,
That where him hapneth the victoire,
His lust and al his moste gloire
Was forto sle and noght to save;
Of rancoun wolde he no good have
For savinge of a mannes lif,
Bot al goth to the swerd and knyf,
So lief him was the mannes blod.
And natheles yit thus it stod, 3430
So as fortune aboute wente,
He fell riht heir as be descente
To Perse, and was coroned king.
And whan the worschipe of this thing
Was falle, and he was king of Perse,
If that thei weren ferst diverse,
The tyrannies whiche he wroghte,
A thousandfold welmore he soghte
Thanne afterward to do malice.
The god vengeance ayein the vice 3440
Hath schape: for upon a tyde,
Whan he was heihest in his Pride,
In his rancour and in his hete
Ayein the queene of Marsagete,
Which Thameris that time hihte,
He made werre al that he myhte:
And sche, which wolde hir lond defende, P. iii. 208
Hir oghne Sone ayein him sende,
Which the defence hath undertake.
Bot he desconfit was and take; 3450
And whan this king him hadde in honde,
He wol no mercy understonde, (3650*)
Bot dede him slen in his presence.

3420 margin precipue om. A . . . B₂ 3423 hapned XERCB₂
papned L 3429 to mannes b. AM . . . B₂ 3432 as he by sente A
as by sente M alle by dissent W 3436 margin offerre A . . . B₂
(offerri G, W) 3440 Til god S . . . A 3448 His AM

[SPERTACHUS AND
THAMARIS.]

The tidinge of this violence
 Whan it cam to the moder Ere,
 Sche sende anon ay wydewhere
 To suche frendes as sche hadde,
 A gret pouer til that sche ladde.
 In sondri wise and tho sche caste
 Hou sche this king mai overcaste; 3460
 And ate laste acorded was,
 That in the danger of a pass,
 Thurgh which this tirant scholde passe,
 Sche schop his pouer to compasse
 With strengthe of men be such a weie
 That he schal noght eschape aweie.
 And whan sche hadde thus ordeigned,
 Sche hath hir oghne bodi feigned,
 For feere as thogh sche wolde flee
 Out of hir lond: and whan that he 3470
 Hath herd hou that this ladi fledde,
 So faste after the chace he spedde,
 That he was founde out of array.
 For it betidde upon a day,
 Into the pas whanne he was falle,
 Thembuisschementz tobrieken alle
 And him beclipte on every side, P. iii. 209
 That fle ne myhte he noght aside:
 So that ther weren dede and take
 Tuo hundred thousand for his sake, 3480
 That weren with him of his host.
 And thus was leid the grete bost
 Of him and of his tirannie:
 It halp no mercy forto crie
 To him which whilom dede non;
 For he unto the queene anon
 Was broght, and whan that sche him sih,
 This word sche spak and seide on hih:
 'O man, which out of mannes kinde

3454 dydinge AM 3464 hir(e) power H₁, BTΔ, W ouerpasse
 AM 3465 With] By AM . . . B₂ 3476 tobrieken S, F
 tobrieken (to breken) AJC, B 3483 of om. AM 3484 no] not
 (noght) AM . . . B₂ (except E)

[SPERTACHUS AND
THAMARIS.]

Reson of man hast left behinde 3490
 And lived worse than a beste,
 Whom Pite myhte noght areste,
 The mannes blod to schede and spille
 Thou haddest nevere yit thi fille.
 Bot nou the laste time is come,
 That thi malice is overcome :
 As thou til othre men hast do,
 Nou schal be do to thee riht so.
 Tho bad this ladi that men scholde
 A vessel bringe, in which sche wolde 3500
 Se the vengance of his juisse,
 Which sche began anon devise ; (3700*)
 And tok the Princes whiche he ladde,
 Be whom his chief conseil he hadde,
 And whil hem lasteth eny breth,
 Sche made hem blede to the deth
 Into the vessel wher it stod : P. iii. 210
 And whan it was fulfild of blod,
 Sche caste this tirant therinne,
 And seide him, ' Lo, thus myht thou wynne 3510
 The lustes of thin appetit.
 In blod was whilom thi delit,
 Nou schalt thou drinken al thi fille.'
 And thus onliche of goddes wille,
 He which that wolde himselve strange
 To Pite, fond mercy so strange,
 That he withoute grace is lore.
 So may it schewe wel therfore
 That crualte hath no good ende ;
 Bot Pite, hou so that it wende, 3520
 Makth that the god is merciable,
 If ther be cause resonable
 Why that a king schal be pitous.
 Bot elles, if he be doubtous
 To slen in cause of rihtwisesse,
 It mai be said no Pitousnesse,
 Bot it is Pusillamite,

3505 f. him . . . him AdBT, W 3510 him om. AM . . . Be, A
 3523 Why] Wip AdBT

Which every Prince scholde flee.
 For if Pite mesure excede,
 Kinghode may noght wel procede
 To do justice upon the riht :
 For it belongeth to a knyht
 Als gladly forto fihte as reste,
 To sette his liege poeple in reste,
 Whan that the werre upon hem falleth ;
 For thanne he mote, as it befalleth,
 Of his knythode as a Leon
 Be to the poeple a champioun
 Withouten eny Pite feigned,
 For if manhode be restreigned,
 Or be it pes or be it werre,
 Justice goth al out of herre,
 So that knythode is set behinde,
 Of Aristotles lore I finde,
 A king schal make good visage,
 That noman knowe of his corage
 Bot al honour and worthinesse :
 For if a king schal upon gesse
 Withoute verrai cause drede,
 He mai be lich to that I rede ;
 And thogh that it be lich a fable,
 Thensample is good and resonable.

[MERCY MUST BE
 WITHOUT WEAKNESS.]

3530

P. iii. 211

3540

3550

(3750*)

As it be olde daies fell,
 I rede whilom that an hell
 Up in the londes of Archade
 A wonder dredful noise made ;
 For so it fell that ilke day,
 This hell on his childinge lay,
 And whan the throwes on him come,
 His noise lich the day of dome
 Was ferfull in a mannes thoght
 Of thing which that thei sihe noght,
 Bot wel thei herden al aboute
 The noise, of which thei were in doute,

[THE MOUNTAIN AND
 THE MOUSE.]

Hic loquitur secundum Philosophum, dicens quod sicut non decet Principes tyrannica impetuositate esse crudeles, ita nec decet timorosa pusillanimitate esse vecordes.

3560

3530 Knythode R, B, W 3551 þogh it be lich to a fable A
 þoght it be lich a fable M 3556 And wonder dredful noise it made
 AdBT

[THE MOUNTAIN AND
THE MOUSE.]

As thei that wenden to be lore
Of thing which thanne was unbore.
The nerr this hell was upon chance P. iii. 212
To taken his deliverance,
The more unbuxomliche he cride;
And every man was fledd aside, 3570
For drede and lefte his oghne hous :
And ate laste it was a Mous,
The which was bore and to norrice
Betake ; and tho thei hield hem nyce,
For thei withoute cause dradde.

Thus if a king his herte ladde
With every thing that he schal hiere,
Fulofte he scholde change his chiere
And upon fantasie drede,
Whan that ther is no cause of drede. 3580

Nota hic secundum
Oracium de magnanimo
Yacide et pusillanimo
Thersite.

Orace to his Prince tolde,
That him were levere that he wolde
Upon knighthode Achillem suie
In time of werre, thanne eschuie,
So as Tersites dede at Troie.
Achilles al his hole joie
Sette upon Armes forto fihte ;
Tersites soghte al that he myhte
Unarmed forto stonde in reste :
Bot of the tuo it was the beste 3590
That Achilles upon the nede
Hath do, wherof his knyhtlihiende
Is yit comended overal.

Salomon. Tempus
belli, tempus pacis.

King Salomon in special
Seith, as ther is a time of pes,
So is a time natheles
Of werre, in which a Prince algate P. iii. 213
Schal for the comun riht debate
And for his oghne worschipe eke.
Bot it behoveth noght to seke 3600

3574 hield (heeld) A, S, F heelde (helde) C, B helden J
3575 causa F 3589 and reste AM . . . B₂ 3592 wher of þat
his knighthede H₁ . . . B₂ wher of his knyhtlihiende AM, AdA, H₁
(knyhtlihiende F)

Only the werre for worschipe,
 Bot to the riht of his lordschipe,
 Which he is holde to defende,
 Mote every worthi Prince entende.
 Betwen the simplesce of Pite
 And the folhaste of crualte,
 Wher stant the verray hardiesce,
 Ther mote a king his herte adresce,
 Whanne it is time to forsake,
 And whan time is also to take
 The dedly werres upon honde,
 That he schal for no drede wonde,
 If rihtwisnesse be withal.
 For god is myhty overal
 To forthren every mannes trowthe,
 Bot it be thurgh his oghne slowthe;
 And namely the kinges nede
 It mai noght faile forto spede,
 For he stant one for hem alle;
 So mote it wel the betre falle
 And wel the more god favoureth,
 Whan he the comun riht socoureth.
 And forto se the sothe in dede,
 Behold the bible and thou myht rede
 Of grete ensamples manyon,
 Wherof that I wol tellen on.

(3800*)

[THERE IS A TIME
FOR WAR.]Nota qualiter inter
duo extrema consistit
virtus.

3610

3620

Upon a time as it befell,
 Ayein Judee and Irahel
 Whan sondri kinges come were
 In pourpos to destruie there
 The poeple which god kepte tho,—
 And stod in thilke daies so,
 That Gedeon, which scholde lede
 The goddes folk, tok him to rede,
 And sende in al the lond aboute,
 Til he assembled hath a route
 With thritti thousand of defence,

P. iii. 214 [STORY OF GIDEON.]

3630 Hic dicit quod Prin-
 ceptus iusticie causa
 bellum nullo modo
 timere debet. Et
 narrat qualiter dux
 Gedeon cum solis
 tracentis viris quin-
 que Reges, scilicet
 Madianitarum, Ama-
 lechitarum, Amonita-
 rum, Amoreorum et

3607 hardinaesse R, AdBTΔ, W 3615 forþere (forþre, forþer)
 AM . . . B₂ (forþe X) 3628 Irahel (Israel) J, S, F rest Israel

* *

Z

[STORY OF GIDEON.]

Iebuseorum, cum eorum exercitu, qui ad lxxx^{ta} Milia numeratus est, gracia cooperante diuina, victorioso in fugam conuertit.

To fihte and make resistance
 Ayein the whiche hem wolde assaille;
 And natheles that o bataille 3640
 Of thre that weren enemys
 Was double mor than was al his;
 Wherof that Gedeon him dradde,
 That he so litel poeple hadde.
 Bot he which alle thing mai helpe,
 Wher that ther lacketh mannes helpe,
 To Gedeon his Angel sente,
 And bad, er that he forther wente,
 Al openly that he do crie
 That every man in his partie 3650
 Which wolde after his oghne wille
 In his delice abide stille (3850*)
 At hom in eny maner wise,
 For purchas or for covoitise,
 For lust of love or lacke of herte,
 He scholde noght aboute sterte,
 Bot holde him stille at hom in pes: P. iii. 215
 Wherof upon the morwe he les
 Wel twenty thousand men and mo,
 The whiche after the cri ben go. 3660
 Thus was with him bot only left
 The thridde part, and yit god eft
 His Angel sende and seide this
 To Gedeon: 'If it so is
 That I thin help schal undertake,
 Thou schalt yit lasse poeple take,
 Be whom mi will is that thou spede.
 Forthi tomorwe tak good hiede,
 Unto the flod whan ye be come,
 What man that hath the water nome 3670
 Up in his hond and lapeth so,
 To thi part ches out alle tho;
 And him which wery is to swinke,
 Upon his wombe and lith to drinke,

3639 hem L, S . . . Δ he A . . . CBs, A, FWKMagd
 3641 thre] these W 3652 delit(e) H1 . . . Bs, W 3672
 out om. AdBT

Forsak and put hem alle aweie,
 For I am myhti alle weie,
 Wher as me list myn help to schewe
 In goode men, thogh thei ben fewe.'

This Gedeon awaiteth wel,
 Upon the morwe and everydel, 3680
 As god him bad, riht so he dede.
 And thus ther leften in that stede
 With him thre hundred and nomo,
 The remenant was al ago:
 Wherof that Gedeon merveileth,
 And therupon with god conseileth,
 Pleignende as ferforth as he dar. P. iii. 216

And god, which wolde he were war
 That he schal spede upon his riht,
 Hath bede him go the same nyht 3690
 And take a man with him, to hiere
 What schal be spoke in his matere
 Among the hethen enemis;
 So mai he be the more wys,
 What afterward him schal befall.

This Gedeon amonges alle
 Phara, to whom he triste most,
 Be nyhte tok toward thilke host,
 Which logged was in a valleie,
 To hiere what thei wolden seie; 3700
 Upon his fot and as he ferde,
 Tuo Sarazins spekende he herde. (3900*)
 Quod on, 'Ared mi swevene ariht,
 Which I mette in mi slep to nyht.

Me thoghte I sih a barli cake,
 Which fro the Hull his weie hath take,
 And cam rollende doun at ones;
 And as it were for the nones,
 Forth in his cours so as it ran,
 The kinges tente of Madian, 3710

3677 my lust AM 3683 nomo JC, S, F no mo(o) A, B
 3688 which] þat AM . . . B₂ 3689 scholde AdBT 3692 his]
 þis AM . . . B₂, AdBTΔ, Magd 3701 he ferde] aferde AM
 3704 slep] sweuen(e) AM . . . L (slep G)

[STORY OF GIDEON.]

Of Amalech, of Amoreie,
 Of Amon and of Jebuseie,
 And many an other tente mo
 With gret noise, as me thoghte tho,
 It threw to grounde and overcaste,
 And al this host so sore agaste
 That I awok for pure drede.' P. iii. 217

'This swevene can I wel arede,'
 Quod thother Sarazin anon:
 'The barli cake is Gedeon, 3720
 Which fro the hell doun sodeinly
 Schal come and sette such ascry
 Upon the kinges and ous bothe,
 That it schal to ous alle lothe:
 For in such drede he schal ous bringe,
 That if we hadden flyht of wynges,
 The weie on fote in desespier
 We scholden leve and fien in their,
 For ther schal nothing him withstonde.'

Whan Gedeon hath understonde 3730
 This tale, he thonketh god of al,
 And priveliche ayein he stal,
 So that no lif him hath perceived.
 And thanne he hath fulli conceived
 That he schal spede; and therupon
 The nyht suiende he schop to gon
 This multitude to assaile.

Nou schalt thou hiere a gret mervaile,
 With what voisdie that he wroghte.
 The litel poeple which he broghte, 3740
 Was non of hem that he ne hath
 A pot of erthe, in which he tath
 A lyht brennende in a kressette,
 And ech of hem ek a trompette
 Bar in his other hond beside;
 And thus upon the nyhtes tyde
 Duk Gedeon, whan it was derk, P. iii. 218
 Ordeineth him unto his werk,

3716 his host E, B, Magd 3727 despeir AJMH:RLB,
 AdBTΔ, W 3728 schullen B 3748 his] his HLG; BA

[STORY OF GIDEON.]

And parteth thanne his folk in thre,
 And chargeth hem that thei ne fle, 3750
 And tawhte hem hou they scholde ascrie
 Alle in o vois per compaignie, (3950*)
 And what word ek thei scholden speke,
 And hou thei scholde here pottes breke
 Echon with other, whan thei herde
 That he himselve ferst so ferde;
 For whan thei come into the stede,
 He bad hem do riht as he dede.

And thus stalkende forth a pas
 This noble Duk, whan time was, 3760
 His pot tobrak and loude ascride,
 And tho thei breke on every side.
 The trompe was noght forto seke;
 He blew, and so thei blewen eke
 With such a noise among hem alle,
 As thogh the hevene scholde falle.
 The hull unto here vois ansuerde,
 This host in the valleie it herde,
 And sih hou that the hell alyhte;
 So what of hieringe and of sihte, 3770
 Thei cawhten such a sodein feere,
 That non of hem belefte there:
 The tentes hole thei forsoke,
 That thei non other good ne toke,
 Bot only with here bodi bare
 Thei fledde, as doth the wylde Hare.
 And evere upon the hull thei blewe, P. iii. 219
 Til that thei sihe time, and knewe
 That thei be fled upon the rage;
 And whan thei wiste here advantage, 3780
 Thei felle anon unto the chace.

Thus myht thou sen hou goddes grace
 Unto the goode men availleth;
 But elles ofte time it failleth
 To suche as be noght wel disposed.
 This tale nedeth noght be glosed,

3752 per] þe AdBT jair L 3763 forto] þo to AM Bz
 to W 3773 hole J, S, F holly AC, B

[STORY OF GIDEON.]

For it is openliche schewed
 That god to hem that ben wel thewed
 Hath yove and granted the victoire :
 So that thensample of this histoire 3790
 Is good for every king to holde ;
 Ferst in himself that he beholde
 If he be good of his livinge,
 And that the folk which he schal bringe
 Be good also, for thanne he may
 Be glad of many a merie day,
 In what as evere he hath to done.
 For he which sit above the Mone
 And alle thing mai spille and spede,
 In every cause, in every nede 3800
 His goode king so wel adresceth,
 That alle his fomen he represseth, (4000*)
 So that ther mai noman him dere ;
 And als so wel he can forbere,
 And soffre a wickid king to falle
 In hondes of his fomen alle.

[SAUL AND AGAG.]

Hic dicit quod vbi
 et quando causa et
 tempus requirunt,
 princeps illos sub po-
 testate sua, quos iusti-
 cie aduersarios agno-
 uerit, occidere de iure
 tenetur. Et narrat
 in exemplum quali-
 ter, pro eo quod Saul
 Regem Agag in bello
 deuictum iuxta Samu-
 elis consilium occidere
 noluit, ipse diuino
 iudicio non solum a
 regno Israel priuatus,
 set et heredes sui pro
 perpetuo exheredati
 sunt.

Nou forthermore if I schal sein P. iii. 220
 Of my matiere, and torne ayein
 To speke of justice and Pite
 After the reule of realte, 3810
 This mai a king wel understonde,
 Knihthode mot ben take on honde,
 Whan that it stant upon the nede :
 He schal no rihtful cause drede,
 Nomore of werre thanne of pes,
 If he wol stonde blameles ;
 For such a cause a king mai have
 That betre him is to sle than save,
 Wherof thou myht ensample finde.
 The hihe makere of mankinde 3820
 Be Samuel to Saül bad,
 That he schal nothing ben adrad
 Ayein king Agag forto fihte ;

3797 what þat AM . . . B_a 3800 in] and AM . . . RLB.
 3819 myht (might) AC, B myhte (mihte) J, S, F

[SAUL AND AGAG.]

For this the godhede him behihte,
 That Agag schal ben overcome :
 And whan it is so ferforth come,
 That Saül hath him desconfit,
 The god bad make no respit,
 That he ne scholde him slen anon.
 Bot Saül let it overgon 3830
 And dede noght the goddes heste :
 For Agag made gret behest
 Of rancoun which he wolde yive,
 King Saül soffreth him to live
 And feigneth pite forth withal.
 Bot he which seth and knoweth al,
 The hihe god, of that he feigneth P. iii. 221
 To Samuel upon him pleigneth,
 And sende him word, for that he lefte
 Of Agag that he ne berefte 3840
 The lif, he schal noght only dye
 Himself, bot fro his regalie
 He schal be put for everemo,
 Noght he, bot ek his heir also,
 That it schal nevere come ayein.

Thus myht thou se the sothe plein,
 That of tomoche and of tolyte
 Upon the Princes stant the wyte.
 Bot evere it was a kinges riht
 To do the dedes of a knyht ;
 For in the handes of a king
 The deth and lif is al o thing
 After the lawes of justice.
 To slen it is a dedly vice,
 Bot if a man the deth deserve ;
 And if a king the lif preserve
 Of him which oghte forto dye,
 He suieth noght thensamplerie
 Which in the bible is evident :
 Hou David in his testament, 3860
 Whan he no lengere myhte live,
 Unto his Sone in charge hath yive

[DAVID AND JOAB.]

Hic narrat ulterius
 super eodem, qualiter
 Daud in extremis ius-
 ticie causa vt Ioab
 occideretur abaque vi-
 la remissione filio suo
 Salomoni iniunxit.

3850

(4050*)

3854 slen (fle) SA

3861 non F

[DAVID AND JOAB.]

That he Joab schal slen algate;
 And whan David was gon his gate,
 The yonge wise Salomon
 His fader heste dede anon,
 And slouh Joab in such a wise, P. iii. 222
 That thei that herden the juse
 Evere after dradden him the more,
 And god was ek wel paid therfore, 3870
 That he so wolde his herte plye
 The lawes forto justefie.
 And yit he kepte forth withal
 Pite, so as a Prince schal,
 That he no tirannie wroghte;
 He fond the wisdom which he soghte,
 And was so rihtful natheles,
 That al his lif he stod in pes,
 That he no dedly werres hadde,
 For every man his wisdom dradde. 3880
 And as he was himselve wys,
 Riht so the worthi men of pris
 He hath of his conseil withholde;
 For that is every Prince holde,
 To make of suche his retenue
 Whiche wise ben, and to remue
 The foles: for ther is nothing
 Which mai be betre aboute a king,
 Than conseil, which is the substance
 Of all a kinges governance. 3890

[SOLOMON'S WISDOM.]

Hic dicit quod populum sibi commissum bene regere super omnia Principi laudabilis est. Et narrat in exemplum qualiter, pro eo quod Salomon, ut populum bene regeret, ab altissimo sapienciam specialius postulavit, omnia bona pariter cum illa sibi

In Salomon a man mai see
 What thing of most necessite
 Unto a worthi king belongeth.
 Whan he his kingdom underfongeth,
 God bad him chese what he wolde,
 And seide him that he have scholde
 What he wolde axe, as of o thing. P. iii. 223
 And he, which was a newe king,
 Forth therupon his bone preide
 To god, and in this wise he seide: 3900
 'O king, be whom that I schal regne,

Yif me wisdom, that I my regne,
 Forth with thi poeple which I have,
 To thin honour mai kepe and save.
 Whan Salomon his bone hath taxed,
 The god of that which he hath axed
 Was riht wel paid, and granteth sone
 Noght al only that he his bone
 Schal have of that, bot of richesse,
 Of hele, of pes, of hih noblesse,
 Forth with wisdom at his axinges,
 Which stant above alle othre thinges.

(4100*) [SOLOMON'S WISDOM.]
 habundancius aduenerunt.

3910

Bot what king wolde his regne save,
 Ferst him behoveth forto have
 After the god and his believe
 Such conseil which is to believe,
 Fulfild of trouthe and rihtwysnesse:
 Bot above alle in his noblesse
 Between the reddour and pite
 A king schal do such equite
 And sette the balance in evene,
 So that the hihe god in hevene
 And al the poeple of his nobleie
 Loange unto his name seie.
 For most above all erthli good,
 Wher that a king himself is good
 It helpeth, for in other weie
 If so be that a king forsueie,
 Fuloft er this it hath be sein,
 The comun poeple is overlein
 And hath the kinges Senne aboght,
 Al thogh the poeple agulte noght.
 Of that the king his god misserveth,
 The poeple takth that he descerveth
 Hier in this world, bot elleswhere
 I not hou it schal stonde there.
 Forthi good is a king to triste
 Ferst to himself, as he ne wiste
 Non other help bot god alone;

Hic dicit secundum
 Salomonem, quod re-
 gie maiestatis imperi-
 um ante omnia sano
 consilio dirigendum
 est.

3920

P. iii. 224

Quicquid delirant
 reges, plectuntur A-
 chiui.

3930

3902 I my regne] I may regne C, W I regne AdT in my regne
 HiE in me regne XRLB, 3903 thi] þe AMC

So schal the reule of his persone 3940
 Withinne himself thurgh providence
 Ben of the betre conscience.
 And forto finde ensample of this,
 A tale I rede, and soth it is.

[THE COURTIER AND
 THE FOOL.]

Hic de Lucio Imperatore exemplum ponit, qualiter Princeps sui nominis famam a secretis consiliariis sapienter inuestigare debet; et si quid in casinistrum inuenerit, prouisa discrezione ad dexteram conuertat.

In a Cronique it telleth thus :
 The king of Rome Lucius
 Withinne his chambre upon a nyht
 The Steward of his hous, a knyht,
 Forth with his Chamberlein also,
 To conseil hadde bothe tuo, 3950
 And stoden be the Chiminee
 Togedre spekende alle thre. (4150*)
 And happeth that the kinges fol
 Sat be the fyr upon a stol,
 As he that with his babil pleide,
 Bot yit he herde al that thei seide,
 And therof token thei non hiede. P. iii. 225
 The king hem axeth what to rede
 Of such matiere as cam to mouthe,
 And thei him tolden as thei couthe. 3960
 Whan al was spoke of that thei mente,
 The king with al his hole entente
 Thanne ate laste hem axeth this,
 What king men tellen that he is :
 Among the folk touchende his name,
 Or be it pris, or be it blame,
 Riht after that thei herden sein,
 He bad hem forto telle it plein,
 That thei no point of soth forbere,
 Be thilke feith that thei him bere. 3970

The Steward ferst upon this thing
 Yaf his ansuere unto the king
 And thoghte glose in this matiere,
 And seide, als fer as he can hiere,
 His name is good and honourable :
 Thus was the Steward favorable,
 That he the trouthe plein ne tolde.
 The king thanne axeth, as he scholde,

The Chamberlein of his avis.

[THE COURTIER AND
THE FOOL.]

And he, that was soubtil and wys,
And somdiel thoghte upon his feith,
Him tolde hou al the poeple seith
That if his conseil were trewe,
Thei wiste thanne wel and knewe
That of himself he scholde be
A worthi king in his degre:

3980

And thus the conseil he accuseth P. iii. 226
In partie, and the king excuseth.

The fol, which herde of al the cas

That time, as goddes wille was,
Sih that thei seiden noght ynowh,
And hem to skorne bothe lowh,
And to the king he seide tho:
'Sire king, if that it were so,
Of wisdom in thin oghne mod
That thou thiselven were good,
Thi conseil scholde noght be badde.'

3990

The king therof merueille hadde,
Whan that a fol so wisly spak,
And of himself fond out the lack
Withinne his oghne conscience:
And thus the foles evidence,
Which was of goddes grace enspired,
Makth that good conseil was desired.

4000

(4200*)

He putte away the vicious
And tok to him the vertuous;
The wrongful lawes ben amended,
The londes good is wel despended,
The poeple was nomore oppressed,
And thus stod every thing redressed.

4010

For where a king is propre wys,
And hath suche as himselven is
Of his conseil, it mai noght faile
That every thing ne schal availe;
The vices thanne gon aweie,
And every vertu holt his weie;

3984 wel þanne AMH₁, AdΔ wel than al W 3989 al of þis BT
of al þis Ad al this W 3990 What tyme B 4004 that] þe AdBT

[THE COURTIER AND
THE FOOL.]

[FOLLY OF
REHOBOAM.]

Hic dicit quod Seniores magis experti ad Principis consilium admittendi potius existunt. Et narrat qualiter, pro eo quod Roboas Salomonis filius et heres senium sermonibus renuncians dicta iuuenum prelegit, de xii. tribubus Israel a dominio suo x. penitus amisit, et sic cum duabus tantummodo illius postea regnavit.

Wherof the hihe god is plesed, P. iii. 227
And al the londes folk is esed.
For if the comun poeple crie,
And thanne a king list noght to plie 4020
To hie what the clamour wolde,
And otherwise thanne he scholde
Desdeigneth forto don hem grace,
It hath be sen in many place,
Ther hath befalle gret contraire;
And that I finde of ensamplaire.

After the deth of Salomon,
Whan thilke wise king was gon,
And Roboas in his persone 4030
Receive scholde the corone,
The poeple upon a Parlement
Avised were of on assent,
And alle unto the king thei preiden,
With comun vois and thus thei seiden:
'Oure liege lord, we thee beseche
That thou receive oure humble speche
And grante ous that which reson wile,
Or of thi grace or of thi skile.
Thi fader, whil he was alyve 4040
And myhte bothe grante and pryve,
Upon the werkes whiche he hadde
The comun poeple streite ladde:
Whan he the temple made newe,
Thing which men nevere afore knewe
He broghte up thanne of his taillage,
And al was under the visage
Of werkes whiche he made tho. P. iii. 228
Bot nou it is befalle so,
That al is mad, riht as he seide,
And he was riche whan he deide; 4050
So that it is no maner nede,
If thou therof wolt taken hiede, (4250*)

4020 thanne] pat A... Bz 4031 þe parlement AM 4037
which pat H1... Bz, BT, W pat Ad 4044 to fore (tofore)
AM... Bz, W

[FOLLY OF
REHOBAM.]

To pilen of the poeple more,
Which long time hath be grieved sore.
And in this wise as we thee seie,
With tendre herte we thee preie
That thou relesse thilke dette,
Which upon ous thi fader sette.
And if thee like to don so,
We ben thi men for everemo,
To gon and comen at thin heste.'

4060

The king, which herde this requeste,
Seith that he wole ben avised,
And hath therof a time assised;
And in the while as he him thoghte
Upon this thing, conseil he soghte.
And ferst the wise knyhtes olde,
To whom that he his tale tolde,
Conseilen him in this manere;
That he with love and with glad chiere
Foryive and grante al that is axed
Of that his fader hadde taxed;
For so he mai his regne achieve
With thing which schal him litel grieve.

De consilio Senium.

4070

The king hem herde and overpasseth,
And with these othre his wit compasseth,
That yonge were and nothing wise. P. iii. 229
And thei these olde men despise,
And seiden: 'Sire, it schal be schame
For evere unto thi worthi name,
If thou ne kepe noght the riht,
Whil thou art in thi yonge myht,
Which that thin olde fader gat.
Bot seie unto the poeple plat,
That whil thou livest in thi lond,
The leste finger of thin hond
It schal be strengere overal
Than was thi fadres bodi al.
And this also schal be thi tale,
If he hem smot with roddes smale,
With Scorpions thou schalt hem smyte;

De consilio iuue-
num.

4080

4090

4081 þi (þy) right MHL, BA 4091 him AM

[FOLLY OF
REHOBAM.]

And wher thi fader tok a lyte,
Thou thenkst to take mochel more.
Thus schalt thou make hem drede sore
The grete herte of thi corage,
So forto holde hem in servage.'

This yonge king him hath conformed
To don as he was last enformed,
Which was to him his undoinge ;
For whan it cam to the spekinge, 4100
He hath the yonge conseil holde,
That he the same wordes tolde (4300*)
Of al the poeple in audience ;
And whan thei herden the sentence
Of his malice and the manace,
Anon tofore his oghne face
Thei have him oultreli refused P. iii. 230
And with ful gret reproef accused.
So thei begunne forto rave,
That he was fain himself to save ; 4110
For as the wilde wode rage
Of wyndes makth the See salvage,
And that was calm bringth into wawe,
So for defalte of grace and lawe
This poeple is stered al at ones
And forth thei gon out of hise wones ;
So that of the lignages tuelve
Tuo tribes only be hemselfe
With him abiden and nomo :
So were thei for everemo 4120
Of no retorn withoute espeir
Departed fro the rihtfull heir.
Al Irahel with comun vois
A king upon here oghne chois
Among hemself anon thei make,
And have here yonge lord forsake ;
A povere knyht Jeroboas
Thei toke, and lefte Roboas,

409a a lyte S alyte (alite) AJC, B, F 4093 þenkest take B
4115 is om. FWK 4123 Al Irahel (Israel) J, S, FK Al Israel
(Israel &c.) AM... Ba, W Of Israel G, AdBT

Which rihtfull heir was be descente.

Lo, thus the yonge cause wente :
For that the conseil was noght good,
The regne fro the rihtfull blod
Evere afterward divided was.

So mai it proven be this cas
That yong conseil, which is to warm,
Er men be war doth ofte harm.

Old age for the conseil serveth, P. iii. 231
And lusti youthe his thonk deserveth
Upon the travail which he doth ;

And bothe, forto seie a soth, 4130
Be sondri cause forto have,
If that he wole his regne save,
A king behoveth every day.

That on can and that other mai,
Be so the king hem bothe reule,
For elles al goth out of reule.

And upon this matiere also
A question between the tuo
Thus writen in a bok I fond ;
Wher it be betre for the lond
A king himselfe to be wys,
And so to bere his oghne pris,
And that his consail be noght good,
Or other wise if it so stod,

A king if he be vicious
And his conseil be vertuous.
It is ansuerd in such a wise,
That betre it is that thei be wise
Be whom that the conseil schal gon,
For thei be manye, and he is on ;
And rathere schal an one man
With fals conseil, for oght he can,
From his wisdom be mad to falle,
Thanne he al one scholde hem alle
Fro vices into vertu change,
For that is wel the more strange.

[FOLLY OF
REHOBOAM.]

[WISDOM IN A KING'S
COUNCIL.]

Nota questionem
cuiusdam Philosophi,
4150 vtrum regno conueni-
encius foret principem
(4350*) cum malo consilio op-
tare sapientem, quam
cum sano consilio ip-
sum eligere insipien-
tem.

4160 is on] but oon (on &c.) AM ... B₂ 4161 oonly (only)
AM ... B₂

[MERCY AND JUSTICE.]

Nota adhuc precipue de principis erga suos subditos debita pietate. Legiturenim qualiter Anthonius a Cipione exemplificatus dixit, quod mallet vnum de populo sibi commissum virum saluare, quam centum ex hostibus alienigenis in bello perdere.

Forthi the lond mai wel be glad, P. iii. 232
 Whos king with good conseil is lad,
 Which set him unto rihtwisesse,
 So that his hihe worthinesse 4170
 Between the reddour and Pite
 Doth mercy forth with equite.
 A king is holden overal
 To Pite, bot in special
 To hem wher he is most beholde;
 Thei scholde his Pite most beholde
 That ben the Lieges of his lond,
 For thei ben evere under his hond
 After the goddes ordinaunce
 To stonde upon his governance. 4180

Of themperour Anthonius
 I finde hou that he seide thus,
 That levere him were forto save
 Oon of his lieges than to have
 Of enemis a thousand dede.
 And this he lernede, as I rede,
 Of Cipio, which hadde be
 Consul of Rome. And thus to se
 Diverse ensamples hou thei stonde,
 A king which hath the charge on honde 4190
 The comun poeple to governe,
 If that he wole, he mai wel lerne.
 Is non so good to the plesance
 Of god, as is good governance;
 And every governance is due
 To Pite: thus I mai argue
 That Pite is the foundement P. iii. 233
 Of every kinges regiment,
 If it be medled with justice.
 Thei tuo remuen alle vice, 4200
 And ben of vertu most vailable
 To make a kinges regne stable. (4400*)

Lo, thus the foure pointz tofore,
 In governance as thei ben bore,

4174 bot] and AM . . . B_a 4183 How him were leuere AdBT
 4185 an hondred AM . . . B_a 4186 jus AdBT, W 4194 good] god F

Of trouthe ferst and of largesse,
 Of Pite forth with rihtwisnesse,
 I have hem told ; and over this
 The fifte point, so as it is
 Set of the reule of Policie,
 Wherof a king schal modifie
 The fleisschly lustes of nature,
 Nou thenk I telle of such mesure,
 That bothe kinde schal be served
 And ek the lawe of god observed.

4210

- xi. *Corporis et mentis regem decet omnis honestas,
 Nominis vt famam nulla libido ruat.
 Omne quod est hominis effeminat illa voluptas,
 Sit nisi magnanimi cordis, vt obstet ei.*

[THE FIFTH POINT OF
 POLICY. CHASTITY.]

The Madle is mad for the femele,
 Bot where as on desireth fele,
 That nedeth noght be weie of kinde :
 For whan a man mai redy finde
 His oghne wif, what scholde he seche
 In strange places to beseche
 To borwe an other mannes plouh,
 Whan he hath geere good ynouh
 Affaited at his oghne heste,
 And is to him wel more honeste
 Than other thing which is unknowe ?
 Forthi scholde every good man knowe
 And thenke, hou that in mariage
 His trouthe plight lith in morgage,
 Which if he breke, it is falshode,
 And that descordeth to manhode,
 And namely toward the grete,
 Wherof the bokes alle trete ;
 So as the Philosophre techeth
 To Alisandre, and him betecheth
 The lore hou that he schal mesure
 His bodi, so that no mesure
 Of fleisschly lust he scholde excede.

Hic tractat secundum Aristotelem de quinta principum regiminis Policia, que Castitatem concernit, cuius honestas impudicie motus obtemperans tam corporis quam anime mundiciam specialius preseruat.

4220

P. iii. 234

4230

4208 ferste (first &c.) AM . . . B₂ fist Ad 4212]enk C, S, F
 penke AJ, B 4222 good] at home S . . . Δ

* *

A a

[THE FIFTH POINT OF
POLICY. CHASTITY.]

And thus forth if I schal procede,
The fift point, as I seide er,
Is chastete, which sielde wher 4240
Comth nou adaies into place;
And natheles, bot it be grace
Above alle othre in special,
Is non that chaste mai ben all.
Bot yit a kinges hihe astat,
Which of his ordre as a prelat
Schal ben enoignt and seintefied,
He mot be more magnefied
For dignete of his corone,
Than scholde an other low persone, 4250
Which is noght of so hih emprise.
Therfore a Prince him scholde avise, (4450*)
Er that he felle in such riote, P. iii. 235
And namely that he nassote
To change for the wommanhede
The worthinesse of his manhede.

Nota de doctrina
Aristotilis, qualiter
Princeps, vt animi sui
iocunditatem prouo-
cet, mulieres formosas
crebro aspicere debet.
Caueat tamen, ne
mens voluptuosa tor-
pescens ex carnis fra-
gilitate in vicium di-
labatur.

Of Aristotle I have wel rad,
Hou he to Alisandre bad,
That forto gladen his corage
He schal beholde the visage 4260
Of wommen, whan that thei ben faire.
Bot yit he set an essamplaire,
His bodi so to guide and reule,
That he ne passe noght the reule,
Wherof that he himself beguile.
For in the womman is no guile
Of that a man himself bewhapeth;
Whan he his oghne wit bejapeth,
I can the wommen wel excuse:
Bot what man wole upon hem muse 4270
After the fool impression
Of his ymaginacioun,
Withinne himself the fyr he bloweth,
Wherof the womman nothing knoweth,

4239 firste (ferst &c.) H₁ . . . B₂, W fist(e) M, Ad 4245 hihe
hye) AJC, S, F hih B 4262 set A, S, F sette C, B 4266
wommen AM . . . B₂, W 4269 womman J, AdBT, W

[THE FIFTH POINT OF
POLICY. CHASTITY.]

So mai sche nothing be to wyte.
 For if a man himself excite
 To drenche, and wol it noght forbere,
 The water schal no blame bere.
 What mai the gold, thogh men coveite?
 If that a man wol love streite, 4280
 The womman hath him nothing bounde;
 If he his oghne herte wounde,
 Sche mai noght lette the folie; P. iii. 236
 And thogh so felle of compainie
 That he myht eny thing pourchace,
 Yit makth a man the ferste chace,
 The womman fleth and he poursuieth:
 So that be weie of skile it suieth,
 The man is cause, hou so befalle,
 That he fulofte sithe is falle 4290
 Wher that he mai noght wel aryse.
 And natheles ful manye wise
 Befoled have himself er this,
 As nou adaies yit it is
 Among the men and evere was,
 The stronge is fieblest in this cas.
 It sit a man be weie of kinde
 To love, bot it is noght kinde
 A man for love his wit to lese:
 For if the Monthe of Juil schal frese 4300
 And that Decembre schal ben hot,
 The yeer mistorneth, wel I wot. (4500*)
 To sen a man fro his astat
 Thurgh his sotie effeminat,
 And leve that a man schal do,
 It is as Hose above the Scho,
 To man which oghte noght ben used.
 Bot yit the world hath ofte accused
 Ful grete Princes of this dede,
 Hou thei for love hemself mislede, 4310
 Wherof manhode stod behinde,
 Of olde ensamples as I finde.

[EVIL EXAMPLE OF
SARDANAPALUS.]

Hic ponit exemplum qualiter, pro eo quod Sardana Pallus Assiriorum Princeps muliebri oblectamento effeminatus sue concupiscencie torporem quasi ex consuetudine adhibebat, a Barbaro Rege Medorum super hoc insidiante in sui feruoris maiori voluptate subitis mutacionibus extinctus est.

[DAVID.]

Nota qualiter David amans mulieres propter hoc probitatem armorum non minus exercebat.

These olde gestes tellen thus, P. iii. 237
That whilom Sardana Pallus,
Which hield al hol in his empire
The grete kingdom of Assire,
Was thurgh the slouth of his corage
Falle into thilke fyri rage
Of love, which the men assoteth,
Wherof himself he so rioteth, 4320
And wax so ferforth womannyssh,
That ayein kinde, as if a fissh
Abide wolde upon the lond,
In wommen such a lust he fond,
That he duelte evere in chambre stille,
And only wroghte after the wille
Of wommen, so as he was bede,
That selden whanne in other stede
If that he wolde wenden oute,
To sen hou that it stod aboute. 4330
Bot ther he keste and there he pleide,
Thei tawhten him a Las to breide,
And weve a Pours, and to enfile
A Perle: and fell that ilke while,
On Barbarus the Prince of Mede
Sih hou this king in wommanhede
Was falle fro chivalerie,
And gat him help and compaignie,
And wroghte so, that ate laste
This king out of his regne he caste, 4340
Which was undon for everemo:
And yit men speken of him so,
That it is schame forto hier. P. iii. 238

Forthi to love is in manere.
King David hadde many a love,
Bot natheles alwey above
Knythode he kepte in such a wise,
That for no fleishli covoitise

4314 Sardanapallus E, Δ, W 4316 marg. Sardanapallus ER, Δ, W
4317 marg. mulieri A . . . B₂ (except E) 4321 waxþ (waxeþ, wexeþ)
A . . . B₂, Δ, W 4322 marg. voluptati H₁ . . . B₂ 4331 þer as . . .
þer as AM 4336 how þat þe king AMLB₂ how þe k. H₁ . . . C

Of lust to ligge in ladi armes
 He lefte noght the lust of armes, 4350
 For where a Prince hise lustes suieth,
 That he the werre noght poursuieth, (4550*)
 Whan it is time to ben armed,
 His contre stant fulofte harmed,
 Whan thenemis ben woxe bolde,
 That thei defence non beholde.
 Ful many a lond hath so be lore,
 As men mai rede of time afore
 Of hem that so here eses soghten,
 Which after thei full diere aboghten. 4360

[DAVID.]

To mochel ese is nothing worth,
 For that set every vice forth
 And every vertu put abak,
 Wherof priss torneth into lak,
 As in Cronique I mai reherse:
 Which telleth hou the king of Perse,
 That Cirus hihte, a werre hadde
 Ayein a poeple which he dradde,
 Of a contre which Liddos hihte;
 Bot yit for oght that he do mihte 4370
 As in bataille upon the werre,
 He hadde of hem alwey the werre.
 And whan he sih and wiste it wel, P. iii. 239
 That he be strengthe wan no del,
 Thanne ate laste he caste a wyle
 This worthi poeple to beguile,
 And tok with hem a feigned pes,
 Which scholde lasten endeles,
 So as he seide in wordes wise,
 Bot he thoghte al in other wise. 4380
 For it betidd upon the cas,
 Whan that this poeple in reste was,
 Thei token eses manyfold;
 And worldes ese, as it is told,

[CYRUS AND THE
LYDIANS.]

Hic loquitur qualiter regnum lasciuie voluptatibus deditum de facili vincitur. Et ponit exemplum de Ciro Rege Persarum, qui cum Liddos mire probitatis strenuissimos sibi in bello aduersantes nullo modo vincere potuit, cum ipsis tandem pacis tractatum dissimilans concordiam finalem stabiliri finxit. Super quo Liddi postea per aliquod tempus armis insoliti sub pacis torpore voluptatibus intendebant: quod Cirus percipiens in eos armatus subito irruit, ipsosque indefencibiles vincens sub imperio tributarios subiugauit.

4357 many JC, SB manye A, F 4362 that] it AM . . . B₂
 4365 *margin* viuatur AM vincit W 4367 *margin* mirum H . . . B₂
 4372 *margin*. stabilire A . . . B₂ 4375 *margin*. tempore B₂, BT 4378
margin. indefencibiles F 4381 betidd S, F betidde AC, B be tid J

[CYRUS AND THE
LYDIANS.]

Be weie of kinde is the norrice
Of every lust which toucheth vice.
Thus whan thei were in lustes falle,
The werres ben foryetten alle;
Was non which wolde the worschipe
Of Armes, bot in idelschipe 439^o
Thei putten besinesse aweie
And token hem to daunce and pleie;
Bot most above alle othre thinges
Thei token hem to the likinges
Of fleysshly lust, that chastete
Received was in no degre,
Bot every man doth what him liste.
And whan the king of Perse it wiste,
That thei unto folie entenden,
With his pouer, whan thei lest wenden, 440^o
Mor sodeinly than doth the thunder
He cam, for evere and put hem under. (4600*)
And thus hath lecherie lore P. iii. 24^o
The lond, which hadde be tofore
The beste of hem that were tho.

[THE COUNSEL OF
BALAAM.]

Nota hic qualiter
fata bellica luxus in-
fortunat. Et narrat
quod cum Rex Ama-
lech Hebreis sibi in-
sultantibus resistere
nequit, consilio Balaam mulieres regni
sui pulcherrimas in
castra Hebreorum
misit; qui ab ipsis
contaminati gratiam
statim amiserunt. Et
sic ab Amalech deuicti in magna multitudine gladio ceciderunt.

And in the bible I finde also
A tale lich unto this thing,
Hou Amalech the paien king,
Whan that he myhte be no weie
Defende his lond and putte aweie 441^o
The worthi poeple of Irael,
This Sarazin, as it befell,
Thurgh the conseil of Balaam
A route of faire wommen nam,
That lusti were and yonge of Age,
And bad hem gon to the lignage
Of these Hebreus: and forth thei wente
With yhen greye and browes bente
And wel arraied everych on;
And whan thei come were anon 442^o

4395 fleyssly F 4402 put AJ, S, F putte C, B 4408 margin
hic om. BT 4411 Irael (Irahel) J, S, FK rest Israel 4415
of yonge age B 4415 ff. margin contaminati—cecidunt] contaminati
sunt (om. gratiam—cecidunt) BT

[THE COUNSEL OF
BALAAM.]

Among thebreus, was non insihte,
Bot cacche who that cacche myhte,
And ech of hem hise lustes soghte,
Whiche after thei full diere boghte.

For grace anon began to faile,
That whan thei comen to bataille
Thanne afterward, in sori plit
Thei were take and disconfit,

So that withinne a litel throwe
The myht of hem was overthowe,
That whilom were wont to stonde.

4430

Til Phinees the cause on honde
Hath take, this vengeance laste,
Bot thanne it cessedate laste,
For god was paid of that he dede:

P. iii. 241

For wher he fond upon a stede
A couple which misferde so,
Thurghout he smot hem bothe tuo,
And let hem ligge in mennes yhe;
Wherof alle othre whiche hem sihe
Ensamplde hem upon the dede,
And preiden unto the godhiede
Here olde Sennes to amende:
And he, which wolde his mercy sende,
Restorede hem to newe grace.

4440

Thus mai it schewe in sondri place,
Of chastete hou the clenness
Acordeth to the worthinesse
Of men of Armes overal;

Bot most of alle in special
This vertu to a king belongeth,
For upon his fortune it hongeth
Of that his lond schal spede or spille.

4450

(4650*)

Forthi bot if a king his wille
Fro lustes of his fleissh restreigne,
Ayein himself he makth a treigne,
Into the which if that he slyde,
Him were betre go besyde.

For every man mai understonde,

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

Hou for a time that it stonde, 4460
 It is a sori lust to lyke,
 Whos ende makth a man to syke
 And torneth joies into sorwe. P. iii. 242
 The brihte Sonne be the morwe
 Beschyneth noght the derke nyht,
 The lusti youthe of mannes myht,
 In Age bot it stonde wel,
 Mistorneth al the laste whiel.

[EVIL EXAMPLE OF
 SOLOMON.]

Hic loquitur qualiter
 Principum irregulata
 voluptas eos a semita
 recta multociens de-
 uiare compellit. Et
 narrat exemplum de
 Salomone, qui ex sue
 carnis concupiscencia
 victus mulierum blan-
 dimentis in sui scan-
 dalum deos alienos
 colere presumebat.

That every worthi Prince is holde
 Withinne himself himself beholde, 4470
 To se the stat of his persone,
 And thenke hou ther be joies none
 Upon this Erthe mad to laste,
 And hou the fleish schal ate laste
 The lustes of this lif forsake,
 Him oghte a gret ensample take
 Of Salomon, whos appetit
 Was holy set upon delit,
 To take of wommen the plesance :
 So that upon his ignorance 4480
 The wyde world merveileth yit,
 That he, which alle mennes wit
 In thilke time hath overpassed,
 With fleishly lustes was so tassed,
 That he which ladde under the lawe
 The poeple of god, himself withdrawe
 He hath fro god in such a wise,
 That he worschipe and sacrificise
 For sondri love in sondri stede
 Unto the false goddes dede. 4490
 This was the wise ecclesiaste,
 The fame of whom schal evere laste,
 That he the myhti god forsok, P. iii. 243
 Ayein the lawe whanne he tok
 Hise wyves and hise concubines
 Of hem that weren Sarazines,
 For whiche he dede ydolatrie.

For this I rede of his sotie :

[EVIL EXAMPLE OF
SOLOMON.]

Sche of Sidoyne so him ladde,

That he knelende hise armes spradde

4500 De filia Regis Ci-
donie.

To Astrathen with gret humblesse,

Which of hire lond was the goddesse : (4700*)

And sche that was a Moabite

De filia Regis Moab.

So ferforth made him to delite

Thurgh lust, which al his wit devoureth,

That he Chamos hire god honoureth.

An other Amonyte also

De filia Regis A-
mon.

With love him hath assoted so,

Hire god Moloch that with encense

He sacreth, and doth reverence

4510

In such a wise as sche him bad.

Thus was the wiseste overlad

With blinde lustes whiche he soghte ;

Bot he it afterward aboghte.

For Achias Selonites,

[DIVISION OF HIS
KINGDOM.]

Which was prophete, er his decess,

Whil he was in hise lustes alle,

Betokneth what schal after falle.

For on a day, whan that he mette

Jeroboam the knyht, he grette

And bad him that he scholde abyde,

To hiere what him schal betyde.

And forth withal Achias caste

P. iii. 244

His mantell of, and also faste

He kut it into pieces twelve,

Wherof tuo partz toward himselve

He kepte, and al the remenant,

As god hath set his covenant,

He tok unto Jeroboas,

Of Nabal which the Sone was

4530

And of the kinges court a knyht :

And seide him, 'Such is goddes myht,

As thou hast sen departed hiere

Mi mantell, riht in such manere

After the deth of Salomon

God hath ordeigned therupon,

Nota hic qualiter
Achias propheta, in
signum quod regnum
post mortem Salomo-
nis ob eius peccatum
4520 a suo herede diminu-
eretur, pallium suum
in xii. partes scidit,
vnde x. partes Ieroboe
filio Nabal, qui regnat-
urus postea successit,
precepto dei tribuit.

[DIVISION OF HIS
KINGDOM.]

This regne thanne he schal divide :
Which time thou schalt ek abide,
And upon that division
The regne as in proporcion
As thou hast of mi mantell take,
Thou schalt receive, I undertake.
And thus the Sone schal abie
The lustes and the lecherie
Of him which nou his fader is.'

4540

So forto taken hiede of this,
It sit a king wel to be chaste,
For elles he mai lihtly waste
Himself and ek his regne bothe,
And that oghte every king to lothe.

4550

O, which a Senne violent,
Wherof so wys a king was schent, (4750*)
That the vengance in his persone P. iii. 245
Was noght ynouh to take al one,
Bot afterward, whan he was passed,
It hath his heritage lassed,

As I more openli tofore
The tale tolde. And thus therfore
The Philosophre upon this thing
Writ and conseileth to a king,

4560

That he the surfet of luxure
Schal tempre and reule of such mesure,
Which be to kinde sufficant
And ek to reson acordant,
So that the lustes ignorance
Be cause of no misgovernance,
Thurgh which that he be overthrowe,
As he that wol no reson knowe.
For bot a mannes wit be swerved,
Whan kinde is dueliche served,
It oghte of reson to suffice ;
For if it falle him otherwise,
He mai tho lustes sore drede.

4570

Aristotiles. O Alexander, super omnia
consulo, conserua tibi
calorem naturalem.

4557 f. As more . . . is told AdB As more . . . tolde T 4559
margin Aristotiles om. B 4572 fille H1 . . . B1 fulle AM
4573 tho] be H1 . . . B1, AdA, W

For of Anthonie thus I rede,
 Which of Severus was the Sone,
 That he his lif of comun wone
 Yaf holy unto thilke vice,
 And ofte time he was so nyce,
 Wherof nature hire hath compleigned
 Unto the god, which hath desdeigned 4580
 The werkes whiche Antonie wroghte
 Of lust, whiche he ful sore aboghte:
 For god his forfet hath so wroke P. iii. 246
 That in Cronique it is yit spoke.
 Bot forto take remembrance
 Of special misgovernance
 Thurgh covoitise and injustice
 Forth with the remenant of vice,
 And nameliche of lecherie,
 I finde write a gret partie 4590
 Withinne a tale, as thou schalt hiere,
 Which is thensample of this matiere.

[ANTONIUS.]
 De voluptuoso Antonio.

So as these olde gestes sein,
 The proude tyrannyssh Romein
 Tarquinius, which was thanne king
 And wroghte many a wrongful thing,
 Of Sones hadde manyon,
 Among the whiche Arrons was on,
 Lich to his fader of maneres;
 So that withinne a fewe yeres
 With tresoun and with tirannie
 Thei wonne of lond a gret partie,
 And token hiede of no justice,
 Which due was to here office
 Upon the reule of governance;
 Bot al that evere was plesance
 Unto the fleissches lust thei toke.
 And fell so, that thei undertoke
 A werre, which was nocht achieved,

[TARQUIN AND HIS
 SON ARUNS.]

Hic loquitur de Tarquino nuper Rome Imperatore, necnon et de eiusdem filio nomine Arrons, qui omni viciorum varietate repleti tam in homines quam in mulieres innumera scelera perpetrarunt: set specialiter super hiis que contra Gabinos fraudulenter operati sunt tractare intendit.

4574 Anthonie AJ, F Antonie S antoigne B 4581 Antonie S
 Anthonie A Antoine J, B, F 4595 margin nuper Rome] rome
 nuper BT nuper A om. M

[TARQUIN AND HIS
SON ARUNS.]

Bot ofte time it hadde hem grieved, 4610
 Ayein a folk which thanne hihte
 The Gabiens : and al be nyhte
 This Arrons, whan he was at hom P. iii. 247
 In Rome, a prive place he nom
 Withinne a chambre, and bet himselve
 And made him woundes ten or tuelve
 Upon the bak, as it was sene ;
 And so forth with hise hurtes grene
 In al the haste that he may
 He rod, and cam that other day 4620
 Unto Gabie the Cite,
 And in he wente : and whan that he
 Was knowe, anon the gates schette,
 The lordes alle upon him sette
 With drawe swerdes upon honde.
 This Arrons wolde hem noght withstonde,
 Bot seide, 'I am hier at your wille,
 Als lief it is that ye me spille,
 As if myn oghne fader dede.'
 And forthwith in the same stede 4630
 He preide hem that thei wolde se,
 And schewede hem in what degre
 His fader and hise brethren bothe,
 Whiche, as he seide, weren wrothe,
 Him hadde beten and reviled,
 For evere and out of Rome exiled.
 And thus he made hem to believe,
 And seide, if that he myhte achieve
 His pourpos, it schal wel be yolde,
 Be so that thei him helpe wolde. 4640
 Whan that the lordes hadde sein
 Hou wofully he was besein,
 Thei token Pite of his grief; P. iii. 248
 Bot yit it was hem wonder lief
 That Rome him hadde exiled so.
 These Gabiens be conseil tho
 Upon the goddes made him swere,

4610 he hadde AM... B₂ 4611 a] þe LB₂, Δ om. AM, T 4628
 ye me] I me AdBT 4641 Whan þe lordes AM 4646 The B₂, AdBT

That he to hem schal trouthe bere
 And strengthen hem with al his myht ;
 And thei also him have behiht 4650
 To helpen him in his querele.
 Thei schopen thanne for his hele (4850*)
 That he was bathed and enoight,
 Til that he was in lusti point ;
 And what he wolde thanne he hadde,
 That he al hol the cite ladde
 Riht as he wolde himself divide.
 And thanne he thoghte him in what wise
 He myhte his tirannie schewe ;
 And to his conseil tok a schrewe, 4660
 Whom to his fader forth he sente
 In his message, and he tho wente,
 And preide his fader forto seie
 Be his avis, and finde a weie,
 Hou they the cite myhten winne,
 Whil that he stod so wel therinne.
 And whan the messenger was come
 To Rome, and hath in conseil nome
 The king, it fell per chance so
 That thei were in a gardin tho, 4670
 This messenger forth with the king.
 And whanne he hadde told the thing
 In what manere that it stod, P. iii. 249
 And that Tarquinius understod
 Be the message hou that it ferde,
 Anon he tok in honde a yerde,
 And in the gardin as thei gon,
 The lilie croppes on and on,
 Wher that thei weren sprongen oute,
 He smot of, as thei stode aboute, 4680
 And seide unto the messenger :
 ' Lo, this thing, which I do nou hier,
 Schal ben in stede of thin ansuere ;
 And in this wise as I me bere,
 Thou schalt unto mi Sone telle.'
 And he no lengere wolde duelle,

[TARQUIN AND HIS
SON ARUNS.]

Bot tok his leve and goth withal
 Unto his lord, and told him al,
 Hou that his fader hadde do.
 Whan Arrons herde him telle so, 4690
 Anon he wiste what it mente,
 And therto sette al his entente,
 Til he thurgh fraude and tricherie
 The Princes hefdes of Gabie
 Hath smiten of, and al was wonne;
 His fader cam tofore the Sonne
 Into the toun with the Romeins,
 And tok and slowh the citezeins
 Withoute reson or pite,
 That he ne spareth no degre. 4700
 And for the sped of this conqueste
 He let do make a riche feste (4900*)
 With a sollempne Sacrifise P. iii. 250
 In Phebus temple; and in this wise
 Whan the Romeins assembled were,
 In presence of hem alle there,
 Upon thalter whan al was diht
 And that the fyres were alyht,
 From under thalter sodeinly
 An hidous Serpent openly 4710
 Cam out and hath devoured al
 The Sacrifice, and ek withal
 The fyres queynt, and forth anon,
 So as he cam, so is he gon
 Into the depe ground ayein.
 And every man began to sein,
 'Ha lord, what mai this signefie?'
 And therupon thei preie and crie
 To Phebus, that thei mihten knowe
 The cause: and he the same throwe 4720
 With gastly vois, that alle it herde,
 The Romeins in this wise ansuerde,
 And seide hou for the wikkidnesse
 Of Pride and of unrihtwisnesse,
 That Tarquin and his Sone hath do,
 4688 told C, SB, F tolde A

The Sacrifice is wasted so,
 Which myhte noght ben acceptable
 Upon such Senne abhominable.
 And over that yit he hem wisseth,
 And seith that which of hem ferst kisseth 4730
 His moder, he schal take wrieche
 Upon the wrong: and of that speche
 Thei ben withinne here hertes glade, P. iii. 251
 Thogh thei outward no semblant made.
 Ther was a knyht which Brutus hihte,
 And he with al the haste he myhte
 To grounde fell and therthe kiste,
 Bot non of hem the cause wiste,
 Bot wenden that he hadde sporned
 Per chance, and so was overturned. 4740
 Bot Brutus al an other mente;
 For he kn  w wel in his entente
 Hou therthe of every mannes kinde
 Is Moder: bot thei weren blinde,
 And sihen noght so fer as he.
 Bot whan thei leften the Cite
 And comen hom to Rome ayein,
 Thanne every man which was Romein
 And moder hath, to hire he bende
 And keste, and ech of hem thus wende 4750
 To be the ferste upon the chance,
 Of Tarquin forto do vengeance, (4950*)
 So as thei herden Phebus sein.

[TARQUIN AND HIS
 SON ARUNS.]

Bot every time hath his certein,
 So moste it nedes thanne abide,
 Til afterward upon a tyde
 Tarquinius made unskilfully
 A werre, which was fasteby
 Ayein a toun with walles stronge
 Which Ardea was cleped longe,
 And caste a Siege therabout, 4760
 That ther mai noman passen oute.

[THE RAPE OF
 LUCRECE.]

Hic narrat quod,
 cum Tarquinius in ob-
 sidione Ciuitatis Ar-
 dee, vteamdestrueret,
 intentus fuit, Arrons
 filius eius Romam se-
 creto adiens in domo
 Collatini hospitatus
 est; vbi de nocte illam

4737 ground F therthe] þer he AdBT þere (þer) H; YXGERC, A
 4746 the] þat S . . . Δ 4754 Paragraph in MSS. at 4757

[THE RAPE OF
LUCRECE.]

castissimam dominam
Lucreciam ymaginata
fraude vi oppressit:
vnde illa pre dolore
mortua, ipse cum Tar-
quino patre suo tota
conclamante Roma in
perpetuum exilium
delegati sunt.

So it befell upon a nyht, P. iii. 252
Arrons, which hadde his souper diht,
A part of the chivalerie
With him to soupe in compaignie
Hath bede: and whan thei comen were
And seten at the souper there,
Among here othre wordes glade
Arrons a gret spekinge made, 477^o
Who hadde tho the beste wif
Of Rome: and ther began a strif,
For Arrons seith he hath the beste.
So jangle thei withoute reste,
Til ate laste on Collatin,
A worthi knyht, and was cousin
To Arrons, seide him in this wise:
'It is,' quod he, 'of non emprise
To speke a word, bot of the dede,
Therof it is to taken hiede. 478^o
Anon forthi this same tyde
Lep on thin hors and let ous ryde:
So mai we knowe bothe tuo
Unwarli what oure wyves do,
And that schal be a trewe assay.'
This Arrons seith noght ones nay:
On horse bak anon thei lepte
In such manere, and nothing slepte,
Ridende forth til that thei come
Al prively withinne Rome; 479^o
In strange place and doun thei lihte,
And take a chambre, and out of sihte
Thei be disguised for a throwe, P. iii. 253
So that no lif hem scholde knowe.
And to the paleis ferst thei soghte,
To se what thing this ladi wroghte
Of which Arrons made his avant:
And thei hire sihe of glad semblant,
Al full of merthes and of bordes;
Bot among alle hire othre wordes 480^o

4772 ther] þus B 4780 Wher of (Wherof) AdBT, K 4795
the om. A 4796 þis ladyes B þeis ladis Ad þise lady (s erased) T

Sche spak noght of hire housebonde.
 And whan thei hadde al understonde (5000*)
 Of thilke place what hem liste,
 Thei gon hem forth, that non it wiste,
 Beside thilke gate of bras,
 Collacea which cleped was,
 Wher Collatin hath his duellinge.
 Ther founden thei at hom sittinge
 Lucrece his wif, al environed
 With women, whiche are abandoned 4810
 To werche, and sche wroghte ek withal,
 And bad hem haste, and seith, 'It schal
 Be for mi housebondes were,
 Which with his swerd and with his spere
 Lith at the Siege in gret desese.
 And if it scholde him noght displese,
 Nou wolde god I hadde him hier ;
 For certes til that I mai hier
 Som good tidinge of his astat,
 Min herte is evere upon debat. 4820
 For so as alle men witnesse,
 He is of such an hardiesse,
 That he can noght himselve spare, P. iii. 254
 And that is al my moste care,
 Whan thei the walles schulle assaile.
 Bot if mi wisshes myhte availe,
 I wolde it were a groundles pet,
 Be so the Siege were unknet,
 And I myn housebonde sihe.'
 With that the water in hire yhe 4830
 Aros, that sche ne myhte it stoppe,
 And as men sen the dew bedroppe
 The leves and the floures eke,
 Riht so upon hire whyte cheke
 The wofull salte teres felle.
 Whan Collatin hath herd hire telle
 The menyng of hire trewe herte,

4803 him AXGCR 4810 were X, AdBT 4812 seide B
 4814 swerd] schield (shelde) H1, B 4825 schulde (schoide) M,
 AdBT 4832 dewe droppe AM, W
 * * B b

[THE RAPE OF
LUCRECE.]

Anon with that to hire he sterre,
 And seide, 'Lo, mi goode diere,
 Nou is he come to you hiere, 4840
 That ye most loven, as ye sein.'
 And sche with goodly chiere ayein
 Beclipte him in hire armes smale,
 And the colour, which erst was pale,
 To Beaute thanne was restored,
 So that it myhte noght be mored.
 The kinges Sone, which was nyh,
 And of this lady herde and syh
 The thinges as thei ben befalle,
 The resoun of hise wittes alle 4850
 Hath lost; for love upon his part
 Cam thanne, and of his fyri dart (5050*)
 With such a wounde him hath thurghsmite, P. iii. 255
 That he mot nedes fiele and wite
 Of thilke blinde maladie,
 To which no cure of Surgerie
 Can helpe. Bot yit natheles
 At thilke time he hield his pes,
 That he no contenance made,
 Bot openly with wordes glade, 4860
 So as he couthe in his manere,
 He spak and made frendly chiere,
 Til it was time forto go.
 And Collatin with him also
 His leve tok, so that be nyhte
 With al the haste that thei myhte
 Thei riden to the Siege ayein.
 Bot Arrons was so wo besein
 With thoghtes whiche upon him runne,
 That he al be the brode Sunne 4870
 To bedde goth, noght forto reste,
 Bot forto thenke upon the beste
 And the faireste forth withal,
 That evere he syh or evere schal,
 So as him thoghte in his corage,
 Where he pourtreieth hire ymage:
 Ferst the fetures of hir face,

LIBER SEPTIMUS

371

[THE RAPE OF
LUCRECE.]

In which nature hadde alle grace
 Of wommanly beaute beset,
 So that it myhte noght be bet; 4880
 And hou hir yelwe her was tresced
 And hire atir so wel adresced,
 And hou sche spak, and hou sche wroghte, P. iii. 256
 And hou sche wepte, al this he thoghte,
 That he foryeten hath no del,
 Bot al it liketh him so wel,
 That in the word nor in the dede
 Hire lacketh noght of wommanhiede.
 And thus this tirannysshe knyht
 Was soupled, bot noght half ariht, 4890
 For he non other hiede tok,
 Bot that he myhte be som crok,
 Althogh it were ayein hire wille,
 The lustes of his fleissh fulfille;
 Which love was noght resonable,
 For where honour is remuable,
 It oghte wel to ben avised.
 Bot he, which hath his lust assised
 With melled love and tirannie,
 Hath founde upon his tricherie 4900
 A weie which he thenkth to holde,
 And seith, 'Fortune unto the bolde
 Is favorable forto helpe.'
 And thus withinne himself to yelpen,
 As he which was a wylde man,
 Upon his treson he began:
 And up he sterte, and forth he wente
 On horsebak, bot his entente
 Ther knew no wiht, and thus he nam
 The nexte weie, til he cam 4910
 Unto Collacea the gate
 Of Rome, and it was somdiel late,
 Riht evene upon the Sonne set, P. iii. 257
 As he which hadde schape his net
 Hire innocence to betrappe.

4880 let GEC, AdBT 4881 hir om. B her(e) H1XR 4886 liked
 SAdBT 4887 in the dede] in dede AMXLB1 4914 And he AdBT

[THE RAPE OF
LUCRECE.]

And as it scholde tho mishappe,
 Als priveliche as evere he myhte
 He rod, and of his hors alyhte
 Tofore Collatines In,
 And al frendliche he goth him in, 4920
 As he that was cousin of house.
 And sche, which is the goode spouse,
 Lucrece, whan that sche him sih,
 With goodli chiere drowh him nyh,
 As sche which al honour supposeth,
 And him, so as sche dar, opposeth
 Hou it stod of hire housebonde.
 And he tho dede hire understonde
 With tales feigned in his wise,
 Riht as he wolde himself devise, 4930
 Wherof he myhte hire herte glade,
 That sche the betre chiere made,
 Whan sche the glade wordes herde,
 Hou that hire housebonde ferde.
 And thus the trouthe was deceived
 With slih tresoun, which was received
 To hire which mente alle goode ;
 For as the festes thanne stode,
 His Souper was ryht wel arraied.
 Bot yit he hath no word assaied 4940
 To speke of love in no degre ;
 Bot with covert soubtilite
 His frendly speches he affaiteth, P. iii. 258
 And as the Tigre his time awaiteth
 In hope forto cacche his preie.
 Whan that the bordes were aweie
 And thei have souped in the halle,
 He seith that slep is on him falle,
 And preith he moste go to bedde ;
 And sche with alle haste spedde, 4950
 So as hire thoghte it was to done,
 That every thing was redi sone. (5150*)
 Sche broghte him to his chambre tho

4918 he lighte AdBT 4920 he om. AdBT 4929 his wise
 AdBT 4940 he om. AM 4944 the om. AM a H₁

And tok hire leve, and forth is go
 Into hire oghne chambre by,
 As sche that wende certainly
 Have had a frend, and hadde a fo,
 Wherof fell after mochel wo.

This tirant, thogh he lyhe softe,
 Out of his bed aros fulofte, 4960

And goth aboute, and leide his Ere
 To herkne, til that alle were
 To bedde gon and slepten faste.
 And thanne upon himself he caste
 A mantell, and his swerd al naked
 He tok in honde; and sche unwaked
 Abedde lay, but what sche mette,
 God wot; for he the Dore unschette
 So prively that non it herde,
 The softe pas and forth he ferde 4970

Unto the bed wher that sche slepte,
 Al sodeinliche and in he crepte,
 And hire in bothe his Armes tok. P. iii. 259

With that this worthi wif awok,
 Which thurgh tendresce of wommanhiede
 Hire vois hath lost for pure drede,
 That o word speke sche ne dar:

And ek he bad hir to be war,
 For if sche made noise or cry,
 He seide, his swerd lay faste by 4980

To slen hire and hire folk aboute.
 And thus he broghte hire herte in doute,
 That lich a Lomb whanne it is sesed

In wolves mouth, so was desesed

Lucrece, which he naked fond:

Wherof sche swounede in his hond,

And, as who seith, lay ded oppressed.

And he, which al him hadde adresced

To lust, tok thanne what him liste,

And goth his wey, that non it wiste, 4990

Into his oghne chambre ayein,

And clepede up his chamberlein,

[THE RAPE OF
LUCRECE.]

And made him redi forto ryde.
 And thus this lecherouse pride
 To horse lepte and forth he rod ;
 And sche, which in hire bed abod,
 Whan that sche wiste he was agon,
 Sche clepede after liht anon
 And up aros long er the day,
 And caste away hire freissh aray, 5000
 As sche which hath the world forsake,
 And tok upon the clothes blake : (5200*)
 And evere upon continuinge, P. iii. 260
 Riht as men sen a welle springe,
 With yhen fulle of wofull teres,
 Hire her hangende aboute hire Eres,
 Sche wepte, and noman wiste why.
 Bot yit among full pitously
 Sche preide that thei nolden drecche
 Hire housebonde forto fecche 5010
 Forth with hire fader ek also.
 Thus be thei comen bothe tuo,
 And Brutus cam with Collatin,
 Which to Lucrece was cousin,
 And in thei wenten alle thre
 To chambre, wher thei myhten se
 The wofulleste upon this Molde,
 Which wepte as sche to water scholde.
 The chambre Dore anon was stoke,
 Er thei have oght unto hire spoke ; 5020
 Thei sihe hire clothes al disguised,
 And hou sche hath herself despised,
 Hire her hangende unkemd aboute,
 Bot natheles sche gan to loute
 And knele unto hire housebonde ;
 And he, which fain wolde understonde
 The cause why sche ferde so,
 With softe wordes axeth tho,
 'What mai you be, mi goode swete ?'
 And sche, which thoghte herself unmete 5030
 And the lest worth of wommen alle,
 Hire wofull chiere let doun falle

For schame and couthe unnethes loke. **P. iii. 261** [THE RAPE OF
 And thei therof good hiede toke, LUCRECE.]
 And preiden hire in alle weie
 That sche ne spare forto seie
 Unto hir frendes what hire eileth,
 Why sche so sore himself beweileth,
 And what the sothe wolde mene.
 And sche, which hath hire sorwes grene, 5040
 Hire wo to telle thanne assaieth,
 Bot tendre schame hire word delaieth,
 That sondri times as sche minte
 To speke, upon the point sche stinte.
 And thei hire bidden evere in on
 To telle forth, and therupon,
 Whan that sche sih sche moste nede,
 Hire tale betwen schame and drede
 Sche tolde, noght withoute peine.
 And he, which wolde hire wo restreigne, 5050
 Hire housebonde, a sory man,
 Conforteth hire al that he can, (5250*)
 And swor, and ek hire fader bothe,
 That thei with hire be noght wrothe
 Of that is don ayein hire wille;
 And preiden hire to be stille,
 For thei to hire have al foryive.
 Bot sche, which thoghte noght to live,
 Of hem wol no foryivenesse,
 And seide, of thilke wickednesse 5060
 Which was unto hire bodi wroght,
 Al were it so sche myhte it noght,
 Nevere afterward the world ne schal **P. iii. 262**
 Reproeven hire; and forth withal,
 Er eny man therof be war,
 A naked swerd, the which sche bar
 Withinne hire Mantel priveli,
 Betwen hire hondes sodeinly
 Sche tok, and thurgh hire herte it throng,
 And fell to grounde, and evere among, 5070
 Whan that sche fell, so as sche myhte,

5043 f. minte . . . stinte J, SB, F mente . . . stente AEC

[THE RAPE OF
LUCRECE.]

Hire clothes with hire hand sche rihte,
That noman dounward fro the kne
Scholde eny thing of hire se:
Thus lay this wif honestely,
Although she deide wofully.

Tho was no sorwe forto seke:
Hire housebonde, hire fader eke
Aswoune upon the bodi felle;
Ther mai no mannes tunge telle 5080
In which anguisshe that thei were.
Bot Brutus, which was with hem there,
Toward himself his herte kepte,
And to Lucrece anon he lepte,
The blodi swerd and pulleth oute,
And swor the goddes al aboute
That he therof schal do vengeance.
And sche tho made a contenance,
Hire dedlich yhe and ate laste
In thonkinge as it were up caste, 5090
And so behield him in the wise,
Whil sche to loke mai suffise.

And Brutus with a manlich herte P. iii. 263
Hire housebonde hath mad up sterte
Forth with hire fader ek also
In alle haste, and seide hem tho
That thei anon withoute lette
A Beere for the body fette;
Lucrece and therupon bledende
He leide, and so forth out criende 5100
He goth into the Market place
Of Rome: and in a litel space (5300*)
Thurgh cry the cite was assembled,
And every mannes herte is trembled,
Whan thei the sothe herde of the cas.
And therupon the conseil was
Take of the grete and of the smale,
And Brutus tolde hem al the tale;
And thus cam into remembrance

5101 vnto X . . . Bz 5104 mannes herte trembled H1 . . . Bz, W
manne herte trembled AM

Of Senne the continuance,
Which Arrons hadde do tofore,
And ek, long time er he was bore,
Of that his fadre hadde do
The wrong cam into place tho;
So that the comun clamour tolde
The newe schame of Sennes olde.
And al the toun began to crie,
'Awey, awey the tirannie
Of lecherie and covoitise!'
And ate laste in such a wise
The fader in the same while
Forth with his Sone thei exile,
And taken betre governance.
Bot yit an other remembrance
That rihtwysnesse and lecherie
Acorden noght in compaignie
With him that hath the lawe on honde,
That mai a man wel understonde,
As be a tale thou shalt wite,
Of olde ensample as it is write.

5110 [THE RAPE OF
LUCRECE.]

5120

P. iii. 264

5130

At Rome whan that Apius,
Whos other name is Claudius,
Was governour of the cite,
Ther fell a wonder thing to se
Touchende a gentil Maide, as thus,
Whom Livius Virginius
Begeten hadde upon his wif:
Men seiden that so fair a lif
As sche was noght in al the toun.
This fame, which goth up and down,
To Claudius cam in his Ere,
Wherof his thoght anon was there,
Which al his herte hath set afyre,
That he began the flour desire
Which longeth unto maydenhede,

[TALE OF VIRGINIA.]

Hic ponit exemplum
super eodem, qualiter
Luius Virginius dux
exercitus Romano-
rum vnicam filiam pul-
cherimam habens cum
quodam nobili viro
nomine Ilcio, vt ip-
sam in vxorem duce-
ret, finaliter concorda-
uit. Set interim Ap-
ius Claudius tunc Im-
perator virginis formo-
sitate, vt eam vio-
laret, concupiscens,
occasionem quibus ma-
trimonium impedire,
ipsamque ad sui vsum
apprehendere posset,

5140

5113 fadre S, F fader AJC, B 5130 olde ensample C, F old
(oold) ensample AJ, B olde ensamples SA 5133 margin super
eodem om. B 5135 and þus FWKMagd 5140 margin tunc
om. BT

[TALE OF VIRGINIA.]
 subdola conspiracione
 fieri coniectauit. Et
 cum propositum sui
 desiderii productis fal-
 sis testibus in iudicio
 Imperator habere de-
 buisset, pater tunc ibi-
 dem presens extracto
 gladio filie sue pectus
 mortali vulnere per
 medium transfodit, di-
 cens: 'Malo michi de
 filia mea virginem ha-
 bere mortuam, quam
 in suis scandalum mere-
 tricem reseruare vi-
 uentem.'

And sende, if that he myhte sped
 The blinde lustes of his wille.
 Bot that thing mai he noght fulfille,
 For sche stod upon Mariage;
 A worthi kniht of gret lignage, 5150
 Illicius which thanne hihte,
 Acorded in hire fader sihte (5350*)
 Was, that he scholde his douhter wedde. P. iii. 265
 Bot er the cause fully spedde,
 Hire fader, which in Romanie
 The ledinge of chivalerie
 In governance hath undertake,
 Upon a werre which was take
 Goth out with al the strengthe he hadde
 Of men of Armes whiche he ladde: 5160
 So was the mariage left,
 And stod upon acord til eft.

The king, which herde telle of this,
 Hou that this Maide ordeigned is
 To Mariage, thoghte an other.
 And hadde thilke time a brother,
 Which Marchus Claudius was hote,
 And was a man of such riote
 Riht as the king himselve was:
 Thei tuo togedre upon this cas 5170
 In conseil founden out this weie,
 That Marchus Claudius schal seie
 Hou sche be weie of covenant
 To his service appourtenant
 Was hol, and to non other man;
 And therupon he seith he can
 In every point witesse take,
 So that sche schal it noght forsake.
 Whan that thei hadden schape so,
 After the lawe which was tho, 5180
 Whil that hir fader was absent,
 Sche was somouned and assent
 To come in presence of the king P. iii. 266

5161 þis Mariage SBTΔ 5171 þe weie GBs, S . . . Δ 5182
 somouned (or sommoned) AJ, F somoned C, SB

And stonde in ansuere of this thing.
 Hire frendes wisten alle wel
 That it was falsched everydel,
 And comen to the king and seiden,
 Upon the comun lawe and preiden,
 So as this noble worthi knyht
 Hir fader for the comun riht
 In thilke time, as was befallē,
 Lai for the profit of hem alle
 Upon the wylde feldes armed,
 That he ne scholde noght ben harmed
 Ne schamed, whil that he were oute;
 And thus thei preiden al aboute.

5190

For al the clamour that he herde,
 The king upon his lust ansuerde,
 And yaf hem only daies tuo
 Of respit; for he wende tho,
 That in so schorte a time appiere
 Hire fader mihte in no manere.
 Bot as therof he was deceived;
 For Livius hadde al conceived
 The pourpos of the king tofore,
 So that to Rome ayein therfore
 In alle haste he cam ridende,
 And lefte upon the field liggende
 His host, til that he come ayein.
 And thus this worthi capitein

5200

(5400*)

5210

Appiereth redi at his day,
 Wher al that evere reson may
 Be lawe in audience he doth,
 So that his dowhter upon soth
 Of that Marchus hire hadde accused
 He hath tofore the court excused.

P. iii. 267

The king, which sih his pourpos faile,
 And that no sleihte mihte availe,
 Encombred of his lustes blinde
 The lawe torneth out of kinde,

5220

5184 stood (stode) H₁ . . . B₂ stante W 5201 schorte J, S, F
 schort AC, B 5206 And þoughte to be þer þerfore H₁ . . . B₂
 5220 torned AM . . . B₂

[TALE OF VIRGINIA.]

And half in wraththe as thogh it were,
 In presence of hem alle there
 Deceived of concupiscence
 Yaf for his brother the sentence,
 And bad him that he scholde sese
 This Maide and make him wel at ese;
 Bot al withinne his oghne entente
 He wiste hou that the cause wente,
 Of that his brother hath the wyte
 He was himselven forto wyte. 5230
 Bot thus this maiden hadde wrong,
 Which was upon the king along,
 Bot ayein him was non Appel,
 And that the fader wiste wel:
 Wherof upon the tirannie,
 That for the lust of Lecherie
 His douhter scholde be deceived,
 And that Illicius was weyved
 Untrewly fro the Mariage,
 Riht as a Leon in his rage, 5240
 Which of no drede set acompte
 And not what pite scholde amounte,
 A naked swerd he pulleth oute, P. iii. 268
 The which amonges al the route
 He threste thurgh his dowhter side,
 And al alowd this word he cride:
 'Lo, take hire ther, thou wrongfull king,
 For me is levere upon this thing
 To be the fader of a Maide,
 Thogh sche be dēd, than if men saide 5250
 That in hir lif sche were schamed
 And I therof were evele named.' (5450*)
 Tho bad the king men scholde areste
 His bodi, bot of thilke heste,
 Lich to the chaced wylde bor,
 The houndes whan he fieleth sor,
 Tothroweth and goth forth his weie,
 In such a wise forto seie

5239 fro] for J, AdBT
 5251 aschamed ALM, Δ

5247 take (tanke) AC, S, F tak J, B

[TALE OF VIRGINIA.]

This worthi kniht with swerd on honde
 His weie made, and thei him wonde, 5260
 That non of hem his strokes kepte ;
 And thus upon his hors he lepte,
 And with his swerd droppende of blod,
 The which withinne his douhter stod,
 He cam ther as the pouer was
 Of Rome, and tolde hem al the cas,
 And seide hem that thei myhten liere
 Upon the wrong of his matiere,
 That betre it were to redresce
 At hom the grete unrihtwisnesse, 5270
 Than forto werre in strange place
 And lese at hom here oghne grace.
 For thus stant every mannes lif P. iii. 269
 In jeupartie for his wif
 Or for his dowhter, if thei be
 Passende an other of beaute.

Of this merveile which thei sihe
 So apparant tofore here yhe,
 Of that the king him hath misbore,
 Here othes thei have alle swore 5280
 That thei wol stonde be the riht.
 And thus of on acord upriht
 To Rome at ones hom ayein
 Thei torne, and schortly forto sein,
 This tirannye cam to mouthe,
 And every man seith what he couthe,
 So that the prive tricherie,
 Which set was upon lecherie,
 Cam openly to mannes Ere ;
 And that broghte in the comun feere, 5290
 That every man the peril dradde
 Of him that so hem overladde.
 Forthi, er that it worse falle,
 Thurgh comun conseil of hem alle

5263 Al with . . . of blood T Al wip . . . al blod B Wip . . . al
 blode Ad 5267 seide AJ, SB seid F 5268 his AMB₂
 5275 And for AdBT Or of W 5279 hap him AM, W 5293
 for jey B

[TALE OF VIRGINIA.]

Thei have here wrongfull king deposed,
 And hem in whom it was supposed
 The conseil stod of his ledinge
 Be lawe unto the dom thei bringe,
 Wher thei receiven the penance
 That longeth to such governance. 5300
 And thus thunchaste was chastised,
 Wherof thei myhte ben avised (5500*)
 That scholden afterward governe, P. iii. 270
 And be this evidence lerne,
 Hou it is good a king eschuie
 The lust of vice and vertu suie.

[TOBIAS AND SARA.]

Hic inter alia casti-
 tatis regimen concer-
 nencia loquitur quo-
 modo Matrimonium,
 cuius status Sacramen-
 tum, quasi continen-
 ciam equiperans, eci-
 am honeste delecta-
 tionis regimine mo-
 derari debet. Et nar-
 rat in exemplum, qua-
 liter pro eo quod illi
 vii.^{tes} viri, qui Sarre
 Raguelis filie magis
 propter concupiscen-
 ciam quam propter
 matrimonium volup-
 tuose nupserunt, vnus
 post alium omnes pri-
 ma nocte a demone
 Asmodeo singillatim
 iugulati interierunt.

To make an ende in this partie,
 Which toucheth to the Policie
 Of Chastite in special,
 As for conclusion final 5310
 That every lust is to eschue
 Be gret ensample I mai argue :
 Hou in Rages a toun of Mede
 Ther was a Mayde, and as I rede,
 Sarra sche hihte, and Raguel
 Hir fader was ; and so befell,
 Of bodi bothe and of visage
 Was non so fair of the lignage,
 To seche among hem alle, as sche ;
 Wherof the riche of the cite, 5320
 Of lusti folk that couden love,
 Assoted were upon hire love,
 And asken hire forto wedde.
 On was which ate laste spedde,
 Bot that was more for likinge,
 To have his lust, than for weddinge,
 As he withinne his herte caste,
 Which him repenteth ate laste.
 For so it fell the ferste nyht,
 That whanne he was to bedde dyht, 5330
 As he which nothing god besecheth
 Bot al only hise lustes secheth,

5327 withinne] which in AdBT

Abedde er he was fully warm **P. iii. 271** [TOBIAS AND SARA.]
 And wolde have take hire in his Arm,
 Asmod, which was a fend of helle,
 And serveth, as the bokes telle,
 To tempte a man of such a wise,
 Was redy there, and thilke emprise,
 Which he hath set upon delit,
 He vengeth thanne in such a plit, 5340
 That he his necke hath writhe atuo.
 This yonge wif was sory tho,
 Which wiste nothing what it mente;
 And natheles yit thus it wente
 Noght only of this ferste man,
 Bot after, riht as he began,
 Sexe othre of hire housebondes
 Asmod hath take into hise bondes,
 So that thei alle abedde deiden,
 Whan thei her hand toward hir leiden, 5350
 Noght for the lawe of Mariage,
 Bot for that ilke fyri rage (5550*)
 In which that thei the lawe excede:
 For who that wolde taken hiede
 What after fell in this matiere,
 Ther mihte he wel the sothe hiere.
 Whan sche was wedded to Thobie,
 And Raphael in compainie
 Hath tawht him hou to ben honeste,
 Asmod wan noght at thilke feste, 5360
 And yit Thobie his wille hadde;
 For he his lust so goodly ladde,
 That bothe lawe and kinde is served, **P. iii. 272**
 Wherof he hath himself preserved,
 That he fell noght in the sentence.
 O which an open evidence
 Of this ensample a man mai se,
 That whan likinge in the degre

5336 serued B 5337 in such CRB_s 5341 wriþe AJC, SB
 wriþ F 5345 of] for AdBT 5348 hise bondes J, S, FK
 his hondes H₁ . . . B_s, AdTBA, WMagd hondes (om. his) AM
 5366 Of which AdBT, W O such H₁

[CHASTITY.]

Of Mariage mai forsueie,
 Wel oghte him thanne in other weie 5370
 Of lust to be the betre avised.
 For god the lawes hath assised
 Als wel to reson as to kinde,
 Bot he the bestes wolde binde
 Only to lawes of nature,
 Bot to the mannes creature
 God yaf him reson forth withal,
 Wherof that he nature schal
 Upon the causes modefie,
 That he schal do no lecherie, 5380
 And yit he schal hise lustes have.
 So ben the lawes bothe save
 And every thing put out of sclandre ;
 As whilom to king Alisandre
 The wise Philosophre tawhte,
 Whan he his ferste lore cawhte,
 Noght only upon chastete,
 Bot upon alle honestete ;
 Wherof a king himself mai taste,
 Hou trewe, hou large, hou joust, hou chaste 5390
 Him oghte of reson forto be,
 Forth with the vertu of Pite,
 Thurgh which he mai gret thonk deserve P.iii. 273
 Toward his godd, that he preserve
 Him and his poeple in alle welthe
 Of pes, richesse, honour and helthe
 Hier in this world and elles eke.

Confessor.

Mi Sone, as we tofore spieke
 In schrifte, so as thou me seidest,
 And for thin ese, as thou me preidest, 5400
 Thi love throgges forto lisse,
 That I thee wolde telle and wisse (5600*)
 The forme of Aristotles lore,
 I have it seid, and somdiel more
 Of othre ensamples, to assaie
 If I thi peines myhte allaie

5379 cause AdBT 5380 marg. Nota A, F om. C, B 5383 put AJ,
 SB pit F 5388 honeste H1 . . . B2, Δ, WK 5392 the om. AM

LIBER SEPTIMUS

385

Thurgh eny thing that I can seie.

[CHASTITY.]

Do wey, mi fader, I you preie :

Amans.

Of that ye have unto me told

I thonke you a thousandfold.

5410

The tales sounen in myn Ere,

Bot yit myn herte is elleswhere,

I mai miselve noght restreigne,

That I nam evere in loves peine :

Such lore couthe I nevere gete,

Which myhte make me foryete

O point, bot if so were I slepte,

That I my tydes ay ne keppe

To thenke of love and of his lawe ;

That herte can I noght withdrawe.

5420

Forthi, my goode fader diere,

Lef al and speke of my matiere

Touchende of love, as we begonne : P. iii. 274

If that ther be oght overronne

Or oght foryete or left behinde

Which falleth unto loves kinde,

Wherof it nedeth to be schrive,

Nou axeth, so that whil I live

I myhte amende that is mys.

Mi goode diere Sone, yis.

5430

Confessor

Thi schrifte forto make plein,

Ther is yit more forto sein

Of love which is unavised.

Bot for thou schalt be wel avised

Unto thi schrifte as it belongeth,

A point which upon love hongeth

And is the laste of alle tho,

I wol thee telle, and thanne ho.

Explicit Liber Septimus.

5407 which I AdBT
leaves (5417—viii. 336)
to (into) AMB:

5411 sounen F 5417 S has lost two
5422 al om. Hi . . . B₂, AdBT 5426 in

* *

C C

Incipit Liber Octavus.

- [LECHERY.] i. *Que fauet ad vicium vetus hec modo regula confert, P. iii. 275*
Nec nouus econtra qui docet ordo placet.
Cecus amor dudum nondum sua lumina cepit,
Quo Venus impositum deuia fallit iter.

Postquam ad instanciam Amantis confessi Confessor Genius super hiis que Aristotiles Regem Alexandrum edocuit, vna cum aliarum Cronicarum exemplis seriose tractauit, iam vltimo in isto octauo volumine ad confessionem in amoris causa regrediens tractare proponit super hoc, quod nonnulli primordia nature ad libitum voluptuose consequentes, nullo humane rationis arbitrio seu ecclesie legum impositione a suis excessibus debite refrenantur. Vnde quatenus amorem concernit Amantis conscienciam pro finali sue confessionis materia Genius rimari conatur.

THE myhti god, which unbegunne
 Stant of himself and hath begunne
 Alle othre thinges at his wille,
 The hevene him liste to fulfille
 Of alle joie, where as he
 Sit inthronized in his See,
 And hath hise Angles him to serve,
 Suche as him liketh to preserve,
 So that thei mowe noght forsueie ;
 Bot Lucifer he putte aweie, 10
 With al the route apostazied
 Of hem that ben to him allied,
 Whiche out of hevene into the helle
 From Angles into fendes felle ;
 Wher that ther is no joie of lyht,
 Bot more derk than eny nyht
 The peine schal ben endeles ; P. iii. 276
 And yit of fyres natheles
 Ther is plente, bot thei ben blake,
 Wherof no syhte mai be take. 20

Thus whan the thinges ben befalle,
 That Luciferes court was falle
 Wher dedly Pride hem hath conueied,
 Anon forthwith it was pourueied
 Thurgh him which alle thinges may ;

He made Adam the sexte day
 In Paradis, and to his make
 Him liketh Eve also to make,
 And bad hem cresce and multiplie,
 For of the mannes Progenie, 30
 Which of the womman schal be bore,
 The nombre of Angles which was lore,
 Whan thei out fro the blisse felle,
 He thoghte to restore, and felle
 In hevene thilke holy place
 Which stod tho voide upon his grace,
 Bot as it is wel wiste and knowe,
 Adam and Eve bot a throwe,
 So as it scholde of hem betyde,
 In Paradis at thilke tyde 40
 Ne duelten, and the cause why,
 Write in the bok of Genesi,
 As who seith, alle men have herd,
 Hou Raphael the fyrí swerd
 In honde tok and drof hem oute,
 To gete here lyves fode aboute
 Upon this wofull Erthe hier. P. iii. 277
 Metodre seith to this matiere,
 As he be revelacion
 It hadde upon avision, 50
 Hou that Adam and Eve also
 Virgines comen bothe tuo
 Into the world and were aschamed,
 Til that nature hem hath reclaimed
 To love, and tauht hem thilke lore,
 That ferst thei keste, and overmore
 Thei don that is to kinde due,
 Wherof thei hadden fair issue.
 A Sone was the ferste of alle,
 And Chain be name thei him calle; 60
 Abel was after the secounde,
 And in the geste as it is founde,
 Nature so the cause ladde,

37 wiste AJ, F wist C, B 48 his A 60 Cham AJ
 Chaym (Caym) H1 . . . B2, AdBT, W

[LAWS OF MARRIAGE.]

Tuo douhtres ek Dame Eve hadde,
 The ferste cleped Calmana
 Was, and that other Delbora.
 Thus was mankinde to beginne;
 Forthi that time it was no Sinne
 The Soster forto take hire brother,
 Whan that ther was of chois non other : 70
 To Chain was Calmana betake,
 And Delboram hath Abel take,
 In whom was gete natheles
 Of worldes folk the ferste encres.
 Men sein that nede hath no lawe,
 And so it was be thilke dawc
 And laste into the Secounde Age, P. iii. 278
 Til that the grete water rage,
 Of Noë which was seid the flod,
 The world, which thanne in Senne stod, 80
 Hath dreint, outake lyves Eyhte.
 Tho was mankinde of litel weyhte;
 Sem, Cham, Japhet, of these thre,
 That ben the Sones of Noë,
 The world of mannes nacion
 Into multiplicacion
 Was tho restored newe ayein
 So ferforth, as the bokes sein,
 That of hem thre and here issue
 Ther was so large a retenue, 90
 Of naciouns seventy and tuo;
 In sondri place ech on of the
 The wyde world have enhabited.
 Bot as nature hem hath excited,
 Thei token thanne litel hiede,
 The brother of the Sosterhiede
 To wedde wyves, til it cam
 Into the time of Habraham.
 Whan the thridde Age was begunne,
 The nede tho was overrunne, 100

71 Cham AJM Chaym (Caym) H1 . . . B2, AdBT, W 72 Delbora
 H1 . . . B2 (Debora E), Δ, W 77 into A, FW vnto CLB2, B 79
 the om. A 98 Habraham J, FK rest Abraham 100 was jo AML

For ther was poeple ynouh in londe :
 Thanne ate ferste it cam to honde,
 That Sosterhode of mariage
 Was torned into cousinage,
 So that after the rihte lyne
 The Cousin weddeth the cousine.
 For Habraham, er that he deide, P. iii. 279
 This charge upon his servant leide,
 To him and in this wise spak,
 That he his Sone Isaïc 110
 Do wedde for no wordes good,
 Bot only to his oghne blod :
 Wherof this Servant, as he bad,
 Whan he was ded, his Sone hath lad
 To Bathuel, wher he Rebecke
 Hath wedded with the whyte necke ;
 For sche, he wiste wel and syh,
 Was to the child cousine nyh.
 And thus as Habraham hath tawht,
 Whan Isaïc was god betawht, 120
 His Sone Jacob dede also,
 And of Laban the dowhtres tuo,
 Which was his Em, he tok to wyve,
 And gat upon hem in his lyve,
 Of hire ferst which hihte Lie,
 Sex Sones of his Progenie,
 And of Rachel tuo Sones eke :
 The remenant was forto seke,
 That is to sein of foure mo,
 Wherof he gat on Bala tuo, 130
 And of Zelpha he hadde ek tweie.
 And these tuelve, as I thee seie,
 Thurgh providence of god himselve
 Ben seid the Patriarkes tuelve ;
 Of whom, as afterward befell,
 The tribes tuelve of Irahel
 Engendred were, and ben the same P. iii. 280
 That of Hebreus tho hadden name,
 Which of Sibrede in alliance

[LAWS OF MARRIAGE.]

Confessor.

Amans.

For evere kepten thilke usance 140
 Most comunly, til Crist was bore.
 Bot afterward it was forbore
 Amonges ous that ben baptized;
 For of the lawe canonized
 The Pope hath bede to the men,
 That non schal wedden of his ken
 Ne the seconde ne the thridde.
 Bot thogh that holy cherche it bidde,
 So to restreigne Mariage,
 Ther ben yit upon loves Rage 150
 Full manye of suche nou aday
 That taken wher thei take may.
 For love, which is unbesein
 Of alle reson, as men sein,
 Thurgh sotie and thurgh nycete,
 Of his voluptuosite
 He spareth no condicion
 Of ken ne yit religion,
 Bot as a cock among the Hennes,
 Or as a Stalon in the Fennes, 160
 Which goth amonges al the Stod,
 Riht so can he nomore good,
 Bot takth what thing comth next to honde.
 Mi Sone, thou schalt understonde,
 That such delit is forto blame.
 Forthi if thou hast be the same
 To love in eny such manere, P. iii. 281
 Tell forth therof and schrif thee hiere.
 Mi fader, nay, god wot the sothe,
 Mi feire is noght of such a bothe, 170
 So wylde a man yit was I nevere,
 That of mi ken or lief or levere
 Me liste love in such a wise:
 And ek I not for what emprise
 I scholde assote upon a Nonne,
 For thogh I hadde hir love wonne,
 It myhte into no pris amonte,

145 bode H1 . . . B1, AdBT 148 it om. GC, BA 170 in such
 AdBTΔ 177 I myhte AM

LIBER OCTAVUS

391

[LAWS OF MARRIAGE.]

So therof sette I non acompte.
 Ye mai wel axe of this and that,
 Bot sothli forto telle plat,
 In al this world ther is bot on
 The which myn herte hath overgon ;
 I am toward alle othre fre.

180

Full wel, mi Sone, nou I see
 Thi word stant evere upon o place,
 Bot yit therof thou hast a grace,
 That thou thee myht so wel excuse
 Of love such as som men use,
 So as I spak of now tofore.
 For al such time of love is lore,
 And lich unto the bitterswete ;
 For thogh it thenke a man ferst swete,
 He schal wel fielen ate laste
 That it is sour and may noght laste.
 For as a morsell envenimed,
 So hath such love his lust mistimed,
 And grete ensamples manyon
 A man mai finde therupon.

Confessor.

190

P. iii. 282

At Rome ferst if we beginne,
 Ther schal I finde hou of this sinne
 An Emperour was forto blame,
 Gayus Caligula be name,
 Which of his oghne Sostres thre
 Berefte the virginite :
 And whanne he hadde hem so forlein,
 As he the which was al vilein,
 He dede hem out of londe exile.
 Bot afterward withinne a while
 God hath beraft him in his ire
 His lif and ek his large empire :
 And thus for likinge of a throwe
 For evere his lust was overthrowe.
 Of this sotie also I finde,

[EXAMPLES OF INCEST.
CALIGULA.]

200

Hic loquitur contra
 illos, quos Venus sui
 desiderii feruore in-
 flammasita incestuo-
 sos efficit, vt neque pro-
 priis Sororibus par-
 cunt. Et narrat ex-
 emplum, qualiter pro
 eo quod Gayus Cali-
 gula tres sorores suas
 virgines coitu illicito
 oppressit, deus tanti
 sceleris peccatum im-
 pune non ferens, ipsum
 non solum ab imperio
 set a vita iusticia vin-
 dice priuauit.

210

Narrat eciam aliud

185 The AM, W 188 such AJ, B suche F 205 so
 om. AdBT 210 margin impune om. BT, W inpunitum E
 212 margin priuauit] preliauit Hi . . . Ba

[AMMON.]

exemplum super eodem, qualiter Amon filius David fatui amoris concupiscencia preuentus, sororem suam Thamar a sue virginitatis pudicia inuitam deflorauit, propter quod et ipse a fratre suo Absolon postea interfectus, peccatum sue mortis precio inuitus redemit.

[LOT AND HIS DAUGHTERS.]

Hic narrat, qualiter Loth duas filias suas ipsis consensientibus carnali copula cognouit, duosque ex eis filios, scilicet Moab et Amon, progeniuit, quorum postea generacio praua et exasperans contra populum dei in terra saltem promissionis vario grauamine quam sepius insultabat.

Confessor.

Amon his Soster ayein kinde,
Which hihte Thamar, he forlay;
Bot he that lust an other day
Aboghte, whan that Absolon
His oghne brother therupon,
Of that he hadde his Soster schent,
Tok of that Senne vengement
And slowh him with his oghne hond:
And thus thunkinde unkinde fond.

220

And forto se more of this thing,
The bible makth a knowleching,
Wherof thou miht take evidence
Upon the sothe experience.
Whan Lothes wif was overgon P. iii. 283
And schape into the salte Ston,
As it is spoke into this day,
Be bothe hise dowhtres thanne he lay, 230
With childe and made hem bothe grete,
Til that nature hem wolde lete,
And so the cause aboute ladde
That ech of hem a Sone hadde,
Moab the ferste, and the seconde
Amon, of whiche, as it is founde,
Cam afterward to gret encres
Tuo nacions: and natheles,
For that the stockes were ungoode,
The branches mihten noght be goode; 240
For of the false Moabites
Forth with the strengthe of Amonites,
Of that thei weren ferst misgete,
The poeple of god was ofte upsete
In Irahel and in Judee,
As in the bible a man mai se.
Lo thus, my Sone, as I thee seie,
Thou miht thiselue be beseie
Of that thou hast of othre herd:

230

240

228 vnto MCL, BT 231 and made] he made AM . . . Bz,
AdTB 237 gret AC, B grete F 239 not (nought) goode
AM . . . Bz, AdBT 245 Irahel as in l. 136

For evere yit it hath so ferd,
 Of loves lust if so befallē
 That it in other place falle
 Than it is of the lawe set,
 He which his love hath so beset
 Mote afterward repente him sore.
 And every man is othres lore;
 Of that befell in time er this P. iii. 284
 The present time which now is
 May ben enformed hou it stod,
 And take that him thenketh good, 260
 And leve that which is noght so.
 Bot forto loke of time go,
 Hou lust of love exceedeth lawe,
 It oghte forto be withdrawe;
 For every man it scholde drede,
 And nameliche in his Sibrede,
 Which torneth ofte to vengeance:
 Wherof a tale in remembrance,
 Which is a long process to hiere,
 I thenke forto tellen hiere. 270

[INCEST.]

- ii. *Omnibus est communis amor, set et immoderatos
 Qui facit excessus, non reputatur amans.
 Sors tamen unde Venus attractat corda, videre
 Que rationis erunt, non ratione sinit.*

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Of a Cronique in daies gon,
 The which is cleped Pantheon,
 In loves cause I rede thus,
 Hou that the grete Antiochus,
 Of whom that Antioche tok
 His ferste name, as seith the bok,
 Was coupled to a noble queene,
 And hadde a dowhter hem betwene:
 Bot such fortune cam to honde,
 That deth, which no king mai withstonde, 280
 Bot every lif it mote obeie,
 This worthi queene tok aweie.

Hic loquitur adhuc
 contra incestuosos a-
 mantum coitus. Et
 narrat mirabile exem-
 plum de magno Rege
 Antiocho, qui vxore
 mortua propriam fili-
 am violauit: et quia
 filie Matrimonium pe-
 nes alios impedire vo-
 luit, tale ab eo exiit
 edictum, quod si quis
 eam in vxorem pete-
 ret, nisi ipse prius quod-
 dam problema ques-
 tionis, quam ipse Rex
 proposuerat, veraciter

257 And 1at AdBT 262 ago AM . . . B2, AdBTΔ 280 margin
 ipse prius FK, om. A . . . B2, BT (Lat. om. AdΔ, W)

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

solueret, capitali sententia puniretur. Super quo veniens tandem discretus iuuenis princeps Tyri Appolinus questionem soluit; nec tamen filiam habere potuit, set Rex indignatus ipsum propter hoc in mortis odium recollegit. Vnde Appolinus a facie Regis fugiens, quamplura, prout inferius intitulantur, propter amorem pericla passus est.

The king, which made mochel mone, P. iii. 285

Tho stod, as who seith, al him one

Withoute wif, bot natheles

His doghter, which was piereles

Of beaute, duelte aboute him stille.

Bot whanne a man hath welthe at wille,

The fleissh is frele and falleth ofte,

And that this maide tendre and softe, 290

Which in hire fadres chambres duelte,

Withinne a time wiste and felte:

For likinge and concupiscence

Withoute insihte of conscience

The fader so with lustes blente,

That he caste al his hole entente

His oghne doghter forto spille.

This king hath leisir at his wille

With strengthe, and whanne he time sih,

This yonge maiden he forlih: 300

And sche was tendre and full of drede,

Sche couthe noght hir Maidenhede

Defende, and thus sche hath forlore

The flour which sche hath longe bore.

It helpeth noght althogh sche wepe,

For thei that scholde hir bodi kepe

Of wommen were absent as thanne;

And thus this maiden goth to manne,

The wylde fader thus devoureth

His oghne fleissh, which non socoureth, 310

And that was cause of mochel care.

Bot after this unkinde fare

Out of the chambre goth the king, P. iii. 286

And sche lay stille, and of this thing,

Withinne herself such sorghe made,

Ther was no wiht that mihte hir glade,

For feere of thilke horrible vice.

With that cam inne the Norrice

Which fro childhode hire hadde kept,

291 chambre (chamber) MH₁XEC, AdBTΔ, WK 293 and] of
AM . . . B₂, AdBT 298 The king H₁ . . . B₂, AdBT 310
which om. B

LIBER OCTAVUS

395

And axeth if sche hadde slept,
 And why hire chiere was unglad.
 Bot sche, which hath ben overlad
 Of that sche myhte noght be wreke,
 For schame couthe unethes speke;
 And natheles mercy sche preide
 With wepende yhe and thus sche seide:

320 [APOLLONIUS OF
 TYRE.]

'Helas, mi Soster, waileway,
 That evere I sih this ilke day!
 Thing which mi bodi ferst begat
 Into this world, onliche that
 Mi worldes worschipe hath bereft.'
 With that sche swouneth now and eft,
 And evere wissheth after deth,
 So that welnyh hire lacketh breth.
 That other, which hire wordes herde,
 In confortinge of hire ansuerde,
 To lette hire fadres fol desir
 Sche wiste no recoverir:

330

Whan thing is do, ther is no bote,
 So suffren thei that suffre mote;
 Ther was non other which it wiste.
 Thus hath this king al that him liste
 Of his likinge and his plesance,
 And laste in such continuance,
 And such delit he tok therinne,
 Him thoghte that it was no Sinne;
 And sche dorste him nothing withseie.

340

P. iii. 287

Bot fame, which goth every weie,
 To sondry regnes al aboute
 The grete beaute telleth oute
 Of such a maide of hih parage:
 So that for love of mariage
 The worthi Princes come and sende,
 As thei the whiche al honour wende,
 And knewe nothing hou it stod.
 The fader, whanne he understod,
 That thei his dowhter thus besoghte,

350

337 S resumes
 H. . . . Ba, AdB

354 the om. AdBT, W

355 how pat

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

De aduentu Appol-
ini in Antiochiam, vbi
ipse filiam Regis An-
tiochi in vxorem pos-
tulauit.

With al his wit he caste and thoghte
Hou that he myhte finde a lette ;
And such a Statut thanne he sette, 360
And in this wise his lawe he taxeth,
That what man that his doghter axeth,
Bot if he couthe his question
Assoile upon suggestion
Of certein thinges that befelle,
The whiche he wolde unto him telle,
He scholde in certein lese his hed.
And thus ther weren manye ded,
Here hevedes stondende on the gate,
Till ate laste longe and late, 370
For lacke of ansuere in the wise,
The remenant that weren wise
Eschueden to make assay. P. iii. 288

Til it befell upon a day
Appolinus the Prince of Tyr,
Which hath to love a gret desir,
As he which in his hihe mod
Was likende of his hote blod,
A yong, a freissh, a lusti knyht, 380
As he lai musende on a nyht
Of the tidinges whiche he herde,
He thoghte assaie hou that it ferde.
He was with worthi compainie
Arraied, and with good navie
To schipe he goth, the wynd him dryveth,
And seileth, til that he arryveth :
Sauf in the port of Antioche
He londeth, and goth to aproche
The kinges Court and his presence.
Of every naturel science, 390
Which eny clerk him couthe teche,
He couthe ynowh, and in his speche
Of wordes he was eloquent ;
And whanne he sih the king present,
He preith he moste his dowhter have.

358 soghte (soughte) A . . . CBs, SAdTB (In al wise he him be
powt Δ) 362 that om. BTA, W 371 þis wise EBs, BA

The king ayein began to crave,
 And tolde him the condicion,
 Hou ferst unto his question
 He mote ansuere and faile noght,
 Or with his heved it schal be boght: 400
 And he him axeth what it was.

[APOLLONIUS OF
 TYRE.]

The king declareth him the cas
 With sturne lok and sturdi chiere, P. iii. 289

Questio Regis An-
 tiochi.

To him and seide in this manere :
 'With felonie I am upbore,
 I ete and have it noght forbore
 Mi modres fleissch, whos housebonde
 Mi fader forto seche I fonde,
 Which is the Sone ek of my wif.
 Hierof I am inquisitif; 410

Scelere vehor, ma-
 terna carne vescor,
 quero patrem meum,
 matris mee virum, vx-
 oris mee filium.

And who that can mi tale save,
 Al quyt he schal my doghter have;
 Of his ansuere and if he faile,
 He schal be ded withoute faile.
 Forthi my Sone,' quod the king,
 'Be wel avised of this thing,
 Which hath thi lif in jeupartie.'

Responsio Appol-
 lini.

Appolinus for his partie,
 Whan he this question hath herd,
 Unto the king he hath ansuerd 420
 And hath rehersed on and on
 The pointz, and seide therupon :
 'The question which thou hast spoke,
 If thou wolt that it be unloke,
 It toucheth al the privete
 Between thin oghne child and thee,
 And stant al hol upon you tuo.'

Indignacio Antiochi
 super responsione Ap-
 polini.

The king was wonder sory tho,
 And thoghte, if that he seide it oute,
 Than were he schamed al aboute. 430
 With slihe wordes and with felle
 He seith, 'Mi Sone, I schal thee telle,

403 sturne F sterne A, SB lok] word B 416 of of F
 419 this] jat AdBT the B₂ 428 margin Indignacio—Appolini
 om. SΔ (as also the marginal notes following down to l. 1020)

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

De recessu Appol-
lini ab Antiochia.

De fuga Appolini
per mare a Regno suo.

Though that thou be of litel wit, **P. iii. 290**

It is no gret merveile as yit,
Thin age mai it noght suffise :
Bot loke wel thou noght despise
Thin oghne lif, for of my grace
Of thretty daies fulle a space
I grante thee, to ben avised.'

And thus with leve and time assised **440**

This yonge Prince forth he wente,
And understod wel what it mente,
Withinne his herte as he was lered,
That forto maken him afered
The king his time hath so deslaied.
Wherof he dradde and was esmaied,
Of treson that he deie scholde,
For he the king his sothe tolde ;

And sodeinly the nyhtes tyde, **450**
That more wolde he noght abide,
Al prively his barge he hente

And hom ayein to Tyr he wente :
And in his oghne wit he seide
For drede, if he the king bewreide,
He knew so wel the kinges herte,
That deth ne scholde he noght asterte,
The king him wolde so poursuie.
Bot he, that wolde his deth eschuie,
And knew al this tofor the hond,
Forsake he thoghte his oghne lond, **460**

That there wolde he noght abyde ;
For wel he knew that on som syde

This tirant of his felonie **P. iii. 291**

Be som manere of tricherie
To grieve his bodi wol noght leve.

Forthi withoute take leve,
Als priveliche as evere he myhte,
He goth him to the See be nyhte
In Schipes that be whete laden :

443 his om. B 446 esmaied JEC, S, FK amaied (amayed)
AMH;XGRLB, AdBT dismaied Δ, W 462 tyde AMX, W
467 margin mare om. F as evere he] as he H1 . . . B, Ad as jey BT
469 In] Her(e) AdBTA be] ben wiþ AdBTΔΔ, W

Here takel redy tho thei maden
 And hale up Seil and forth thei fare.
 Bot forto tellen of the care
 That thei of Tyr begonne tho,
 Whan that thei wiste he was ago,
 It is a Pite forto hier.
 They losten lust, they losten chiere,
 Thei toke upon hem such penaunce,
 Ther was no song, ther was no daunce,
 Bot every merthe and melodie
 To hem was thanne a maladie;
 For unlust of that aventure
 Ther was noman which tok tonsure,
 In doelful clothes thei hem clothe,
 The bathes and the Stwes bothe
 Thei schetten in be every weie;
 There was no lif which leste pleie
 Ne take of eny joie kepe,
 Bot for here liege lord to wepe;
 And every wyht seide as he couthe,
 'Helas, the lusti flour of youthe,
 Our Prince, oure heved, our governour,
 Thurgh whom we stoden in honour,
 Withoute the comun assent
 Thus sodeinliche is fro ous went!'
 Such was the clamour of hem alle.

470 [APOLLONIUS OF
 TYRE.]

480

490

P. iii. 292

Bot se we now what is befall
 Upon the ferste tale plein,
 And torne we therto ayein.
 Antiochus the grete Sire,
 Which full of rancour and of ire
 His herte berth, so as ye herde,
 Of that this Prince of Tyr ansuerde,
 He hadde a feloun bacheler,
 Which was his prive consailer,
 And Taliart be name he hihte:

Nota qualiter Thaliartus Miles, vt Appollonium veneno intoxicaret, ab Antiocho in Tyrum missus, ipso ibidem non inuento
 500 Antiochiam rediit.

471 hale up] halep AM . . . B₂, AdBTΔ 483 deelful (deleful)
 AML, W deedful (dedful) H₁ . . . CB₂, AdTA dedly B 492
 stonden B₂, AdBTΔ, WK 496 margin Nota om. A . . . B₂, BT
 (Lat. om. SAdΔ) 505 Taliart F Thaliart AJ, SB

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

The king a strong puison him dihte
 Withinne a buiste and gold therto,
 In alle haste and bad him go
 Strawht unto Tyr, and for no cost
 Ne spare he, til he hadde lost 510
 The Prince which he wolde spille.
 And whan the king hath seid his wille,
 This Taliart in a Galeie
 With alle haste he tok his weie :
 The wynd was good, he saileth blyve,
 Til he tok lond upon the ryve
 Of Tyr, and forth with al anon
 Into the Burgh he gan to gon,
 And tok his In and bod a throwe.
 Bot for he wolde noght be knowe, 520
 Desguised thanne he goth him oute ;
 He sih the wepinge al aboute,
 And axeth what the cause was, P. iii. 293
 And thei him tolden al the cas,
 How sodeinli the Prince is go.
 And whan he sih that it was so,
 And that his labour was in vein,
 Anon he torneth hom ayein,
 And to the king, whan he cam nyh,
 He tolde of that he herde and syh, 530
 Hou that the Prince of Tyr is fled,
 So was he come ayein unsped.
 The king was sori for a while,
 Bot whan he sih that with no wyle
 He myhte achieve his crualte,
 He stinte his wraththe and let him be.

Qualiter Appolinus
 in portu Tharsis appli-
 cuit, vbi in hospicio
 cuiusdam magni viri
 nomine Strangulionis
 hospitatus est.

Bot over this now forto telle
 Of adventures that befelle
 Unto this Prince of whom I tolde,
 He hath his rihte cours forth holde 540
 Be Ston and nedle, til he cam
 To Tharse, and there his lond he nam.
 A Burgeis riche of gold and fee

507 box AM . . . Ba, AdBT 510 spare he FK rest spare
 513 Taliart J, F Thaliart A, SB 535 He] His F 539 which B

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Was thilke time in that cite,
Which cleped was Strangulio,
His wif was Dionise also :
This yonge Prince, as seith the bok,
With hem his herbergage tok ;
And it befell that Cite so
Before time and thanne also, 550
Thurgh strong famyne which hem ladde
Was non that eny whete hadde.
Appolinus, whan that he herde P. iii. 294
The meschief, hou the cite ferde,
Al freliche of his oghne yifte
His whete, among hem forto schifte,
The which be Schipe he hadde broght,
He yaf, and tok of hem riht noght.
Bot sithen ferst this world began,
Was nevere yit to such a man 560
Mor joie mad than thei him made :
For thei were alle of him so glade,
That thei for evere in remembrance
Made a figure in resemblance
Of him, and in the comun place
Thei sette him up, so that his face
Mihte every maner man beholde,
So as the cite was beholde ;
It was of latoun overgilt :
Thus hath he noght his yifte spilt. 570
Upon a time with his route
This lord to pleie goth him oute,
And in his weie of Tyr he mette
A man, the which on knees him grette,
And Hellican be name he hihte,
Which preide his lord to have insihte
Upon himself, and seide him thus,
Hou that the grete Antiochus

Qualiter Hellicanus
cuius Tyri Tharsim ve-
niens Appolinum de
insidiis Antiochi pre-
muniuit.

548 him H₁, AdBT 553 whan (when) AJC, B whanne S, F
565 the om. AMH₁XRL, Ad a B 566 him FWK it ACLB₂, B
568 So as] So þat AM . . . B₂ (So as G) 571 a route AM . . .
B₂, AdBT 573 margin prenuiciauit B preminuit M 574
the which on knees] which on his knees E, B which on knees
H₁XRLB₂, AdTA

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Qualiter Appolinus
portum Tharsis relin-
quens, cum ipse per
mare nauigio securio-
rem quesuit, superue-
niente tempestate na-
uis cum omnibus pre-
ter ipsum solum in
eadem contentis iuxta
Pentapolim periclita-
batur.

Awaiteth if he mihte him spille.
That other thoghte and hield him stille, 580
And thonked him of his warnynge,
And bad him telle no tidinge,
Whan he to Tyr cam hom ayein, P. iii. 295
That he in Tharse him hadde sein.

Fortune hath evere be muable
And mai no while stonde stable :
For now it hiheth, now it loweth,
Now stant upriht, now overthroweth,
Now full of blisse and now of bale,
As in the tellinge of mi tale 590
Hierafterward a man mai liere,
Which is gret routhe forto hier.
This lord, which wolde don his beste,
Withinne himself hath litel reste,
And thoghte he wolde his place change
And seche a contre more strange.

Of Tharsiens his leve anon
He tok, and is to Schipe gon :
His cours he nam with Seil updrawe,
Where as fortune doth the lawe, 600
And scheweth, as I schal reherse,
How sche was to this lord diverse,
The which upon the See sche ferketh.
The wynd aros, the weder derketh,
It blew and made such tempeste,
Non anchor mai the schip areste,
Which hath tobroken al his gere ;
The Schipmen stode in such a feere,
Was non that myhte himself bestere,
Bot evere awaite upon the lere, 610
Whan that thei scholde drenche at ones.

Ther was ynowh withinne wones
Of wepinge and of sorghe tho ; P. iii. 296
This yonge king makth mochel wo
So forto se the Schip travaile :
Bot al that myhte him noght availe ;

58a no] for no H1E . . . B2 590 As in telling(e) AM, AdT
ffor as in telling(e) H1 . . . B2 598 ygon B

LIBER OCTAVUS

403

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

The mast tobrak, the Seil torof,
 The Schip upon the wawes drof,
 Til that thei sihe a londes cooste.
 Tho made avou the leste and moste, 620
 Be so thei myhten come alonde;
 Bot he which hath the See on honde,
 Neptunus, wolde noght acorde,
 Bot altobroke cable and corde,
 Er thei to londe myhte aproche,
 The Schip toclef upon a roche,
 And al goth doun into the depe.
 Bot he that alle thing mai kepe
 Unto this lord was merciable,
 And broghte him sauf upon a table, 630
 Which to the lond him hath upbore;
 The remenant was al forlore,
 Wherof he made mochel mone.

Thus was this yonge lord him one,
 Al naked in a povere plit:
 His colour, which whilom was whyt,
 Was thanne of water fade and pale,
 And ek he was so sore acale
 That he wiste of himself no bote,
 It halp him nothing forto mote 640
 To gete ayein that he hath lore.
 Bot sche which hath his deth forbore,
 Fortune, thogh sche wol noght yelpe, P. iii. 297
 Al sodeinly hath sent him helpe,
 Whanne him thoghte alle grace aweie;
 Ther cam a Fisshere in the weie,
 And sih a man ther naked stonde,
 And whan that he hath understonde
 The cause, he hath of him gret routhe,
 And onliche of his povere trouthe 650
 Of suche clothes as he hadde
 With gret Pite this lord he cladde.

Qualiter Appolinus
 nudus super litus iac-
 tabatur, vbi quidam pis-
 cator ipsum suo collo-
 bio vestiens ad urbem
 Pentapolim direxit.

620 avou (avow) A, B, F a vow (a vou) J, S, K 624 altobroke
 A, S, F al tobroke C, B al to broke J 633 Therof (Ther of)
 A . . . Ba, AdBT Wherefore W 635 a om. AMR 636 was
 whilom AM . . . Ba, AdBT was som tyme J

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

And he him thonketh as he scholde,
And seith him that it schal be yolde,
If evere he gete his stat ayein,
And preide that he wolde him sein
If nyh were eny toun for him.
He seide, 'Yee, Pentapolim,
Wher bothe king and queene duellen.'
Whanne he this tale herde tellen,
He gladeth him and gan beseche
That he the weie him wolde teche:
And he him taghte; and forth he wente
And preide god with good entente
To sende him joie after his sorwe.

660

Qualiter Appolino
Pentapolim adueni-
ente ludus Gignasii
per vrbem publice pro-
clamatus est.

It was noght passed yit Midmorwe,
Whan thiderward his weie he nam,
Wher sone upon the Non he cam.
He eet such as he myhte gete,
And forth anon, whan he hadde ete,
He goth to se the toun aboute,
And cam ther as he fond a route
Of yonge lusti men withalle;
And as it scholde tho befalle,
That day was set of such assisse,
That thei scholde in the londes guise,
As he herde of the poeple seie,
Here comun game thanne pleie;
And crid was that thei scholden come
Unto the gamen alle and some
Of hem that ben delivere and wyhte,
To do such maistrie as thei myhte.
Thei made hem naked as thei scholde,
For so that ilke game wolde,
As it was tho custume and us,
Amonges hem was no refus:
The flour of al the toun was there
And of the court also ther were,
And that was in a large place

670

P. iii. 298

680

667 Than (Thanne) AM . . . B₂, AdBT afterword B 677 As
was herd AdBT 680 game MH₁, AdBTΔ, W gamis X 685
As] And AM . . . B₂, AdBT tho] pe Hi . . . B₂, AdBT, WK om. Δ

LIBER OCTAVUS

405

Riht evene afore the kinges face,
Which Artestrathes thanne hihte,
The pley was pleid riht in his sihte,
And who most worthi was of dede
Receive he scholde a certein mede
And in the cite bere a pris.

690 [APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Appolinus, which war and wys
Of every game couthe an ende,
He thoghte assaie, hou so it wende,
And fell among hem into game:
And there he wan him such a name,
So as the king himself acompteth
That he alle othre men surmonteth,
And bar the pris above hem alle. P. iii. 299
The king bad that into his halle
At Souper time he schal be broght;
And he cam thanne and lefte it noght,
Withoute compaignie al one:
Was non so semlich of persone,
Of visage and of limes bothe,
If that he hadde what to clothe. 710
At Souvertime natheles
The king amiddes al the pres
Let clepe him up among hem alle,
And bad his Mareschall of halle
To setten him in such degre
That he upon him myhte se.
The king was sone set and served,
And he, which hath his pris deserved
After the kinges oghne word,
Was mad beginne a Middel bord, 720
That bothe king and queene him sihe.
He sat and caste aboute his yhe
And sih the lordes in astat,
And with himself wax in debat
Thenkende what he hadde lore,

Qualiter Appolinus
ludum gignasli vincens
in aulam Regis ad ce-
nam honorifice recep-
tus est.

697 *margin* aula A . . . B₂, BT 705 schulde (scholde)
AdBT, W 714 his Mareschal of h. J, S, FK his Marchal
of his h. AM . . . CB₂, BT his marschal of the h. Δ, W pe Marchal
of his h. Ad (ll. 704-714 *om.* L) 718 hadde B

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Qualiter Appolinus
in cena recumbens
nichil comedit, set do-
loroso vultu, submisso
capite, ingemiscebat ;
qui tandem a filia
Regis confortatus cy-
tharam plectens cunc-
tis audientibus citha-
risando vlttramodum
complacuit.

And such a sorwe he tok therfore,
That he sat evere stille and thoghte,
As he which of no mete roghte.

The king behield his hevynesse,
And of his grete gentillesse 730

His doghter, which was fair and good
And ate bord before him stod,
As it was thilke time usage, P. iii. 300

He bad to gon on his message
And fonde forto make him glad.
And sche dede as hire fader bad,
And goth to him the softe pas
And axeth whenne and what he was,
And preith he scholde his thoghtes leve.

He seith, 'Ma Dame, be your leve 740
Mi name is hote Appolinus,
And of mi richesse it is thus,
Upon the See I have it lore.

The contre wher as I was bore,
Wher that my lond is and mi rente,
I lefte at Tyr, whan that I wente :
The worschipe of this worldes aghte,
Unto the god ther I betaghte.'

And thus togedre as thei tuo speeke,
The teres runne be his cheeke. 750

The king, which therof tok good kepe,
Hath gret Pite to sen him wepe,
And for his doghter sende ayein,
And preide hir faire and gan to sein
That sche no lengere wolde drecche,
Bot that sche wolde anon forth fecche
Hire harpe and don al that sche can
To glade with that sory man.

And sche to don hir fader heste 760
Hir harpe fette, and in the feste
Upon a Chaier which thei fette
Hirself next to this man sche sette :

732 *margin maxime ingemiscebat* A . . . B₂, BT (*Latin om.* SAdΔ)
747 of his worldes aghte J, SΔ, FWK þer of (þerof) which I aughte
AM . . . B₂, AdBT 748 I þer(e) H₁ . . . B₂, AdBT

With harpe bothe and ek with mouthe P. iii. 301 [APOLLONIUS OF
 To him sche dede al that sche couthe TYRE.]
 To make him chiere, and evere he siketh,
 And sche him axeth hou him liketh.
 'Ma dame, certes wel,' he seide,
 'Bot if ye the mesure pleide
 Which, if you list, I schal you liere,
 It were a glad thing forto hier.' 770
 'Ha, lieve sire,' tho quod sche,
 'Now tak the harpe and let me se
 Of what mesure that ye mene.'
 Tho preith the king, tho preith the queene,
 Forth with the lordes alle arewe,
 That he som merthe wolde schewe;
 He takth the Harpe and in his wise
 He tempreth, and of such assise
 Singende he harpeth forth withal,
 That as a vois celestial 780
 Hem thoghte it souneth in here Ere,
 As thogh that he an Angel were.
 Thei gladen of his melodie,
 Bot most of all the compainie
 The kinges doghter, which it herde,
 And thoghte ek hou that he ansuerde,
 Whan that he was of hire opposed,
 Withinne hir herte hath wel supposed
 That he is of gret gentillesse.
 Hise dedes ben therof witnesse 790
 Forth with the wisdom of his lore;
 It nedeth noght to seche more,
 He myhte noght have such manere, P. iii. 302
 Of gentil blod bot if he were.
 Whanne he hath harped al his fille,
 The kinges heste to fulfille,
 Away goth dissh, away goth cuppe,
 Doun goth the bord, the cloth was uppe,
 Thei risen and gon out of halle.

772 taakþ (takeþ) AM 782 he] it AM... B₂, AdBT 786 hou
 that] of þat AH₁... B₂, AdBT þat M howe W 787 he was]
 it was H₁... B₂, AdBT

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Qualiter Appolinus
cum Rege pro filia
sua erudienda reten-
tus est.

Qualiter filia Regis
Appolinum ornato ap-
paratu vestiri fecit, et
ipse ad puella doctri-
nam in quampluribus
familiariter intende-
bat: vnde placata
puella in amorem
Appolini exardescens
infirmabatur.

The king his chamberlein let calle, 800
And bad that he be alle weie
A chambre for this man pourveie,
Which nyh his oghne chambre be.
'It schal be do, mi lord,' quod he.
Appolinus of whom I mene
Tho tok his leve of king and queene
And of the worthi Maide also,
Which preide unto hir fader tho,
That sche myhte of that yonge man
Of tho sciences whiche he can 810
His lore have; and in this wise
The king hir granteth his aprise,
So that himself therto assente.
Thus was acorded er thei wente,
That he with al that evere he may
This yonge faire freisshe May
Of that he couthe scholde enforme;
And full assented in this forme
Thei token leve as for that nyht.

And whanne it was amorwe lyht, 820
Unto this yonge man of Tyr
Of clothes and of good atir
With gold and Selver to despende P. iii. 303
This worthi yonge lady sende:
And thus sche made him wel at ese,
And he with al that he can plese
Hire serveth wel and faire ayein.
He tawhte hir til sche was certein
Of Harpe, of Citole and of Rote,
With many a tun and many a note 830
Upon Musique, upon mesure,
And of hire Harpe the temprure
He tawhte hire ek, as he wel couthe.
Bot as men sein that frele is youthe,
With leisir and continuance
This Mayde fell upon a chance,

809 that] þe H₁ . . . B₂, AdBT 817 he scholde AdB 827
Hire] He AdBT 829 of Citole] citole B and citole K 830 tun]
time X, B

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

That love hath mad him a querele
 Ayein hire youthe freissh and frele,
 That malgre wher sche wole or noght,
 Sche mot with al hire hertes thoght 840
 To love and to his lawe obeie;
 And that sche schal ful sore abeie.
 For sche wot nevere what it is,
 Bot evere among sche fieleth this:
 Thenkende upon this man of Tyr,
 Hire herte is hot as eny fyr,
 And otherwhile it is acale;
 Now is sche red, nou is sche pale
 Riht after the condicion
 Of hire ymaginacion; 850
 Bot evere among hire thoghtes alle,
 Sche thoghte, what so mai befalle,
 Or that sche lawhe, or that sche wepe, P. iii. 304
 Sche wolde hire goode name kepe
 For feere of wommanysshe schame.
 Bot what in earnest and in game,
 Sche stant for love in such a plit,
 That sche hath lost al appetit
 Of mete, of drinke, of nyhtes reste,
 As sche that not what is the beste; 860
 Bot forto thenken al hir fille
 Sche hield hire ofte times stille
 Withinne hir chambre, and goth noght oute:
 The king was of hire lif in doute,
 Which wiste nothing what it mente.
 Bot fell a time, as he out wente
 To walke, of Princes Sones thre
 Ther come and felle to his kne;
 And ech of hem in sondri wise
 Besoghte and profreth his servise, 870
 So that he myhte his doghter have.
 The king, which wolde his honour save,

Qualiter tres filii
Principum filiam Re-
gis singillatim in vx-
orem suis supplicacio-
nibus postularunt.

839 wolde AdBT 845 Touching(e) AM . . . B₂, AdBT_A
 852 may so AMR 856 and in game] what in game ME, B and
 what in game CLB₂, AdT 859 and drinke MCL, BT of drinkyng W
 860 that om. AMH₁ 872 hir(e) honour AJH₁ . . . L, AdBT

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Seith sche is siek, and of that speche
Tho was no time to beseche ;
Bot ech of hem do make a bille
He bad, and wryte his oghne wille,
His name, his fader and his good ;
And whan sche wiste hou that it stod,
And hadde here billes oversein,
Thei scholden have ansuere ayein. 880
Of this conseil thei weren glad,
And writen as the king hem bad,
And every man his oghne bok P. iii. 305
Into the kinges hond betok,
And he it to his dowhter sende,
And preide hir forto make an ende
And wryte ayein hire oghne hond,
Riht as sche in hire herte fond.

Qualiter filia Regis
omnibus aliis relictis
Appolinum in maritum
preelegit.

The billes weren wel received,
Bot sche hath alle here loves weyved, 890
And thoghte tho was time and space
To put hire in hir fader grace,
And wrot ayein and thus sche saide :
'The schame which is in a Maide
With speche dar noght ben unloke,
Bot in writinge it mai be spoke ;
So wryte I to you, fader, thus :
Bot if I have Appolinus,
Of al this world, what so betyde,
I wol non other man abide. 900
And certes if I of him faile,
I wot riht wel withoute faile
Ye schull for me be dowhterles.'
This lettre cam, and ther was press
Tofore the king, ther as he stod ;
And whan that he it understod,
He yaf hem ansuer by and by,
Bot that was do so prively,
That non of othres conseil wiste.
Thei toke her leve, and wher hem liste 910
Thei wente forth upon here weie.

LIBER OCTAVUS

411

The king ne wolde noght bewreie
 The conseil for no maner hihe, **P. iii. 306**
 Bot soffreth til he time sihe:
 And whan that he to chambre is come,
 He hath unto his conseil nome
 This man of Tyr, and let him se
 The lettre and al the privete,
 The which his dowhter to him sente:
 And he his kne to grounde bente 920
 And thonketh him and hire also,
 And er thei wenten thanne atuo,
 With good herte and with good corage
 Of full Love and full mariage
 The king and he ben hol acorded.
 And after, whanne it was recorded
 Unto the dowhter hou it stod,
 The yifte of al this worldes good
 Ne scholde have mad hir half so blythe:
 And forth withal the king als swithe, 930
 For he wol have hire good assent,
 Hath for the queene hir moder sent.
 The queene is come, and whan sche herde
 Of this matiere hou that it ferde,
 Sche syh debat, sche syh desese,
 Bot if sche wolde hir dowhter plese,
 And is therto assented full.
 Which is a dede wonderfull,
 For noman knew the sothe cas
 Bot he himself, what man he was; 940
 And natheles, so as hem thoghte,
 Hise dedes to the sothe wroghte
 That he was come of gentil blod: **P. iii. 307**
 Him lacketh noght bot worldes good,
 And as therof is no despeir,
 For sche schal ben hire fader heir,
 And he was able to governe.
 Thus wol thei noght the love werne
 Of him and hire in none wise,

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]Qualiter Rex et Re-
gina in maritagium
filie sue cum Appoli-
no consencierunt.

928 þe worldes A . . . B₂, AdT
(except E), AdΔ

946 fadres (faders) AM . . . B₂

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Qualiter Appolinus
filie Regis nupsit, et
prima nocte cum ea
concubiens ipsam im-
pregnavit.

Qualiter Ambacia-
tores a Tyro in qua-
dam nauí Pentapolim
venientes mortem Re-
gis Antiochi Appolino
nunciarunt.

Bot ther acorded thei diuise 950
The day and time of Mariage.

Wher love is lord of the corage,
Him thenketh longe er that he spede ;
Bot ate laste unto the dede
The time is come, and in her wise
With gret offrende and sacrificise
Thei wedde and make a riche feste,
And every thing which was honeste
Withinnen house and ek withoute
It was so don, that al aboute 960
Of gret worschipe, of gret noblesse
Ther cride many a man largesse
Unto the lordes hihe and loude ;
The knyhtes that ben yonge and proude,
Thei jouste ferst and after daunce.
The day is go, the nyhtes chaunce
Hath derked al the bryhte Sonne ;
This lord, which hath his love wonne,
Is go to bedde with his wif,
Wher as thei ladde a lusti lif, 970
And that was after somdel sene,
For as thei pleiden hem betwene,
Thei gete a child between hem tuo, P. iii. 308
To whom fell after mochel wo.

Now have I told of the spousailes.
Bot forto speke of the mervailles
Whiche afterward to hem befelle,
It is a wonder forto telle.
It fell adai thei riden oute,
The king and queene and al the route, 980
To pleien hem upon the stronde,
Wher as thei sen toward the londe
A Schip sailende of gret array.
To knowe what it mene may,

950 *Paragraph here* F ther] al (alle) AM . . . B₁, AdBT
958 which was] þat was W was Ad was riht AM . . . B₁, BT
961 and gret AMH₁E . . . B₁, BT and of gret X 962 many man
AH₁EC, AdBT many men X 970 lede B 975 spousales FK
979 adai (aday) J, F a dai (a day) AC, SB

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Til it be come thei abide ;
 Than sen thei stonde on every side,
 Endlong the schipes bord to schewe,
 Of Penonceals a riche rewe.
 Thei axen when the schip is come :
 Fro Tyr, anon ansuerde some, 990
 And over this thei seiden more
 The cause why thei comen fore
 Was forto seche and forto finde
 Appolinus, which was of kinde
 Her liege lord : and he appiereth,
 And of the tale which he hiereth
 He was riht glad ; for thei him tolde,
 That for vengeance, as god it wolde,
 Antiochus, as men mai wite,
 With thondre and lythnynge is forsmite ; 1000
 His doghter hath the same chaunce,
 So be thei bothe in o balance.

‘Forthi, oure liege lord, we seie P. iii. 309
 In name of al the lond, and preie,
 That left al other thing to done,
 It like you to come sone
 And se youre oghne liege men
 With othre that ben of youre ken,
 That live in longinge and desir
 Til ye be come ayein to Tyr.’ 1010
 This tale after the king it hadde
 Pentapolim al overspradde,
 Ther was no joie forto seche ;
 For every man it hadde in speche
 And seiden alle of on acord,
 ‘A worthi king schal ben oure lord :
 That thoghte ous first an hevinesse
 Is schape ous now to gret gladnesse.’
 Thus goth the tidinge overal.

Bot nede he mot, that nede schal :
 Appolinus his leve tok,
 To god and al the lond betok

1020 Qualiter Appolino
 cum vxore sua impreg-
 nata a Pentapoli ver-
 sus Tyrum nauiganti-

994 was FWK is A . . . B₂, S . . . Δ 1000 forto smyte AM
 1009 liuen in AH₁ . . . B₂, AdBTΔ

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

bus, contigit vxorem,
mortis articulo angus-
tiam, in nauis filiam,
que postea Thaisis
vocabatur, parere.

Qualiter Appolinus
vixoris sue mortem
planxit.

With al the poeple long and brod,
That he no lenger there abod.
The king and queene sorwe made,
Bot yit somdiel thei weren glade
Of such thing as thei herden tho :
And thus between the wel and wo
To schip he goth, his wif with childe,
The which was evere meke and mylde 1030
And wolde noght departe him fro,
Such love was between hem tuo.
Lichorida for hire office P. iii. 310
Was take, which was a Norrice,
To wende with this yonge wif,
To whom was schape a woful lif.
Withinne a time, as it betidde,
Whan thei were in the See amidde,
Out of the North they sihe a cloude ;
The storm aros, the wyndes loude 1040
Thei blewen many a dredful blast ;
The welkne was al overcast,
The derke nyht the Sonnè hath under,
Ther was a gret tempeste of thunder :
The Mone and ek the Sterres bothe
In blake cloudes thei hem clothe,
Wherof here brihte lok thei hyde.
This yonge ladi wepte and cride,
To whom no confort myhte availe ;
Of childe sche began travaile, 1050
Wher sche lay in a Caban clos :
Hire woful lord fro hire aros,
And that was longe er eny morwe,
So that in anguisse and in sorwe
Sche was delivered al be nyhte
And ded in every mannes syhte ;
Bot natheles for al this wo
A maide child was bore tho.

Appolinus whan he this knew,
For sorwe a swoune he overthrew, 1060

1024 lengerr F 1047 here (her) AC, SB hire J, F 1056
deide AdBT 1060 a swoune JC, SB, F aswoune A

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

That noman wiste in him no lif.
 And whanne he wok, he seide, 'Ha, wif,
 Mi lust, mi joie, my desir, P. iii. 311
 Mi welthe and my recoverir,
 Why schal I live, and thou schalt dye?
 Ha, thou fortune, I thee deffie,
 Nou hast thou do to me thi werstē.
 Ha, herte, why ne wolt thou berste,
 That forth with hire I myhte passe?
 Mi peines weren wel the lasse.' 1070
 In such wepinge and in such cry
 His dede wif, which lay him by,
 A thousand sithes he hire kiste;
 Was nevere man that sih ne wiste
 A sorwe unto his sorwe lich;
 For evere among upon the lich
 He fell swounende, as he that soghte
 His oghne deth, which he besoghte
 Unto the goddes alle above
 With many a pitous word of love; 1080
 Bot suche wordes as tho were
 Yit herde nevere mannes Ere,
 Bot only thilke whiche he seide.
 The Maister Schipman cam and preide
 With othre suche as be therinne,
 And sein that he mai nothing winne
 Ayein the deth, bot thei him rede,
 He be wel war and tak hiede,
 The See be weie of his nature
 Receive mai no creature 1090
 Withinne himself as forto holde,
 The which is ded: forthi thei wolde,
 As thei conseilen al aboute, P. iii. 312
 The dede body casten oute.
 For betre it is, thei seiden alle,
 That it of hire so befallē,
 Than if thei scholden alle spille,

1063 and my desir AdBT, W and desir J 1069 it myhte
 FWK 1076 For evere] Was euer(e) AH1 . . . B2, AdBT Was
 neuere M

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Qualiter suadenti-
bus nautis corpus vx-
oris sue mortue in
quadam Cista plumbo
et ferro obtusa que
circumligata Appoli-
nus cum magno the-
sauro vna cum quadam
littera sub eius capite
scripta recludi et in
mare proici fecit.

Copia littere Appo-
lini capiti vxoris sue
supposite.

The king, which understod here wille
And knew here conseil that was trewe,
Began ayein his sorwe newe
With pitous herte, and thus to seie :
'It is al reson that ye preie.
I am,' quod he, 'bot on al one,
So wolde I noght for mi persone
Ther felle such adversite.
Bot whan it mai no betre be,
Doth thanne thus upon my word,
Let make a cofre strong of bord,
That it be ferm with led and pich.'
Anon was mad a cofre sich,
Al redy broght unto his hond ;
And whanne he sih and redy fond
This cofre mad and wel enclowed,
The dede bodi was besowed
In cloth of gold and leid therinne.
And for he wolde unto hire winne
Upon som cooste a Sepulture,
Under hire heved in aventure
Of gold he leide Sommes grete
And of jeueals a strong beyete
Forth with a lettre, and seide thus :
'I, king of Tyr Appollinus,
Do alle maner men to wite,
That hiere and se this lettre write,
That helpeles withoute red
Hier lith a kinges doghter ded :
And who that happeth hir to finde,
For charite tak in his mynde,
And do so that sche be begrave
With this tresor, which he schal have.'
Thus whan the lettre was full spoke,
Thei haue anon the cofre stoke,

1100

1110

1120

P. iii. 313

1130

1098 *Latin here and at 1122, 1141, 1151, 1324, 1373, 1424 om. SA*
(*up to 2029 om. Δ*) 1102 *margin obtusa que C, B obtusaque A, F*
1106 *marg. in mari A... B₂, BT* 1107 *pis AdBT* 1110 *sich (siche,*
swiche) AJMRB₂, BΔ, W such (suche) H₁XECL, SAdT, FK 1120
of jeueals a of Ieweles (Jewels) AM... B₂, AdBT of the Ieweles a W
1128 *tak AJ, S, F take C, B* 1131 *whan (when) AJ, SB whanne F*

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

And bounden it with yren faste,
That it may with the wawes laste,
And stoppen it be such a weie,
That it schal be withinne dreie,
So that no water myhte it grieve.
And thus in hope and good believe
Of that the corps schal wel aryve,
Thei caste it over bord als blyve.

The Schip forth on the wawes wente;
The prince hath changed his entente,
And seith he wol noght come at Tyr
As thanne, bot al his desir
Is first to seilen unto Tharse.

The wyndy Storm began to skarse,
The Sonne arist, the weder cliereth,
The Schipman which behinde stiereth,
Whan that he sih the wyndes saghte,
Towardes Tharse his cours he straghte.

Bot now to mi matiere ayein,
To telle as olde bokes sein,
This dede corps of which ye knowe
With wynd and water was forthrowe
Now hier, now ther, til ate laste
At Ephesim the See upcaste
The cofre and al that was therinne.
Of gret merveile now beginne
Mai hiere who that sitteth stille;
That god wol save mai noght spille.
Riht as the corps was throwe alonde,
Ther cam walkende upon the stronde
A worthi clerc, a Surgien,
And ek a gret Phisicien,
Of al that lond the wisest on,
Which hihte Maister Cerymon;
Ther were of his disciples some.
This Maister to the Cofre is come,
He peiseth ther was somewhat in,
And bad hem bere it to his In,

1140

Qualiter Appolinus,
yxoris sue corpore in
mare proiecto, Tyrum
relinquens cursum
suum versus Tharsim
nauigio dolens arri-
puit.

1150

Qualiter corpus pre-
dicte defuncte super
litus apud Ephesim
quidam medicus no-
mine Cerymon cum
aliquibus suis discipu-
lis inuenit; quod in
hospicium suum por-
tans et extra cistam
ponens, spiraculo vite
in ea adhuc inuento,
ipsam plene sanitati
restituit.

1160

1170

1142 This prince AJM, SA 1156 margin suum om. A . . . Ba,
BT 1168 the] pis Ba, W

* *

E C

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

And goth himselve forth withal.
 Al that schal falle, falle schal;
 They comen hom and tarie noght;
 This Cofre is into chambre broght,
 Which that thei finde faste stoke,
 Bot thei with craft it have unloke.
 Thei loken in, where as thei founde
 A bodi ded, which was bewounde
 In cloth of gold, as I seide er,
 The tresor ek thei founden ther 1180
 Forth with the lettre, which thei rede.
 And tho thei token betre hiede;
 Unsowed was the bodi sone, P. iii. 315
 And he, which knew what is to done,
 This noble clerk, with alle haste
 Began the veines forto taste,
 And sih hire Age was of youthe,
 And with the craftes whiche he couthe
 He soghte and fond a signe of lif.
 With that this worthi kinges wif 1190
 Honestely thei token oute,
 And maden fyres al aboute;
 Thei leide hire on a couche softe,
 And with a scheete warmed ofte
 Hire colde brest began to hete,
 Hire herte also to flacke and bete.
 This Maister hath hire every joingt
 With certein oile and balsme enoingt,
 And putte a liquour in hire mouth,
 Which is to fewe clerkes couth, 1200
 So that sche coevereth ate laste:
 And ferst hire yhen up sche caste,
 And whan sche more of strengthe cawhte,
 Hire Armes bothe forth sche strawhte,
 Hield up hire hond and pitously
 Sche spak and seide, 'Ha, wher am I?
 Where is my lord, what world is this?'

1178 was iwounde (I wounde &c.) AM . . . L was I bounde B₂ lay
 ywounde AdBT 1184 which . . . is] þat . . . was AM . . . B₂,
 AdBT 1206 Ha om. MXR, AdBT, W

As sche that wot noght hou it is.
 Bot Cerymon the worthi leche
 Ansuerde anon upon hire speche 1210
 And seith, 'Ma dame, yee ben hiere,
 Where yee be sauf, as yee schal hiere
 Hierafterward; forthi as nou P. iii. 316

Mi conseil is, conforteth you:
 For trusteth wel withoute faile,
 Ther is nothing which schal you faile,
 That oghte of reson to be do.'
 Thus passen thei a day or tuo;
 Thei speke of noght as for an ende,
 Til sche began somdiel amende, 1220
 And wiste hireselven what sche mente.

Tho forto knowe hire hol entente,
 This Maister axeth al the cas,
 Hou sche cam there and what sche was.
 'Hou I cam hiere wot I noght,'
 Quod sche, 'bot wel I am bethoght

Qualiter vxor Ap-
 polini sanata domum
 religionis pecliit, vbi
 sacro velamine muni-
 ta castam omni tem-
 pore se vouit.

Of othre thinges al aboute':
 Fro point to point and tolde him oute
 Als ferforthli as sche it wiste.
 And he hire tolde hou in a kiste 1230
 The See hire threw upon the lond,
 And what tresor with hire he fond,
 Which was al redy at hire wille,
 As he that schop him to fulfille
 With al his myht what thing he scholde.
 Sche thonketh him that he so wolde,
 And al hire herte sche discloseth,
 And seith him wel that sche supposeth
 Hire lord be dreint, hir child also;
 So sih sche noght bot alle wo. 1240

Wherof as to the world nomore
 Ne wol sche torne, and preith therfore
 That in som temple of the Cite, P. iii. 317
 To kepe and holde hir chastete,
 Sche mihte among the wommen duelle.

1222 hol (hool) C, B, F hole ABs 1224 margin sacro] facto BT
 1240 sih] seip AML

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Whan he this tale hir herde telle,
He was riht glad, and made hire knownen
That he a dowhter of his owen
Hath, which he wol unto hir yive
To serve, whil thei bothe live, 1250
In stede of that which sche hath lost ;
Al only at his oghne cost
Sche schal be rendred forth with hire.
She seith, 'Grant mercy, lieve sire,
God quite it you, ther I ne may.'
And thus thei drive forth the day,
Til time com that sche was hol ;
And tho thei take her conseil hol,
To schape upon good ordinance
And make a worthi pourveance 1260
Ayein the day whan thei be veiled.
And thus, whan that thei be conseiled,
In blake clothes thei hem clothe,
This lady and the dowhter bothe,
And yolde hem to religion.
The feste and the profession
After the reule of that degre
Was mad with gret solempnete,
Where as Diane is seintefied ;
Thus stant this lady justefied 1270
In ordre wher sche thenkth to duelle.

Qualiter Appolinus
Tharsim nauigans, fi-
liam suam Thaisim
Strangulioni et Dioni-
sie vxori sue educan-
dam commendauit; et
deinde Tyrum adiit,
vbi cum inestimabili
gaudio a suis receptus
est.

Bot now ayeinward forto telle
In what plit that hire lord stod inne: P. iii. 318
He seileth, til that he may winne
The havene of Tharse, as I seide er ;
And whanne he was aryved ther,
And it was thurgh the Cite knowe,
Men myhte se withinne a throwe,
As who seith, al the toun at ones,
That come ayein him for the nones, 1280
To yiven him the reverence,
So glad thei were of his presence :

1252 line om. B 1253 schal] hap AdBT 1258 took(e) LB₂
AdBT, W 1260 made AH₁ . . . B₂, AdBT 1274 seiled AdBT
1277 And FW Tho ACLB₂, B

LIBER OCTAVUS

421

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

And thogh he were in his corage
 Desesed, yit with glad visage
 He made hem chiere, and to his In,
 Wher he whilom sojourned in,
 He goth him straght and was resceived.
 And whan the presse of poeple is weived,
 He takth his hoste unto him tho,
 And seith, 'Mi frend Strangulio, 1290
 Lo, thus and thus it is befalle,
 And thou thiself art on of alle,
 Forth with thi wif, whiche I most triste.
 Forthi, if it you bothe liste,
 My doghter Thaise be youre leve
 I thenke schal with you beleve
 As for a time; and thus I preie,
 That sche be kept be alle weie,
 And whan sche hath of age more,
 That sche be set to bokes lore. 1300
 And this avou to god I make,
 That I schal nevere for hir sake
 Mi berd for no likinge schave, P. iii. 319
 Til it befalle that I have
 In covenable time of age
 Beset hire unto mariage.'
 Thus thei acorde, and al is wel,
 And forto resten him somdel,
 As for a while he ther sojorneth,
 And thanne he takth his leve and torneth 1310
 To Schipe, and goth him hom to Tyr,
 Wher every man with gret desir
 Awaiteth upon his comynge.
 Bot whan the Schip com in seilinge,
 And thei perceiven it is he,
 Was nevere yit in no cite
 Such joie mad as thei tho made;
 His herte also began to glade
 Of that he sih the poeple glad.
 Lo, thus fortune his hap hath lad; 1320

1293 whiche A, S, F which JC, B 1315 And parceiuen þat it B

1319 þe FW his ACLB₂, B

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Qualiter Thaysis
vna cum Philotenna
Strangulionis et Dio-
nisie filia omnis scien-
cie et honestatis doc-
trina imbuta est : set
Thaisis Philotennam
precellens in odium
mortale per inuidiam
a Dionisia recollecta
est.

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

In sondri wise he was travailed,
Bot hou so evere he be assailed,
His latere ende schal be good.

And forto speke hou that it stod
Of Thaise his doghter, wher sche duelleth,
In Tharse, as the Cronique telleth,
Sche was wel kept, sche was wel loket,
Sche was wel tawht, sche was wel boket,
So wel sche spedde hir in hire youthe
That sche of every wisdom couthe, 1330
That forto seche in every lond
So wys an other noman fond,
Ne so wel tawht at mannes yhe. P. iii. 320
Bot wo worthe evere fals envie !
For it befell that time so,
A dowhter hath Strangulio,
The which was cleped Philotenne :
Bot fame, which wole evere renne,
Cam al day to hir moder Ere,
And seith, wher evere hir doghter were 1340
With Thayse set in eny place,
The comun vois, the comun grace
Was al upon that other Maide,
And of hir doghter noman saide.
Who wroth but Dionise thanne ?
Hire thoghte a thousand yer til whanne
Sche myhte ben of Thaise wreke
Of that sche herde folk so speke.
And fell that ilke same tyde,
That ded was trewe Lychoride, 1350
Which hadde be servant to Thaise,
So that sche was the worse at aise,
For sche hath thanne no servise
Bot only thurgh this Dionise,
Which was hire dedlich Anemie
Thurgh pure treson and envie.
Sche, that of alle sorwe can,
Tho spak unto hire bondeman,
Which cleped was Theophilus,

1334 worþe J, F worþ AC, SB

And made him swere in conseil thus, 1360 [APOLLONIUS OF
That he such time as sche him sette TYRE.]
Schal come Thaise forto fette,
And lede hire oute of alle sihte, P. iii. 321
Wher as noman hire helpe myhte,
Upon the Stronde nyh the See,
And there he schal this maiden sle.
This cherles herte is in a traunce,
As he which drad him of vengeance
Whan time comth an other day;
Bot yit dorste he noght seie nay, 1370
Bot swor and seide he schal fulfille
Hire hestes at hire oghne wille.

The treson and the time is schape,
So fell it that this cherles knape
Hath lad this maiden ther he wolde
Upon the Stronde, and what sche scholde
Sche was adrad; and he out breide
A rusti swerd and to hir seide,
'Thou schalt be ded.' 'Helas!' quod sche,
'Why schal I so?' 'Lo thus,' quod he, 1380
'Mi ladi Dionise hath bede,
Thou schalt be moerdred in this stede.'
This Maiden tho for feere schryhte,
And for the love of god almyhte
Sche preith that for a litel stounde
Sche myhte knele upon the grounde,
Toward the hevene forto crave,
Hire wofull Soule if sche mai save:
And with this noise and with this cry,
Out of a barge faste by, 1390
Which hidd was ther on Scomerfare,
Men sterten out and weren ware
Of this feloun, and he to go, P. iii. 322
And sche began to crie tho,

Qualiter Dionisia
Thaysim, vt occidere-
tur, Theophilo seruo
suo tradidit, qui cum
noctanter longius ab
vrbe ipsam prope litus
maris interficere pro-
posuerat, Pirate ibi-
dem prope latitantes
Thaisim de manu Car-
nificis eripuerunt, ip-
samque vsque Ciuita-
tem Mitelenam ducen-
tes, cuidam Leonino
scortorum ibidem
magistro vendiderunt.

1364 wher þat AM . . . B₂, AdBT, W 1371 swer(e) E . . . B₂, K
sware X 1373 *margin* occideret A . . . B₂, BT 1374 cherlissh
(cherliache &c.) H₁ . . . B₂, AdBT, K 1375 wher(e) H₁ . . . B₂,
AdBTΔ, W 1378 *margin* Pirate ibidem prope] Pirate ibidem
A . . . B₂ ibidem BT 1383 *margin* reddiderunt AM 1388
þat sche AM . . . B₂, AdBT 1389 and þis cry A

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

'Ha, mercy, help for goddes sake!
 Into the barge thei hire take,
 As thieves scholde, and forth thei wente.
 Upon the See the wynd hem hente,
 And malgre wher thei wolde or non,
 Tofor the weder forth thei gon, 1400
 Ther halp no Seil, ther halp non Ore,
 Forstormed and forblowen sore
 In gret peril so forth thei dryve,
 Til ate laste thei aryve
 At Mitelene the Cite.
 In havene sauf and whan thei be,
 The Maister Schipman made him boun,
 And goth him out into the toun,
 And profreth Thaise forto selle.
 On Leonin it herde telle, 1410
 Which Maister of the bordel was,
 And bad him gon a redy pas
 To fetten hire, and forth he wente,
 And Thaise out of his barge he hente,
 And to this bordeller hir solde.
 And he, that be hire body wolde
 Take advantage, let do crye,
 That what man wolde his lecherie
 Attempte upon hire maidenhede,
 Lei doun the gold and he schal spede. 1420
 And thus whan he hath crid it oute
 In syhte of al the poeple aboute,
 He ladde hire to the bordel tho. P.iii. 323
 No wonder is thogh sche be wo:
 Clos in a chambre be hireselve,
 Ech after other ten or tuelve
 Of yonge men to hire in wente;
 Bot such a grace god hire sente,
 That for the sorwe which sche made
 Was non of hem which pouer hade 1430

Qualiter Leoninus
 Thaisim ad lupanar
 destinavit, vbi dei
 gracia preuenta ipsius
 virginitatem nullus
 violare potuit.

1399 thei] sche B 1413 fecchen(fechen)AM...Bs,AdB sechen T
 1415 hir] he AM...Bs,AdBT 1416 And þat he by (be) Hi...Bs
 And þat by AM 1423 Paragraph here in MSS. 1424 No
 wonder þough sche were wo B No wonder þogh sche be wo Ad

LIBER OCTAVUS

425

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

To don hire eny vileinie.
 This Leonin let evere aspie,
 And waiteth after gret beyete;
 Bot al for noght, sche was forlete,
 That mo men wolde ther noght come.
 Whan he therof hath hiede nome,
 And knew that sche was yit a maide,
 Unto his oghne man he saide,
 That he with strengthe ayein hire leve
 Tho scholde hir maidenhod bereve. 1440
 This man goth in, bot so it ferde,
 Whan he hire wofull pleintes herde
 And he therof hath take kepe,
 Him liste betre forto wepe
 Than don oght elles to the game.
 And thus sche kepte herself fro schame,
 And kneleth doun to therthe and preide
 Unto this man, and thus sche seide:
 'If so be that thi maister wolde
 That I his gold encresce scholde, 1450
 It mai noght falle be this weie:
 Bot soffre me to go mi weie
 Out of this hous wher I am inne, P. iii. 324
 And I schal make him forto winne
 In som place elles of the toun,
 Be so it be religioun,
 Wher that honeste wommen duelle.
 And thus thou myht thi maister telle,
 That whanne I have a chambre there,
 Let him do crie ay wyde where, 1460
 What lord that hath his doghter diere,
 And is in will that sche schal liere
 Of such a Scole that is trewe,
 I schal hire teche of thinges newe,
 Which as non other womman can
 In al this lond.' And tho this man

1435 nomen wolde þer noght come K nomen wolden þeer (þer)
 come AM no man (noman) wolde þer(e) come H1... B2, AdBT mo men
 wolde ther none come W 1447 kneled BTA 1450 good BT
 1456 be of rel. AM... B2, BT 1465 Which þat AM... B2, BT

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Qualiter Thaisis a
lupanari virgo liber-
ata, inter sacras muli-
eres hospicium ha-
bens, sciencias quibus
edocta fuit nobiles
regni puellas ibidem
edocebat.

Qualiter Theophilus
ad Dionisiam mane
rediens affirmavit se
Thaisim occidisse; su-
per quo Dionisia vna
cum Strangulione ma-
rito suo dolorem in
publico confingentes,
exequias et sepultu-
ram honorifice quan-

Hire tale hath herd, he goth ayein,
And tolde unto his maiſter plein
That sche hath seid; and therupon,
Whan than he sih beyete non 1470
At the bordel be cause of hire,
He bad his man to gon and spire
A place wher sche myhte abyde,
That he mai winne upon som side
Be that sche can: bot ate leste
Thus was sche sauf fro this tempeste.

He hath hire fro the bordel take,
Bot that was noght for goddes sake,
Bot for the lucre, as sche him tolde.
Now comen tho that comen wolde 1480
Of wommen in her lusty youthe,
To hiere and se what thing sche couthe:
Sche can the wisdom of a clerk, P. iii. 325
Sche can of every lusti werk
Which to a gentil womman longeth,
And some of hem sche underfongeth
To the Citole and to the Harpe,
And whom it liketh forto carpe
Proverbes and demandes slyhe,
An other such thei nevere syhe, 1490
Which that science so wel tawhte:
Wherof sche grete yiftes cawhte,
That sche to Leonin hath wonne;
And thus hire name is so begonne
Of sondri thinges that she techeth,
That al the lond unto hir secheth
Of yonge wommen forto liere.

Nou lete we this maiden hiere,
And speke of Dionise ayein
And of Theophile the vilein, 1500
Of whiche I spak of nou tofore.
Whan Thaise scholde have be forlore,
This false cherl to his lady
Whan he cam hom, al prively

1476 fro] of AM . . . B₂, BT 1484 eny AM . . . B₂, B
1500 Theophile AJC, T, F Theophil B 1503 margin confingentes F

LIBER OCTAVUS

427

He seith, 'Ma Dame, slain I have
This maide Thaise, and is begrave
In prive place, as ye me biede.
Forthi, ma dame, taketh hiede
And kep conseil, hou so it stonde.'

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]tum ad extra subdola
coniectacione fieri
constituerunt.

This fend, which this hath understonde,
Was glad, and weneth it be soth :

1510

Now herkne, hierafter hou sche doth.

Sche wepeth, sche sorweth, sche compleigneth, **P. iii. 326**

And of sieknesse which sche feigneth

Sche seith that Taise sodeinly

Be nyhte is ded, 'as sche and I

Togedre lyhen nyh my lord.'

Sche was a womman of record,

And al is lieved that sche seith ;

And forto yive a more feith,

1520

Hire housebonde and ek sche bothe

In blake clothes thei hem clothe,

And made a gret enterrement ;

And for the poeple schal be blent,

Of Thaise as for the remembrance,

After the real olde usance

A tumbe of latoun noble and riche

With an ymage unto hir liche

Liggende above therupon

Thei made and sette it up anon.

1530

Hire Epitaffe of good assisse

Was write aboute, and in this wise

It spak : 'O yee that this beholde,

Lo, hier lith sche, the which was holde

The faireste and the flour of alle,

Whos name Thaïsis men calle.

The king of Tyr Appolinus

Hire fader was : now lith sche thus.

Fourtiene yer sche was of Age,

Whan deth hir tok to his viage.'

1540

Thus was this false treson hidd,

Qualiter Appolinus
in regno suo apud

1505 ich haue AM 1509 kepeþ BT 1512 Now se her
after B Now hiere after T 1513 sorweth] crieþ BT 1523
make BT om. W 1534 the om. AM, Δ, W

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Tyrum existens par-
liamentum fieri con-
stituit.

Qualiter Appolinus
post parliamentum
Tharsim pro Thaise
filiasua querenda adiit,
qua ibidem non in-
venta abinde navigio
recessit.

Which afterward was wyde kidd,
As be the tale a man schal hiere.
Bot forto clare mi matiere,
To Tyr I thenke torne ayein,
And telle as the Croniqes sein.
Whan that the king was comen hom,
And hath left in the salte fom
His wif, which he mai noght foryete,
For he som confort wolde gete,
He let somoun a parlement,
To which the lordes were asent;
And of the time he hath ben oute,
He seth the thinges al aboute,
And told hem ek hou he hath fare,
Whil he was out of londe fare;
And preide hem alle to abyde,
For he wolde at the same tyde
Do schape for his wyves mynde,
As he that wol noght ben unkinde.
Solempne was that ilke office,
And riche was the sacrifice,
The feste reali was holde:
And therto was he wel beholde;
For such a wif as he hadde on
In thilke daies was ther non.

P. iii. 327

1550

1560

Whan this was do, thanne he him thoghte
Upon his doghter, and besoghte
Suche of his lordes as he wolde,
That thei with him to Tharse scholde,
To fette his doghter Taise there:
And thei anon al redy were,
To schip they gon and forth thei wente,
Til thei the havene of Tharse hente.
They londe and faile of that thei seche
Be coverture and slechte of speche:
This false man Strangulio,
And Dionise his wif also,
That he the betre trowe myhte,

P. iii. 328

1570

1544 forto clare] to declare AM . . . B₁, BT
tolde C

1555 told A, B, F

LIBER OCTAVUS

429

Thei ladden him to have a sihte
 Wher that hir tombe was arraied.
 The lasse yit he was mispaied,
 And natheles, so as he dorste,
 He curseth and seith al the worste
 Unto fortune, as to the blinde,
 Which can no seker weie finde;
 For sche him neweth evere among,
 And medleth sorwe with his song.
 Bot sihte it mai no betre be,

He thonketh god and forth goth he
 Seilende toward Tyr ayein.
 Bot sodeinly the wynd and reyn
 Begonne upon the See debate,
 So that he soffre mot algate
 The lawe which Neptune ordeigneth;
 Wherof fulofte time he pleigneth,
 And hield him wel the more esmaied
 Of that he hath tofore assaied.
 So that for pure sorwe and care,
 Of that he seth his world so fare,
 The reste he lefte of his Caban,
 That for the conseil of noman
 Ayein therinne he nolde come,
 Bot hath benethe his place nome,
 Wher he wepende al one lay,
 Ther as he sih no lyht of day.
 And thus tofor the wynd thei dryve,
 Til longe and late thei aryve
 With gret distresce, as it was sene,
 Upon this toun of Mitelene,
 Which was a noble cite tho.
 And hapneth thilke time so,
 The lordes bothe and the comune
 The hihe festes of Neptune
 Upon the stronde at the rivage,
 As it was custumme and usage,
 Sollempneliche thei besihe.

1580 [APOLLONIUS OF
 TYRE.]

1590 Qualiter Nauis Ap-
 polini ventis agitata
 portum vrbis Mitelene
 in die quo festa Nep-
 tuni celebrare con-
 sueuerunt applicuit;
 set ipse pre dolore
 Thaysis filiesue, quam
 mortuam reputabat, in
 fundo nauis obscuro
 iacens lumen videre
 noluit.

1600

P. iii. 329

1610

1590 Paragraph here FWK, at 1595 in most other copies
 margin celebrari A . . . B₂, BT, W

1593

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Qualiter Athenagoras
vrbis Mitelene Princeps,
naum Appollini inuestigans,
ipsum sic contristatum
nichilque respondentem
consolari satagebat.

Qualiter precepto
Principis, vt Appollinum
consolaretur, Thaisis
cum cithara

Whan thei this strange vessel syhe
Come in, and hath his Seil aualed,
The toun therof hath spoke and taled. 1620
The lord which of the cite was,
Whos name is Athenagoras,
Was there, and seide he wolde se
What Schip it is, and who thei be
That ben therinne: and after sone,
Whan that he sih it was to done,
His barge was for him arraied,
And he goth forth and hath assaied.
He fond the Schip of gret Array,
Bot what thing it amonte may, 1630
He seth thei maden hevy chiere,
Bot wel him thenkth be the manere
That thei be worthi men of blod, P. iii. 330
And axeth of hem hou it stod;
And thei him tellen al the cas,
Hou that here lord fordrive was,
And what a sorwe that he made,
Of which ther mai noman him glade.
He preith that he here lord mai se,
Bot thei him tolde it mai noght be, 1640
For he lith in so derk a place,
That ther may no wiht sen his face:
Bot for al that, thogh hem be loth,
He fond the ladre and doun he goth,
And to him spak, bot non ansuere
Ayein of him ne mihte he bere
For oght that he can don or sein;
And thus he goth him up ayein.
Tho was ther spoke in many wise
Amonges hem that weren wise, 1650
Now this, now that, bot ate laste
The wisdom of the toun this caste,
That yonge Taise were asent.
For if ther be amendement

1621 þat cite H; XELB, BT 1633 be] were B 1637 which a s.
AM... B, AdBT 1641 so] þe AM 1646 here LB, Δ, W 1649
Paragraph here ALB, BT at 1652 J, SAd, FW Tho] Thus A... B

LIBER OCTAVUS

431

To glade with this woful king,
 Sche can so moche of every thing,
 That sche schal gladen him anon.
 A Messenger for hire is gon,
 And sche cam with hire Harpe on honde,
 And seide hem that sche wolde fonde 1660
 Be alle weies that sche can,
 To glade with this sory man.
 Bot what he was sche wiste noght, P. iii. 331
 Bot al the Schip hire hath besoght
 That sche hire wit on him despende,
 In aunter if he myhte amende,
 And sein it schal be wel aquit.
 Whan sche hath understonden it,
 Sche goth hir doun, ther as he lay,
 Wher that sche harpeth many a lay 1670
 And lich an Angel sang withal;
 Bot he nomore than the wal
 Tok hiede of eny thing he herde.
 And whan sche sih that he so ferde,
 Sche falleth with him into wordes,
 And telleth him of sondri bordes,
 And axeth him demandes strange,
 Wherof sche made his herte change,
 And to hire speche his Ere he leide
 And hath merveile of that sche seide. 1680
 For in proverbe and in probleme
 Sche spak, and bad he scholde deme
 In many soubtil question:
 Bot he for no suggestioun
 Which toward him sche couthe stere,
 He wolde noght o word ansuere,
 Bot as a madd man ate laste
 His heved wepende away he caste,
 And half in wraththe he bad hire go.
 Bot yit sche wolde noght do so, 1690
 And in the derke forth sche goth,
 Til sche him toucheth, and he wroth,

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]sua ad ipsum in ob-
scuro nauis, vbi jace-
bat, producta est.

1661 all(e) þe weies AM . . . B₂, AdBT 1683 many F many
 a ALB₂, B, W 1687 madd man S madd mad man F

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Qualiter, sicut deus
destinavit, pater fi-
liam inuentam recog-
nouit.

And after hire with his hond P. iii. 332

He smot : and thus whan sche him fond

Desesed, courtaisly sche saide,

'Avoi, mi lord, I am a Maide ;

And if ye wiste what I am,

And out of what lignage I cam,

Ye wolde noght be so salvage.'

With that he sobreth his corage 1700

And put away his hevy chiere.

Bot of hem tuo a man mai liere

What is to be so sibb of blod :

Non wiste of other hou it stod,

And yit the fader ate laste

His herte upon this maide caste,

That he hire loveth kindely,

And yit he wiste nevere why.

Bot al was knowe er that thei wente ;

For god,' which wot here hol entente, 1710

Here hertes bothe anon descloseth.

This king unto this maide opposeth,

And axeth ferst what was hire name,

And wher sche lerned al this game,

And of what ken that sche was come.

And sche, that hath hise wordes nome,

Ansuerth and seith, 'My name is Thaise,

That was som time wel at aise :

In Tharse I was forthdrawe and fed,

Ther lerned I, til I was sped, 1720

Of that I can. Mi fader eke

I not wher that I scholde him seke ;

He was a king, men tolde me : P. iii. 333

Mi Moder dreint was in the See.'

Fro point to point al sche him tolde,

That sche hath longe in herte holde,

And nevere dorste make hir mone

Bot only to this lord al one,

To whom hire herte can noght hele,

Torne it to wo, torne it to wele, 1730

1710 hol B, F hole ABs 1713 was FW is ALBs, B 1715
that om. AM, W

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Torne it to good, torne it to harm.
 And he tho toke hire in his arm,
 Bot such a joie as he tho made
 Was nevere sen; thus be thei glade,
 That sory hadden be toforn.
 Fro this day forth fortune hath sworn
 To sette him upward on the whiel;
 So goth the world, now wo, now wel:
 This king hath founde newe grace,
 So that out of his derke place
 He goth him up into the liht,
 And with him cam that swete wiht,
 His doghter Thaise, and forth anon
 Thei bothe into the Caban gon
 Which was ordeigned for the king,
 And ther he dede of al his thing,
 And was arraied realy.

1740

And out he cam al openly,
 Wher Athenagoras he fond,
 The which was lord of al the lond:
 He preith the king to come and se
 His castell bothe and his cite,
 And thus thei gon forth alle in fiere, P. iii. 334
 This king, this lord, this maiden diere.
 This lord tho made hem riche feste
 With every thing which was honeste,
 To plesse with this worthi king,
 Ther lacketh him no maner thing:
 Bot yit for al his noble array
 Wifes he was into that day,
 As he that yit was of yong Age;
 So fell ther into his corage
 The lusti wo, the glade peine
 Of love, which noman restreigne
 Yit nevere myhte as nou tofore.
 This lord thenkth al his world forlore,
 Bot if the king wol don him grace;

Qualiter Athenagoras Appolinum de nauis in hospicium honorifice recollegit, et Thaisim, patre consensiente, in uxorem duxit.

1750

1760

173a toke J, S, F tok (took) AEC, B 1750 þat lond AJM,
 SA 1754 maiden] doughter B 1756 which was þo h. AM
 1761 of yong] 3ong of E, B

* *

F f

[*APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.*]

*Qualiter Appolinus
vna cum filia et eius
marito nauim ingredi-
entes a Mitelena vs-
que Tharsim cursum
proposuerunt. Set
Appolinus in somp-
nis ammonitus versus
Ephesim, vt ibidem in
templo Diane sacri-
ficaret, vela per mare
diuertit.*

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

He waiteth time, he waiteth place,
Him thoghte his herte wol tobreke,
Til he mai to this maide speke 1770
And to hir fader ek also

For mariage : and it fell so,
That al was do riht as he thoghte,
His pourpos to an ende he broghte,
Sche weddeth him as for hire lord ;
Thus be thei alle of on acord.

Whan al was do riht as thei wolde,

The king unto his Sone tolde
Of Tharse thilke traierie,
And seide hou in his compaignie 1780
His doghter and himselven eke

Schull go vengeance forto seke.
The Schipes were redy sone, P. iii. 335
And whan thei sihe it was to done,

Withoute lette of eny wente
With Seil updrawe forth thei wente
Towardes Tharse upon the tyde.

Bot he that wot what schal betide,
The hihe god, which wolde him kepe,
Whan that this king was faste aslepe, 1790
Be nyhtes time he hath him bede

To seile into an other stede :
To Ephesim he bad him drawe,
And as it was that time lawe,

He schal do there his sacrificise ;
And ek he bad in alle wise
That in the temple amonges alle

His fortune, as it is befalle,
Touchende his doghter and his wif
He schal beknowe upon his lif. 1800

The king of this Avisioun
Hath gret ymaginacioun,

What thing it signefie may ;
And natheles, whan it was day,

He bad caste Ancher and abod ;
And whil that he on Ancher rod,

The wynd, which was tofore strange,
Upon the point began to change,
And torneth thider as it scholde.

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Tho knew he wel that god it wolde, 1810
And bad the Maister make him yare,
Tofor the wynd for he wol fare
To Ephesim, and so he dede. P. iii. 336

And whanne he cam unto the stede
Where as he scholde londe, he londeth
With al the haste he may, and fondeth
To schapen him be such a wise,
That he may be the morwe arise
And don after the mandement
Of him which hath him thider sent. 1820

And in the wise that he thoghte,
Upon the morwe so he wroghte;
His doghter and his Sone he nom,
And forth unto the temple he com
With a gret route in compaignie,
Hise yiftes forto sacrifie.
The citezeins tho herden seie
Of such a king that cam to preie
Unto Diane the godesse,
And left al other besinesse, 1830
Thei comen thider forto se
The king and the solempnete.

With worthi knyhtes environed
The king himself hath abandoned
Into the temple in good entente.
The dore is up, and he in wente,
Wher as with gret devocioun
Of holi contemplacioun
Withinne his herte he made his schrifte;
And after that a riche yifte 1840
He offreth with gret reverence,
And there in open Audience
Of hem that stoden thanne aboute, P. iii. 337
He tolde hem and declareth oute

Qualiter Appolinus
Ephesim in templo
Diane sacrificans, vxo-
rem suam ibidem vela-
tam inuenit; qua se-
cum assumpta in Na-
uim, versus Tyrum re-
gressus est.

1836 he in F in he A... B₂, S... A, WK 1842 euidence AdBT
1843 thanne aboute] al (alle) aboute AM... B₂, AdT per aboute B

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

His hap, such as him is befallē,
 Ther was nothing foryete of alle.
 His wif, as it was goddes grace,
 Which was professed in the place,
 As sche that was Abbessē there,
 Unto his tale hath leid hire Ere : 1850
 Sche knew the vois and the visage,
 For pure joie as in a rage
 Sche strawhte unto him al at ones,
 And fell aswoune upon the stones,
 Wherof the temple flor was paved.
 Sche was anon with water laved,
 Til sche cam to herself ayein,
 And thanne sche began to sein :
 ' Ha, blessed be the hihe sonde,
 That I mai se myn housebonde, 1860
 That whilom he and I were on !'
 The king with that knew hire anon,
 And tok hire in his Arm and kiste ;
 And al the toun thus sone it wiste.
 Tho was ther joie manyfold,
 For every man this tale hath told
 As for miracle, and were glade,
 Bot nevere man such joie made
 As doth the king, which hath his wif.
 And whan men herde hou that hir lif 1870
 Was saved, and be whom it was,
 Thei wondren alle of such a cas :
 Thurgh al the Lond aros the speche P. iii. 338
 Of Maister Cerymon the leche
 And of the cure which he dede.
 The king himself tho hath him bede,
 And ek this queene forth with him,
 That he the toun of Ephesim
 Wol leve and go wher as thei be,
 For nevere man of his degre 1880
 Hath do to hem so mochel good ;
 And he his profit understod,

1854 aswowe AM aswouwen B 1861 That] Which AM . . . B₂,
 AdBT 1877 þe queene AM . . . B₂, AdBT

LIBER OCTAVUS

437

And granteth with hem forto wende.
And thus thei maden there an ende,
And token leve and gon to Schipe
With al the hole felaschipe.

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

This king, which nou hath his desir,
Seith he wol holde his cours to Tyr.

Qualiter Appolinus
vna cum vxore et filia
sua Thyrum applicuit.

Thei hadden wynd at wille tho,
With topseilcole and forth they go,
And striken nevere, til thei come
To Tyr, where as thei havene nome,
And londen hem with mochel blisse.

1890

Tho was ther many a mowth to kisse,
Echon welcometh other hom,
Bot whan the queen to londe com,
And Thaise hir doghter be hir side,
The joie which was thilke tyde
Ther mai no mannes tunge telle :

Thei seiden alle, 'Hier comth the welle 1900
Of alle wommannysse grace.'

The king hath take his real place,
The queene is into chambre go : P. iii. 339

Ther was gret feste arraied tho ;
Whan time was, thei gon to mete,
Alle olde sorwes ben foryete,
And gladen hem with joies newe :

The descoloured pale hewe
Is now become a rody cheke,
Ther was no merthe forto seke, 1910
Bot every man hath that he wolde.

The king, as he wel couthe and scholde,
Makth to his poeple riht good chiere ;
And after sone, as thou schalt hiere,
A parlement he hath sommoned,
Wher he his doghter hath coroned
Forth with the lord of Mitelene,
That on is king, that other queene :
And thus the fadres ordinance

Qualiter Appolinus
Athenagoram cum
Thaise vxore sua su-
per Tyrum coronari
fecit.

1890 topseil(e) cole H₁ . . . B₂, AdBTA, W 1892 havene]
haue C, AdBT, W þe haue B₂ 1911 what he w. X . . . B₂, AdBT
1912 ff. margin Qualiter—fecit om. BA

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Qualiter Appolinus
a Tyro per mare ver-
sus Tharsim iter arri-
piens vindictam contra
Strangulionem et Di-
onisiam vxorem suam
pro iniuria, quam ipsi
Thaisi filie sue intule-
runt, iudicialiter asse-
cutus est.

This lond hath set in governance, 1920
And seide thanne he wolde wende
To Tharse, forto make an ende
Of that his doghter was betraied.
Therof were alle men wel paied,
And seide hou it was forto done :
The Schipes weren redi sone,
And strong pouer with him he tok ;
Up to the Sky he caste his lok,
And syh the wynd was covenable.

Thei hale up Ancher with the cable, 1930
The Seil on hih, the Stiere in honde,
And seilen, til thei come alonde

At Tharse nyh to the cite ; P. iii. 340

And whan thei wisten it was he,
The toun hath don him reverence.

He telleth hem the violence,

Which the tretour Strangulio

And Dionise him hadde do

Touchende his dowhter, as yee herde ;

And whan thei wiste hou that it ferde, 1940

As he which pes and love soghte,

Unto the toun this he besoghte,

To don him riht in juggedment.

Anon thei were bothe asent

With strengthe of men, and comen sone,

And as hem thoghte it was to done,

Atteint thei were be the lawe

And diemed forto honge and drawe,

And brent and with the wynd toblowe,

That al the world it myhte knowe : 1950

And upon this condicion

The dom in execucion

Was put anon withoute faile.

And every man hath gret mervaille,

1920 lord B 1921 thanne] pat AM . . . B₁, AdBT 1924 Wher
of (Wherof) H₁ . . . B₁, AdBT, W 1927 And FW A ACLB₁,
B 1928 Up to] Vpon AM . . . B₁, AdBT 1931 on honde
AM . . . B₁, AdBT, W 1939 he herde AM, W 1940 wiste(n)
how it AM . . . B₁, AdBT, W

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Which herde tellen of this chance,
And thonketh goddes pourveance,
Which doth mercy forth with justice.
Slain is the moerdrer and moerdrice
Thurgh verray trowthe of rihtwisnesse,
And thurgh mercy sauf is simplesse
Of hire whom mercy preserveth;
Thus hath he wel that wel deserveth.

1960

Whan al this thing is don and ended, P. iii. 341
This king, which loved was and frended,
A lettre hath, which cam to him
Be Schipe fro Pentapolim,
Be which the lond hath to him write,
That he wolde understonde and wite
Hou in good mynde and in good pes
Ded is the king Artestrates,
Wherof thei alle of on acord
Him preiden, as here liege lord,
That he the lettre wel conceive
And come his regne to receive,
Which god hath yove him and fortune;
And thus besoghte the commune
Forth with the grete lordes alle.
This king sih how it was befalle,
Fro Tharse and in prosperite
He tok his leve of that Cite
And goth him into Schipe ayein:
The wynd was good, the See was plein,
Hem nedeth noght a Riff to slake,
Til thei Pentapolim have take.
The lond, which herde of that tidinge,
Was wonder glad of his cominge;
He resteth him a day or tuo
And tok his conseil to him tho,
And sette a time of Parlement,
Wher al the lond of on assent
Forth with his wif hath him coroured,

1970

1980

1990

Qualiter Artestrate
Pentapolim Rege mor-
tuo, ipsi de regno Epi-
stolas super hoc Ap-
polino direxerunt:
vnde Appolinus vna
cum vxore sua ibidem
aduenientes ad decus
imperii cum magno
gaudio coronati sunt.

1967 In which AM . . . B₂, AdBT
H₁EL, W wol(e) rescyeue AdBT
was falle L

1973 wil (wol) conceyue
1978 is befalle AdB, W

[APOLLONIUS OF
TYRE.]

Wher alle goode him was fuisouned.
Lo, what it is to be wel grounded : P. iii. 342
For he hath ferst his love founded .
Honesteliche as forto wedde,
Honesteliche his love he spedde
And hadde children with his wif,
And as him liste he ladde his lif ;
And in ensample his lif was write,
That alle lovers myhten wite 2000
How ate laste it schal be sene
Of love what thei wolden mene.
For se now on that other side,
Antiochus with al his Pride,
Which sette his love unkindely,
His ende he hadde al sodeinly,
Set ayein kinde upon vengeance,
And for his lust hath his penance.

Confessor ad Aman-
tem.

Lo thus, mi Sone, myht thou liere
What is to love in good manere, 2010
And what to love in other wise :
The mede arist of the servise ;
Fortune, thogh sche be noght stable,
Yit at som time is favorable
To hem that ben of love trewe.
Bot certes it is forto rewe
To se love ayein kinde falle,
For that makth sore a man to falle,
As thou myht of tofore rede.
Forthi, my Sone, I wolde rede 2020
To lete al other love aweie,
Bot if it be thurgh such a weie
As love and reson wolde acorde. P. iii. 343
For elles, if that thou descorde,
And take lust as doth a beste,
Thi love mai noght ben honeste ;
For be no skile that I finde

199a was him AM, Δ, W 1999 his lif was write A . . . B₂,
S . . . Δ as it is write FWK 2006 he hadde al] he hadde J,
SΔ (had) hadde (had) AM . . . B₂, AdBT 2009 margin Confessor
ad Amantem om. JEC, AdBT Confessor B₂, Δ, W

LIBER OCTAVUS

441

Such lust is noght of loves kinde.

Mi fader, hou so that it stonde,
Youre tale is herd and understonde,
As thing which worthi is to hiere,
Of gret ensample and gret matiere,
Wherof, my fader, god you quyte.
Bot in this point miself aquite
I mai riht wel, that nevere yit
I was assoted in my wit,
Bot only in that worthi place
Wher alle lust and alle grace
Is set, if that danger ne were.

Bot that is al my moste fere :
I not what ye fortune acompte,
Bot what thing danger mai amonte
I wot wel, for I have assaied ;
For whan myn herte is best arraied
And I have al my wit thurghsoght
Of love to beseche hire oght,
For al that evere I skile may,
I am concluded with a nay :
That o sillable hath overthrowe
A thousand wordes on a rowe
Of suche as I best speke can ;
Thus am I bot a lewed man.

Bot, fader, for ye ben a clerk
Of love, and this matiere is derk,
And I can evere leng the lasse,
Bot yit I mai noght let it passe,
Youre hole conseil I beseche,
That ye me be som weie teche
What is my beste, as for an ende.

Mi Sone, unto the trouthe wende
Now wol I for the love of thee,
And lete alle othre truffles be.

The more that the nede is hyh,
The more it nedeth to be slyh

[THE LOVER RE-
QUIRES COUNSEL.]

2030 Confessio Amantis,
vnde pro finali con-
clusionone consilium
Confessoris impetrat.

2040

2050

P. iii. 344

2060

2047 skile] sike AdBT 2056 let S, F lete AJ, B
truffles AJC, S, F trifles (truffles) L, B travailes W

2062

[THE CONFESSOR
REPLIES.]

Hic super Amoris
causa finita confes-
sione, Confessor Ge-
nius Amanti ea que
sibi salubrius expedi-
unt, asno consilio fina-
liter iniungit.

To him which hath the nede on honde.

I have wel herd and understonde,

Mi Sone, al that thou hast me seid,

And ek of that thou hast me preid,

Nou at this time that I schal

As for conclusioun final

2070

Conseile upon thi nede sette :

So thenke I finaly to knette

This cause, where it is tobroke,

And make an ende of that is spoke.

For I behihte thee that yifte

First whan thou come under my schrifte,

That thogh I toward Venus were,

Yit spak I suche wordes there,

That for the Presthod which I have,

Min ordre and min astat to save,

2080

I seide I wolde of myn office

To vertu more than to vice

Encline, and teche thee mi lore.

P. iii. 345

Forthi to speken overmore

Of love, which thee mai availe,

Tak love where it mai noght faile :

For as of this which thou art inne,

Be that thou seist it is a Sinne,

And Sinne mai no pris deserve,

Withoute pris and who schal serve,

2090

I not what profit myhte availe.

Thus folweth it, if thou travaile,

Wher thou no profit hast ne pris,

Thou art toward thiself unwis :

And sett thou myhtest lust atteigne,

Of every lust thende is a peine,

And every peine is good to fle ;

So it is wonder thing to se,

Why such a thing schal be desired.

2071 Conseile J, S, F Conseil (Counseil) AC, B 2073 Thi
(hy) cause A . . . B₂, S . . . Δ where] per B 2086 noght
faile] availe AM . . . B₂, AdBT (line om. R) 2095 sett] siþe (siþ,
seppe &c.) JH₁ERLB₂, AdBT, W sertein if Δ 2098 it is H₁,
FK is it AJMX . . . B₂, S . . . Δ, W

The more that a Stock is fyred, 2100 [THE CONFESSOR
 The rathere into Aisshe it torneth ; REPLIES.]
 The fot which in the weie sporneth
 Fulofte his heved hath overthrowe ;
 Thus love is blind and can noght knowe
 Wher that he goth, til he be falle :
 Forthi, bot if it so befalle
 With good conseil that he be lad,
 Him oghte forto ben adrad.
 For conseil passeth alle thing
 To him which thenkth to ben a king ; 2110
 And every man for his partie
 A kingdom hath to justefie,
 That is to sein his oghne dom. P. iii. 346
 If he misreule that kingdom,
 He lest himself, and that is more
 Than if he loste Schip and Ore
 And al the worldes good withal :
 For what man that in special
 Hath noght himself, he hath noght elles,
 Nomor the perles than the schelles ; 2120
 Al is to him of o value :
 Thogh he hadde at his retenue
 The wyde world riht as he wolde,
 Whan he his herte hath noght withholde
 Toward himself, al is in vein.
 And thus, my Sone, I wolde sein,
 As I seide er, that thou aryse,
 Er that thou falle in such a wise
 That thou ne myht thiself rekevere ;
 For love, which that blind was evere, 2130
 Makth alle his servantz blinde also.
 My Sone, and if thou have be so,
 Yit is it time to withdrawe,
 And set thin herte under that lawe,
 The which of reson is governed
 And noght of will. And to be lerned,
 Ensamples thou hast many on

2104 This BT Thi Ad And W 2106 so be befalle F
 2134 set AJ, S, F sette CLBs, B

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

[THE CONFESSOR
REPLIES.]

Of now and ek of time gon,
That every lust is bot a while;
And who that wole himself beguile, 2140
He may the rathere be deceived.
Mi Sone, now thou hast conceived
Somwhat of that I wolde mene; P. iii. 347
Hierafterward it schal be sene
If that thou lieve upon mi lore;
For I can do to thee nomore
Bot teche thee the rihte weie:
Now ches if thou wolt live or deie.

[THE CONTROVERSY.]

Hic loquitur de con-
trouersia, que inter
Confessorem et Aman-
tem in fine confessio-
nis versabatur.

Mi fader, so as I have herd
Your tale, bot it were ansuerd, 2150
I were mochel forto blame.
Mi wo to you is bot a game,
That fielen noght of that I fiele;
The fieling of a mannes Hiele
Mai noght be likned to the Herte:
I mai noght, thogh I wolde, asterte,
And ye be fre from al the peine
Of love, wherof I me pleigne.
It is riht esi to comaunde;
The hert which fre goth on the launde 2160
Not of an Oxe what him eileth;
It falleth ofte a man merveilth
Of that he seth an other fare,
Bot if he knewe himself the fare,
And felt it as it is in soth,
He scholde don riht as he doth,
Or elles werse in his degre:
For wel I wot, and so do ye,
That love hath evere yit ben used,
So mot I nedes ben excused. 2170
Bot, fader, if ye wolde thus
Unto Cupide and to Venus
Be frendlich toward mi querele, P. iii. 348
So that myn herte were in hele

2138 agon (a goon) H:RCB₂, AdBT, W 2153 That feelen noght
of þat (om. I fiele) A That feelen noght . be likned to þe herte M

LIBER OCTAVUS

445

[THE CONTROVERSY.]

Of love which is in mi briest,
 I wot wel thanne a betre Prest
 Was nevere mad to my behove.
 Bot al the whiles that I hove
 In noncertein between the tuo,
 And not if I to wel or wo 2180
 Schal torne, that is al my drede,
 So that I not what is to rede.
 Bot for final conclusion
 I thenke a Supplicacion
 With pleine wordes and expresse
 Wryte unto Venus the goddesse,
 The which I preie you to bere
 And bringe ayein a good ansuere.
 Tho was between mi Prest and me
 Debat and gret perplexete : 2190
 Mi resoun understod him wel,
 And knew it was soth everydel
 That he hath seid, bot noght forthi
 Mi will hath nothing set therby.
 For techinge of so wis a port
 Is unto love of no desport ;
 Yit myhte nevere man beholde
 Reson, wher love was withholde,
 Thei be noght of o governance.
 And thus we fellen in distance, 2200
 Mi Prest and I, bot I spak faire,
 And thurgh mi wordes debonaire
 Thanne ate laste we acorden, P. iii. 349
 So that he seith he wol recorden
 To speke and stonde upon mi syde
 To Venus bothe and to Cupide ;
 And bad me wryte what I wolde,
 And seith me trewly that he scholde
 Mi lettre bere unto the queene.
 And I sat doun upon the grene 2210

2178 while AM . . . B₂, AdBT, W 2179 no certein AdBT
 the] po AM 2180 if] wher AM . . . B₂, AdBT 2195 techinge
 J, SA, FWK touchynge (touching) AM . . . B₂, AdBTA 2203
 pei (Jey) acorden AdBT

[THE SUPPLICATION.]

Hic tractat formam
cuiusdam Supplicacionis,
quam ex parte Amantis per manus
Genii Sacerdotis sui
Venus sibi porrectam
acceptabat.

Fulfil of loves fantasie,
And with the teres of myn ye
In stede of enke I gan to wryte
The wordes whiche I wolde endite
Unto Cupide and to Venus,
And in mi lettre I seide thus.

THE wofull peine of loves maladie,
Ayein the which mai no phisique availe,
Min herte hath so bewhaped with sotie,
That wher so that I reste or I travaile, 2220
I finde it evere redy to assaile
Mi resoun, which that can him noght defende :
Thus seche I help, wherof I mihte amende.

Ferst to Nature if that I me compleigne,
Ther finde I hou that every creature
Som time ayer hath love in his demeine,
So that the litel wrenne in his mesure
Hath yit of kinde a love under his cure ;
And I bot on desire, of which I misse :
And thus, bot I, hath every kinde his blisse. 2230

The resoun of my wit it overpasseth, P. iii. 350
Of that Nature techeth me the weie
To love, and yit no certein sche compasseth
Hou I schal spede, and thus between the tweie
I stonde, and not if I schal live or deie.
For thogh reson ayein my will debate,
I mai noght fle, that I ne love algate.

Upon miself is thilke tale come,
Hou whilom Pan, which is the god of kinde,
With love wrastlede and was overcome: 2240
For evere I wrastle and evere I am behinde,
That I no strengthe in al min herte finde,
Wherof that I mai stonden eny throwe ;
So fer mi wit with love is overthrowe.

2214 wol(e) AdBT 2220 or I trauaile J, S, F *the rest* or
trauaile 2228 a love] of loue AM . . . Bz, BT (Ha) love of
kinde jit Ad) 2240 was] is AdBT

[THE SUPPLICATION.]

Whom nedeth help, he mot his helpe crave,
 Or helpeles he schal his nede spille :
 Plainly thurghsoght my wittes alle I have,
 Bot non of hem can helpe after mi wille ;
 And als so wel I mihte sitte stille,
 As preie unto mi lady eny helpe :
 Thus wot I noght wherof miself to helpe.

2250

Unto the grete Jove and if I bidde,
 To do me grace of thilke swete tunne,
 Which under keie in his celier amidde
 Lith couched, that fortune is overrunne,
 Bot of the bitter cuppe I have begunne,
 I not hou ofte, and thus finde I no game ;
 For evere I axe and evere it is the same.

I se the world stonde evere upon eschange, P. iii. 351
 Nou wyndes loude, and nou the weder softe ; 2260
 I mai sen ek the grete mone change,
 And thing which nou is lowe is eft alofte ;
 The dredfull werres into pes fulofte
 Thei torne ; and evere is Danger in o place,
 Which wol noght change his will to do me grace.

Bot upon this the grete clerc Ovide,
 Of love whan he makth his remembrance,
 He seith ther is the blinde god Cupide,
 The which hath love under his governance,
 And in his hond with many a fyri lance 2270
 He woundeth ofte, ther he wol noght hele ;
 And that somdiel is cause of mi querele.

Ovide ek seith that love to parforme
 Stant in the hond of Venus the goddesse,
 Bot whan sche takth hir conseil with Satorne,
 Ther is no grace, and in that time, I gesse,
 Began mi love, of which myn hevynesse
 Is now and evere schal, bot if I spede :
 So wot I noght miself what is to rede.

2247 purghout BT 2251 helpe AdBTA 2257 I fynde
 BTA 2270 his om. B 2271 wher AdBT

[THE SUPPLICATION.]

Forthi to you, Cupide and Venus bothe, 2280
 With al myn hertes obeissance I preie,
 If ye were ate ferste time wrothe,
 Whan I began to love, as I you seie,
 Nou stynt, and do thilke infortune aweie,
 So that Danger, which stant of retenue
 With my ladi, his place mai remue.

O thou Cupide, god of loves lawe, P. iii. 352
 That with thi Dart brennende hast set afyre
 Min herte, do that wounde be withdrawe,
 Or yif me Salve such as I desire: 2290
 For Service in thi Court withouten hyre
 To me, which evere yit have kept thin heste,
 Mai nevere be to loves lawe honeste.

O thou, gentile Venus, loves queene,
 Withoute gult thou dost on me thi wreche;
 Thou wost my peine is evere aliche grene
 For love, and yit I mai it noght areche:
 This wold I for my laste word beseche,
 That thou mi love aquite as I deserve,
 Or elles do me plainly forto sterve. 2300

[VENUS REPLIES TO
THE SUPPLICATION.]

Hic loquitur qualiter
 Venus, accepta Aman-
 tis Supplicatione, in-
 dilate ad singula re-
 spondit.

Whanne I this Supplicacioun
 With good deliberacioun,
 In such a wise as ye nou wite,
 Hadde after min entente write
 Unto Cupide and to Venus,
 This Prest which hihte Genius
 It tok on honde to presente,
 On my message and forth he wente
 To Venus, forto wite hire wille.
 And I bod in the place stille, 2310
 And was there bot a litel while,
 Noght full the montance of a Mile,
 Whan I behield and sodeinly
 I sih wher Venus stod me by.
 So as I myhte, under a tre P. iii. 353

2284 þis infortune AdBT þilke fortune B₂, Δ that ilke infortune W
 2294 gentile AJ, S, F gentil C, B 2298 wold J, S, F wolde AC, B

[VENUS REPLIES TO
THE SUPPLICATION.]

To grounde I fell upon mi kne,
 And preide hire forto do me grace :
 Sche caste hire chiere upon mi face,
 And as it were halvinge a game
 Sche axeth me what is mi name. 2320
 'Ma dame,' I seide, 'John Gower.'
 'Now John,' quod sche, 'in my pouer
 Thou most as of thi love stonde ;
 For I thi bille have understonde,
 In which to Cupide and to me
 Somdiel thou hast compleigned thee,
 And somdiel to Nature also.
 Bot that schal stonde among you tuo,
 For therof have I noght to done ;
 For Nature is under the Mone 2330
 Maistresse of every lives kinde,
 Bot if so be that sche mai finde
 Som holy man that wol withdrawe
 His kindly lust ayein hir lawe ;
 Bot sielde whanne it falleth so,
 For fewe men ther ben of tho,
 Bot of these othre ynowe be,
 Whiche of here oghne nycete
 Ayein Nature and hire office
 Deliten hem in sondri vice, 2340
 Wherof that sche fulofte hath pleigned,
 And ek my Court it hath desdeigned
 And evere schal ; for it receiveth
 Non such that kinde so deceiveth.
 For al onliche of gentil love P. iii. 354
 Mi court stant alle courtz above
 And takth noght into retenue
 Bot thing which is to kinde due,
 For elles it schal be refused.
 Wherof I holde thee excused, 2350
 For it is manye daies gon,

2319 agame AJMRL, AdT in game Δ in game W 2320
 is] was A . . . B₂, SBTΔ 2332 if] it AMXE . . . B₂, B 2334
 Hire B 2342 disteigned AH₁XRLB₂ distreigned M
 restreigned E

* *

G g

[VENUS REPLIES TO
THE SUPPLICATION.]

That thou amonges hem were on
Which of my court hast ben withholde;
So that the more I am beholde
Of thi desese to commune,
And to remue that fortune,
Which manye daies hath the grieved.
Bot if my conseil mai be lieved,
Thou schalt ben esed er thou go
Of thilke unsely jolif wo, 2360
Wherof thou seist thin herte is fyled:
Bot as of that thou hast desired
After the sentence of thi bille,
Thou most therof don at my wille,
And I therof me wole avise.
For be thou hol, it schal suffise:
Mi medicine is noght to sieke
For thee and for suche olde sieke,
Noght al per chance as ye it wolden,
Bot so as ye be reson scholden, 2370
Acordant unto loves kinde.
For in the plit which I thee finde,
So as mi court it hath awarded,
Thou schalt be duely rewarded;
And if thou woldest more crave, P. iii. 355
It is no riht that thou it have.'

iii. *Qui cupit id quod habere nequit, sua tempora perdit,
Est ubi non posse, velle salute caret.
Non estatis opus gelidis hirsuta capillis,
Cum calor abcessit, equiperabit hiems;
Sicut habet Mayus non dat natura Decembri,
Nec poterit compar floribus esse lutum;
Sic neque decrepita senium iuvenile voluptas
Floret in obsequium, quod Venus ipsa petit.
Conueniens igitur foret, ut quos cana senectus
Attigit, ulterius corpora casta colant.* (10)

2367 f. Two lines om. S... Δ (ins. Λ) 2368 The which is
holsom to þe seke H1... B2

2369 f. Noght al as þou desire woldest
Bot so as þou be resoun scholdest S... Δ

2371-2376 Six lines om. S... Δ

Latin Verses iii. 8 obsequium] obsessum X... L obsessum B2

LIBER OCTAVUS

45^I

Venus, which stant withoute lawe
 In noncertein, bot as men drawe
 Of Rageman upon the chance,
 Sche leith no peis in the balance,
 Bot as hir lyketh forto weie;
 The trewe man fulofte aweie
 Sche put, which hath hir grace bede,
 And set an untrew in his stede.
 Lo, thus blindly the world sche diemeth
 In loves cause, as tome siemeth:
 I not what othre men wol sein,
 Bot I algate am so besein,
 And stonde as on amonges alle
 Which am out of hir grace falle:
 It nedeth take no witnesse,
 For sche which seid is the goddessse,
 To whether part of love it wende,
 Hath sett me for a final ende
 The point wherto that I schal holde.
 For whan sche hath me wel beholde,
 Halvyng of scorn, sche seide thus: **P. iii. 356**
 'Thou wost wel that I am Venus,
 Which al only my lustes seche;
 And wel I wot, thogh thou beseche
 Mi love, lustes ben ther none,
 Whiche I mai take in thi persone;
 For loves lust and lockes hore
 In chambre acorden neveremore,
 And thogh thou feigne a yong corage,
 It scheweth wel be the visage
 That olde grisel is no fole:
 There ben fulmanye yeres stole
 With thee and with suche othre mo,
 That outward feignen youthe so

[VENUS REPLIES TO
THE SUPPLICATION.]

Hic in exemplum
 contra quoscunque vi-
 ros inveteratos amoris
 concupiscenciam af-
 fectantes loquitur Ve-
 nus, huiusque Aman-
 tis Confessi supplica-
 tionem quasi deridens,
 ipsum pro eo quod
 senex et debilis est,
 multis exhortacioni-
 bus insufficientem re-
 darguit.

2380

2390

2400

2379 ff. *margin* Hic in exemplum—redarguit] Hic narrat qualiter indignata Venus, amantis languidi infirmitatem inspiciens, ne quid amplius in curia sua attemptare presumat, ipsum insufficientem tanquam pro medicina pluribus exemplis exhortabatur S . . . ΔA 2386
 tome S, F to me AJC, B 2387 wolde H₁ . . . B₂, AdBT
 2403 Mi loues AM, Δ My loue AdBT (Ad ends with this line)
 2409 with om. AM . . . B₂, BT

[VENUS REPLIES TO
THE SUPPLICATION.]

And ben withinne of pore assay.
Min herte wolde and I ne may
Is noght beloved nou adayes ;
Er thou make eny suche assaies
To love, and faile upon the fet,
Betre is to make a beau retret ;
For thogh thou myhtest love atteigne,
Yit were it bot an ydel peine,
Whan that thou art noght sufficient
To holde love his covenant. 2420

Forthi tak hom thin herte ayein,
That thou travaile noght in vein,
Wherof my Court may be deceived.
I wot and have it wel conceived,
Hou that thi will is good ynowh ;
Bot mor behoveth to the plowh,
Wherof the lacketh, as I trowe : P. iii. 357

So sitte it wel that thou beknowe
Thi fieble astat, er thou beginne
Thing wher thou miht non ende winne. 2430
What bargain scholde a man assaie,
Whan that him lacketh forto paie ?
Mi Sone, if thou be wel bethoght,
This toucheth thee ; foryet it noght :
The thing is torned into was ;
That which was whilom grene gras,
Is welked hey at time now.
Forthi mi conseil is that thou
Remembre wel hou thou art old.'

[THE COMPANIES OF
LOVERS.]

Qualiter super deri-
soria Veneris exhor-
tacione contristatus
Amans, quasi mortuus
in terram corruit, vbi,
vtsibi videbatur, Cupi-

Whan Venus hath hir tale told, 2440
And I bethoght was al aboute,
Tho wiste I wel withoute doute,
That ther was no recoverir ;
And as a man the blase of fyr
With water quencheth, so ferd I ;

2428 sitte AJC, F sit B 2433 if þat þou wel beþought (be
þought) X . . . B₂, BTA if that thou wel the be thouht Hi 2436
The which AM . . . B₂, BTA (þat whilom was þe grene gras Δ)
2437 as time now AM . . . B₂, BTA 2441 Than I AM, BA
Whan I Hi . . . B₂, T 2442 And wist(e) wel AM . . . B₂, BTA
2445 ferd AJ, S, F ferde C, B

LIBER OCTAVUS

453

A cold me cawhte sodeinly,
 For sorwe that myn herte made
 Mi dedly face pale and fade
 Becam, and swouned I fell to ground.
 And as I lay the same stounde,
 Ne fully quik ne fully ded,
 Me thoghte I sih tofor myn hed
 Cupide with his bowe bent,
 And lich unto a Parlement,
 Which were ordeigned for the nones,
 With him cam al the world at ones
 Of gentil folk that whilom were P. iii. 358
 Lovers, I sih hem alle there
 Forth with Cupide in sondri routes.
 Min yhe and as I caste aboutes, 2450
 To knowe among hem who was who,
 I sih wher lusty Youthe tho,
 As he which was a Capitein,
 Tofore alle othre upon the plein
 Stod with his route wel begon,
 Here hevedes kempt, and therupon
 Garlandes noght of o colour,
 Some of the lef, some of the flour,
 And some of grete Perles were ;
 The newe guise of Beawme there, 2470
 With sondri thinges wel devised,
 I sih, wherof thei ben queintised.
 It was al lust that thei with ferde,
 Ther was no song that I ne herde,
 Which unto love was touchende ;
 Of Pan and al that was likende
 As in Piping of melodie
 Was herd in thilke compaignie
 So lowde, that on every side
 It thoghte as al the hevene cride 2480
 In such acord and such a soun
 Of bombard and of clarion
 With Cornemuse and Schallemele,

[THE COMPANIES OF
LOVERS.]

dinem cum innumera
 multitudine nuper
 Amantum variis tur-
 mis assistencium con-
 spiciebat.

2446 And cold AM 2462 line om. B 2476 margin Pan
 id est deus nature A . . . B₂

[THE COMPANIES OF
LOVERS.]

De nominibus illorum nuper Amantum, qui tunc Amanti spasmatō, aliqui iuuenes, aliqui senes, apparuerunt. Senes autem precipue tam erga deum quam deam amoris pro sanitate Amantis recuperanda multiplicatis precibus misericorditer instant.

That it was half a mannes hele
So glad a noise forto hiere.
And as me thoghte, in this manere
Al freissh I syh hem springe and dance, P. iii. 359
And do to love her entendance
After the lust of youthes heste.
Ther was ynowh of joie and feste, 2490
For evere among thei laghe and pleie,
And putten care out of the weie,
That he with hem ne sat ne stod.
And overthis I understod,
So as myn Ere it myhte areche,
The moste matiere of her speche
Was al of knythhod and of Armes,
And what it is to ligge in armes
With love, whanne it is achieved.

Ther was Tristram, which was believed 2500
With bele Ysolde, and Lancelot
Stod with Gunnore, and Galahot
With his ladi, and as me thoghte,
I syh wher Jason with him broghte
His love, which that Creusa hihte,
And Hercules, which mochel myhte,
Was ther berende his grete Mace,
And most of alle in thilke place
He peyneth him to make chiere
With Eolen, which was him diere. 2510

Theseüs, thogh he were untrewē
To love, as alle wommen knewe,
Yit was he there natheles
With Phedra, whom to love he ches :
Of Grece ek ther was Thelamon,
Which fro the king Lamenedon
At Troie his doghter refte aweie, P. iii. 360
Eseonen, as for his preie,
Which take was whan Jason cam
Fro Colchos, and the Cite nam 2520
In vengance of the ferste hate ;
That made hem after to debate,

2497 It was AM . . . B, BT

LIBER OCTAVUS

455

[THE COMPANIES OF
LOVERS.]

Whan Priamus the newe toun
Hath mad. And in avisioun

Me thoghte that I sih also
Ector forth with his brethren tuo ;
Himself stod with Pantaselee,
And next to him I myhte se,
Wher Paris stod with faire Eleine,
Which was his joie sovereigne ; 2530
And Troilus stod with Criseide,
Bot evere among, althogh he pleide,
Be semblant he was hevy chiered,
For Diomedé, as him was liered,
Cleymeth to ben his parconner.
And thus full many a bacheler,
A thousand mo than I can sein,
With Yowthe I sih ther wel besein
Forth with here loves glade and blithe.

And some I sih whiche ofte sithe 2540
Compleignen hem in other wise ;
Among the whiche I syh Narcise
And Piramus, that sory were.
The worthy Grek also was there,
Achilles, which for love deide :
Agamenon ek, as men seide,
And Menelay the king also P. iii. 361
I syh, with many an other mo,
Which hadden be fortunéd sore
In loves cause.

And overmore 2550
Of wommen in the same cas,
With hem I sih wher Dido was,
Forsake which was with Enee ;
And Phillis ek I myhte see,
Whom Demephon deceived hadde ;
And Adriagne hir sorwe ladde,
For Theseüs hir Soster tok
And hire unkindely forsok.
I sih ther ek among the press
Compleignende upon Hercules 2560

2543 Priamus AM, B, W

[THE COMPANIES OF
LOVERS.]

His ferste love Deyanire,
Which sette him afterward afyre :
Medea was there ek and pleigneth
Upon Jason, for that he feigneth,
Withoute cause and tok a newe ;
Sche seide, ' Fy on alle untrewes !'
I sih there ek Deydamie,
Which hadde lost the compaignie
Of Achilles, whan Diomede
To Troie him fette upon the nede. 2570
Among these othre upon the grene
I syh also the wofull queene
Cleopatras, which in a Cave
With Serpente hath himself begrove
Alquik, and so sche was tofore,
For sorwe of that sche hadde lore
Antonye, which hir love hath be : P. iii. 362
And forth with hire I sih Tisbee,
Which on the sharpe swerde point
For love deide in sory point ; 2580
And as myn Ere it myhte knowe,
She seide, ' Wo worthe alle slowe !'
The pleignte of Progne and Philomene
Ther herde I what it wolde mene,
How Tereüs of his untrouthe
Undede hem bothe, and that was routhe ;
And next to hem I sih Canace,
Which for Machaire hir fader grace
Hath lost, and deide in wofull plit.
And as I sih in my spirit, 2590
Me thoghte amonges othre thus
The doghter of king Priamus,
Polixena, whom Pirrus slowh,
Was there and made sorwe ynowh,
As sche which deide gultes
For love, and yit was loveles.
And forto take the desport,
I sih there some of other port,

2573 graue BT 2575 Alquik F Al quik AJ, SB, K 2598
þere F þer (þer) AJC, B

And that was Circes and Calipse,
 That cowthen do the Mone eclipse,
 Of men and change the liknesses,
 Of Artmagique Sorceresses ;
 Thei hielde in honde manyon,
 To love wher thei wolde or non.

[THE COMPANIES OF
 LOVERS.]

2600

Bot above alle that ther were
 Of wommen I sih foure there,
 Whos name I herde most comended : P. iii. 363

Be hem the Court stod al amended ;

For wher thei comen in prèsence,

Men deden hem the reverence,

2610

As thogh they hadden be goddesses,

Of al this world or Emperesses.

And as me thoghte, an Ere I leide,

And herde hou that these othre seide,

'Lo, these ben the foure wyves,

Whos feith was proeved in her lyves :

For in essample of alle goode

With Mariage so thei stode,

That fame, which no gret thing hydeth,

Yit in Cronique of hem abydeth.'

2620

Penolope that on was hote,

Whom many a knyht hath loved hote,

Whil that hire lord Ulixes lay

Full many a yer and many a day

Upon the grete Siege of Troie :

Bot sche, which hath no worlde joie

Bot only of hire housebonde,

Whil that hir lord was out of londe,

So wel hath kept hir wommanhiede,

That al the world therof tok hiede,

2630

And nameliche of hem in Grece.

That other womman was Lucrece,

Wif to the Romain Collatin ;

And sche constreigned of Tarquin

To thing which was ayein hir wille,

Sche wolde noght hirselves stille,

Bot deide only for drede of schame P. iii. 364

[THE COMPANIES OF
LOVERS.]

In keping of hire goode name,
As sche which was on of the beste.

The thridde wif was hote Alceste, 2640
Which whanne Ametus scholde dye
Upon his grete maladye,
Sche preide unto the goddes so,
That sche receyveth al the wo
And deide himself to yive him lif:
Lo, if this were a noble wif.

The ferthe wif which I ther sih,
I herde of hem that were nyh
Hou sche was cleped Alcione,
Which to Seyix hir lord al one 2650
And to nomo hir body kepte;
And whan sche sih him dreynt, sche lepte
Into the wawes where he swam,
And there a Sefoul sche becam,
And with hire wenges him bespradde
For love which to him sche hadde.

Lo, these foure were tho
Whiche I sih, as me thoghte tho,
Among the grete compaignie
Which Love hadde forto guye: 2660
Bot Youthe, which in special
Of Loves Court was Mareschal,
So besy was upon his lay,
That he non hiede where I lay
Hath take. And thanne, as I behield,

Me thoghte I sih upon the field,
Where Elde cam a softe pas P. iii. 365
Toward Venus, ther as sche was.
With him gret compaignie he ladde,
Bot noght so manye as Youthe hadde: 2670
The moste part were of gret Age,
And that was sene in the visage,

2646 Lo, if] See wher AM . . . B₂, BT 2650 Which Ceix
(om. to) B Which to seke X Which for to se W 2653 wawe
A . . . B₂, S . . . Δ 2656 which] þat AM . . . B₂, BT 2664
he lay X, BT (line om. Δ p. m.) 2670 manye] fele AM . . . B₂, BT
2672 here visage AM . . . B₂, BT

[THE COMPANIES OF
LOVERS.]

And noght forthi, so as thei myhte,
 Thei made hem yongly to the sihte :
 Bot yit herde I no pipe there
 To make noise in mannes Ere,
 Bot the Musette I myhte knowe,
 For olde men which souneth lowe,
 With Harpe and Lute and with Citole.
 The hovedance and the Carole, 2680
 In such a wise as love hath bede,
 A softe pas thei dance and trede ;
 And with the wommen otherwhile
 With sobre chier among thei smyle,
 For laghtre was ther non on hyh.
 And natheles full wel I syh
 That thei the more queinte it made
 For love, in whom thei weren glade.

And there me thoghte I myhte se
 The king David with Bersabee, 2690
 And Salomon was noght withoute ;
 Passende an hundred on a route
 Of wyves and of Concubines,
 Juesses bothe and Sarazines,
 To him I sih alle entendant :
 I not if he was sufficient,
 Bot natheles for al his wit P. iii. 366
 He was attached with that writ
 Which love with his hond enseleth,
 Fro whom non erthly man appeleth. 2700
 And overthis, as for a wonder,
 With his leon which he put under,
 With Dalida Sampson I knew,
 Whos love his strengthe al overthrew.

I syh there Aristotle also,
 Whom that the queene of Grece so
 Hath bridled, that in thilke time

2675 pipes AM . . . B₂, BT piper Δ 2676 noise] merþe
 AM . . . B₂, BT 2678 sowned AM . . . B₂, BT 2694 Iuesses
 eek AM Iues boþe (Iewes both) KW Iewes (Iues &c.) eek H₁ . . . B₂,
 BT 2696 wher he was AM wher(e) he were X . . . B₂, BT
 if he were H₁, W 2701 no wonder B 2702 put AJ, F
 putte C, B 2706 so] also E, BT þo Δ

[THE COMPANIES OF
LOVERS.]

Sche made him such a Silogime,
That he foryat al his logique ;
Ther was non art of his Practique, 2710
Thurgh which it mihte ben excluded
That he ne was fully concluded
To love, and dede his obeissance.
And ek Virgile of aqueintance
I sih, wher he the Maiden preide,
Which was the doghter, as men seide,
Of themperour whilom of Rome ;
Sortes and Plato with him come,
So dede Ovide the Poete.
I thoghte thanne how love is swete, 2720
Which hath so wise men reclaimed,
And was miself the lasse aschamed,
Or forto lese or forto winne
In the meschief that I was inne :
And thus I lay in hope of grace.
And whan thei comen to the place
Wher Venus stod and I was falle, P. iii. 367
These olde men with o vois alle
To Venus preiden for my sake.
And sche, that myhte noght forsake 2730
So gret a clamour as was there,
Let Pite come into hire Ere ;
And forth withal unto Cupide
Sche preith that he upon his side
Me wolde thurgh his grace sende
Som confort, that I myhte amende,
Upon the cas which is befalle.
And thus for me thei preiden alle
Of hem that weren olde aboute,
And ek some of the yonge route, 2740
Of gentillesse and pure trouthe
I herde hem telle it was gret routhe,
That I withouten help so ferde.
And thus me thoghte I lay and herde.

Cupido, which may hurte and hele
In loves cause, as for myn hele

LIBER OCTAVUS

461

Upon the point which him was preid
 Cam with Venus, wher I was leid
 Swounende upon the grene gras.
 And, as me thoghte, anon ther was
 On every side so gret presse,
 That every lif began to presse,
 I wot noght wel hou many score,
 Suche as I spak of now tofore,
 Lovers, that comen to beholde,
 Bot most of hem that weren olde :
 Thei stoden there at thilke tyde,
 To se what ende schal betyde
 Upon the cure of my sotie.
 Tho myhte I hierie gret partie
 Spekende, and ech his oghne avis
 Hath told, on that, an other this :
 Bot among alle this I herde,
 Thei weren wo that I so ferde,
 And seiden that for no riote
 An old man scholde noght assote ;
 For as thei tolden redely,
 Ther is in him no cause why,
 Bot if he wolde himself benyce ;
 So were he wel the more nyce.
 And thus desputen some of tho,
 And some seiden nothing so,
 Bot that the wylde loves rage
 In mannes lif forberth non Age ;
 Whil ther is oyle forto fyre,
 The lampe is lyhtly set afyre,
 And is fulhard er it be queynt,
 Bot only if it be som seint,
 Which god preserveth of his grace.
 And thus me thoghte, in sondri place
 Of hem that walken up and doun
 Ther was diverse opinioun :
 And for a while so it laste,
 Til that Cupide to the laste,

[CUPID AND THE
LOVER.]

Hic tractat qualiter
 Cupido Amantis se-
 2750 nectute contracti vis-
 cera perscrutans, ig-
 nita sue concupiscencie
 tela ab eo penitus ex-
 traxit, quem Venus
 postea absque calore
 percipiens, vacuum
 reliquit: et sic tandem
 prouisa Senectus, ra-
 cionem inuocans, ho-
 minem interiorem per
 prius amore infatua-
 tum mentis sanitati
 plenius restaurauit.

P. iii. 368

2760

2770

Nota.

2780

2769 benyce J, S, FK be nyce (by nice &c.) AM . . . B₁, BTΔ, W
 2775 margin Nota LBs, F Nota bene C om. A . . . R, SBTΔ, WK

[THE FIERY DART
WITHDRAWN.]

Forth with his moder full avised,
Hath determined and devised
Unto what point he wol descende. **P. iii. 369**
And al this time I was liggende
Upon the ground tofore his yhen,
And thei that my desese syhen **2790**
Supposen noght I scholde live;
Bot he, which wolde thanne yive
His grace, so as it mai be,
This blinde god which mai noght se,
Hath groped til that he me fond;
And as he pitte forth his hond
Upon my body, wher I lay,
Me thoghte a fyri Lancegay,
Which whilom thurgh myn herte he caste,
He pulleth oute, and also faste **2800**
As this was do, Cupide nam
His weie, I not where he becam,
And so dede al the remenant
Which unto him was entendant,
Of hem that in Avision
I hadde a revelacion,
So as I tolde now tofore.

[THE HEALING OF
LOVE.]

Bot Venus wente noght therfore,
Ne Genius, whiche thilke time
Abiden bothe faste byme. **2810**
And sche which mai the hertes bynde
In loves cause and ek unbinde,
Er I out of mi trance aros,
Venus, which hield a boiste clos,
And wolde noght I scholde deie,
Tok out mor cold than eny keie
An oignement, and in such point **P. iii. 370**
Sche hath my wounded herte enoight,
My temples and my Reins also.
And forth withal sche tok me tho **2820**
A wonder Mirour forto holde,

2796 pitte F putte AJC, SB 2809 whiche S, F which
AJC, B 2819 *margin* Nota contra senes voluptuosos, quorum
calor refrigescente natura extinctus est SBTΔ (*om. A*)

[THE HEALING OF
LOVE.]

In which sche bad me to beholde
 And taken hiede of that I syhe ;
 Wherinne anon myn hertes yhe
 I caste, and sih my colour fade,
 Myn yhen dymme and al unglade,
 Mi chiekes thinne, and al my face
 With Elde I myhte se deface,
 So riveled and so wo besein,
 That ther was nothing full ne plein, 2830
 I syh also myn heres hore.
 Mi will was tho to se nomore
 Outwith, for ther was no plesance ;
 And thanne into my remembrance
 I drowh myn olde daies passed,
 And as reson it hath compassed,
 I made a liknesse of miselve
 Unto the sondri Monthes twelve,
 Wherof the yeer in his astat
 Is mad, and stant upon debat, 2840
 That lich til other non acordeth.
 For who the times wel recordeth,
 And thanne at Marche if he beginne,
 Whan that the lusti yeer comth inne,
 Til Augst be passed and Septembre,
 The myhty youthe he may remembre
 In which the yeer hath his deduit P. iii. 371
 Of gras, of lef, of flour, of fruit,
 Of corn and of the wyny grape.
 And afterward the time is schape 2850
 To frost, to Snow, to Wind, to Rein,
 Til eft that Mars be come ayein :
 The Wynter wol no Somer knowe,
 The grene lef is overthrowe,
 The clothed erthe is thanne bare,
 Despuiled is the Somerfare,

Quod status hominis
Mensibus anni equi-
peratur.

2840

P. iii. 371

2850

2833 Outwip SA, FWK Out wip AJM, TA Therwip (Ther wip)
 H1 . . . B2 On which B 2837 *margin* equiperatur A equipatur
 C, BT, F 2848 of flour of lef AM . . . CB2 and floure of leef L
 2850 þis time H1 . . . B2 2856 Somerfare S, F somer. fare
 AJC, B

[THE HEALING OF
LOVE.]

That erst was hete is thanne chele.

And thus thenkende thoghtes fele,
I was out of mi swoune affraied,
Wherof I sih my wittes straied, 2860
And gan to clepe hem hom ayein.
And whan Resoun it herde sein
That loves rage was aweie,
He cam to me the rihte weie,
And hath remued the sotie
Of thilke unwise fantasie,
Wherof that I was wont to pleigne,
So that of thilke fyri peine
I was mad sobre and hol ynowh.

Venus behield me than and lowh, 2870
And axeth, as it were in game,
What love was. And I for schame
Ne wiste what I scholde ansuere;
And natheles I gan to swere
That be my trouthe I knew him noght;
So ferr it was out of mi thoght,
Riht as it hadde nevere be. P. iii. 372
'Mi goode Sone,' tho quod sche,
'Now at this time I lieve it wel,
So goth the fortune of my whiel; 2880
Forthi mi conseil is thou leve.'

'Ma dame,' I seide, 'be your leve,
Ye witen wel, and so wot I,
That I am unbehovely
Your Court fro this day forth to serve:
And for I may no thonk deserve,
And also for I am refused,
I preie you to ben excused.
And natheles as for the laste,
Whil that my wittes with me laste, 2890
Touchende mi confession
I axe an absolucion
Of Genius, er that I go.'

2860 straid] frayed AM . . . B; 2885 forth] for EC, BTA
2889 for to laste BT

The Prest anon was redy tho,
And seide, 'Sone, as of thi schrifte
Thou hast ful pardoun and foryifte;
Foryet it thou, and so wol I.'

[THE ABSOLUTION.]

'Min holi fader, grant mercy,'
Quod I to him, and to the queene
I fell on knes upon the grene,
And tok my leve forto wende.
Bot sche, that wolde make an ende,
As therto which I was most able,
A Peire of Bedes blak as Sable
Sche tok and heng my necke aboute;
Upon the gaudes al withoute
Was write of gold, *Por reposer.*

Amans.

2900

[LEAVE-TAKING OF
VENUS.]

'Lo,' thus sche seide, 'John Gower,
Now thou art ate laste cast,
This have I for thin esc cast,
That thou nomore of love sieche.
Bot my will is that thou besieche
And preie hierafter for the pes,
And that thou make a plein reles
To love, which takth litel hiede
Of olde men upon the nede,
Whan that the lustes ben aweie:
Forthi to thee nys bot o weie,
In which let reson be thi guide;
For he may sone himself misguide,
That seth noght the peril tofore.
Mi Sone, be wel war therfore,
And kep the sentence of my lore
And tarie thou mi Court nomore,
Bot go ther vertu moral duelleth,
Wher ben thi bokes, as men telleth,
Whiche of long time thou hast write.
For this I do thee wel to wite,
If thou thin hele wolt purchace,
Thou miht noght make suite and chace,

P. iii. 373

2910

2920

2930

2899 the om. AM 2907 pur AM . . . B₁, B, W pour H₁, T
2925 moral vertu AM . . . B₁, W vertu morar S 2926 Wher
ben þe M, TA Ther ben þe B

* *

H h

[LEAVE-TAKING OF
VENUS.]

Wher that the game is nought pernable ;
It were a thing unresonable,
A man to be so overseie.
Forthi tak hiede of that I seie ;
For in the lawe of my comune
We be noght schape to comune,
Thiself and I, nevere after this. **P. iii. 374**
Now have y seid al that ther is
Of love as for thi final ende :
* Adieu, for y mot fro the wende.' **2940**
And with that word al sodeinly, **P. iii. 375**

[LEAVE-TAKING OF
VENUS.]

* Adieu, for I mot fro the wende.
And gret wel Chaucer whan ye mete, **2941***
As mi disciple and mi poete :
For in the floures of his youthe
In sondri wise, as he wel couthe,
Of Ditees and of songes glade,
The whiche he for mi sake made,
The lond fulfild is overal :
Wherof to him in special
Above alle othre I am most holde.
For thi now in hise daies olde **2950***
Thow schalt him telle this message,
That he upon his latere age,
To sette an ende of alle his werk,
As he which is myn owne clerk,
Do make his testament of love,
As thou hast do thi schrifte above,
So that mi Court it mai recorde.'
'Madame, I can me wel acorde,'
Quod I, 'to telle as ye me bidde.'
And with that word it so betidde, **2960***

2931 pernable J, SA, FK parnable W prouable (prouable)
AM . . . B₁, BTA **2938** Here begins a new hand in F and ll. **2938-**
2966 are over an erasure.

2941* ff. This conclusion is in first recension copies only, A . . . B₁ &c.
But ll. **2941*-2961*** also in A. All variations from A are noted.
2949* moost A **2953*** cende A al J **2960*** world
AMX betidde (bitidde) JH₁ECB₁ by tydde (be tidde) AMRL

Enclosid in a sterred sky,
 Venus, which is the qweene of love,
 Was take in to hire place above,
 More wiste y nought wher sche becam. P. iii. 376
 And thus my leve of hire y nam,
 And forth with al the same tide
 Hire prest, which wolde nought abide,
 Or be me lief or be me loth, P. iii. 377
 Out of my sighte forth he goth, 2950
 And y was left with outen helpe.
 So wiste I nought wher of to yelpe,
 Bot only that y hadde lore
 My time, and was sori ther fore.
 And thus bewhapid in my thought, P. iii. 378
 Whan al was turnyd in to nought,
 I stod amasid for a while,
 And in my self y gan to smyle
 Thenkende uppon the bedis blake,
 And how they weren me betake, 2960
 For that y schulde bidde and preie.
 And whanne y sigh non othre weie
 Bot only that y was refusid,
 Unto the lif which y hadde usid
 I thoughte nevere torne ayein:
 And in this wise, soth to seyn,
 Homward a softe pas y wente,
 Wher that with al myn hol entente

[LEAVE-TAKING OF
 VENUS.]

Out of my sihte al sodeynly,
 Enclosed in a sterred sky,
 Up to the hevene Venus straghte,
 And I my rihte weie cawhte,
 Hom fro the wode and forth I wente,
 Wher as with al myn hole entente,

[LEAVE-TAKING OF
 VENUS.]

2942 serred S 2945 wiste ST wist B, F 2946 hire
 (hir) BTA, WK here S, F 2968 hol B, F hole S
 2961* sihte (sight) JR syht (sight) AMH₁ECLB₂ 2963* f.
 straghte : cawhte AM strauhte : cauhte J straght(e) : caght(e) RL
 straughte : caughte EC 2964* rihte (rihte) JEC riht (right)
 AMH₁R 2965* Hoom AM and om. C 2966* hole J hoole AM

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

Uppon the point that y am schryve
I thenke bidde whil y live.

2970

[THE AUTHOR FRAYS
FOR THE STATE OF
ENGLAND.]

Hic in anno quarto-
decimo Regis Ricardi
orat pro statu regni,
quod a diu diuisum
nimia aduersitate peri-
clitabatur.

iv. *Parce precor, Criste, populus quo gaudeat iste ;
Anglia ne triste subeat, rex summe, resiste.
Corrige quosque status, fragiles absolue reatus ;
Vnde deo gratus vigeat locus iste beatus.*

He which withinne daies sevene
This large world forth with the hevene
Of his eternal providence
Hath mad, and thilke intelligence
In mannys soule resonable
Hath schape to be perdurable,
Wherof the man of his feture
Above alle erthli creature
Aftir the soule is immortal,

Thus with mi bedes upon honde,
For hem that trewe love fonde
I thenke bidde whil I lyve
Upon the poynt which I am schryve.

2970*

[THE AUTHOR PRAYS
FOR THE KING.]

Hic in fine libri
honorificos que virtu-
osos illustrissimi Prin-
cipis domini sui Regis
Anglie Ricardi secun-
di mores, sicut dig-
num est, laude com-
mendabili describens,
pro eiusdem status
salubri conseruacione

iv.* *Ad laudem Cristi, quem tu, virgo, peperisti,
Sit laus Ricardi, quem sceptrum colunt leopardi.
Ad sua precepta compleui carmina cepta,
Que Bruti nata legat Anglia perpetuata.*

He which withinne dayes sevene
This large world forth with the hevene
Of his eternal providence
Hath mad, and thilke intelligence
In mannes soule resonable
Ensplied to himself semblable,
Wherof the man of his feture
Above alle erthly creature
After the soule is immortal,

2970 lieue F 2971 The J, B 2973 ff. margin Hic in anno
—perclitabatur SA, FK om. BTA, W
2967* f. hoonde : foonde AM
Latin Versus iv.* 3 ceptra AM
2974* mad J maad A 2978* erply C eerpli AM erply JH.ERLB.

LIBER OCTAVUS

469

To thilke lord in special,
 As he which is of alle thinges
 The creatour, and of the kynges
 Hath the fortunes uppon honde,
 His grace and mercy forto fonde
 Uppon my bare knes y preie,
 That he this lond in siker weie
 Wol sette uppon good governance.
 For if men takyn remembrance
 What is to live in unite,
 Ther ys no staat in his degree
 That noughte to desire pes,
 With outen which, it is no les,
 To seche and loke in to the laste,
 Ther may no worldes joye laste.

Ferst forto loke the Clergie,
 Hem oughte wel to justefie
 Thing which belongith to here cure,
 As forto praie and to procure
 Oure pes toward the hevene above,
 And ek to sette reste and love

2980 [THE AUTHOR PRAYS
 P. iii. 379 FOR THE STATE OF
 ENGLAND.]

2990

[EVIL OF DIVISION
 IN THE LAND.]

3000

To thilke lord in special,
 As he which is of alle thinges
 The creatour, and of the kinges
 Hath the fortunes upon honde,
 His grace and mercy forto fonde
 Upon mi bare knees I preye,
 That he my worthi king conveye,
 Richard by name the Secounde,
 In whom hath evere yit be founde
 Justice medled with pite,
 Largesce forth with charite.
 In his persone it mai be schewed
 What is a king to be wel thewed,
 Touchinge of pite namely :

2980* [THE AUTHOR PRAYS
 FOR THE KING.]
 cunctipotentem deuo-
 cius exorat.

2990*

2987 Wol] Wel S 2989 liue BTA, W liue S, FK 2994
 wordles F
 2983* f. hoonde : foonde AM 2987* be J 2988* byfounde A
 by founde M

[EVIL OF DIVISION
IN THE LAND.]

Among ous on this erthe hiere.
For if they wroughte in this manere
Aftir the reule of charite,
I hope that men schuldyn se
This lond amende.

And ovyr this,
To seche and loke how that it is
Touchende of the chevalerie,
Which forto loke, in som partie
Is worthi forto be comendid,
And in som part to ben amendid, 3010
That of here large retenue P. iii. 380
The lond is ful of maintenue,
Which causith that the comune right
In fewe contrees stant upright.
Extorcioun, kontek, ravine
Withholde ben of that covyne,
Aldai men hierin gret compleignte
Of the desease, of the constreignte,
Wher of the poeple is sore oppressid :

[THE KING
COMMEDED.]

For he yit nevere unpitously
Ayein the liges of his lond,
For no defaute which he fond,
Thurgh cruelte vengauce soghte ;
And thogh the worldes chaunce in broghte
Of infortune gret debat,
Yit was he not infortunat : 3000*
For he which the fortune ladde,
The hihe god, him overspradde
Of his Justice, and kepte him so,
That his astat stood evere mo
Sauf, as it oghte wel to be ;
Lich to the Sonne in his degree,
Which with the clowdes up alofte

3005 f. *Paragraph begins* And ouer þis S To seche FWK No
Paragraph BT 3006 how þat is B howe it is W 3013
comune (commune) SBT, F comyn W 3015 kontek FK
context SBT Contek W kontek and Magd contel and Δ
2995* f. loond : foond A 2998* inbroughte JH1 3003*
kepte ECB2 kept AJMH1RL 3005* bec A

LIBER OCTAVUS

471

God graunte it mote be redressid. 3020 [EVIL OF DIVISION
IN THE LAND.]
For of knyghthode thordre wolde
That thei defende and kepe scholde
The comun right and the fraunchise
Of holy cherche in alle wise,
So that no wikke man it dere,
And ther fore servith scheld and spere :
Bot for it goth now other weie,
Oure grace goth the more aweie.
And forto lokyn ovymore,
Wher of the poeple pleigneth sore, 3030
Toward the lawis of oure lond,
Men sein that trouthe hath broke his bond
And with brocage is goon aweie,
So that no man can se the weie
Wher forto fynde rightwisnesse.
And if men sechin sikernesse
Uppon the lucre of marchandie,
Compassement and tricherie
Of singuler profit to wynne,
Men seyn, is cause of mochil synne, 3040
And namely of divisioun, P. iii. 381
Which many a noble worthi toun

Is derked and bischadewed ofte,
But hou so that it trowble in their, [THE KING
COMMEDED.]
The Sonne is evere briht and feir, 3010*
Withinne himself and noght empeired :
Although the weder be despeired,
The hed planete is not to wite.
Mi worthi prince, of whom I write,
Thus stant he with himselve clier,
And doth what lith in his power
Not only hier at hom to seke

3023 comun B, F comune ST 3026 per fore (perfore) FK
perof (per of) SBT, W 3037 machandie F merchandie S
3008* bischadewed (byshadewed) AMH, E by schadewed (by
schadowed) RCLB, beschaded J 3009* Bot JH, 3011*
Wipin AM 3013* hed (hede) JM heed A heued H, E . . . B,
3015* f. clier : power J cleer : poweer A 3016* doop AM
3017* only hier at hom to seke J oonly heer athoom to seeke A

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

[EVIL OF DIVISION
IN THE LAND.]

Fro welthe and fro prosperite
Hath brought to gret adversite.
So were it good to ben al on,
For mechil grace ther uppon
Unto the Citees schulde falle,
Which myghte availle to ous alle,
If these astatz amendid were,
So that the vertus stodyn there 3050
And that the vices were aweie:
Me thenkth y dorste thanne seie,
This londis grace schulde arise.

[THE DUTY OF
A KING.]

Bot yit to loke in othre wise,
Ther is a stat, as ye schul hiere,
Above alle othre on erthe hiere,
Which hath the lond in his balance:
To him belongeth the leiance
Of Clerk, of knyght, of man of lawe;
Undir his hond al is forth drawe 3060
The marchant and the laborer;
So stant it al in his power
Or forto spille or forto save.
Bot though that he such power have,
And that his myghtes ben so large,
He hath hem nought withouten charge,
To which that every kyng ys swore:
So were it good that he ther fore

[THE KING
COMMEDED.]

Love and acord, but outward eke,
As he that save his poeple wolde.
So ben we alle wel beholde 3020*
To do service and obeyssaunce
To him, which of his heyh suffraunce
Hath many a gret debat appesed,

3046 mechil F mekull W mochil SBT 3054 oþre wise S, F
oþer w. BTA, WK 3060 is al B 3063 forto . . . forto S
for to . . . forto F for to . . . for to BT 3066 wipouten F
wipoute SBT
3018* acord JER acorde AC eeke AEC 3020* been AMC
by holde AM 3022* hihe H1RLB1 hie J 3023* a gret
(agret) JCL a grete (agrete) AMH1 &c.

LIBER OCTAVUS

473

First un to rightwisnesse entende,
 Wherof that he hym self amende
 Toward his god and leve vice,
 Which is the chief of his office;
 And aftir al the remenant
 He schal uppon his covenant
 Governe and lede in such a wise,
 So that ther be no tirandise,
 Wherof that he his poeple grieve,
 Or ellis may he nought achieve
 That longith to his regalie.

[THE DUTY OF
A KING.]3070
P. iii. 382

For if a kyng wol justifie
 His lond and hem that beth withynne,
 First at hym self he mot begynne,
 To kepe and reule his owne astat,
 That in hym self be no debat
 Toward his god: for othre wise
 Ther may non erthly kyng suffice
 Of his kyngdom the folk to lede,
 Bot he the kyng of hevene drede.
 For what kyng sett hym uppon pride
 And takth his lust on every side
 And wil nought go the righte weie,
 Though god his grace caste aweie
 No wondir is, for ate laste
 He schal wel wite it mai nought laste,
 The pompe which he secheth here.

3080

3090

To make his lige men ben esed;
 Wherefore that his Cronique schal
 For evere be memorial
 To the loenge of that he doth.
 For this wot every man in soth,
 What king that so desireth pes,
 He takth the weie which Crist ches:
 And who that Cristes weies sueth,

[THE KING
COMMEDED.]

3030*

3081 beþ F ben (be) SBTΔ, WK 3085 oþre wise F oþrewise S
 oþerwise BT othir wyse W 3094 nouȝt F noght S nought B
 not T, W

3024* been A 3027* f. doop: soop AMR 3029* f. pees: chees AMR

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

Bot what kyng that with humble chere
 Aftir the lawe of god eschuieth
 The vices, and the vertus suieth,
 His grace schal be suffisant
 To governe al the remenant 3100
 Which longith to his duite; P. iii. 383
 So that in his prosperite
 The poeple schal nought ben oppressid,
 Wherof his name schal be blessid,
 For evere and be memorial.
 And now to speke as in final,
 Touchende that y undirtok
 In englesch forto make a book

[THE BOOK
 COMPLETED.]

Hic in fine recapit-

[THE KING
 COMMENDED.]

It proveth wel that he eschueth
 The vices and is vertuuous,
 Wherof he mot be gracious
 Toward his god and acceptable.
 And so to make his regne stable,
 With al the wil that I mai yive
 I preie and schal whil that I live,
 As I which in subjeccioun
 Stonde under the proteccioun, 3040*
 And mai miselven not bewelde,
 What for seknesse and what for elde,
 Which I receyve of goddes grace.
 But thogh me lacke to purchase
 Mi kinges thonk as by decerte,
 Yit the Simplesce of mi poverte
 Unto the love of my ligance
 Desireth forto do plesance:
 And for this cause in myn entente
 This povere bok heer I presente 3050*
 Unto his hihe worthinesse,
 Write of my simple besinesse,

[THE AUTHOR PRE-
 SENTS HIS BOOK TO
 THE KING.]

3098 vertu B
 3033* f. vertuuous: graciows AM 3036* And for to CB₁ maake
 A 3040* Stoonde AM the] his J 3041* by welde AMH₁
 3042* sekenesse AMH₁R 3045* be J 3050* bok J book AC
 3052* besinesse (besynessee) JH₁RL bisinesse A busynessee C

LIBER OCTAVUS

475

Which stant betwene earnest and game,
 I have it maad as thilke same
 Which axe forto ben excusid,
 And that my bok be nought refusid
 Of lered men, whan thei it se,
 For lak of curiosite :
 For thilke scole of eloquence
 Belongith nought to my science,
 Uppon the forme of rethorike
 My wordis forto peinte and pike,
 As Tullius som tyme wrot.
 Bot this y knowe and this y wot,
 That y have do my trewe peyne
 With rude wordis and with pleyne,
 In al that evere y couthe and myghte,
 This bok to write as y behighte,
 So as siknesse it soffre wolde ;
 And also for my daies olde,

[THE BOOK
 COMPLETED.]
 3110 ulat super hoc quod in
 principio libri primi
 promisit se in amoris
 causa specialius trac-
 taturum. Concludit
 enim quod omnis
 amoris delectacio
 extra caritatem nichil
 est. Qui autem manet
 in caritate, in deo
 manet.

3120

So as seknesse it suffre wolde.
 And in such wise as I ferst tolde,
 Whan I this bok began to make,
 In som partie it mai be take
 As for to lawhe and forto pleye ;
 And forto loke in other weye,
 It mai be wisdom to the wise :
 So that somdel for good aprise
 And eek somdel for lust and game
 I have it mad, as thilke same
 Which axe forto ben excused,
 That I no Rethorike have used
 Upon the forme of eloquence,
 For that is not of mi science ;
 But I have do my trewe peyne
 With rude wordes and with pleyne

[THE AUTHOR PRE-
 SENTS HIS BOOK TO
 THE KING.]

3060*

3113 whanne F

3053* seeknesse (seknesse) JC seekenesse (sekenesse &c.) AMH:R
 3055* book by gan to maake A 3056* by taake A 3058*
 looke A ooper AM 3060* f. somdeel A 3061* of game J
 3062* as AJM for H:XRCLB: 3063* been A

CONFESSIO AMANTIS

[THE BOOK
COMPLETED.]

That y am feble and impotent,
 I wot nought how the world ys went.
 So preye y to my lordis alle
 Now in myn age, how so befallē, 3130
 That y mot stonden in here grace: P. iii. 384
 For though me lacke to purchase
 Here worthi thonk as by decerte,
 Yit the symplesse of my povertē
 Desireth forto do plesance
 To hem undir whos governance
 I hope siker to abide.

[FAREWELL TO
EARTHLY LOVE.]

But now uppon my laste tide
 That y this book have maad and write,
 My muse doth me forto wite, 3140
 And seith it schal be for my beste
 Fro this day forth to take reste,
 That y nomore of love make,

[FAREWELL TO
EARTHLY LOVE.]

To speke of thing which I have told.
 But now that I am feble and old, 3070*
 And to the worschipe of mi king
 In love above alle other thing
 That I this bok have mad and write,
 Mi Muse doth me forto wite
 That it is to me for the beste
 Fro this day forth to take reste,
 That I nomore of love make.
 But he which hath of love his make
 It sit him wel to singe and daunce,
 And do to love his entendance 3080*
 In songes bothe and in seyinges
 After the lust of his pleyinges,
 For he hath that he wolde have:
 But where a man schal love crave
 And faile, it stant al otherwise.

3131 mot ST, W mote B, F
 3069* f. toold: oold A 3070* Bot J 3072* ooljer A
 3073* book A &c. 3074* doop AM 3076* taake A 3077*
 nomoore of loue maake A 3078* Bot J maake A 3079* sit J
 sitte AMRCLB: 3084* Bot J 3085* alooperwise A

LIBER OCTAVUS

477

Which many an herte hath overtake,
 And ovyrturnd as the blynde
 Fro reson in to lawe of kynde ;
 Wher as the wisdom goth aweie
 And can nought se the ryhte weie
 How to governe his oghne estat,
 Bot everydai stant in debat
 Withinne him self, and can nought leve.
 And thus forthy my final leve
 I take now for evere more,
 Withoute makynge any more,
 Of love and of his dedly hele,
 Which no phisicien can hele.
 For his nature is so divers,
 That it hath evere som travers
 Or of to moche or of to lite,
 That plainly mai noman delite,
 Bot if him faile or that or this.
 Bot thilke love which that is
 Withinne a mannes herte affermed,
 And stant of charite confermed,

[FAREWELL TO
EARTHLY LOVE.]

3150

3160

P. iii. 385

In his proverbe seith the wise,
 Whan game is best, is best to leve :
 And thus forthi my fynal leve,
 With oute makynge eny more,
 I take now for evere more
 Of love and of his dedly hele,
 Which no phisicien can hele.
 For his nature is so divers,
 That it hath evere som travers
 Or of to moche or of to lite,
 That fully mai noman delyte,
 But if him lacke or that or this.
 But thilke love which that is
 Withinne a mannes herte affermed,

[FAREWELL TO
EARTHLY LOVE.]

3090*

3147 *Hand in F changes again* 3150 euerydai F euery day
 SBT 3160 noman F no man SBT
 3087* Whan game is beste A 3089* f. moore : moore A
 3091* f. heele : heele AM 3097* f. Bot J

[HEAVENLY LOVE.]

Such love is goodly forto have,
 Such love mai the bodi save,
 Such love mai the soule amende,
 The hyhe god such love ous sende
 Forthwith the remenant of grace ;
 So that above in thilke place
 Wher resteth love and alle pes,
 Oure joie mai ben endeles.

3170

*Explicit iste liber, qui transeat, obsecro liber
 Vt sine liuore vigeat lectoris in ore.
 Qui sedet in scannis celi det vt ista Iohannis
 Perpetuis annis stet pagina grata Britannis.
 Derbeie Comiti, recolunt quem laude periti,
 Vade liber purus, sub eo requiesce futurus.*

[HEAVENLY LOVE.]

And stant of charite confermed,
 That love is of no repentaile ;
 For it ne berth no contretaile,
 Which mai the conscience charge,
 But it is rather of discharge,
 And meedful heer and overal.
 Forthi this love in special
 Is good for every man to holde,
 And who that resoun wol beholde,
 Al other lust is good to daunte :
 Which thing the hihe god us graunte
 Forth with the remenant of grace
 So that of hevene in thilke place
 Wher resteth love and alle pes,
 Oure joye mai ben endeles.

3100*

3110*

3169 forþwip F forþ wip SBT
 EXPLICIT 5 f. Last two lines om. AJCL 6 sub eo que recumbe S
 3104* Bot J 3106* love om. AM 3107* hoolde A 3108*
 wol byholde (biholde) ARCL wil biholde B₁ wel be holde J wel
 byholde M 3110* ous J 3113* pees AMC 3114* been
 endeles AM At the end Amen MXERCLB₁

Epistola super huius opusculi sui complementum
Iohanni Gower a quodam philosopho transmissa.

Quam cinxere freta, Gower, tua carmina leta
Per loca discreta canit Anglia laude repleta.
Carminis Athleta, satirus, tibi, siue Poeta,
Sit laus completa quo gloria stat sine meta.

Quia vnusquisque, prout a deo accepit, aliis impartiri
tenetur, Iohannes Gower super hiis que deus sibi sen-
sualiter donauit villicacionis sue rationem, dum tempus
instat, secundum aliquid alleuiare cupiens, inter labores
5 et ocia ad aliorum noticiam tres libros doctrine causa
forma subsequenti propterea composuit.

Primus liber Gallico sermone editus in decem diuiditur
partes, et tractans de viciis et virtutibus, necnon et de
variis huius seculi gradibus, viam qua peccator trans-
gressus ad sui creatoris agnitionem redire debet, recto
10 tramite docere conatur. Titulusque libelli istius Speculum
Meditantis nuncupatus est.

Secundus enim liber sermone latino metrice compositus
tractat de variis infortuniis tempore Regis Ricardi Secundi
15 in Anglia contingentibus. Vnde non solum regni procures

EPISTOLA huius operis sui AJECL huius operis vel opusculi sui
XRB₂ huius opusculi Δ

QUIA VNUSQUISQUE *ms.* AJXERCLB₂, BTA, F *om.* SΔ, Magd
(MH₁G, Ad, WKH₂ *defective at the end*)

1 Quia F 2 sensualiter] intellectualiter A . . . B₂ 3 dum
tempus instat *om.* BTA 4 ff. inter labores—composuit] tres precipue
libros per ipsum dum vixit doctrine causa compositos ad aliorum
noticiam in lucem seriose produxit. BTA

8 f. necnon—gradibus *om.* BTA 9 ff. viam—conatur] viam pre-
cipue qua peccator in penitendo Cristi misericordiam assequi poterit,
tota mentis deuotione finaliter contemplatur BTA 11 Titulusque]
titulus AX . . . B₂ Speculum hominis A . . . B₂ Speculum
mediantis B

13 ff. Secundus enim liber, sermone latino versibus exametri
et pentametri compositus, tractat super illo mirabili euentu qui
in Anglia (anglica J) tempore domini Regis Ricardi secundi
anno regni sui quarto contigit, quando seruiles rustici impetuose
contra nobiles et ingenuos regni insurrexerunt. Innocenciam tamen

et communes tormenta passi sunt, set et ipse crudelissimus rex suis ex demeritis ab alto corruens in foueam quam fecit finaliter proiectus est. Nomenque voluminis huius Vox Clamantis intitulatur.

Tercius iste liber qui ob reuerenciam strenuissimi domini 20
sui domini Henrici de Lancastria, tunc Derbeie Comitis, Anglico sermone conficitur, secundum Danielis propheticam super huius mundi regnorum mutacione a tempore regis Nabugodonosor vsque nunc tempora distinguit. Tractat eciam secundum Aristotilem super hiis quibus 25
rex Alexander tam in sui regimen quam aliter eius disciplina edoctus fuit. Principalis tamen huius operis materia super amorem et infatuatas amantum passiones fundamentum habet. Nomenque sibi appropriatum Confessio Amantis specialiter sortitus est. 30

dicti domini Regis tunc minoris etatis causa inde excusabilem pronuncians, culpas aliunde, ex quibus et non a fortuna talia inter homines contingunt enormia, euidencius declarat. Titulusque voluminis huius, cuius ordo Septem continet paginas, Vox clamantis nominatur A . . . B₂

Secundus liber versibus exametri et pentametri sermone latino componitur, tractat de variis infortuniis tempore regis Ricardi secundi in Anglia multipliciter contingentibus, vbi pro statu regni compositor deuocius exorat. Nomenque voluminis huius, quod in septem diuiditur partes, Vox clamantis intitulatur BTA

20 ff. Tercius iste liber (liber iste J) Anglico sermone in octo partes diuisus, qui ad instanciam serenissimi Principis dicti domini Regis Anglie Ricardi secundi conficitur A . . . B₂ Tercius iste liber qui in octo partes diuisus ob reuerenciam stren. dom. sui dom. Henrici de Lanc. &c. BT 24 vsque in nunc T distingui B 25 Nectanabum et Aristotilem A . . . B₂ 26 regimine X . . . B₂ 26 f. eius disciplina—materia om. AX . . . B₂ eorum disciplina &c. J 27 operis] libri J 28 ff. super amorem et amantum condiciones fundamentum habet: vbi variarum Cronicarum historiarumque sentencie, necnon Poetarum Philosophorumque scripture ad exemplum distincius inseruntur. Nomenque presentis opusculi Confessio Amantis specialiter intitulatur. A . . . B₂ (but all except J have finem for sentencie). 30 specialiter om. A

TO
KING HENRY THE FOURTH
IN PRAISE OF PEACE

*Electus Cristi, pie Rex Henrice, fuisti,
Qui bene venisti cum propria regna petisti;
Tu mala vicisti que bonis bona restituisti,
Et populo tristi noua gaudia contribuisti.
Est michi spes lata quod adhuc per te renouata
Succedent fata veteri probitate beata,
Est tibi nam grata gracia sponte data.*

O WORTHY noble kyng, Henry the ferthe,
In whom the glade fortune is befallē
The poeple to governe uppon this erthe,
God hath the chose in comfort of ous alle :
The worschipe of this lond, which was doun falle,
Now stant upriht thurgh grace of thi goodnesse,
Which every man is holde forto blesse.

The highe god of his justice allone
The right which longeth to thi regalie
Declared hath to stonde in thi persone, 10
And more than god may no man justefie.
Thi title is knowe uppon thin ancestrie,
The londes folk hath ek thy riht affermed ;
So stant thi regne of god and man confermed.

The text is that of the MS. at Trentham Hall (T). Variations marked Th are those of the copy in Chaucer's Works, ed. 1532, ff. 375 v^o—377.

No title in T Iohan Gower vnto the worthy and noble kyng
Henry the fourth Th

Latin Verses placed at the end of the poem Th

1 O Noble worthy kyng Th 3 uppon this] here vpon Th
4 chosen Th 8 highe Th high T

* *

I i

TO KING HENRY THE FOURTH

Ther is no man mai seie in other wise,
 That god himself ne hath thi riht declared,
 Whereof the lond is boun to thi servise,
 Which for defalte of help hath longe cared :
 Bot now ther is no mannes herte spared
 To love and serve and wirche thi plesance, 20
 And al is this thurgh godes pourveiance.

In alle thing which is of god begonne
 Ther folwith grace, if it be wel governed :
 Thus tellen thei whiche olde bookes conne,
 Whereof, my lord, y wot wel thow art lerned.
 Axe of thi god, so schalt thou noght be werned
 Of no requeste which is resonable ;
 For god unto the goode is favorable.

Kyng Salomon, which hadde at his axinge
 Of god what thing him was levest to crave, 30
 He ches wisdom unto the governynge
 Of goddis folk, the whiche he wolde save :
 And as he ches it fel him forto have ;
 For thurgh his wit, whil that his regne laste,
 He gat him pees and reste unto the laste.

Bot Alisaundre, as telleth his histoire,
 Unto the god besoghte in other weie,
 Of all the world to winne the victoire,
 So that undir his swerd it myht obeie.
 In werre he hadde al that he wolde preie, 40
 The myghti god behight him that behest,
 The world he wan, and had it of conqweste.

Bot thogh it fel at thilke time so,
 That Alisandre his axinge hath achieved,
 This sinful world was al paiene tho,
 Was non which hath the hihe god believed :
 No wondir was thogh thilke world was grieved,
 Thogh a tiraunt his pourpos myhte winne ;
 Al was vengeance and infortune of sinne.

16 thi] the Th	17 bounde Th	21 this is Th	goddess
purueyaunce Th	godespourveiance T	30 to om. Th	31 the
om. Th	35 unto the] in to his Th	36 his storic Th	42 he
om. Th	45 paynem Th		

Bot now the feith of Crist is come a place 50
 Among the princes in this erthe hiere,
 It sit hem wel to do pite and grace ;
 Bot yit it mot be tempred in manere :
 For as thei finden cause in the matiere
 Uppon the point, what aftirward betide,
 The lawe of riht schal noght be leid aside.

So mai a kyng of werre the viage
 Ordeigne and take, as he therto is holde,
 To cleime and axe his rightful heritage
 In alle places wher it is withholde : 60
 Bot other wise if god himsilve wolde
 Afferme love and pes between the kynges,
 Pes is the beste above alle erthely thinges.

Good is teschue werre, and natheles
 A kyng may make werre uppon his right,
 For of bataile the final ende is pees.
 Thus stant the lawe, that a worthi knyght
 Uppon his trouthe may go to the fight ;
 Bot if so were that he myghte chese,
 Betre is the pees, of which may no man lese. 70

<Sustene> pes oghte every man alyve,
 First for to sette his liege lord in reste,
 And ek these othre men that thei ne stryve ;
 For so this world mai stonden ate beste.
 What kyng that wolde be the worthieste,
 The more he myghte oure dedly werre cesse,
 The more he schulde his worthinesse encresse.

Pes is the chief of al the worldes welthe,
 And to the heven it ledeth ek the weie ;
 Pes is of soule and lif the mannes helthe, 80
 Of pestilence and doth the werre aweie.
 Mi liege lord, tak hiede of that y seie,
 If werre may be left, tak pes on honde,
 Which may noght be withoute goddis sonde.

54 as om. Th 63 erthly Th 71 S pes (*erasure*
after S) T To stere peace Th eueriche on lyue Th 74 lande
 may stande Th

TO KING HENRY THE FOURTH

With pes stant every creature in reste ;
 Withoute pes ther may no lif be glad :
 Above alle othre good pes is the beste,
 Pes hath himself whan werre is al bestad,
 The pes is sauf, the werre is evere adrad :
 Pes is of alle charite the keie, 90
 Which hath the lif and soule forto weie.

My liege lord, if that the list to seche
 The sothe essamples that the werre hath wrought,
 Thow schalt wiel hier of wisemennes speche
 That dedly werre turneth into noght.
 For if these olde bokes be wel soght,
 Ther myght thou se what thing the werre hath do,
 Bothe of conqueste and conquerour also.

For vein honour or for the worldes good
 Thei that whilom the stronge werres made, 100
 Wher be thei now? Bethenk wel in thi mod.
 The day is goon, the nyght is derk and fade,
 Her crualte, which mad hem thanne glade,
 Thei sorwen now, and yit have noght the more ;
 The blod is schad, which no man mai restore.

The werre is modir of the wronges alle ;
 It sleth the prest in holi chirche at masse,
 Forlith the maide and doth hire flour to falle.
 The werre makth the grete Citee lasse,
 And doth the lawe his reules overpasse. 110
 There is no thing wherof meschef mai growe
 Which is noght caused of the werre, y trowe.

The werre bringth in poverte at hise hieles,
 Wherof the comon poeple is sore grieved ;
 The werre hath set his cart on thilke whieles
 Wher that fortune mai noght be believed.
 For whan men wene best to have achieved,
 Ful ofte it is al newe to beginne :
 The werre hath no thing siker, thogh he winne.

Forthi, my worthi prince, in Cristes halve,

120

**Financial
Insider
Network**

With Membership Comes Peace of Mind

Protect your privacy and financial well-being! The Financial Insider Network provides members with easy access to valuable financial information – FREE 60 DAY TRIAL PERIOD. Membership benefits include:

- ✓ Free personal credit report with your membership package – unlimited credit report updates upon request.
- ✓ Free legal consultations and savings up to 25% off participating attorney fees.
- ✓ Discounted tax preparation services and IRS specialists available to assist you.
- ✓ Free simple will prepared by an experienced attorney after first paid month of membership.
- ✓ Personal Resource Guide with answers to commonly asked credit questions and valuable privacy tips.

Call 1-800-683-0457 to enroll in the program and for immediate answers to any of your questions.

ured.

130

140

se,

e

vene.

od,

150

e,

ce.

124 sette

ete T Lette

TO KING HENRY THE FOURTH

O kyng fulfild of grace and of knyghthode,
 Remembre uppon this point for Cristes sake,
 If pes be profred unto thi manhode,
 Thin honour sauf, let it noght be forsake.
 Though thou the werres darst wel undirtake,
 Aftir reson yit tempre thi corage, 160
 For lich to pes ther is non avantage.

My worthi lord, thank wel, how so befallē,
 Of thilke lore, as holi bokes sein,
 Crist is the heved and we ben membres alle,
 Als wel the subgit as the sovereign :
 So sit it wel that charite be plein,
 Which unto god himselve most acordeth,
 So as the lore of Cristes word recordeth.

In tholde lawe, er Crist himself was bore,
 Among the ten comandementz y rede 170
 How that manslaghtre schulde be forbore ;
 Such was the will that time of the godhede :
 And aftirward, whanne Crist tok his manhede,
 Pes was the ferste thing he let do crie
 Ayein the worldes rancour and envie.

And er Crist wente out of this erthe hiere,
 And stigh to hevene, he made his testament,
 Wher he beqwath to his disciples there
 And yaf his pes, which is the foundement
 Of charite, withouten whos assent 180
 The worldes pes mai nevere wel be tried,
 Ne love kept, ne lawe justefied.

The Jewes with the paiens hadden werre,
 Bot thei among hemself stode evere in pes :
 Whi schulde thanne oure pes stonde out of herre,
 Which Crist hath chose unto his oghne encres ?
 For Crist is more than was Moïses,
 And Crist hath set the parfit of the lawe,
 The which scholde in no wise be withdrawe.

155 and knyghthode Th	162 þenke T thynke Th	165 the
subgit] be subiecte Th	173 But afterwarde Th	175 Ayeinst
Th 177 stighed Th	181 neuer TTh	183 paynyns Th
185 erre Th		

To yive ous pes was cause whi Crist dide ; 190
 Withoute pes may no thing stonde availed :
 Bot now a man mai sen on everi side
 How Cristes feith is every dai assailed,
 With the Paiens destruid, and so batailed
 That for defalte of help and of defence
 Unethe hath Crist his dewe reverence.

The righte feith to kepe of holy chirche
 The firste point is named of knyghthode,
 And everi man is holde forto wirche
 Uppon the point which stant to his manhode. 200
 Bot now, helas, the fame is sprad so broode,
 That everi worthi man this thing compleigneth,
 And yit ther is no man which help ordeigneth.

The worldes cause is waited overal,
 Ther ben the werres redi to the fulle ;
 Bot Cristes oghne cause in special,
 Ther ben the swerdes and the speres dulle ;
 And with the sentence of the popes bulle,
 As forto do the folk paien obeie,
 The chirche is turned al an other weie. 210

It is to wondre above a mannys wit
 Withoute werre how Cristes feith was wonne,
 And we that ben uppon this erthe yit
 Ne kepe it noght, as it was first begonne.
 To every creature undir the sonne
 Crist bad himself how that we schulden preche,
 And to the folk his evangile teche.

More light it is to kepe than to make ;
 Bot that we founden mad tofore the hond
 We kepe noght, bot lete it lightly slake. 220
 The pes of Crist hath altobroke his bond,
 We reste ourselve and soeffrin every lond
 To slen ech other as thing undefendid :
 So stant the werre, and pes is noght amendid.

194 paynems Th 200 which] þat Th 202 worthi om. Th
 203 is there Th which] that Th 209 payne Th 211
 a) any Th 216 how om. Th 219 the om. Th

Bot thogh the heved of holy chirche above
 Ne do noght al his hole businesse
 Among the men to sette pes and love,
 These kynges oughten of here rightwisnesse
 Here oghne cause among hemself redresse :
 Thogh Petres schip as now hath lost his stiere, 230
 It lith in hem that barge forto stiere.

If holy cherche after the duete
 Of Cristes word ne be noght al avysed
 To make pes, acord and unite
 Among the kinges that ben now devised,
 Yit natheles the lawe stant assised
 Of mannys wit to be so resonable,
 Withoute that to stonde hemselfe stable.

Of holy chirche we ben children alle,
 And every child is holden forto bowe 240
 Unto the modir, how that evere it falle,
 Or elles he mot reson desalowe :
 And for that cause a knyght schal ferst avowe
 The right of holi chirche to defende,
 That no man schal the previlege offende.

Thus were it good to setten al in evene
 The worldes princes and the prelatz bothe,
 For love of him which is the king of hevene :
 And if men scholde algate wexe wrothe,
 The Sarazins, whiche unto Crist be lothe, 250
 Let men ben armed ayein hem to fighte ;
 So mai the knyht his dede of armes righte.

Uppon thre pointz stant Cristes pes oppressed :
 Ferst holy cherche is in hirsilf divided,
 Which oughte of reson first to be redresced ;
 Bot yit so highe a cause is noght decided.
 And thus, whan humble pacience is prided,
 The remenant, which that thei schulden reule,
 No wondir is though it stonde out of reule.

227 men] people Th 238 him selfe Th 241 euer TTh
 251 ayenst Th 254 is om. Th hersilf T her selfe Th

Of that the heved is siek, the limes aken : 260
 These regnes that to Cristes pes belongen
 For worldes good these dedly werres maken,
 Whiche helpeles as in balance hongen.
 The heved above hem hath noght undirfongen
 To sette pes, bot every man sleeth other,
 And in this wise hath charite no brother.

The two defaltes bringen in the thridde,
 Of mescreantz, that sen how we debate,
 Betwen the two thei fallen in amidde,
 Wher now aldai thei finde an open gate. 270
 Lo, thus the dedly werre stant algate ;
 Bot evere y hope of King Henries grace
 That he it is which schal the pes embrace.

My worthi noble prince and kyng enoight,
 Whom god hath of his grace so preserved,
 Behold and se the world uppon this point,
 As for thi part that Cristes pes be served :
 So schal thin highe mede be deserved
 To him which al schal qwiten ate laste,
 For this lif hiere mai no while laste. 280

See Alisandre, Ector and Julius,
 See Machabeu, David and Josue,
 See Charlemeine, Godefroi, Arthus,
 Fulfild of werre and of mortalite.
 Here fame abit, bot al is vanite ;
 For deth, which hath the werres under fote,
 Hath mad an ende of which ther is no bote.

So mai a man the sothe wite and knowe,
 That pes is good for every king to have :
 The fortune of the werre is evere unknowe, 290
 Bot wher pes is, ther ben the marches save.
 That now is up, to morwe is under grave ;
 The mighti god hath alle grace in honde,
 With outen him pes mai nought longe stonde.

263 helpples T	helplesse Th	269 Betwene TTh	276
Beholde TTh	283 Godfray and Arthus Th	288 mai]	
many Th	291 ben] is Th	294 pes] men Th	

TO KING HENRY THE FOURTH

Of the Tenetz to winne or lese a chace,
 Mai no lif wite er that the bal be ronne :
 Al stant in god, what thing men schal pourchace,
 Thende is in him er that it be begonne.
 Men sein the wolfe, whanne it is wel sponne,
 Doth that the cloth is strong and profitable, 300
 And elles it mai nevere be durable.

The worldes chaunces uppon aventure
 Ben evere sett, bot thilke chaunce of pes
 Is so behoveli to the creature,
 That it above alle othre is pierles :
 Bot it mai noght be gete natheles
 Among the men to lasten eny while,
 Bot wher the herte is plein withoute guyle.

The pes is as it were a sacrament
 Tofore the god, and schal with wordes pleine 310
 Withouten eny double entendement
 Be treted, for the trouthe can noght feine :
 Bot if the men withinne hemself be veine,
 The substance of the pes may noght be trewe,
 Bot every dai it chaungeth uppon newe.

Bot who that is of charite parfit,
 He voideth alle sleighes ferr aweie,
 And sett his word uppon the same plit,
 Wher that his herte hath founde a siker weie :
 And thus whan conscience is trewly weie, 320
 And that the pes be handlid with the wise,
 It schal abide and stonde in alle wise.

Thapostle seith, ther mai no lif be good
 Which is noght grounded uppon charite,
 For charite ne schedde nevere blod,
 So hath the werre as ther no properte :
 For thilke vertu which is seid pite
 With charite so ferforth is aqweinted,
 That in hire may no fals semblant be peinted.

295 Off (*for Or*) T
 al other peerles Th
 329 here T her Th

301 neuer TTh
 306 begete Th

305 That is aboute
 321 the pes] these Th

IN PRAISE OF PEACE

491

Cassodre, whos writinge is auctorized, 330
 Seith, wher that pite reigneth, ther is grace,
 Thurgh which the pes hath al his welthe assised,
 So that of werre he dredeth no manace.
 Wher pite dwelleth, in the same place
 Ther mai no dedly cruelte sojorne,
 Wherof that merci schulde his weie torne.

To se what pite forth with mercy doth,
 The cronique is at Rome in thilke empire
 Of Constantin, which is a tale soth ;
 Whan him was levere his oghne deth desire 340
 Than do the yonge children to martire,
 Of crualte he lafte the querele,
 Pite he wroghte and pite was his hele.

For thilke mannes pite which he dede
 God was pitous and mad him hol at al ;
 Silvestre cam, and in the same stede
 Yaf him baptisme first in special,
 Which dide awai the sinne original,
 And al his lepre it hath so purified,
 That his pite for evere is magnified. 350

Pite was cause whi this emperour
 Was hol in bodi and in soule bothe,
 And Rome also was set in thilke honour
 Of Cristes feith, so that the lieve of lothe,
 Whiche hadden be with Crist tofore wrothe,
 Resceived weren unto Cristes lore :
 Thus schal pite be preised evermore.

My worthi liege lord, Henri be name,
 Which Engelsond hast to governe and righte,
 Men oghten wel thi pite to proclame, 360
 Which openliche in al the worldes sighte
 Is schewed with the help of god almightie,
 To yive ous pes, which longe hath be debated,
 Wherof thi pris shal nevere ben abated.

331 ther om. Th 336 wei T way Th 345 made Th
 350 cuer TTh 356 were TTh

TO KING HENRY THE FOURTH

My lord, in whom hath evere yit be founde
 Pite withoute spot of violence,
 Kep thilke pes alwei withinne bounde,
 Which god hath planted in thi conscience :
 So schal the cronique of thi pacience
 Among the seintz be take into memoire 370
 To the loenge of perdurable gloire.

And to thin erthli pris, so as y can,
 Which everi man is holde to commende,
 I, Gower, which am al thi liege man,
 This lettre unto thin excellence y sende,
 As y which evere unto my lives ende
 Wol prairie for the stat of thi persone
 In worschipe of thi sceptre and of thi throne.

Noght only to my king of pes y write,
 Bot to these othre princes cristene alle, 380
 That ech of hem his oghne herte endite,
 And see the werre er more meschief falle :
 Sette ek the rightful Pope uppon his stalle,
 Kep charite and draugh pite to honde,
 Maintene lawe, and so the pes schal stonde.

Explicit carmen de pacis commendacione, quod ad laudem et memoriam serenissimi principis domini Regis Henrici quarti suus humilis orator Iohannes Gower composuit. Et nunc sequitur epistola in qua idem Ioannes pro statu et salute dicti domini sui apud altissimum deuocius exorat.

REX celi deus et dominus, qui tempora solus
 Condidit, et solus condita cuncta regit;
 Qui rerum causas ex se produxit et vnum
 In se principium rebus inesse dedit;
 Qui dedit vt stabili motu consisteret orbis

365 euer TTh 371 loenge] legende Th 378 and thy
 throne Th 38a mor T

EXPLICIT 3 suis Th 4 Et nunc—exorat om. Th

Instead of the Latin lines that follow Th has here the lines 'Electus Cristi—sponte data,' which in T stand at the beginning, and after these without a break, 'Henrici quarti—futura deus,' twelve lines which are written at the end of the Trentham MS.

Fixus in eternum mobilitate sua ;
 Quique potens verbi produxit ad esse creata,
 Quique sue mentis lege ligauit ea ;
 Ipse caput regum, reges quo rectificantur,
 Te que tuum regnum, rex pie, queso, regat. 10
 Grata superueniens te misit gracia nobis,
 Quo sine labe salus nulla perante fuit.
 Sic tuus aduentus noua gaudia sponte reduxit,
 Quo prius in luctu lacrima maior erat :
 Nos tua milicies pauidos releuauit ab ymo,
 Quos prius oppressit ponderis omne malum :
 Ex probitate tua, quo mors latitabat in vmbra,
 Vita resurrexit clara que regna regit :
 Sic tua sors sortem mediante deo renouatam
 Sanat et emendat, que prius egra fuit. 20
 O pie rex, Cristum per te laudamus, et ipsum
 Qui tibi nos tribuit terra reuiua colit.
 Sancta sit illa dies qua tu tibi regna petisti,
 Sanctus et ille deus qui tibi regna dedit.
 Qui tibi prima tulit, confirmet regna futura,
 Quo poteris magno magnus honore frui.
 Sit tibi progenies ita multiplicata per eum,
 Quod genus inde pium repleat omne solum.
 Quicquid in orbe boni fuerit, tibi summus ab alto
 Donet, vt in terris rex in honore regas : 30
 Omne quod est turpe vacuum discedat, et omne
 Est quod honorificum det deus esse tuum.
 Consilium nullum, pie rex, te tangat iniquum,
 In quibus occultum scit deus esse dolum.
 Absit auaricia, ne tangat regia corda,
 Nec queat in terra proditor esse tua.
 Sic tua processus habeat fortuna perhennes,
 Quo recolant laudes secula cuncta tuas :
 Nuper vt Augusti fuerant preconia Rome,
 Concinat in gestis Anglia leta tuis. 40
 O tibi, rex, euo detur, fortissime, nostro
 Semper honorata scepra tenere manu :
 Stes ita magnanimus quod, vbi tua regna gubernas,
 Terreat has partes hostica nulla manus :

TO KING HENRY THE FOURTH

Augeat imperium tibi Cristus et augeat annos,
 Protegat et nostras aucta corona fores :
 Sit tibi pax finis, domito domineris in orbe,
 Cunctaque sint humeris inferiora tuis.
 Sic honor et virtus, laus, gloria, pax que potestas
 Te que tuum regnum magnificare queant. 50
 Cordis amore boni, pie rex, mea vota paravi ;
 Corpore cum nequii, seruiio mente tibi :
 Ergo tue laudi que tuo genuflexus honori
 Verba loco doni pauper habenda tuli.
 Est tamen ista mei, pie rex, sententia verbi,
 Fine tui regni sint tibi regna poli.

48 Cuncta que T 49 paxque T 50 Teque T 53 laudique T

NOTES

LIB. V. (*continued*)

1980. F has a stop after 'Avarice,' but see note on l. 3966.

1982 ff. The meaning seems to be that they make no distinction of day or night when there is work of this kind to be done.

2004. *overhippeth*, i. e. leaps over or omits something, so that he has not all that he desires. The word is used in *Piers Plowman*, xv. 379, of omitting passages in the services of the Church.

2015 ff. Cp. *Mirour de l'Omme*, 6253 ff.,

'Sicomme le Luce en l'eaue gloute
Du piscon la menuse toute,
Qu'il presde luy verra noer,
Ensi ly riches,' &c.

2031 ff. The tale of Virgil's Mirror is from the French prose *Roman des Sept Sages*, as published by Le Roux de Lincy. It might easily be shown that Gower did not follow either the French metrical version or the Latin *Historia Septem Sapientum*. The English metrical version published by Weber is from a source similar to that of Gower's story, but it differs in some points. Gower seems to be responsible for the introduction of Carthage and Hannibal.

2099. *slepende a nyht*, i. e. while they slept.

2101. Cp. Prol. 182.

2115. *he his oghne body*, i. e. 'he himself.'

2150 f. This point is omitted in the English metrical version.

2157 f. The English metrical version is very similar, 'We schulle the ymage so undersette, That we ne schal hit nothing lette.'

2168. That is, the timber having been set up.

2198 ff. This about Hannibal is introduced here as if taken from a different source, 'For this I finde,' &c.

2238 f. Cp. *Mirour*, 10651, 'Plus que gaigners son augst attent.'

2273 ff. The tale of the Two Coffers is essentially the same story as that which we have in Boccaccio *Decam.* x. i, and essentially different from that which is told in *Vit. Barlaam et Josaphat*, cap. vi, as a sequel to the story of the Trump of Death. The story which we have here and in Boccaccio is not at all connected with the idea of choosing

by the outward appearance. The coffers are exactly alike, and the very point of the situation lies in the fact that the choice is a purely fortuitous one. The object was to show that they who complained were persons who had fortune against them, and that this was the cause of their having failed of reward, and not any neglect on the part of the king. I cannot say what the source was for Gower; certainly not Boccaccio, whose story is altogether different in its details.

2391 ff. With this story may be compared that in the *Gesta Romanorum*, 109, where by a choice between three pasties, one containing money, a decision is come to as to whether it is God's will that a certain sum shall be restored to its owner, who is a miser.

2476. *tall*, i. e. comely, elegant.

2481. Cp. Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, D 259.

2507. *His thonkes*, 'of his own good will': cp. Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, A 1626, &c.

2543 ff. See *Hist. Alexandri Magni de Preliis*, f 1, ed. Argent. 1489.

2547 ff. *Rom. de Troie*, 23283 ff.

2563. Cp. ii. 2025.

2587. 'If men shall estimate her value.' The reading of the text is also that of S.

2643 ff. This story is to be found in the *Roman des Sept Sages*. Gower follows the same French prose version as before, 2031 ff.

2677. *it stod*. In this kind of expression the verb is usually subjunctive, as Prol. 481, i. 991, iv. 182, &c.

2752. *a weie*. This is also the reading of S.

2815 f. A rather more violent displacement than usual of the conjunction, 'And fled away with all the haste,' &c. Cp. l. 3947.

2835. *hele* seems here to mean 'profit,' in a worldly sense.

2872. According to the *New Engl. Dict.* this is the same as the Dutch 'heepe,' 'heep,' meaning a pruning-hook. 'As there is no cognate word in O. E., its appearance in Gower, and this apparently in a proverbial phrase, is not easy to account for.' In any case the phrase here seems equivalent to 'by hook or by crook.'

2937. F has punctuation after 'dai,' but this is clearly a case of the inverted order of the conjunction: cp. note on Prol. 155, and below on l. 3966.

2961 ff. The story is probably taken from Statius, *Achill.* i. 197 ff., where however it is told at much greater length. For Gower's acquaintance with the *Achilleis*, cp. iv. 1968 ff.

3002 ff. Cp. *Achill.* i. 338 ff.

3004 f. That is, howsoever his behaviour might be watched.

3082. *Protheüs*. According to Statius, *Achill.* i. 494 ff., *Protesilaus* rebuked Calchas for not having discovered Achilles, upon which Calchas revealed the truth. Perhaps the mention of *Protesilaus* suggested to Gower the idea of *Proteus*, of whom he had heard as one who could change his form at will, see l. 6672, and perhaps as

having prophesied the birth and greatness of Achilles (Ovid, *Metam.* xi. 221 ff.).

3119. *topseilcole*, see note on viii. 1890.

3138 f. Cp. *Achill.* i. 812 ff.

3247 ff. The first part of the story of Jason and Medea (ll. 3247-3926) is taken from Benoît (*Rom. de Troie*, 703-2062), and not from Guido, as may be easily shown by comparison of the texts. For example, Guido tells all the conditions of the enterprise, about the fire-breathing bulls, the serpent's teeth and so on, at the beginning of the story, whereas Benoît more dramatically introduces them into the instructions given to Jason by Medea (*Rom. de Troie*, 1337-1374, 1691-1748), and in this he is followed by Gower (3505-3540). Guido says nothing about the sleeplessness of the serpent (*Rom. de Troie*, 1357 f., *Conf. Am.* v. 3514), nor about repeating the charm 'contre orient' (*Rom. de Troie*, 1700), nor does he mention the thanksgiving which Jason is to offer up to the gods after his victory and before he takes the fleece (*Rom. de Troie*, 1735 f., *Conf. Am.* v. 3626 ff.). The sleep of Jason after leaving Medea is omitted by Guido (*Rom. de Troie*, 1755 ff., *Conf. Am.* v. 3665 ff.), and also the bath which he took after his adventure (*Rom. de Troie*, 1999, *Conf. Am.* v. 3801). There is no need to multiply instances, which will be observed by every careful reader. We have seen on other occasions that Gower prefers Benoît to Guido, and not without excellent reasons. Guido indeed makes this story even more prosaic than usual, and combines it with matter-of-fact discussions about the magic powers of Medea and the virtues of the various stones which she used.

Gower, however, does not follow Benoît in a slavish manner. He omits or alters the details of the story very happily at times, and he adds much of his own. Thus he omits all mention of the evil motives of Peleus (or Pelias), and makes the proposal to seek the golden fleece come from Jason; he passes over the story of the dispute with Laomedon, which was necessary to the *Roman de Troie*, but not to the story of Jason taken separately; he adds the discourse of Jason with Oëtes on his arrival; he omits the details about Medea's hair and eyes, her arms and her chin (*Rom. de Troie*, 1254 ff.), and dwells rather upon the feelings which the two lovers had for one another at first sight (3376 ff.). When they are together at night, it is Medea, according to our author, and not Jason, who suggests that it is time to rise and to speak of what has to be done (3547 ff.); and Gower adds the scene of parting (3634-3659), the description of Jason's return over the sea and of Medea's feelings meanwhile upon her tower, and the sending of the maid to inquire how he did. Finally, he much improves the story by making the flight take place at once, instead of prolonging Jason's stay for a month.

Chaucer, who tells the story in a rather perfunctory manner, follows Guido (*Leg. of Good Women*, 1396 ff.).

3291. *And schop anon*, &c. This might be understood of Peleus,

* *

κ κ

who, according to the original story, gave orders for the building of the ship; but better perhaps of Jason, 'And schop' for 'And he schop,' cp. l. 4590 and vi. 1636.

3376. *herd spoke*: cp. 4485, 'I have herd seid.'

3388. That is, 'they took heed each of other.' For the plural verb cp. 3439.

3416. That is, 'he took St. John as his pledge' of a good issue, 'he committed himself to the care of St. John.' The expression was often used in connexion with setting out on a journey: cp. Chaucer, *Compl. of Mars*, 9.

3422. Cp. iv. 3273, vi. 2104. The expression in vi. 1621 f., 'to ful age, That he can reson and langage,' that is, 'till he is of full age and knows reason,' &c., is much of the same kind.

3488. *dede him helpe*. We must take this second 'helpe' as a substantive, otherwise the rhyme would not be good. The rule is that words identical in form can only be combined in rhyme when they have some difference of meaning.

3509. *to thyle*. The idea was that the golden fleece was guarded in a small island adjacent to the larger 'isle of Colchos.' See *Rom. de Troie*, 1791 ff.,

'Ilec li covient à passer,
Ou voille ou non, un bras de mer;
Mès estreiz est, ne dure mie
Gaires plus de lieue et demie.
De l'autre part est li isliax,
Non mie granz, mès molt est biax.'

3533. *dethes wounde*, 'deadly wound': cp. iii. 2657, 'And smot him with a dethes wounde,' and also the genitives 'lyves' for 'living' and 'worldes' for 'worldly,' i. 1771, iv. 382, &c.

3573. *hold*, i. e. let him hold: cp. viii. 1128, 1420.

3579 ff. According to Benoît Medea gave him first the magic figure, 'une figure Fete par art et par conjure' (cp. 3580), then the ointment and the ring, and after that a writing, the words of which he was to repeat three times when he came to the place. Gower changes the order of things, and combines the writing with the 'heavenly figure,' describing it as written over with names which he is to repeat in the manner mentioned.

3632. *That thanne he were*, &c., that is, she prayed that he would soon be gone.

3654. 'It shall not be owing to any sloth of mine if I do not,' &c.

3665 ff. 'Dedanz son lit s'est tost cochiez
Endormi sei en eslepas;
Car tot esteit de veiller las:
Et quant il ot dormi grant piece,
Tant qu'il estoit ja halte tierce,
Levez s'est,' &c. *Rom. de Troie*, 1756 ff.

'undren hih' is in the French 'halte tierce.'

3681. *recorde*, 'take note of.'

3688. The reading of X here, 'And forth with all his wey he fongeth,' is also that of GOAd.

3707. *scherded*: perhaps the word is suggested by Benoit's expression, 'Les escherdes hérice' (*Rom. de Troie*, 1905).

3711. A literal translation of *Rom. de Troie*, 1906, 'Feu et venin gitot ensamble.' With the lines that follow cp. *Rom. de Troie*, 1911 ff.

3731 ff. The picturesque elements here are perhaps partly suggested by *Rom. de Troie*, 1869 ff.

3747. *That he ne were*, expressing a wish: cp. iv. 3414, 'Helas, that I nere of this lif,' equivalent to 'why ne were I,' l. 5979.

3781 f. 'leyhe' seems to be modified in form for the sake of the rhyme, the usual form in Gower being 'lawhe.'

3786. *naght*, in rhyme for 'noght': cp. 'awht,' 'auht,' i. 2770, v. 6073.

3789. So Ovid, *Metam.* vii. 144 ff.,

'Tu quoque victorem complecti, barbara, velles,
Obstitit incepto pudor,' &c.,

but it is also in Benoit, *Rom. de Troie*, 1991 f.

3793 ff. The sending of the maid, with the pretty touch in l. 3800, is an addition by Gower.

3890. Cp. i. 1516.

3904. *this was conseil*, 'this was a secret': cp. iii. 778, vi. 2326; so Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, C 819, 'Shal it be conseil?' cp. D 966, E 2431.

3927 ff. Benoit tells no more of Jason's life after his return to Greece, saying that Dares relates no more, and he does not wish to tell stories that may not be true, 'N'en velt fere acreire mençonge.' From this point then Gower follows Ovid, *Metam.* vii. 159-293, and it must be understood that the illustrative quotations in the notes are from this passage.

3947. 'And prayed her that by the magic art which she knew,' &c. For the order of words cp. 2815 f.

3957 f. Ovid makes it full moon, l. 180, but afterwards, l. 188, says 'Sidera sola micant.'

3962 ff. 'Egreditur tectis vestes induta recinctas,
Nuda pedem, nudos humeris infusa capillos,
Fertque vagos mediae per muta silentia noctis
Incomitata gradus.' *Metam.* vii. 182 ff.

The comparison to the adder in l. 3967 is Gower's own.

3966. F has a stop after 'specheles,' there being a natural tendency even in the best copies to treat 'and' or 'for' as the beginning of a new clause: so (to take examples from the fifth book only) v. 231, 410, 444, 2318, 2937, 5096, in all which places F has apparently wrong punctuation in connexion with this kind of inverted order.

3971 ff. 'Ter se convertit, ter sumptis flumine crinem
Irroravit aquis, ternis ululatibus ora
Solvit': 189 f.

3981. The punctuation is that of F, but perhaps we ought rather to read,

‘Sche preide and ek hield up hir hond,
To Echates and gan to crie.’

3986. *help.* For this use of the imperat. sing. (with ‘helpeth’ just above) see Introduction, p. cxviii.

3994. ‘Sublimis rapitur, subiectaque Thessala Tempe
Despicit, et Creteis regionibus applicat angues:’ 222 f.

Gower very naturally understood this to mean that Medea visited Crete, and hence the confusion of geography. He could not be expected to know that Othrys and Olympus were mountains of Thessaly, and hence that the ‘Creteis’ or ‘cretis’ of his manuscript was probably a corruption.

4000 f. ‘et placitas partim radice revellit,
Partim succidit curvamine falcis ahenae.’ 226 f.

4005. *Eridian*, i. e. Apidanus.

4006. ‘Necnon Peneus, necnon Spercheides undae
Contribuere aliquid.’ 230 f.

4011. *the rede See.* Perhaps Gower read ‘rubrum mare’ for ‘refluum mare’ in *Metam.* vii. 258.

4031 ff. ‘statuitque aras e caespite binas,
Dexteriore Hecates, at laeva parte Iuventae.’ 240 f.

4039. ‘verbenis, silvaque incinxit agresti,’ 242. Gower took ‘silva agrestis’ as the name of a herb and ingeniously translated it into ‘fieldwode.’

4052 f. ‘Umbrarumque rogat rapta cum coniuge regem,’ 249. Our author is able to supply the names correctly.

4064-4114. This picturesque passage is for the most part original.

4127 ff. ‘Nec defuit illic Squamea Cinyphii tenuis membrana chelydri,’ 272. Gower understood this to mean ‘the scales of Cinyphius (or Cimphius) and the skin of Chelidrus.’

4134. ‘novem cornicis saecula passae,’ 274.

4137. Ovid speaks of the entrails of a werwolf, ‘Ambigui prosecta lupi,’ &c.

4156. For omission of relative cp. l. 4205 and note on i. 10.

4175 ff. The story here is only summarized by Ovid, *Metam.* vii. 394-401. Gower of course knew it from other sources.

4219. ‘intrat Palladias arces,’ *Metam.* vii. 398. This means Athens, but it is misunderstood by Gower.

4251. *Philen*, i. e. Nephelē. Hyginus tells this story much as it is told here (except that it was the mother of the children who provided the ram), but he gives the name in its Latin form, as ‘Nebula.’ Note the mistake as to this name in the margin, appearing in all MSS. except SΔΔ.

4299 ff. Note the confused construction of the sentence: cp. note on i. 98.

4391. The metaphor of hunting is still kept up: the gain which they pursue is started like a hare and driven into the net.

4399. *Outward*, that is, when he gives things out, cp. 'withinne' below.

4452. *I were a goddeshalf*. This seems to mean, 'I should be content,' that is, I should be ready to say 'In God's name let it be so.' For the expression cp. l. 5016, 'Thanne a goddes half The thridde time assaie I schal.' In the *New Engl. Dict.* ('half') it is said to be used 'to add emphasis to a petition, command, or expression of consent or resignation': cp. Chaucer, *Book of the Duchess*, 370, 757.

4455. *I biede nevere . . . Bot*, 'I demand only.' In this expression 'biede' and 'bidde' have been confused, as often. Thus we have 'I bidde nevere a betre taxe,' i. 1556, 'That I ne bede nevere awake,' iv. 2905, in the latter of which 'bede' may be either pret. subj. of 'bidde,' or pres. ind. equivalent to 'biede,' and vi. 1356, 'He bede nevere fare bet' where 'bede' is apparently pret. subj. of bidde; while in the English *Rom. of the Rose*, 791, we have 'Ne bode I nevere thennes go,' in which 'bode' must be pret. subj. of 'biede.'

4465. *lete*: see note on i. 3365.

4549 ff. Cp. i. 42 ff.

4557 f. 'No law may control him either by severity or by mildness.' For the use of 'compaignie' in the sense of 'friendliness' cp. i. 1478, and below, l. 7759.

4583 ff. Ovid, *Metam.* iii. 362 ff., but the circumstances are somewhat modified to suit Gower's purpose. According to Ovid Echo's fault was that she talked too much and diverted Juno's attention, and her punishment was that her speech was confined to a mere repetition of what she heard. Here the crime is rather that she cunningly concealed in her speech what she ought to have told, and the punishment is that she is obliged to tell everything that comes to her ears.

4590. 'And through such brocage he was untrue,' &c. For the omission of the pronoun see note on i. 1895.

4623. *maken it so queinte*, 'be so cunning': cp. iv. 2314, where however 'queinte' has a different meaning.

4642. *hire mouth ascape*, i. e. escape being repeated by her mouth.

4661. The aspiration of 'hem,' so as to prevent elision, is very unusual: cp. Introduction, p. cxxv.

4668 ff. 'I shall arrange in their due order those branches of Avarice on which no wealth is well bestowed,' that is, those which make no return for what is bestowed upon them, viz. Usury and Ingratitude.

4708. *of som reprise*, i. e. 'of some cost,' cp. i. 3414,

'Which most is worth, and no reprise
It takth ayein,'

that is, it costs nothing.

4724. *with ydel hand*, 'with empty hand,' that is, without a lure. This seems to be the original meaning of the adjective: see *New Eng. Dict.* 'idle.'

4731. *the gold Octovien*. The treasures of Octovien (or Octavian) were proverbial: cp. *Rom. de Troie*, 1684 f.,

'Unques Oteviens de Rome
Ne pot conquerre tel avoir,'

and again 28594,

'Se li tresors Octoviens
Fust lor, si lor donassent il.'

The expression here seems to be in imitation of the French form without preposition, as in the latter of the above quotations.

The French *Roman d'Othevien*, found in the Bodleian MS. Hatton 100, and reproduced in two English versions, has nothing to do with the treasures of Octovien, for which see William of Malmesbury, *Gesta Regum*, ii. § 169 f. The treasures were supposed to be buried at Rome or elsewhere, and several persons, especially the Pope Silvester (Gerbert), were said to have seen them, but not to have been permitted to carry them away. They appear also in the *Roman des Sept Sages*.

4748. *eschu of*. The adjective is used by Chaucer with 'to' (or 'for to') and infin., *Cant. Tales*, E 1812, I 971. We may note the spelling here with reference to Chaucer's rhyme in the former passage.

4763. 'It may not by any means be avoided that,' &c.

4774. *as to tho pars*, 'as regards those matters': 'pars' is the French plural form, cp. *Mirour*, 7386, where apparently 'pars' means 'duties.'

4787. Cp. l. 7716, where the saying has a different application. The proverb is here used of those who are, as we say, penny wise and pound foolish. In the other passage it is applied to the opposite case of gaining the coat for the hood.

4808 ff. This story is founded on the so-called *Comedia Babionis*, one of those Latin elegiac poems in a quasi-dramatic form which were popular in the fourteenth century. Others of the same class are *Geta* and *Pamphilus*. In the original, Viöla is Babio's step-daughter, with whom he is in love, and who is taken in marriage against his will by Croceus. The serving-man is Fodius, not Spodius, and most of the piece is concerned with an intrigue between him and the wife of Babio. See Wright's *Early Mysteries*, p. 65.

4899. *comth to londe*, 'appears': cp. l. 18.

4921. *who that it kan*, that is, as any one who knows it will witness: cp. l. 4927, 'For, as any one who observes may know, a beast is,' &c.

4937 ff. This story, which is of Eastern origin, is told near the end of the *Speculum Stultorum* (i.e. *Burnellus*), with which Gower was acquainted, as we know from the *Vox Clamantis*. The names there are Bernardus and Dryānus, and the animals are three, a serpent, an ape, and a lion. A similar tale is told by Matthew Paris, under the year 1195, as related by King Richard I in order to recommend

liberality in the cause of Christendom. In this the rich man is Vitalis, a Venetian, and the poor man's name is not given. The animals in the pit are a lion and a serpent. Vitalis thanks his deliverer, and appoints a time for him to come to his palace in Venice and receive the promised reward of half his goods; but when he comes, he is refused with contumely. The magic qualities of the gem which the serpent brings are not mentioned in the story of Vitalis.

5010 f. So in the *Speculum Stultorum*, 'Tunc ita Bernardus, Sathanae phantasmate lusum Se reputans, dixit,' &c.

5022. *blessed*, i.e. crossed himself. This ceremony plays a considerable part in the story of Vitalis, for by it he is preserved from the wild beasts while in the pit.

5025. *Between him and his Asse*, that is, he and his ass together: cp. l. 5381. The expression is imitated from the French, cp. *Roman de Troie*, 5837.

5093. There is a stop after 'Purs,' no doubt rightly, in F. On the other hand the stop after 'wif' in l. 5096 must be wrong.

5123 f. Cp. 4597 ff.

5215. *standt*. For this spelling cp. 'bidt,' iv. 1162.

5231 ff. The outline of this story might have been got from Ovid and from Hyginus, *Fab.* 40-43, but several points of detail suggest a different source. These are, for example, the idea that the son of Minos went to Athens to study philosophy, the statement of the number of persons sent as a tribute to Minos, the incident of the ball of pitch given by Ariadne to Theseus to be used against the Minotaur, and the name of the island where Ariadne was deserted. In the first and third of these Gower agrees with Chaucer, *Legend of Good Women*, 1894 ff., but his story is apparently quite independent, so that in regard to these matters we must assume a common source: cp. L. Bech in *Anglia*, v. 337 ff.

as telleth the Poete. The authority referred to here must be Ovid (cp. i. 386, ii. 121, v. 6713, 6804, &c.). He slightly mentions the death of Androgeus, *Metam.* vii. 458, and relates the war of Minos against Megara at some length (*Metam.* viii. 1 ff), very briefly summarising the remainder of the story. Chaucer follows Ovid more fully here, telling the story of Nisus, to which Gower does not think it necessary to refer.

5248. *dighte*. This is the form of spelling here in S as well as F: so also in l. 5352.

5264 f. Hyginus says seven persons each year: Chaucer seems to conceive it as one every third year. The usual account is seven youths and seven maidens either every year or once in nine years.

5302. *many on*. Perhaps we should read 'manye on' with S and F, as vii. 2191, 'manye an other.'

5319. This expression occurs also in ll. 5598 and 7553.

5360. *fawht*. Elsewhere this verb has preterite 'foghte,' as iii. 2651, iv. 2095, but the strong form 'faught' is used by Chaucer, e. g. *Cant. Tales*, B 3519, and this in fact is the originally correct form.

5413. *Chyo*. Ovid says 'Dia,' that is Naxos.

5507. *His rihte name*: cp. *Mirour*, 409, 'par son droit noun Je l'oi nommer Temptacioun,' 4243, 'Si ot a noun par droit nommant,' &c. and other similar expressions.

5510. *as men telleth*: cp. l. 6045, 'men seith.'

5511. According to the margin Extortion is the *mother* of Ravine.

5550. *femeline*, used repeatedly both as adjective and as substantive in the *Mirour de l'Homme*.

5551 ff. The tale of Tereus is from Ovid, *Metam.* vi. 424-674, in some parts abbreviated and in others expanded, with good judgement usually in both cases, so that this is one of Gower's best-told tales. He omits the long account given by Ovid of the way in which Pandion was persuaded to allow Philomela to accompany Tereus (*Metam.* vi. 447-510), the incidents of the rescue of Philomela from her imprisonment, which no doubt he felt would be unintelligible to his readers (587-600), and many of the more shocking details connected with the death of Itys and the feast upon his flesh. On the other hand he has added the prayer and reflections of Philomene in her prison (ll. 5734-5768), the prayers of the two sisters (5817-5860), the words of Progne to Tereus (5915-5927), and especially the reflections on the nightingale and the swallow at the end of the story (5943-6029). This latter part is quite characteristic of our author, and as usual it is prettily conceived.

Chaucer, who tells the story in the *Legend of Good Women*, 2228-2393, was weary of it even from the beginning (2257 f.), and omits the conclusion altogether, either as too shocking or as not suiting with his design. So far as he goes, however, he follows Ovid more closely than Gower.

5555. See note on Prol. 460.

5598. So also ll. 5319, 7553.

5628. Ovid's comparison is to fire catching dry straw and leaves, *Metam.* vi. 456 f.

5643 ff. Ovid compares her state after the deed was done to that of a lamb hurt by a wolf and still trembling, or a dove which has escaped wounded from a bird of prey (527-530). Here, on the other hand, the idea is of being held fast, so that she cannot move or escape; while Chaucer, using the same similes as Ovid, applies the comparison less appropriately to her fear of the violence yet to come.

5651. Cp. *Metam.* vi. 531, 'Mox ubi mens rediit.'

5663 ff.

'si copia detur,

In populos veniam; si silvis clausa tenebor,

Implebo silvas, et conscia saxa movebo.' *Metam.* vi. 545 ff.

5670. I suspect the combination 'tale and ende' may have arisen from some such phrase as 'to sette tale on ende' (or 'an ende'), meaning to begin a speech: see *New Engl. Dict.* under 'ende.'

5576. *where is thi fere?* that is, 'where is thy fear of the gods?'

We must not take 'fere' in the sense of 'companion' or 'equal,' because in that case it could not properly rhyme with 'Ere.'

5690 f. 'comprehensam forcipe linguam
Abstulit ense fero.' *Metam.* vi. 556 f.

Gower must be commended for omitting the tasteless lines which follow in Ovid about the severed tongue, and still more the shocking statement, which even Ovid accompanies with 'vix ausim credere,' of 561 f.

5709. *tyh*, preterite of 'ten,' from OE. 'tēon,' meaning 'draw,' and hence 'come.'

5724. The punctuation follows F, 'To hire' meaning 'in her case,' cp. l. 4182, vii. 4937. It would suit the sense better perhaps to set the comma after 'forsake,' and to take 'To hire' with what follows: cp. note on l. 3966, where it is shown that the punctuation of F is often wrong in such cases as this.

5726. *hir Sostres mynde*, 'her sister's memory.'

5730. *guile under the gore*, that is, deceit concealed, as it were, under a cloak: cp. l. 6680. The expression 'under gore' is common enough, meaning the same as 'under wede,' and this alliterative form looks like a proverbial expression.

5734-5768. All this is original.

5737. *so grete a wo*: cp. l. 6452, and see Introduction, p. cx.

5778. 'nec scit quid tradat in illis,' *Metam.* vi. 580.

5793. 'Non est lacrimis hic, inquit, agendum, Sed ferro,' *Metam.* vi. 611.

5802 ff. According to Ovid this was done under cover of a Bacchic festival (587 ff.).

5816-5860. This is all original.

5840. *to lytel of me let*: see note on l. 1004.

5891 ff. Gower does well in omitting the circumstances of this which Ovid gives (619-646), and in partially covering the horror of it by the excuse of madness, but there is one touch which ought to have been brought in, 'Ah, quam Es similis patri!' (621).

5910 ff. Ovid says that Philomela threw the gory head into the father's face, and that Tereus endeavoured to vomit up that which he had eaten. Our author has shown good taste in not following him.

5915 ff. This speech is not in Ovid.

5943-6029. Nearly all this is Gower's own. Ovid only says, 'Quarum petit altera silvas: Altera tecta subit' (668 f.). We have already observed upon our author's tendency to make additions of this symbolical kind to the stories which he takes from Ovid: see note on i. 2355.

6020. The reading 'here' is given both by S and F, but 'hire' ('hir'), supported by AJMXGCBs, BT, W, seems to be required by the sense. She informs them of the falseness of her husband, that they also may learn to beware of them, that is of husbands. The combination of 'here'

with the singular 'housebonde,' meaning 'their husbands,' would be very harsh.

6041 ff. 'Ille dolore suo, poenaeque cupidine velox,
Vertitur in volucrem, cui stant in vertice cristae,
Prominet immodicum pro longa cuspidē rostrum.
Nomen Epops volucris, facies armata videtur.'

Metam. vi. 671 ff.

The lapwing is identified with the hoopoe because of its crest. In the *Traité*, xii, where this story is shortly told, Tereus is changed into a 'hupe,'

'Dont dieus lui ad en hupe transformée,
En signe qu'il fuist fals et avoltier,'

while at the same time in the *Mirour*, 8869 ff., the 'hupe' is represented as the bird which tries to deceive those who search for its nest, a description which obviously belongs to the lapwing.

6047. Cp. Chaucer, *Parl. of Foules*, 347, 'The false lapwyng ful of trecherye.'

6053. *goddess forebode*: cp. Chaucer, *Leg. of Good Women*, 10,

'But goddess forbode but men schulde leve,'

where the second form of text has

'But god forbode but men schulde leve.'

We must take 'forebode' as a substantive.

6073. *auht*: modified to suit the rhyme: so 'awht,' i. 2770, and 'naght,' l. 3786, rhyming with 'straght.' The regular forms for Gower are 'oght,' 'noght.'

6145 ff. This is from Ovid, *Metam.* ii. 569-588. Gower has judiciously kept it apart from the story of Coronis and the raven, told by him in the second book, with which it is combined in rather a confusing manner by Ovid. The story is somewhat expanded by Gower.

6150. *wif to Marte*: cp. 1214 f.

6169. *And caste*: cp. l. 4590, and see note on i. 1895.

6197. 'mota est pro virgine virgo, Auxiliumque tulit,' *Metam.* ii. 579 f., but Ovid says nothing of any special prayer to Pallas for help, nor does he represent that Cornix was before in attendance upon that goddess.

6207 ff. This is original and characteristic of our author.

6225 ff. This story is from Ovid, *Metam.* ii. 409-507, but Gower evidently knew it from other sources also, for the name Calistona (or Callisto) is not given by Ovid, who calls her 'virgo Nonacrina' and 'Parrhasis.' Hyginus tells it in various forms, *Fab.* 177 and *Poet. Astr.* ii. 2.

6255. According to Ovid, Diana was quite ignorant of the fact, though the nymphs suspected it.

6258. *in a ragerie*, that is 'in sport': cp. Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*,

E 1847, and the use of the verb 'rage,' e.g. i. 1764 and *Cant. Tales*, A 257, 3273, 3958.

6275 ff. 'I procul hinc, dixit, nec sacros pollue fontes,' *Metam.* ii. 464.

6281. F has a stop after 'schame.'

6291 ff. This address is mostly original: cp. *Metam.* ii. 471 ff.

6334 ff. 'Arcuit omnipotens, pariterque ipsosque nefasque

Sustulit, et celeri raptos per inania vento

Imposuit caelo vicinaque sidera fecit.'

Metam. ii. 505 ff.

Latin Verses, x. The idea expressed is that though examples of virginity can only be produced through marriage, yet virginity is nobler than marriage, as the flower of a rose is nobler than the stock from which it springs. Marriage, in fact, replenishes the earth, but virginity heaven: cp. *Trait.* ii.

6359 ff. Cp. *Mirour*, 17119 ff., where the saying is attributed to Jerome, who says in fact that precedence was given in the streets to the Vestal Virgins by the highest magistrates, and even by victors riding in the triumphal car (*adv. Jovin.* ii. 41).

6372 ff. Cp. *Mirour*, 18301 ff. The anecdote is taken from Valerius Maximus, *Mem.* iv. 5, but the name in the original is 'Spurina,' and he does not thrust out his eyes, but merely destroys the beauty of his face. In the *Mirour* it is 'Coupa ses membres.'

6385 ff. 'So may I prove that, if a man will weigh the virtues, he will find that virginity is to be praised above all others.' The sentence is disordered for the sake of the rhymes: cp. ii. 709 ff.

6389. The quotation from the Apocalypse is given in the margin of SΔ and in *Mirour*, 17053 ff. The reference is to Rev. xiv. 4.

6398 ff. This also appears in *Mirour*, 17089 ff., and *Traité*, xvi. It may have been taken from the *Epistola Valerii ad Rufinum*.

6402. The margin makes him 'octogenarius,' and so it is also in the *Mirour* and *Traité*, as well as in the *Epistola Valerii*.

6435 ff. This shows more knowledge than could have been got from the *Roman de Troie*. The story is told by Hyginus, *Fab.* 121, but not exactly as we have it here. This 'Criseide' daughter of Crisis' should be distinguished from the Criseide daughter of Calchas (Briseida in the *Roman de Troie*), who is associated with Troilus, if it is worth while making distinctions where so much confusion prevails.

6442. *dangerous*, that is, 'grudging' or 'reluctant': cp. Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, D 1090, and see note on i. 2443.

6452. *So grete a lust*: cp. l. 5737 and Introduction, p. cx.

6498. *as a Pock doth*. It is difficult to see the appropriateness of the comparison, for to 'stalke' is to go cautiously or secretly, and that is evidently the meaning here, so that any idea of display is out of the question. The peacock was supposed to be ashamed of its

6395* ff. Cp. *Mirour*, 17067 and note.

ugly feet, cp. *Mirour*, 23459, and in the *Secretum Secretorum* we actually have the expression 'humilis et obediens ut pavo,' translated by Lydgate (or Burgh) 'Meeke as a peacock.' Albertus Magnus says, 'Cum aspicitur ad solem, decorem ostentat, et alio tempore occultat quantum poterit' (*De Animalibus*, 23). There seems to have been a notion that it was liable to have its pride humbled and to slink away ashamed.

6526. *bile under the winge*, that is, concealed, as a bird's head under its wing: apparently proverbial.

6541. *I mai remene . . . mene*. This is apparently the reading of the MSS. The meaning of 'remene' is properly to bring back. It is used earlier, i. 279, with reference to the application of the teaching about vices generally to the case of love, and here it seems to have much the same sense. 'So that I may apply what has been said about this craft directly' ('Withouten help of eny mene') to the case of lovers, they being very evidently offenders in this way.

6581. *hire it is*: but in l. 4470, 'It schal ben hires.'

6608 ff. For the construction see note on i. 718.

6620. *Danger*: see note on i. 2443.

6634. *slyke*: cp. l. 7092*, 'He can so wel hise wordes slyke.' The word means properly to smoothe, hence to flatter: cp. the modern 'sleek.'

6635. *Be him*, &c., i. e. by his own resources or by the help of any other.

6636. *To whom*: see note on i. 771.

6654. *a nyht*, i. e. by night, also written 'anyht,' ii. 2857.

6672. *Protheüs*, that is Proteus: cp. note on l. 3082.

6674. *in what liknesse*, 'into any form whatsoever.'

6680. *under the palle*, 'in secret,' like 'under the gore,' l. 5730.

6718 ff. From Ovid, *Metam.* iv. 192-255, but with several changes. In the original story the Sun-god came to Leucothoe by night and in the form of her mother. Clytie (not Clymene) discovered the fact (without the aid of Venus) and told it to the father; and it was an incense plant which grew from the place where Leucothoe was buried.

6757. For the expression cp. iii. 2555, 'Achastus, which with Venus was Hire priest.'

6779. This change into a flower which follows the sun is suggested by *Metam.* iv. 266 ff., where we are told that Clytie was changed into a heliotrope. Here it is a sun-flower apparently.

6807 ff. From Ovid, *Fasti*, ii. 305-358. The 'mistress' of whom Ovid speaks is Omphale, but Gower supposed it to be Iole. He gets 'Thophis' as the name of the cave from a misunderstanding of l. 317, and apparently he read 'Saba' for 'Lyda' in l. 356, out of which he has got his idea of a goddess Saba with attendant nymphs. This feature, though based on a mistake, is a decided improvement of the story, which is told by Gower in a spirited and humorous manner.

6848 ff. The reading of X in this passage is also that of GOAd.

6899. The punctuation is that of F.

6932. *al a route*: so iv. 2145, cp. l. 6257, 'al a compainie.'

7013. Cp. *Mirour*, 7181 ff.

7048. This is a nautical metaphor, 'so near the wind will they steer.' The verb 'love' is the modern 'luff,' meaning to bring a ship's head towards the wind. The substantive 'lof' (genit. 'loves') means in ME. a rudder or some similar contrivance for turning the ship, and 'love' here seems to mean simply to steer. The rhyme with 'glove' makes 'love' from 'lufian' out of the question, even if it gave a satisfactory sense.

7140. *gon offre*. The ceremony of 'offering' after mass was one which involved a good deal of etiquette as regards precedence and so on, cp. Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, A 449 ff., and ladies apparently were led up to the altar on these occasions by their cavaliers.

7179. 'If I might manage in any other way,' like the expression '(I cannot) away with,' &c.

7195 ff. The story comes no doubt from Benoît, *Rom. de Troie*, 2851-4916, where it is told at much greater length. Guido does not differ much as regards the incidents related by Gower, but by comparing the two texts in some particular places we can tell without much difficulty which was Gower's source. For example, in the speech of Hector Benoît has,

'Veez Europe que il ont,
La tierce partie del mont,
Où sont li meillor chevalier.' 3791 ff.,

while Guido says, 'Nostis enim . . . totam Affricam et Europam hodie Grecis esse subiectam, quanta Greci multitudine militum sunt suffulti,' &c. See below, 7340 ff.

The story is told by Gower with good judgement, and he freely omits unnecessary details, as those of the mission of Antenor to Greece. The debate in Priam's parliament is shortened, and the speeches of Hector and Paris much improved.

7197 ff. Cp. 3303 ff.

7202. The sentence is broken off and resumed in a different form: see note on i. 98.

7015* ff. Cp. *Mirour*, 7156 ff.

7033*. *And that*, i. e. 'And provided that.'

7092*. See note on l. 6634.

7105* ff. The tale is told also in the *Mirour de l'Omme*, 7093-7128. It is to be found in the *Gesta Romanorum* (which however is not Gower's source), and in various other places. Cicero tells what is practically the same story of Dionysius of Syracuse (*De Nat. Deorum*, iii. 34), but the acts of sacrilege were committed by him in various places. The golden mantle was taken from the statue of Zeus at Olympia, and the beard from that of Aesculapius at Epidaurus, the justification in this latter case being that Apollo, the father of Aesculapius, was always represented without a beard. Those who repeated the anecdote in the Middle Ages naturally missed this point. We may note that Dyonis is the name given in the *Mirour*.

7213 ff. Cp. *Rom. de Troie*, 2779 ff.

7235 ff. *Rom. de Troie*, 3029 ff. Gower has judiciously cut short the architectural details.

7275. *Esionam*: see note on l. 6719.

7307. *in his yhte*, 'in his possession.' For the substance of these lines cp. *Rom. de Troie*, 2915-2950.

7372. *schape ye*, imperative, for *schapeth*; so 'Sey ye' in l. 7435.

7377. *Strong thing*, i.e. a hard thing to bear. This is apparently a translation of the French 'fort,' which was very commonly used in the sense of 'difficult': see the examples in Godefroy's Dictionary, e.g. 'forte chose est de çou croire,' 'fors choses est a toi guerrier ancontre moi.'

7390 ff. 'Ten men have been seen to deal with a hundred and to have had the better.'

7400. *Rom. de Troie*, 3842, 'L'autrier ès kalendes de Mai,' &c. The word 'ender' is an adjective meaning 'former,' originally perhaps an adverb. It is used only in the expressions 'ender day' and 'ender night.' The combination 'enderday' occurs in i. 98.

7420. *Rom. de Troie*, 3889 f.,

'Cascune conseilla à mei
Privéement et en segrei,' &c.

7451 ff. For Cassandra as the Sibyl cp. Godfrey of Viterbo, *Pantheon*, p. 214 (ed. 1584).

7497 f. 'Molt est isnele Renommée,
Savoir fist tost par la contrée,' &c.

Rom. de Troie, 4299 ff.

7555 ff. The further incidents of the embarkation and of the voyage home, *Rom. de Troie*, 4505-4832, are omitted.

7576 f. Cp. *Rom. de Troie*, 4867 ff.

7591 ff. This incident is related in the *Rom. de Troie*, 17457 ff. The occasion was an anniversary celebration at the tomb of Hector, and though the temple of Apollo is not actually named here by Benoît, it has been previously described at large as Hector's burial place.

7597 ff. The scene in Chaucer's *Troilus*, i. 155 ff., is well known. He took it from Boccaccio.

7612. In the treatment of Avarice Gower has departed entirely from the plan of fivefold division which he follows in the first three books, as throughout in the *Mirour*. In the sixth book he deliberately declines to deal with more than two of the branches of Gule (vi. 12 f.), and the treatment of Lechery is also irregular.

7651. *here tuo debat*, i.e. the strife of those two.

7716. *the Cote for the hod*: that is, he gets a return larger than the amount that he gave; a different form of the expression from that which we have in l. 4787.

7719. *hors*: probably plural in both cases.

7724. 'If a man will go by the safe way.'

7736 ff. This saying is not really quoted from Seneca, but from Caecilius Balbus, *Nug. Phil.* xi. It must have been in Chaucer's mind when he wrote 'Suffice unto thy good, though it be smal,' that is, 'Adapt thy life to thy worldly fortune.'

7830 f. I take this to mean, 'And suddenly to meet his flowers the summer appears and is rich.' For the meaning of 'hapneth' see the examples in the *New English Dictionary*.

7838. *be war*: written as one word in F and afterwards divided by a stroke.

LIB. VI.

Latin Verses. i. 6. *ruit* seems to be transitive, 'casts down.'

i. 7. Rather involved in order: 'on the lips which Bacchus intoxicates and which are plunged in sleep.'

4. *mystymed*, 'unhappily produced.' In other places, as i. 220, iii. 2458, the word seems to mean to order or arrange wrongly. The OE. 'mistimian' means to happen amiss.

7. *dedly*, 'mortal,' i. e. subject to death.

34. *wext*, 'he waxeth': for the omission of the pronoun see note on i. 1895 and cp. ll. 149, 213, 367, below.

57. For the form of expression cp. i. 380, ii. 2437, and below, l. 106.

59. *sterle* is for 'stert,' pres. tense.

70. *in vers*, that is 'in order.' The word 'vers' is given in Godefroy's Dictionary with the sense 'state,' 'situation'; e.g. *Rom. de la Rose*, 9523 ff.,

'Malement est changies li vers,
Or li vient li gieus si divers,
Qu'el ne puet ne n'ose joer.'

71 f. Cp. *Mirour*, 8246 f.

84. *the jolif wo*: cp. i. 88, vii. 1910, and *Balades*, xii. 4, 'Si porte ades le jolif mal sanz cure.'

105. *of such a thew*, 'by such a habit' (i.e. of love), to be taken with 'dronkelew.'

144. *hovedance*, 'court dance': see *New Eng. Dictionary*.

145. *the newefot*: written thus as one word in S and F: it must be regarded as the name of some dance.

160. *it am noght I*: cp. Chaucer, *Leg. of G. Women*, 314, 'sir, hit am I,' *Cant. Tales*, A 1736, &c.

188. *holde forth the lusti route*: perhaps simply, 'continue to be with the merry company.' See 'forth' in the Glossary.

218. *vernage*: the same wine that is called 'gernache' or 'garnache' in the *Mirour de l'Omme*, 'vernaccia' in Italian, but whether a wine of Italy or Greece seems uncertain.

221. *at myn above*: see note on iv. 914.

239. *the blanche fievere*: cp. Chaucer, *Troilus*, i. 916, with Skeat's note.

249. Cp. Chaucer, *Troilus*, i. 420, 'For hete of cold, for cold of hete, I dye.'

253. *of such reles*: this seems to men 'of such strength,' and 'relais' perhaps has a somewhat similar sense in *Mirour*, 3021,

'C'est droit qu'il sente le relais
De la tempeste et de l'orage.'

As in the modern 'relay,' the idea of ceasing or of relaxation may be accompanied by the notion of fresh vigour taking the place of exhaustion, and so the word may stand simply for strength or freshness.

If this explanation is not admissible, we must suppose that 'reles' means here the power of relaxing or dissolving.

285 f. Cp. *Rom. de la Rose*, 4326 f.,

'C'est la soif qui tous jors est ivre,
Yvrece qui de soif s'enyvre.'

290. *liste*: perhaps pret. subjunctive; so l. 606, and 'leste,' 357.

296. *be the bend*, i.e. 'by the band,' at his girdle.

811 f. 'This for the time alleviates the pain for him who has no other joy.' 'As for the time yit' means simply 'for the time,' cp. ll. 738, 893.

821. For 'men' with singular verb cp. ii. 659, v. 5510, 6045, vii. 1352, and Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, A 149, &c.

830 ff. Cp. viii. 2252 ff. and *Traicté*, xv. 2. The poet referred to in the margin is perhaps Homer, who is quoted in the *Rom. de la Rose* as authority for an arrangement somewhat similar to that described here:

'Jupiter en toute saison
A sor le suel de sa maison,
Ce dit Omers, deus plains tonneaus;
Si n'est viex hons ne garçonneaus,
N'il n'est dame ne damoisele,
Soit vielle ou jone, laide ou bele,
Qui vie en ce monde reçoive,
Qui de ces deus tonneaus ne boive.
C'est une taverne planière,
Dont Fortune la tavernière
Trait aluine et piment en coupes' &c. 6836 ff. (ed. Méon).

Gower has applied the idea especially to the subject of love, and has made Cupid the butler instead of Fortune. The basis in Homer is *Il.* xxiv. 527 ff.,

δοιοὶ γάρ τε πίθοι κατακείται ἐν Διὸς οὔδει, κ.τ.λ.

360. *trouble* is properly an adjective, cp. v. 4160. The corrupt reading 'chere' for 'cler' has hitherto obscured the sense.

399 ff. This story of Bacchus is told by Hyginus, *Poet. Astr.* ii, under the heading 'Aries.'

437. *a riche temple*. This was the temple of Jupiter Ammon.

439. 'To remind thirsty men' of the power of prayer.

485 ff. The story is from Ovid, *Metam.* xii. 210 ff.

502 f. *thilke tonne drouh, wherof*, &c., 'drew such wine for them

that by it,' &c. See note on i. 771 and cp. ll. 618 and 1249 of this book.

537. I do not know what authority is referred to.

598. *unteid*, 'set free,' so 'wandering abroad.'

609. The name of this second branch of Gluttony has not been mentioned before.

632 f. 'so long as he has wealth by which he may be provided with the means.' For the use of 'founde' cp. v. 2690 and Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, C 537, 'How gret labour and cost is thee to fynde!' (addressing the belly).

640. *for the point of his relief*, 'in order to please him,' so below 'he is noght relieved,' l. 678.

656. *toke*, subjunctive, 'how he should take it.'

662. After this line a couplet is inserted by Pauli from the Harleian MS. 7184 (H₃),

'To take metes and drinkes newe,
For it schulde alwey eschewe.'

The lines are nonsense and have no metre. They come originally from K, the copyist of which apparently inserted them out of his own head, to fill up a space left by the accidental omission of two lines (645 f.) a little above in the same column. He was making his book correspond column for column with the copy, and therefore discovered his mistake when he reached the bottom, but did not care to draw attention to it by inserting what he had omitted.

663. 'Physique' is apparently meant for the Physics of Aristotle, and something very like this maxim is to be found there, but the quotation, 'Consuetudo est altera natura,' is actually taken from the *Secretum Secretorum* (ed. 1520, f. 21).

664. The transposition after this line of the passage ll. 665-964, which occurs in MSS. of the second recension, is not accidental, as we see by the arrangements made afterwards for fitting in the passage (l. 1146). The object apparently was to lay down the principle 'Delicie corporis militant aduersus animam,' illustrated by the parable of Dives and Lazarus, before proceeding to the discussion of 'Delicacie' in the case of love, and this is perhaps the more logical arrangement; but the alteration, as it is made, involves breaking off the discussion here of the ill effects of change, and resuming it after an interval of nearly two hundred lines.

674. *Awise hem wel*, i. e. 'let them take good heed.'

683. 'Without regard to her honour': cp. *Balades*, xxii. 4, 'Salvant toutdis l'estat de vostre honour.'

709. *abeched*, from the French 'abechier,' to feed, used properly of feeding young birds. The word 'refreched' is conformed to it in spelling.

728. The reading of Pauli, 'I say I am nought gilteles,' just reverses the sense. Berthelette has the text right here.

* *

L 1

788. *for a time yit*: cp. 311, 'As for the time yit,' and 893, 'As for the while yit.'

770. 'Without wrinkle of any kind,' cp. *Mirour*, 10164, 'Car moult furont de noble grein'; or perhaps 'Without the smallest wrinkle,' 'grein' being taken to stand for the smallest quantity of a thing: cp. ii. 3310.

778. Cp. Chaucer, *Book of the Duchess*, 939 ff.

785. *schapthe*. For this form, which is given by S and F, cp. the word 'sseppe,' meaning 'creature' or 'form,' which occurs repeatedly in the *Ayenbite of Inwyte*.

800. 'And if it seemed so to all others.' The person spoken of throughout this passage as 'he,' 'him,' is the eye of the lover. This seems to itself to have sufficient sustenance by merely gazing on the beloved object, and if it seemed so to all others also, that is, to the other senses, the eye would never cease to feed upon the sight: but they, having other needs, compel it to turn away.

809. *as thogh he faste*: the verb seems to be pret. subjunctive, as 'syhe' down below.

817. *tireth*. This expresses the action of a falcon pulling at its prey: cp. Chaucer, *Troilus*, i. 787, 'Whos stomak foules tiren everemo.' The word is used in the same sense also in the *Mirour*, 7731.

845. *mi ladi goode*, 'my lady's goodness.'

857. Lombard cooks were celebrated, and there was a kind of pastry called 'pain lumbard,' *Mirour*, 7809.

879. The romance of Ydoine and Amadas is one of those mentioned at the beginning of the *Cursor Mundi*. It has been published in the 'Collection des poètes français du moyen âge' (ed. Hippeau, 1863). Amadas is the type of the lover who remains faithful through every kind of trial.

891. *a cherie feste*: cp. Prol. 454. It is an expression used for pleasures that last but a short time: cp. Audelay's Poems (Percy Soc. xiv) p. 22,

'Hit fallus and fadys forth so doth a chere fayre'

(speaking of the glory of this world).

893. Cp. 311, 738.

897. *he*, i. e. my ear.

908. *me lacketh*: the singular form is due perhaps to the use of the verb impersonally in many cases.

961. *excede*, subjunctive, 'so as to go beyond reason.'

986 ff. This story furnishes a favourable example of our author's style and versification. It is told simply and clearly, and the verse is not only smooth and easy, but carefully preserved from monotony by the breaking of the couplet very frequently at the pauses: see 986, 998, 1006, 1010, 1016, &c.

995. We have remarked already upon Gower's fatalism, iii. 1348, &c. Here we may refer also to ll. 1026, 1613, 1702, for further indications of the same tendency.

1059. *is overronne*, that is, 'has passed beyond.'

1110. *descryve*, apparently 'understand,' 'discern,' perhaps by that confusion with 'descry' which is noted in the *New Engl. Dictionary*.

1149 f. These two lines are omitted without authority by Pauli.

1176. That is, though they had rendered no services for which they ought to be so distinguished.

1180. *sojorned*: the word is used in French especially of a horse kept in stable at rack and manger and refreshed for work: see *Mirour*, Glossary.

1216. 'So that that pleasure should not escape him.'

1245. *out of feere*, 'without fear.'

1262. *unwar*, here 'unknown': cp. Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, B 427, 'The unwar wo or harm that comth behinde.'

1295. Originally geomancy seems to have been performed, as suggested in this passage, by marks made in sand or earth, then by casual dots on paper: see the quotations under 'geomancy' in the *New Engl. Dictionary*. Gower here mentions the four recognized kinds of divination, by the elements of earth, water, fire, and air.

1306 ff. It is practically certain that Gower was acquainted with the treatise ascribed to Albertus Magnus, called *Speculum Astronomiae* or *De libris licitis et illicitis* (*Alberti Magni Opera*, v. 655 ff.), since he seems to follow it to a great extent not only here, but also in his list of early astronomers (vii. 1449 ff.). There are however some things here which he must have had from other sources; for there is no mention in the above-mentioned treatise of 'Spatula,' 'Babilla,' 'Cernes,' 'Honorius.'

1312. *comun rote*, that is, apparently, 'common custom.' The word 'rote' is used also below, l. 1457, where it appears to mean 'condition.' It must be the same as that which appears in the phrase 'by rote,' and it is difficult to believe that it can be the French 'route,' as is usually said. The rhyme here and in l. 1457, as well as those in Chaucer (with 'cote,' 'note'), show that the 'o' had an open sound, and this would be almost impossible from French 'ou.' The expression 'par routine' or 'par rotine' is given by Cotgrave as equivalent to the English 'by rote,' but I am not aware of any use of such an expression in French as early as the fourteenth century. Many of the examples of the phrase 'by rote' seem to have to do with singing or church services (cp. Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, B 1712, *Piers Plowmans Crede*, 379), and Du Cange gives a quotation in which 'rotæ' seems to mean 'chants' or 'hymns' ('rota,' 6). From such a sense as this the idea of a regular order of service, and thence of 'custom,' 'habit,' might without much difficulty arise.

1314 ff. The following passage from the *Spec. Astronomiae*, cap. 10, gives most of the names and terms which occur in these lines: 'Ex libris vero Toz Graeci est liber de stationibus ad cultum Veneris, qui sic incipit: *Commemoratio historiarum* . . . Ex libris autem Salomonis est liber de quatuor anulis, quem intitulat nominibus quatuor discipulorum suorum, qui sic incipit: *De art: eutonica et ideica*, &c. Et liber

de nouem candariis . . . Et alius paruus de sigillis ad dæmoniacos, qui sic incipit: *Caput sigilli gendal et tanchil.*

1816. *Razel.* 'Est autem unus liber magnus Razielis, qui dicitur liber institutionum,' &c. In MS. Ashmole 1730 there is a letter to Dr. Richard Napier from his nephew at Oxford, speaking of a book of Solomon in the University Library called *Cephar Rasiel*, that is, he explains, 'Angelus magnus secreti Creatoris,' of which he proposes to make a copy, having obtained means of entering the library at forbidden hours. Again, in MS. Ashmole 1790 there is a description of this book.

1820. 'cui adiungitur liber Beleni de horarum opere,' *Spec. Astron.* p. 661. The seal of Ghenbal is the 'sigillum gendal,' mentioned in the former citation.

1321 f. *thymage Of Thebith.* Thebith (or Thebit) stands for Thabet son of Corah, a distinguished Arabian mathematician, to whom were attributed certain works on astrology and magic that were current in Latin. Thus we find *Thebit de imaginibus* very commonly* in MSS., and a *Liber Thebit ben Corat de tribus imaginibus magicis* was printed in 1559 at Frankfort. In this latter book the author says, 'Exercentur quoque hae imagines in amore vel odio, si fuerit actor earum prouidus et sapiens in motibus coeli ad hoc utilibus.' Thebith is mentioned several times in the *Spec. Astronomiae*, e. g. p. 662, 'Super istis imaginibus reperitur unus liber Thebith eben Chorath,' &c. We must take 'therupon' in l. 1321 to mean 'more-over,' for it is not to be supposed that the image of Thebith was upon the seal of Ghenbal.

1338. The 'Naturiens' are those who pursue the methods of astrology, as opposed to those who practise necromancy ('nigromance') or black magic.

1356. *He bede nevere*: see note on v. 4455.

1359. *red*, originally written 'rede' in F, but the final letter was afterwards erased. See Introduction, p. cxiv.

1371 f. The rhyme requires that 'become,' 'overcome' shall either be both present or both preterite (subjunctive), and 'wonne' seems to decide the matter for preterite. The only difficulty is 'have I' for 'hadde I' in l. 1370, the latter being required also by the sense (for the reference is to the former time of youth), but not given by the MSS. 'So that I wonne' means 'Provided that I won.'

1391 ff. This story is from the *Roman de Troie*, 28571-28666, 29629-30092. Guido does not differ as to the main points, but there are several details given by Gower from Benoît which are not found in Guido. In particular the ensign carried by Telegonus is mentioned by Guido only in telling of the dream of Ulysses. Some of the passages which tend to show that Benoît was our author's authority are noted below.

1408. *al the strengthe of herbes*: a poem *De Viribus Herbarum* passed in the Middle Ages under the name of Macer.

1422. The mention of 'nedle and ston' in this connexion is a rather daring anachronism, for which of course Gower is responsible.

1424. *Cilly*. Benoît says 'les isles d'Oloi,' and Guido 'in Eolidem insulam,' but Sicily has been mentioned shortly before.

1438 f. Cp. *Rom. de Troie*, 28594 ff. Guido does not mention it.

1441. 'S'el sot des arz, il en sot plus,' *Rom. de Troie*, 28641.

1445 ff. Benoît says nothing of this, but the story of the adventures of Ulysses was to some extent matter of common knowledge in the Middle Ages. Gower may have had it from Ovid, *Metam.* xiv. 277 ff. Guido says in a general way that Circe was in the habit of transforming those who resisted her power into beasts.

1457. *into such a rote*, that is, 'into such a habit' (or 'condition') : see note on l. 1312.

1467. *toswolle bothe sides*, 'with both her sides swollen' : cp. *Rom. de Troie*, 28660 f.,

'Et si li lesse les costez
Toz pleins, ço quit, de vif enfant.'

1474. *understode* : subj., see note on Prol. 460.

1481. *on of al the beste*, see note on iv. 2606.

1513 f. *margin*. This quotation is not from Horace, but from Ovid, *Pont.* iv. 3. 35. Cp. *Mirour*, 10948, where the same quotation occurs and is attributed as here to 'Orace.'

1524. The form 'stature' is required by the metre here, and is given by the best MSS. of the second and third recensions. In Prol. 891, where 'statue' occurs, it is reduced to a monosyllable by elision, and so it is in Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, A 975, 1955. The forms 'statura,' 'stature,' are found with this sense in the Latin and French of the time.

1541 ff. 'Et si me disoit : Hulixes
Saiches, ceste conjuncions,
Cist vouloir, ceste asembloisons,
Que de moi et de toi desirres,
Ce sunt dolors et mortex ires.'

Rom. de Troie, 29670 ff.

The prediction, however, that one of the two would have his death by reason of their meeting comes later, 29699, whereas Guido combines the materials here much in the same way as Gower.

1552 ff. This idea of a pennon embroidered with a device is Gower's own conception, constructed from the not very clear or satisfactory account of the matter given by his authority here and later, 29819 ff. The fact is that Benoît did not understand the expression used in the Latin book (the so-called 'Dictys Cretensis') which he was here following, the passage being probably corrupt in his copy, and consequently failed to make it intelligible to his readers. The original statement (made with reference to the ensign carried afterwards by Telegonus) is, 'Ithacam venit gerens manibus quoddam hastile, cui summitas

marinae turturis osse armabatur, scilicet insigne insulae eius in qua genitus erat.' The meaning apparently is that his spearhead was made of a sea-turtle's shell. Benoît, in recounting the vision, says that the figure which appeared bore upon the steel head of his lance a crown worked of the bone of a sea-fish,

'Portoit une coronne ovrée
D'os de poisson de mer salée.' 29687 f.

Then afterwards, in telling of the departure of Telegonus to seek his father, he says that, to show of what country he was, he bore on the top of his lance the sign of a sea-fish worked like a tower,

'En semblance de tor ovrée.' 29822.

Guido apparently was not able to make much of this, and after saying, in the account of the dream, that at the top of the lance there appeared 'quedam turricula tota ex piscibus artificiose composita' (Bodl. MS. Laud 645, with variants 'craticula,' MS. Add. 365, 'curricula,' printed editions), he subsequently omitted mention of the recognisance.

1561 f. *A signe it is . . . Of an Empire.* Benoît has,

'Que c'iert d'ampire conoissance
Et si aperte demostrance
Que por ce seroient devis,' &c. 29695 ff.,

which may perhaps mean, 'that it was the cognisance of a kingdom and a sign that they should be divided.' In Guido, however, it is 'hoc est signum impie disiunctionis' (MS. Laud 645 and printed text), or 'hoc est signum impii et disiunctionis' (MS. Add. 365).

1567 f. Cp. 2296 ff.

1608 ff. For the order of the clauses here cp. ii. 709, iv. 3520 ff.

1622 ff. *That*, for 'Til that'; cp. iv. 3273, v. 3422.

1636. 'And he made himself ready forthwith.' For the omission of the pronoun even where the subject is changed cp. v. 3291, 4590.

1637 ff. Cp. *Rom. de Troie*, 29824 ff. Guido says nothing about it.

1643. That is, 'to avoid espial and wrong suspicions.'

1656. *Rom. de Troie*, 29801 f.,

'A Hulyxes, qui fut ses druz,
Mande par lui v. c. saluz.'

Guido says nothing about this.

1660. *Nuchaie*, a mistake for 'Acaie,'

'Tant qu'il vint droit en Acaie';

and this again seems to be from 'Ithaca.'

1685. *and welnyh ded*: cp. *Rom. de Troie*, 29906 f. Guido says only 'et ab illis est grauiter vulneratus.'

1689. Gower has judiciously reduced the number from fifteen (*Rom. de Troie*, 29902).

1696. *for wroth*, that is, 'by reason that he was wroth': see note on iv. 1330. We can hardly take 'wroth' as a substantive.

1701. 'Se il ne fust un poi guenchiz,' *Rom. de Troie*, 29939.

1707. *With al the signe*, 'together with the signe,' like the French 'ove tout'; cp. *Mirour* 4 (note).

1745 f. *Rom. de Troie*, 30022 ff. Guido omits this.

1769 ff. For this repetition cp. 2095 ff.

1785. The 'Cronique imperial' is evidently the story itself, and not any particular book in which it is to be found.

1789 ff. The authority which is mainly followed by our author for this story is the Anglo-Norman *Roman de toute Chevalerie*, by Eustace (or Thomas) of Kent. The beginning of this, including all that we have to do with here, has been printed by M. Paul Meyer in his book on the Alexander romances, 'Bibliothèque française du moyen âge' vol. iv. pp. 195-216. Gower was acquainted, however, also with the Latin *Historia Alexandri de Preliis*, and has made use of this in certain places, as (1) in the account of Philip's vision (2129-2170) where he probably found the French unintelligible, and (2) in the story of the death of Nectanabus (2289 ff.), of which the Latin authority certainly gives the more satisfactory account.

The following are some of the points in which Gower agrees with the *Roman de toute Chevalerie* against the two Latin versions of the story, viz. the *Historia de Preliis* and the *Res Gestae Alexandri* of Valerius: (1) the celebration by Olympias of the festival of her nativity, when she rides out on a white mule and is first seen by Nectanabus, ll. 1823-1880; (2) the omission of the sealing of the queen's womb by Nectanabus, this being introduced only in Philip's vision; (3) the question of the queen as to how she shall procure further interviews with the god, and the answer of Nectanabus, ll. 2109 ff.; (4) the circumstances connected with the egg from which the serpent was hatched, ll. 2219 ff. The English metrical Romance of Alexander, printed by Weber, is also taken from the *Roman de toute Chevalerie*, and consequently the details of it are for the most part the same as those in Gower. It is certain, however, that Gower does not follow this. It would be quite contrary to his practice to follow an English authority, and apart from this there are many small matters here in which he agrees with the French as against the English, e.g. the name Nectanabus, which is Neptanabus in the English (Anectanabus in the *Hist. de Preliis*), the mention of the *nativity* of Olympias as the occasion of her festival, 'Grant feste tint la dame de sa nativité,' the use of the word 'artemage,' l. 1957, the incident of the dragon being changed into an eagle, l. 2200; and such points of correspondence as may seem to suggest a connexion between the two English writers, as in ll. 1844 f., 2231 f., are also to be found in the French. The English alliterative Romance of Alexander follows the *Hist. de Preliis*, and consequently it agrees with Gower in the two passages which have been referred to above.

1798. The sentence is broken off and finished in a different manner. See note on i. 98, and cp. vii. 3632.

1811. *Thre yomen*, &c. This is an addition by Gower. According to

the original story Nectanabus was alone, and this would evidently be the better for his purpose.

1828. *list*. This may be present tense, 'it pleases.' Loss of the final *e* in the preterite would hardly occur except before a vowel: see Introduction, p. cxv. The French original lays stress here on the extravagant desire that women have to display themselves.

1831. *At after*, i. e. 'After,' used especially of meals, cp. l. 1181, and Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, B 1445, F 918 'at after diner,' E 1921 'At after mete,' F 302, 1219 'At after soper,' for which references, as for many others elsewhere, I am indebted to Prof. Skeat's very useful Glossary.

1844 f. The French has

'E tymbres e tabours ont e leur corns corné,' 130,

and later

'Plus de mil damoisels ount le jur karolé,' 140.

The English version of the second line,

'There was maiden es carolyng,'

comes very near to Gower.

1924. *Bot if I sihe*, 'unless I should see,' pret. subj.

1948 ff. This promise is not in the French.

1959 ff. The astrological terms in these lines are due to Gower. The original says that Nectanabus laid the image in a bed with candles lighted round it, bathed it in the juice of certain herbs, and said his charms over it.

1997. *such thing . . . Wherof*: cp. ll. 502, 2398.

2005 f. 'Nectanabus idunc ses karectes fina.'

2062. *putte him*. We should rather read 'put him' with S and F: see Introduction, p. cxvi. The French romance here grotesquely represents Nectanabus as making up a disguise for himself with a ram's head and a dragon's tail, which he joins together with wax, 'e puis dedens se mist.' The Latin *Hist. de Preliis* says simply that he changed himself into a dragon.

2074 ff. The French has,

'Une pel de moton ouvec les cornes prist,

Une coroune d'or sur les cornes assist.'

The punctuation after 'tok' is that of F, but I suspect that 'in signe of his noblesse' belongs really in sense to 2076 f., and refers rather to the crown than to the horns, in which case we ought to set a full stop after 'bar.'

2118. *seth hire grone*, that is, in child-bed.

2128 ff. The French romance, following Valerius in the main, gives a rather confused account of Philip's dream. Gower has turned from it to the *Historia de Preliis*.

2160. *Amphion*. The name apparently is got from 'Antifon,' which occurs below in connexion with the incident of the pheasant's egg.

2182. *rampende*. The French has 'mult fierement rampant.'

2199 ff. The transformation into an eagle is found in Valerius and the French romance, and not in the *Hist. de Preliis*. It may be noted, however, that the picturesque description which we have here of the eagle pruning himself and then shaking his feathers, so that the hall was moved as by an earthquake, is Gower's own.

2219 ff. The Latin accounts say that a bird, according to Valerius a hen, came and laid an egg in Philip's lap as he sat in his hall. The *Rom. de toute Chevalerie* makes the incident take place out in the fields, and the bird, as here, is a pheasant. The expression used, 'Un oef laissat chair sur les curs Phelippun,' seems to mean that the egg was laid in Philip's lap. There is nothing about the heat of the sun in the Latin versions.

2250 ff. These lines refer to the precautions taken by Nectanabus to secure that the child shall be born precisely at the right astrological moment: cp. *Rom. de toute Chevalerie*, 401-425. Gower has chosen to omit the details.

2274. *Calistre*, i. e. Callisthenes, who was reputed to be the author of the history of Alexander which Valerius translated.

2299 ff. The question of Alexander and the answer of Nectanabus is given as here in the *Hist. de Preliis*. In Valerius and the French romance Alexander throws Nectanabus down merely in order to surprise him, and the suggestion that Nectanabus knew that he should die by the hands of his son is not made till afterwards.

2368. *Zorastes*. The statement here about the laughter of Zoroaster at his birth is ultimately derived from Pliny, *Hist. Nat.* vii. 15. It is repeated by Augustine, with the addition 'nec ei boni aliquid monstrosus risus ille portendit. Nam magicarum artium fuisse perhibetur inventor; quae quidem illi nec ad praesentis vitae vanam felicitatem contra suos inimicos prodesse potuerunt; a Nino quippe rege Assyriorum, cum esset ipse Bactrianorum, bello superatus est' (*De Civ. Dei*, xxi. 14).

2381. 'Like wool which is ill spun': cp. i. 10.

2387. *Phitonesse*, cp. iv. 1937.

2411. *betawht To Aristotle*, 'delivered over to Aristotle': 'betawht' is the past partic. of 'beteche,' which occurs afterwards, vii. 4234, and in Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, B 2114, 'Now such a rym the devel I beteche.'

2418. *Yit for a time*: to be taken as one phrase; cp. 'for a while yit,' &c., ll. 311, 738, 893.

LIB. VII.

The account given in the earlier part of this book of the parts of Philosophy, that is, of the objects of human knowledge, represents in its essentials the Aristotelian system. The division into 'Theorique,'

'Rethorique,' and 'Practique' is in effect the same as Aristotle's classification of knowledge as Theoretical, Poetical, and Practical, and the further division of 'Theorique' into Theology, Physics, and Mathematics, and of 'Practique' into Ethics, Economics, and Politics, is that which is made by Aristotle. The statement of Pauli and others that this part of Gower's work is 'very likely borrowed' from the *Secretum Secretorum* is absolutely unfounded. This treatise is not in any sense an exposition of the Aristotelian philosophy, indeed it is largely made up of rules for diet and regimen with medical prescriptions. Gower is indebted to it only in a slight degree, and principally in two places, vii. 2014-2057, the discussion of Liberality in a king, and 3207*-3360*, the tale of the Jew and the Pagan.

The most important authority, however, for the earlier part of the seventh book has hitherto been overlooked. It is the *Trésor* of Brunetto Latini. This book is very largely based upon Aristotle, with whose works Latini was exceptionally well acquainted, and it is from this that Gower takes his classification of the sciences, though in regard to the place of Rhetoric he does not quite agree with Latini, who brings it in under the head of 'Politique,' making Logic the third main branch of philosophy. Gower takes from the *Trésor* also many of his physical and geographical statements and his reference to the debate on the conspiracy of Catiline. On the other hand his astronomy is for the most part independent of the *Trésor*, and so also is his method of dealing with the principles of Government, under the five points of Policy. Brunetto Latini does not treat of politics generally so much as of the practical rules to be observed by the Podestà of an Italian republic. It may be observed that Gower has drawn on the *Trésor* also in the sketch of general history given in the Prologue (ll. 727-820). I refer to pages of the edition of Chabaille, 1863.

26 ff. 'As to which Aristotle . . . declares the "intelligences" under three heads especially.' The meaning of 'intelligences' here and in l. 176, and of 'intelligencias' in the margin, l. 149, seems to be nearly the same as 'sciences,' that is to say, divisions or provinces of knowledge.

155. *Algorisme*. This stands properly for the decimal system of numeration, but the use of the word in the plural, l. 158, shows that Gower did not use it in this sense only. The association of the word 'Algorismes' below with the letters *a, b, c* ('Abece') seems to suggest some kind of algebraical expression, but this is perhaps due to a misunderstanding by Gower of the word 'abaque' (or 'abake') in the *Trésor*, p. 6: 'Et de ce sont li enseignement de l'abaque et de l'augorisme.'

183 ff. 'Ce est la science par laquelle li vii sage s'esforcierent par soutillece de geometrie de trover la grandeur dou ciel et de la terre, et la hautesce entre l'un et l'autre.' *Trésor*, pp. 6, 7.

207 ff. Cp. *Trésor*, p. 15, 'Cele matiere de quoi ces choses furent formées les desvance de naissance, non mie de tens, autressi comme li

sons est devant le chant, . . . et neporquant andui sont ensemble.' Cp. pp. 104, 105.

216. *Ylem*, this is 'hyle' (Gr. ἔλη), the Aristotelian term for matter. For what follows cp. *Trésor*, p. 105.

245. This comparison of the movement of water within the earth to the circulation of blood in the veins, is taken from the *Trésor*, p. 115: 'autressi comme li sangs de l'ome qui s'espant par ses vaines, si que il encherche tout le cors amont et aval.'

256 ff. Cp. *Trésor*, p. 117.

265 ff. This which follows about the Air seems to be partly independent of the *Trésor*, and the word 'periferie' is not there used. Aristotle divides the atmosphere into two regions only, that of *ἀραιός* or moist vapour, corresponding to the first and second periferics here, and that of exhalation (*ἀναθυμίασις*) or fiery vapour, corresponding to the third, *Meteor.* i. 3.

283 f. 'According to the condition under which they take their form.' I suppose the word 'intersticion' to be taken from 'interstitium,' as used with a technical sense in astrology. Albumasar, for example, says, 'Quicquid in hoc mundo nascitur et occidit ex quatuor elementis est compositum, tribus interstitiis educatum, scilicet principio, medio et fine, quae tria in illa quatuor ducta duodecim producunt.' This is the cause, he says, why there are twelve signs of the zodiac, 'Praesunt siquidem haec signa quatuor elementis eorumque tribus interstitiis.' He then explains that the first 'interstitium' of each element is that condition of it which is favourable to production, growth and vigour, the second that which is stationary, and the third that which tends to decay and corruption, so that the word is almost equivalent to condition or quality. (Vincent of Beauvais, *Spec. Nat.* xv. 36.)

302. Cp. *Trésor*, p. 119, 'mais li fors deboutemenz dou vent la destraint et chace si roidement que ele fent et passe les nues et fait toner et espartir.'

307 ff. Cp. *Trésor*, p. 120.

323 ff. *Trésor*, p. 120, 'dont aucunes gens cuident que ce soit li dragons ou que ce soit une estele qui chiet.' What follows about 'exhalations' is not from the *Trésor*.

334. *Assub*. This word is used in Latin translations of Aristotle as an equivalent of 'stella cadens.'

339. *exalacion*. This stands for fiery vapour only, originally a translation of Aristotle's *ἀναθυμίασις*.

351 ff. The names 'Eges' and 'Daaly' (l. 361), must be taken originally from Aristotle's expression *θαλοί καὶ αἴγες*, which he says are names given by some people to various forms of fire in the sky, *Meteor.* i. 4. Our author simply repeated the terms after his authorities and without understanding them. In fact, 'Eges' stands for the same as the 'Capra saliens' of the preceding lines.

389. The idea of the four complexions of man, corresponding to the

four elements, is not due to Aristotle, but we find it in the *Trésor*. The application to matters of love in ll. 393-440 is presumably Gower's own.

405 f. Aristotle says on the contrary, *οἱ μεταγχολικοὶ οἱ πλείστοι λάγνοι εἰσίν*, *Probl.* 30.

487. *To thenke*. For this use of 'may' with the gerund cp. ii. 510, 'I myhte noght To soffre.'

510. 'While the flesh has power to act,' that is during the life of the body.

521 ff. For the geography which follows cp. *Trésor*, pp. 151-153.

534. *the hevene cope*: cp. l. 1579, 'under the coupe of hevene,' where the spelling suggests the Latin 'cupa,' rather than 'capa,' as the origin of the word in this common phrase. The quality of the 'o' in Europe is perhaps doubtful.

586. *Begripeth*: used here as plural, cp. l. 1107: 'calleth' in l. 561 with 'men' (indef.) as the subject is not a case of the same kind.

545. *who that rede*: subj., cp. *Prol.* 460.

559. That is, presumably, double as much as either of the other two: cp. *Trésor*, p. 152, 'car Asie tient bien l'une moitié de toute la terre.'

566. *Canahim*: a mistake for 'Tanaim' (or 'Tanain'), see *Trésor*, p. 152, where the extent of Asia is said to be from the mouths of the Nile and the 'Tanain' (i.e. the Don) as far as the Ocean and the terrestrial Paradise.

593 ff. Cp. *Trésor*, p. 115.

597. Latini says that this is the explanation given by some people of the tides, but he adds that the astronomers do not agree with them (*Trésor*, p. 172).

611. Aristotle does in fact make of *αἰθήρ* a fifth element, of which the heaven and the heavenly bodies consist, but Gower takes this account of it and the name Orbis from the *Trésor*, p. 110, where also we find the comparison to the shell of an egg.

652 ff. 'Sapiens dominabitur astris,' an opinion which is developed in the *Vox Clamantis*, ii. 217 ff.

694. *Bot thorisonte*, 'beyond the horizon': so perhaps in the first text of v. 3306, 'But of his lond' stood for 'Out of his lond.' However, this use of 'but' is not clearly established in Southern ME. and perhaps the reading of the second recension, 'Be thorisonte,' may be right. As regards sense, one is much the same as the other: neither is very intelligible, unless 'thorisonte' means the ecliptic.

699. *thei*, that is the planets, not the signs.

725 ff. Cp. *Trésor*, p. 141.

831. *is that on*, i.e. 'is one,' or 'is the first.'

853. The sun's horses are named by Fulgentius, *Mythol.* ii, in the same order as we have here, 'Erythreus, Actæon, Lampos, Philogeus.' They are said there to represent four divisions of the day, Erythreus, for example, having his name from the red light of morning, and Philogeus from the inclination of the sun towards the earth at evening. Ovid gives a different set of names.

944. 'In whatever degree he shall exercise his powers.'

978. *as it appendeth*, 'as it is fitting,' lit. 'as it belongs': cp. 'appent,' *Mir.* 1535.

979. *natheles*. This word is frequently used by Gower with no sense of opposition, meaning 'moreover' or something similar: cp. i. 21, vii. 3877, &c.

983. It may be observed that (in spite of this reference and that in l. 1043) our author's statements about the number and arrangement of stars in the constellations of the zodiac do not at all correspond with those in the *Almagest*.

983 (margin). *produxit ad esse*, 'brought forth into existence': the infinitive is often used as a substantive in Gower's Latin: e.g. *Prol. Lat. Verses*, iv. 4, v. 6.

989. *hot and drye*. According to the astrologers, Aries, Leo, and Sagittarius preside over the element of fire, and are hot and dry by nature; Taurus, Virgo, Capricornus over that of earth, being dry and cold; Gemini, Libra, Aquarius preside over air, and are hot and moist; while Cancer, Scorpio, and Pisces are moist and cold, having dominion over water (Albumasar, cited by Vincent of Beauvais, *Spec. Nat.* xv. 36).

991 f. Aries and Scorpio are the 'houses' or 'mansions' of Mars, Taurus and Libra of Venus, Gemini and Virgo of Mercury, Cancer of the Moon, Leo of the Sun, Sagittarius and Pisces of Jupiter, Capricornus and Aquarius of Saturn.

1021. *somdiel discordant*: the hot and moist Libra is more in accordance with her nature: see 1111 ff.

1036 f. This statement and the others like it below, 1073, 1089, 1127, 1147, 1198, 1222, may be taken to indicate that the division of the signs was very uncertain in our author's mind. It may be observed that the usual representation of Taurus in star-maps is with his head, not his tail, towards Gemini.

1085. *the risinge*: that is to say, Virgo is the 'exaltation' of Mercury, as well as one of his houses.

1100. For the sense of 'applied' cp. v. 913.

1115 f. Libra is the exaltation of Saturn.

1135. That is to say, Scorpio is the 'fall' of Venus, being the sign opposite to one of her houses, namely Taurus.

1155 f. Sagittarius is a house of Jupiter, and it is opposite to Gemini, which is one of the houses of Mercury.

1162. *The Plowed Oxe*, i.e. the ox that has ploughed the land.

1166. Then the swine are killed and the larder, or bacon-tub, comes into use.

1175. Capricorn is the 'fall' of the Moon, being opposite to her house, Cancer, as the next sign Aquarius is that of the Sun, see l. 1190.

1216. 'Piscis' is the reading of the MSS. here in text and margin, but 'Pisces' in l. 1253.

1229 ff. That is, Pisces is a house of Jupiter and the exaltation of Venus.

1239 ff. The reference is apparently to the *Introductorium* of Albu-masar, but the printed editions of this give an abbreviated text which does not help us here. A fuller translation of the original may be found in manuscript, e.g. MS. Digby 194, where something more or less corresponding to this may be found on f. 55, but the Arabic names of places make it difficult to follow.

1281 ff. This account of the fifteen stars with their herbs and stones is taken by Gower from a treatise called 'Liber Hermetis de xv stellis et de xv lapidibus et de xv herbis, xv figuris,' &c., which may be found in several manuscripts, e.g. MSS. Ashmole 341 (f. 123) and 1471 (f. 120v°): cp. l. 1437, where Hermes is mentioned as the authority. Some information as to the names of the stars here mentioned may be found in Ideler's *Untersuchungen über den Ursprung und die Bedeutung der Sternnamen*, 1809.

1292 ff. 'Et scias quod stelle fixe habent fortuna et infortunia quem-admodum et planete' (*Lib. Herm.*).

1317. 'anabulla seu titimallum.'

1329. *Algol*, or Caput Algol, the Arabic 'Ras el-ghûl' (devil's head), in Perseus.

1338. *Alhaiot*, probably for 'Alhaioc,' that is Capella, from the Arabic 'El-'aijûk.'

1343. 'prassium seu marrubium.'

1345. *Canis maior*, 'Alhabor,' i. e. Sirius.

1356. *Canis minor*, 'Algomeiza,' i. e. Procyon.

1362. *Primerole*: in the *Liber Hermetis* we have here 'solsecium, quam elitropiam vocant.'

1364. *Arial*, apparently 'Cor Leonis,' i. e. Regulus.

1367. *Gorgonsa*: 'gregonza' in MS. Ash. 341.

1375. 'lappacium maius.'

1378. *gret riote*: 'color huius niger est, faciens hominem iratum, animosum et audacem et mala cogitantem et maledicentem . . . et faciens fugere demones et congregare.'

1379 ff. 'Nona stella dicitur Atimet Alaazel, . . . et est ex natura Veneris et Mercurii, et dicitur stella pulchritudinis et rationis,' &c. The name 'Atimet Alaazel' is from the Arabic 'El-simâk el-a'zal,' that is the star which we call Spica.

1385. *Salge*, Lat. 'salvia.'

1387. 'Decima vero stella Atimet Alrameth, et dicitur saltator, et est ex natura Martis et Iouis.' This is the Arabic 'El-simâk el-râmih,' which we call Arcturus.

1393. *Venenas*: 'Vndecima stella dicitur Benenais et est postrema de ii stellis que sunt in cauda urse maioris.' In Arabic 'Banat Na'sh.'

1401. *Alpheta*, 'Elfetah,' from the Arabic 'El-fak'ah' (the beggar's dish), meaning the constellation which we call the Northern Crown. Here the name stands for the principal star of that constellation, Gemma.

1419. *Botercadent*. The Latin says 'Vultur cadens,' that is perhaps

Vega; but 'Botercadent' would probably be a different star, namely that called in Arabic 'Batn-Kaitos' or Whale's belly.

1426. *Tail of Scorpio*: in the Latin 'Cauda Capricorni.'

1449 ff. These names of the chief authors of the science of astronomy seem to be partly taken from the treatise called *Speculum Astronomiae* or *De libris licitis et illicitis*, cap. ii. (*Alberti Magni Opera*, v. 657): cp. note on vi. 1311 ff. The passage is as follows, under the heading 'De libris astronomicis antiquorum': 'Ex libris ergo qui post libros geometricos et arithmeticos inveniuntur apud nos scripti super his, primus tempore compositionis est liber quem edidit Nembroth gigas ad Iohathonem discipulum suum, qui sic incipit: *Sphaera caeli* &c., in quo est parum proficui et falsitates nonnullae, sed nihil est ibi contra fidem quod sciam. Sed quod de hac scientia vtilius inuenitur, est liber Ptolemaei Pheludensis, qui dicitur Graece Megasti, Arabice Almagesti, . . . quod tamen in eo diligentiae causa dictum est prolixè, commode restringitur ab Azarchele Hispano, qui dictus est Albategni in libro suo. . . . Voluitque Alpetragius corrigere principia et suppositiones Ptolemaei,' &c.

It would seem that, either owing to corruption of his text or to misunderstanding, our author separated the name 'Megasti' from its connexion with Ptolemy and the Almagest, and made of it a book called 'Megaster,' which he attributes to Nemprot.

1461. Alfraganus was author of a book called in Latin *Rudimenta Astronomica*.

1576 f. *out of herre . . . entriketh*, that is, 'involves (this world) in perplexity, so that it is disordered.'

1579. *coupe of hevenc*, see note on l. 534.

1595 ff. The discussion in the Roman Senate on the fate of the accomplices of Catiline is here taken as a model of rhetorical treatment. The idea is a happy one, but it is borrowed from the *Trésor*, where Latini, after laying down the rules of rhetoric, illustrates them (pp. 505-517) by a report and analysis of the speeches in this debate, as they are given by Sallust. The 'Cillenus' mentioned below is D. Junius Silanus, who as consul-designate gave his opinion first. It is tolerably evident in this passage, as it is obvious in iv. 2647 ff., that Gower did not identify Tullius with Cicero, though Latini actually says, 'Marcus Tullius Cicero, cils meismes qui enseigne l'art de rectorique, estoit adonques consule de Rome.'

1615 ff. Cp. *Trésor*, p. 509, 'mais Jules Cesar, qui autre chose pensoit, se torna as couvertures et as moz dorez, porce que sa matiere estoit contraire,' &c.

1623. *after the lawe*. It may be observed as a matter of fact that the law was on the side of Caesar, and that this was his chief argument against the death penalty.

1706. *Fyf pointz*. The *Secretum Secretorum* recommends to rulers the virtues of Liberality, Wisdom, Chastity, Mercy, Truth, and afterwards of Justice, but there is no very systematic arrangement there,

nor in general does the treatment of the subject, except partly as regards Liberality, resemble Gower's. It has been already observed that the treatment of Politics in the *Trésor* is altogether different from that which we have here.

1783 ff. This story comes originally from 3 Esdras, ch. iii, iv. The names, however, of Arpaghes and Manachaz are not found in the text of that book, and the story of Alcestis, which Zorobabel tells, is of course a later addition, made no doubt by our author.

1809. 'Having his mind so disposed.'

1856. *behelde*, an archaic form, used here for the rhyme.

1884 ff. 3 Esdr. iv. 29, 'Videbam tamen Apemen filiam Bezacis, mirifici concubinam regis, sedentem iuxta regem ad dexteram,' &c.

1961 f. 'He that is true shall never rue,' or some such jingle. Cp. Shaksp. *K. John*, v. 7, 'Nought shall make us rue,
If England to herself do rest but true.'

2000. *laste*, pret. 'lasted': cp. Prol. 672, iv. 2315.

2017 ff. This seems to be suggested by a passage in the *Secretum Secretorum*. 'Reges sunt quattuor. Rex largus subditis et largus sibi, Rex auarus subditis et auarus sibi, Rex auarus sibi et largus subditis, Rex largus sibi et auarus subditis.' This last is pronounced to be the worst, as the first is the best.

2031 ff. This refers to a passage in the *Secretum Secretorum* (ed. 1520, f. 8), which runs thus in the printed edition: 'Que fuit causa destructionis regni calculorum: vnde quia superfluitas expensarum superat redditus ciuitatum, et sic deficientibus redditibus et expensis reges extenderunt manus suas ad res et redditus aliorum. Subditi ergo propter iniuriam clamauerunt ad deum excelsum gloriosum, qui immittens ventum calidum afflixit eos vehementer, et insurrexit populus contra eos et nomina eorum penitus de terra deleuerunt.'

This is obviously corrupt, and it is evident that 'calculorum' stands for a proper name, which Gower read 'Caldeorum,' as it is in MS. Laud 708. Other Bodleian MSS. to which I have referred give 'Saldeorum' (Bodley 181), 'cangulorum' (Add. C. 12), 'singulorum' (Laud 645), 'Anglorum' (Digby 170). 'Nonne' is the reading of the MSS. for 'vnde,' and it seems that 'Que fuit' &c. is also a question.

2089. So in the *Secretum Secretorum* (shortly before the passage quoted above), 'Debes igitur dona dare iuxta posse tuum cum mensura, hominibus indigentibus atque dignis.'

2050. *of ken*, here apparently 'of quality.'

2061 ff. The basis of this story is to be found in Seneca, *De Beneficiis*, v. 24, 'Causam dicebat apud divum Iulium ex veteranis quidam,' &c., but there is no question there of an advocate; the veteran simply gains his case by recalling his personal services. The story appears in a form more like that of Gower in the *Gesta Romanorum*, 87 (ed. Oesterley), but the name Julius is not there mentioned, only 'Quidam imperator.' It may be observed also in general, that

though many stories are common to the *Gesta Romanorum* and the *Confessio Amantis*, there is no instance in which Gower can be proved to have used the *Gesta Romanorum* as his authority. Indeed the tales are there so meagrely and badly told for the most part, that there would be little temptation to turn to it if any other book were available.

Such references as 'dicitur in gestis Romanorum' are not to this book but to Roman History.

Hoccleve tells this story much as we have it here, in his *Regement of Princes*, 3270 ff., e.g.

'Han ye forgote how scharp it with yow ferde,
Whan ye were in the werres of Asie?
Maffeith, your lif stood there in jupartie;
And advocat ne sente I non to yow,
But myself put in prees and for yow faght,' &c.

2115 ff. This anecdote is perhaps taken from the *Trésor*, where it occurs more appropriately as an example of hypocritical excuses for not giving, 'Li Maistres dit: Après te garde de malicieus engin de escon-dire, si comme fist le .rois Antigonus, qui dist à un menestrier qui li demandoit un besant, que il demandoit plus que à lui n'aferoit; et quant il li demanda un denier, il dist que rois ne devoit pas si povrement doner. Ci ot malicieus escondit; car il li pooit bien doner un besant, porce que il estoit rois, ou un denier, porce que il estoit menestrel. Mais Alixandres le fist mieulx; car quant il dona une cité à un home, cil li dist que il estoit de trop bas afaire à avoir cité; Alixandres li respondit: Je ne pren pas garde quel chose tu dois avoir, mais quel chose je doi doner' (p. 412). This may serve as a rather favourable example of Latini's style.

2132. *is in manere*: cp. l. 4344. It seems to mean that the virtue of giving depends on the measure with which it is done: cp. *Praise of Peace*, 53.

2139. *To helpe with*: cp. i. 452, 2172, ii. 283, &c.

2194. *holden up his oil*: cp. l. 2584, 'To bere up oil.' The only other instance which I can quote of this expression is from Trevisa's translation of the *Polychronicon* (Rolls' Series, vol. iii. p. 447, a reference which I owe to Dr. Murray), 'There Alisaundre gan to boste . . . and a greet deel of hem that were at the feste hilde up the kynges oyl.' (In the Latin, 'magna convivantium parte assentiente.') In all these cases it is used of flatterers, and 'oil' seems to stand in this phrase for 'pride' or 'vainglory.' I am disposed to think it is simply the French 'oil,' meaning 'eye,' and getting its present sense from such Biblical expressions as 'oculi sublimium deprimentur,' 'oculos superbiorum humiliabis,' 'oculos sublimes, linguam mendacem'; but I can quote no examples of this meaning in French.

2217 ff. This story is based originally on an anecdote told by Valerius Maximus: 'Idem Syracusis, cum holera ei lavanti Aristippus dixisset, Si Dionysium adulari velles, ista non esses, Immo, inquit, si tu ista

* *

M m

esse velles, non adularere Dionysium' (*Mem.* iv. 3). It has been repeated often in a short form.

2268. *the worldes crok*, that is, the crooked way of the world. See the quotations in the *New Engl. Dictionary* under 'crook,' 12.

2279. *joutes*: see Godefroy's Dictionary, where an instance is quoted of the use of this word in a French version of this very story.

2302. F punctuates after 'pyke,' and no doubt rightly so. The word 'trewely' corresponds to the Latin 'certe' in the margin above.

2355 ff. The Roman Triumph as here related was a commonplace of preachers and moralists, cp. Bromyard, *Summa Praedicatorum*, T. v. 36, 'Triumphus enim secundum Isidorum dicitur a tribus: quia triumphator Romanus cum victoria versus civitatem veniens tres honores habere debuit,' &c. So l. 2366, 'Of treble honour he was certein.' It is also in the *Gesta Romanorum*, 30 (ed. Oesterley), but from neither of these could Gower have got his 'Notheos' (for Ὀνόθεος σκάνδαλον).

2416 ff. This custom is spoken of in Hoccleve's *Regement of Princes* with a marginal reference to the *Vita Iohannis Eleemosynarii*, where it is in fact mentioned (Migne, *Patrol.* vol. 73, p. 354).

2527 ff. From 1 Kings xxii. It will be seen that the story is told rather freely as regards order of events, as if from memory.

2531 (margin). *organizate*, used in a musical sense.

2553. *Godelie*: the person meant is Athaliah.

2584. *bere up oil*: see note on l. 2194.

2660. *astraid*. See *New Engl. Dict.* under 'astray,' *verb* and *adv.*

2698 (margin). No manuscript here gives the reading 'regiminis,' so far as I know; but it is required by the sense, and the reading 'regis' might easily arise from the abbreviation of 'regiminis,' as we find it in some MSS. at l. 3106 (margin). Note that S is defective here, and J, Ad, K omit the Latin margin. Δ attempts an emendation.

2726 f. *lete Of wrong to don*, i. e. 'abstain from doing wrong.'

2765 ff. From Godfrey of Viterbo (in *Monum. Germ. Hist.* xxii. p. 169), 'Quando voluit rectores dare provinciis . . . nomina eorum examinabat in populo, dicens: Si quis habet crimen contra eos, dicat et probet,' &c. This passage is not contained in the earlier redactions of the *Pantheon*, and consequently we may conclude that Gower's copy was one which contained the later additions: cp. notes on 4181 ff. and viii. 271 ff.

2771. *his name*, that is, his reputation: cp. 2774.

2780. *stod . . . upon*, 'rested upon,' 'was guided by.'

2783 ff. The saying by which this story is characterized, 'malle locupletibus imperare quam ipsum fieri locupletem,' is more properly attributed to M'. Curius Dentatus (Valerius Maximus, *Mem.* iv. 3. 5): but Fabricius also rejected gifts sent him by the Samnites.

2810. *bothe*: apparently both the men and their possessions.

2833 ff. This is probably Conrad II, of whom Godfrey of Viterbo says 'nulli violatori pacis parcebat.'

2845 ff. Originally taken from Valerius Maximus, who tells it,

however, with reference to Charondas, the supposed legislator of Thurii (*Mem.* vi. 5).

2864. *sete*: apparently a strong past participle formed from 'sette' by confusion with 'sitte': cp. 'upsete' rhyming with 'misgete,' viii. 244.

2883. *of dawwe*: equivalent to 'of this lif,' iv. 3414.

2889 ff. This is a story which we find very often repeated (originally from Herodotus), e.g. Valerius Maximus, *Mem.* vi. 3, *Gesta Romanorum*, 29 (without mention of Cambyses by name), Hoccleve's *Regement of Princes*, &c. In Δ we find added to the marginal Latin,

'vnde versus,
Sede sedens ista iudex inflexibilis sta,
Sit tibi lucerna lux, lex, pellisque paterna,
Qua resides natus pro patre sponte datus.
A manibus reuoces munus, ab aure preces.'

It would seem that the last line should stand as the second.

2902. *Avise him*, 'Let him consider.'

flitte, 'turn aside,' cp. iv. 214; but also intransitive, v. 7076.

2917 ff. Another often repeated story. The *Gesta Romanorum* has it (169) with a reference to Trogus Pompeius (that is Justin, *Epit.* iii. 3). Gower makes the city Athens instead of Sparta (cp. 3089), and the god Mercury instead of Apollo.

3054 ff. This list of legislators is from the *Trésor*, p. 24, but the text which our author used seems to have been corrupt. The passage runs thus in the printed edition: 'Moyses fu li premiers qui bailla la loi as Hebreus; et li rois Foroneus fu li premiers qui la bailla as Grezois; Mercurus as Egypciens, et Solon à cels de Athenes; Ligurgus as Troyens; Numa Pompilius, qui regna après Romulus en Rome, et puis ses filz, bailla et fist lois as Romains premierement,' &c. If we suppose 'Solon' to have been omitted in the MS., the passage might read (with changes of punctuation) nearly as we have it in Gower.

3092. *on the beste Above alle other*: cp. iv. 2606, &c.

3137 ff. Cp. *Mirour de l'Omme*, 13921, and see also ii. 3204 ff. (margin).

3144. *Troian*: so given in all MSS. for 'Traian.' So also in the *Mirour*, 22168, and in Godfrey of Viterbo, *Spec. Reg.* ii. 14 (*Mon. Germ. Hist.* xxii. p. 74).

3181 ff. Valerius Maximus, *Mem.* v. 6: but he does not mention the Dorians as the enemy against whom Codrus fought. However, the story was a common one; cp. *Gesta Romanorum*, 41.

3201. *lemes*: cp. Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, A 3886.

3149* f. The reference is to the Epistle of St. James ii. 13, 'Iudicium enim sine misericordia illi qui non fecit misericordiam.'

3157*. That is, 'Blessed are the merciful, for they shall obtain mercy.'

3161* f. Cp. *Mirour de l'Omme*, 13918 ff., where the same is quoted.

3163* ff. Quoted also in the *Mirour*, 13925 ff., and there also attributed to Tullius, but I cannot give the reference.

3210. *drawe*: the change to subjunctive marks this sentence as really conditional.

3215 ff. Valerius Maximus, *Mem.* v. 1. 9.

3217. *in jeupartie*, i. e. equally balanced, the result uncertain.

3267 ff. Justinian II is described by Gibbon as a cruel tyrant, whose deposition by Leontius was fully deserved, and who, when restored by the help of Terbelis, took a ferocious vengeance on his opponents: 'during the six years of his new reign, he considered the axe, the cord, and the rack as the only instruments of royalty.' Nothing apparently could be less appropriate than the epithet 'pious,' which Gower bestows upon him.

3295 ff. This again was a very common story: cp. *Gesta Romanorum*, 48 (ed. Oesterley). Hoccleve tells it with a reference to Orosius, *Regement of Princes*, 3004 ff. Gower probably had it from Godfrey of Viterbo, *Pantheon*, p. 181 (ed. 1584), where Berillus is given for Perillus, as in our text. He takes 'Phalaris Siculus' as the tyrant's name, and shortens it to Siculus.

3302. I take the preceding three lines as a parenthesis, and this as following l. 3298.

3341. 'Dionys' is a mistake for Diomede, or rather Diomedes is confused with the tyrant Dionysius.

3355 ff. Cp. Ovid, *Metam.* i. 221 ff.

3359. *With othre men*, i. e. 'by other men': cp. viii. 2553.

3387 ff. This characteristic of the lion is mentioned by Brunetto Latini, *Trésor*, p. 224.

3417 ff. This story is told much as it appears in Justin, *Epit.* i. 8, and Orosius, *Hist.* ii. 7, but the name Spertachus (Spartachus) is apparently from Peter Comestor (Migne, *Patrol.* vol. 198, p. 1471), who gives this as the name of Cyrus in his boyhood. The same

3207* ff. The tale of the Jew and the Pagan is from the *Secretum Secretorum*, where it is told as a warning against trusting those who are not of our faith. The differences are mainly as follows. No names of places are mentioned in the original; the 'pagan' is called 'magus orientalis,' and he rides a mule: the Jew is without provisions, and the Magian feeds him as well as allowing him to ride: the Jew is found not dead but thrown from the mule, with a broken leg and other injuries—there is no mention of a lion except in the entreaties of the Magian, 'noli me derelinquere in deserto, ne forte interficiar a leonibus.' The Magian is about to leave him to die, but the Jew pleads that he has acted only in accordance with his own law, and again appeals to the Magian to show him the mercy which his religion enjoins. Finally the Magian carries him away and delivers him safely to his own people. Probably our author thought that this form of the story unduly sacrificed justice to mercy, and therefore he killed his Jew outright.

3342* ff. Note the subjunctive after 'who (that)' here and in ll. 3349, 3355: see note on Prol. 460.

authority may have supplied the name 'Marsagete,' for the histories named above call Thamyris only 'queen of the Scythians'; but Comestor omits the details of the story.

3418. The name 'Spertachus' is given in full by F in the Latin summary, l. 3426 (margin). In the English text the first syllable is abbreviated in most copies, but A has 'Spartachus' and Hs 'Spertachus.'

8539. *Pite feigned*: cp. l. 3835.

8581. The reference should be to Juvenal, *Sat.* viii. 269 ff.,

'Malo pater tibi sit Thersites, dummodo tu sis
Aeacidae similis, Vulcaniaque arma capessas,
Quam te Thersitae similem genuisset Achilles.'

Gower has here taken the point out of the quotation to a great extent, but it occurs in the *Mirour*, 23371 ff., in its proper form, though with the same false reference.

3627 ff. From the Book of Judges, ch. vii.

3632. For the anacoluthon cp. iv. 3201, vi. 1798, and note on i. 98.

3639. The reading of the second recension, 'hem,' seems clearly to be right here: 'against those who would assail them.'

3640 ff. The meaning apparently is that each single division of the three which the enemy had was twice as large as Gideon's whole army. The original text says nothing of the kind.

3752. *per compaignie*, 'together.'

3820 ff. 1 Samuel xv.

3860 ff. 1 Kings ii.

3877. *natheles*, 'moreover': cp. 4242 and note on Prol. 39.

3884. *that*, for 'to that': cp. Prol. 122.

3891 ff. 1 Kings iii.

4011. *propre*, i.e. 'in himself.'

4027 ff. 1 Kings xii.

4144. *can . . . mai*, used in their original senses, the one implying knowledge and the other active power.

4181 ff. The person meant is Antoninus Pius, of whom his biographer Capitolinus says that he loved peace 'eousque ut Scipionis sententiam frequentarit, qua ille dicebat, malle se unum civem servare quam mille hostes occidere' (*Hist. August.* ed. 1620, p. 20). Godfrey of Viterbo, in the text given by Waitz (*Mon. Germ. Hist.* xxii. pp. 75, 163), regularly calls him Antonius, and probably Gower had the saying from this source. It is one of the later additions to the *Pantheon*: cp. note on 2765 ff.

4195. *is due To Pite*. This seems to mean 'is bound by duty' to show mercy.

4228. *His trouthe plight*, 'the engagement of his faith.' Here we have the word 'plight' from OE. 'pliht,' to be distinguished from 'plit.'

4242. *natheles*: cp. l. 3877.

4245. *hihe*: note the definite form after the possessive genitive, as after a possessive pronoun.

4284. 'And even if it should chance that he obtained any friendliness from her.' For the use of 'compainie' cp. v. 4558.

4335. *Barbarus*: more properly Arbaces, but 'Barbatus' in the *Pantheon* (p. 165, ed. 1584).

4361 ff. Cp. Justin, *Epil.* i. 7, where however the expedient is said to have been used (as related by Herodotus) after Cyrus had put down a revolt.

4406 ff. Numbers xxv.

4408. *Amalech*: Balak is meant.

4464 ff. This means apparently that the later time of life will be as a dark night which is not illuminated by any sunshine of dawn; but it is not very clearly expressed.

4469 ff. 1 Kings xi.

4515. That is, 'Ahijah the Shilonite,' called 'Ahias Silonites' in the Latin version.

4559 ff. (margin). The quotation is from the *Secretum Secretorum*: 'O summe rex, studeas modis omnibus custodire et retinere calorem naturalem' (ed. 1520, f. 25 v^o).

4574 f. Caracalla, son of Severus, is here meant. His name was Aurelius Antoninus, and he is called Aurelius Antonius in the *Pantheon* (*Mon. Germ. Hist.* xxii. p. 166). Caracalla is called by Orosius 'omnibus hominibus libidine intemperantior, qui etiam novercam suam Iuliam uxorem duxerit' (*Hist.* vii. 18), and this character of him is repeated in the *Pantheon*.

4593 ff. This story is from Ovid, *Fasti*, ii. 687-720. Gower's rendering of it is remarkable for ease and simplicity of style: see especially ll. 4667-4685, 4701-4717.

4598. Neither Aruns nor Sextus is mentioned by name in Ovid, who speaks only of 'Tarquinius iuvenis.' Gower gives to Aruns the place of Sextus throughout this and the following story.

4623. *schelte*, intransitive, equivalent to 'were shut': cp. iii. 1453.

4701 ff. The sacrifice at which this portent occurred is here brought into connexion with the capture of Gabii, a construction which is not unnaturally suggested by Ovid's abrupt transition, l. 711.

4718 ff. 'Consulitur Phoebus. Sors est ita reddita: Matri

Qui dederit princeps oscula, victor erit.' *Fasti*, ii. 713 f.

Ovid means that a message was sent to Delphi; but our author understands it differently.

4739 f. 'Creditus offenso procubuisse pede' (720).

4754 ff. This again is from Ovid, where it occurs as a continuation of the last story, *Fasti*, 721-852. Chaucer, who tells this story in the *Legend of G. Women*, 1680 ff., also follows Ovid, and more closely than Gower, e.g. 1761 ff., 1805 ff., 1830 f.

4757. *unskilfully*, that is, 'unjustly,' without due 'skile' or reason.

4778 ff. 'Non opus est verbis, credite rebus, ait' (734).

4805 f. This is derived from a misunderstanding of *Fasti*, ii. 785,

'Accipit aerata iuvenem Collatia porta.'

Cp. l. 4911 below. Both Chaucer and Gower make the tragedy occur at Rome, though Chaucer professes to have Livy before him.

4902. 'audentes forsve deusve iuvat.'

4937. *To hire*: cp. v. 5724. It means here much the same as 'by her.'

5062. *sche myhte it noght*, 'sche could not help it.'

5088 ff. 'Illa iacens ad verba oculos sine lumine mouit,

Visaque concussa dicta probare coma.' *Fasti*, ii. 845 f.

5093 ff. This latter part is added from other sources, perhaps from Livy.

5131 ff. Chaucer tells the story of Virginia as the Tale of the Doctor of Physic, professing to follow Livy, but actually taking his materials chiefly from the *Roman de la Rose*, 5613 ff., from which he transcribes also the reference to 'Titus Livius.' His story differs from that of Livy in many respects, and the changes are not at all for the better. For example, Chaucer does not mention the absence of Virginius in the camp, and he makes him kill his daughter at home and carry her head to Appius. Gower follows Livy, or some account drawn from Livy, without material alteration. It may be observed that Chaucer (following the *Rom. de la Rose*) uses the name 'Apus' alone for the judge, and 'Claudius' for the dependent, while Gower names them more correctly 'Apus Claudius' and 'Marchus Claudius.' On the subject generally reference may be made to Rumbaur's dissertation, *Geschichte von Appius und Virginia in der engl. Litteratur*, Breslau, 1890.

5136. *Livius Virginius*, a mistake for 'Lucius Virginius.'

5151. *Ilicius*, that is, Icilius.

5209. *til that he come*, 'till he should come,' the verb being pret. subjunctive.

5254 ff. The sentence is irregular in construction, but intelligible and vigorous: 'but as to that command, like the hunted wild boar, who when he feels the hounds hard upon him, throws them off on both sides and goes his way, so (we may say) this knight,' &c. The simile is due to Gower.

5261. *kepte*, 'waited for.'

5307 ff. From the Book of Tobit, ch. vi-viii. The moral of the story is given by vi. 17, where Raphael says to Tobias, 'Hi namque qui coniugium ita suscipiunt, ut Deum a se et a sua mente excludant, et suae libidini ita vacent sicut equus et mulus, quibus non est intellectus, habet potestatem daemonium super eos.' This, however, is absent from the English version (which follows the LXX), as are also the precepts which follow, about nights to be spent in prayer by the newly married couple. The same is the case with the five precepts given to Sara by her parents, which are mentioned in the *Mirour*, 17701 ff.

5390. This line, written in F as follows,

'Hov trewe · hou large · hou ioust · hov chaste,'

is enough to show that *v* and *u* are used indifferently in this kind of position: cp. *movþe*: *couþe*, 5285 f.

5408. *Do wey*, 'Have done': see *New English Dictionary*, 'do,' 52.

LIB. VIII.

We may suppose that our author had some embarrassment as regards the subject of his eighth book. It should properly have dealt with the seventh Deadly Sin and its various branches, that is, as the *Mirour de l'Omme* gives them, 'Fornicioun,' 'Stupre,' 'Avolterie,' 'Incest,' 'Foldelit.' Nearly all of these subjects, however, have already been treated of more or less fully, either in the fifth book, where branches of Avarice are spoken of with reference to the case of love, or in the seventh, under the head of Chastity as a point of Policy. Even the author's commendation of Virginité, which might well have been reserved for this place, and which would have been rather less incongruous at the end than in the middle of the shrift, has already been set forth in the fifth book. There remained only Incest, and of this unpromising subject he has made the best he could, first tracing out the gradual development of the moral (or rather the ecclesiastical) law with regard to it, and then making it an excuse for the Tale of Apollonius (or Appolinus) of Tyre, which extends over the larger half of the book. The last thousand lines or so are occupied with the conclusion of the whole poem.

86. *upon his grace*, that is, free for him to bestow on whom he would.

44. Raphael is not named in Genesis.

48. *Metodre*, that is, Methodius, in whose *Revelationes* it is written, 'Sciendum namque est, exeuntes Adam et Evam de Paradiso virgines fuisse,' so that 'Into the world' in l. 53 must mean from Paradise into the outer world.

62 ff. This is not found in Genesis, only 'genuitque filios et filias,' but Methodius says that the sisters of Cain and Abel were Calmana and Debora.

110. For the hiatus cp. *Mirour*, 12241,

'De Isaäk auci je lis.'

158. *ne yit religion*. The seduction of one who was a professed member of a religious order was usually accounted to be incest: cp. *Mirour*, 9085 ff. and l. 175 below.

170. 'I keep no such booth (or stall) at the fair,' that is, 'I do no such trade.'

244. *upsete*: see Introduction, p. cxix, and cp. vii. 2864.

271 ff. Gower tells us here that he finds the story in the *Pantheon*. That is true, no doubt: it is told there in the peculiar kind of verse with which Godfrey of Viterbo diversified his chronicle, and a most useful text of this particular story, showing the differences of three redactions, is given by S. Singer in his *Apollonius von Tyrus*, Halle, 1895, pp. 153-177. There is ample evidence that Gower was acquainted with the *Pantheon*, but it is not the case that he followed it in this story, as has been too readily assumed. Godfrey tells the

tale in a much abbreviated form, and Gower unquestionably followed mainly the Latin prose narrative which was commonly current, though he thought the *Pantheon*, as a grave historical authority, more fit to be cited. The very first sentence, with its reference, 'as seith the bok,' is enough to indicate this, but a few more points may be mentioned here in which the story of the *Pantheon* differs from Gower and from the prose *Historia Apollonii Tyrii*. (1) Godfrey of Viterbo does not say what was the problem proposed by Antiochus, nor does he mention the period of thirty days. (2) He gives no details of the flight of Apollonius or of the mourning of his people, and he does not mention the incident of Taliart (or Thaliarchus). (3) The name Pentapolim is not introduced. (4) There is no mention in the *Pantheon* of the wooing of the daughter of Archistrates by three princes (or nobles) or of the bills which they wrote. (5) There is no mention of the nurse Lichorida being taken with Apollonius and his wife on shipboard, of the master of the ship insisting that the corpse should be thrown into the sea, or of the name of the physician, Cerimon. (6) The *Pantheon* says nothing of the vow of Apollonius in ll. 1301-1306. (7) The name Theophilus is not given. (8) There is no mention of the tomb of Thaise (or Tharsia) being shown to Apollonius. (9) In the *Pantheon* the punishment of Strangulio and Dionysia precedes the visit to Ephesus, and there is no mention of the dream which caused Apollonius to sail to Ephesus.

There are indeed some points in which Gower agrees with the *Pantheon* against the *Historia*, for example in making the princess ask for Apollonius as her teacher on the very night of the banquet instead of the next morning, and in representing that Apollonius went to his kingdom after leaving his daughter at Tharsis (cp. E. Klebs, *Die Erzählung von Apollonius aus Tyrus*, Berlin, 1899). Perhaps however the most marked correspondence is where Gower makes the wife of Apollonius 'Abbesse' of Diana's temple (l. 1849), which is evidently from Godfrey's line, 'Sic apud Ephesios velut abbatissa moratur': cp. also l. 1194 'warmed ofte.' These are both among the later additions to the *Pantheon*, and apparently were overlooked by Singer and Klebs when they pronounced that Gower probably knew only the earlier redaction: cp. notes on vii. 2765, 4181.

The Latin prose narrative has been printed in *Welseri Opera*, ed. 1682, pp. 681-704, and also in the Teubner series (ed. Riese, 1871, 1893). It is a translation from a Greek original, as is sufficiently indicated by the Greek words that occur in it, and by the Greek customs which it refers to or presupposes. Gower agrees with it pretty closely, but the story is not improved in his hands. It loses, of course, the Greek characteristics of which we have spoken, and several of the incidents are related by Gower in a less effective manner than in the original. For example, in the scene near the beginning between Antiochus and Apollonius, the king asks, 'Nosti nuptiarum conditionem?' and the young man replies, 'Novi et ad portam vidi,' to which there is nothing corresponding in Gower.

Again, at a later stage of the story, when the three young nobles send in their proposals to the daughter of Archistrates, the original story makes her reply in a note which declares that she will marry only 'the ship-wrecked man.' The king innocently inquires of the three young men which of them has suffered shipwreck, and finally hands the note to Apollonius to see if he can make anything of it. This is much better managed than by Gower. On the other hand our author has done well in dispensing with the rudeness and boastfulness of Apollonius on the occasion when the king's daughter plays the harp at the feast, and also in modifying the scenes at the brothel and excluding Athenagoras from taking part in them. The quotations given in the following notes are made from the Bodleian MS. Laud 247, a good copy of the twelfth century, which has a form of text more nearly corresponding to that which Gower used than that of any of the printed editions, and by means of which we can account for the names Thaise and Philotenne.

It can hardly be necessary to observe that the play of *Pericles, Prince of Tyre*, had another source besides Gower, and especially as regards its fourth and fifth acts. Marina is waylaid while going to visit the tomb of her old nurse, as in the original story, the scene of the pirates agrees more nearly with the original than with Gower, Lysimachus plays a part very like that which Gower took away from Athenagoras, and the scene between Cleon and Dionyza (iv. 4) seems to be suggested by the original. The story was current in English prose, as is well known.

386. *And seileth*: cp. v. 3291 and note.

395. *he moste*, 'that he might,' 'ut sibi liceret,' a common use of the word in older English (see examples in Bosworth and Toller's Dictionary).

405 ff. (margin). The riddle as given in the Laud MS. is, 'Scelere uehor. Materna carne uescor. Quero patrem meum matris mee uirum uxoris mee filiam, nec inuenio.' Most copies have 'fratrem meum' for 'patrem meum,' but Gower agrees with the Laud MS. I do not attempt a solution of it beyond that of Apollonius, which is, 'Quod dixisti scelere uehor, non es mentitus, ad te ipsum respice. Et quod dixisti materna carne uescor, filiam tuam intueri.'

484. *the Stwes*. For the spelling cp. 'Jwes,' v. 1713, 1808.

536. This is by no means in accordance with the original. Antiochus exclaims on hearing of the flight of Apollonius, 'Fugere modo quidem potest, effugere autem quandoque me minime poterit,' and at once issues an edict, 'Quicumque mihi Apollonium contemptorem regni mei uiuum adduxerit, quinquaginta talenta auri a me dabuntur ei: qui uero caput eius mihi optulerit, talentorum c. receptor erit' (f. 205 v^o), and he causes search to be made after him both by land and sea. The change made by Gower is not a happy one, for it takes away the motive for the flight from Tarsus, where Apollonius heard of this proscription.

542 ff. In the original Apollonius meets 'Hellanicus' at once on landing, and is informed by him of the proscription. He makes an offer to Strangulio to sell his wheat at cost price to the citizens, if they will conceal his presence among them. The money which he receives as the price of the wheat is expended by him in public benefits to the state, and the citizens set up a statue of him standing in a two-horse chariot (biga), his right hand holding forth corn and his left foot resting upon a bushel measure.

603. *ferketh*, 'conveys,' from OE. 'fercian': cp. Anglo-Saxon Chron. 1009, *Hī fercodon ƿa scipo eft to Lundenne* (quoted in Bosworth and Toller's Dictionary).

624. 'But with cable and cord broken asunder... the ship' &c., past participle absolute, as ii. 791, viii. 1830.

640. *forto mote To gete ayein*. Apparently this means 'to wish to get again,' a meaning derived from the phrase 'so mot I,' &c., expressing a wish. The infinitive is very unusual. For the gerund with 'to' which follows it cp. ii. 510, vii. 437, where we have this construction with 'mai,' 'mihte.'

679. The account in the original story is here considerably different. Gower did not understand the Greek customs. 'Et dum cogitaret unde uide peteret auxilium, uidit puerum nudum per plateam currentem, oleo unctum, precinctum sabana, ferentem ludos iuueniles ad gymnasium pertinentes, maxima uoce dicentem: Audite ciues, audite peregrini, liberi et ingenui, gymnasium patet. Apollonius hoc audito exuens se tribunario ingreditur lauacrum, utitur liquore palladio; et dum exercentes singulos intueretur, parem sibi querit et non inuenit. Subito Arcestrates rex totius illius regionis cum turba famulorum ingressus est: dumque cum suis ad pile lusum exerceretur, uolente deo miscuit se Apollonius regi, et dum currenti sustulit pilam, subtili uelocitate percussam ludenti regi remisit' &c. (f. 207 v^o).

The story proceeds to say that the king, pleased with the skill of Apollonius in the game of ball, accepted his services at the bath, and was rubbed down by him in a very pleasing manner. The result was an invitation to supper.

Gower agrees here with the *Pantheon* in making the king a spectator only.

691. *Artestrathes*. The name is Arcestrates in the Laud MS.

706. *lefte it noght*, 'did not neglect it.'

720 f. 'Ingressus Apollonius in triclinium, contra regem adsignato loco discubuit.' Gower apparently sets him at the head of the second table. For 'beginne' cp. *Cant. Tales*, Prol. 52, with Skeat's note.

767 ff. In the original all applaud the performance of the king's daughter except Apollonius, who being asked by the king why he alone kept silence, replied, 'Bone rex, si permittis, dicam quod sentio: filia enim tua in artem musicam incidit, nam non didicit. Denique iube mihi tradi liram, et scies quod nescit' (f. 208 v^o). Gower has toned this down to courtesy.

782. 'ita stetit ut omnes discumbentes una cum rege non Apollonium sed Apollinem estimarent.'

866 ff. In the original this incident takes place when the king is in company with Apollonius. The king replies that his daughter has fallen ill from too much study, but he bids them each write his name and the sum of money which he is prepared to offer as dowry, and he sends the bills at once to the princess by the hand of Apollonius. She reads them, and then asks whether he is not sorry that she is going to be married. He says, 'Immo gratulor,' and she replies, 'Si amares, doleres.' Then she writes a note, saying that she wishes to have 'the shipwrecked man' as her husband, adding 'Si miraris, pater, quod pudica uirgo tam imprudenter scripserim, scitote quia quod pudore indicare non potui, per ceram mandaui, que ruborem non habet.' The king having read the note asks the young men which of them has been shipwrecked. One claims the distinction, but is promptly exposed by his companions, and the king hands the note to Apollonius, saying that he can make nothing of it. Apollonius reads and blushes, and the king asks, 'Inuenisti naufragum?' To which he replies discreetly, 'Bone rex, si permittis, inueni.' The king at last understood, and dismissed the three young men, promising to send for them when they were wanted.

901 ff. 'cui si me non tradideris, amittis filiam tuam,' but this is afterwards, in a personal interview.

930 ff. There is no mention of the queen in the original. The king calls his friends together and announces the marriage. The description of the wedding, &c., ll. 952-974, is due to Gower.

1003 ff. In the original story it is here announced to Apollonius that he has been elected king in succession to Antiochus; but this was regarded by our author as an unnecessary complication.

1037 ff. The details of the description are due to our author.

1054 ff. So far as the original can be understood, it seems to say that the birth of the child was brought about by the storm and that the appearance of death in the mother took place afterwards, owing to a coagulation of the blood caused by the return of fair weather.

1059-1083. This is all Gower, except 1076 f.

1089 ff. Apparently the meaning is that the sea will necessarily cast a dead body up on the shore, and therefore they must throw it out of the ship, otherwise the ship itself will be cast ashore with it. The Latin says only, 'nauis mortuum non suffert: iube ergo corpus in pelago mitti' (f. 211 v°).

1101. The punctuation is that of F.

1128. *tak in his mynde*, 'let him take thought': cp. v. 3573, and l. 1420 below.

1165. *the wisest*: cp. Introduction, p. cxi.

1184 ff. In the original it is not Cerimon himself, but a young disciple of his, who discovers the signs of life and takes measures for restoring her. She has already been laid upon the pyre, and he by

carefully lighting the four corners of it (cp. l. 1192) succeeds in liquefying the coagulated blood. Then he takes her in and warms her with wool steeped in hot oil.

1195. 'began' is singular, and the verbs 'hete,' 'flacke,' 'bete' are used intransitively: 'to flacke' means to flutter.

1219. 'In short, they speak of nothing': 'as for an ende' seems to mean the same as 'for end' or 'for an end' in later English: cp. *New English Dictionary*, 'end.'

1248. This daughter is apparently an invention of Gower's, who perhaps misread the original, 'adhibitis amicis filiam sibi adoptavit,' that is, he adopted her as his daughter.

1285. *his In*, 'his lodging,' in this case the house of Strangulio. Note the distinction made here by the capital letter between the substantive and the adverb: see Introduction, p. clx.

1293. *whiche*: note the plural, referring to Strangulio and his wife.

1295. The name here in the original is 'Tharsia,' given to her by her father's suggestion from the name of the city, Tharsus, where she was left; but the Laud MS. afterwards regularly calls her Thasia.

1311 ff. This is not in accordance with the Latin prose story. He is there represented as telling Strangulio that he does not care, now that he has lost his wife, either to accept the offered kingdom or to return to his father-in-law, but intends to lead the life of a merchant. Here the expression is 'ignotas et longinquas petens Egypti regiones.' On the other hand the *Pantheon* makes him proceed to his kingdom, apparently Antioch.

1337. *Philotenne*: the name in the Laud MS. is 'Philothemia,' but it is not distinguishable in writing from Philothenna. There is much variation as to this name in other copies.

1349 ff. Much is made in the original story of the death of this nurse and of the revelation which she made to Tharsia of her real parentage. Up to this time she had supposed herself to be the daughter of Strangulio. The nurse suspected some evil, and advised Tharsia, if her supposed parents dealt ill with her, to go and take hold of the statue of her father in the market-place and appeal to the citizens for help. After her death Tharsia visited her tomb by the sea-shore every day, 'et ibi manes parentum suorum inuocabat.' Here Theophilus lay in wait for her by order of Dionysiades.

1374. *cherles*. This is the reading of the best copies of each recension: cp. 'lyves' for 'livish' i.e. living, 'worldes' for 'worldly,' 'dethes' for 'dedly,' iii. 2657, iv. 382, &c.

1376. *what sche scholde*, that is, what should become of her.

1391. *Scomerfare*. The first part of this word must be the French 'escumerie,' meaning piracy: see Du Cange under 'escumator,' e.g. 'des compagnons du pays de Bretagne, qui étaient venuz d'Escumerie.'

1393. *and he to go*, that is, 'and he proceeded to go,' a kind of historic infinitive: cp. Chaucer, *Troilus*, ii. 1108, 'And she to laughe,'

Leg. of Good Women, 653 'And al his folk to go.' (In *Piers Plowman*, A. Prol. 33, 'And somme murthes to make,' quoted by Mätzner, it is more probable that 'to make' is dependent on 'chosen.') In addition to these instances we have the repeated use of 'to ga' in Barbour's *Bruce*, e.g. viii. 251, ix. 263, which is much more probably to be explained in this way than as a compound verb. Cp. Skeat's *Chaucer*, vol. vi. p. 403, with C. Stoffel's note on *Troilus*, ii. 1108, which is there quoted.

1410. The Laud MS. has 'leno leoninus nomine,' but many copies give no name.

1420. *Lei down*, 'let him lay down': cp. l. 1128.

1423. There is an interesting touch in the original here which would not be intelligible to Gower. When Tharsia is led into the house, the character of which she does not know, she is bidden to do reverence to a statue of Priapus which stands in the entrance hall. She asks her master whether he is a native of Lampsacus, and he explains to her that his interest in this matter is not local but professional.

1424 ff. There is much in the original about the visit of Athenagoras and of other persons, who are successively so far overcome by the tears and entreaties of Tarsia, as not only to spare her but to give her large sums of money, while at the same time they make a jest both of themselves and of one another for doing so.

1451 f. The rhyme is saved from being an identical one by the adverbial use of 'weie' in the second line, 'mi weie' being equivalent to 'aweie.'

1513. In the original she is reproached by her husband for the deed, and this is the case in the play of *Pericles* also.

1518. *of record*, 'of good repute.'

1534 f. Cp. *Pericles*, iv. 4, 'The fairest, sweetest, best lies here,' but the rest of the epitaph compares unfavourably with Gower's.

1567 ff. Here we have a curious lapse on the part of our author. He represents that the king had no sooner held his parliament and celebrated the sacrifice in memory of his wife, than he began to prepare for his voyage to Tharsis. The story requires however that at least fourteen years should elapse, and this, according to the original narrative, has been spent by Apollonius in travelling about as a merchant, a matter of which Gower says nothing. Probably the *Pantheon*, which is not very clear on the matter, is responsible for the oversight.

1587. 'For she is continually changing with regard to him.'

1617. *besihte*, 'attended to.' The use of this verb was not very common in Gower's time except in the participle 'beseie,' 'besein.' The verb means (1) look, see, (2) look to, attend to, (3) provide, arrange: hence the participle is quite naturally used in the sense of 'furnished,' 'provided,' and we have 'unbesein of,' l. 153, for 'unprovided with.' It is usually explained by reference to its first sense, as having regard necessarily to appearance. 'Appearing in respect of

dress, &c.' 'Appearing as to accomplishments, furnished' (so *New English Dictionary*), but it is more natural to take these meanings of the participle as from senses (2) (3) of the verb. It is doubtful whether even the phrase 'well besein' used of personal appearance means anything but 'well furnished.'

1636. *fordrive*, 'driven about' by storms, actually and metaphorically.

1670 ff. Her song is given in the original; it is rather pretty, but very much corrupted in the manuscripts. It begins thus,

'Per sordes gradior, sed sordis conscia non sum,
Ut rosa in spinis nescit mucrone perire,' &c.

1681 ff. Several of her riddles are given in the original story and he succeeds in answering them all at once. One is this,

'Longa feror uelox formose filia silue,
Innumeris pariter comitum stipata cateruis:
Curro uias multas, uestigia nulla relinquens.'

The answer is 'Nauis.'

She finally falls on his neck and embraces him, upon which he kicks her severely. She begins to lament, and incidentally lets him know her story. The suggestion contained in ll. 1702 ff., of the mysterious influence of kinship, is Gower's own, and we find the same idea in the tale of Constance, ii. 1381 f.,

'This child he loveth kindely,
And yit he wot no cause why.'

1830. 'And all other business having been left': cp. ii. 791.

1890. *With topseilcole*: cp. v. 3119,

'Bot evene topseilcole it blew.'

The word 'topseilcole' (written as one word in the best copies of each recension) does not seem to occur except in these two passages. It is evidently a technical term of the sea, and in both these passages it is used in connexion with a favourable wind. Morley quotes from Godefroy a use of the word 'cole' in French in a nautical sense, 'Se mistrent en barges et alerent aux salandres, et en prisrent les xvii, et l'une eschapa, qui estoit a la cole.' Unfortunately, however, it is uncertain what this means. The vessels in question were in port when they were attacked, and therefore 'a la cole' might reasonably mean with sails (or topsails) set, and so ready to start. A topsail breeze would be one which was fairly strong, but not too strong to allow of sailing under topsails, and this is rather the idea suggested by the two passages in Gower.

It should be noted that in F and in some other MSS. there is a stop after the word 'topseilcole.'

1948. *forto honge and drawe*: the verbs are transitive, 'that men should hang and draw them' (i.e. pluck out their bowels).

1983. This must mean apparently 'They had no need to take in a reef.' The use of 'slake' with this meaning does not seem quite appropriate, but a sail or part of a sail is slackened in a certain sense when it is taken in, seeing that it is no longer subject to the pressure of the wind.

2055. *leng the lasse* : cp. iii. 71, 'the leng the ferre.' This form of the comparative is usual in such phrases, as Chaucer, *Cant. Tales*, A 3872, 'That ilke fruit is ever leng the wers,' and perhaps also E 687, F 404, *Compl. unto Pite*, 95, where the MSS. gives 'lenger.' The form 'leng' is the original comparative adverb of 'long.'

2077. *toward Venus* : cp. v. 6757. Here it means 'on the side of Venus.'

2095. *sett*, imperative, like 'set case,' i.e. 'suppose that.' The reading 'sith' is certainly wrong.

2118. *his oghne dom*. The word 'dom' is used here in special reference to 'kingdom' in the line above. 'Every man has a royal rule to exercise, that is the rule over himself.'

2124 f. 'When he has not kept possession for himself of his own heart.'

2165. *And felt it* : we have here the elision-apocope in the case of a preterite subjunctive.

2194. *hath nothing set therby*, 'accounted it as nothing.'

2198. *withholde*, 'kept' (in service).

2212 f. Cp. iii. 298, *Vox Clam*. ii. 1.

2217 ff. This 'Supplication' is a finished and successful composition in its way, and it may make us desire that our author had written more of the same kind. The poem *In Praise of Peace*, which is written in the same metre and stanza, is too much on a political subject to give scope for poetical fancy. The nearest parallel in style is to be found in some of the author's French Balades.

2245. *Whom nedeth help*, 'He to whom help is needful' : cp. Prol. 800, i. 2446.

2258 ff. Cp. vi. 330 ff.

2259 ff. Cp. *Balades*, xx.

2265. *Danger* : see note on i. 2443.

2288. Cp. i. 143 ff.

2312. *a Mile* : cp. iv. 689. It means apparently the time that it takes to go a mile : cp. Chaucer, *Astrol*. i. 16, 'five of these degres maken a milewey and thre mileweie maken an heure.'

2319. *a game*, for 'agame' : cp. Chaucer, *Troilus*, iii. 636, 648. More usually 'in game,' as l. 2871.

2341. *fulofte hath pleigned* : as for example in the *Planctus Naturae* of Alanus de Insulis.

2365. 'And I will consider the matter' : practically equivalent to a refusal of the petition, as in the form 'Le Roy s'avisera.'

2367. *is noght to sieke*, 'is not wanting' : cp. i. 924, ii. 44, &c.

2378. 'In no security, but as men draw the chances of Ragman.'

To understand this it is necessary to refer to compositions such as we find in the Bodleian MSS., Fairfax 16, and Bodley 638, under the name of 'Ragman (or Ragmans) Rolle.' The particular specimen contained in these MSS. begins thus:

'My ladyes and my maistresses echone,
Lyke hit unto your humble wommanhede,
Resave in gre of my sympill persone
This rolle, which withouten any drede
Kynge Ragman me bad [me] sowe in brede,
And cristyned yt the merour of your chaunce.
Drawith a stryng and that shal streight yow lede
Unto the verry path of your governaunce.'

After two more stanzas about the uncertainty of Fortune and the chances of drawing well or ill, there follows a disconnected series of twenty-two more, each giving a description of the personal appearance and character of a woman, in some cases complimentary and in others very much the reverse, usually in the form of an address to the lady herself, e. g.

'A smal conceyt may ryght enogh suffyse
Of your beaute discripcion for to make;
For at on word ther kan no wyght devyse
Oon that therof hath lasse, I undertake,' &c.

Apparently these stanzas are to be drawn for and then read out in order as they come, for the game ends with the last,

'And sythen ye be so jocunde and so good,
And in the rolle last as in wrytyng,
I rede that this game ende in your hood.'

Evidently the same kind of game might be played by men with a view to their mistresses. It is much the same thing as the 'Chaunces of the Dyse,' where each stanza is connected with a certain throw made with three dice: cp. note on iv. 2792. The name 'Ragman Rolle' seems to be due to the disconnected character of the composition.

2407. *olde grisel*: cp. Chaucer, *To Scogan*, 35: 'grisel' means grey horse.

2415. *upon the fet*, that is, when the time comes for action. The rhyme with 'retret' shows that this is not the plural of 'fot': moreover, that is elsewhere regularly spelt 'feet' by Gower.

2428. *sitte* for 'sit': cp. Introduction, p. cxiv.

2435. *torned into was*: the verb used as a substantive, cp. vi. 923.

2450 ff. The situation here has some resemblance to that in the Prologue of the *Legend of Good Women*, where the author has a vision of the god of Love coming to him in a meadow, as he lies worshipping the daisy, accompanied by queen Alcestis, and followed first by the nineteen ladies of the Legend, and then by a vast multitude of other

* *
*

nn

women who had been true in love. The differences, however, are considerable. Here we have Venus and Cupid, the latter armed with a bow and blind (whereas Chaucer gives him two fiery darts and his eyesight), with two companies of lovers, both men and women, marshalled by Youth and Eld as leaders; and the colloquy with the poet has for its result to dismiss him with wounds healed from Love's service, as one who has earned his discharge, while in the case of Chaucer it is a question of imposing penance for transgressions in the past and of enlisting him for the future as the servant of Love. The conception of the god of Love appearing with a company of true lovers in attendance may be regarded as the common property of the poets of the time, and so also was the controversy between the flower and the leaf (l. 2468), which Chaucer introduces as a thing familiar already to his readers. If our author had any particular model before him, it may quite as well have been the description in Froissart's *Paradys d'Amours* (ed. Scheler, i. 29 f.):

'Lors regardai en une lande,
Si vi une compagne grande
De dames et de damoiselles
Friches et jolies et belles,
Et grant foison de damoiseaus
Jolis et amoureux et beaus.
.
.
.
"Dame," di je, "puis je sçavoir
Qui sont ceuls que puis là veoir?"
"Oil," dit ma dame de pris;
"Troillus y est et Paris,
Qui furent fil au roi Priant,
Et cesti que tu vois riant,
C'est Laiscelos tout pour certain,"' &c.

and she proceeds to enumerate the rest, including Tristram and Yseult, Percival, Galehaus, Meliador and Gawain, Helen, Hero, Polyxena, and Medea with Jason.

I do not doubt that Gower may have seen the *Legend of Good Women*, but it was not much his practice to borrow from contemporary poets of his own country, however free he might make with the literature of former times or of foreign lands.

2461. *who was who*: cp. vii. 2001.

2468. Cp. Chaucer, *Leg. of G. Women*, 72, 188, &c.

2470. *the neue guise of Beawme*, that is, the new fashions of dress, &c., introduced from Bohemia by the marriage of Richard II in 1382.

2500 f. *which was believed With bele Ysolde*, 'who was accepted as a lover by Belle Isolde.' Apparently 'believed' is here used in the primary sense of the verb, from which we have 'lief.' For the use of 'with' cp. l. 2553. We may note here that the spelling 'believe' is regular in Gower, 'ie' representing 'ē.'

2502. *Galahot*, i. e. Galahalt, called by Mallory 'the haut prince.'

2504 ff. It may be noted that several of the lovers in the company of Youth are impenitent in their former faithlessness, as Jason, Hercules and Theseus, while Medea, Deianira and Ariadne are left to complain by themselves. Troilus has recovered Cressida, if only for a time. It is hard to say why Pyramus failed of Thisbe's company, unless indeed she were unable to pardon his lateness (cp. 2582).

2515 ff. Cp. v. 7213 ff.

2553. *with Ence*: cp. vii. 3359 and l. 2501.

2573 ff. It is likely enough that this idea of Cleopatra's death may have been a reminiscence of the *Legend of Good Women*, 696 ff. Chaucer apparently got it from some such account as that quoted by Vincent of Beauvais from Hugh of Fleury, 'in mausoleum odoribus refertum iuxta suum se collocavit Antonium. Deinde admotis sibi serpentibus morte sopita est.' From this to the idea of a grave full of serpents would not be a difficult step.

2582. *Wo worthe*: cp. l. 1334.

2663. I take 'lay' to mean 'law,' i. e. the arrangement of his company.

2687. Cp. iv. 2314.

2705 ff. An allusion to some such story as we have in the 'Lay d'Aristote' (Méon et Barbazan, iii. p. 96).

2713. The punctuation follows F.

2714 ff. This refers to the well-known story of Virgil and the daughter of the Emperor, who left him suspended in a box from her window.

2718. *Sortes*. It is impossible that this can be for 'Socrates,' with whose name Gower was quite well acquainted. Perhaps it stands for the well-known 'Sortes Sanctorum' (Virgilianae, &c.), personified here as a magician, and even figuring, in company with Virgil and the rest, as an elderly lover.

2799. Cp. i. 143 ff.

2823. *syhe*, subj., 'should see.'

2828. *deface*: apparently intransitive, 'suffer defacement': cp. iv. 2844.

2833. *Outwith*, 'outwardly': so 'inwith' often for 'within,' 'inwardly.' Dr. Murray refers me to *Orm.* i. 165, 'utenn wiþþ,' and Hampole, *Prick of Conscience*, 6669, 'outwith.' The best MSS. have a stop after 'Outwith.'

2904. *A Peire of Bedes*: the usual expression for a rosary: cp. *Cant. Tales*, Prol. 158 f.,

'Of smal coral aboute hire arm she bar
A peire of bedes gauded al with grene.'

2926 f. That is the *Speculum Hominis* and the *Vox Clamantis*.

2931. *pernable*. The best MSS. have this, and it is obviously suitable to the sense: 'Do not pursue when the game cannot be caught.' From 'prendre' Gower uses 'pernon,' 'pernetz,' &c., in the *Mirour*.

2938. At this point begins a new hand in F, and for the rest of this leaf (f. 184) the text is written over an erasure (ll. 2938-2966). A note is written opposite l. 2938 for the guidance of the scribe, 'now haue &c.' It may be noted that l. 2940 has a coloured initial A as for the beginning of a paragraph, and this apparently belongs to the original writing, whereas in the first recension MSS. the paragraph begins at l. 2941. The next leaf (f. 185) is a substituted one, and the text is written still in the same hand.

The orthography of the new hand, in which ll. 2938-3146 are written, differs in some respects from the standard spelling which we have in the rest of the manuscript. The chief points of difference are as follows:

(1) *-id* (*-yd*) termination almost always in the past participle, as *enclosid*, *turnyd*, *bewhapid*, *blessid* (but *sterred*), *ip* frequently in the 3rd pers. sing. of verbs, *belongiþ*, *seruiþ*, *causiþ* (but *secheþ*, *suieþ*), and *-in* (*-yn*) in 3rd pers. pl., as *takyn*, *sechin*, *hierin*, *schuldyn* (also *lokyn*). (2) *-is* (*-ys*) in the genit. sing. and in the plural of substantives, as *londis*, *mannys*, *bedis*, *lawis*, *wordis* (but *þinges*, *myghtes*). (3) *-ir* (*-yr*) termination, as *aftir*, *ouyr*, *wondir* (but *siker*). (4) *y* for *i* (*I*) in many cases, especially as the pronoun of the first person (once *I*), also *ys* (sometimes), *hym*, *wiþynne*. (5) *gh* for *h* in such words as *sigh*, *sighte*, *myghte*, *knyghthode*. (6) *ou* for *o* in *nought*, *brought*, *boughte*, &c. (7) consonants doubled in *vppon* and vowels in *maad* (also *mad*), *book*, *goon*. (8) separation of words, as *in to*, *un to*, *hym self*, *þer fore*, *þer vpon*, *wher of*, *wiþ outen*.

It may be observed that something of the same tendency is observable at this point in the Stafford MS., but the differences appear in a much less marked manner, and chiefly in the terminations *-id*, *-ip*, *-is*, *-ir*. S does not give *y* for *I*, *ys* for *is*, nor *myghte*, *sigh*, *nought*, *oughte*, *vppon*, *þer fore*, &c.

2974 (margin). *orat pro statu regni*. This marks exactly the stage reached in the second of the three versions which we have of Gower's account of his own works (p. 480,) 'vbi pro statu regni compositor deuocius exorat.' The first completely excuses and the third utterly condemns the king, but the second makes no mention of him either

2955 *. *his testament of love*. There is no reason to suppose that this is a reference to any particular work which Gower may have known that Chaucer had in hand. It may be a general suggestion that Chaucer should before his death compose some further work on love, which should serve as his last testimony (or last will and testament) on the subject, as the shrift of the present poem was our author's leave-taking. To assume that the poem referred to must be the *Legend of Good Women*, and to argue from this that the *Confessio Amantis* was written before the *Legend* was given to the public, would be very rash. It is not likely that Usk's *Testament of Love* was known to Gower when he wrote this.

for praise or blame, and that is the line taken in this form of the epilogue.

3012. *maintenue*, that is, 'maintenance' of quarrels by the lords on behalf of their followers: cp. *Mirour*, 23732 ff., where the same subject is dealt with.

3081. *beth*: see Introd. p. cxiv: but it is the reading of F only.

3114. *curiosite*, 'artful workmanship': cp. Chaucer, *Complainte of Venus*, 81.

3147. Here, at the beginning of f. 186, the hand in F changes again and the rest of the manuscript, including the *Traitie*, the Latin poems and the author's account of his books, is written in the hand which we have in the first leaf of the Prologue.

EXPLICIT, 5f. The following copies of the first recension contain these last two lines, XERB₂Cath. Of the rest MH₁YGODAr.Ash. are imperfect at the end, N₂ omits the Explicit altogether, and I have no note as regards this point about Ad₂P₁Q. Of the seven which I note as having the 'Explicit' in four lines only, three are of the revised and four of the unrevised group. All copies of the second and third recensions have the last two lines, except of course those that are imperfect here.

QUAM CINXERE FRETA, &c. The 'philosopher' who was the author of this epistle is no doubt responsible also for the lines 'Eneidos, Bucolis,' &c. (printed in the Roxb. ed. of the *Vox Clamantis*, p. 427), in which our author is compared to Virgil, the chief difference being that whereas Virgil had achieved fame in one language only, Gower had distinguished himself in three. The writer in that case also is 'quidam philosophus' (not 'quidam Philippus,' as he is called in the printed

2991*. This quality of mercy, for which Richard is especially praised, seems to have been precisely the point in which he was afterwards most found wanting by our author, so that he finally earns the title of 'crudelissimus rex.' Matters had not gone so far as this when the second form of epilogue was substituted, in which these praises were simply omitted. Gower was then (in the fourteenth year of the reign) in a state of suspended judgement, expressed by the 'orat pro statu regni' of 2974 (margin). The subsequent events, and especially the treatment of the duke of Gloucester and his friends, finally decided his opinions and his allegiance, as we may see in the *Cronica Tripertita*.

3054* ff. See Prol. 83* ff.

3102*. *no contretaille*, 'no retribution' afterwards: cp. *Traitie*, vii. 3, 'De son mesfait porta le contretaille.'

3104*. That is, it tends rather to set us free from evil consequences than to bring them upon us.

copy), and I suspect that he was the 'philosophical Strode' who is coupled with Gower in the dedication of *Troilus*.

3. 'tibi' belongs to the next line, 'sive satirus Poeta' being taken together.

QUIA VNUSQUISQUE, &c. The form here given is found in no manuscript of the *Confessio Amantis* except F and H₂ (copied from F), though some other third recension copies, as W and K, may probably have contained it. We have it, however, also in two manuscripts of the *Vox Clamantis*, the All Souls copy and that in the Hunterian Library at Glasgow.

It should be noted that whereas the first recension manuscripts regularly contain the Latin account of the author's three books in immediate connexion with the *Confessio Amantis*, in the second recension it is made to follow the *Traitie*, and SΔ, which do not contain the *Traitie*, omit this also, while in F it comes later still, following the Latin *Carmen de multiplici viciorum pestilencia*. Thus the form which we have in F must be regarded as later than the accompanying text of the *Confessio Amantis*, from which it is separated in the MS. both by position and handwriting, and the words 'ab alto corruens in foueam quam fecit finaliter proiectus est' seem to indicate that it was written after the deposition of Richard II.

11 f. 'Speculum hominis' in all copies of the first recension. 'Speculum meditantis' over an erasure in the Glasgow MS. of the *Vox Clamantis*.

25 ff. Note the omission here (of nine words which are necessary to the sense) in every first recension copy except J. Similarly below all except J have 'finem' for 'sentencie,' obviously from a mistaken reading of a contraction ('sīe'). These must be original errors, only removed by later revision, the first no doubt due to dropping a line.

IN PRAISE OF PEACE.

The text of this poem is taken from the manuscript at Trentham Hall belonging to the Duke of Sutherland, which contains also the *Cinkante Balades*. Of this book a full description has been given in the Introduction to Gower's French Works, pp. lxxix ff. The present poem is the first piece in the book (ff. 5-10 v^o), and is written in the same hand as the *Balades* and *Traitie*, a hand which resembles that which appears in ff. 184, 185 of the Fairfax MS., though I should hesitate to say positively that it is the same. Evidently, however, the manuscript is contemporary with the author, and it gives us an excellent text of the poem. The date of its composition is doubtless the first year of king Henry IV, for the manuscript which contains it ends with some Latin lines (added in a different hand), in which the author

speaks of himself as having become blind in the first year of king Henry IV and having entirely ceased to write in consequence of this.

As a composition it is not without some merit. The style is dignified, and the author handles his verse in a craftsmanlike manner, combining a straightforward simplicity of language with a smooth flow of metre and a well-balanced stanza, the verse being preserved from monotony by variety of pause and caesura. Some stanzas are really impressive, as those which begin with ll. 99, 127, 148. The divisions of the poem, indicated in the MS. by larger coloured initials, have hitherto escaped the notice of editors.

The poem was printed first in the collected edition of *Chaucer's Works*, 1532, commonly called Thynne's edition (ff. 375 v^o-378), and reprinted from this in the succeeding folio editions of Chaucer (e.g. 1561, f. 330 v^o, 1598, f. 330 v^o, 1602, f. 314). There was no attempt made in any of these to ascribe its authorship to Chaucer, Gower's name being always given as the author. It has been published also by J. Wright in his *Political Poems and Songs* (Rolls' Series), the text being taken from the Trentham MS., and it has been included by Prof. Skeat in his interesting collection of poems which have been printed with Chaucer's works (*Chaucerian and other Pieces*, pp. 205-216).

Thynne followed a manuscript which gave a fair text, but one much inferior to that of the Trentham copy, both in material correctness and in spelling, e. g.

'Kyng Salomon whiche had at his askyng
Of god | what thyng him was leuest craue
He chase wysedom vnto gouernyng
Of goddes folke | the whiche he wolde saue
And as he chase it fyl him for to haue
For through his wytte while y^e his reigne last
He gate him peace and rest in to his last'

All the material variations of Thynne are given in the critical notes, but not his differences of spelling. Wright's text is not to be trusted as a reproduction of the Trentham MS. He made several serious mistakes in copying from or collating it, and he has a good many trifling inaccuracies of spelling. The following are his worst errors:

1. 3 *om.* this 16 the *for* thi 71 To stere peace (*following Thynne*)
108 *om.* doth tofalle *for* to falle 136 than *for* that
173 But afterwards 202 *om.* worthi 211 any *for* a 246 [good]
seeming to imply that it is not in the MS. 263 Which heliples
278 reserved *for* deserved 289 man *for* king 292 [up] 306
begete *for* be gete 356 Resteined *for* Resceived 363 deleated
for debated 382 sese *for* see. In addition to these rather gross
blunders, he has about a hundred smaller deviations from the manu-
script which he professes to follow, as, for example, 7 *for* to *for*
forto (and so afterwards) 16 him self *for* himself (*and so afterwards*)

19 But 27 request *for* requeste 39 might *for* myht 56 shal
for schal 83 lefte *for* left 84 not *for* noght 90 charitie *for*
 charite 98 Both *for* Bothe 102 gone *for* goon nyght *for*
 nyght 110 dothe 112 I 120 Crists 155 fulfilled 172
 wille 194 destrued 219 made 254 Ffirst chirche her silf
 260 sick 280 life 287 made an end 319 found 355 Which
 382 meschiefe and a good many more. He also omits in a very
 misleading manner the last lines of the rubric which follows the poem,
 'Et nunc sequitur epistola' &c., as well as the 'epistle' itself, 'Rex celi
 deus'; and he makes it appear that the lines 'Henrici quarti' &c.
 follow at once, whereas they are at the end of the MS. and in
 a different hand.

I think it worth while to specify these instances because Wright's edition has been accepted by Prof. Skeat as an accurate reproduction of a manuscript which is not generally accessible, and if no notice were taken here of the readings given by Wright, it would still remain in doubt whether he or I represented the text more correctly. Especially in the cases where Wright has bracketed a word as not occurring in the manuscript, it might be supposed that his positive testimony was to be preferred.

Prof. Skeat has based his text on Thynne, making such alterations of spelling as seemed to him suitable, and giving the variants of Wright's edition as those of the Trentham MS. Misled by Wright, he has accepted in his text the readings 'reserved' in l. 278, and 'cese' in l. 382.

The text given by the Trentham MS. is apparently quite free from material error, except as regards the word erased in l. 71, and the points of spelling which require correction are very few in number. The orthography is not quite in accordance with the standard spelling of the Fairfax and Stafford MSS., and in some respects resembles that of the third hand of F, on which we have commented in the note on *Confessio Amantis*, viii. 2938. Here however there is only a slight tendency to use *i* for *e* in weak terminations. We have *distourbid* 153, *undefendid*: *amendid* 223f., *handlid* 321, *soeffrin* 222, *solwip* 23, *goddis* 32, 84, *mannys* 237, but elsewhere almost always the usual forms, as *affermed*, *cared*, *gouerned*, *aken*, *ledeþ*, *londes*, *mannes*. On the other hand the *-ir* termination is used almost regularly, as *vndir*, *wondir*, *astir*, *modir* (but *vnder* 286), and there is a tendency also to substitute *i* for *e* in other places also, as *first*, *chirche* (also *ferst*, *cherche*), *wirche*, *dide* (348), *proprite*, but *here* for *hire* 108, 329, cp. 254. For *I* (pers. pronoun) we have regularly *y*; *gh* usually for *h* in such words as *right*, *myghti*, *knyght*, *light*, *highe*, *stigh*, but also *riht*, *rihtwisnesse*, *knyht*; *vppon* for *vpon*, *schulde* but also *scholde*. In addition to these points we may note the dropping of *-e* several times in *euer*, *neuer*, which hardly ever occurs in the Fairfax MS., and also in *heuen* 79, but we have also *euere*, *neuere*, *heuene*. The *-e* of the weak preterite form is dropped before a vowel in *myht* 39, *behight* 41,

had 42, *mad* 103, 345: -e is inserted in some imperatives, as *Leie* 122, *sette* 124, *Lete* 129, *putte* 130, *benke* 162, *Beholde* 276 (but *let* 158, *Kep* 367, 384, *draugh* 384). As regards the use of *þ* and *ȝ* the Trentham MS. agrees with F.

There is no title in the manuscript, and Prof. Skeat calls the poem 'The Praise of Peace,' a title suggested by Mr. E. W. B. Nicholson. I have adopted a modification of this, 'To King Henry the Fourth in Praise of Peace,' expressing also the substance of that given by Thynne.

8 ff. The threefold claim of Henry IV is given in this stanza, as in Chaucer's well-known Envoy, but the 'conquest' is here represented as a divine sanction.

50. *a place*, 'into place': cp. *Conf. Amantis*, v. 735, 'Hou suche goddes come aplace.'

53. *in manere*, 'in due measure': cp. *Conf. Amantis*, vii. 2132, 4344.

55. *what astirward betide*, 'whatever may happen afterwards.'

71. The first word of the line is erased in the manuscript, only the initial S being left, with a space for five or six letters after it. The word which is suggested in the text is perhaps as likely as any other: for the form of it cp. 'Maintene,' l. 385. Thynne's reading, 'To stere peace,' looks like a lame attempt on the part of a copyist to fill the gap.

78 ff. *Conf. Amantis*, iii. 2265 ff.

89. I write regularly 'evere' 'nevere' in accordance with Gower's practice: so 126, 127, 148, 241, 301, 350, 365.

90. *alle charite*. The MS. has 'al charite,' but the metre and the grammatical usage both require 'alle,' as in l. 293 and elsewhere.

94. *wisemennes*: cp. 'wisemen,' *Conf. Amantis*, vii. 1792.

106 ff. Cp. *Conf. Amantis*, iii. 2273 ff.

113. *Conf. Amantis*, iii. 2294 f.

115. Cp. *Conf. Amantis*, Prol. 444.

121. 'Whose faith thou hast partly to guide.'

122. I correct the imperative form 'Leie,' and also 'sette' 124, 'Lete' 129, 'putte' 130, 'thenke' 162, 'Beholde' 276, as contrary to Gower's practice and in several cases disturbing the metre.

150. Strictly speaking, we ought to have the subjunctive, 'undirstode,' but the rhyme will not allow.

155. So Prol. 88 f.,

'The hyhe god him hath proclaimed
Ful of knyhtode and alle grace.'

157 f. 'Peace with honour' was a favourite thought of Gower's, 'pax et honor' in the *Vox Clamantis*, vii. 1415.

174. 'on earth peace, goodwill towards men.'

177 ff. 'Peace I leave with you, my peace I give unto you.'

204. *waited*, 'attended to.'

235. *devised*, 'divided': cp. *Conf. Amantis*, ii. 3264.

286 ff. 'nevertheless the law stands so reasonably established by man's wit, that they can stand firm without that' (i.e. without the help of the Church).

266. Cp. Prol. 795, 'The comun ryht hath no felawe,' that is, none to take its part.

278 f. *deserved To him*. The reading is right. It means 'earned by service rendered to him': cp. *Conf. Amantis*, iv, 3577, 'Thogh I no deth to the deserve.'

281 ff. For the nine worthies see Caxton's Preface to Mallory's *Morte d'Arthur*.

295 f. The question of winning a 'chase' at tennis is not one which is decided at once by the stroke that is made, but depends on later developments.

330 f. Cp. *Conf. Amantis*, vii, 3161*.

337 ff. *Conf. Amantis*, ii, 3187 ff.

345. *at al*, 'altogether.'

354. *the lieve of lothe*, 'they who were now loved but had before been hated' (by God).

356. I read 'weren' for the metre. However the case may be with Chaucer, there is no instance elsewhere in Gower of elision prevented by caesura. The cases that have been quoted are all founded on misreadings.

365 f. Cp. *Conf. Amantis*, viii, 2988*.

379. *of pes*, 'with regard to peace.'

382. *see the werre*, that is, 'look to the war': cp. ll. 137, 144, 281 ff. The reading 'sese' was invented by Wright.

REX CELI DEUS, &c. This piece is to a great extent an adaptation of the original version of *Vox Clamantis*, vi. cap. 18, as it stands in the Digby MS. The first eight lines are identically the same. Then follows in the *Vox Clamantis*,

'Ipse meum iuuenem conseruet supplico Regem,' &c.

Of the remainder, as we have it here, ll. 25 f., 31-33, 36-39, 41 f., 45-48 correspond with slight variations to lines in the *Vox Clamantis* version, but the arrangement of them is different.

10. *Te que tuum regnum*, 'Thee and thy kingdom,' a quite common position of 'que' in Gower's Latin. So below, ll. 49, 50, 53, and often elsewhere.

35. So also *Conf. Amantis*, vii, after l. 1984.

GLOSSARY

AND

INDEX OF PROPER NAMES

THE general resemblance between Gower and Chaucer in the matter of language makes a comparison of their English vocabularies almost a matter of course. Chaucer's word-list is naturally much more extensive than Gower's, not only on account of the superior genius of the writer, but also because of the greater extent and variety of his work, Gower's English work being less than half of Chaucer's in amount, and consisting of verse only, while nearly a fourth part of Chaucer's is prose. We find, however, that Gower has more than six hundred words which are not used by Chaucer. Most of these are comparatively new formations from French or Latin, but there is also among them a fair sprinkling of old-established English words, some of which no doubt were falling into disuse. Such words are, for example: adryh, aghte, anele, arecche, areche, arere *v.*, beȝete, bysne, eldemoder, enderday, ferke, forȝifte, forlie, forworȝe, frede, ȝeme, gladschipe, goodschipe, grede (grade), griȝ, heveneriche, kingesriche, lere (= loss), lich (= corpse), metrede, miele, mone (3), mull, orf, orped, rowe *v.* (= dawn), sawht, skiere, spire *v.*, spousebreche, ȝarmes, tome *s.*, tote, tyh (*pret.*), tyt *adv.*, wow, yhte.

Of the rest the following (among others) are words for which no authority earlier than Gower is cited in the *New English Dictionary* (A—I): those for which Gower is the sole authority are printed in italics.

abeche, *ablaste*, abord, abroche *adv.*, accidence, *agrope*, altemetrie, *apostazied*, apparantie, approbacion, artificier, aspiement, assignement, *assobre*, assote *v.*, astraided, attempte *v.*, *attitled*, avant *adv.*, *avantance*, babe, baldemoine, balke *v.*, baske, bass *adj.* ('base'), bedawe, bederke, befole ('befool'), belwinge, *bethrowe*, *bewympled*, bienvenue, bombard, brothell, *brygantaille*, calculacion, *caliphe*, carte (= writing), chacable, chace (at tennis), chance *v.*, chevance, circumference, client, *coise*, cokard, cokerie ('cooking'), compense, conclave, concordable, congelacion, congruite, contempt, contourbe, courbe *s.* and *adj.*, decas, deificacion, delaieiment, delate (= dilate), depos *s.*, *desclos* *adj.*, desclose *v.*, desobeie, desobeissance, dispers, distillacion, *doubtif*, drunkschipe, *duistre*, effeminat *adj.*, eloquent, enbrouderie ('embroidery'), enclin, encluyed, encourtined, enfile, enheritance, *ensamplerie*, entendable, entendance, entendant, epitaphe, esmaie, espeir, espleit ('exploit'), exalacion, excessif, excitacioun, *excusement*, expectant, faie *adj.*, fieverous, fixacioun, flacke, folhaste, folhastif, forcacche, forge *s.*, *forstormed*, forsueie, forthrere (= furtherer), froise, gaignage, gamme, genitals, godward, gule, hepe (= hook), heraldie, hokedance, injustice, interruption, intersticion, inthronize.

Of these nearly half are used in the English of the present day.

For the remainder of the alphabet I content myself with calling attention to the following, without venturing on any statement about their earlier use:

justificacion, liberal, liberalite, lien (= bond), lugge, mathematique, matrone, mecanique, mecheric, menable, mineral, moevement, multitude, oblivion, obstinacie, occupacion, original, passible, perjurie, philliberd. (= filbert), pieres, pilage, pleintif *adj.*, pointure, porte (= porthole), preparacion, presage, preserve, proclame, prophetesse, providence, purefie, raile *s.*, recepcion, recreation, relacion, renounce, reptil, resemblance, restauratif, revelen, riff (= reef of a sail), sale, salvage, scharnebud, scisme, sculpture, scintefie, solucion, specifice, sprantlen, spume, stacion, studious, substitucion, supplante, supporte, temprure, tenetz (= tennis), terremote, tonsure, transpose, trompette.

In matters of vocabulary my obligations are first and principally to the *New English Dictionary*, then to Prof. Skeat's *Chaucer Glossary*, to Stratmann's *Middle Engl. Dictionary* (ed. Bradley), and to Halliwell's *Dictionary of Archaisms*. With reference especially to Gower I may mention the dissertation by G. Tietze (Breslau, 1889).

The following Glossary is meant to include all the words used in Gower's English Works, with their various forms of spelling and (where necessary) of inflexion, accompanied with such references as are required for verification of the forms given and for illustration of the different uses and meanings of the words. As a rule, when a word occurs more than once, at least two references are given, but this statement does not apply to inflexional forms. If a word presents any difficulty or is used in a variety of meanings, the number of references is proportionally increased. A complete set of references is given for proper names.

The *Confessio Amantis* is referred to by P., i, ii, iii, &c., P. standing for the Prologue, and the Roman numerals for the successive books. PP. stands for the poem *In Praise of Peace*. Word-forms which are not found in the Fairfax MS., or only in the latter part of it, which is written by a different hand, are sometimes enclosed in parentheses. These are also used occasionally to indicate variation of spelling: thus *dissencioun* (-on) means that the word is spelt either with '-oun' or '-on' termination, wher(e) indicates that 'wher' and 'where' are alternative forms. In all cases where 'y' is used to represent '3,' that fact is indicated by '(3)' placed after the word when it occurs in its place, as *beyete*(3).

The grammatical abbreviations are, *s.* substantive, *a.* adjective, *v.* verb, *v. a.* verb active, *v. n.* verb neuter, *v. a. n.* verb active and neuter, *3 s. pres.* 3rd person singular present tense, *pret.* past tense, *pp.* past participle, *def.* definite form of adjective, &c.

In many cases an explanation is given of the meaning of words for the convenience of readers, but no discussion as to their meaning or origin is admitted in the Glossary.

A.

a, interj. iv. 3622, *see ha.*

a, an, indef. art. P. 18, 350, (=one) ii. 1169, 1261.

a (=Fr. à), *in a dieu, a fin, see adieu, afyn.*

a, in a day, a doun, a ferr, a game, a goddeshalf, a morwe, a nyht, a place, a swoune, see dai, doun, ferr, &c.

Aaron, P. 437, ii. 3047.

abaissht, abayssht, pp. iv. 1330, vi. 2329.

abak, adv. iii. 481, vii. 4363, back.

abandone, abandoune, v. a. P. 766, ii. 1596, 2772, v. 5378, viii. 1834, let go, give up, devote.

abate, v. a. ii. 3171, vi. 2354, vii. 1639; *v. n. tabato*, ii. 809.

Abbategnyh, vii. 1458.

abbesse, s. viii. 1849.

abbot, s. ii. 3056.

abece, vii. 158, a, b, c.

abeche, v. a. vi. 709, feed.

abedde, adv. P. 602, i. 1781, 2599.

abegge, v. a. iii. 1828, v. 7522, pay for: *cp. aby.*

abeie, see aby.

Abel, viii. 61, 72.

abesse, v. a. i. 2063, abase.

abominable, a. ii. 3107, vii. 3337.

abide, abyde(n), v. n. i. 859, 1535, 1599, 2909, 3201, ii. 1501, PP. 285, wait, remain; *v. a.* ii. 2594, 2626, iii. 1616, viii. 900, wait for, endure: *3 s. pres. abit, abitt*, iii. 201, 1658, *pret. abod*, i. 151,

- imperat.* abyd, iv. 1777, *pp.* abide, vii. 2860.
- abie, *see* aby.
- ablaste, *v. a. pret.* v. 3712, blew upon.
- able, *a. ii.* 98, 3258, iv. 267, 2561.
- Abner, ii. 3087.
- abord, *adv.* ii. 1138, alongside (of a ship).
- about, *adv.* P. 367, i. 403, ii. 1227, abouten, i. 2529, aboutes, vii. 2280, viii. 2460, round, round about; come about, bringe a., i. 2629, ii. 1531, 2282, iv. 61, 259; *prep.* iv. 1356.
- above, *adv.* P. 891, i. 467, 1610, 1860, 2491, iv. 1595, aloft, at advantage, before this; hier above, i. 1377; from above, i. 3278; *prep.* i. 810, aboven, P. 971, i. 2833; *as subst.* iv. 914, v. 2542, 7293, vi. 221, advantage.
- abregge, *v. a.* vii. 1990, cut short.
- abreid, *s.* iv. 588, start.
- abreide, *v. a.* vii. 2882, upbraid.
- abreide, *v. n. pret.* i. 155, 2851, ii. 3241, started.
- abroche, *adv.* v. 1677, abroad.
- abrod, *adv.* iv. 3102, v. 6891, abroad.
- absence, *s.* ii. 1321, 1647.
- absent, *a.* iv. 1797, vii. 5181.
- Absolon, ii. 3093, viii. 217.
- absolucoun (-on), *s.* ii. 1317, iii. 596, viii. 2892.
- abstinence, *s.* P. 327, vi. 634.
- abydinge, *s.* vii. 502.
- abye, abie, *v. a.* ii. 3022, iii. 221, v. 5541, abeie, iii. 306, 3 *s. pres.* abyth, v. 5516, abeith, vi. 1378, *pret.* aboghte, ii. 2153, viii. 217, *pp.* aboght, i. 381, 2614; pay for; *cp.* abegge.
- acale, *adv.* viii. 638, 847, acold.
- accept, *a.* v. 6394, acceptable.
- acceptable, *a.* vii. 4727, viii. 3035*.
- accidence, *s.* ii. 3210, v. 763, *see notes.*
- accidie, *s.* iv. 539, sloth.
- accioun, *s.* ii. 388.
- acompte, accord, *see* acompte, acord.
- accuse, *v. a.* P. 487, iii. 2377.
- accusment, *s.* ii. 1703.
- Achab, vii. 2529 ff., *genit.* Achabbes, vii. 2552.
- Achale, v. 1907.
- Achastus, iii. 2555.
- achates, vii. 1362, agate.
- Achelons, iv. 2068.
- Acheron, v. 1110.
- Achias, vii. 4515 ff.
- achieve, *v. a.* P. 92, i. 103, 700, 1257, ii. 1311, v. 1276, finish, attain to; to ben achieved (=to succeed), ii. 2360, *cp.* ii. 3091; *v. n.* ii. 372, v. 2043, succeed.
- Achilles, ii. 2454, iii. 2642 ff., iv. 1694, 1800, 1970 ff., 2161, v. 2963 ff., 7591, viii. 2545, 2569, *acc.* Achillem, vii. 3583.
- Achilo, iii. 2566.
- Achitofell, ii. 3090.
- Acis, ii. 131 ff.
- acold, *adv.* iv. 247, vi. 1007.
- acompte, *s.* ii. 1715, iv. 292, 1653, *acompte*, iv. 1062, 2243.
- acompte, *v. a.* iii. 1104, 2281, v. 2014; *v. n.* vii. 2226, *tacompte*, i. 650.
- acord, *s.* P. 1034, i. 849, 1789, accord, P. 85, iv. 2069; in acord, i. 1115; of thin acord, &c., i. 849, ii. 2536; in on acord, i. 2250.
- acordable, *a.* v. 2930, in accord.
- acordant, *a.* i. 455, 2436, iv. 1244; *adv.* iv. 498, v. 142, viii. 2371.
- acorde, *v. n.* P. 358, 878, i. 388, ii. 105; thei ben acorded, ii. 630, thus acorded (*pp. absol.*), i. 826; *refl.* i. 3386, vii. 3241; 2 *s. pret.* acordeest, iii. 2058, *pres. part.* acordende, ii. 1612, iii. 603; agree.
- acordement, *s.* vii. 168.
- acquite, *see* aquite.
- acroche, *v. a.* iii. 1047, v. 5624, take hold of, gain.
- acte, *s.* P. 405.
- Acteon, i. 336 ff.
- Acteos, vii. 855.
- adaies, *adv.* iii. 828, at this time; now adaies, nou adayes, &c., P. 171, iv. 1228, *cp.* 'on daies nou,' iv. 1731; *see also* aday.
- Adam, i. 3304, iv. 2224, v. 1707 ff., 6964, vi. 5, viii. 26 ff.
- adamant, *s.* vii. 833, 1397.
- aday, *adv.* v. 2463, now (nou) aday, i. 655, iv. 2616, viii. 151, *cp.* a day, vii. 438, now a day, ii. 444; *cp.* adaies.
- addre, *see* eddre.
- adieu, viii. 2940, a dieu, ii. 2739, v. 3662.
- adoted, *pp.* vi. 79, infatuated.
- adoun, *adv.* i. 3280, a doun, iv. 2710, v. 385.
- adrad, *a.* i. 157, 2748, ii. 479, 3489.
- adresce, *v. a.* i. 1722, 2725, v. 1480, (*refl.*) v. 5021, adresse, iii. 2336, arrange, prepare.
- Adriagne, Adriane, v. 5332 ff., viii. 2556.
- Adrian (1), P. 745.
- Adrian (2), v. 4938 ff., *genit.* Adrianes, v. 5155.

- adryh, *adv.* iv. 1330, aside.
 adverse, *a.* iv. 3403.
 adverse, *v. a.* ii. 1792, oppose.
 adversite, *s. v.* 2232, vii. 3340*.
 advocat, *s.* vii. 2067.
 aeremance, *s.* vi. 1301, divination by air.
 afaite, *see* affaite.
 afer, *adv.* v. 318, *see* ferr.
 afered, *a.* i. 2124, iv. 600, a feerd, v. 7150*.
 affaite, *v. a.* ii. 464, 2851, iv. 3337, afaite, iv. 1157, v. 6852, *pp.* affaited, i. 1259, 1671, afaited, v. 2000: prepare, train.
 affeccoun (-on), *s.* i. 2858, vi. 1350, thaffeccoun, P. 366, inclination.
 afferme, *v. a.* P. 189, ii. 2928, iv. 3421, v. 783, confirm, establish; *v. n.* v. 857, 2596, declare, affirm.
 affliche, *v. a.* v. 2520.
 affile, *v. a.* i. 678, iii. 516, iv. 3332, sharpen, prepare.
 afflyhte, afflihte, afflihte, *v. n. pret.* i. 2185, ii. 766, iv. 1438, 1556, was disturbed (with grief, joy or fear), was afflicted; *v. a.* iii. 1422, *pp.* affliht, afflyht, ii. 1518, v. 5438.
 affraie, *v. a.*, *pp.* affraied, iii. 57, iv. 3400, viii. 2859, startle, frighten.
 affray, *s.* iv. 3068, fright.
 afire, *adv.* *see* afyre.
 afore, *prep.* iii. 2547, v. 822; *adv.* i. 973, aforn, vi. 927.
 afote, *adv.* iv. 2095.
 after, *prep.* P. 11, 54, 637, i. 809, iv. 1327, v. 1605, (aftir, viii. 2979 ff.), after, according to: at after mete, &c., vi. 1181, 1831: after that, after, (= according as) P. 544, 708, ii. 1586, iii. 1074: *adv.* P. 634, i. 999, (aftir, viii. 3073), ther after, v. 7030.
 aftercast, *s.* iv. 904, late throw (of the dice).
 afterward, *adv.* P. 74, i. 757, iv. 865, (aftirward, PP. 55).
 afyn, *adv.* v. 2349, a fin, iv. 60, finally.
 afyre, ii. 149, 2292, v. 1485, afire, i. 1662.
 Agag, vii. 3823 ff.
 Agamenon, ii. 2452, iii. 1892 ff., 2186, v. 3101, 6435 ff., viii. 2546.
 agaste, *v. a. pret.* vii. 3716, *pp.* agast, iii. 420, iv. 2760, terrified.
 agayn, again, *adv.* v. 3790, 4413, back: *cp.* ayein.
 age, *s.* i. 488, 779, 2229, iii. 1237, iv. 604, v. 901, of age, iii. 1943, v. 1259.
 aghte, *s.* viii. 747, possession.
 ago, *adv.* iv. 943, *cp.* agon, ago, *pp.*
 agon, *pp.* P. 875, ii. 1218, 2696, ago, P. 31, iv. 2918, 2960, gone, past.
 agregge, *v. n.* v. 7624, grow heavy.
 agrise, *v. a.* iii. 2160, *pp.* agrise, P. 598, v. 5908, terrify.
 agrope, *v. a.* and *n.* ii. 1356, 2814, v. 2858, examine, discover.
 agulte, *v. n.* vii. 3932, do wrong.
 ai, *see* ay.
 air, *see* eir (1).
 aise, *see* ese.
 aisshe, *s.* viii. 2101, ashes.
 ake, *v. n.* PP. 260, ache.
 akiele, *v. n.* iv. 2671, grow cool.
 al, all, alle, *a., sing.* al the, al this, al his, &c., P. 95, 104, 135, &c., all his, i. 2291, all the, viii. 784, the Cite all, ii. 3473; alle grace, alle thing, alle untrowthe, alle haste, alle wise, &c., P. 89, 433, i. 301, 747, 925 f., ii. 624, 1259, but al honour, i. 879, al untrowthe, ii. 1684, al Erthe, i. 2825, al Envie, ii. 168; *pl.* all my, al the, all these, &c., iii. 123, iv. 2377, 3165, v. 2685, &c., alle, P. 146, i. 992, 1481, 1930, 2877, alle othre, P. 734, i. 666, al othre, iv. 1532: as subst. al, i. 2247, ii. 704, 1027, *pl.* alle, P. 826, i. 1443, upon alle, P. 125, ii. 117, on all occasions, for al that, iv. 1348, 2278, *cp.* vii. 2677, at al, PP. 345, altogether.
adv. al, P. 13, i. 640, 856, 1068, 1145, ii. 966, &c., all, ii. 608, v. 1935, with a, al lene, iv. 1344, al one, i. 351, 666, 1526, ii. 2410, &c., (*cp.* alone), al him one, i. 3144, al only, ii. 133, iv. 2083, all thogh, iv. 269, al be it so, iv. 2393, 2920, al were there, iii. 2557, al nere it, v. 997.
 Ala Corvi, vii. 1371.
 Alaezel, vii. 1380.
 alarge, *adv.* iii. 2139.
 Albe, ii. 1855.
 Albert, P. 780.
 Albinus, i. 2460.
 Albumazar, vii. 1239.
 Alceone, Alceoun, iv. 2929 ff., 3121 ff., Alcione, viii. 2649.
 Alceste, vii. 1920 ff., viii. 2640.
 alconomie, *s.* iv. 2459, 2578, alchemy.
 aldai, alday, *adv.* P. 15, 310, i. 2753, iii. 1178, al dai, ii. 1899.
 Aldeboran, vii. 1310.
 ale, *s.* iii. 433, 1626.
 alege, *see* allegge.

- Alemaïne**, *s.* P. 804, **Alemaigne**, vii. 751.
Alemans, *pl.* P. 810, **thalemans**, P. 821.
Alexandrine, *a.* vii. 563, of Alexandria.
Alfraganus, vii. 1461.
alfulli, *adv.* ii. 501.
algate, *adv.* P. 646, 894, i. 1296, ii. 2637, **algates**, i. 300, iii. 690, in any case, assuredly.
Algol, vii. 1329.
algorisme, *s.* vii. 155, 158.
Alhaiot, vii. 1338.
alheil, *interj.* iii. 1261.
alliche, *alyche*, *adv.* P. 932, i. 1298, ii. 3253, iii. 68, iv. 2392, 3330, **alich**, iv. 2253, **alike**, vi. 383.
alihte, *v. n.*, see **alyhte**.
Alisandre, **Alisaundre**, P. 693, ii. 1841, 2415, iii. 1227, 2366, 2440, v. 1454, 1571, 2545, 5535, vi. 2273 ff., vii. 5, 22, &c., 3168*, 4234 ff., 5384, PP. 36, 44, 281.
Alisandre, vii. 1255, Alexandria.
alite, **alitel**, see **lite**, **litel**.
allaie, *v. a.* vi. 310, vii. 5406, **alleviate**.
allas, *interj.* v. 3910: *cp.* **helas**.
Allee, ii. 722, 1228 ff.
allegge, **alegge**, *v. a.* v. 7326, *pret.* **alleide**, i. 1453, iii. 2155, iv. 1920, vii. 2073; *v. n.* v. 6980: **allege**.
allewey, *adv.*, see **alway**.
alliance, *s.* ii. 1184, vii. 2549, viii. 139.
allied, *a.* viii. 12.
allowe, **alowe**, *v. a.* P. 154, i. 1283, 1590, ii. 539, iii. 1552, iv. 2282, v. 564, **approve**, **accept**.
allyhte, *v. a.* v. 4520, **lighten**.
Almageste, vii. 739, 983, 1460.
Almareth, vii. 1387.
Almeene, ii. 2466.
almesse, *s.* P. 226, 742, i. 2935, ii. 1471, iii. 2233, **alms**, **good deed**.
Almetis, iii. 2564.
almost, *adv.* vi. 414.
almyhte, **almihte**, *a.* ii. 906, viii. 1384, (**almighte**, PP. 362).
almyhti, **almyhty**, *a.* P. 585, v. 1737, 5741.
alofte, *adv.* P. 921, i. 885, 2563, iii. 152, vii. 169, on high, **aloud**.
alonde, *adv.* ii. 2212, v. 3747.
alone, *a. or adv.* i. 839, 1523, (**allone**, PP. 8); **al one**, see **al**.
along, *adv.* iv. 2817, **along on me**, **on miself along**, **on mi will along**, &c., iv. 624, 952, 2818, v. 2327, 5881 f., **long on**, v. 2329.
alonge, *v. n.* v. 3282, *pp.* **alonged**, vi. 1840, **desire**.
alowd, **aloud**, *adv.* ii. 843, 1512, v. 3848.
Alpetragus, vii. 1463.
Alpheta, vii. 1401.
Alphonse, i. 3393.
alquik, *a.* viii. 2575, **alive**.
als, *adv.* P. 565, 1064, **als faste** (at once), i. 414, ii. 1267, **als so faste**, &c., i. 1041, ii. 132, v. 2288: *cp.* **also**, **as**.
also, *adv.* P. 4, &c., **ek also**, i. 3305, &c., **also wel**, i. 1316: *cp.* **als**.
altemetrie, *s.* vii. 1468.
alter, *s.* v. 4034, **aulter**, v. 4079, (**thalter**, vii. 4707).
alther best, **altherbest**, *adv.* i. 1921, iv. 571, **alther werst**, i. 326.
althermest, *adv.* i. 3102, v. 2897.
althertrewest, *a.* ii. 499.
altherworst, *adv.* vi. 238.
althogh, *conj.* P. 157, &c., **all thogh**, iv. 269.
alto, *adv.* i. 2415.
altobreke, *v. a.*, *pp.* **altobroke**, viii. 624, PP. 221, **break asunder**.
altogedre, *adv.* vii. 2962, *cp.* **togedre**.
alway, **alwey**, **alwei**, *adv.* P. 832, i. 1840, iii. 1459, **allewey**, iv. 2587.
alyhte (1), **alihte**, *v. n. inf.* ii. 423, iii. 182, iv. 3002, *pret.* i. 2227, iii. 2659, *pp.* **alyht**, v. 1782, **come down**, **alight**.
alyhte (2), *v. a.*, *pret.* **alyhte**, v. 1670, *pp.* **alyht**, vii. 4708, **light**, **give light to**; *v. n.* vii. 3769, **be lighted up**.
alyve, *a. or adv.* i. 2164, ii. 645, iv. 2169.
am, **art**, &c., see **be**.
Amadas, vi. 879.
Amadriades, *pl.* v. 6236.
amaied, *pp.* i. 2030, **a-maying**.
Amalech, (1) vii. 3711.
Amalech, (2) vii. 4408, (*for* **Balach**).
amased, *pp.* iv. 579, 697, v. 5296, (**amasid**, viii. 2957).
Amazoine, iv. 2166.
amblaunt, (*pres. p.*) *a.* ii. 1506, **amblende**, iv. 1309, **ambling**.
amende, *s.* v. 7287, *pl.* **amendes**, v. 688, vii. 1585.
amende, *v. a.* P. 183, 254, *imperat.* **a-mende thee**, i. 2934, **god thamende**, i. 568, *pp.* **amended**, i. 1003, viii. 2608, (**amendid**, viii. 3010); *v. n.* i. 2431, 3350, viii. 1666.
amendement, *s.* P. 83, iii. 2514, iv. 1768.
Ametus, vii. 1917, viii. 2641.

- amiddes, *prep. or adv.*, the wode amiddes, &c., i. 112, 2819, amiddes in, iii. 2074, iv. 1349, amiddes of, iv. 2871, amide, iv. 1673, 3498, viii. 1038, amidd, *prep.* i. 361.
 amirall, s. ii. 1090.
 amis, amys, *adv.* P. 48, i. 1970, iii. 17, vii. 2473.
 amoeved, *pp.* iii. 497, iv. 861, moved.
 Amon son of Lot), viii. 236.
 Amon (king), iv. 1509.
 Amon (nation), vii. 3712.
 Amon (son of David), viii. 214.
 among, *prep.* P. 5, i. 669, amonges, P. 40, i. 1372, among, during: among, *adv.* iv. 1209, v. 5984, evere among, i. 2333, ii. 1079, &c., alwei among, iii. 1459, meanwhile, at times.
 Amonites, *see* Amonyte.
 amonte, amounte, v. n. i. 3111, iv. 291, 1654, v. 1917, 2581, avail, mean.
 Amonyte, vii. 4507, *pl.* Amonites, viii. 242.
 Amoreie, vii. 3711.
 amorous, amorous, a. i. 1414, iii. 745, iv. 921, v. 58, amorous, v. 1409, vii. 791.
 amorwe, *adv.* ii. 2657, iv. 3194, amorwe day, v. 2116, *cp.* viii. 820, a morwe, ii. 781, 890.
 Amos, vi. 1922 ff., (Jupiter) Ammon.
 Amphion, vi. 2160.
 Amphioras, iii. 2563.
 Amphitriton, ii. 2459 ff.
 Amphrisos, v. 4005.
 amyraude, s. vii. 1383, emerald.
 an, *see* a.
 an, for 'on,' v. 496.
 anabulla, vii. 1317, (a herb).
 ancestre, s. v. 1823, vii. 2884.
 ancestrie, s. PP. 12.
 anchor, anker, ii. 1136, viii. 606, 1805 f., anchor.
 Anchises, iv. 79, v. 1400.
 and, P. 2, 12, 155, &c.
 Andragene, v. 1398.
 Andrew, v. 1907.
 Androchee, v. 5233.
 anele, v. a. vii. 337, melt.
 anemie, *see* enemie.
 angel, s. P. 950, ii. 298, vi. 1530, *pl.* anglis, iii. 2256, angles, viii. 7 ff.
 anger, s. iii. 77 ff., angre, iii. 379, *pl.* angres, iii. 380.
 angrelliche, *adv.* iii. 380.
 angri, a. iii. 30, 378.
 angringe, s. vii. 2665.
 anguishe, anguisse, s. vii. 5081, viii. 1054.
 animalis, *Lat. a.* iv. 2542.
 anker, *see* anchor.
 annuied, *pp.* iv. 1346.
 anon, *adv.* P. 160, 626, i. 1130, anon ryht, P. 1022, anon forth, i. 3353, anon as, i. 471, 1262, iv. 2758.
 another, P. 968: *see* other.
 ansuere, answer, v. n. i. 290, 1461, 1658, 3 s. *pres.* answerth, i. 1951, *pp.* *pl.* ansuerde, i. 3246.
 ansuere, answer, s. i. 1510, 1823, iii. 2407, ansuer, viii. 907.
 Anthenor, i. 1095, 1124, v. 1835 ff., 7274 ff., vii. 1562.
 Anthonie, Antonie, vii. 4574 ff., (Caracalla).
 Anthonius, vii. 4181, Antoninus.
 Antierist, v. 1807.
 Antigonus, vii. 2121.
 Antioche, vii. 1247, viii. 275, 387.
 Antiochus, v. 7012, viii. 274 ff., 2004.
 Antonye, viii. 2577, Marcus Antonius.
 Anubus, i. 836 ff.
 any, *see* eny.
 anyht, *adv.* ii. 2857, *cp.* a nyht.
 apart, *adv.* vi. 2311.
 ape, v. 4995 ff., vi. 1450.
 Apemen, vii. 1884.
 aperceive, v. a. i. 960, ii. 983, 2138, perceive.
 apert, a. iv. 3205, open: in apert, ii. 686, openly.
 Apis, v. 1560 ff.
 Apius, vii. 5131.
 aplace, *adv.* i. 1888, v. 735, a place, i. 2377, iv. 2481, into place.
 apointe, appointe, v. a. ii. 791, iv. 273, 1692, v. 708, 4115, vi. 1973, *refl.* ii. 3204, to ben apointed, i. 2160; fix, resolve, appoint.
 Apollo, &c., *see* Appollo.
 aportenat, *see* appourtenant.
 apostazied, a. viii. 11, rebellious.
 apostles, s. *pl.* iii. 2499, v. 1797, *sing.* thapostel, P. 434, 881.
 appaie, apaie, v. a. i. 3429, ii. 594, 1433, v. 146, *pp.* appaied, ii. 1433, please, satisfy.
 appalle, v. n. iv. 3160, grow faint.
 apparant, a. ii. 1320, 1552, vii. 5278.
 apparant, a. ii. 1711, heir apparent.
 apparantie, s. i. 636, appearance.
 apparence, *see* thapparence.
 appartiene, v. n. vii. 1063.
 appel, s. (1) v. 7414, vi. 5, apple.

- appel, *s.* (2), *see* appell.
 appele, *v. n.* vii. 3171*, 3305*, viii. 2700, appeal.
 appeled, *pp.* iii. 1601, accused.
 appell, appel, *s.* ii. 3418, vii. 5233, apeel, vii. 3177*, appeal.
 appende, *v. n.* vii. 978, belong.
 appese(n), *v. a.* P. 191, i. 1351, iii. 133, vii. 2006.
 appetit, *s.* iv. 3013, 3544, v. 257.
 appiere, *v. n.* i. 838, 1198, ii. 3337.
 applied, *pp.* i. 577, iv. 2607, v. 913, assigned.
 appointe, *see* apointe.
 Appolinus, viii. 375 ff.
 Apollo, v. 918, 1072, 5845, 7594, vii. 3189, Apollo, v. 7111* ff., Apollinis (*genit.*), v. 7109*.
 appourtenant, *a.* ii. 2508, iv. 64, 3131, v. 1496, appourtenant, vii. 1019, apor-tenant, v. 4318.
 apprise, aprise, *s.* i. 81, 293, iii. 2764, iv. 2332, viii. 812, teaching.
 approbacion, *s.* iv. 2519.
 appropre, *v. a.* vii. 430, *pp.* appropred, iv. 3223, vii. 499.
 aproche, *v. n.* ii. 40, v. 5623; *v. a.* iii. 96, viii. 388, naproche, iv. 1135.
 apropiacioun, *s.* ii. 2396.
 Aquarius, vii. 1187 ff., 1253.
 aqueint, *pp.* vi. 265, quenched.
 aqueintance, *s.* i. 2400, ii. 1178, iv. 85.
 aqueinte, *v. refl. and n.* ii. 3506, iv. 2313, *pp.* aqueinted, iv. 2137, (aqweinted, PP. 328).
 aquite, aquyte, acquite, *v. a.* i. 1594, 2772, iii. 2578, iv. 967, v. 2385, set free, acquit; i. 1054, remit; iv. 195, satisfy; iii. 2671, vii. 3030, requite; *pp.* aquit, iii. 2460, iv. 967, acquitted, i. 1054.
 ar, *adv.* ii. 2141, iv. 1422; *cp.* er.
 Arabe, *s.* iv. 2627, Arabic (language).
 Arachel, vii. 1457.
 arai, araid, *see* arrai, arraid.
 arawhte, *pret. of* arecche (OE. areccan), v. 1826, explain.
 Araxarathen, iv. 3675.
 Arcenne, Arcennus, ii. 1332 ff., 1534.
 arcennicum, *s.* iv. 2483.
 Archade, iii. 2317, v. 1007, vii. 3555.
 Archas, v. 6283.
 Ardea, vii. 4760 ff.
 areche, (OE. aræcan), *v. a.* i. 3207, ii. 666, v. 387, *pret.* arauhte, vi. 457, attain, reach to: *v. n.* i. 3024, iii. 2247, reach up, extend.
 arede, *v. a. n.* P. 601, v. 928, vii. 3703, *pret.* aradde, P. 626, i. 2854: explain, give explanation.
 arere, *adv.* iii. 1082, behind.
 arere, *v. a.* iv. 1938, vi. 437, 1107, raise up.
 areste, *v. a.* i. 1644, ii. 162, 2745, iii. 609, delay, keep in check, arrest.
 arewe, *see* arowe.
 argue, *v. n.* vii. 1847, 4196.
 argument, *s.* iv. 1798, v. 7028, *pl.* argu-mentz, vii. 1823.
 argumenten, *v. n.* P. 370.
 Arial, vii. 1364.
 Aries, vii. 980 ff., 1266.
 ariht, *adv.* i. 2847, ii. 724, iv. 2993.
 Arion, P. 1054.
 arise, aryse, *v. n.* P. 1041, i. 1909, iii. 2503, 3 *s. pres.* arist, P. 504, 545, ii. 474, *pret.* aros, i. 2957, *pp.* arist, ii. 228, arise, v. 5907; *v. a.* (?) v. 1745.
 Arisippus, Arisippe, Arisippes, vii. 2231 ff.
 Aristarchus, iv. 2640.
 ariste, *s.* iii. 1224, iv. 1285, rising.
 aristologie, *s.* vii. 1413, birthwort.
 Aristotle, Aristote, Aristotiles, vi. 99, 2274, 2412, vii. 4ff., 50ff., 3333* ff., 3544, 4257, 5403, viii. 2705.
 arivaille, arrayvaille, *s.* ii. 1032, iv. 94, 1927.
 arive, *see* aryve.
 arm, *s.* ii. 2486, iv. 1141, *pl.* armes, P. 607, i. 912, ii. 2481.
 arme, *v. a.* v. 3181, *pp.* armed, i. 1171, 1998, iv. 1701, v. 3686.
 Armene, v. 1397.
 Armenye, Armenie, iv. 1245, vii. 1251, Ermenie, vii. 3218.
 armes, *s. pl.* P. 213, i. 1413, 2528, v. 3627 (feat of arms), men of armes, ii. 2998, iv. 1625.
 (sal) armoniak, iv. 2480.
 armonie, *s.* vii. 165.
 arowe, arewe, *adv.* i. 255, ii. 2038, v. 6955.
 Arpaghes, vii. 1800 ff.
 arrai, array, arai, aray, *s.* i. 901, 2512, 2705, iv. 1393, v. 1312, 7488.
 arraie, araie, *v. a.* i. 1748, 2029, ii. 1836, vi. 641, array, prepare; arraid of (pro-vided with), ii. 2556.
 arrive, arrayve, *see* aryve.
 Arrons, vii. 4598 ff.
 arrayvaille, *see* arivaille.
 arsmetique, *s.* vii. 149, arithmetic.
 art, *s.* iv. 933, 2607.
 artemage, *s.* vi. 1957, magic art.
 Artestrathes, Artestrates, viii. 691, 1970.

- Arthua**, PP. 283.
artificier, *s.* vii. 1691.
artmagique, *s.* viii. 2602.
arwe, *s.* ii. 2236, v. 1266, arrow.
aryse, *see* **arise**.
aryve, **arive**, **arryve**, **arrive**, *v. a.* ii. 717, 1905, bring to land; *v. n.* iii. 1043, iv. 81, 1917, vii. 3269, come to land, come.
as, *P.* 50, 60, 233, i. 847, ii. 2205, (=as if) i. 666, 1358, ii. 1047, **as it were**, i. 1800, **as who seith**, *P.* 43, i. 1381 &c., **as he which** &c., *P.* 186, 1020, i. 369, **as him which**, iii. 1276, **as of** (as regards), *P.* 492, i. 557, 1969, iii. 1479, **as to**, *P.* 199, i. 300, iii. 2283, **as forto**, *P.* 31, i. 107, 2379, **as tho**, ii. 213, iv. 375, **as in** (=in), i. 1707, 1940, **as be** (=be), i. 1334, **as me thenketh** (=me thenketh), iv. 1649, **als** . . . **as**, *P.* 1064: *cp.* **als**.
ascape, *v. a.* i. 1552, 2882 (**aschape**, *v.* 7033 *), **eschape**, vi. 1017; *v. n.* i. 517, ii. 1982, iv. 2107, **eschape**, vii. 3466.
ascendent, *s.* vi. 1963.
aschamed, *a.* i. 979, iv. 1885.
ascrie, *v. n.* vi. 1690, vii. 3751, raise a cry.
asory, *s.* v. 7546, vii. 3722.
asende, *v. a.*, *pret.* **asente**, i. 2138, *pp.* **asent**, i. 1493, 1743, **assent**, i. 3222, sent for.
aside, *adv.* *P.* 879, i. 1536, 2534, ii. 1426, iv. 2512, **asyde**, *v.* 4512, **gon aside**, vii. 2388 (go wrong).
Asie, vii. 533, 554 ff.
aske, **askinge**, *see* **axe**, **axinge**.
aslepe, *adv.* i. 1180, ii. 825, **rooke aslepe**, ii. 1081, **brought aslepe**, iv. 3347.
Asmod, vii. 5335 ff.
aspeot, *s.* i. 3009, vii. 904.
aspidia, *s.* i. 463.
aspie, *s.* i. 1172, ii. 1830, iii. 2087, v. 1997, upon **aspie**, iv. 1473: spy, watch.
aspie, *v. a.* i. 312, ii. 305, *pp.* **aspyd**, iv. 1858; *v. n.* ii. 100, 515, v. 675, *pret.* **aspide**, ii. 135.
aspirement, *s.* vii. 256, breathing.
assaie, *v. a.* i. 1080, 1758, 3028, iii. 647, 1066; *v. n.* i. 3430, v. 2680: try, attempt, experience.
assaille, **assaille**, *v. a.* i. 1999, iii. 154, 1904, the **feld a.**, ii. 1838, 2620; *v. n.* *P.* 727, v. 5526, vi. 1308: attack, attempt.
assay, **assai**, *s.* i. 690, 791, ii. 3261, iii. 717, v. 273, 4156, trial, proof; **at alle assaies**, *P.* 172, ii. 2447, v. 4883, in every way.
asse, *s.* i. 2248, iv. 2009, vii. 3251*.
assemble, *v. n.* ii. 2621, iv. 1953, engage in battle, iii. 189, associate (together); *v. a.* ii. 1765, iii. 368, v. 686, 1772, gather together, join.
assent, *s.* i. 1125, 3380, **thassent**, ii. 1479, **of on assent**, i. 1494, **of his a.**, i. 1744, **to hire a.**, i. 2623.
assente, *v. n.* ii. 2816, iii. 1976, iv. 3488, **thel ben assented**, ii. 2539, *cp.* viii. 818.
asseure, *see* **assure**.
assigne, *v. a.* i. 234, ii. 1337, iv. 271.
assignement, *s.* v. 7154, vi. 401.
Assaire, *v.* 1541, vii. 4316.
assise, **assisee**, *v. a.* *P.* 66, i. 1468, 3050, ii. 636, iii. 1866, iv. 280, place, appoint, arrange.
assisse, **assise**, *s.* v. 788, 1986, 2878, viii. 778, **thassise**, *P.* 148, order, condition, manner.
assobre, *v. n.* vi. 291, grow sober; *v. a.* vi. 460, sober.
assolle, *v. a.* iii. 2570, viii. 364; *v. n.* *pret.* **assoilede**, iii. 2556: absolve, solve (a question).
assote, *v. n.* i. 508, 781, 2596, ii. 2269, behave foolishly, dote; *v. a.* iv. 697, v. 6841, vii. 4319, make foolish, besot.
assuage, *v. n.* i. 1438, iii. 1614; *v. a.* ii. 3208, vi. 587.
Assub, vii. 334.
assure, **asseure**, *v. a.* ii. 902, 2013, 2467, iii. 1773, 2202, iv. 3526, assure, satisfy, betroth, pledge.
astat, **estat**, *s.* *P.* 105, i. 599, 2764, iv. 229, viii. 3149, **thastat**, i. 2100, **thestat**, *P.* 202, **estats** (*pl.*), v. 1849.
astellabre, *s.* vi. 1890, **astrolabe**.
asterte, *v. a.* i. 658, 722, 1934, 3381, iii. 163, 240, 566, escape from, elude; *v. n.* iv. 724, 1304, v. 808, 5821, escape, be avoided, v. 707, come to pass.
astone, *v. n.* vi. 1584, be at a loss.
astoned, *a.* *P.* 277.
astraled, *pp.* v. 145, vii. 2660, **astray**.
Astrathen, vii. 4501.
astray, *adv.* vii. 2679.
Astrices, vii. 826.
astrologie, *s.* vii. 680.
astronomie, *s.* iv. 3246, vi. 1347.
astronomien, *s.* v. 3083, vii. 348.

aswoune, *adv.* ii. 1347, 3237, iv. 3632,
a swoune, viii. 1060.
asyde, *see* aside.
at, *prep.* P. 34, (= to) ii. 2648, iv. 914,
(= by) v. 611: ate, ii. 59, ate laste, P.
369, 702, ate dees, i. 54, ate feste, i. 2501.
atake, *pp.* v. 6291, overtaken.
Athemias (1), iii. 1764, 1807.
Athemias (2), v. 4249.
Athenagoras, viii. 1622, 1749.
Athene, Athenes, Athenys, Athenis,
iii. 1984, 2131, v. 5235, 5250 ff., 5554,
vii. 2221, 2315, 2919 ff., 3058, 3184.
Athlans, i. 424, Atlas.
atir, *see* atyr.
Atropos, iv. 2756.
attache, *v. a.* viii. 2698, arrest.
atteigne(n), *v. a. i.* 754, 1621, ii. 184,
2553, *pret.* atteinte, v. 3698; *v. n. i.*
2690, iv. 949, *pp.* atteint, v. 2224.
atteint, *pp.* iii. 2213, v. 7102*, viii. 1947,
convicted.
attempre(n), *v. a. i.* 1354, iii. 236, 1857,
iv. 2554.
attempte, *v. a.* viii. 1419, try.
attitled, *pp.* v. 882, 1312, 1331, vii. 1004.
atwinne, *adv.* iii. 2750, v. 5942.
atwo, atuo, *adv.* iv. 431, v. 73.
atyr, atir, *s. i.* 1753, 1758, v. 4118, prepara-
tion, attire.
auctor, *see* auctour.
auctorite, *s. i.* 800, iv. 2628, autorite, ii.
2925.
auctorize, *v. a.* vii. 2415, vouch for; *pp.*
auctorized, vii. 1480, PP. 330, held in
repute.
auctour, auctor, *s. i.* iv. 2412, v. 947, vi.
1314, vii. 1456.
audience, *s. P.* 452, i. 2556, 3330, viii. 1842.
auditour, *s. v.* 1919.
Aufrique, v. 1195, vii. 533, 578, 2088.
Augst, vii. 1100, viii. 2845, August.
augurre, *s. i.* 2404, augur.
auht, *see* oght.
aulter, *see* alter.
aunter, *s.*, in aunter if, P. 480, i. 189, ii.
480, in aunter forto, iii. 992, per
aunter, v. 3351, *pl.* auntries, v. 5879;
venture, adventure.
auntre, *v. n.* iv. 339, *refl.* v. 6522, venture.
Aurora, iv. 3190.
autorite, *see* auctorite.
availe, *v. n.* P. 270, 1074, i. 1082, 3114,
(avayle, P. 77*, availle, viii. 3048);
v. a. ii. 91, 265, v. 229, *pp.* availed,
PP. 191.

avale, *v. n.* ii. 2353, v. 387, descend; *v. a.*
iii. 505, viii. 1619, lower.
avance, *v. a. i.* 2652, ii. 16, 2589, iv. 2116,
v. 3006, avaunce, iv. 2780.
avancement, *s. v.* 2279.
avant, *adv.* iii. 1082, in front.
avant, *s. i.* 2427, ii. 2952, boast.
avantage, *s. i.* 1575, 2711, ii. 3158, iv.
2358, thavantages, v. 1978.
avantance, *s. i.* 2399, boasting.
avantarie, *s. i.* 2407, avanterie, i. 2438,
boasting.
avante, *see* avaunte.
avarice, P. 315, v. 8, 21 &c.
avaunte, avante, *v. refl.* i. 2389, 2567,
2655, 2961, boast (oneself).
avenant, *a.* vii. 834, comely.
aventure, *s. P.* 212, 619, i. 1416, ii. 260,
3297, iii. 2016, peril, chance, case; put
(sette) in aventure, i. 3212, iv. 322,
per (par) aventure, i. 1521, 2350, iv.
1101.
aventurous, *a. i.* 1523.
Averil, v. 5968, vii. 1029.
averous, *a. v.* 61, 4676, thaverous, v. 57,
avaricious.
Avicen, iv. 2610.
Avinoun, *see* Avynoun.
avis, *s. i.* 501, iii. 1804, iv. 1333, v. 1202,
avys, i. 1471, opinion, advice.
avise, *v. a. i.* 1736; *v. n.* iii. 1067, ob-
serve; *refl.* P. 520, i. 436, 748, 2680, ii.
525, 790, viii. 2365, consider, beware;
be avised, P. 65, i. 996, 1543, avised
with, ii. 635, (avysed, PP. 233).
avisement, *s. i.* 3121, iii. 751, up avise-
ment, iv. 1002.
avisoun (-on), *s. i.* 845, ii. 3479, vi. 1928.
avoi, *interj.* viii. 1696.
avou, *s. i.* 964, iii. 1014, iv. 1511, 1549,
3133, promise.
avouterie, *s. v.* 873, 1045, 1164, adultery.
avowe, *v. a. i.* 717, iv. 3438, v. 124, vii.
3163*, PP. 243, declare, justify, vow.
Avynoun, Avinoun, P. 331, ii. 3001.
await, *s. iii.* 955, 1016, v. 666, watch,
ambush: *cp.* wait.
awaite, awayte, *v. a. i.* 1260, 1672, ii.
463, iii. 1368, iv. 263, 808, v. 3004, watch
for, attend to; *v. n. i.* 907, ii. 2332, 2869,
iv. 2119, v. 207, watch, wait.
awake, *v. a. i.* 887, 1782, 2087, iv. 3228,
v. 424, wake, keep awake; *v. n. ii.* 2896,
iv. 2905, *pret.* awok, i. 121, ii. 843, v.
5435, vii. 3717.
awarde, *v. a.* viii. 2373.

- aweile, *adv.* P. 132, 849, i. 1110 &c.,
 aweye, i. 53, awey, P. 1069, i. 1323,
 2472, awel, iii. 1711, iv. 1277, away,
 awai, ii. 1466, iii. 547, iv. 1186, v. 4024;
 sohal nevere aweile, iv. 2394, myhte
 noght aweile, could not avail, i. 1110,
cp. iii. 349, v. 7179.
 aweiward, *adv.* i. 141.
 awher, *adv.* ii. 393, v. 6585.
 awhile (= a while), i. 1842, 2810.
 awht, *see* oght.
 awroke, *pp.* v. 7268, avenged.
 awry, *adv.* ii. 442.
 axe, *aske*, *v. a.* P. 268, 960, i. 170, 694,
 1461, 2149, v. 5472, *imperat.* axe, i.
 3344; *v. n.* i. 160, 881, 1875, ii. 1232,
 iii. 2747: ask, ask for, demand.
 axeltre, *s.* iii. 1209.
 axinge, *s.* i. 1480, ii. 339, iv. 2128, *pl.*
 axinges, i. 3295, vii. 3911, askinge, iv.
 3494.
 ay, *adv.* ii. 395, 3125, iv. 286, *ai*, v.
 6419*.
 ayein (3), *prep.* P. 679, 713, i. 1137, 1141,
 1284, 2340, ii. 1438, ayeins, v. 6413,
 against, contrary to, opposite, to meet;
 ayein the day, i. 930, toward morning,
cp. v. 4954, ayein the dai, i. 2511, with
 a view to the day.
 ayein, ayeyn (3), *adv.* P. 185, i. 861, 1057,
 2090, iii. 1243, iv. 1137, again, back, in
 reply: *cp.* agayn.
 ayeincomynge (3), *s.* iv. 102.
 ayeinward (3), *adv.* i. 1792, ii. 132.
 ayer (3), *adv.* viii. 2226, in the year.
- B**
- babe, *s.* ii. 3238, iii. 320.
 Babel, P. 1019.
 babl, *s.* vii. 3955, bauble.
 Babilla, vi. 1325.
 Babiloine, Babiloyne, P. 665, 675, 681,
 i. 2955, iii. 2452, Babeloine, vii. 3212*.
 Babio, v. 4808 ff., 4851.
 bachbite, *v. a.* ii. 411.
 bachbitinge, bakbitinge, *s.* ii. 451, 558,
 1605, 1609.
 bachelor, *s.* i. 2594, 3373, ii. 125, 2658,
 iii. 1343, bachiller, ii. 2658.
 Bachus, v. 141, 166 ff., 1051, 1469, 3138,
 6837 (*genit.*), vi. 396 ff., 502.
 back, bak, *s.* P. 400, i. 2069, ii. 393, 1651,
 iv. 1344.
 badde, *a.* i. 1246, ii. 513, iii. 1562, iv. 1350,
as subst. vi. 351.
 bagge, *s.* v. 83, 129, 4701.
 Baiard, vi. 1280.
 baillez ca, vi. 60.
 baillie, *s.* P. 220, i. 783, ii. 1870, v. 1012,
 vii. 1071, charge, property.
 bait, *s.* iii. 956.
 bak, bakbitinge, *see* back, bachbitinge.
 bake, *v. a.* *pp.*, v. 2408.
 bal, *s.* PP. 296.
 Bala, viii. 130.
 Balaam, vii. 4413.
 balade, *s.* i. 2709, 2727.
 Balamuz, vi. 1320.
 balance, *s.* P. 541, i. 3, 42, ii. 1418, 3244,
 iii. 559, 2506, scales, danger.
 baldemoine, *s.* i. 1704, gentian.
 bale, *s.* iii. 1496, vi. 67, viii. 589.
 balke, *v. n.* iii. 515, *see note*.
 balsme, *s.* viii. 1198.
 Baltazar, P. 685, v. 7022.
 banere, *s.* ii. 1835, iv. 3220, baner, v.
 492.
 Bangor, ii. 905.
 banke, *s.* P. 508, ii. 144, 720, *pl.* banokes,
 iv. 2726.
 banne, *v. a.* iv. 877; *v. n.* iv. 2834, curse.
 baptesme, *s.* ii. 609, 899, 3470, v. 1779,
 (baptisme, PP. 347).
 baptized, *pp.* viii. 143.
 Barbarie, ii. 599, 612, 1172, 1181.
 Barbarus, vii. 4335.
 Bardus, v. 4956 ff.
 bare, *a.* P. 936, i. 935.
 bareigne, *a.* iii. 2319, v. 824.
 bargain, *s.* v. 2876, 4414, viii. 2431.
 barge, *s.* P. 45*, 234, ii. 1902.
 barli, *as a.* vii. 3705 ff., of barley.
 barm, *s.* iii. 302, vi. 227, bosom.
 barnage, *s.* ii. 2982, baronage.
 baronie, *s.* P. 104.
 baske, *v. refl.* iii. 315, bathe.
 (baskle, *v. refl.* iii. 315, *v. l.*)
 bass, *a.* i. 1678, low.
 bataille, *s.* P. 214, i. 1081, iii. 2650, bat-
 aille, v. 3429.
 bataille, *v. n.* iii. 1903; *v. a.* bataille, PP.
 194.
 bataillous, *a.* v. 1211, vii. 889, warlike.
 bath, *s.* i. 1747, *pl.* bathes, v. 3801, viii.
 484.
 bathe, *v. n.* i. 364, iii. 312; *v. a.* ii. 3206.
 Bathuel, viii. 115.
 be, ben, *v.* P. 44, 65, 78, 147, 1 *s.* *pres.*
 am, P. 52, 2 *s.* art, i. 154, 3 *s.* is,

- P. 4 (ys, viii. 2990), we ben, P. 3, be we, i. 2212, 3 *pl. pres.* be(n), P. 78 &c., (beth, viii. 3081), are(n), vii. 1490, 1718, ar, iv. 1375, *pret.* was, P. 3, 2 s. were thou, iv. 600, *pl. were(n)*, P. 37, 45, weere, v. 6836, wer, ii. 2147, *subj.* were, i. 1662, 2545, 3335, iv. 343, weere, iv. 1324, wer, v. 2555, *pp.* be(n), P. 582; be so (that), i. 187, 1458, ii. 1177, be he . . . be he, ii. 254.
- be, *prep.* P. 36, i. 175, 761, 794 &c., be name, i. 806, be nyhte, i. 823, be me (in my case), i. 1963, be cause that, ii. 2771, (by, v. 7021*) : *cp.* by.
- beau, *a.*, beau retret, viii. 2416.
- beaute, *s.* i. 771, 1837, ii. 123.
- Beawme, viii. 2470, Bohemia.
- beblede, *v. a. pp.* bebled, ii. 700, iii. 1406, stain with blood.
- beclippe, *v. a. i.* 1790, ii. 2550, iv. 2783, v. 2003, *pp.* beclipt, i. 912, embrace, contain.
- become, *v. n.* P. 303, 3 s. *pret.* becom, i. 932, 2967, becam, ii. 1189, v. 4949, 3 *pl.* become, P. 738.
- bedawe, *v. n.* v. 1982, dawn.
- bedd, bed, *s.* i. 876, ii. 828, 856, to bedde, i. 1780, ii. 822, goth to bedde to, i. 2604, beddes side, ii. 833.
- beddefere, *s.* v. 3056, beddeflere, vi. 1916, bedfellow.
- beddeshed, *s.* iii. 445.
- bede, *s.* P. 273, i. 667, ii. 1472, iii. 2148, iv. 3484, bedes, iv. 717, (bedis, viii. 2959), peire of bedes, viii. 2904: prayer, command, bead.
- bederke, *v. a. i.* 1169.
- bedroppe, *v. a.* vii. 4832, cover with drops.
- beerdles, *a.* v. 7202*.
- beere, *s.* vii. 5098, bier.
- befalle, *v. n.* P. 26, 501, i. 55, 1397, vii. 655, *pret.* befell, P. 702, i. 67, (bifel, P. 35*), 3 s. *pres. subj.* befalle, P. 69*, i. 1397, 3 s. *pret. subj.* befelle, iv. 2773.
- beffain, *v. a. pp.* vii. 2897, flayed.
- befole, *v. a.* P. 200, vii. 4293.
- before, *prep.* i. 2054, ii. 1048, befor, ii. 573; *adv.* i. 1228, ii. 569, before tyme, P. 848, befor, P. 843.
- befrose, *pp.* ii. 1820.
- begert, *pp.* vii. 2863.
- begete, *v. a., pret.* begat, v. 900, beyat (3), v. 1396, *pp.* begete(n), iv. 3249, v. 3194, 7313, vii. 5137.
- begge, *v. a. v.* 1785*, buy: *cp.* beie.
- beggere, begger, *s.* i. 2249, iv. 2249, v. 2414, *pl.* beggers, v. 2395.
- beginne, *v. a. n.* P. 266, 659, 835, i. 2331, begynne, P. 404, 3 s. *pres.* beginth, vi. 760, *pret.* s. began, P. 667, 973, i. 13, *pl.* begunne, iii. 742, 1128, begonne, iv. 1045, *pp.* begonne, P. 688, iii. 1260, begunne, i. 1138; beginne of, i. 2550, 2562, began to, i. 1446; I am to beginne, ii. 512, *cp.* iii. 1320, iv. 956.
- beginnyng(e), *s.* vii. 79, 596.
- bego, *v. a., pp.* bego(n), i. 3252, iv. 556, 606, work upon, furnish; *pp. with adv.* iii. 1157, vi. 1553, wel begon of, ii. 1323, wel b. with, iv. 1313, *cp.* v. 2335, wo bego(n), iv. 3394, v. 4348.
- begrave, *v. a. i.* 2348, *pp.* begrave, ii. 887, 2649, iv. 2171, bury; *pp.* begrave, i. 2541, engraved.
- begripe, *v. a.* vii. 536, encompass.
- begrowe, *pp.* v. 6831, grown over.
- beguile, *v. a. i.* 677, 705, ii. 651, iii. 2180, deceive, betray.
- behelde, *see* beholde.
- beheste, *s.* P. 81*, i. 1100, 1270, PP. 41, promise, assurance.
- behete, behiete, behihte, *see* behote.
- behinde, behynden, *prep.* i. 2069, ii. 483; *adv.* i. 227, ii. 282, behynde, v. 2706.
- beholde(n), *v. a.* P. 35, 840, i. 199, &c. (biholde, vii. 3156*), behelde, vii. 1856, 3 s. *pres.* beholt, i. 2700, ii. 2434, 3 s. *pret.* behield, i. 414, v. 5441, beheld, ii. 1833, *pl.* behielde, iv. 3090, *pret. subj.* behelde, iv. 574, *pl.* behielden, P. 360, *imperat.* behold, P. 551, ii. 771.
- beholde, *pp.* v. 94, vii. 4175, bound.
- behonge, *v. a. v.* 7489, vi. 1839.
- behote, *v. a. n. inf.* iv. 1824, 1 s. *pres.* behote, i. 1233, 2678, behete, behiete, iv. 638, 3144, 3470, v. 6701, 3 s. behet, i. 1954, 3 *pl.* behote, ii. 1664, *pret.* behihte, i. 1565, iii. 1014, iv. 1555, v. 1476, 4979, behyhte, v. 7014, (behighte, behight, viii. 3124, PP. 41), *pp.* behyht, behiht, i. 1694, vii. 3286*; promise, assure, pronounce, dedicate.
- behove, *s.* P. 358, ii. 1674, vii. 1332, advantage.
- behove, *v. n.* iii. 640, 1114, vii. 1711, 2025, viii. 2426, behoveth nede, vii. 1353: be needful, help, ought.
- behovely (-li), *a. i.* 2393, iii. 1330, v. 1757, PP. 304, (bihovely, vii. 3159*), be-

- hovelich(e), v. 4012, vii. 1975; profitable, helpful.
- bele, v. a. ii. 3061, iii. 639, 3 s. *pres.*
- beith, v. 4396, *pret.* boghte, ii. 2397, 2736, iii. 380, *pp.* boght, iii. 894, 2066, buy, pay for, avenge; *cp.* begge.
- beinge, s. vii. 90 ff.
- bejape, v. a. i. 2363, ii. 2489, iv. 900, v. 3207, 6216, deceive, mock.
- beknowe(n), v. a. n. i. 593, 1376, ii. 275, vi. 1390, *pp.* beknowe(n), P. 1039, i. 550, v. 6466, *imperat.* beknow, ii. 883, make known, confess: I am beknowe, i. 550, 1940, I am beknowe ... this, ii. 236, *cp.* v. 2855.
- Bel, v. 1556 f.
- Bele Ysolde, vi. 472, viii. 2501.
- beleve, v. n. P. 10, i. 1516, ii. 2524, iv. 2816, *pret.* belefte, v. 5698, remain: is beleft, was beleft, ii. 2569, 3458, is belaft, vi. 2346.
- (belle), v. a., 3 *pl.* *pret.* belele, v. 7581, *pp.* belein, i. 1993, iii. 1757, 2046, iv. 2147, besiege.
- believe, v. a. n. P. 284, i. 580, 1215, 2012, ii. 629, 2136, iii. 2222, viii. 2500, beleve, v. 6124; believe, believe in, trust.
- believe, bilieve, s. P. 91, i. 699, 894, 1216, ii. 3396, iii. 967, beleve, vi. 62, *pl.*
- believes, v. 748, 951; belief, faith, religion.
- belle, s. i. 1949, 2391, ii. 1728, iv. 346.
- beloke(n), *pp.* ii. 3393, iv. 3667, shut up.
- belonge, v. n. P. 67, 259, i. 691, 2345, 2904, iv. 2293, 3307, (3 s. *pres.* belongeth, viii. 2997 ff.), belong, be fitting.
- beloved, a. P. 38, i. 1920, v. 4365.
- Belua, v. 1546, 1556.
- belwe, v. n. iv. 2113, bellow.
- belwinge, s. vii. 3322, bellowing.
- Belzebub, v. 1557.
- bemene, v. a. i. 1540, iii. 1983.
- bench, s. v. 4383.
- bend, s. vi. 296, band.
- bende, v. a. n., *pret.* bende, ii. 2235, vii. 4749, *pp.* bent, iii. 449, viii. 2453.
- bene, s. v. 4408, bean.
- Benedab, vii. 2539 ff.
- benedicte, *interj.* i. 205.
- benefice, s. P. 316, *pl.* benefices, ii. 2338.
- beneficoun, s. iii. 939.
- benethe, *adv.* P. 931, i. 2527; *prep.* vii. 721.
- benigne, a. iii. 215.
- bente, a. *pl.* vii. 4418, arched.
- benyoe, v. *refl.* viii. 2769, befool (oneself).
- benyme, v. a., 2, 3 s. *pres.* benymst, benymth, iii. 1309, v. 7002, *pp.* benome, vi. 36, take away.
- beqwath, v. a. *pret.* PP. 178.
- berd, beard, s. i. 2045, v. 7113*, 7149*, viii. 1303, beard.
- bere, s. ii. 160, vi. 1450, bear.
- bere, v. a. P. 294, 492, i. 850, 3 s. *pres.*
- berth, i. 467, iii. 1784, *pret.* s. bar, P. 908, i. 434, *pl.* bere, beere, i. 2795, iv. 1323, 1376, vii. 1796, *pret. subj.* beere, iv. 2749, *pp.* bore, i. 773, 2788, ii. 933, 2635, boren, ii. 976, ybore, ii. 499; bar (berth) on hond, iii. 664, iv. 32, v. 546, berth an hond, v. 496.
- bereined, *pp.* i. 2915, vii. 1234.
- Berenger, P. 780.
- bereve, v. a. P. 411, vii. 3245*, *pret.* bereste, P. 744, vii. 3840, berast, v. 5647, *pp.* berast, viii. 209.
- beried, *pp.* iii. 293.
- berille, vii. 1349.
- Berillus, vii. 3309.
- berke, v. n. ii. 1796, 3 s. *pret.* bark, ii. 1861.
- berne, s. ii. 86, v. 4907, barn.
- Bersabee, vi. 97, viii. 2690.
- berste, v. n. viii. 1068.
- berthe, s. iv. 2231, v. 827.
- besant, s. v. 1930.
- Besaxia, vii. 1884.
- beschade, v. a. iv. 3207, vii. 743, 809; *cp.* bischadewe.
- beschrewe, v. a. i. 1036, iii. 810, curse.
- beschrewed, a. i. 640, iii. 480, evil-disposed.
- besohyne, v. a. vii. 4465, shine upon.
- (be-se), v. a., *pret. pl.* besahe, viii. 1617, look after, prepare: *pp.* bessein, besale, P. 559, i. 358, 2360, iv. 1384, wo bessein, ii. 262, bessein of, iii. 1844, bessein to, iv. 180, provided, equipped, prepared.
- beseche, v. a. n. i. 589, 1339, 1985, 2174, 2259 &c., besieche, viii. 2912, beseke, ii. 960, v. 916, 1355; *pret.* besoghte(n), i. 1808, 2640, ii. 108, 1212, 1483, v. 1459, besoughte, v. 3440, besoughten (*pl.*), P. 198, *pp.* besoght, v. 6230, *imperat.* besech, i. 2937.
- beseke, *see* beseche.
- beseme, v. a. i. 2013, ii. 2935, iv. 745.
- besette, v. a. i. 3237, iv. 1482, *pp.* beset, i. 2538, 2736, ii. 3252, iv. 1567, v. 555, besett, iv. 496, set, employ, bestow.

- besi, besy, a.** ii. 1764, iv. 235, 509, 953.
beside, besyde, prep. i. 2305, iii. 294, 530, vii. 2242, *besiden*, v. 7311, *beside*, contrary to: *adv.* P. 446, 801, ii. 60, 1993, by the side, aside, as well: *faile* and *go beside*, iv. 2862, *cp.* v. 2428, vi. 1248, vii. 4458.
besien, v. refl. iv. 1183, 1230.
besiliche, adv. i. 373, iv. 57, 1235, *besily*, iv. 2185.
besinesse, s. i. 1130, ii. 460, 1074, iv. 513, viii. 3052*, *besynesse*, P. 49*, *bisnesse*, P. 63, (*businessse*, PP. 226).
besiaschipe, s. iv. 1119.
besnewed, pp. i. 2044, vi. 1498.
besowed, pp. viii. 1114, sewn up.
besprede, v. a. vii. 1150, *pret.* *bespradde*, viii. 2655, *pp.* *bespred*, v. 6917.
best, a. i. 1525, the *beste*, i. 768, *pl.* iii. 500; *as subst.* for the *beste*, to the *beste*, i. 997, 1748, 2488, *thi beste*, i. 1603; *adv.* *best*, P. 337, ii. 2676.
bestad, pp. i. 1049, 2584, ii. 69, 922, 1149, iii. 77, vii. 3228*, situated, engaged, troubled.
bestaille, s. v. 331, 1022, cattle.
beste, s. P. 909, i. 976, 2828, *beast*.
bestere, v. refl. ii. 3196, viii. 609.
bestial, a. i. 2913.
bestly, a. i. 3025.
bestowe, v. a. iv. 2472.
beswike, v. a. i. 498, 760, deceive.
beswinke, v. a. v. 6085, *pp.* *beswunke*, i. 2646, labour for.
besyde, see *beside*.
bet, a. v. 4715; *adv.* i. 1976, 2514, iii. 349, 2239; for *bet* for *wers*, iv. 673; *cp.* *betre*.
betake, v. a. iv. 1431, 3 *s. pres.* *betakth*, iii. 1978, *pret.* *betok*, iv. 3327, *imperat.* *betaketh*, ii. 1036, *pp.* *betake(n)*, P. 309, i. 80, vii. 1335, viii. 2960; give, deliver, commend: *betaken* (*pp.*), v. 743, taken.
bete, v. a. n. P. 428, i. 1155, ii. 2356, *pret.* *bet*, iii. 997, vii. 4615, *pp.* *bete(n)*, iii. 974, v. 1960, vii. 4635, *beat*.
beteche, v. a. vii. 4234, *pret.* *betawhte*, *betauhte*, *betaghte*, iii. 1940, v. 3575, viii. 748, *pp.* *betawht*, vi. 2411, viii. 120, deliver.
bethenke, v. a. n. PP. 101, *pret.* *bethoghte*, vi. 1165, *pp.* *bethoght*, iv. 142, think of, remember; *refl.* *he him bethoghte*, i. 798, *cp.* i. 2116, *bethoughte* hire, v. 3423; I am *bethoght*, i. 1267, this I am *bethoght*, iii. 1250, *bethoght*, ii. 2906.
Bethincia, v. 1141.
bethrowe, pp. vi. 114.
betide, betyde, v. n. i. 149, 2265, iv. 1024, 1779, 3 *s. pres.* *betitt*, ii. 1997, *pret.* *betidde*, *betydde*, ii. 2463, vi. 1607, *betidd*, vii. 4381, *pp.* *betid*, P. 182, v. 2101, *betidd*, iii. 473, v. 6254, happen, come to pass.
betokne, v. a. P. 594, 628, i. 2888, ii. 731, vii. 1757 ff.; *v. n.* ii. 1804, vii. 4518.
betraie, v. a. i. 1079, ii. 1181, viii. 1923.
betrappe, v. a. iii. 1358, vii. 4915.
betre, bettre, a. P. 352, i. 1556, 2424, iv. 37; *subst.* the *betre*, v. 7393; *adv.* P. 543, i. 720, the *betre*, i. 1543; *cp.* *bet*.
betwen, betuen, prep. P. 18, i. 2164, ii. 411, 653, v. 5025, 5718, *hem betwene* (*betuene*), P. 790, 1000, v. 3062; *adv.* *betwene*, ii. 942.
betyde, see *betide*.
bewake, v. a. v. 3498, 6611, watch, watch through.
bewar, v. imperat. (= be war), ii. 571, iii. 1496, 1738, v. 6048.
beware, v. a. P. 394, ii. 3066, 3359, iii. 2219, vii. 2518, spend, employ.
beweile, v. refl. i. 972, iv. 2958.
bewelde, v. refl. iii. 990, vii. 510, viii. 3041*, have power over (oneself).
bewepe, v. a. iv. 1565, vii. 2888.
bewhape, v. a. vi. 80, vii. 4267, viii. 2219, (*pp.* *bewhapid*, viii. 2955), bewilder, amaze.
bewounde, v. a. pp. v. 5008, viii. 1178.
bewreie, v. a. ii. 1530, v. 701, 2940, viii. 454, *pp.* *bewreid*, v. 6785, reveal, expose.
bewympled, pp. v. 6913.
beyelpe (3), v. refl. vii. 2096, boast (oneself).
beyende (3), prep. i. 424.
beyete (3), s. P. 304, 784, i. 1194, 2684, ii. 2355, iv. 1709, gain, property, possession.
bible, s. P. 354, i. 2788, iv. 1960, 2655, v. 7025, vii. 2527, 3624, viii. 224.
bidde, v. a. n. P. 458, i. 884, 934, 1556, *bidde his bede*, v. 6985, 3 *s. pres.* *bit*, i. 1310, iv. 1161, *bidt*, iv. 1162, 2802, *pret.* *badd*, P. 45*, i. 157, 1535, 2902, ii. 1140, *badd*, vi. 1735, *pl.* *bede*, i. 2048, iii. 750, *biede*, viii. 1507, *pret. subj.* *bede*, iv. 2905, vi. 1356, *imperat.* *bidd*, iv.

- 1434, v. 7588, *pp.* bede, i. 813, 841, iii. 1557, *beden*, i. 2520; *bid*, command, invite, ask for, pray: *cp.* biede, with which bidde has been confused.
- biddinge, s. i. 2552.
- bide, v. n., *pret.* bod, viii. 519, 2310, stay.
- biede, v. a. v. 4455, *pp.* bode, P. 244, i. 2865, command, demand: *cp.* bidde.
- bienfait, s. iii. 758, bienfet, vii. 3029.
- bienvenue, s. ii. 1503.
- bile, s. iv. 2710, 3108, v. 6526.
- bilieve, *see* believe, s.
- bille, s. viii. 875, 889, 2324, writing.
- bime, *see* byme.
- blinde, bynde, v. a. n. i. 1623, v. 3606, viii. 2811, 3 s. *p.* bint, vi. 72, *pret.* s. bond, v. 853, 5056, *pl.* bounden, v. 151, *pp.* bounde(n), i. 2538, ii. 540, iii. 2095.
- bischadewe, v. a. viii. 3008*.
- bisnesse, *see* besnesse.
- bisschop, bissshop, ii. 904, 936.
- bisschopriches, s. *pl.* P. 208.
- bisse, s. vi. 990, fine linen.
- bite, v. n. iii. 119, *pret.* bot, vi. 5.
- Biten, v. 1402.
- biter, a. vi. 250, *def.* biter, vi. 371, bitter, viii. 2256; the bitre (*as subst.*), i. 1708.
- biternesse, s. vi. 344.
- bitterswete, s. viii. 191: *cp.* vi. 250.
- blad, bladd, s. iii. 252, iv. 927.
- blak, a. iv. 1343, v. 4045, blake, *def.* i. 1167, *voc.* iv. 2842, *pl.* iv. 2494.
- blame, s. i. 630, 1017, 2074, 3056; *as a.* i. 2405.
- blame(n), v. a. P. 60*, i. 3053, to blame(n), P. 538, i. 3054, v. 5210.
- blameles, a. vii. 3816.
- blaminge, s. v. 1455.
- blanche, a. (*fem.*) vi. 239.
- blase, v. n. ii. 2949.
- blase, s. v. 3510, 4089, viii. 2444.
- blast, s. i. 1069, 2411, iii. 419.
- bleche, a. v. 2477, wan.
- blede, v. n. ii. 840, vi. 1746.
- blenchinge, s. vi. 205, 1867.
- blende, v. a., 3 s. *pres.* blent, v. 2492, *pret.* blente, v. 3467, *pp.* blent, i. 1126, v. 2165, blind, conceal.
- blesse, v. a. i. 3418, v. 1238, (*pp.* blessid, viii. 3104); v. n. i. 620, v. 5022, cross oneself.
- blesse, a. vii. 3260.
- blessinge, s. ii. 3317, v. 1281.
- blew, a. *as subst.* iv. 1317, vii. 2188, blue.
- blind, blynd, a. i. 47, ii. 355, 759, v. 980, blinde, P. 139, *def.* i. 621, 2490, ii. 1822, *pl.* i. 228, 927, iii. 1465, v. 2959; the blinde (blynde), *as subst.* P. 536, i. 2952, v. 536, *cp.* vii. 2470: blind, deceitful.
- blindly, *adv.* viii. 2385.
- blisse, s. i. 1771, v. 544, viii. 33.
- blithe, blythe, a. ii. 18, 657, v. 6140, viii. 929.
- blockes, s. *pl.* iii. 1033.
- blod, s. i. 2235, 3170, vi. 840, vii. 4132, blood, vii. 423.
- blodi, a. P. 757, iii. 1400, bloody, ii. 861.
- blowe, v. a. n. P. 923, i. 1065, 2133, 2411, ii. 1122, 2134, v. 1818, *pret.* blew, bleu, i. 2143, iii. 1025, v. 5409, blew, ii. 2892, *pl.* blew, vi. 2263, *pp.* blowe, i. 2298, iv. 735, vii. 3041.
- blowinge, s. iv. 2484.
- blythe, *see* blithe.
- blyve, blive, *adv.* iii. 1044, viii. 515, quickly; als (as) blyve, iv. 1854, v. 3318, *cp.* vi. 1430: forthwith.
- boc, *see* bok.
- bode, v. a. i. 3282, proclaim.
- bodi, body, s. P. 474, 995, ii. 977, *pl.* bodies, iv. 1320, 2463.
- bodili, bodily, bodely, a. ii. 3256, v. 193, 1775, bodiliche, ii. 3344, vi. 397: *adv.* bodily, ii. 2969 (= in person), iii. 767, bodely, iv. 975.
- boiste, *see* buiste.
- bok, s. P. 18, ii. 868 (book, viii. 3108), boc, vii. 480, in boke, iv. 978, *pl.* bokes, P. 2, i. 2458.
- boke, v. P. 51*, iv. 2664, viii. 1328, record, write books, teach with books.
- bold, a. ii. 1690, iii. 1846, iv. 2192, *pl.* bolde, vii. 4355.
- bole, s. iv. 2112, vii. 1017, 3313, bull.
- bombard, s. viii. 2482, (a musical instrument).
- bon, s. i. 1531, ii. 2291, iii. 463, *pl.* bones, ii. 2302, vi. 2309.
- bond, s. ii. 2112, iv. 894, *pl.* bondes, P. 502, ii. 3027, iv. 2105.
- bonde, a. vi. 74, bond (slave).
- bondeman, s. viii. 1358.
- bone, s. ii. 768, 1430, vii. 3899, petition, boon.
- Boneface, Bonefas, ii. 2940, 2950 ff.
- bor, s. vii. 5255, boar.
- bord, s. i. 2111, ii. 689, iv. 400, viii. 720, *pl.* bordes, i. 2529, ii. 1426, iv. 3018, board, table; iv. 1741, side (of a ship), schipes bord, v. 3922, viii. 987, over bord, viii. 1140.

- borde, s. iii. 741, *pl.* bordes, vii. 4799, viii. 1676, jest.
 bordel, s. v. 1054, viii. 1411 ff., brothel.
 bordeller, s. viii. 1415.
 borwe, *v. a. n.* iv. 10, v. 6640, 7665.
 borwe, s., to borwe, iv. 774, 960, v. 3416.
 bost, s. iii. 2083, v. 2142, vii. 3482, boast.
 bot, s. P. 44*, i. 1960, ii. 1108, be bote, P. 40*, to bote, v. 3731; boat.
 bot, *prep.* vii. 694, beyond: *conj.* P. 12, 56, 73 &c., but, P. 63* f., 168, bot (= only), P. 454, i. 675, (= unless) P. 144, i. 1543, ii. 374, v. 473, ne . . . bot, i. 264, noght . . . bot, ii. 1587, bot if, P. 345, i. 441, 1546, bote (except), ii. 2392, (but) v. 2015.
 bote, s. i. 28, 2232, ii. 2051, iv. 133, do bote, ii. 2274, iii. 2272: remedy, help.
 boteler, s. i. 2593, vi. 295 ff.
 Botercadent, vii. 1419.
 bothe, s. viii. 170, booth.
 bothe, *a. pl.* P. 159, i. 317, bothe tuo, P. 1068, i. 851, bothen, i. 1829, vii. 2469, oure herte bothe, iii. 1473, bothe also, iii. 1471; *as adv.* i. 1106, iv. 1874.
 botme, s. i. 1961, bottom.
 bouele, s. v. 4137.
 boun, *a.* viii. 1407, PP. 17, ready.
 bounde, s. iv. 2506, vi. 634.
 bounde, *v. a.* ii. 1754, vii. 560.
 bounte, s. v. 2595, goodness.
 bowe, s. i. 1967, ii. 151, 2234, 2956, iv. 2983, bow.
 bowe, *v. n.* P. 153, i. 718, 1238, 1248, 1284, ii. 3225, iv. 1130, bow, bend, turn aside, submit.
 bowh, s. iv. 856, 1331, *pl.* bowes, i. 2824, 2902, bough.
 Bragmans, *pl.* v. 1453.
 braie, *v. n.* i. 3027.
 brain, s. i. 2568, iv. 107, brayn, v. 1463.
 branche, s. P. 346, iv. 3688, v. 1965, braunche, i. 2311.
 Branchus, i. 1428, 1456.
 Brangwein, vi. 473.
 bras, s. P. 610, i. 1087, iv. 236, 2472.
 breche, s. v. 332.
 bred, s. ii. 1856, iii. 446.
 brede, s. iii. 1963, v. 5661, breadth.
 brede, *v. a.* i. 542, iii. 1322, v. 7700.
 breide, *v. a.* vii. 4332, braid.
 breide, *v. a.*, *pret.* iii. 1429, viii. 1377, drew.
 bregge, s. v. 2205, vii. 2242, bridge.
 breke, *v. a.* P. 148, i. 1303, 1334, 1512; *v. n.* i. 1248, 1700, ii. 3008: *pret.* brak, ii. 3008, iv. 847, v. 1710, *pp.* broke, P. 653, ii. 3394.
 brenne, *v. a. n.* P. 329, i. 323, ii. 5, 23, iv. 820, 3 s. *pret.* brende, ii. 2302, v. 1100, brente, v. 1667, 3 *pl.* brenden, i. 1184, *pp.* brent, i. 2006, *def.* brente, v. 7210, burn.
 brennynge, s. vi. 2232.
 brere, s. P. 409, 413, briar.
 brest, s. P. 607, i. 662, 1327, iii. 2011, v. 1384, briest, viii. 2175, breast, heart.
 Bretagne, vii. 752.
 breth, s. i. 119, 2127, ii. 530, iii. 289, iv. 2758.
 brewwe, *v. a.* ii. 246, iii. 1626.
 Brexeida, ii. 2455.
 brid, s. i. 101, 2703, bridd, i. 2088, *pl.* briddes, i. 111, 1728.
 bridel, s. i. 1697, ii. 3009, iii. 1629, iv. 1203, brydel, iv. 1434.
 bridden, *v. a.* i. 2037, viii. 2707.
 briht, bryht, bright, *a.* v. 3110, vii. 734, *def.* bryhte, v. 3169, brighte, v. 2783, *pl.* brihte, iv. 988, bryghte, iii. 1039.
 brihte, bryhte, *adv.* v. 36, 3732, bryht, vii. 1857, *compar.* bryhtere, brihtere, iv. 1322*, vi. 1525.
 brimme, s. v. 4968.
 bringe, *v. a.* P. 348, i. 1318, 1447, 3 s. *pres.* bringth, P. 1082, *pret.* broghte, P. 760, ii. 1246, iv. 2951, broughte, v. 3934, *pp.* broght, P. 623, i. 788, brought, iii. 604, *imperat.* bring, vi. 1728; bringen forth, iv. 3119, forth broghte, ii. 1246, broght aboute, iv. 2352.
 bringere, s. v. 345.
 brinke, s. i. 2310, 2980, iii. 1408.
 brocage, s. v. 341, 4426, 4590, viii. 3033.
 broche, s. v. 6173, brooch.
 brocour, s. v. 4387 ff., 4573.
 brod, brood, s. ii. 383, v. 4375, brood.
 brod, *a.* iv. 3164, v. 6792, *pl.* brode, i. 1729, 1749, v. 1266, broad: *adv.* v. 1086, (broode, PP. 201).
 brond, s. v. 1485, 4089.
 brothell, s. vii. 2595, worthless fellow.
 brother, s. P. 1050, i. 2071, PP. 266, *genit.* i. 2139, ii. 1197, iv. 2944, *pl.* brethren, v. 799, vi. 1077.
 browe, s. i. 1589, 1678, vii. 4418.
 brustle, *v. n.* iv. 2732.
 Brut, P. 38*.
 brutel, s. P. 877, brittle.
 Brutus, vii. 4735 ff.
 bryd, s. i. 1788, bride.
 brygantaille, s. P. 213, irregular troops.

bryht, *see* briht.
 buck, s. iv. 1300, 1978.
 buille, bulle, *v. n.* iii. 431, v. 1487, 4121, *pres. p.* buillende, v. 2221.
 buissah, s. i. 359, 2984, ii. 2356, bussh, i. 2044.
 buisselles, s. *pl.* v. 2204.
 buisshement, s. iii. 2089.
 buiste, boiste, s. v. 3594, viii. 507, 2814, box.
 Bulgarie, vii. 3291.
 bulle, s. ii. 2825, 2978, PP. 208, (pope's) bull.
 burel, *a. P.* 52, simple.
 burgeis, s. v. 7255, viii. 543, citizen.
 burgh, s. *P.* 794, v. 3125, vii. 1690.
 Burgoigne, vii. 770.
 burned, *a. i.* 2540, v. 3110, 4339, polished.
 buxom, *a. P.* 153, v. 2807, obedient.
 buxomly, *adv.* iii. 546, v. 3030.
 buxomnesse, s. i. 1355.
 by, *adv.* i. 1802, iv. 1172, v. 4517, vii. 4955, bl. iv. 397, by and by (in order), iii. 557, v. 5503, 7280, *faste by*, v. 298: *cp. be, prep.*
 byme, bime (=by me), ii. 2016, iii. 892 (against me), 2702 (for me), iv. 1182, 1423 (to me), 3369, v. 4484.
 bysme, *a. ii.* 771, blind.

C

ça, vi. 60.
 caban, s. viii. 1051, 1601.
 cable, s. i. 1068, v. 443, viii. 624.
 cacche, *v. a.* iv. 3283, *pret.* cawhte, ii. 1349, 1441, iii. 1461, cauhte, v. 3924, *pp.* cawht, i. 1654, 2277, caght, ii. 1746; *v. n.* ii. 3192.
 cadence, s. iv. 2414.
 Cadme, Cadmus, i. 339, iv. 2401, v. 4273.
 cage, s. iv. 1191.
 caitif, s. i. 161, v. 2801.
 cake, s. vii. 3705 ff.
 Calcas, i. 1085.
 calcedoine, s. vii. 1431.
 calcinaoion, s. iv. 2518.
 calculacion (-oun), s. v. 3085, 6459, 7163*.
 Caldee (country), *P.* 666, 717, v. 750, 781, 1592, Chaldee, vii. 2031; Caldee (language), iv. 2627.
 Caldeus, *pl.* v. 787.
 caldrion, caldroun, s. v. 4117, 4141.

Caleph, v. 1687.
 Calidoayne, iv. 2047.
 Caligula, viii. 202.
 caliphe, s. (1), ii. 2549, caliph.
 caliphe, s. (2), v. 3915, (a kind of vessel).
 Calipsa, Calipse, vi. 1427, viii. 2599.
 Calistona, v. 6228 ff.
 Calistre, vi. 2274, vii. 20.
 calle, *v. a. n.* *P.* 126, i. 2459, 3146, ii. 937, iii. 1436.
 calm, *a.* vii. 4113.
 Calmana, viii. 65, 71.
 Calvus, *P.* 775.
 Cam, *see* Cham.
 Cambises, *P.* 680, vii. 2893.
 camelion, s. i. 2698.
 camused, *a. v.* 2479, flat-nosed.
 can, *see* conne.
 Canace, iii. 147 ff., viii. 2587.
 Canahim, vii. 566.
 Cancer, vii. 1051 ff., 1249, in Canero, iv. 3242.
 Candace, v. 1571, 1575, 2543.
 Candalus, v. 1574.
 candarie, vi. 1317.
 canele, s. i. 1704, cinnamon.
 Canis maior, vii. 1345.
 Canis minor, vii. 1356.
 canonized, *pp.* ii. 2821, viii. 144, installed, appointed by canon.
 Capadoce, ii. 1332.
 Capaneus, i. 1980.
 capitein, captain, s. i. 1428, iii. 2421, vii. 5210, *fem.* capitaine, v. 1972.
 capoun, s. v. 2408.
 Capra saliens, vii. 347.
 Capricorn, Capricornus, iv. 3222, vii. 1170, 1199, 1252.
 carbuncle, s. i. 466, v. 7121*, carbunculum, vii. 1316.
 cardinal, s. ii. 636, 2811, 2832.
 care, s. i. 2516, iii. 1794, *pl.* cares, iii. 299.
 care, *v. n.* ii. 226, iv. 1774, PP. 18, feel trouble, be distressed.
 carecte, s. i. 470, v. 3588, vi. 2006, karote, vii. 1571, charm, conjuration.
 carle, *v. a.* ii. 2648, iv. 3292, v. 1197.
 Carmente, iv. 2637.
 Carmidotoire, vii. 2848.
 carole, s. i. 2730, v. 3146, karole, iv. 251, carolles, *pl.* i. 2708.
 carole, *v. n.* iv. 2779, vi. 868, 1845.
 carolinge, s. iv. 1530, vi. 144.
 carpe, *v. n.* vii. 3277*, converse; *v. a.* viii. 1488, utter.
 Cartage, iv. 81, v. 2048 ff., vii. 2221, 2235.

- carte, *s.* (1) P. 444, ii. 1974, iv. 987, 3233, vii. 816 ff., (cart, PP. 115), the *carte* wele, iii. 2074; car, chariot.
carte, *s.* (2) vii. 1359, writing.
cas, *s.* P. 438, 746, i. 646, 2600, per *cas*, iv. 39, 1239, in *cas* that, iv. 1917.
 Cassandra, Cassandre, Cassaundre, v. 7441, 7451, 7569.
 Cassodre, vii. 3161*, PP. 330.
cast, *s.* ii. 2374.
caste, *v. a.* i. 40, 1322, 1 *s. pres.* *caste*, i. 1965, *cast*, iv. 560, 3 *s. cast*, i. 663, *casteth*, iii. 80, *pret.* *caste*, i. 122, 1575, 2159, *cast*, i. 152, *imperat. s. cast*, i. 438, *pl.* *casteth*, i. 3160, *pp.* *cast*, ii. 1666, viii. 2909, throw, defeat, conjecture, plan, calculate.
castell, *castel*, *s.* i. 1423, ii. 719, iv. 741.
cat, *s.* iii. 1643, iv. 1108.
catel, *s.* v. 25, *catell*, vii. 3252*, goods.
Cateline, vii. 1601.
Catoun, vii. 1599, 1612.
cause, *s.* P. 16, 190, 905, i. 3437, *whos* *cause*, i. 1040 (for the sake of which), *be* this *c.*, i. 1053, *be c. that*, ii. 343, 2771, *for c. of*, ii. 3285, *be c. of*, iii. 1433, v. 1158; *be cause* (*as conj.*), iii. 2319.
cause, *v. a.* P. 348, i. 1987, ii. 3078, iv. 2845 (3 *s. pres.* *causith*, viii. 3013).
cautele, *s.* vii. 1639, trick.
cave, *s.* iv. 2991, v. 1573, 6813, viii. 2573.
cedre, *s.* i. 359.
ceinte, *s.* iv. 857, girdle.
Ceix, iv. 2928, *Seyix*, viii. 2650.
celee, *a.* ii. 1953, secret (*i. e.* apt to keep secrets).
celestial, *a.* viii. 780.
Celestin, ii. 2824.
celidoine, vii. 1370.
celier, *s.* vi. 332, viii. 2254, cellar.
Celion, ii. 3350.
celles, *s. pl.* v. 1463.
cendal, *s.* i. 1787.
Centaurus, iv. 1971 ff., 1988, *pl.* *Centauri*, vi. 522.
centre, *s.* vii. 233.
Cephalus, iv. 3189, 3253 ff.
Ceramus, vii. 826.
cercle, *s.* iv. 3237, v. 4093.
Cereres, v. 1233, 1278, 1489, *Ceres*, v. 1237, 4288.
cernes, vi. 1327.
certefie, *v. a.* ii. 963.
certein, *a.* i. 237, 1459, iv. 2919 (true), viii. 828, *certain*, iv. 2506, a *certein* man, i. 2130, iv. 435, *certein* thinges, viii. 365; *as subst.* in *certein*, i. 3215, ii. 1738, v. 7819, in *certain*, ii. 498.
certein, *certain*, *s.* P. 140, v. 200, vii. 4754, certainty, fixed point.
certeinete, *s.* i. 48.
certeinly, *adv.* ii. 1111, iv. 180, *certeinliche*, iv. 942.
certes, *adv.* i. 128, 1295, iv. 1726.
Cerymon, viii. 1166 ff., 1874.
Cesar, P. 714, v. 7107*, vii. 2449, 2470.
cesse, *v. n.* P. 1035, ii. 2903, v. 1852; *v. a.* iv. 230, v. 5366, PP. 76: come to an end, retire; bring to an end.
chacable, *a.* v. 1269.
chace, *s.* i. 345, 2296, ii. 2634, iv. 1989, (at tennis) PP. 295.
chaced, *see* *chase*.
chaf, *s.* P. 844, ii. 85, 2127, iv. 1710.
chaffare, *s.* v. 4522, 6114, merchandise.
chaiere, *s.* P. 307, v. 2214, vii. 1208, *chaier*, viii. 762.
Chain, viii. 60, 71.
Chaldee, *see* *Caldee*.
chalk, *s.* P. 416, ii. 2346.
Cham, *Cam*, iv. 2396, vii. 546, 577, viii. 83.
chamberere, *s.* iii. 826, iv. 1193.
chamberlein, *s.* ii. 726, 1232, iv. 2705.
chambre, *s.* i. 954, 1737, 2572, 2983.
Chamos, vii. 4506.
(champartie, iii. 1173, *v. l.*)
champion (-oun), *s.* vii. 3252, 3538.
chance, *chaunce*, *s.* P. 70, i. 1583, 1670, ii. 207, iii. 2720, iv. 722, 2792, *pl.* *chances*, vii. 2362, per (par) *chance*, ii. 1644, iii. 2604.
chance, *v. n.* vii. 2326.
chancellerie, *s.* v. 1921.
change, *s.* vii. 3274*.
change, *v. a.* P. 119, 208, i. 2696, iv. 1444, *chaunge*, v. 7123; *v. n.* P. 32, 628, i. 3030, *chaunge*, PP. 315.
chapelet, *s.* v. 7066.
chapelle, *chapele*, *s.* iv. 1137, v. 7110.
chapitre, *s.* v. 1959, vi. 617.
chapman, *s.* v. 5115, *pl.* *chapmen*, ii. 3059.
chapmanhod(e), *s.* ii. 3067, iv. 2447.
char, *charr*, *s.* i. 2029 ff., iv. 1000, 1205, vii. 851, *genit.* *chares*, iv. 1208, carriage, car.
charge, *s.* P. 301, i. 2822, ii. 1691, 2114,

- iii. 173, iv. 1495, v. 826; **no charge** (no matter), ii. 1068, *yaf* in charge, iv. 1052.
- charge**, *v. a.* i. 1223, ii. 1030, v. 7772, viii. 3103*, command, burden, trust; iv. 2242, blame.
- charge**, *s.* viii. 3066, duty.
- charite**, *s.* P. 110, i. 2049, 3371, **Charite**, ii. 3173, vii. 3167, *pl.* **charitees**, i. 3360.
- charitous**, *a.* ii. 3329.
- charke**, *v. n.* iv. 2996, creak.
- Charlemeine**, P. 748, PP. 283, **Charles**, P. 752.
- charme**, *s.* v. 3580, 4067.
- charr**, *see* **char**.
- chartre**, *s.* i. 3357.
- chase**, *v. a.* vii. 302, *pp.* **chaced**, vii. 5255.
- chaste**, *a.* P. 228, i. 847, vii. 4244.
- chastellein**, *s.* ii. 725.
- chastete**, *s.* vii. 4240, 5387, **chastite**, P. 472.
- chastie**, *v. a.* i. 2117, 2900, ii. 38, punish, correct.
- chastlement**, *s.* vii. 2498.
- chastise**, *v. a.* iv. 1242, vi. 2217.
- chastisinge**, *s.* iv. 1276.
- chastite**, *see* **chastete**.
- Chatemus**, vii. 1462.
- Chaucer**, viii. 2941*.
- chaunce**, *see* **chance**.
- cheke**, *s.* i. 1680, iv. 185, 385, **chieke**, v. 2471, viii. 2827, cheek.
- chele**, *s.* iii. 121, v. 7195*, vii. 638, chill.
- Chelidre**, v. 4129.
- chenes**, *s. pl.* v. 151, 681, chains.
- chep**, *s.*, good **chep**, v. 1241.
- cherche**, *s.* P. 225, 246, &c., iii. 2275, (**chirche**, PP. 107, 239), *genit.* the **cherche keie**, P. 212, v. 1868, *pl.* **cherches**, ii. 3477.
- chere**, *see* **chiere**.
- cherie**, *see* **chirie**.
- cherl**, *s.* iii. 1252, v. 148, viii. 1367, **cherles knape**, viii. 1374.
- chese**, *s.* P. 416, ii. 2346, iii. 502, vi. 644.
- chese**, *v. a. n.* i. 1196, 1311, 1819, *pret.* *s.* **ches**, i. 3281, ii. 2457, *pl.* **choso**, P. 805, *imperat.* **ches**, i. 1829, *pp.* **choso(n)**, i. 101, 2088, iv. 2091.
- cheste**, *s.* P. 215, iii. 417 ff., v. 541, contention (in words).
- chevance**, *s.* v. 4424, 6106, profit.
- chide**, **chyde**, *v. n.* iii. 492, 534, 553, *pp.* **chidd**, iii. 474, 552.
- chidinge**, *s.* iii. 443, 565.
- chief**, *a.* ii. 2501, vi. 308, *def. pl.* **chief**, v. 1112.
- chief**, *s.* P. 149, iii. 2265, chief thing; ii. 1778, iv. 4, leader.
- chieke**, *see* **cheke**.
- chiere**, **chere**, *s.* P. 155, i. 141, 341, 619, 1384, 3172, ii. 991, iii. 1081, iv. 1408, **chier**, viii. 2684, face, looks, welcome: **frendly chiere**, i. 2423, **hevy c.**, i. 2871, 3148, **feigned c.**, i. 724, *cp.* ii. 2061, **tok c. on honde**, i. 1767, **make c.**, P. 155, ii. 2181, iv. 747, 1194, **withoute lyves chiere** (*i. e.* lifeless), v. 1501.
- chiered**, *a.*, **hevy chiered**, viii. 2533.
- chievere**, *v. n.* vi. 240, shiver.
- chiewe**, *v. n.* iii. 1629, vi. 930.
- child**, *s.* ii. 3206, 3258, **chyld**, iv. 1842, 1982, **with childe**, i. 916, ii. 919, of **childe**, v. 1255, *pl.* **children**, i. 2163, ii. 3219.
- childhode**, *s.* ii. 793, viii. 319.
- childinge**, *s.* i. 805, iv. 461, v. 829, child-birth.
- childly**, *a.* v. 3020.
- chiminee**, *s.* vii. 3951, fire-place.
- chin**, **chyn**, *s.* i. 1682, vi. 775, vii. 1892, unto the **chinne**, ii. 3450, v. 372.
- chinche**, v. 4814, miser.
- chippes**, *s. pl.* i. 1918.
- chirie**, **cherie**, *s.*, **chirie feire**, P. 454, **cherie feste**, vi. 891.
- Chiro**, iv. 1971 ff.
- chitre**, *v.* v. 5700, 6011, twitter.
- chivalerie**, *s.* P. 723, i. 784, 2462, ii. 1826, iv. 1520, (**chevalerie**, viii. 3007), cavalry, army, prowess.
- chivalerous**, *a.* i. 1414, ii. 2517, v. 653.
- chois**, *s.* i. 1827, ii. 3391, viii. 70.
- chyme**, *v. n.* iv. 347.
- Chymerie**, iv. 2987.
- Chyo**, v. 5413.
- Cicorea**, vii. 1400.
- cillence**, *see* **silence**.
- Cillene**, **Cillenus**, vii. 1599, 1607, **Silanus**.
- Cillenus**, v. 143, **Silenus**.
- Cilly**, vi. 1424.
- Cimpheus**, v. 4127.
- Cinichus**, vii. 2119.
- Ciplo**, vii. 4187.
- Ciroes**, vi. 1427, 1461 ff., viii. 2599.
- circumference**, *s.* vii. 188.
- circumstance**, *s.* ii. 619, iii. 2745, v. 4293.

Cirophanes, v. 1525, 1529.
 Cirus, P. 679, vii. 1889, 4367.
 cit, s. P. 836, city.
 cite, citee, s. P. 106, 665, ii. 1344, iii. 459.
 citezein, s. P. 842, i. 1007, ii. 680, *fem.*
 citezeine, i. 1006.
 Cithero, iv. 2648, vii. 1597.
 citole, viii. 829, 1487, 2679.
 Civile, ii. 83, the civil law.
 Cizile, i. 1841, v. 967, 972, 1279, Sicily.
 Cladyns, iv. 2407.
 clamour, s. P. 514, v. 2394, viii. 2731.
 claper, s. iv. 347.
 clappe, v. i. 2391, v. 4640.
 clare, v. a. viii. 1544, declare.
 clarion, s. viii. 2482.
 Claudius (Apian), vii. 5132 ff.
 Claudius (Marchus), vii. 5167 ff.
 clause, s. vii. 85.
 clawe, v. n. iv. 2725.
 (cle), s., *pl.* cles, i. 2994, iv. 1109, claws.
 cleime, *see* cleyme.
 Clemenee, iv. 985, Clymene, v. 6756.
 clene, a. ii. 3447: *adv.* i. 587, ii. 1413, vi. 119, cleene, iii. 2762.
 clenness, s. iv. 2558, vii. 4447.
 clense, v. a. ii. 3463.
 Cleopatras, viii. 2573.
 clepe, v. a. n. P. 126, 436, i. 744, ii. 849, 3049, v. 1790, *pret.* clepede, iv. 842, v. 951, cleped, i. 1535.
 cler, *see* olier.
 clergesse, s. vi. 980, clergy: *cp.* *Mirour*, 5546.
 clergie, s. P. 281, 955, ii. 3351, iv. 236, learning, clergy.
 clergoun, s. ii. 2850.
 clerk, clero, s. P. 52, i. 2274, iv. 234, *pl.* clerkes, P. 194, i. 1856.
 cleve, v. n. ii. 577, 2293; v. a., *pp.* cleft, v. 4085.
 cleym, s. ii. 2706.
 cleyme(n), v. a. ii. 1025, iii. 1973, cleime, PP. 59; v. n. ii. 2380, claim.
 client, s. iii. 160.
 clier, cler, a. P. 925, ii. 1888, vi. 431, *def.* clere, vii. 1329, *pl.* olier, ii. 195, vii. 2643; *as subst.* vi. 360f.: *superl.* the oliereste, vii. 1311: *adv.* cler, vii. 745.
 olier, v. n. viii. 1147, become clear.
 climat, s. P. 137, vii. 799, *pl.* climats, vii. 684.
 Climestre, iii. 1909 ff.
 clippe (1), v. a. v. 5591, *pret.* clipte, v. 4998, embrace.

clippe (2), v. a. v. 5690, cut.
 clos, a. ii. 684 (*def.*), 1346, iv. 2755, in clos, i. 1730: *adv.* ii. 469, 3197, iii. 769, iv. 1331.
 close, v. a. i. 1275, iv. 2655, 3371, v. 340.
 closet, s. i. 897.
 Clota, vii. 1320.
 cloth, s. i. 2111, 2997, iv. 1534, 2431, 2436, v. 283, 2759, *pl.* clothes, iii. 695, iv. 1536.
 clothe(n), v. a. P. 466, i. 612, ii. 1377, *pret.* cladde, viii. 652, *pp.* clothed, ii. 302, 2271, &c., clad, iv. 27, 1306; *refl.* iii. 966; v. n. P. 317, iv. 2236: clothe; be clothed.
 clothing(e), s. v. 214, vi. 989.
 Cloto, iv. 2762.
 cloude, s. iv. 3063, 3211, v. 1668, viii. 1039, (*pl.* clowdes, viii. 3007*).
 clowdy, cloudy, a. P. 925, iv. 2843.
 clue, s. v. 5343.
 clymbe, v. n. ii. 241, 1630, iv. 2726.
 Clymene, *see* Clemenee.
 ooc, oock, *see* ook.
 Cochitum, v. 1110.
 Codrus, vii. 3183.
 coevere (1), *see* oovere.
 coevere (2), v. n. viii. 1201, recover.
 coffre, coffre, cophre, s. P. 314, ii. 2257, v. 33, 2079.
 coign, s. v. 335, coin.
 coigne, v. a. iv. 2448, coin.
 coise, s. i. 1734.
 ook (1), oock, s. iv. 3003, v. 4099, viii. 159, cock.
 ook (2), ooc, s. v. 4072, vi. 641, 716, *pl.* ookes, vi. 623, cook.
 ookard, s. v. 2803, fool.
 ookerie, s. iv. 2433.
 ookkel, coekel, v. 1881, 1884.
 oolblak, a. iii. 808.
 Colchos, v. 3265 ff., 4244, 4354, 6609, 7199, viii. 2520.
 cold, a. ii. 1966, *def.* oolde, iv. 422, vii. 1205, *pl.* oolde, iii. 299, iv. 405.
 cold, s. P. 977, i. 2421, iv. 1090.
 oolde, v. n. vi. 241, grow cold.
 oole, s. v. 6204, coal.
 Collacea, vii. 4806, 4911.
 collacioun, s. ii. 2328, iv. 1144, conference, contrivance.
 Collatin, vii. 4775 ff., viii. 2633.
 colour, s. i. 606, 692, 1113, 2701, ii. 1874, iii. 2394, iv. 2981, colour, kind, pretence.
 coloure, v. a. vii. 1625.

- oolre**, *s.* vii. 431, 459, choler.
comande, *v. a. n.* i. 1275, 3240, iii. 2064, 2288, comaunde, *P.* 30*, iv. 2794.
commandement, *s. P.* 84, i. 2790, ii. 3200.
commandinge, **comandynge**, *P.* 54*, i. 1335.
combes, *s. pl.* i. 1749.
come(n), *v. n.* *P.* 11, 419, i. 902, &c., 2 *s. pres.* comat, *v.* 3448, 3 *s. pres.* cometh, *P.* 853, comth, i. 193, *pres. 1*, 3 *sing.* com, *P.* 1017, ii. 2073, cam, *P.* 236, i. 1185, 2 *s.* come, viii. 2076, *pl.* come(n), i. 835, 2048, iv. 1307, *imperat.* com, i. 197, 1617, *pp.* come(n), *P.* 703, 731, iv. 1283.
comelihiede, **comlihied**, *s. v.* 2598, 6734.
comely, *a. ii.* 441, *superl. def.* comelleste, *v.* 3048.
comendacioun, *s.* vii. 1779.
comende, **commende**, *v. a. P.* 493, i. 3361, iii. 2264, iv. 1794, *v.* 6358, 7677, (*pp.* comendid, viii. 3009).
cominge, *s.* ii. 800, iv. 819, 1529, comynge, i. 1599, ii. 1336, iv. 2961.
comlihied, *see* comelihiede.
commandement, *see* comandement.
commende, *see* comende.
commoeved, *pp.* vii. 3361, moved.
commun, **commune**, *see* comun, &c.
compaignie, *s. P.* 288, i. 735, 1478, 1780, ii. 306, *v.* 4558, compaignie, *v.* 2081, 7759, compaignie, vii. 1674, company, friendliness: *per* compaignie, vii. 3752, together.
comparisoun (-on), *s. P.* 916, i. 2283, *v.* 6598.
compas, *s. ii.* 2341, contrivance, vii. 229, circle.
compasse, *v. a. n.* *P.* 58*, i. 5, 518, 1893, ii. 409, 806, vii. 3464, 4076, surround, contrive, achieve.
compassement, *s. ii.* 2323, iii. 889.
compassioun (-on), *s. iii.* 2722, vi. 170.
compense, *v. a. iii.* 2554, *v.* 4505.
compiled, *pp.* vi. 1382.
compleigne, *v. a. i.* 114, ii. 188, 1301, iv. 1586; *refl.* *v.* 1903, viii. 2541; *v. n. i.* 965, 1380, ii. 264: mourn for, mourn, murmur, complain.
compleignte, *s. P.* 516, i. 1345.
compleignynge, *s. iii.* 1425.
complexioun (-on), *s. P.* 975, i. 1498, ii. 3256, *v.* 2647, vii. 383 ff.
compone, *v. a. iv.* 2643, vii. 1590.
compositioun, *s. P.* 814, agreement.
comprehende, *v. a. pp.* *v.* 1735, vi. 2435, vii. 33, contain, include.
compte, *v. a. i.* 1567, vi. 1268.
comun, **commun**, *a. P.* 124, 377, 1082, i. 2695, *v.* 1117, 2235, **comune**, vi. 2432, vii. 1991, (comon, PP. 114).
comune, *s. P.* 499, i. 651, ii. 1844, comun, *P.* 1066 f., *v.* 3759, common people, commonalty.
comune, **commune**, *v. a. i.* 70, 775, iv. 754, *v.* 984, vii. 2709; *v. n. i.* 652, vi. 606, 2431, vii. 2200: join, communicate, share; associate, converse, share.
comunliche, *adv. i.* 803, ii. 3058, **comunly**, i. 1352, ii. 367.
comynge, *see* cominge.
conceite, **conceipte**, *s. P.* 113, ii. 2311, vii. 1554, 1807.
conceive, *v. a. n. i.* 830, ii. 2902, iv. 2561, *v.* 458.
concele, *v. v.* 4635.
conclave, *s. ii.* 2812.
conclude, *v. n. i.* 250, iv. 2316; *v. a. ii.* 777, viii. 2048, 2712.
conclusioun (-on), *s. P.* 575, i. 249, 3085, iii. 1816.
concordable, *a. ii.* 2799, iii. 2438, suitable.
concubine, *s. v.* 6757, vii. 4495, viii. 2693.
concupiscence, *s. vii.* 5223, viii. 293.
condicioun (-on), *s. P.* 805, 1029, i. 846, 1373, 2284, ii. 314, 1318, 3271, iv. 1784, *v.* 386, 4380, condition, state of things, disposition.
conduit, *s.*, **sauf conduit**, *v.* 994.
confeccion, *s. vi.* 654.
conferme(n), *v. a. P.* 811, ii. 388, viii. 3164.
confesse, *v. refl. and n. i.* 1393, 1952, ii. 219, 738, 1734.
confessioun, **confession**, *s. i.* 202, 1374, *v.* 4379, viii. 2891.
confirmacioun, *s. ii.* 2938.
conforme, *v. a. ii.* 608, iv. 216, 3110.
confort, *s. ii.* 261, 1562, iv. 800, 2568, (comfort, PP. 4).
conforte, *v. a. i.* 916, 1001, ii. 1065, vii. 2143; *refl.* *v.* 3653, viii. 1214.
confortinge, *s. viii.* 336.
confounde, *v. a. P.* 290, i. 3093, iv. 300.
confusioun, *s. P.* 852, i. 3086.
congele, *v. a. v.* 3306, 7202, dismiss.
congelacon, *s. iv.* 2514.
congele, *v. a. vii.* 338.

- congruite, *s.* iv. 2646, vii. 1531.
 conjoint, *a.* vii. 502, 1259, joined.
 conjuncion, *s.* vi. 1961.
 conjure, *s.* v. 3580.
 conjure, *v. n.* vi. 1976.
 conne, konne, kunne, *v.* ii. 1215, v. 928, 2909, i. 3 *s. pres.* can, kan, ii. 3496, iv. 2334, vii. 4144, 2 *s. canst.* v. 4623, *pl.* cunne, kunne, iv. 2390, v. 5544, *subj.* conne, i. 264, *pret.* cowthe, couthe, ii. 1214, iv. 374, vi. 1441, 2 *s. coutheast,* couthist, vii. 2298, 2301; cowthe him thonk, ii. 1007; know: i. 3 *s. pres.* can, P. 60, i. 28, *pl.* conne, i. 506, 1505, ii. 2116, iii. 2297, cunnen, vii. 2172, *pret.* cowthe, couthe, P. 1073, i. 30, 536, cowde, coude, iv. 1255, 1540, know how to, be able to.
 connyng, *s.* vii. 671.
 conoiscance, *s.* vi. 1638.
 conquere, *v. n.* iii. 1649.
 conquerour, *s.* iii. 1286, vii. 893.
 conquete, *s.* P. 709, v. 3413, (conqweste, PP. 42).
 Conrade, vii. 2833.
 consaile, *see* conseile.
 consailer, *see* conseilour.
 conscience, *s.* P. 297, i. 595, 1236, 2429, ii. 2390, 2844, iii. 11, 1504, iv. 792, v. 1847, feeling, conscience, sense of guilt.
 conseil, consail, P. 146, 156, i. 609, 888, 1018, 1097, 1395, ii. 687, 1891, 3415, v. 3904 (secret), vii. 2076 (advocate); in conseil (secretly), vi. 2326, hold conseil (be silent), iii. 778, prive conseil, ii. 1917, conseil hous, vii. 2851, conselle, viii. 2071, (conseil, PP. 129).
 conseile, consaile, consaille, *v. a. n.* i. 1123, 2950, ii. 1457, 1685, 2708, iii. 1163, iv. 3430, 3464 (ask advice); *refl.* iii. 2727, vii. 3188.
 conseilour, conseiller, consailer, *s.* iii. 1538, v. 2861, vii. 3148, (conseillour, PP. 128).
 consente, *v. n.* iv. 2797.
 conserve, *s.* vi. 636, vii. 54, conserve, preserver.
 consideracion, *s.* vii. 2749.
 consistoire, *s.* ii. 2908.
 conspire, *v. n.* i. 1206, ii. 2170, 2834, ii. 2945; *v. a.* i. 1173, 1504, ii. 2329: conspire; agree upon, contrive.
 conspirement, *s.* ii. 1704.
 Constance, ii. 597 ff., Constantine, ii. 706.
 constance, *s.* vii. 1757, steadfastness.
 Constantin (1), Constantinus, P. 743, ii. 3188, 3339, 3449, vii. 3137, PP. 339, Constantine the Great.
 Constantin (2), ii. 590, Tiberius Constantinus.
 Constantin (3), P. 740, Constantine V.
 Constantinople, vii. 1261.
 constellacion (-oun), *s.* P. 532, i. 393, 1506, iv. 3247, v. 755, vi. 2253.
 constreigne, *v. a.* iii. 347, iv. 486, 3529.
 constreinte, *s.* viii. 3018.
 consul, ii. 1775, vii. 1598, 2785.
 kontek, *s.* iii. 1093 ff., 2735, (kontekt, viii. 3015).
 contemplacion (-oun), *s.* v. 7126, viii. 1838.
 contempt, *s.* ii. 1722.
 contenance, contenance, contenance, *s.* i. 698, ii. 1419, iii. 2404, iv. 380, 1180, 3155, v. 476, 694, contenance, ii. 3116; bearing, expression, self-control.
 contrepeise, *see* contrepeise.
 continence, *s.* P. 472.
 continuance, *s.* iv. 187, 368, v. 1565.
 continue, *v. n.* iv. 508.
 continuinge, *s.* vii. 5003.
 contourbed, *pp.* i. 222.
 contraire, *a.* i. 2356, iv. 1803; in contraire, i. 631, 3416, iii. 2400; *as subst.* the contraire, P. 554, 979.
 contraire, *s.* vii. 4025, trouble.
 contrariende, *pres. part.* P. 555.
 contre, *s.* P. 729, ii. 1453, iii. 1312, *pl.* contres, iii. 1843, (contrees, viii. 3014).
 contrefet, *a.* i. 832, 1127, feigned, false.
 contrefete, *v. a.* ii. 2476, *pp.* contrefet, ii. 982.
 contrepeise, contrepeise, *v. a.* vii. 1505, 3118.
 contretaille, *s.* viii. 3102*.
 contrevaille, contrevaille, *v. a.* P. 728, ii. 3313.
 contricoun, *s.* i. 214.
 controeeve, *v. n.* iv. 936, 2454, contrive (to); *v. a.*, *pret. pl.* controeeveden, vii. 187, *pp.* controved, ii. 1708, devise.
 controvinge, *s.* vi. 2372.
 conveie, *v. a.* ii. 1125, iv. 203, viii. 2986*.
 convenient, *a.* v. 7190*, vii. 1982, fitting.
 converten, *v. a.* ii. 601, 639, iv. 1676, (*pp.* convert, v. 1906*).*
 cope, *s.* iv. 1315, 2979, vii. 534, coupe, vii. 1579, cloak, covering, vault.
 coper, *s.* iv. 2473.
 coppe, *see* cuppe.

- Cor** *Scorpionis*, vii. 1410.
corage, s. P. 111, 448, i. 780, 833, ii. 1338, iv. 391, heart, spirit, disposition.
oorde, s. iv. 2431, 3592, v. 4989.
corn, s. P. 844, iv. 2376, *pl.* **cornes**, iv. 2442, v. 1244.
cornemuse, s. viii. 2483, bagpipe.
Cornide, iii. 785, 801.
Cornix, v. 6183.
coronal, s. iv. 1326.
corone, s. P. 33*, i. 2461, iv. 1323.
corone, **ooroune**, v. a. P. 765, ii. 1595, iii. 2171.
corps, s. iv. 2499, 3657, **cors**, iii. 2075, *pl.* **corps**, v. 2207, body.
corrant, a. vii. 352, running.
corruptioun, s. P. 986.
corrupt, a. P. 922, ii. 1732, v. 765.
cors, *see* **corps**.
corse, *see* **course**.
cortaisly, *see* **courtaily**.
Corvus, iii. 796.
cost, s. (1), i. 3105, ii. 363, 2347, **cost**.
cost, s. (2), *see* **coste**.
costage, s. i. 3104.
coste, v. n. i. 3273.
cooste, **cooste**, s. i. 499, viii. 619, **cost**, vii. 885, coast, country.
costelant, a. ii. 2551, bordering.
costne, v. n. i. 3313, **cost**.
cote, s. i. 2999, ii. 2270, iv. 1355, v. 7716, coat.
cotidian, a. v. 464.
couard, a. iv. 611; *subst.* iv. 2301.
couardie, s. iv. 1934, vii. 1860.
couche, s. iv. 3015, v. 160, viii. 1193.
couche, v. n. i. 1261; v. a. iv. 2710, *pp.*
couched, viii. 2255.
coude, *see* **conne**.
couable, a. P. 582, ii. 275, iii. 1120, iv. 1503.
coupe, *see* **coope**.
couple, s. vii. 4437.
coupled, v. a. *pp.* v. 657, viii. 277.
courbe, s. v. 956, hump.
courbe, a. i. 1687, bent.
cours, s. i. 509, 2637, iii. 1031, iv. 1270.
coursier, s. vi. 1188, **oursier**, vii. 856.
court, s. P. 219, i. 1410.
courtaily, **cortaily**, *adv.* i. 2108, viii. 1695.
courteis, **urtsais**, a. iv. 2300, v. 155, vi. 1992.
courteour, s. i. 1410, v. 7125*.
courtesie, **urtesie**, s. ii. 1214, v. 169, 5397.
courtins, s. *pl.* i. 1787, curtains.
cousin, s. P. 778, vii. 4776, viii. 106, *fem.*
cousine, ii. 1201, viii. 106.
cousinage, s. i. 1437, v. 4672, viii. 104.
Couste, ii. 1163, 1401 ff., **Custe**, ii. 1219.
couth, a. *see* **cowth**.
couth, v. *see* **conne**.
coveite, v. a. n. ii. 238, v. 262, 6379.
coveitise, s. P. 263, iii. 2308, v. 223,
covoitise, v. 1976 ff., vii. 2013, covetousness.
coveitous, a. ii. 317, *def.* **covoitouse**, vii. 2168, *pl.* **coveitouse**, v. 4800, the
coveitous (subst.), ii. 335.
covenable, a. v. 2675, 6112, suitable.
covenant, s. i. 686, 948.
cover, **coever**, v. a. i. 432, iv. 2092.
covert, a. ii. 2033, vii. 4942, *pl.* **coverte**,
iv. 1606; in **covert**, iv. 3206, v. 1666:
adv. v. 6499.
coverture, s. i. 645, ii. 1939, iv. 1102.
ovine, s. i. 29, 819, ii. 676, 683, 1895,
2115, iii. 2267, (**coovne**, vii. 2335*, viii.
3016), company, agreement, device,
conspiracy.
ovined, *pp.* i. 1102, agreed.
covoitise, **covoitous**, *see* **coveitise**, &c.
cow, s. iv. 3323 ff.
cowde, *see* **conne**.
cowth, **couth**, a. ii. 432, iii. 2109, iv.
2543, v. 389, *pl.* **cowthe**, i. 2862, known.
cowthe, v. *see* **conne**.
orabbe, s. vii. 1053.
craft, s. i. 1136, 1749, ii. 1849, iv. 925,
craftes, iv. 1048, 2667.
crafteliche, *adv.* i. 1755.
crafti, a. i. 1091, skilful.
orake, v. n. vii. 305, burst.
Crassus, v. 2069.
grave, v. a. i. 1362, 3343, ii. 329, iii. 1306,
iv. 3290, v. 189; v. n. iv. 54, vii. 2427:
ask for, ask.
creacion, s. v. 933, vii. 203.
creance, s. ii. 754, iii. 2505, v. 783.
creatour, s. ii. 3436, v. 778.
creature, s. P. 911, i. 1529, v. 779.
orede, s. iii. 478, v. 2912, 7119.
oredence, s. i. 533, 707, ii. 867, iv. 2921,
v. 743, belief, faith.
credible, a. P. 574, vii. 128, 2528.
Creon, v. 4195.
crepe, v. n. v. 1893*, 5109, *pres.* **crepte**,
i. 908, *pp.* **crope**, ii. 1141.
(Fa) **orere**, ii. 2122 ff.
oresoe, v. n. viii. 29, increase.
oreste, s. v. 6044.

Cresus, iv. 1325 (*genit.*), v. 4730.
 Crete, iii. 1939, 1968, v. 845, 981, 1169, 1222, 3994, 4018, 5232 ff.
 Creusa, v. 2540, 4196, 4203, viii. 2505.
 cri, cry, s. i. 375, 2188, iii. 545, 1055, iv. 3600.
 crie(n), v. a. n. i. 955, 1369, iii. 222, iv. 3066, vii. 3649, crye, viii. 1417, 3 s. *pres.*
 crith, i. 2338, iv. 3619, *pret.* cride, i. 2326, 3167, *pp.* cryd, iv. 1857, erid, viii. 679, cry, lament, pray for, proclaim.
 criinge, s. vii. 3323.
 Crise, i. 1085, Crisis, v. 6444.
 Criseide (1), v. 7597, viii. 2531, Criseida, ii. 2456.
 Criseide (2), v. 6444.
 crisolitus, vii. 1422.
 Crist, *genit.* Cristes, P. 165, 237 ff., 749 ff., 1032, i. 664, ii. 587 ff., 1597, 2503, 3354, 3466, iii. 1121, 2288, 2494 ff., 2547, iv. 1662 ff., v. 747, 1752 ff., 6390, 7001, 7106*, vi. 975 ff., vii. 3157*, viii. 141, 3030* f., PP. 50, 120, 156 ff.
 cristall, s. iv. 1322*, v. 5066, vii. 1325.
 cristendom, s. ii. 746, 3454, Christianity.
 cristene, s. *pl.* P. 898, Christians: a. PP. 380; *superl.* the cristeneste, ii. 1598.
 cristne, v. a. ii. 908, 3474.
 Croceus, v. 4835, 4860.
 crois, s. ii. 770, 3392, v. 1722.
 crok, s. v. 2872, vii. 2268, 4892, crook, crookedness, device.
 croke, v. a. v. 522, bend.
 croked, a. iii. 440.
 croket, s. v. 7065, curl.
 cronique, cronique, P. 101, i. 759, 1994, 3059, *pl.* croniques, iv. 2395.
 crop, s. P. 118, *pl.* croppe, vii. 4678, top.
 Cropheon, iii. 2022.
 crossen, v. a. i. 1165, set (sails).
 crouche, s. ii. 390, cross.
 crowe, v. a. iv. 3003, announce by crowing.
 crowe, s. iv. 3001, v. 6206.
 cruhalte, s. P. 49, iii. 235, 2149, (cruelte, viii. 2997*).
 cruel, a. iii. 15, 2000, iv. 1509.
 crumme, s. vi. 1003.
 cry, *see* cri.
 cunne, *see* conne.
 cunnynge, a. vi. 2437, skilled.
 Cupide, i. 124, ii. 39, iii. 169, 1351, 1463, 1695, iv. 488, 496, 1242, 1265, 1275, 1471,

1684, 1692, 3558, v. 1405, 1419, 1485, 4802, 4827, 5819, 5843, vi. 345, viii. 2172 ff., 2453 ff., Cupido, ii. 2470, iii. 907, iv. 1733, viii. 2745.
 cuppe, coppe, s. P. 343, i. 2474, ii. 699, iv. 399, v. 285.
 cure, s. P. 211, i. 132, 1507, 3211, ii. 1083, 3054, iv. 1744, v. 1492, 1915, 2655, charge (of parish, &c.), care, help, remedy.
 cured, a. P. 211, with spiritual charge.
 curiosity, s. viii. 3114, artful skill.
 curious, a. i. 1524, iv. 922, v. 6816, vii. 760, careful, inquisitive.
 curse, v. n. i. 1369, iv. 2834; v. a. v. 557, corse, v. 7354.
 cursednesse, s. v. 6989, curse.
 cursinge, s. P. 274, ii. 2979.
 curteis, *see* courteis.
 curtesie, *see* courtesie.
 cuss, s. v. 6558, kiss.
 custummance, s. v. 1117.
 custumme, custume, s. vi. 532, viii. 685, 1616.
 custummer, s. ii. 1928.
 Cusy, ii. 3092.
 cutte, *see* kutte.

D

Daaly, vii. 361.
 Dace, v. 884.
 dai, day, s. P. 59, 163, i. 812, 1991, al dai, ii. 1899, to day, iv. 2216, fro dai to dai, v. 1586, be daie, iii. 148, v. 1265, have good day, iv. 2814, now a day, ii. 444, *cp.* aday, *genit.* daies, i. 1470, 1812, *pl.* daies, P. 36, i. 761, 2273, on daies nou, iv. 1731, nou on d., v. 4913, *cp.* adaies: *see also* dawe.
 Daires, *genit.* v. 1063.
 Daires, *see* Darius.
 dale, s. i. 356, iv. 1583.
 Dalida, viii. 2703.
 dame, s. i. 2551, ii. 749, ma dame, i. 168, iv. 1374.
 damoiselle, s. v. 1352.
 dampnacion, s. v. 1360.
 dampne, v. a. i. 1032, ii. 880, v. 4922, condemn.
 dance, *see* daunce.
 danger, *see* daunger.
 dangerous, a. v. 6442, reluctant.

578 GLOSSARY AND INDEX OF PROPER NAMES

- Daniel**, P. 590 ff., 1039, i. 2859 ff., vi. 1405.
dansinge, s. iv. 1530.
Dante, vii. 2329*.
dante, *see* **daunte**.
Danubie, ii. 1819.
danz, s. i. 3395, vii. 50, 1459, (used as a title).
Daphne, iii. 1686 ff.
dar, *v. n.* i. s. *pres.* i. 1222, 2765, 2 s. *darst*, iv. 617, 3 *pl.* *dar*, iv. 345, 350, *pres. subj.* *dore*, iv. 2825, *pret.* *dorste*, i. 3157, iii. 196, iv. 3485, *dorst*, ii. 1633, *pret. subj.* *durste*, iii. 486, 1622, 2 s. *durstest*, iv. 40: *dare*.
Darius, P. 691, **Daires**, vii. 1785.
dart, s. i. 144, iii. 1700, iv. 1994, *pl.* *dartes*, iv. 1274.
daunce, *v. n.* iv. 2779, vi. 143, **dance**, viii. 2487, 2682.
daunger, **danger**, s. i. 2443, ii. 1110, iii. 1537 ff., iv. 1149, 1641, 2813, 2903, 3589, v. 1389, 6620 ff., viii. 2264: *see note on* i. 2443.
daunsinge, s. v. 3143.
daunte, *v. a.* i. 469, 2390, 2962, iii. 177, iv. 2072, **dante**, v. 7220, *tame*, conquer.
David, ii. 3088, vi. 95, vii. 3860 ff., 4345, viii. 2690, PP. 282.
dawe, s. i. 2125, of **dawe**, vii. 2883 (dead), *pl.* **dawes**, i. 2794, iv. 3318: *cp.* **dal**.
de (**Langharet**), ii. 2995.
debat, s. P. 106, 567, i. 2920, ii. 1907, *strife*, *dispute*.
debate, *v. n.* P. 928, i. 2453, iii. 2731; *v. a.* P. 998, vii. 1640, 1744: *contend*; *contend for*, *contend against*.
debonaire, *a.* P. 553, i. 231, iii. 601, v. 176, vi. 863.
decas, s. P. 837, *destruction*.
deceipite, s. P. 541, i. 676, 753, iii. 184, **deceite**, P. 114.
deceivable, *a.* ii. 1698, *deceived*; ii. 2202, 3018, *deceitful*.
deceivant, *a.* i. 1214, iv. 2076; *as subst.* ii. 1875.
deceive, *v. a.* i. 417, 751, viii. 2344: *v. n.* i. 1207.
Decembre, vii. 1181, 4301.
decerte, s. i. 614, 1354, 3277, iii. 2293, iv. 1605, *pl.* **decertes**, vii. 2049, *service*, *merit*.
decerve, *see* **deserve**.
deceas, s. v. 3253, vii. 4516.
decide, *v. a.* P. 334, vii. 52, PP. 256.
declaracion, s. iv. 2228.
declare, *v. n.* i. 3436, iv. 312, v. 1380; *v. a.* i. 73, v. 7399.
ded, *a.* i. 982, 3115, ii. 1855, *def.* **dede**, ii. 840, 2647, iv. 2890, *the dede*, (*as subst.*), i. 1445, *pl.* **dede**, P. 9, i. 1037, iv. 1959, *dead*, *killed*.
Dedalion, iv. 2933.
Dedalus, iv. 1039, v. 5286.
dede, s. P. 228, i. 634, 1851, *in dede*, i. 2933, iii. 329.
dedly, **dedli**, *a.* P. 904, i. 577, ii. 2571, iii. 274, iv. 2163, vi. 7, **dedlich** (*def.*), vii. 5089, viii. 1355; *adv.* iii. 1579, v. 6759.
deduit, s. viii. 2847, *delight*.
dee, s. v. 2437, *pl.* **dees**, i. 54, iv. 1095, 1778, 2792, *die*, *pl.* **dice**.
def, *a.* iv. 585.
deface, *see* **desface**.
defalte, s. P. 502, i. 1510, ii. 1856, iv. 1253, *in mi defalte*, *in thi d.*, iv. 3482, 3588, **defaute**, v. 537, vi. 271, **defaute**, vii. 260, *failure*, *want*, *fault*.
defame, s. v. 5925, vii. 2055.
defence, **defense**, s. P. 218, 388, ii. 1806, iv. 1026, v. 1710, 5638, *prohibition*, *protection*.
defende, *v. a.* P. 421, i. 567, ii. 3411, iii. 2263, 2769, iv. 1672, 2338, *protect*, *forbid*.
defie (1), **defye**, *v. a. n.* i. 1043, iii. 503, vi. 723, 1203 ff., *dissolve*, *digest*.
defie (2), **deffie**, *v. a.* iv. 2848, vii. 2246, viii. 1066, *defy*.
defloure, *v. a.* v. 5812.
defoule, *v. a.* i. 977, 2835, iii. 2534, v. 2197, vi. 574; *v. n.* iii. 586, *pollute*, *destroy*, *outrage*.
degre, **degree**, s. P. 50, 798, 930, i. 751, 1256, 2234, ii. 1224, v. 1688, *condition*, *state*, *manner*; **be degrees** (**degres**), i. 258, iv. 2490, *in gradation*.
Deianire, **Deianyre**, ii. 2154 ff., iv. 2048 ff., **Deyanire**, viii. 2561.
Deidamie, v. 3046 ff., **Deýdamie**, viii. 2567.
dele, *see* **dye**.
deificacion, s. v. 934, 1173.
deifie, *v. a.* v. 776, 1148, 1494.
deigne, *v. n.* vi. 293, 1002; *impers.* i. 2099, iv. 3564.
deinte, *see* **deynta**.
deintefull, *a.* vi. 813.
del, *see* **dial**.
delale, **desalale**, *v. a.* 1434, iv. 1755, 3399, vii. 5042, viii. 445; *v. n.* ii. 1020.

- delaïement, *s.* iv. 226, v. 5088.
 delate, *v. a.* vii. 3103, set forth.
 delay, *s.* ii. 824, 3418.
 Delbora (1), iv. 2437.
 Delbora (2), viii. 66, *acc.* Delboram, viii. 72.
 dele, *v. n.* i. 1225, 2762, ii. 3202, iii. 69, iv. 333, have to do, deal, consult.
 deliberacioun, *s.* viii. 2302.
 delicacie, *s.* P. 325, iv. 2434, vi. 608 ff.
 delicat, *a.* vi. 666 ff., vii. 909.
 delice, *s.* vi. 795, *pl.* delices, i. 2673, iv. 1671, v. 876, delight.
 delicious, *a.* vi. 671, 957, delightful, delicate.
 delit, *s.* i. 442, iv. 384, 3014, v. 187 ff., pleasure, charm.
 delitable, *a.* v. 2676.
 delite, *v. n. and refl.* i. 2688, iv. 3357, vi. 510, (*delyte*, viii. 3096*).
 deliverance, *s.* i. 1584, v. 1657.
 delivere, *a.* vii. 1855, viii. 681, active; *adv.* vii. 458, readily.
 delivere, *v. a.* v. 3549. *pp.* delivered (of childbirth), ii. 935, iii. 202, iv. 459.
 Delos, *v.* 1256.
 Delphos, *v.* 1071.
 delve, *v. a. n.* P. 352, i. 3256, v. 2159, dig, dig for.
 demande, *s.* i. 3071, ii. 2973, iv. 2793, viii. 1489.
 deme, dieme, *v. a.* P. 537, i. 1892, 2014, iii. 2101, iv. 1770; *v. n.* iii. 340, 750, 1216, v. 5152, deeme, vii. 2311: judge of, think good, condemn; decide, be judge.
 demeine, *s.* viii. 2226, *pl.* demeynes, v. 1332, possession.
 demene, *v. a.* ii. 1101, deal with.
 Demophon, iii. 1764, 1807, iv. 731 ff 2555.
 Demetrius, ii. 1619 ff.
 demeynes, *see* demeine.
 demonstracioun (-on), *s.* v. 7164*, vi. 1346.
 dendides, vii. 842, (name of a stone).
 dep, *a.* v. 4947, depe, (*def.*) iv. 1715, (*pl.*) i. 3069: *subst.* the depe, ii. 1035.
 departe(n), *v. a.* P. 468, 643, i. 2935, iv. 1317, v. 602, 1689, divide, distribute; *v. n.* P. 169, ii. 2645, iii. 2750, iv. 2833, be separated, depart.
 departinge, *s.* ii. 320.
 depe, *adv.* i. 1679; *comp.* deppere, ii. 2070.
 depos, *s.* ii. 1757, *see note*.
 depose, *v. a.* ii. 1017, 2750, vii. 3225, depose, put down.
 depthe, *s.* vii. 180.
 deputacion, *s.* vii. 2750.
 dere, *v. a.* i. 1997, 2766, vii. 3803, derie, vi. 1520, injure.
 dere, *a.* *see* diere.
 derie, *see* dere.
 derk, *a.* P. 941, iii. 984, *def.* derke, ii. 1892, iv. 815, 2843, *voc.* i. 956, *pl.* derke, i. 634: *as subst.* the derke, v. 1893, viii. 1691.
 derke, *v. n.* viii. 604, grow dark; *v. a.* viii. 967, 3008*, darken.
 derne, *a.* i. 1932, secret.
 derthe, *s.* v. 4284.
 desallowe, *v. a.* i. 1237, desalowe, PP. 242.
 descencion, *s.* iv. 2515.
 descende, *v. n.* v. 4579, viii. 2787.
 descence, *s.* vii. 1789, 3432.
 descerve, *see* deserve.
 descharge, *s.* viii. 3104*.
 descharge, *v. a.* P. 302, set free.
 desclos, disclos, *a.* iii. 192, 770, made known: *adv.* v. 6724, openly.
 desclose, *v. a.* i. 3401, iii. 435, v. 4030, disclose, viii. 1237.
 descoevere, discoevere, discovere, *v. a.* i. 2630, ii. 2054, 2384, iii. 778, 794.
 descoloured, *a.* viii. 1908.
 desconfit, *v. a.* *pp.* iii. 2467, vii. 2579, 3827, disconfit, vii. 4428, defeated.
 descord, discord, *s.* P. 121, 1046, iii. 1162, iv. 1734.
 descordable, *a.* v. 2929, out of accord.
 discordant, *a.* vii. 1020, 2314.
 descorde, discorde, *v. n.* ii. 1893, v. 2926, vii. 398, viii. 2024.
 descres, *s.* vii. 2054.
 descripcion, *s.* vii. 1760.
 describe, *v. a.* i. 1690, iii. 468, iv. 2406, descryve, vi. 1110.
 desdeign, *s.* i. 2058, 2359, ii. 1714, iv. 2332, v. 6453.
 desdeigne, *v. a.* i. 1243, v. 4804, viii. 2342.
 desert, *a.* vii. 585, *pl.* deserte, vii. 2164.
 desert, *s.* iv. 2056, v. 1665.
 deserve, *v. a. n.* P. 71*, 708, i. 170, 738, 1119, 2132, ii. 1279, 3268, iv. 3577, PP. 278, decerve, v. 4575, descerve, vii. 3934, earn, deserve.
 desese, *s.* P. 178, 1007, i. 2881, ii. 50,

- disese, iv. 1475, (*desease*, viii. 3018), trouble.
desese, *v. a.* ii. 3010, vi. 64, *pp.* *desesed*, i. 1352, ii. 248, iv. 209.
desespeir, *s.* iv. 3687, vii. 3727, *despeir*, viii. 945.
desesperance, *s.* iv. 3499.
desface, *deface*, *v. a.* iv. 1322, v. 6308; *v. n.* iv. 2844, viii. 2828.
desguise, *v. a.* P. 364, i. 2702 ff., iv. 3333.
deshonoured, *pp.* v. 5811, 7262.
desir, *s.* i. 599, 684, iv. 2567, v. 965.
desire, *v. a.* P. 221, i. 1205, 1481, ii. 1423; *v. n.* P. 292, 682, i. 3289, ii. 2160, iv. 122.
desirous, *a. i.* 1413, ii. 2518.
deslaie, *see* *delale*.
desobeie, *v. a. n.* i. 1315, iii. 1762.
desobeissance, *s.* i. 1307.
desobeissant, *a. i.* 1392, ii. 2507.
desolat, *a. ii.* 2651.
despeire, *v. n. and refl.* ii. 3347, iv. 3506, 3541.
despeired, *a. ii.* 1846, iii. 74, 1144, viii. 3012*, in despair, hopelessly bad.
despence, *s. v.* 4838, vii. 2066.
despende, *v. a.* P. 73, i. 1004, 1904, 3018, ii. 1126, iii. 877, *pret.* *despente*, v. 1054.
despense, *v. a.* iii. 2553.
despise, *v. a. i.* 1356, 1978, iii. 564, iv. 2870, scorn, hate.
despit, *s. i.* 990, 2580, insult.
desplaie, *v. a. ii.* 1835, *displaie*, v. 492.
desplese, *v. a. i.* 1387, iii. 528, *displese*, vii. 4816.
desport, *s.* iv. 1188, 3100, v. 1425.
desporte, *v. a. and refl.* i. 1002, 2294.
despose, *v. a.* vii. 1809.
despreise, *v. a. i.* 2119.
despuile, *v. a. i.* 2206, 2906, viii. 2856, strip.
desputeisoun (-on), *s. i.* 1440, vii. 1821, *disputeisoun*, vii. 1635.
desputen, *v. n.* ii. 310, iv. 812; *v. a.* iv. 619.
destance, *distance*, *s.* iii. 611, 2695, vii. 2926, difference.
desteigne, *v. a. i.* 696, 966, ii. 2245, iv. 838, stain, disfigure.
destine, *s. i.* 1835, iv. 1915.
destourbance, *s.* ii. 642, 1951, *destorbance*, iii. 2465, vii. 2836.
destourbe, *destorbe*, *v. a. i.* 221, 1688, iii. 373, (*pp.* *distourbid*, PP. 153.)
destraut, *see* *distraght*.
destresse, *s.* iii. 1605, iv. 462, v. 828, *distresse*, *distresce*, ii. 3266, viii. 1609.
destrucciooun, *destruccioon*, *s. i.* 1105, iii. 973, iv. 1067.
destruile, *v. a. i.* 2836, iii. 1520, *pret.* *destruide*, v. 2212, *pp.* *destruid*, i. 3185, ii. 3355, iv. 225, 976, v. 1070.
determine, *v. n.* ii. 3204, viii. 2786; *v. a.* vii. 63.
deth, *s.* P. 704, i. 1054, *genit.* *dethes* (deadly), iii. 2657, v. 3533, to *dethe*, i. 1448, ii. 1292, *fro* *dethe*, ii. 3399, *fro* *deth*, i. 1593, ii. 1525.
detraciooun, *s.* ii. 387, 534.
dette, *s.* iii. 2214, iv. 2588, v. 1552.
devel, iii. 663, vi. 1352, *genit.* *develes*, ii. 3148, *cp.* *dieules*.
devide, *see* *divide*.
devise, *v. a.* P. 464, i. 1544, 2178, ii. 1390, iii. 1208, *divise*, P. 822, vii. 988, 1130, tell, contrive; *devise* himself, i. 1817, decide.
devociooun (-on), *s. i.* 213, 801, ii. 3433.
devolte, *a. i.* 636, *devoute*, i. 669.
devoure, *v. a.* P. 314, i. 654, 1189, ii. 1842, iii. 327.
dew, *s.* vii. 4832, *pl.* *dewes*, vii. 282.
deynte, *deinte*, *a. P.* 475, vi. 702.
deynte, *s. v.* 3838, vi. 741.
deyas, *dels*, *s.* vi. 2187, vii. 1886, high table, seat of state.
diademe, *s.* P. 765, ii. 2936.
Diana, *Diane*, i. 363, iv. 3238, v. 1250 ff., 6244 ff., viii. 1269, 1829.
dielh, *s. v.* 7249, vi. 1281, 2324.
Dido, iv. 87, 141, viii. 2552.
diel, *del*, *s.* P. 137, v. 212, portion; *no* *del*, *no* *diel*, P. 418, i. 2434, nothing; *as* *adv.* *nevere a diel*, P. 878, not at all.
dieme, *see* *deme*.
diere, *dere*, *a. i.* 162, 3147, ii. 250, v. 1241 (of price): *adv.* i. 381, iii. 880, iv. 2133, *deere*, v. 6729.
diere, *s.* vi. 1915.
diere, *s. i.* 1707, vi. 252.
 (a) *dieu*, ii. 2739.
dieules, *s. genit.* vi. 2345: *cp.* *devel*.
difference, *s.* P. 451, v. 744.
differred, *v. a.* *pp.* ii. 3074, put aside.
dignite, *dignete*, *s.* P. 210, iii. 2170, vii. 4249, *pl.* *dignitees*, ii. 2338.
dihte, *v. a. i.* 1131, *pret.* *dihte*, v. 1200, 1364, 4252, *dighte*, v. 5248, *pp.* *diht*, ii. 2774, iv. 130, *dyht*, ii. 822, v. 554, prepare, set in order.
dike, *v. n.* P. 352.

- diligence, *s.* iv. 1075, 1792, 2584.
 diligent, *a.* iv. 1126.
 diminucioun, vii. 160.
 dimme, *adv.* v. 4967, faintly (of voice):
cp. dymme, *a.*
 Dindimus (1), iv. 2641.
 Dindimus (2), v. 1453.
 Diogenes, Diogene, iii. 1203 ff., vii. 2229 ff.
 Diomedes, Diomede, ii. 2458, v. 3099, 7601, viii. 2534, 2569.
 Dionise, viii. 546, 1345 ff.
 Dionys, vii. 3341.
 disciple, *s.* vii. 1453, viii. 1167, 2942*.
 discipline, *s.* i. 942, iv. 294, v. 5326.
 disclos, disclose, *see* desclos, &c.
 disconfit, *see* desconfit.
 discord, *see* descord.
 discovere, discoevere, *see* descoevere.
 discrecioun (-on), *s.* v. 264, vii. 2116.
 discesce, *v.* n. v. 1851.
 discrete, *a.* (*pl.*), vii. 2443.
 discretly, *adv.* vii. 3342*.
 disme, *s.* P. 269, tithe.
 disour, *s.* vii. 2424.
 dispers, *a.* v. 1497, 1729, vii. 2658.
 displaie, *see* desplaie.
 displese, *see* desplese.
 disposed, *a.* i. 1253, 3785.
 disposicioun (-on), *s.* P. 943, i. 1497, ii. 3255, iv. 2740.
 disputeisoun, *see* desputeisoun.
 dissencioun (-on), *s.* P. 781, iii. 595, 740, v. 3307.
 dissevere, *v.* a. ii. 2229, iii. 1573; *v.* n. iv. 2838.
 dissh, *s.* ii. 699, v. 3853, disch, v. 285.
 dissimilacion, *s.* i. 957.
 distance, *see* destance.
 distempre, *v.* a. iii. 58, 1858.
 distillacion, *s.* iv. 2513.
 distille, *v.* a. P. 62*.
 distraght, destrauht, *pp.* ii. 1745, iii. 7, vii. 6.
 distreigne, *v.* a. ii. 1302, torment.
 distresse, *see* destresse.
 ditee, *s.* viii. 2945*.
 diverse, *v.* n. P. 677, vii. 972, change;
pp. diversed, P. 29, vii. 1270, changed,
 made different.
 diverse, *a.* P. 365, i. 426, 2463, ii. 2547, iii. 2101, vii. 3436, divers, iii. 2290, vi. 69, different, perverse, evil.
 diverseliche, *adv.* v. 218, 5940.
 diversite, diversete, *s.* P. 988, v. 490, 1373.
 divide, *v.* a. P. 127, 706, deuide, vii. 147; *v.* n. P. 880, v. 1661.
 divin, *s.* v. 142, divinity, vii. 651, theologian.
 divin, *a.*, divine, (*def. or fem.*), ii. 3243, dyvyn, v. 1058.
 divine, *v.* a. i. 2861.
 divinite, *s.* vii. 122.
 devise, *see* devise.
 divided, *pp.* ii. 3264, vii. 1241, (devised, PP. 235), divided.
 divisioun (-on), *s.* P. 576, 967, ii. 1743, vii. 4539.
 do, don, *v.* a. (*n.*) P. 63, 271, (doo, doon, P. 28*, 49*), to (forto) done, P. 141, 483, i. 691, 995, 3 *s. pres.* doth, P. 286, 761, i. 1913, *pret.* dede, P. 226, i. 561, 2579, ii. 2283, iii. 924, 1049, (dide, PP. 348), *imperat.* *s.* do, i. 2936, *pl.* doth, i. 127, *pp.* do, don, P. 857, i. 2599, ii. 770, 1234: doth restore, P. 761, doth ous forto wite, P. 286, let do make, ii. 1286, hath do slain, ii. 1799, *cp.* iv. 816, doth to seme, i. 614, do that ther be, iv. 2520, on dede, ii. 2283, dede upon, iv. 2979, v. 3556, do aweie, iv. 71, do wey, vii. 5408: do, cause, make, put.
 do, doo, *s.* iv. 1300, 1978, doe.
 doaire, *s.* vii. 1257, province.
 doelful, *a.* viii. 483.
 doinge, *s.* v. 4631, 5743.
 dole, *s.* iv. 252, vi. 356, vii. 1213, distribution.
 dom, *s.* i. 1050, 1647, ii. 1732, vi. 2171, viii. 2113, (doom, vii. 3152*), judgement, dominion: day of dome, vii. 3560.
 domb, *see* domb.
 domesdai (-day), *s.* v. 1905, vi. 806.
 Domilde, ii. 947.
 dominus, i. 215.
 Donat, iv. 2641.
 dore, *s.* P. 1083, ii. 2130, iv. 903.
 Dorrence, vii. 3185.
 Dorus, v. 1337.
 dotard, *s.* vi. 2307.
 double, *a.* P. 130, i. 635 (deceitful), ii. 341, 3343; *as subst.* ii. 333.
 double, *v.* a. ii. 349.
 doubtte, *see* doute.
 doubtful, *a.* vi. 2171.
 doubtous, *a.* vii. 3524.
 domb, domb, *a.* iv. 345, 585, vi. 447.
 doun, *s.* iv. 3021, down.
 doun, down, *adv.* P. 570, i. 1155, up so doun, ii. 1744, iii. 80, a doun, iv. 2710.

- dounes, *s. pl.* iv. 1583, hills.
 downward, *adv.* vii. 5073.
 doute, *v. a. i.* 404, *v.* 3602, doubt, *i.* 2892; *v. n. iv.* 62: fear.
 doute, *s. P.* 562, *i.* 2222, 3124, *v.* 181, doubt, *iv.* 1022, *stant no d.*, *ii.* 2124, *iv.* 2118, *cp.* *iii.* 2536.
 dowhter, douhter, *s. i.* 1841, *iv.* 1535, doghter, *ii.* 638, doughter, *ii.* 663, *genit.* dowhter, *i.* 3208, *ii.* 1469, dowhtres, *i.* 3231, *iii.* 218, *pl.* dowhtres, douhtres, *i.* 391, *v.* 7310, doghtres, *v.* 3049.
 dowhterles, *a.* viii. 903.
 dragon, dragoun, *s. v.* 3718, 3989, *vi.* 1984.
 drake, *s.* vii. 362, dragon.
 drawe, *v. a. n.* *P.* 69, *i.* 1745, *ii.* 519, *iii.* 946, *viii.* 1948, 3 *s. pres.* drawth, *P.* 1002, draweth, *i.* 2336, 3 *s. pret.* drowh, drouh, *P.* 792, *i.* 819, *ii.* 1580, 2695, *iii.* 2084, *iv.* 35, *v.* 4046, drogh, *iv.* 3192, *pl.* drowe(n), drowhe, *i.* 1041, 1136, *iii.* 1040, *iv.* 2026, *vii.* 3346*, *imperat.* draugh, *PP.* 384, *pp.* drawe, *v.* 5457, *vii.* 4625.
 drawhte, draught, *s. iii.* 2057, *v.* 4167, *vi.* 253, draught.
 drecohe, *v. a. i.* 621, 2097, *iv.* 2896, dreche, *iv.* 1185; *v. n. iv.* 102, *vii.* 5009, *viii.* 755: deceive, torment, while away, debase; delay.
 drecching, *s. iv.* 3476, tormenting.
 drecching, *a. v.* 3975.
 drede, *v. a. refl. and n. P.* 500, *i.* 2245, *iii.* 180, 1321, *pret.* dradde, *i.* 1668, *v.* 2814, 5003, *drad*, *viii.* 1368, *dredde*, *v.* 3355, *imperat.* dred, *i.* 2246.
 drede, *s. P.* 1082, *i.* 1987, *pl.* dredes, *vii.* 411, *withoute drede*, *ii.* 2388, *v.* 68 (doubtless).
 dredful(l), *a. i.* 435, 2133, *iv.* 3382, *vii.* 3131, terrible; *ii.* 2622, timorous.
 dreie, *a. i.* 2042, *ii.* 2224, *v.* 1664, drie, drye, *v.* 4143, *vii.* 379, *dry*: *cp.* drye.
 dreie, *v. a. iii.* 695.
 dreint, dreynthe, *see* drenohe.
 drem, *s. P.* 599, *ii.* 3376, *iv.* 2729, *pl.* dremes, *iv.* 3575.
 dreme, *v. n. iii.* 51, *iv.* 2722, 3285.
 drenche, *v. a. n.* *vii.* 4277, *pret.* dreynthe, *iv.* 1030, 3061, *pp.* dreint, dreynt, *ii.* 1122, 1826, *v.* 1342, 1870, 4352, *def.* dreinte, *iv.* 3093: drown.
 drery, *a.* *vii.* 3312*.
 Driades, *v.* 1333.
 drink, drinke, *s. ii.* 3099, *iii.* 2611, *iv.* 1719, *pl.* drinkes, *v.* 1472.
 drinke(n), *v. a. n.* *P.* 318, *i.* 1390, 2309, *vii.* 3513, drynke, *iii.* 1402, 3 *s. pres.* drinkth, *i.* 1708, drynkth, *vi.* 72, drinketh, *v.* 253, *pret.* drank, *iii.* 895, dronk, *ii.* 1008, *pl.* drunke, *i.* 2645, *vi.* 472, dronken, *vi.* 591, *imperat.* drink, *i.* 2551, *pp.* drunke(n), *vi.* 374, 388.
 drinkeles, *a.* *vi.* 57, without drink.
 drive, *see* dryve.
 dronkelew, *a.* *vi.* 106, drunken.
 drope, *s. v.* 4147, 4752.
 droppe, *v.* *vi.* 1043, *vii.* 5263.
 druerie, *s. iv.* 2713, *vi.* 1290, courtship.
 drunke(n), *a.* *P.* 343, *ii.* 1010, *v.* 145, *vi.* 73 ff.
 drunkenesse, *s.* *vi.* 585.
 drunkenhiede, *s.* *vi.* 566.
 drunkeschipe, dronkeschipe, *s. v.* 150, *vi.* 15.
 drye, dryhe, *v. a. iv.* 2836, 3474, *vi.* 1085, endure.
 drye, dreie, *s. P.* 977, *vii.* 271, 445.
 dryve, *v. a. n.* *ii.* 712, 718, 1906, *iv.* 1853, drive, *ii.* 729, dryve forth, spend (time), *P.* 374, *ii.* 1309, *iv.* 3390, *pret.* drof, *iii.* 1048, *iv.* 1020, *pp.* drive, *P.* 578, *iv.* 1027.
 duale, *s.* *vi.* 388, narcotic draught.
 due, duck, *see* duk.
 due, *a.* *P.* 457, *ii.* 2928, *iv.* 510, 3247, *vii.* 4195 (dewe, *PP.* 196), owing, fitting, bound (?).
 dueliche, duely, *adv.* *vii.* 4570, *viii.* 2374.
 duelle(n), dwelle, *P.* 2, 142, 818, *i.* 147, *ii.* 1265, *iii.* 1338, *vii.* 2980, *pret.* dualte, *i.* 2488, *v.* 2084, remain, dwell.
 duelling, *s. iv.* 1979, *vii.* 458.
 duete, *s. P.* 258, *iv.* 3204, (duite, *viii.* 3101).
 duistre, *s. i.* 1027, guide.
 duk, due, duck, *s. i.* 782 ff., 2644, *iii.* 1987, *iv.* 1525, *vii.* 1917, 3747, *genit.* dukes, *i.* 2639, duokes, *iv.* 477, duke, leader.
 dull, *a.* *v.* 1948, *vi.* 150, *pl.* dulle, *iv.* 947, *PP.* 207.
 dulle, *v. a. P.* 14.
 durable, *a.* *PP.* 301.
 duresoe, *s. P.* 411.
 dwelle, *see* duelle.
 dwyne, *v. n.* *iv.* 3440, pine away.
 dyamant, *vii.* 1333.
 dyche, *v. a. i.* 3256: *cp.* dike.

dyches, *s. pl.* v. 19.
 dye, die, deie, *v. n.* P. 978, 990, i. 127,
 1333, 1972, ii. 701, 1858, iv. 3065, *pret.*
 deide, ii. 692, 1161, v. 1079, deiede, iv.
 1593, dyde, P. 705, dide, PP. 190, *pres.*
part. deyinge, i. 1710.
 dyht, *see* dihte.
 dymme, *a. pl.* viii. 2826: *cp.* dimme.
 Dyon, v. 1049.

E

ease, *see* ese.
 ebbe, *v. n.* P. 933.
 ebbes, *s. pl.* vii. 723.
 Eccho, v. 4618, 4644.
 ecclesiaste, vii. 4491.
 ech, *pron.* P. 375, i. 817, iv. 500, eche, P.
 516, i. 2061, ech other, i. 2489.
 Echates, v. 3981, 4035.
 echedaies, *s. genit.* v. 512.
 echon, *pron.* P. 1049, i. 1854, iv. 2094.
 eclipse, *v. n.* P. 919, v. 769, viii. 2600.
 Ector, *see* Hector.
 eddre, *s. iv.* 2109, addre, v. 3967, thaddre,
 v. 3528.
 Edwyn, ii. 1319.
 eem, *see* em.
 eere, *see* ere.
 effect, *s. iii.* 2395, vi. 931, theeffect, iv.
 1759.
 effeminat, *a. vii.* 4304.
 eft, efte, *adv.* i. 160, 963, ii. 2570, iv.
 2111, 2858, v. 5789f., vii. 2334, after,
 again.
 eftsone, *adv.* ii. 1305, iv. 806, eftsones,
 iv. 2830.
 Eges, vii. 351.
 Egeüs, iii. 2561, v. 5255, 5259.
 eggetol, *s. v.* 3708.
 Egiona, iii. 2173, 2185.
 Egipcienes, &c. *see* thegipcienes.
 Egipte, ii. 2549, 2628, v. 789, 814 ff.,
 1592, 1653, vi. 1797 ff., vii. 924.
 Egistus, Egiste, iii. 1906 ff., 2029 ff.
 egle, *s. vi.* 2200, vii. 630, eagle.
 eighte, *num.* vii. 1110 ff., eyhte, viii. 81.
 eile, eyle, eille, *v. n.* i. 971, ii. 1348, iii.
 2296, v. 7444, vi. 172, *impers.* vi. 386,
 ail.
 eir (1), air, *s. P.* 921, vi. 943, vii. 255 ff.,
 their, thair, iii. 1215, v. 3993: air.
 eir (2), *s. see* heir.
 either, *pron. a.* ii. 630, v. 1662, eyther,
 vii. 1193.

ek, eke, *adv.* P. 154, 913, i. 865, ii. 2931,
 ek also, ii. 1233, (eek, P. 57*, vii.
 3180*).
 ekinge, *s. iv.* 622.
 Elda, ii. 726 ff.
 elde, *s. v.* 4183, viii. 2828, (person) viii.
 2667.
 eldemoder, *s. iv.* 2251.
 eldeste, *a. superl. def.* v. 3047, vii. 557.
 eleborum, vii. 1336.
 eleccoun (-on), P. 365, 435, vi. 1167,
 vii. 46.
 Eleine, *see* Heleine.
 element, *s. vii.* 372, *pl.* elementz, v. 773,
 vii. 218 ff., thelementz, v. 759.
 elitropius, *s. vii.* 841, (name of a stone).
 elixir, elixer, *s. iv.* 2522, 2577.
 ellefthe, *a. vii.* 1393, eleventh.
 elles, *adv.* P. 290, 477, i. 1574, 2344, ii.
 3382, (ellis, viii. 3078), elles where, ii.
 1979, iii. 2079.
 elleswhere, *adv.* P. 9, iv. 164, *see* elles.
 ellevene, *num.* vii. 1186.
 eloquence, *s. iii.* 440, iv. 2651, *pl.* elo-
 quences, vii. 1631.
 eloquent, *a. vii.* 37, viii. 393.
 em, *s. i.* 1517, v. 3289, eem, vi. 474, *genit.*
 emes, i. 1489, uncle.
 embatailled, *pp.* ii. 1837, 2619.
 embrace, enbrace, *v. a.* P. 90, i. 1286, ii.
 2082, iv. 58, 409, v. 24, embraseth, iii.
 1483, take in hand, embrace, obtain;
 i. 431, put on the arm.
 embrouded, embrouded, *pp.* iv. 1319, vi.
 1554, embrouded, i. 2511.
 embuished, *pp.* ii. 3007.
 embuisschement, *see* thembuissche-
 mentz.
 Emilius, ii. 1776.
 empeire, *v. a.* P. 453, iii. 1143, iv. 3505;
v. n. P. 833, ii. 367, 3068: damage,
 make worse; become worse.
 empeirement, *s. v.* 2161, vii. 1158, harm.
 emperesse, *s. viii.* 2612.
 emperour, *s. P.* 726, iii. 2393, themper-
 our, i. 762, *genit.* emperoures, ii.
 1219.
 empire, *s. P.* 681, 721, i. 2793, ii. 2709,
 thempire, P. 767.
 emprise, *s. P.* 1018, i. 2066, ii. 2358, iii.
 1017, iv. 1858, v. 905, vii. 1850, 4251,
 4778, viii. 174, boldness, valour, worth,
 object.
 empty, *a. i.* 1681.
 embrouded, *see* embrouded.
 embrouderie, *s. iv.* 1175.

- encence, encense**, *s. v.* 1568, vii. 4509.
enchantement, *s. i.* 477, iv. 765.
enchanting, *s. iv.* 648.
enchaunte, *v. a. i.* 470, ii. 481, 2492, iii. 178.
encheson, *s. i.* 2440, 2747, *v.* 7354, occasion.
enclin, *a. ii.* 3177, vi. 585.
encline, *v. a. iv.* 3565; *v. n. v.* 1637, viii. 2083; **enclined**, *pp.* ii. 271.
enclose, *v. a. iii.* 1333, *v.* 21, 4029, (*pp.* **enclosid**, viii. 2942.)
enclused, *pp.* iv. 1345, **enclowed**, viii. 1113, hurt with a nail, nailed.
encombre, *v. a. ii.* 1770, vii. 5219, endanger, harass.
encourtine, *v. a. i.* 877, curtain.
encresse, encesse, *v. a. n.* P. 1036, i. 672, ii. 3428, iv. 782, *v.* 6476, vi. 2272.
encress, *s. i.* 3342, ii. 1666, *v.* 3, 7712, **enores**, viii. 74, increase, advancement.
ende, P. 162, 556, i. 1067, 1616, ii. 2753, iii. 1380, *v.* 5670, viii. 697, 1219, **thende**, P. 883.
ende, *v. a. n.* P. 74, i. 2110, iv. 2900, *v.* 194, vi. 1781.
endeles, i. 2717, iii. 2466; *adv.* P. 662, ii. 3429.
enderday, *s. i.* 98, **ender day**, *v.* 7400.
endite, *v. a. n.* P. 22, ii. 412, 2046, iii. 270, PP. 381, compose, accuse, examine.
enditour, *s. iv.* 2411.
endlong, *prep.* ii. 689, iii. 1031; *adv.* iii. 1209; along.
endure, *v. a. n.* i. 131, ii. 259, iv. 2105.
endyng, *s. vi.* 2376.
Eneas, Enee, i. 1095, 1124, iv. 78 ff., 2183, *v.* 1400, viii. 2553.
emie, *s. fem.*, *v.* 6753, **anemie**, viii. 1355.
enemy, *s. iii.* 12, 1532, iv. 2186, *pl.* **enemys, enemis**, iv. 1953, *v.* 7397.
enfile, *v. a.* vii. 4333, thread.
enformacion (-oun), *s. i.* 2270, ii. 2783, *v.* 593.
enforme, *v. a. n.* i. 276, 1340, 1974, 3229, ii. 2121, 2499, iv. 923, relate, instruct, enform.
Engelond, P. 24, ii. 1581, vii. 753, PP. 359.
engendre, *v. a. n.* P. 987, ii. 2841, 3176.
engin, engyn, *s. ii.* 1956, iv. 2438, 2637, *v.* 2156, disposition, ingenuity, device.
engine, *v. a. i.* 878, 1101, ii. 2116, deceive, entrap.
enginous, *a.* vii. 433, quick-witted.
englisah, *s. P.* 23, iii. 21, **Engleisah**, vi. 985, (**englesch**, viii. 3108).
englue, *v. a.* iii. 1553, iv. 3363, fasten, ensnare.
enhabite, *v. a.* iii. 1335, viii. 93.
enheritance, *s. v.* 5553.
enke, *s. iii.* 298, 1070, viii. 2213, ink.
enlumined, *pp.* vii. 64.
enoignte, *v. a. v.* 3601, *pp.* **enoynt**, *v.* 3599, **enoignt**, vii. 4247, **enoignted**, vi. 1974.
enquere, *v. a. ii.* 488, vii. 2771.
ensamplaire, *see* **essamplaire**.
ensample, *s. P.* 196, i. 1405, iv. 2339, (**essample**, PP. 93).
ensample(n), *v. a. P.* 47; *refl.* iv. 3684, *v.* 5159, vii. 4441; **essampled**, P. 7.
ensamplerie, *s. P.* 496, *v.* 4935, **essamplerie**, vi. 1385.
ensele, *v. a.* viii. 2699, seal.
enspire, *v. a.* iv. 2200, vii. 4003, viii. 2976*.
entaille, *s. i.* 1088, 1252, iv. 374, *v.* 1499, 2442, **entaille**, iv. 2990, form, fashion, sculpture.
entame, *v. a. i.* 709, wound; *v.* 3482, begin.
entencion, *s. iv.* 2270, 2516.
entendable, *a.* vii. 2146.
entendace, *s. viii.* 2488, service.
entendant, *a. ii.* 1623, *v.* 1352, viii. 2695.
entende, *v. n.* P. 253, 376, ii. 3412, iii. 2347, iv. 1735, pay attention, undertake.
entendement, *s. i.* 3122, ii. 584, iv. 1767, vii. 609, 1701, understanding, meaning, instruction.
entente, *s. P.* 668, 1023, i. 60, 825, 1121, 1770, ii. 1002, 2669, meaning, purpose, thought.
enterdit, *s. ii.* 2979, 3013.
entermette, *v. refl.* ii. 66, interfere.
enterrement, *s. v.* 5727, viii. 1523.
entre, *s. i.* 1144, ii. 2131, 3033.
entrecomune, *v. n.* ii. 3249.
entren, *v. n.* vii. 3215*.
entrike, *v. a.* iii. 2340, iv. 3042, 3298, vii. 1577, ensnare, entangle.
entronize, *v. a.* vii. 2416, **intronize**, ii. 2822, **intronised**, viii. 6.
envenime, envenyme, *v. a. ii.* 2237, iii. 2457, vi. 3, envenom, poison.
envie, *s. P.* 347, i. 3083, 3441, ii. 10 ff., (**envye**, P. 58*.)
envie, *v. a. ii.* 2828, 3104.
envious, *a.* ii. 223, 318, **thenvious**, ii. 1728; *as subst.* ii. 345.

- environne, *v. a.* vi. 2239, vii. 240, encom-
pass.
 enviroun, *adv.* ii. 1474, vi. 2236.
 eny, *pron.* P. 387, i. 2419, &c., any, i. 14,
pl. eny, v. 2039, enye, v. 921: eny
 thing *as adv.* ii. 2057.
 Eolen, Eole, ii. 2263 ff., v. 6808 ff., 6884
 ff., viii. 2510.
 Eolus, iii. 143, iv. 735, v. 968, *pl.* Eoli,
 v. 978.
 Ephesim, viii. 1156, 1793 ff.
 Epiloquorus, iv. 2409.
 epitaphe, *s.* iv. 3359, 3670, epitaffe, viii.
 1531.
 Epius, i. 1091.
 equacion, *s.* vi. 1959.
 equite, *s.* ii. 3327, vii. 2816.
 er, *adv.* ii. 1995, vii. 2285, err, vii. 687,
 ar, ii. 2141, iv. 1422: *prep.* er this, P.
 513, i. 610, er dai, v. 2182, or this, i.
 1944: er, *conj.* P. 503, i. 911, 1122,
 (er that), iv. 2068.
 ere, *s.* P. 236, i. 2181, &c., eere, P. 10, ear.
 ere, eere, *v. a. n.* i. 3257, v. 819, plough.
 Ericon, v. 1401.
 Eridian, v. 4005.
 eringe, *s.* v. 1228, ploughing.
 Eriphile, iii. 2565.
 Eritheüs, vii. 853.
 erl, *s.* i. 3376.
 erldom, *s.* i. 3354.
 erli, erly, *a.* vi. 1605: *adv.* i. 2176, iv.
 1829, erliche, v. 2313.
 Ermenie, *see* Armenye.
 ernest, *s.*, earnest and game, &c., P. 462,
 ii. 528, iii. 549, iv. 50, viii. 856.
 erre, *v. n.* P. 355, ii. 2963, v. 1893.
 errour, *s.* P. 511, v. 812, 1620.
 erst, *adv.* iii. 376, iv. 805, v. 1778.
 erthe, P. 40, 614, i. 2796, 3251, therthe, i.
 3265, earth, clay.
 erthly, erthli, *a.* P. 201, i. 2889, iv. 1322,
 ertheli, erthely, iii. 2520, PP. 63.
 eschange, *s.* P. 207, i. 2330, viii. 2259.
 eschape, *see* ascape.
 eschete, *s.* i. 3354.
 eschu, *a.* v. 4748, shy.
 eschuie, *v. a. n.* i. 945, 1212, 2255,
 2667, ii. 3250, iii. 1674, teschuie, vii.
 3247, eschue, P. 458, v. 7002, avoid,
 escape.
 Esculapius, v. 1059 ff.
 Esdras, iv. 2407.
 ese, *s.* i. 3052, ii. 49, 3122, iv. 1814, v.
 3629, aise, viii. 1352, 1718, *pl.* eses, vii.
 4359, eases, iv. 1089.
 ese, *v. a. n.* ii. 247, 3183, vi. 893, vii.
 2616.
 esely, *adv.* v. 5027, gently.
 Esiona, v. 7215, *acc.* Esionam, Eseonen,
 v. 7275, viii. 2518.
 esmaie, *v. refl.* v. 3348; *pp.* esmaied, iii.
 58, iv. 1372.
 Eson, v. 3255, 3931 ff.
 espeir, *s.* ii. 1551, 3147, iii. 2707, hope.
 espiaile, *s.* vi. 1643.
 espleit, *s.* v. 3924, success.
 esposaille, *s.* iv. 1498, espousaille, v.
 5815.
 essamplaire, ensamplaire, *s.* iv. 887, vii.
 3143, 4026.
 essampled, essamplerie, *see* ensample,
 &c.
 essoine, *s.* i. 1778, excuse.
 estat, *see* astat.
 estre, *s.* ii. 3370, abode.
 estrete, *s.* i. 1344, extraction, origin.
 estward, *adv.* ii. 1088, vii. 569.
 easy, esi, *a.* vii. 1540, viii. 2159.
 ete, *v. a. n.* P. 318, i. 2844, v. 2405, 3 *s.*
pres. ett, vi. 1139, *pret.* eet, i. 2977, ii.
 3029, v. 851, *pl.* eete, vi. 1173, *pp.* ete(n),
 iii. 1401, v. 5902.
 eternal, *a.* viii. 2973.
 eterne, *a.* P. 586.
 eth, *a.* i. 544, easy.
 Ethiope, iv. 649.
 Ethna, P. 329, ii. 20, 163, 2837, v. 1289.
 etique, *s.* vii. 1651, ethics.
 Eurice, ii. 2267.
 Europe, v. 7340, vii. 533, 579.
 eutonye, vi. 1318.
 evangile, *s.* PP. 217.
 Eve, iv. 2225, viii. 28 ff.
 eve(n), *s.* i. 858, ii. 2888, vi. 368, even
 liht, iv. 2804.
 evel, *a.* iii. 1272, *def.* evele, v. 2331: *adv.*
 evele, iv. 3266, v. 146, evel mouthed,
 v. 519.
 evel, *s.* v. 4926, evele, vii. 1549.
 evene, *a.* *as subst.*, in evene, i. 2, iv. 3294,
 v. 1702, hir evene, v. 3386: *adv.* i.
 2819, ii. 175, 3401, v. 75, evene liche,
 iii. 2397, vii. 3033.
 evenynge, *see* thevenynge.
 evere, *adv.* P. 38, 335, i. 1641, for evere,
 ii. 1581, evere in on, i. 1795.
 everich, *pron.* vi. 171, each one.
 everich, *a.* *see* every.
 evermore, everemore, *adv.* i. 1330, ii.
 442, evermor, everemor, P. 980, i. 34,
 v. 671, PP. 138, everemo, i. 1381, iv.

3590, evermo, i. 1852, (evere mo, viii. 3004*), for everemo, i. 1161, vii. 3843.
every, *pron.* a. P. 28, i. 1202, (everi, PP. 199), **everich** (everych) on, ii. 2020, vii. 1305, 4419; *cp.* **everychon**.
everychon, **everichon**, *pron.* i. 246, 2103, iv. 714, 1311; *cp.* **every**.
everydel, **everydiel**, s. P. 641, iii. 836, 929; *adv.* P. 828, ii. 1253.
evidence, s. P. 332, i. 1074, 1160, iv. 3054, in **evidence**, i. 1857, ii. 2678, *pl.* **evidences**, iv. 2665.
evident, a. vii. 3859.
exalacion, s. vii. 330.
examinacioun, s. ii. 313.
examine, v. a. iv. 293.
excede, v. a. i. 541, iv. 3525, v. 247.
excellence, s. PP. 375.
exoepte, v. a. vii. 2745, accept.
exoercise, s. vi. 532.
excess, s. v. 4457.
excessif, a. vii. 2722.
excitacioun, s. vi. 567.
excite, v. a. vi. 509, vii. 4276.
exolude, v. a. viii. 2711.
excusable, a. i. 1029.
excusacioun, s. iv. 330, v. 7094*.
exouse(n), v. a. P. 488, 522, i. 733, 2102, 2723, vi. 121, (*pp.* **excusid**, viii. 3111), excuse, give as excuse.
exousement, s. i. 1022.
exousing, s. i. 1929.
execucioun (-on), s. vii. 3081, viii. 1952.
execut, *pp.* ii. 1742.
exil, s. v. 1221, vii. 3012.
exile, v. a. P. 280, i. 1055, ii. 1845, iii. 2179, v. 862.
expectant, a. ii. 1712.
expence, s. vii. 2027.
experience, s. i. 217, 1073, v. 321, **thexperience**, P. 331.
expert, a. vii. 27.
exponde, v. a. P. 663, 823, 873, **expounds**, i. 2867.
exposicioun (-on), s. i. 2932, iv. 2739.
expresse, a. v. 3220, viii. 2185.
expressly, *adv.* iii. 2331.
extoreion (-oun), s. v. 5511, vii. 2190, viii. 3015.
extremite, s. iv. 2489, v. 7641, **thextremetes**, iv. 2565.
ey, s. i. 2545, vi. 2225, vii. 617, egg.
eyhte, *see* **eighte**.
eyhtetiene, *num.* i. 1803, vii. 1025.
eyther, *see* **either**.

F

Fa crere, ii. 2122 ff.
fable, s. P. 864, ii. 2800, v. 1270.
Fabricius, vii. 2784.
face, s. P. 130, i. 966, i. 3327.
faounde, **faonde**, s. v. 3126, vii. 36, eloquence.
fade, a. ii. 403, iii. 310, viii. 637, PP. 102; *adv.* i. 2043.
fade, v. n. ii. 2738, iv. 3454, vii. 3046; **faded**, *pp.* iv. 3208, vii. 744.
fader, s. i. 216, &c., **fadre**, ii. 2519, iii. 1946, *genit.* **fader**, i. 2557, 3334, ii. 1483, 1625, &c., **fadres**, iii. 263, vi. 401.
faderhode, s. iv. 527.
faie, **faye**, a. i. 2317, ii. 1019, iv. 1321, v. 3769; *as subst.* v. 4105.
faierie, s. ii. 964, 1593, v. 5003, 7073.
faile, v. n. P. 650, i. 896, 1968, iv. 934, 1722, **faill**, iii. 2184, vi. 751, **faillen of**, i. 1059.
faile, s. P. 1032, i. 3113, ii. 2534.
fain, a. i. 2759, iii. 1666; *adv.* **fain wolde**, i. 1433, ii. 1415, **fayn**, ii. 491, v. 3789.
fair, a. i. 362, 779, 1100, 1899, (**feir**, viii. 3010*), *pl.* **faire**, i. 353; *comp.* **fairer**, **fairere**, ii. 1247, v. 4810; *superl.* **def.** i. 767, 1804.
faire, *adv.* P. 600, i. 1131, 3415.
faiterie, s. i. 179, false pretence.
faitour, s. i. 174, 689.
fal, **fall**, s. P. 336, ii. 227, v. 4950.
fallas, s. i. 645, iv. 2509, vii. 2186.
falle(n), v. n. P. 372, 528, 972, i. 39, 683, v. 3654, 3 s. *pres.* **faith**, P. 545, i. 24, **falleth**, v. 5485, *pret.* **fel**, **fell**, P. 619, 692, i. 761, ii. 2160, *pl.* **felle(n)**, P. 782, i. 2083, *subj.* **felle**, i. 3151, vii. 4253.
fals, a. i. 3063, *def.* **fals**, P. 739, i. 680, ii. 404, **false**, i. 1107, ii. 824, *voc.* **false**, iii. 1252, *pl.* **false**, i. 871, *as subst.* v. 7392; *superl.* **falseste**, v. 6047; *adv.* **false tunded**, ii. 1750.
false(n), v. a. n. ii. 2150, v. 5182, **violate**, break faith.
falshed, **falshede**, **falshiede**, s. i. 1009, ii. 857, 1692, v. 927, 2956, **falshod(e)**, ii. 1755, v. 6012, vii. 1533.
falsly, *adv.* ii. 1280, 2765, **falsliche**, v. 5920.
falssemblant, s. ii. 1876 ff.
falswitness, s. v. 2863 ff.
falte, s. vi. 286, want.
fame, s. P. 100, i. 1415, 2412, iii. 1019.
familier, a. vii. 3147.

- famine, famyne, s. iii. 2268, v. 4284, viii. 551.
 famous, a. iii. 2373, v. 7125*.
 fantasie, s. ii. 1408, iii. 126, v. 441, *pl.* fantasies, ii. 2898.
 fantosme, s. v. 5011, vii. 2589.
 fare, v. n. P. 646, i. 110, 1976, ii. 2040, 2 s. *pres.* farst, iv. 626, 3 s. *pres.* farth, iii. 1079, vii. 1288, fareth, iv. 244, *pret.* ferde, i. 97, 910, ii. 111, ferd, viii. 2445, *pp.* ferd, i. 445, fare(n), iii. 2692, v. 3797, viii. 1555 f., *imperat.* fare (wel), iii. 305, iv. 1378, (*cp.* farewel), *pres.* p. (wel) farende, v. 3381.
 fare, s. i. 2291, iv. 440, v. 1379, 1611, 1987, doing, condition, business.
 farewel, v. 4218, vi. 1654, farwel, v. 7758.
 fast, a. iv. 903.
 faste, *adv.* P. 370, i. 473, 984, 2302, fast, vii. 3325: als faste, i. 414, 474, quickly; fast aslepe, ii. 2870; faste, ii. 1089, close, faste by, i. 897, ii. 756, iv. 666, *cp.* fasteby.
 faste, s. vi. 850.
 faste, v. n. i. 660, ii. 244, iv. 814.
 fasteby, *adv.* vi. 1993, vii. 4758; *cp.* faste, *adv.*
 fastnen, v. n. v. 3598.
 fat, a. P. 474, v. 1947, *pl.* fatte, iv. 1310.
 fate, s. v. 1159.
 faucon, s. iii. 2430, vii. 1842.
 Faunus, v. 6833 ff.
 favorable, a. ii. 1697, iv. 443, vii. 3976, partial, favourable.
 favour, s. vii. 2789, 2844.
 favoure, v. n. iv. 2254; v. a. v. 5328.
 faye, *see* faie.
 Februer, vii. 1234.
 fecche, v. a. vii. 5010: *cp.* fette.
 fede, v. a. and *refl.* P. 466, i. 2823, fiede, v. 2009, feede, vi. 632, *pret.* fedde, i. 2830, 5301, *pp.* fedd, fed, ii. 244, v. 1719, vi. 792.
 Fedra, v. 5395, 5481, Phedra, viii. 2514.
 fee, s. viii. 543, property; *pl.* fees, i. 53, iv. 1096, wages.
 feer, *see* ferr.
 feere, feerful, *see* fere, ferful.
 feigne, v. a. n. P. 416, i. 166, 595, 1103, 2197, ii. 654, v. 928 (*refl.*), (feyne, P. 60*, feine, PP. 312), *pp.* feigned, i. 797, 1084, v. 3051 (disguised), vii. 3539.
 feiht(e)n, v. n. P. 1020, i. 1427, ii. 2177, iv. 1674, feighte, iv. 2081, 2111, fihthe, fyhte, P. 215, iii. 1648, iv. 1508, v. 1475, (fihthe, PP. 251), *pret.* foghte, iii. 2651, iv. 2095, fawht, v. 5360.
 feint, a. i. 1217, v. 4351, *def.* feinte, v. 6945, *pl.* feinte, iv. 118, false, sluggish, faint.
 feintise, s. i. 175, feigning.
 feir, *see* fair.
 feire, s. P. 454, i. 301, ii. 3067, v. 565, fair.
 feith, s. P. 237, i. 707, 2216; in good feith, i. 727, iv. 665; make his feith (give his assurance), v. 2897, 2924.
 felaschipe, s. P. 1015, i. 1163, ii. 326, iv. 1958, felaschip, ii. 1217.
 felawe, s. P. 795, i. 1244, 3042, ii. 2031, 2366, felaw, ii. 333, vii. 2292, felawh, ii. 1965, fela, ii. 318, v. 2420, fellow, sharer, equal.
 feld, s. P. 838, i. 2469, ii. 1838, 2593, v. 5964, field, iv. 1832, 2091, 2377, v. 3745, field, battle.
 fele, a. *pl.* iii. 828, v. 208; as *subst.* iv. 1069, v. 6970, many.
 felicite, s. i. 206, vii. 933.
 fell, a. i. 68, iii. 2655, *pl.* felle, v. 2744, cruel.
 fell, s. v. 3816, 4243, skin.
 felle (1), *see* fille.
 felle (2), v. a. i. 2903, ii. 2298, fell.
 felonie, s. ii. 215, 884, iii. 336, iv. 3580.
 feloun, a. vii. 1123, viii. 1393.
 felt, felte, *see* fiele.
 felthe, s. ii. 422, filth.
 femele, a. as *subst.* iv. 1301, vii. 4215.
 femeline, a. v. 5550.
 Feminee, iv. 2140, v. 2548.
 fend, s. ii. 705, v. 1582, 4885, vii. 5335, fiend.
 fenele, s. vii. 1327, fennel.
 fennes, s. *pl.* viii. 160, fens.
 fer, a. *see* ferr.
 fer, s. *see* fyr.
 ferde, ferd, *see* fare.
 fere, s. (1), P. 57*, i. 462, 1439, 2205, ii. 46, iii. 1524, v. 5676, feere, ii. 696, iii. 1396, fear.
 fere, s. (2), *see* fiere.
 fere, feere, v. a. ii. 578, fear; *refl.* feere, iii. 454, be afraid.
 ferforth, *adv.* P. 29*, i. 2690, ii. 1596, iv. 2139.
 ferforthli, *adv.* ii. 77, viii. 1229.
 ferful(1), feerful, a. iv. 360, v. 1860, vii. 306, 3561.
 ferke, v. a. viii. 603, convey.
 ferme, ferm, a. vii. 3175, viii. 1109.
 ferr, fer, feer, a. P. 261, i. 2378, iii. 68,

- v. 1507, vii. 311, *def. ferre*, iii. 1901, far, distant: *adv.* P. 565, i. 1042, 1313, iii. 878, iv. 831, 931, *feer*, i. 570; *compar. ferre*, iii. 71: *a ferr*, i. 2335, iii. 1039, *afer*, v. 318.
- ferst*, *a.*, *def. ferate*, i. 580, ii. 1307, 1676, (*firste*, v. 7017*, PP. 198), *ferst*, iii. 27, *ate ferate*, P. 522, iv. 895: *adv.* P. 198, i. 998, *ferste*, iv. 2601, vii. 1530, (*first*, viii. 3082).
- ferthe*, *a.*, *def.* ii. 1875, iv. 2482, PP. 1, fourth.
- fertheast*, *adv.* iv. 13.
- fest*, *s.* ii. 468, *fist*.
- feate*, *s.* i. 2499, iv. 1483, v. 1018.
- fet*, *s.* viii. 2415, *deed*, *feat*.
- fethere*, *s.* iv. 107, *pl. fetheres*, *fethers*, iv. 1049, v. 6204, 6209.
- fethrebed*, *s.* iv. 3020.
- fette(n)*, *v. a.* i. 2548, iv. 646, viii. 1413, *pret. fette*, v. 2779, *pp. fet*, *fett*, i. 2549, ii. 2686, iv. 1851, *fetch*, *get*.
- feture*, *s.* iv. 380, v. 2598, viii. 2977, *pl. fetures*, vii. 4877, *feature*, *make*.
- fewe*, *a. pl.* P. 22, i. 1424, *as subst.* iv. 2614; *a fewe*, ii. 1507, iv. 1286.
- feble*, *a. P.* 887, iii. 269, iv. 1392, (*feble*, viii. 3127), *sup. feblest*, vii. 4296; *as subst.* P. 615.
- feble*, *v. a.* vi. 373.
- feblesoe*, *s.* ii. 2272.
- fede*, *see fede*.
- fedinge*, *s.* vi. 746, 941.
- feld*, *see feld*.
- fieldwode*, *s.* v. 4039, *see note*.
- fiele*, *v. a. n.* ii. 3015, iii. 2730, v. 1043, *pret. felte*, i. 2497, *felt*, viii. 2165, *pp. felt*, i. 210, *feel*, *think*.
- felinge*, *s.* P. 951, vi. 344.
- fierce*, *see fiers*.
- fiere*, ii. 349, *companion*; *in fiere*, *in fere*, i. 993, ii. 710, viii. 1753, *together*.
- fiers*, *a.* vii. 899, *pl. fierce*, v. 3517.
- fevere*, *s.* v. 464 ff., 5995.
- feverous*, *a.* v. 589.
- fifte*, *a. def.* ii. 2320, vii. 611.
- fiftene*, *num.* vii. 1304.
- fight*, *s.* PP. 68.
- figure*, *s.* P. 620, i. 1530, iv. 2563, *pl. figures*, P. 918.
- figure*, *v. a.* vii. 1016, 1032, *shape*, *figure*.
- fihte*, *fyhte*, *see feihte*.
- filie*, *felle*, *s.* iii. 2609, v. 255, 1680, *fill*.
- filie*, *felle*, *v. a.* ii. 3448, v. 2205, vi. 590, viii. 34, *fill*.
- fin*, *a.* P. 606, vi. 1891, *pl. fine*, v. 1548, *fyne*, iv. 2554.
- a fin*, iv. 60, at last: *cp. afyn*.
- final*, *a.* P. 982, i. 1647, iii. 1816, (*fynal*, viii. 3088*), *in final*, viii. 3106.
- finali*, *finaly*, *adv.* i. 1956, ii. 1050, iii. 75, v. 595.
- finde*, *fynde*, *v. a.* P. 94, 572, iii. 2056, 3 s. *pres. fint*, *fynt*, ii. 394, 2129, iv. 3403, *pret. fond*, i. 113, 2337, v. 2690, vii. 3300, *pl. founde(n)*, P. 812, i. 1109, *pp. founde(n)*, i. 2299, v. 6814, vi. 633; *find*, *invent*, *provide*.
- finger*, *s.* iv. 653, v. 7118*, *finger ende*, vi. 1064, *pl. fingres*, iv. 1177.
- fire*, *v. see fyre*.
- firmament*, *s.* P. 959, iv. 1032.
- firy*, *see fyri*.
- fissch*, *fissch*, *s.* vi. 1264, *pl. fissches*, i. 491, ii. 3456, iii. 957.
- fisschere*, *s.* iii. 956, viii. 646.
- five*, *see fyve*.
- fixacion* (-oun), *s.* iv. 2520, 2574.
- flaocke*, *v. n.* viii. 1196, *flutter*.
- flamme*, *s.* P. 345, v. 3508.
- flaterende*, *pres. p. as a.* vii. 2652.
- flaterie*, *s.* vii. 2168 ff., 2515 ff.
- flatour*, *s.* vii. 2179 ff., 2330*.
- fle*, *flen* (1), *v. a. n.* P. 203, i. 1223, 1701, iii. 600, iv. 1990, *flee*, ii. 3161, vii. 3528, *pret. fledde*, i. 2636, ii. 152, *pp. fledd*, vii. 3570; *escape*, *flee*, *avoid*.
- fle* (2), *v. n.* iv. 1050, vi. 2225, 3 s. *pres. fleth*, i. 1727, ii. 151, iii. 2430, *fleith*, i. 2673, *pret. flyh*, *flih*, iii. 2108, v. 6206, *subj. flyhe*, vii. 358, *pp. flowe(n)*, v. 3750, 6129; *fly*.
- fle* (3), *v. a.* v. 4692, *flay*.
- flees*, *s.* v. 46, 3272.
- Flegeton*, *v.* 1109.
- fleischly*, *fleischly* (-li), *fleyssahly*, *a.* vii. 4211, 4237, 4348, 4395, *flessahly*, v. 6402*.
- fleissch*, *s.* i. 2235, v. 1940, *fleisch*, i. 1531, *flessch*, v. 6395* ff.
- flete*, *s.* ii. 1134, iii. 1036, *fleet*.
- flete*, *v. n.* iii. 1628, vi. 335, *flietende*, iv. 3083, *float*.
- fleume*, *s.* vii. 414, 451.
- fihte*, *see flyhte*.
- flint*, *s.* v. 4692.
- flitte*, *v. a. n.* v. 7076, vii. 2902, *flitt*, iv. 214, *move*, *turn aside*.
- flock*, *s.* P. 391, 421.
- flod*, *s.* i. 364, ii. 719, v. 1605, viii. 79, *pl. flodes*, P. 1013.

- flor, *s.* iv. 2785, v. 4148, viii. 1855, floor, ground.
 Florent, *i.* 1411 ff.
 florin, *s.* v. 335, 2410, vii. 2095.
 flour, *s.* i. 3261, v. 278, *pl.* floures, *P.* 937, viii. 2943*.
 floure, *v. n.* v. 4144, 7626.
 flowe, *v. n.* *P.* 39*, 933, ii. 1881.
 flyh, *see* fle (2).
 flyhte, *flihte*, *s.* iv. 1055, 2342, flyht, *iv.* 1058, v. 5975.
 fo, *s.* ii. 3354, iii. 284, iv. 3408; *as a.* v. 7252.
 fode, *s.* i. 2975, ii. 87, v. 325, foodde, vi. 846.
 fol, *a.* i. 442, 2269, fool, vi. 569, vii. 4271, foolish.
 fol, *s.* i. 2214, ii. 3248, iv. 3347, vii. 3953 ff., foll, *i.* 1967, fool, vi. 19, *pl.* foles, *iv.* 625, v. 322, foolles, vi. 535; fool.
 folde, *s.* *P.* 390, 439, ii. 3055, fold: *v.* 2784, embrace.
 fole, *s.* viii. 2407, foal.
 folhaste, *s.* iii. 1430 ff., 2735, folhast, iii. 1096.
 folhastif, *a.* iii. 1635, 1795, vii. 899.
 folhastifnesse, *s.* vii. 435.
 folie, *s.* i. 520, 2357, iii. 141.
 folk, *s.* *P.* 467, i. 2033, ii. 1770, iii. 185.
 folwe, *v. a. n.* *P.* 443, i. 261, 3 *s. pres.* folweth, ii. 3503, folwith, iv. 671, *PP.* 23.
 fom, *s.* iv. 1666, v. 4008, vi. 1469.
 foman, *s.* v. 6418*, *pl.* fomen, i. 2877, iv. 1523, foomen, vii. 3334*.
 fonde, *v. a. n.* *P.* 62, 80*, i. 3198, ii. 929, iv. 3109, v. 1421, attempt, try.
 fonge, *v. a. n.* ii. 2558, iii. 1111, iv. 2294, take.
 for, *prep.* *P.* 16, i. 844, 1683, ii. 1856, iv. 1090 f., for al that &c., i. 192, 1055, iii. 334, vii. 2677: *cp.* fore.
 for, *conj.* *P.* 12, 40, i. 598, 1012, 1466, for that, *P.* 22, i. 1784, since, because, in order that.
 forbere, *v. a.* i. 244, 1602, 3119, 3163, ii. 538, 1768, iii. 138, 411, 754, 2321, iv. 1496, 2344, v. 6309; *v. n.* i. 1279, iii. 754, v. 563: leave out, spare, prevent, forbear, avoid.
 forbiede, *v. a. n.* v. 394, god forbiede &c., ii. 3064, iii. 1121, god forbiede, iii. 477, *pret.* forbad, v. 1636, *pp.* forbede, i. 3408, iii. 2253.
 forblowe(n), *pp.* ii. 25, viii. 1402, blown about.
 forboght, *pp.* ii. 1573, bought off.
 forcacche, *v. a.* *P.* 409, drive out.
 forecast, *pp.* v. 1193, cast away.
 forde, *s.* ii. 2166, vii. 1236, ford.
 fordo, *v. a.* *P.* 326, i. 2415, ii. 3172, *pp.* fordo, v. 7576, destroy.
 fordrieve, *v. a.* *pp.* viii. 1636, driven about.
 fore, *adv.*, come fore, travaille fore, &c., iv. 1723, v. 3345, viii. 992.
 forebode, *s.* v. 6053, prohibition.
 forein, *a.* iii. 5, v. 973, vii. 2975, far removed.
 forest, *s.* i. 351, 1528, 2292, iii. 324.
 forestempne, *s.* iii. 994, man at the prow (?).
 foretokne, *s.* i. 2812.
 foreward, *s.* iii. 507, v. 7004, engagement.
 forfare, *pp.* i. 109, worn out (with travel).
 forfeit, *s.* iii. 1798, vii. 2721, 4583, transgression, forfeit.
 forfeite, *v. a.* v. 5477.
 forfeiture, forsfaiture, iii. 1500, v. 780, 1764, 4214, offence, punishment.
 forge, *s.* i. 1088, v. 963, workmanship, forge.
 forge, *v. a.* i. 1087, iv. 237, vi. 1958.
 forgnawe, *pp.* iii. 1406, gnawed to pieces.
 forgon, *v. a.* v. 7284, go without.
 forjuggle, *v. a.* vii. 3171*, condemn.
 forlete, *v. a.* *pp.* vii. 584, viii. 1434, abandoned, left alone.
 forlie, *v. a.*, 3 *s. pres.* forlith, *PP.* 108, *pret.* forlai, forlay, iii. 2031, v. 802, viii. 215, forlih, viii. 300, *pp.* forlein, forlain, iii. 198, 2276, v. 3189; lie with, violate.
 forlore, *v. a.* *pp.* i. 2947, ii. 1242, v. 2825, forlorn, v. 1882, lost.
 forme, *s.* *P.* 53*, 871, i. 576, 1339, 2670, ii. 2473, iv. 2211, v. 1872, *pl.* formes, iv. 2501.
 forme, *v. a.* ii. 1012, 3245.
 formel, *a.* vii. 157.
 Foroneüs, vii. 3060.
 fors, *s.*, no fors, v. 7720, no matter.
 forsake, *v. a.* *P.* 166, i. 1012, iii. 680, iv. 1592, 3 *s. pres.* forsakth, ii. 2450, forsok, iii. 2031, *pl.* forsok(e), *P.* 809, i. 611, *imperat.* forsak, vii. 3675, *pp.* forsake, i. 210, 3128, ii. 157; deny, give up, avoid, desert.
 forschape, *v. a.* iv. 2108, *pret.* forschop, i. 370, 1846, *pl.* forschope, vi. 1446, *pp.* forschape, i. 416, iii. 377, transform.
 forsfaiture, *see* forfeiture.
 forsfet, *pp.* ii. 1039.
 forslowthen, *v. a.* iv. 2319, v. 1887, neglect by sloth.

- forsmite, *pp.* viii. 1000, smitten (to death).
 forstormed, *pp.* ii. 25, viii. 1402, driven by storms.
 forsauele, *v. n.* i. 1028, vii. 3928, 5369, go wrong.
 forswere, *v. a. v.* 2870, *pp.* forswore, ii. 875, v. 3229.
 forth, *adv.* (of place) i. 826, iv. 799, vii. 4362, (of time) P. 818, i. 949, v. 1724, forth therupon, i. 2503, forth after, iii. 2103, forth over, i. 3431, forth riht, ii. 1270; forth (=continually), P. 931, axeth forth (go on asking) i. 2668, dryve forth, P. 374, spend (time): *as prep.* forth with, P. 680, i. 680, 2936, ii. 927, 1479, iii. 310, forthwith, ii. 699, 1034, together with, with; forth withal, ii. 791.
 forth, *s. i.* 3314, course.
 forthbringe, *v. a.* vii. 2213, *pp.* forthbrought, v. 1257.
 forthdrawe, *v. a. v.* 330, *pp.* forthdrawe, ii. 1395, 2697, iv. 471, 1569, 1616, (forth drawe, viii. 3060), draw out, bring forth, bring up, breed.
 forthdrawere, *s. iv.* 3381, breeder.
 forthdrawinge, *s. v.* 1021, breeding.
 forthenke, *v. a.* iii. 2614; *impers.* iii. 139, 630, *pret.* forthoghte, ii. 796, 2398: repent; it repents (me), it is displeasing.
 forther(e), *adv.* *see* further(e).
 forthermor(e), *see* furthermor(e).
 forthest, *a. i.* 1199, ii. 3150: *cp.* further(e).
 forthferde, *v. n. pret.* i. 98, went forth.
 forthgon, *v. n.* iv. 1850.
 forthi, *adv.* P. 5, i. 1638, (forthy, viii. 3152, for thi, viii. 2950*), therefore: noght forthi, i. 1901, ii. 398, nevertheless.
 forthren, *v. a.* ii. 2045, vi. 353.
 forthrere, *s.* vii. 804.
 forthriht, *adv.* v. 7118*, straight.
 forthringe, *s. ii.* 661, 2048, vii. 2957, furtherance.
 forthrowe, *pp.* viii. 1154, thrown about.
 forthwith, *adv.* ii. 359, 1204, v. 643, at once, moreover: *prep.* *see* forth.
 forto, P. 31, 208, i. 804, &c., for to, P. 209, 339.
 fortrede, *v. a.*, *pp.* fortrode, v. 6054, tread to death.
 fortunat, *a.* vii. 917.
 fortune, *s.* P. 70, i. 1670, 2625, ii. 1477.
 fortune, *v. a.* P. 584, i. 1859, iii. 2365, iv. 188, viii. 2549, bring about, deal with, regulate, make fortunate.
 forwacohed, *pp.* v. 5421, wearied with want of sleep.
 forwakid, *pp.* iv. 404, wearied with want of sleep.
 forwept, *pp.* iv. 404, worn out with weeping.
 forwhy and, *conj.* ii. 2025, v. 2563, provided that.
 forworthe, *v. n.* vi. 280, perish.
 foryete (3), *v. a. i.* 224, iv. 576, 3 *s. pres.* foryet, iv. 544, *pret.* foryat, iv. 654, *imperat.* foryet, viii. 2434, *pp.* foryete(n), P. 311, i. 2015, v. 5239; *v. n.* i. 3426.
 foryetel (3), *a.* vii. 415, forgetful.
 foryetelnesse (3), *s.* iv. 541, 629.
 foryifte (3), *s.* viii. 2896, forgiveness.
 foryive (3), *v. a. n. i.* 2384, iii. 808, iv. 3427, vii. 4071, *pp.* foryive, i. 2253, 3334, foryove, i. 2136, forgive, give.
 foryivenesse (3), *s.* iv. 3491, vi. 2213.
 fostre, *v. a.* P. 326, ii. 437.
 fostringe, *s.* vii. 2174.
 fot, *s.* P. 357, i. 2053, 2539, under fote, P. 117, iii. 1167, under foote, vii. 3335*, on fote, v. 1664, at his fot, iii. 233, *pl.* feet, P. 612, i. 2300; fot hot, iv. 3350.
 foul, foughl, *s. see* fowhl.
 foul, *a. i.* 1532, *def.* foule, i. 1734, iii. 2252, *pl.* iii. 431, vi. 573; *compar.* foulere, i. 1759; *sup.* the fouleste, i. 1718.
 foule, *adv.* v. 5708.
 founde, *v. a.* P. 289, 824, ii. 3476, viii. 1994, 3 *pl. pret.* foundeden, v. 904.
 foundement, *s.* vii. 703, 4197.
 foundour, *s.* v. 1002.
 foure, *num.* ii. 1037, iv. 2464, vii. 2371, fowre, iv. 2477.
 fourtenyht, *s.* iv. 1418.
 fourtiene, *num.* i. 3134, viii. 1539.
 forty, *num.* iv. 1563.
 fowhl, foughl, foul, *s.* iii. 2605, v. 7072, vii. 140, *pl.* fowhles, foules, iii. 2601, iv. 1298, v. 1025.
 fox, *s.* ii. 3033, *pl.* foxes, iv. 1836.
 France, P. 747, ii. 2966, 3011 ff., vii. 770.
 franchise, *s.* P. 761, ii. 3483, iii. 2699, (fraunchise, viii. 3023), freedom, privilege, liberality.
 franchised, *pp.* ii. 3263, privileged.
 fraternite, *s.* v. 1775.

fraude, s. ii. 2151, 3046, iii. 1068.
 fre, a. i. 752, 1930, ii. 2112, iii. 2236, v. 4728 (liberal): *adv.* ii. 3253.
 frede, v. a. iv. 3511, *pret.* fredde, v. 7167, feel.
 Frederik, v. 2392.
 freiss, freys, a. i. 779, iv. 1362, *def.* freisshe, fresshe, i. 3353, iii. 1390, v. 6736, freiss, vii. 5000, *pl.* freissahe, freysahe, i. 353, 2355; *comp.* freisshe, vi. 768.
 freiss, *adv.* viii. 2487.
 frele, a. i. 773, viii. 289, 834, frail.
 frely, *adv.* v. 2847, freliche, v. 4769.
 frend, s. iii. 274, vii. 1574 f., *pl.* frendes, i. 992, 2147.
 frended, *pp.* viii. 1964.
 frendliche, *adv.* vii. 4920.
 frendlihede (-hiede), s. iii. 946, v. 4755.
 frendly, frendlich, a. i. 2423, v. 4833, viii. 2173.
 frendschiipe, s. ii. 2179, 2461, frenschiipe, iii. 1060.
 frenesie, s. iii. 210, v. 848.
 Frensche, a. *def.* P. 770; *subst. pl.* Frensche, ii. 2993.
 frere, s. vi. 138, friar.
 frese, v. n. iv. 613, 1092, vi. 249.
 fressh, *see* freiss, a.
 frete, v. a., 3 s. *pres.* fret, vii. 412, consume.
 frette, s. v. 3015, ornament.
 freyne, v. a. v. 7471, question.
 friday, s. v. 81.
 Frigelond, Frige, v. 147, 272.
 Frigidillea, iv. 2408.
 Frixus, v. 4254 ff.
 fro, *prep.* P. 169, i. 395, 2895, *ml ladi* fro, iv. 558, *cp.* v. 3639, from, v. 6250: *adv.* P. 569, i. 457, 1791, iv. 2877.
 froise, s. iv. 2732, pancake.
 fronce, *see* frounce.
 front, frount, s. i. 1685, iv. 1349, v. 6305, forehead.
 frosen, (*pp.*) a. vi. 245.
 frost, s. vii. 282, viii. 2851.
 frostl, a. vii. 1205.
 frounce, fronce, s. ii. 392, vi. 770, vii. 1594, wrinkle, obstruction.
 frounce (up), v. a. i. 1589, wrinkle.
 froward, *prep.* P. 863, away from.
 fruit, s. i. 2822, v. 278, fruyt, v. 374.
 fuisoune, v. a. viii. 1992, supply in abundance.
 fulfille, v. a. i. 856, 1290, v. 256, *pret.* fulfelde, v. 1246, *pp.* fulfild, i. 895, ii.

909, fulfild, viii. 2211; v. n. vii. 1584: fill, perform; suffice.
 fulgrowe, a. i. 2818.
 fulhard, a. viii. 2777.
 full, a. P. 399, 558, ful, P. 89, ii. 598, *def.* fulle, iv. 3705, full, i. 1629, *pl.* fulle, v. 822, 2204.
 full, ful, *adv.* P. 451, 787, i. 1171, 1178, ii. 607.
 fulle, s. ii. 2826, iv. 948, 2896.
 fully, fulli, *adv.* i. 1292, 2047, 2769, fulliche, i. 1757, ii. 1326, fullich, iii. 2661.
 fulmanye, a. viii. 2408, very many.
 fulofte, *adv.* P. 507, &c., fullofte, i. 662, fulofte tyme, i. 1382, *cp.* iii. 41, ful ofte, P. 463, full ofte, ii. 2330.
 fulsore, *adv.* vii. 3153*.
 fulwoful, a. i. 3000.
 fulwonne, v. a. *pp.* vii. 736, fully won.
 funke, s. vi. 512, spark.
 furgh, s. iv. 1846, v. 3527, furrow, (furlong).
 furlong, s. v. 1991.
 furred, a. i. 627.
 further(e), *adv.* i. 105, 2447, ii. 78, iii. 81, forther(e), ii. 1191, iii. 2747, vii. 3648.
 furthermor(e), forthermor, *adv.* ii. 626, 1164, iii. 942, iv. 2858, forthere mor, iii. 885.
 fy, *interj.* i. 616, iv. 610.
 fyl, *see* fyve.
 fyhte, *see* felhte.
 fynde, *see* finde.
 fyne, v. a. iv. 2456, refine.
 fyne, a. *see* fin.
 fyr, s. P. 344, ii. 164, on fyre, iii. 16, be the fyr, iv. 2724, fer, iii. 694, *pl.* fyres, iii. 1039.
 fyrdrake, s. vii. 323, fiery dragon.
 fyre, s. ii. 150, bolt (of a crossbow).
 fyre, fire, v. a. P. 222, i. 1174, ii. 2946, iv. 2088, viii. 2775, set on fire.
 fyri, fry, a. i. 144, 2002, iv. 1020, 1274.
 fyve, five, *num.* i. 296, 545, 2163, fyl, vii. 1706.

G

gabbe, v. n. ii. 1937, lie.
 Gable, vii. 4621 ff.
 Gabiens, *pl.* vii. 4612 ff.
 gadre, v. a. v. 1287, 3999; *pres. part.* gaderende, v. n. iii. 858.
 gaignage, s. iii. 2347, harvest.
 Galahot, viii. 2502.
 Galathe(e), ii. 108 ff.

Galba, vi. 538, 563.
 galele, s. ii. 2543, v. 3915, vii. 3300, viii. 513.
 galle, s. iii. 703, v. 1481, vi. 341, vii. 461 ff.
 galled, *pp.* iv. 1344.
 game, s. P. 462, i. 1542, ii. 269, iii. 44, viii. 678, 2931, 3087*, *gamen*, i. 347, v. 6314, viii. 680, *diverse game*, vi. 1849, in *game*, ii. 528, iii. 549, on *pure g.*, iii. 733, *a game*, viii. 2319.
 gamme, s. vii. 172, *scale* (of music).
 gan, *see* ginne.
 gape, *v. n.* vii. 3320.
 gardin, s. i. 3144, vii. 2279.
 garlandes, s. *pl.* viii. 2467.
 garnement, s. i. 2510, v. 7189*.
 gaspe, *v. n.* v. 3975, 4064.
 gastly (-li), *a. v.* 2745, 5062, vii. 4721, fearful.
 gate, s. P. 439, i. 299, 2134, iv. 1001, v. 3329 f., vii. 3313*, *gate tre*, iv. 3593; *gate*, way.
 gaudeo, s. *pl.* viii. 2906.
 gay, *a. i.* 2704, v. 3106.
 Gayus Caligula, viii. 202.
 Gayus Fabiolus, vii. 2784.
 geant, s. ii. 155, 2167, iv. 2075, *pl. geantz*, v. 1091.
 Geber, iv. 2608.
 Gebuz, vii. 1463.
 Gedeon, vii. 3633 ff.
 Gelboë, iv. 1952.
 Gemini, vii. 1031 ff., 1267.
 generacion, s. iv. 2227.
 general, *a. P.* 384, ii. 2804, 3084, v. 1700, in *general*, P. 431, i. 1502.
 Genesi, v. 1602, viii. 42.
 genitals, s. *pl.* v. 855.
 Genius, i. 196, iv. 2771, vii. 1, viii. 2306, 2809, 2893.
 gentil, *a. P.* 61*, i. 2665, ii. 1180, iv. 206, 2223, *gentile*, v. 2713, viii. 2294: s. *the gentils*, iv. 2199, v. 1271.
 gentillesse, -esce, s. i. 1436, 1721, iii. 2699, iv. 2202, *gentillesse*, viii. 730.
 geomance, vi. 1295, *divination by earth*.
 geometrie, s. vii. 151.
 Geptes, *pl.* i. 2466.
 gerarchie, s. vii. 1773, *rule*.
 gerdil, s. v. 6866.
 gere, s. i. 1996, v. 2984, 3663.
 gert, *pp.* v. 3965.
 gesse, s. i. 1889, vii. 3548, *al to gesses*, v. 840, *without gesses*, v. 1136.

gesse, *v. a. n.* P. 64, i. 896, iv. 282, 881, vi. 1592.
 gest, s., *pl. gestes*, v. 493, *guest*.
 geste, s. v. 5275, *pl. gestes*, v. 6359, vii. 4313, *story*.
 Geta, Gete, ii. 2477 ff.
 gete(n), *v. a. (n.)* P. 312, i. 628, 793, iv. 2124, *get*, (*inf.*) ii. 60, 3 s. *pres. get*, v. 6086, *pret. gat*, i. 3420, iv. 136, *pp. gets*, ii. 977, 1813, *get*, *beget*.
 getinge, s. vii. 2309.
 Ghenbal, vi. 1320.
 gibet, s. iii. 2104.
 Gibiere, vi. 1323.
 gilt, *see* gult.
 ginne, *v. n.*, 3 s. *pres. ginth*, v. 6010, *pret. gan*, i. 110, 114, 199, &c., *pl. gonnen*, v. 3764.
 gknaue, *see* gnawe.
 glad, *a. P.* 55*, i. 158, *gladd*, v. 495, *pl. glade*, P. 299, i. 1114; *compar. gladder*, iv. 1543, *gladder*, v. 5373; *sup. gladdest*, vii. 2422.
 glade(n), *v. a. i.* 2767, iv. 3199; *v. n. i.* 2738, ii. 2737, vi. 1211; *refl. i.* 2532, vii. 2605: *gladden*; *rejoice*.
 gladly, *adv.* ii. 284, 2032.
 gladnesse, s. i. 90, ii. 223, iv. 2784.
 gladschipe, s. i. 3128, ii. 229, *gladschop*, iii. 72.
 glas, s. ii. 1921, v. 2154, *mirror*.
 glede, s. iii. 39, *hot coal*.
 glistre, *v. n. i.* 1137, v. 3734, vii. 815.
 Glodeside, i. 2575 ff.
 gloire, s. P. 262, i. 2677, 2720.
 glorious, s. v. 6815, vii. 890.
 glorse, s. i. 271, vii. 2171, *comment*, *flattery*.
 glorse, *v. a. i.* 1254, vii. 3786, *explain*, *conceal*; *v. n. v.* 6537, vii. 2172, 2531, 3973, *flatter*, *cajole*.
 glotonie, s. vi. 543, 1161.
 glotoun, s. v. 1058, 1469.
 glove, s. P. 357, iii. 2154, v. 7047.
 glu, s. v. 3603.
 glyde, *v. n. v.* 5062, vii. 326, *pret. glod*, v. 3967.
 gnawe, gknaue, *v. a. n. ii.* 520, vi. 372, *pp. gnawe*, iii. 2014.
 go, gon, *v. n.* P. 17, 697, i. 1444, 1514, iv. 1583, &c., *refl. i.* 1619, 2177; 3 s. *pres. goth*, P. 269, i. 933, 1619, *geth*, ii. 1804, 2616, iii. 2300, *imperial. go*, i. 1261, *go we*, i. 1769, *goth*, v. 2343, *pp. go, gon*, P. 132, i. 87, (*goon*, viii. 3033, P. 102), *time go*, iv. 297, *go, gon (=ago)*, i. 64, ii. 2096.

god, *s.* P. 27, 72, i. 836, *godd*, i. 921, 1903, *genit.* *goddess*, i. 855, *godes*, i. 2718, (*goddia*, PP. 32), *pl.* *goddess*, ii. 190.
goddess, *s.* i. 125, iii. 753, v. 839, 1151, *godesse*, i. 235, 369, 805.
a goddessalf, v. 4452 (*see note*), *cp.* v. 5016.
Godefroi, PP. 283.
Godelie, vii. 2553.
godespourveiance, *s.* PP. 21 (MS.).
godhede, *godhiede*, *s.* P. 192, 498, iii. 2523, v. 1102.
godward, i. 869.
gold, *s.* P. 205, i. 1101, 2537, iii. 1701.
golde, *a.* P. 631, v. 6780.
goldhord, *s.* v. 2118, hoard of gold.
goldring, *s.* ii. 2607, v. 2202.
gone, *v. n.* v. 4064, gape.
good, *a.* P. 4, 88*, 146, &c., *def.* *goode*, P. 459, i. 1257, *good*, i. 2764, *voc.* *goode*, i. 3147, *pl.* *goode*, P. 42, i. 2976; *as subst.* v. 3831.
good, *s.* P. 249, i. 1183, v. 4926, *pl.* *goodes*, i. 628, v. 4984, wealth, kindness.
goode, *s.* P. 237, i. 1150, 2773, iv. 2369, goodness, advantage.
goodlihiede, *s.* iv. 608.
goodly, *goodli*, *a.* i. 152, 2422, 3137, ii. 19, *goodlych*, ii. 2026: *adv.* *goodliche*, ii. 787, *goodli*, *goodly*, iv. 152, vii. 5362.
goodnesse, *s.* P. 485.
goodschipe, *s.* iv. 2173, vi. 1474.
gore, *v.* v. 5730, cloak, cover.
Gorgones, i. 402.
gorgonza, vii. 1367 (name of a stone).
goshawk, *s.* iv. 2935, v. 5644.
gospell, *gospel*, *s.* P. 967, iii. 2492, v. 1794.
gost, *s.* iv. 574.
gostly, *gostli*, *a.* P. 420, ii. 2818, v. 1948, *gostliche*, v. 1855: *adv.* *gostli*, v. 1874.
got, *s.* vii. 345, 1171, goat.
governance, *s.* P. 108, i. 3391, v. 971, *governance*, P. 187.
governe, *v. a. n.* P. 721, i. 43, 2009, viii. 947, *refl.* i. 2621.
governour, *s.* iii. 2729, v. 1016.
governynge, *s.* PP. 31.
Gower, viii. 2321, 2908, PP. 374.
grace, *s.* P. 89, i. 732, 859, 1684, 2158, ii. 2630, *pl.* *graces*, i. 51, *grace*, favour, pardon.
gracious, *a.* i. 137, ii. 562, 3080, v. 409, favourable, kind, favoured.
gradde, *v. n. pret.* iii. 1692, v. 5004; *v. a.* vi. 445: cried out, cried out for.
gramaire, *s.* vii. 1528 ff.

* *

grame, *s.* iii. 48, 734, trouble.
grant, *graunt*, *s.* i. 793, 1449, ii. 1505, v. 969, permission, gift.
grantdame, *s.* i. 1445.
grante(n), *v. a. n.* P. 92, i. 1828, 2597, *graunte*, ii. 1463, viii. 3110*.
grant merci (-y), i. 1832, 1902, ii. 2313, 3366, thanks.
grape, *s.* v. 1230, viii. 2849.
gras, *s.* i. 352, 2844, vii. 1306, *grass*, vii. 289, *pl.* *grases*, i. 2976, *grass*, herb.
grase, *v. n.* i. 2974.
grave, *s.* i. 1838, ii. 1525.
grave(n), *v. a. pp.* i. 555, iii. 2078, iv. 3672, engraved, buried.
gravel, *s.* v. 311.
Grece, P. 717, i. 1108, ii. 1644, iii. 1828, 2310, 2547, iv. 1872, v. 817, 1337, 1560, 1592, 3247, 3359, 3685, 3902, 3927, 4022, 4249, 7199 ff., vii. 887, viii. 2515, 2631, 2706.
Greco, *see* *Grek*.
grede, *see* *gradde*.
gredi, *a.* v. 2006.
gredily, *adv.* v. 2240, *griedili*, v. 2017. (*greede*, *v. n.* v. 394*, desire.)
Gregeis, *a.* v. 3311: *cp.* *Gregois*.
Gregoire, P. 284, 945, v. 1746 ff., 1901, 6396*.
Gregois, *s.* iv. 2401, Greek (language), *pl.* *Gregois*, *Gregeis*, i. 1117, 1162, iii. 970 ff., 1759, iv. 1819, 2147, v. 3074, 3753, 3778, 7580, vii. 3059, *Greeks*: *cp.* *Grek*.
grete, *grete*, *a.* *pl.* v. 2473, 6305, vii. 4418.
grein, *s.* P. 320, ii. 3310, v. 1885, vi. 770, grain, condition.
greine, *v. n.* v. 823, 7626, bear corn, ripen.
Grek, *s.* iv. 2627, Greek (language), vi. 1314, viii. 2544; *pl.* *Greks*, *Greco*, P. 696, i. 1080, ii. 1807, iii. 1889 ff., 2677, iv. 1699, v. 1056 ff., 1304 ff., 3148, 7356, *Grekes*, v. 1365, 1455, 3355.
grene, *a.* P. 935, i. 113, 778, ii. 496, vii. 4618, 5040, *greene*, iv. 1491, 2309, green, fresh.
grene, *s.* i. 682, 2348, *griene*, iv. 3325, green field; *greene*, vii. 1168, greenness.
gret, *a.* P. 226, iv. 1837, *grete*, iv. 453, v. 5737, *def.* *grete*, P. 748, ii. 588, *pl.* P. 78, i. 2683; *as subst.* i. 3365; *compar.* *grettere*, iv. 1459, *gretere*, vi. 2219; *sup.* *greteste*, ii. 599.
grete, *v.* *see* *griete*.

gretli, gretly, *adv.* P. 164, ii. 2834, iii. 1321.
 grevable, *a.* iv. 309, grievous.
 grievance, *s.* i. 1308, 1500, ii. 1657, iii. 296, grievance, vi. 969, harm, grief.
 greve, *s.* v. 4015, v. 5965, grove.
 greven, *v.*, *see* grieve.
 grevous, *a.* v. 469, vii. 3258.
 griedili, *see* gredily.
 grief, *s.* ii. 210, iii. 2724.
 griete, *v.* *a.* v. 5583, 3 *s.* *pres.* gret, vi. 1742, *pret.* grette, vii. 4520, *imperat.* griet, i. 2433, gret, viii. 2941*, greet.
 grietinge, *s.* i. 2425.
 grievance, *see* grievance.
 grieve, greve(n), *v.* *a.* n. P. 283, i. 326, ii. 119, iii. 10, vi. 367; *impers.* P. 1086, i. 2011, ii. 54: hurt, vex, do injury, be vexed.
 grinde, *v.* *a.*, 3 *pl.* *pret.* grounde, iii. 3.
 gripe, *s.*, *genit.* gripes, i. 2545, griffin.
 grisael, *s.* viii. 2407.
 grith, iii. 1847, protection.
 grom, *s.* ii. 3408, servant.
 grone, *v.* n. iv. 3170, v. 539, vi. 2113.
 grope, *v.* ii. 3015, v. 103, viii. 2795.
 Grossteste, iv. 234.
 grucocche, *see* grucocche.
 ground, *s.* P. 1062, i. 473, ii. 3432, to grounde, i. 119, 2051, upon grounde, i. 2300, upon the ground, i. 2830, fro the grounde, v. 160, fro the ground, v. 5702, unto the grounde, v. 5007.
 grounded, *pp.* ii. 1753, iv. 1966, vii. 1433, viii. 1993, based, composed, disposed.
 groundles, *a.* vii. 4827, bottomless.
 growe, *v.* n. P. 163, 511, ii. 46, iv. 3006, *pret.* *pl.* grewe, i. 2084, *pp.* growen, i. 553, iii. 152.
 growinge, *s.* P. 952.
 grucocche, *v.* n. i. 1264, 1349, v. 545, 4852, grucocche, vii. 2193, complain.
 grucoclinge, *s.* ii. 2222.
 guide, *s.* P. 145, 391, ii. 1328.
 guide, guyde, *v.* *a.* P. 128, ii. 1884, 7702, direct, carry on.
 guile, guye, *v.* *a.* vii. 1673, 1774, viii. 2660.
 guile, *s.* i. 890, ii. 479, (guyle, PP. 308).
 guile, *v.* *a.* n. ii. 1915, v. 3204.
 Guilliam de Langharet, ii. 2995.
 guilour, *s.* vi. 1381, 2015.
 guise, *s.* i. 2696, 2706, viii. 676, fashion.
 gule, *s.* vi. 10, 629, gluttony.

gullion, *s.* v. 6861, tunic, garment.
 gult, gilt, i. 1880, 3334, ii. 1935, iv. 886, 1223, guilt.
 gulte, *v.* n. ii. 3294, be guilty.
 gulteles, *a.* ii. 1702, 2153, iii. 870, gylteles, vi. 728.
 gultif, gultyf, *a.* i. 558, 2448, ii. 873, guilty.
 Gunnore, viii. 2502, Guinevere.
 Gurmond, i. 2466, *genit.* Gurmondes, Gurmoundes, i. 2474 ff.
 guye, *see* guile.
 gylteles, *see* gulteles.

H

ha, *interj.* i. 1659, iii. 462, ha lord, i. 2207, Ha meroy, iii. 225, A godd, iv. 3622.
 habit, *s.* iv. 2575.
 habitable, *a.* vii. 586.
 Habraham, *genit.* Habrahammes, v. 1628, 1650, vi. 1023 ff., vii. 1473, viii. 98 ff.
 haft, *s.* iv. 926.
 hall, *s.* vii. 296.
 hale, *v.* *a.* n. ii. 2354, v. 5023, 5431, vii. 273.
 half, halve, *s.* P. 133, 395, i. 1062, ii. 2787, iii. 1071, iv. 241, side, half; a goddes half, v. 5016, in God's name, *cp.* v. 4452, in Cristes halve, PP. 120, for Christ's sake: *adv.* half, ii. 1955, iv. 1857.
 halfdede, *a.* *pl.* vi. 594.
 halfdrunke, *a.* vi. 58.
 halfwode, *a.* vi. 513, half mad.
 haliday, *s.* v. 7058.
 halle, *s.* i. 2113, 2201, iv. 1325.
 hals, *s.* v. 2914, neck.
 halsen, *v.* *a.* iv. 3074, explain (as an omen).
 halten, *v.* n. iii. 917, v. 1348, *pret.* haltede, iv. 1345, go lame.
 haltres, *s.* *pl.* iv. 1357 ff.
 halve, *see* half.
 halvendel, *s.* v. 2109, 4985, half.
 halvinge, halvyng, *adv.* iv. 1885, viii. 2319, 2397, halfvinge, vii. 3398.
 halwe, *v.* *a.* v. 7051, *pp.* halwed, v. 7028*.
 hand, *see* hond.
 handle, *v.* *a.* P. 65*, iii. 1956, (*pp.* handlid, PP. 321).
 hange, honge, *v.* n. i. 1479, 1682, 2181,

- iii. 1555, 2105, iv. 303, *pret. pl. hyngen*, iv. 1358; *v. a. v.* 6560, *pret. hyng*, iii. 2181, iv. 860, *heng*, ii. 3094, viii. 2905, *pl. hinge*, v. 1722, *pp. honged*, v. 2811, vi. 1514.
- hansell**, *s. v.* 7160.
- Hanybal**, v. 2054, 2198.
- hapne**, *v. impers.* ii. 2234, iii. 2652, iv. 734; *pers. v.* 7831: *happen*, appear.
- happ**, i. 1717, iii. 70, *hap*, i. 67, *pl. happes*, ii. 2547, v. 2249, fortune, chance.
- happe**, *v. n. v.* 2336, viii. 1127; *impers.* ii. 718, iii. 1357: *cp. hapne*.
- happi**, *a. iv.* 367.
- hard**, *a. P.* 640, i. 2330, iv. 3583, v. 452, *def. harde*, i. 2985, *pl. harde*, ii. 3027, iv. 2105; *superl. hardest*, P. 733.
- harde**, *adv.* i. 1050, ii. 1821.
- hardi**, *hardy*, *a. ii.* 2621, iii. 539, 2404, iv. 161.
- hardiesce(-esse)**, *s. iv.* 2015, 2088, vii. 1861.
- hardinesse**, *s. iv.* 1966.
- hardnesse**, *s. iv.* 2495, 2557.
- hare**, *s. P.* 1061, iv. 2720, vii. 3776.
- harm**, *s. P.* 344, ii. 370, iii. 757, v. 716, *pl. harmes*, iv. 881, v. 3360.
- harme**, *v. a. vii.* 1135, 4354.
- harnais**, *s. v.* 3109, vi. 1652, vii. 3326*, suit of armour, trappings.
- harpe**, *s. P.* 1055, iv. 2418, viii. 758.
- harpe**, *v. P.* 1073, v. 922, viii. 1670.
- haste**, *s. P.* 650, i. 2201, ii. 1542.
- haste(n)**, *v. n. ii.* 1541, iii. 1652, iv. 290; *refl. i.* 2302, ii. 1831; *v. a. iii.* 1656, 1723, v. 3342.
- hastely**, *adv. v.* 4044.
- hastifesse**, *s. v.* 1482.
- hastihiede**, *s. v.* 3532.
- hastyf**, **hastif**, *a. iv.* 1629, v. 6286.
- hat**, *s. ii.* 1872.
- hate**, *s. P.* 128, i. 1844, iii. 285.
- hate(n)**, *v. a. P.* 927, 997, i. 2454, iii. 935.
- hatte**, *v. see hote*.
- hauberk**, *s. v.* 3170.
- hauk**, *s. i.* 2672, v. 4725, 6129.
- haunte**, *v. a. i.* 2656, ii. 482, v. 1956, practise.
- have**, *v. P.* 61, i. 3344, v. 2839, 2 *s. pres.*
- hast**, i. 176, 3 *s. hath*, P. 88, 130, 3 *pl.*
- have**, i. 1361, &c., *han*, i. 1021, *pret.*
- hadde(n)**, P. 227, &c., *hade*, iv. 650, viii. 1430, *had*, v. 5865, *pp. had*, P. 62, *hadd*, i. 129, v. 113.
- haveles**, *a. v.* 2506, 6968, destitute.
- havene**, *s. iii.* 1038, v. 7557, viii. 1275.
- havinge**, *s. vii.* 2274, possession.
- he**, *pron. P.* 69, *him*, P. 15, 88, *hem* (*pl. obl.*) P. 1, 155, 415, *him* (= himself), P. 676, i. 26, (hym, viii. 3089), *hem* (= themselves), i. 625.
- hebenus**, *s. iv.* 3017.
- Hebreu**, *s. iv.* 2398, 2653, Hebrew (language); **Hebreus**, vii. 4417, viii. 138, **thebreus**, vii. 3054.
- Hector**, iv. 2141, v. 2550, 7332, **Ector**, viii. 2526, PP. 281.
- Hecuba**, v. 7308.
- hed**, *s. (1) P.* 605, i. 2535, iii. 1212 (of a cask), iv. 236, *heved*, P. 152, i. 1536, *hefd*, i. 199, *on hede*, vii. 846, *on hevede*, vii. 1108, *of hed*, iv. 3439 (*see note*), *pl. hefdes*, vii. 4694, *hevedes*, viii. 369; *head: as a. vii.* 811, viii. 3013*, chief.
- hed**, *s. (2) ii.* 2066, condition (?).
- heiere**, *see hih*.
- heihte**, **heyhte**, *s. i.* 2820, vii. 180, *on* (upon) *heilhte*, P. 1019, i. 467, 2673, *upon heighte*, iv. 2124, vii. 1121.
- heil**, *a. i.* 703, 2122, healthy, wholesome.
- heir**, *s. i.* 1429, ii. 1320, *eir*, iii. 2708, *hair*, ii. 2578, iv. 1252.
- helas**, *interj. i.* 974, 3183, iii. 1472: *cp. allas*.
- hele**, *s. P.* 278, 397, i. 1821, 2761, v. 2835, *soule hele*, P. 749, ii. 1313; health, salvation, profit.
- hele**, *v. a. (1) P.* 398, *heelee*, vii. 1568, *heal*.
- hele**, *v. a. (2)*, ii. 1955, iii. 779, 2756, v. 4033; *v. n. ii.* 2056: conceal, cover.
- Heleine** (1), **Heleyne**, v. 3073, 7472 ff., **Eleine**, viii. 2529, Helen (of Troy).
- Heleine** (2), ii. 3471, (mother of Constantine).
- Heleine** (3), ii. 1200, 1437.
- Helenus**, v. 7461, 7569.
- hell**, **hel**, *s. i.* 424, ii. 163, iv. 1980, 2991, vii. 3721, *hull*, P. 618, v. 1573, vii. 3706, *pl. helles*, iii. 1035, *hulles*, v. 3996, *hill*.
- helle**, *s. P.* 456, i. 3410, ii. 3135, v. 29, *helle king*, iv. 2851.
- Hellen**, v. 4257.
- Hellican**, viii. 575.
- Helmege**, i. 2592 ff.
- helpe**, **help**, *s. P.* 801, i. 2639, ii. 1329, 1516, iv. 986.
- helpe(n)**, *v. a. n. i.* 25, 820, iv. 2291, *pret.*
- halp**, i. 421, 1947, *imperat. help*, v. 4970.
- helpeles**, *a. ii.* 1394, viii. 1125, PP. 263.
- helpinge**, *s. v.* 4695.
- helplich**, *a. iii.* 503, vi. 1324.

- helthe, *s.* P. 96, 1052, *i.* 2496, health, salvation.
 himself, *pl.* P. 302, 682, *i.* 1016, himselfe(n), P. 351, *ii.* 98, *vii.* 2436.
 hen, *s.* v. 4101, *pl.* hennes, *viii.* 159.
 hende, *a. as subst.* *iv.* 644, graceful creature.
 Henri, P. 87, PP. 358, Henry, PP. 1, *genit.* Henries, PP. 272.
 hente, *v. a.* *iv.* 2798, 2890, *pret.* hente, *i.* 144, *ii.* 1274, *pp.* hent, *i.* 3379, take, seize.
 hep, *s.* *iv.* 3008, great quantity.
 hepe, *s.* v. 2872, hook.
 hepehalt, *a.* v. 957, lame.
 her, *s.* *i.* 2181, v. 3964, *pl.* heres, *i.* 2999, hair.
 her, *pron.* see here.
 herald, *s.* *i.* 2403, *pl.* heraldz, *i.* 2526, *iv.* 1632.
 heraldie, *s.* *ii.* 399, see note.
 herbage, see therbage.
 herbe, *s.* v. 3802, *vi.* 1408, *vii.* 1317 ff.
 herber, *s.* *iv.* 833.
 herbergage, *s.* *ii.* 1337, *iv.* 82, *vii.* 1069, lodging.
 herbergour, *s.* *ii.* 1329.
 Hercules, *ii.* 2154 ff., *iv.* 2057 ff., v. 1083, 1474, 3294, 3470, 3668, 3878, 6808 ff., 7198, 7217, *vii.* 3348, *viii.* 2506, 2560.
 here, *v.* see hiere.
 here, her, *pron. poss.* P. 51, 154, &c., their: here tuo, v. 7651, of them two.
 Heredot, *iv.* 2413.
 heresie, *s.* P. 350.
 heringe, hieringe, *s.* *i.* 449, *vi.* 909, *vii.* 3770.
 heritage, *s.* *i.* 2619, *ii.* 1025, *pl.* heritages, *vii.* 2008.
 herke, *v. imperat.* *ii.* 1226, herk, v. 5878, listen.
 herkne, *v. a. n.* *i.* 96, 329, 1596, 2780, *ii.* 1999, 2037, listen to, listen.
 Hermes, *iv.* 2606, *vii.* 1437, 1476.
 Hermyngeld, Hermyngheld, *ii.* 749 ff.
 herre, *s.*, out of h., P. 962, *ii.* 2964, *iii.* 72, PP. 185, off the hinges, out of order.
 hert, *i.* 371, 2299, *iv.* 1300, hart.
 herte, *s.* P. 85, 382, *genit.* herte, *i.* 145, hertes, *i.* 774, *pl.* hertes, *i.* 2087, but oure herte, here herte, *sing.* *iii.* 1473, *iv.* 1377, tok to herte, v. 807.
 herted, *a.* *ii.* 640.
 herteles, *a.* *iv.* 349, *vi.* 254.
 hertly, *a.* *ii.* 2734, v. 4177, hertely, *vi.* 2026.
 herto, *adv.* *ii.* 2215.
 Herupus, *iv.* 1246.
 hervest, *s.* v. 2240.
 heste, *s.* P. 910, *i.* 813, *pl.* hestes, *i.* 1335, command.
 hete, *s.* *i.* 3353, *ii.* 2740, heete, *vii.* 3213*, *pl.* hetes, *iv.* 2521, heat.
 hete, *v. n.* *viii.* 1195, grow hot.
 hethen, *a.* *ii.* 1090, 3435, *vii.* 3693, the hethen, *pl. subst.* *iv.* 1659.
 heve, *v. a.* v. 381, *vi.* 146, lift.
 heved, see hed.
 hevene, *s.* P. 141, (heven, PP. 79), *genit.* hevene, P. 66*, *ii.* 2058, *iii.* 2286.
 heavenly, *a.* P. 918, *i.* 834, 3136, v. 774, hevenelich(e), *i.* 2848, *vi.* 1529.
 heveneriche, *s.* *ii.* 3150, *vii.* 3034.
 heaveneward, *adv.* v. 730.
 hevvy, *a.* *i.* 1384, 2871, v. 6600, hevvy chiered, *viii.* 2533.
 hevynesse, hevynesse, *s.* *ii.* 224, *iv.* 2936, *viii.* 729, PP. 152.
 hewe, *v. a.* *i.* 2903, *pret.* hiewh, v. 4072, hieu, v. 5897, *imperat.* hew, *i.* 2834; v. *n.* *i.* 1917.
 hewe, *s.* (1), *i.* 701, 2699, *ii.* 2738, *iv.* 2981, hue.
 hewe, *s.* (2), *ii.* 404, fellow.
 hewed, *a.* *i.* 2043.
 hey, *s.* *viii.* 2437, hay.
 heyher, heyhte, see hih, heihte.
 hide, hyde, *v. a.* *i.* 1784, 2388, *ii.* 434, *pret.* hedde, *ii.* 2889, v. 1254, 1930, hidde, v. 1845, *imperat.* hyd, *i.* 166, hyde, *iii.* 1502, *pp.* hid, hidd, P. 181, *i.* 607, *ii.* 1874, hedd, *iii.* 1920, *pl.* hidde, v. 6789.
 hider, hidir, *adv.* *iv.* 1788, *vi.* 1070.
 hidous, *a.* *vii.* 4710.
 hie, *v. n.* *ii.* 814, *iii.* 1288, v. 5040, hye, *ii.* 2233, v. 3995 (*refl.*), hasten: *cp.* hye, *s.*
 hiede, *s.* P. 497, *i.* 1211, 2192, &c., hede, *iii.* 67, *iv.* 447, heede, *ii.* 74, heed.
 hiele, *s.* P. 443, v. 2484, *viii.* 2154, hecl.
 hierafter, *adv.* *i.* 77, *ii.* 2326.
 hierafterward, *adv.* P. 26, *i.* 1869.
 hierde, *s.* P. 415, *iii.* 1820, keeper (of sheep, &c.).
 hiere, *v. a. n.* P. 156, *i.* 532, 2760, here, P. 482, *iv.* 2795, (3 *pl. pres.* hierin, *viii.* 3017), *pret.* herde, P. 1063, *i.* 1008, herd, *iii.* 2082, *pp.* herd, P. 86*, *i.* 446, herde, v. 4231, *imperat.* hier, *i.* 197.
 hiere, *adv.* P. 5, 1011, hier, *i.* 1587, here,

- iv. 1292, her, vii. 278, (heer, viii. 3050*),
hier tofore, v. 65, here above, iv. 2190,
h. and there, iv. 2117, v. 689.
hierende, *see* heringe.
hierof, *adv.* i. 850, 2448, iv. 1791.
hih, hyh, *a. i.* 1026, hihe, ii. 2425, (highe,
PP. 256), *def.* hihe, hyhe, P. 88, 188,
(highe, PP. 8), hih, iv. 2064, v. 6428*,
(heyh, viii. 3022*), *pl.* hyhe, i. 1678;
on hyh, on hih, P. 307, i. 2832, ii.
870, 2959, upon hy, vii. 273; the hihe
See, iii. 1063, hyh midday, iv. 3273;
comp. heiere, vi. 404, heyher, vii. 253;
sup. the heyeste, vii. 935, hiest, vii.
2451, heihet, vii. 3442.
hihe, hyhe, *adv.* i. 1917, 2280, hye, iv.
1037.
hihe, *v. n.* viii. 587, go higher; *pp.* hyed,
vii. 1115, exalted.
hihe, hye, *s. v.* 227, vii. 864, viii. 913, haste.
hihte, *see* hote.
hilte, *s. iii.* 1445.
himself, himselve(n), *pron.* P. 157, 177,
i. 326, 1133, 1897, v. 3592, viii. 2527,
(himsilve, PP. 61), him self, P. 244,
(hym self, viii. 3070 ff.).
hinde, hynde, *s. P.* 1059, iv. 1300, 1978.
hindre, *v. a. ii.* 283, 1572, iii. 891.
hindrere, *s. iii.* 1526, iv. 2866, vii. 803.
hindringe, *s. i.* 315, 2096, iii. 913, hind-
rynge, iv. 1876.
hire, hir, *pers. pron.* i. 181, 365 ff., 3188,
iv. 766, her; i. 364, 866, 1693, herself.
hire, hir, *poss. pron.* P. 130, i. 188, 1678 ff.,
her; *disj.* hires, v. 4770, hire, v. 6581,
hers.
hirsself, hireself, *pron.* i. 972, 2601, ii.
1034, (hirsilf, PP. 254), sche hirsself,
iv. 3618, hirselve(n), hireselven, ii.
1142, iv. 860, v. 3737.
his, *poss. pron.* P. 71, 95, *pl.* hise, P. 190,
i. 669, &c., his, P. 607, &c.; *disj.* his,
ii. 2445, of his, ii. 2525.
histoire, *s. iv.* 660, 2360, vi. 885.
hit, *see* it.
hit, *v. a. 3 s. pres.* iii. 450, hits.
ho, *interj.* iv. 1682, v. 2219, vii. 571, 5438,
stop!
hod, *s. i.* 627, v. 4787, 7716, hood.
hol, *a. P.* 91, 722, hool, vii. 1943, *def.*
hole, i. 981, 1828, hol, P. 668, whole:
adv. i. 867, 2623, hole, vii. 3773.
hold, *s. ii.* 1689, 2745, iv. 3024, strong-
hold, prison.
holde(n), *v. a. n. P.* 389, 531, i. 1696, iii. 1824,
3 *s. pres.* holt, ii. 468, v. 507, halt, i.
1927, ii. 1903, hald, v. 1981, *pret. s.* hield,
P. 723, i. 1730, hild, v. 1438, *pl.*
hielden, i. 3238, hield, vii. 3574,
pret. subj. hielde, v. 82, *imperat.* 2 *s.*
hold, iii. 608, 3 *s.* holde, v. 1944, *pp.*
holde(n), P. 102, 224, 363: hold,
stand firm, possess, consider.
holdinge, *s. v.* 7655.
hole *s. (1), iii.* 1371.
hole *s. (2), v.* 4451, whole.
holi, holy, *a. P.* 225, 267, iii. 2500, holi
lond, vii. 905.
holi, holy, holly, *adv.* i. 943, iv. 91,
2737, v. 7109, wholly.
holinesse, *s. i.* 831, 1129, ii. 220.
holsome, *a. (pl.) vii.* 2277.
hom, *s., at hom,* ii. 925, 1342, iii. 1207,
at home, ii. 782, iii. 1140, iv. 1828, fro
home, iii. 1905, iv. 167: hom, *as*
adv. i. 861, 953, home, ii. 814, iv.
227.
homage, *s. ii.* 2687, hommage, ii.
2968.
homicide, *s. iii.* 1093, 1589.
homward, *adv.* i. 938, iii. 981, 1021, 2451,
iv. 219.
hond, *s. P.* 356, 768, hand, i. 2, 1807, in
honde, P. 205, on (upon) honde, P.
61, 242, i. 1542, 2517, v. 3748, out
of h., P. 808, iii. 326, to honde, i.
788, ii. 2614, bere on hond, iii. 664, iv.
32, v. 546, *cp.* v. 496, be the hond, i.
3225, tofor the hond, &c., i. 518, iv.
893, v. 4292, his oghne hond, iii. 2142,
cp. iv. 2436: *pl.* hondes, P. 190, &c.,
handes, i. 2994, v. 1505, his oghne
hondes, i. 1427, iii. 2011, v. 2306.
honeste, *a. P.* 216, i. 868, 975, ii. 1283,
vii. 930, honourable, good.
honestely, honesteliche, *adv.* i. 843, vii.
5075, viii. 1995 f., honourably.
honestete, *s. vii.* 1671, 5388.
honge, *see* hange.
honochinus, vii. 1377.
Honorius, vi. 1331.
honour, *s. P.* 221, i. 879, iv. 1865,
thonour, i. 1719.
honourable, honorable, *a. ii.* 1460, 3017,
iv. 2030.
honoure, *v. a. P.* 313, ii. 1841, 2986, v.
792.
hony, *s. v.* 4049, vi. 928.
hool, *see* hol.
hope, *s. P.* 71*, i. 893, 1654.
hope, *v. n. P.* 160, iii. 531.
hoppe, *v. n. v.* 6042.

- hor, *a.* iii. 1801, *pl.* hore, *i.* 1685, 1750, hoary.
 hord, *s.* vii. 2094, treasure.
 Horestes, iii. 1958 ff.
 horn, *s.* i. 374, *pl.* hornes, *i.* 343, 2298, iv. 2116.
 horned, *a.* v. 4131.
 horrible, *a.* i. 1045, iii. 235.
 hors, *s.* i. 1087, 1724, *genit.* horse (*side*, heved), *P.* 1085, *i.* 1536, 2301, horse bak, *ii.* 3007, (*cp.* horsebak), horse haltres, *iv.* 1357, horse knave, *iv.* 1399, *dat.* on horse, *ii.* 1497, to horse, *vii.* 4995, *pl.* hors, *i.* 2036, *iv.* 996, *v.* 6055, *vii.* 3343 ff.
 horsebak, *s.* vii. 4908.
 horsmen, *s.* *pl.* ii. 1824.
 hose, *s.* vii. 4306, stocking.
 host, *s.* *P.* 754, *ii.* 1765, army.
 hostage, *s.* ii. 632.
 hoste, *s.* vii. 3357, viii. 1289, host, guest.
 hot, *a.* i. 2004, *ii.* 10, *v.* 6600, hoot, *vii.* 3250*, *pl.* hote, *i.* 2977, *iii.* 22, fot hot, *iv.* 3350; *as subst.* *P.* 977; *comp.* hotere, *vi.* 210; *sup.* hotest, *vii.* 1887, the hoteste, *as subst.* *i.* 2492, *ii.* 415.
 hote, *adv.* *i.* 2595, *ii.* 132, hot, *iii.* 526.
 hote, *v.* *n.* (*a.*), *v.* 1327 (*be called*), 2865 (*command*), *pret.* hihte, hyhte, *P.* 679, *i.* 401, 765, hatte, *ii.* 975, *v.* 1082, *vii.* 347, *pp.* hote, *i.* 337, 782, 1234.
 hou, how, *adv.* and *conj.* *P.* 41, *i.* 184, how that, *P.* 195, *i.* 799, how... that, *iv.* 235, how so that, howso that, *ii.* 3482, *iii.* 1368, how evere that, how evere, how so evere, hou as evere (*that*), *P.* 425, 481, *i.* 991, *iv.* 182, 1691, how so, *ii.* 441, *iii.* 1364, how, hou (=how so), *iv.* 415, 1848.
 houle, *v.* *n.* *v.* 4132.
 hound, *s.* *P.* 1061, *i.* 343, *ii.* 84, *iii.* 2077.
 heure, *s.* *iii.* 29, *iv.* 241, 277.
 hous, *s.* *iii.* 88, 1208, to (*into*) house, *iii.* 444, 657, in house, *v.* 4799, of house, *vii.* 4921; hous (*in astronomy*), *iv.* 3223 ff., *vii.* 991 ff., *pl.* houses, *vii.* 1173.
 house, *v.* *n.* *P.* 318; *v.* *a.* *vi.* 498.
 housebonde, *s.* *i.* 857, *v.* 2818, *vii.* 4801, housbonde, *v.* 4627, *pl.* housebondes, *vii.* 5347.
 houshold, *s.* *ii.* 438, 1895, *vii.* 1675.
 housinge, *s.* *v.* 6662.
 hove, *v.* *n.* *i.* 1538, *ii.* 3006, *iii.* 1233, *vi.* 1848, *imperial.* hove (*out of*), *iii.* 1307, stay.
 hovedance, *s.* *vi.* 144, viii. 2680.
 how, howso, *see* hou.
 huge, *a.* *ii.* 2300.
 huisscher, *s.* *ii.* 2130.
 hull, *see* hell.
 hully, *a.* *P.* 651.
 Humber, *ii.* 720.
 humble, *a.* *i.* 674, 2183, *vii.* 4036.
 humble, *v.* *a.* *i.* 2065.
 humblesoe, humblesse, *s.* *i.* 2256, *vii.* 4501.
 humilite, *s.* *P.* 223, *i.* 2050.
 hundred, *num.* *iii.* 29, *iv.* 3329, hundrid, *iv.* 2706.
 Hungarie, *i.* 2022.
 hunger, *s.* *ii.* 1856, 3028, *v.* 280.
 hungerstorven, *pp.* *vi.* 810.
 hungre, *v.* *n.* *vi.* 760, *impers.* *vi.* 822.
 hungred, *a.* *vi.* 1007.
 hungri, *a.* *v.* 1998.
 hunte, *s.* *v.* 919, 6126, huntsman.
 hunte, *v.* *n.* *i.* 348, 2294.
 hunting(e), huntynge, *s.* *i.* 345, *iv.* 2429, *v.* 4941.
 hurte, *v.* *a.* *iii.* 117, viii. 2745, *pp.* hurt, *vi.* 1685.
 hurtes, *s.* *pl.* *vii.* 4618.
 hy, *see* hih.
 hyde, *s.* *iv.* 3454.
 hyde, *v.*, *see* hide.
 hye, *v.* *n.*, *see* hie.
 hye, *s.* *see* hihe, *s.*
 hyed, *see* hihe, *v.*
 hyhte, *see* hote.
 hyre, *s.* *iii.* 2024, viii. 2291.
 hyre, *v.* *a.* *ii.* 391.

I

- I, *pers. pron.* *P.* 17, &c., it am I, *iv.* 3622, *cp.* *vi.* 160, (*y*, viii. 2938 ff., *PP.* 25 ff.).
 Iante, *iv.* 478 ff.
 Icharus, *iv.* 1040 ff.
 iconomique, *s.* *vii.* 1670, economics.
 idelschipe, *see* ydelschipe.
 idoles, *see* thidoles.
 if, *conj.* *P.* 93, *i.* 2203, if that, *P.* 16, if (*interrog.*), *ii.* 14.
 ignorance, *s.* *v.* 1891, *vi.* 2314, *vii.* 4480.
 ile, *see* yle.
 Illicius, *vii.* 5151 ff.
 ilke, *a.* *P.* 908, *i.* 919, 1338, same.
 illusion, *s.* *v.* 1359.

immortal, *a.* viii. 2979.
 imperial, *a.* vi. 1785, vii. 866.
 impossible, *a.* v. 772, 4027, incapable, impossible.
 impotent, *a.* viii. 3127.
 impresse, *v.* *a.* ii. 2900, iii. 50, iv. 542.
 impression, *s.* iv. 389, vii. 270.
 impropelich(e), *adv.* P. 537, v. 51.
 in, *s.* v. 2733, vii. 4919, lodging, abode.
 in, *prep.* P. 5, 782, 805, iii. 2526, in, on, into: *adv.* P. 1082, i. 2037, viii. 1169: *cp.* inne, into.
 incantacioun, *s.* vi. 1309.
 incurable, *a.* iv. 3509.
 inderly, *adv.* ii. 2010, inwardly.
 indigence, *s.* vii. 2028.
 indrowh, *v.* *a.* *pret.* ii. 3085.
 infernal, *a.* v. 4052.
 infortunat, *a.* viii. 3000*.
 infortune, *s.* ii. 1843, iv. 769, *pl.* infortunes, ii. 3190.
 injustice, *s.* vii. 4587.
 inly, *adv.* i. 3324, ii. 1216, inwardly.
 inne, *adv.* P. 1010, i. 303, 969, &c., wher inne, i. 2030, which . . . inne, ii. 565, iv. 1868.
 innocence, *s.* i. 596, 852, vii. 4915.
 innocent, *a.* as *subst.* ii. 465, v. 6341.
 inobedience, *s.* i. 1234 ff.
 inquisitif, *a.* ii. 1987, viii. 410.
 insihte, *s.* iii. 181, iv. 2341, v. 660, 5893, 6838, viii. 576, insyhte, vi. 1275, perception, note, feeling, care.
 inspeccion, *s.* vii. 456.
 instance, *s.* vii. 2600.
 instrument, *s.* vii. 167.
 intelligence, *s.* vii. 28, 176, viii. 2974.
 interpretacioun, *s.* i. 3070.
 interrompcioun, *s.* P. 985.
 intersticion, *s.* vii. 283, condition.
 into, *prep.* P. 69, 580, i. 739, iii. 290, in to, P. 93, 691, viii. 2944, into, unto.
 intronize, inthronize, *see* entronize.
 invisible, *a.* v. 3574, 4028.
 invocacioun, *s.* vi. 1329.
 inward, *adv.* i. 634, iv. 2998.
 Iphis (1), iv. 467 ff.
 Iphis (2), iv. 3517.
 ipocrisie, *see* ypoocrisie.
 ipotacie, vi. 486.
 Irahel, Israel, P. 551, vii. 2530 ff., 3628, 4123, 4411, viii. 136, 245, Israel.
 ire, *s.* iii. 15, 2726, vii. 3279.
 iren, yren, *s.* iv. 2425, 2470, viii. 1133, iron.
 irous, *a.* vii. 434, wrathful.

Isaac, viii. 110, 120.
 Isirus, Isre, v. 798 ff.
 Isis, *see* Ysis.
 issue, *s.* iii. 2422, v. 2357, viii. 58.
 it, *pron.* P. 8, &c., hit, P. 779.
 Ithecus, iv. 3044.
 Ithis, v. 5887.
 iwiss, *see* ywiss.

J

jacinotus, *s.* vii. 842, jacinth.
 Jacke, v. 7752 ff.
 Jacob, viii. 121.
 Jadahel, iv. 2427.
 jalousie, *see* jelousie.
 James, vii. 3149*.
 Janever, vii. 1205, January.
 jangle, *v.* *n.* ii. 398, 526, iii. 832, v. 6532, vii. 4774, talk, speak evil, dispute.
 janglere, *s.* ii. 425, v. 519 ff., *pl.* janglers, iii. 887, talker, evil speaker.
 janglerie, *s.* ii. 452, (evil) talk.
 janglingie, *s.* P. 69*, iv. 1474.
 Janus, vii. 1207.
 jape, *s.* i. 2241, ii. 2933, iii. 378.
 jape, *v.* *n.* v. 6870, vii. 1894.
 Japhet, vii. 546, 579, viii. 83.
 jargoun, *s.* v. 4103, note (as of a bird).
 jargoune, *v.* *n.* v. 5700.
 Jason, v. 3241, 3256 ff., 4360, viii. 2504, 2519, 2564, Jasoun, v. 7198.
 jaspis, jaspe, *s.* vii. 841, 1391, jasper.
 jaspre (stones), *pl.* iv. 3666.
 Jebuseie, vii. 3712.
 jealous, *a.* v. 627, as *subst.* the jealous, v. 534, 591.
 jelousie, *s.* v. 442 ff., jalousie, v. 511, vi. 2249.
 Jepte, iv. 1507.
 Jeroboas, Jeroboam, vii. 4127, 4520 ff.
 Jerom, iv. 2654.
 Jerusalem, v. 7019.
 jeueals, *see* juel.
 jeupartie, *s.* i. 1477, 3237, iii. 1173, vii. 3217, 5274, division, contention, danger.
 Jew, *s.* vii. 3239* ff., *pl.* Jewes, iv. 1505, v. 1731, Jwes, v. 1713, 1808, Juys, vi. 2384.
 Jhesu, v. 1790.
 Joab, ii. 3086, vii. 3863.
 Joachim, ii. 3056.
 Job, v. 2505.
 John (St.), i. 656, v. 3416.

John (Gower), viii. 2321 f., 2908.
 jole, joye, s. P. 38*, 1042, i. 1138, 1853,
pl. joles, joyes, i. 2683, ii. 648.
 joiefull, joiful(l), a. ii. 273, 934, 3384.
 joignt, s. viii. 1197, joint.
 joint, joynt, *pp.* ii. 2791, iv. 2464, joined.
 jolif, a. i. 88, i. 2703, vi. 84, vii. 1910.
 Jonathas, iv. 1945.
 Joram, vii. 2551.
 Josaphas, Josaphat(h), vii. 2546 ff.
 Josephus, iv. 2410.
 Josuë, v. 1687, PP. 282.
 journe, iii. 1979.
 joust, vii. 5390, just.
 jouste, v. n. i. 2514, vi. 1850, viii. 965.
 joustinge, s. i. 2509.
 joutes, s. *pl.* vii. 2279, vegetables, (properly 'beet').
 Jove, vii. 1331, 1411, viii. 2252.
 Jubal, iv. 2418.
 Judas, i. 657.
 Judee, i. 2858, vii. 2547, 3628, viii. 245,
 Judeam, v. 1906.
 juel, s. v. 1841, 6097, jeusala, (*pl.*) v.
 2149, viii. 1120, jewel.
 jueier, s. v. 5086.
 Juerie, vii. 3292*.
 Juesse, s. viii. 2694.
 jugge, s. i. 1031, ii. 1697.
 jugge, v. a. n. vii. 2825, 2906.
 juggement, jugement, s. P. 518, 960, i.
 1458, vii. 1484, *pl.* juggements, vii. 681.
 Juil, *see* Juyl.
 Juin, vii. 1065.
 juise, s. P. 1042, i. 1047, do juise, iii.
 322, take the j., iii. 2008; judgement,
 punishment.
 Julien (St.), iii. 34.
 Julius, P. 714, vii. 1597, 1615, 2065 ff.,
 PP. 281.
 Juno, iii. 738 ff., 983, iv. 2966 ff., v. 871,
 1146, 1172 ff., 1251, 1484, 4332, 4355,
 4585 ff., 6285, 7413.
 Jupiter, ii. 291, iii. 738 ff., 821, iv.
 3318, v. 645, 852, 870 ff., 981, 1044,
 1064, 1105, 1165, 1169 ff., 1245, 1404,
 3485, 4588, 5741, 6249, 6286, vi. 330,
 399, 416, vii. 2372, 3360; (the planet)
 iv. 2472, vii. 909, 920, 1155, 1230, 1340,
 1389: *genit.* Jupiteres, v. 1119.
 jus, s. v. 4120, juice.
 justifie, justifie, v. a. i. 1250, v. 775,
 4557, vii. 1244, 1634, set right, prove, rule.
 justice, s. P. 102, i. 2451, do justice, i.
 1010.
 justificacion, s. ii. 296.

Justinian (1), v. 5127.
 Justinian (2), vii. 3271 ff.
 Jutorne, iii. 821.
 Juvente, v. 4037.
 Juyl, Juil, vii. 1079, 4300, July.
 Juys, *see* Jew.

K

kacle, v. n. v. 4101, cackle.
 Kaire, ii. 2558, 2648, iv. 1658, vii. 3212*.
 kalende, s. vii. 1139, beginning.
 kan, *see* conne.
 kareote, *see* careote.
 Karle (Calvus), P. 775.
 karole, *see* carole.
 karpe, carpe, v. n. v. 921, vii. 3277*,
 speak, converse.
 keie, s. P. 272, i. 2661, v. 1853, keye, P. 212.
 kempde, v. a. *pret.* v. 3809, *pp.* kembd,
 kempt, v. 7065, viii. 2466, combed.
 ken, kin, s. v. 2470, viii. 146 ff., *dat.*
 kinne, v. 4180, kin, quality.
 kende, *see* kinde.
 kenne, v. a. n. ii. 1331, iv. 831, v. 5443:
cp. conne.
 kepe, s. P. 179, i. 1179, kep, i. 156, v.
 3672, care.
 kepe(n), v. a. n. P. 150, 475, i. 746, ii. 803, 3 s.
pres. kepeth, P. 321, kepth, v. 4691, *pret.*
 kepte, P. 596, i. 2052, v. 5754, vii. 5261,
 kept, ii. 181, *imperat.* kep, i. 1227, iii.
 1498, PP. 367, *pp.* kept, P. 147: keep,
 hold, take care of, regard, wait for;
 take care, expect.
 kepera, s. v. 4675, vii. 2659, *pl.* kepera,
 ii. 941.
 keping(e), i. 2131, v. 1467, viii. 2638.
 kerf, s. v. 757, carving.
 kerse, s. iii. 588, 1652, cress.
 kertell, s. v. 6915, *pl.* kertles, iv. 1315.
 kerve, v. a. vi. 66, cut.
 kesse, *see* kisse.
 keye, *see* keie.
 kid, kidd, *pp.* iii. 206, v. 2957, 5124,
 known.
 kiele, v. n. v. 6908, grow cool; v. a. vi.
 736, 1065, cool, allay.
 kin, *see* ken.
 kinde, kynde, s. P. 535, 733, i. 11, 31,
 917, 1624, kende, v. 4637; lawe of
 kynde, i. 2231, kinde of man, v. 2:
 nature, manner, race.
 kinde, a. iii. 2597, 2706, iv. 502, vii. 4298,
 kind, natural.

kindely, *adv.* ii. 1381, naturally.
 kindschipe, *s.* ii. 325, v. 4910.
 kindly, *a.* ii. 2740, vii. 1094, natural.
 king, kyng, *s.* P. 25, 186, 256, i. 1094, 2062, 2141.
 kingdom, *s.* i. 2968, vii. 4316, viii. 2112, kyngdom, viii. 3087.
 kingeshalve, *s.* ii. 1042, king's behalf.
 kingesriche, *s.* v. 4202, kingdom.
 kinghede (-hode), *s.* vii. 1714, 1765, 3530.
 kinled, *pp.* vii. 340, kindled.
 kisse, kesse, *v. a.* iii. 169, iv. 2824, *pret.*
 keste, P. 109, i. 2053, ii. 1522, kiste, i. 912, ii. 1441, kist, v. 3777, kest, vi. 1746, *pp.* kest, iv. 500.
 kiste, *s.* v. 83, 2306, viii. 1230, chest.
 kiththe, *s.* v. 4180, vi. 123, 2087, kith, knowledge.
 knape, *s.* viii. 1374, knave.
 Knaresburgh, ii. 943 ff., 1264 ff.
 knave, *s.* iii. 1782, v. 114, 201, vii. 1836, servant; knave child, iv. 432, v. 4255, boy.
 kne, *s.* P. 609, ii. 772, v. 6566, *pl.* knes, knees, i. 213, 3145, iii. 223.
 knele, *v. n.* i. 935, 3027, iv. 1172.
 knette, *v. a.* i. 1420, vii. 1592, *pret.*
 knette, iv. 858, knet, v. 6866, *pp.*
 knet, v. 4966, fasten together, bind, combine.
 knif, knyf, *s.* ii. 830, iii. 1108, v. 4001.
 kniht, knyhtode, &c., *see* knyht, &c.
 knowe(n), *v. a. n.* P. 72, 140, i. 1579, *pret.* knew, i. 1009, 2341, kneu, v. 2665, 5410, kniew, iv. 1838, knewh, ii. 2891, 2 *s.* knewe, vi. 2313, *pl.* knewe(n), P. 106, ii. 3210, *pret. subj.* knewe, i. 1312, *imperat.* know, vii. 2389, *pp.* knowe, i. 1191, 2134; knowende of, iii. 864, vi. 1398, knowe of, v. 5356, acquainted (with).
 knowleching(e), *s.* P. 860, i. 1483, ii. 1282, v. 2992, knowleching(e), iv. 3202, vi. 982, *pl.* knowlechinges, vii. 137.
 konne, *see* conne.
 knyf, *see* knif.
 knyht, kniht, *s.* P. 707, i. 316, ii. 587, (knight, knyght, vii. 3169*, viii. 3059, PP. 243).
 knyhtode, knihtode, *s.* P. 89, ii. 1640, 2513, knyhtod, knihtod, i. 1436, v. 2057, (knyghthode, viii. 3021, PP. 155), knighthood, valour.
 knyhtliede, *s.* vii. 3592.
 knyhtly (-li), knihtly (-li), *a.* ii. 727, 2625, v. 661, vi. 95.

krepel, *s.* vii. 1854, cripple.
 kressette, *s.* vii. 3743, cup (for a light).
 kutte, cutte, *v. a. pret.* ii. 831, iii. 823, kut, vii. 4525, *pp.* cut, v. 6520.
 kynde, *see* kinde.
 kyng, kyngdom, *see* king, kingdom.

L

Laar, iii. 819.
 Laban, viii. 122.
 laborious, *a.* iv. 2636.
 labour, *s.* i. 3252, iii. 665, iv. 2396.
 laboure, *v. n.* iv. 242, 1691; *v. a.* iv. 970.
 labourer, *s.* iv. 2440, vi. 136, laborer, viii. 3061.
 lacche, *v. a.* P. 410, ii. 109, seize.
 lachesce, lachesse, *s.* iv. 4, 281.
 Lachesis, iv. 2761.
 lacke, lack, *s.* P. 393, i. 1988, iv. 335, 1070, v. 6077, want, fault: *cp.* lak.
 lacke, *v. n.* P. 428, i. 1366, 2396, 3023, lakke, ii. 2392, *impers.* lacketh, viii. 2427 ff., *cp.* vi. 908, be wanting: *v. a.* ii. 530, iii. 2630, iv. 343, want.
 laden, *pp.* viii. 469.
 ladi, lady, *s.* i. 162, 317, *genit.* ladi, lady, i. 924, 1263, ii. 40, iv. 1437, *pl.* ladis, ladys, iv. 1307, v. 3139.
 ladischipe, *s.* i. 2577, iv. 1120, 1730, vi. 271, 1946, ladyship, honour.
 ladiward, ii. 255, iii. 508.
 Ladon, v. 1015.
 ladre, *s.* viii. 1644, ladder.
 laghtre, *s.* viii. 2685, laughter.
 lak, *s.* i. 1691, ii. 394, iii. 561, iv. 128, v. 6290, fault.
 lame, *a.* v. 2709.
 Lamedon, v. 3303, 7197 ff., Lamenedon, viii. 2516.
 lampe, *s.* iv. 258, viii. 2776.
 Lampes, vii. 856.
 Lancastre, P. 87.
 lance, *s.* viii. 2270.
 lancegay, *s.* viii. 2798.
 Lancelot, iv. 2035, viii. 2501.
 langage, *s.* P. 1023, iv. 315.
 Langharet, ii. 2995.
 lanterne, *s.* iv. 817.
 Laodomie, iv. 1905.
 lapacia, vii. 1375.
 lape, *v. n.* vii. 3671, lap.
 lapis, iv. 2535 ff.
 lappe, *s.* iv. 303.

602 GLOSSARY AND INDEX OF PROPER NAMES

- lappe, *v. a.* v. 4207, 5774, wrap.
 lappewincke, *s. v.* 6041.
 larder, *s. v.* 5513, vii. 1166.
 large, *a.* P. 239, i. 876, 2821, wide, liberal;
 at large, P. 46*, ii. 994, iii. 174, iv.
 829.
 largely, *adv.* ii. 953, largeliche, vii. 2052.
 largesse, largesce, *s. P.* 225, v. 409,
 1958, 7633 ff., vii. 1989 ff., liberality,
 gift.
 las, *s.* vii. 4332, lace.
 lasse, *a. comp.* P. 20, 57*, 947, i. 476, ii.
 2260, lesse, v. 2529; *as subst.* iii. 93,
 iv. 2240: *adv.* lasse, P. 629, i. 263,
 1927, lesse, i. 1925, v. 4739: less.
 lasse, *v. a.* P. 56, i. 1836, 2401; *v. n.* iv.
 782: make less; grow less.
 last, *a.* P. 642, vii. 1215, *def.* laste, P.
 826: *as subst.* my laste, iii. 304, ate l.,
 P. 369, i. 1820, to the l., P. 250, i. 983,
 viii. 2784, as for the l., viii. 2889.
 laste, *adv.* iv. 3383, last, vii. 4098.
 laste(n), *v. n.* P. 249, 662, iii. 289, v.
 279, *pret.* laste, P. 672, iv. 2315, last,
 endure.
 late, *a.* ii. 345, iv. 878, thoghte al to
 late til, ii. 1538; *comp.* latere, viii.
 1323.
 late, *adv.* i. 1645, iv. 1421, late; i. 1843,
 iii. 219, lately.
 Latewar, iv. 252; *cp.* iv. 1421.
 laththe, *s.* iii. 84.
 Latin, *s.* ii. 3187, iv. 2638, 2656, Latin
 (language): the Latins, iv. 2634: *a.*
 latin, vi. 981.
 Latona, v. 1249 ff.
 latoun, *s.* ii. 1850, viii. 569, bronze.
 laude, *s.* vii. 1384, praise.
 launde, *s.* iv. 1290, viii. 2160.
 lave, *v. a.* viii. 1856.
 laverock, *s. v.* 4100.
 Lavine, iv. 2187.
 lawe, *s. P.* 102, i. 809, 2793, (*pl.* lawis,
 viii. 3031): *cp.* lay.
 laweles, *a.* ii. 2962, vi. 1256.
 lawhe, *v. n.* ii. 245, iv. 641, lawghe, v.
 479, laghe, viii. 2491, leyhe, v. 3781,
 3 *s. pret.* lowh, lough, i. 1766, ii. 3320,
 vi. 2034, low, P. 1071, 3 *pl. pret.*
 lowhen (to scorn), v. 696, 6931;
 laugh.
 lay, *s.* (1), iv. 109, v. 1191, lake.
 lay, *s.* (2), vii. 1046, viii. 1670, song.
 lay, *s.* (3), ii. 3354, viii. 2663, law.
 Lasar, vi. 1037 ff.
 lasre, *s.* vi. 996, leper.
 leche, *s.* ii. 3220, 3296, vi. 866, viii. 1209,
 physician, remedy.
 lecherie, *s. v.* 1046, 1493, vii. 799.
 lecherous, *a.* v. 1410, *def.* lecherouse,
 vii. 4994.
 lechour, *s. v.* 872.
 lecoun, *s.* iii. 1377, iv. 562.
 led, *s.* iii. 1705, iv. 2471, viii. 1109.
 lede(n), *v. a.* P. 793, i. 784, 2090, iii. 179,
 341, iv. 987, *pret.* ladde, P. 712, 771,
 i. 763, iii. 332, v. 1247, ledde, iii. 2178,
 v. 677, *pp.* lad, i. 1050, ii. 759, ledd,
 vi. 870; lead, guide, manage, take.
 ledere, *s. v.* 2055, *pl.* leders, v. 7616,
 leader.
 ledinge, *s.* vii. 5156, 5297.
 leese, *s. P.* 408, meadow.
 lef, *s.* i. 2884, iv. 586, *pl.* leves, P. 935,
 i. 354, leaf.
 left, *s.* iii. 301, left hand.
 legges, *s. pl.* P. 611.
 leiance, *s.* viii. 3058, allegiance.
 leie, lein, *v. a.* i. 500, iv. 1747, v. 2889,
 3 *s. pres.* leith, P. 382, i. 472, leyth,
 P. 276, 3 *pl.* leyn, P. 476, *pret.* leide,
 leyde, i. 1017, 2312, iv. 240, *pp.* leid,
 leyd, P. 48*, i. 892, v. 7596, laid, v.
 4512, *imperat.* ley, lei, i. 3434, ii. 1926,
 viii. 1420; lay, set, apply.
 leisir, leiser, *s.* iii. 1907, iv. 2799, v. 158,
 3435, 7035, time, convenience, oppor-
 tunity.
 lemes, *see* lime, *s.*
 lemman, *s.* vii. 1899.
 lene, *a.* iv. 1344, lean.
 lene, *v. a.*, *pret.* lente, i. 423, *pp.* lent,
 v. 4128, lend.
 leng, *adv. comp.* iii. 71, viii. 2055.
 lengere, *adv. comp.* i. 1516, ii. 1434, 2602,
 lenger, i. 147.
 lengthe, *s.* iii. 1963, iv. 3255.
 Leo (emperor), P. 739.
 Leo (sign of the zodiac), vii. 1067 ff.,
 1249.
 Leoncius, Leonce, vii. 3268 ff.
 leonesse, *s.* iv. 1976.
 Leonin, viii. 1410 ff.
 leoun, leon, *s. P.* 1059, i. 2248, ii. 3035,
 lyon, v. 5684.
 leopard, *s.* iv. 1977.
 lepe, *v. n.* iii. 916, vi. 187, *pret.* lepte,
 i. 2051, ii. 2301, *imperat.* lep, vii.
 4782.
 lepre, *s.* ii. 3192 ff., PP. 349, leprosy.
 lere, liere, *v. P.* 868, i. 454, 2123, v. 2029,
 learn, teach.

- lere, s. i. 1509, viii. 610, loss.
 lered, a. viii. 3113, learned.
 lerne, v. a. n. i. 44, 2010, ii. 1851, iii. 601, v. 3852, 6836, vii. 3146: teach, inform, learn.
 lerned, a. vii. 635, PP. 25.
 les, s. v. 782, vii. 2684, falsehood.
 Lesbon, v. 6436.
 lese, v. a. n. P. 415, i. 1332, 1809, ii. 32, 3 s. *pres.* lest, ii. 256, iv. 1494, *pret.* les, vi. 1772, vii. 3658; lose.
 lesinge, lesynge, s. i. 679, 2268, ii. 409, *pl.* lesinges, v. 946, lying.
 lesse, *see* lasse.
 lest, v. *imperat.* i. 827, 1876, listen.
 lest, v. *see* list.
 lest, a. i. 3249, *def.* leste, vii. 1459; ate leste, i. 277, 3259; least.
 lest, *adv.* i. 1070, 2362, leste, i. 3296.
 let, s. *see* lette.
 lete, v. a. n. i. 6, 3366, ii. 2253, iii. 2664, iv. 643, 3 s. *pres.* let, P. 509, ii. 1906, leteth, vii. 390, 3 s. *pret.* let, P. 1020, i. 1011, ii. 2480, v. 5840, *imperat.* let, lett, i. 220, 1618, 2834, lete, vi. 450, *pp.* lete, P. 440, ii. 3228 (shed), iv. 454; let make, let do, &c., P. 1020, i. 1011, iv. 490, lete by, v. 1004 (valued), *cp.* v. 5840: leave, release, omit, let, cause.
 Lethes, Lethen, iv. 3011, v. 1109.
 lette, v. a. n. i. 38, 780, ii. 94, iii. 1873, 2213, iv. 795, 1481, *pret.* lette, ii. 2240, *pp.* let, P. 308, ii. 128, iii. 2044; hinder, delay, put off.
 lette, s. ii. 93, 2129, iii. 2298, iv. 2000, let, v. 3900, vii. 2779, hindrance.
 lettre, s. P. 209, i. 2423, ii. 3038, iv. 2401, letter, writing.
 lettyng, s. vii. 236, hindrance.
 Leuchotoe, v. 6726.
 leve, s. i. 857, 1162, 1469, 1807, ii. 113, iv. 1160, token leve, i. 1162, *cp.* ii. 2780, iv. 1381: leave.
 leve(n), v. a. n. P. 404, i. 1311, 1558, 1808, 2693, 2940, iii. 1179, iv. 1159, viii. 2881, leeveth, iv. 3428, *pret.* lefte, P. 743, i. 1673, v. 2389, lafte, PP. 342, *pp.* laft, v. 4056, left, v. 4222, *imperat.* lef, ii. 571, v. 5223; leave, leave off, omit.
 leve, v. n. P. 412, iv. 1382, *pret.* lefte(n), P. 695, vii. 3682, remain.
 leveful, *see* lieffull.
 levein, s. iii. 446, leaven.
 leveine, s. vi. 2267, flash (of lightning).
 levere, a. *comp.* P. 37, ii. 6, hath (hadde) l., i. 1511, ii. 1582, iii. 479, were l., ii. 530, iii. 762, iv. 1657: *as subst.* ii. 2449, v. 546: *adv.* iv. 1337: dearer, rather: *cp.* lief, lievest.
 levest, *see* lievest.
 lewed, a. i. 274, ii. 3423, iii. 479, unlearned, ignorant.
 leyhe, *see* lawhe.
 leyt, leyte, s. vii. 303, 308, flame.
 leyte, v. n. vii. 307, blaze.
 liberal, a. vii. 876.
 liberalite, s. v. 7646.
 liberte, s. vii. 2815.
 Libra, vii. 1102 ff., 1258.
 libraire, s. P. 321.
 lich, s. viii. 1076, corpse.
 lich, liche, a. P. 113, 634, ii. 3245, iv. 3649, v. 1550, lyeh, v. 29; lik, i. 488, ii. 1794, v. 615: *adv.* lich, P. 951, i. 2672, ii. 3033, 3456, lik, i. 1950.
 Lichaon, Lichao, v. 6225, 6298, vii. 3355.
 liche, s. i. 2277, 2791, iii. 2588, v. 7318, like, lyke, i. 2315, 2995, 3139, ii. 3037; likeness, match.
 Lichomede, v. 2976 ff.
 Lichorida, Lychoride, viii. 1033, 1350.
 licke, v. a. vi. 928, 1015.
 lieuchis, vii. 824 (name of a stone).
 Liddos, vii. 4369.
 lie, s. *see* lye.
 lie, lye, v. n. P. 124, i. 725, 1512, 2437, ii. 1603, iii. 1252, speak falsely.
 lide, viii. 125, Leah.
 lie, v. n., 3 s. *pres.* lith, lyth, P. 336, i. 161, 2429, 3 s. *pret.* lay, lai, P. 602, i. 1788, 2728, 3 *pl.* lihe, lyhen, ii. 1456, vii. 1797, lele(n), iv. 479, v. 974, 2 s. *pret. subj.* leye, iv. 2849, *imperat.* ly, vi. 2311, *pp.* lele, iv. 2914, lein, vii. 2597; lie, be situated: *cp.* ligge.
 lief, a. ii. 209, vii. 4628, lief . . . loth, i. 1627, ii. 999, iv. 669, lieve . . . lothe, ii. 3229, iv. 778, *def. as subst.* lieve, iii. 1901, *pl.* ii. 3395, *voc.* lieve, iv. 1702, dear, pleasant: *cp.* levere, lievest.
 lief, s. i. 1203, ii. 2449, 2486, loved one.
 lieffull, a. iii. 2208, leveful, v. 7053, lawful.
 liegance, ligeance, ligance, s. P. 25*, iii. 1822, v. 2673, vii. 2698, allegiance, rule.
 liege, a. P. 27*, i. 2075, ii. 2762, iv. 201, (lige, viii. 3024), *pl.* here oghne liege, iii. 1760.
 liege, s. iii. 1767, iv. 1904, vii. 3094, 4177, (lige, viii. 2995*), subject.
 lien, s. iii. 242, bond.

- lieutenant, *s. i.* 947, *ii.* 1319.
 lieve, *v. a. n.* i. 44, 727, 1063, *ii.* 471, *iii.* 1315, believe, trust: god lieve, *vii.* 3069, God grant.
 lievest, *a. superl.* *ii.* 329, *iv.* 1501, *v.* 186, levest, *PP.* 30: *adv.* i. 1608: *cp.* lief.
 lif, *s. P.* 96, i. 36, 1477, *ii.* 1225, *v.* 2297, *genit.* lyves, lives, i. 1821, 2685, *pl.* lyves, *iv.* 2353, *viii.* 81; to lyve, *ii.* 1525, on lyve, *v.* 7102, al my lyve, *iii.* 886, a lyves creature, *iv.* 382: life, person.
 liffish, *a. v.* 4920, *vii.* 257, living.
 lifhode, *s. v.* 4961, *vi.* 798, livelihood.
 lifte, *s. ii.* 3488, sky.
 ligance, *see* liegance.
 Ligidus, *iv.* 451.
 lige, *see* liege.
 ligge, *v. n.* *ii.* 1138, *iv.* 2132, *pres. part.* liggende, i. 885, *ii.* 839, ligende, i. 2346.
 lignage, *s. i.* 3335, *ii.* 2849, *pl.* lignages, *v.* 1600, *vii.* 4117, descent, tribe.
 Ligurgius, *iv.* 738, *vii.* 2918 ff., 3058.
 liht, *s. see* lyht.
 liht, *a. (1)* *see* lyht.
 liht, lyht, *a. (2), i.* 3078, *iii.* 518, (light, *PP.* 218), *pl.* lyhte, *v.* 831; *comp.* lihtere, *v.* 4692: light, easy.
 lihte, *v. a.* *iv.* 258, kindle.
 lihte, *v. n.* *v.* 7072, 3 *s. pres.* liht, *v.* 1580, *pret.* lihte, i. 2310, *vii.* 3273*, alight.
 lihtly (-li), lyhtly, *adv.* i. 1063, *ii.* 2085, *iv.* 538, *viii.* 2776, (lightly, *PP.* 220), lihtliche, i. 2650, easily.
 lik, *see* lich.
 like, lyke, *s. see* liche.
 like, lyke, *v. n. impers.*, i. 70, 652, 756, 950, *iii.* 634, *iv.* 1182, 2150, lyketh, *v.* 7079, *vii.* 522; *pers.* *ii.* 1377, *viii.* 378, lyke, *P.* 21, *vii.* 2298; likende, *viii.* 2476, is to like, *iv.* 2419: please, be pleased, like.
 liking(e), likynge, *s. i.* 496, 1709, *iv.* 1868, *v.* 649, 7737, *pl.* likinges, *vi.* 1214, pleasure.
 likinge, *a. iii.* 186, *v.* 3840, pleasant.
 liklihiede, *s. v.* 596, comparison.
 likned, *pp.* *ii.* 2118, *viii.* 2155, compared.
 liknesse, *s. P.* 908, i. 370, *iv.* 2109, *viii.* 2601.
 lilie, *s. as a.* *vii.* 4678, of lilies.
 lime, *v. a.* *ii.* 574, besmear (with birdlime).
 lime, *s. iv.* 275, *pl.* limes, lemes, *v.* 1476, *vii.* 3201, limb.
 linde, *s. i.* 2304, *iv.* 1341.
 line, lyne, *s. iv.* 2623, *v.* 1082, 4054, *viii.* 105.
 lippe, *s. i.* 1683, *iii.* 119, *iv.* 386.
 liquour, *s. viii.* 1199.
 lisse, *v. a.* *iii.* 1361, *vi.* 2419, *vii.* 5401, relieve; *v. n.* *vi.* 311, give relief.
 list, *v. impers.* i. 1403, 1822, *iii.* 1110, *iv.* 907, *lest, i.* 37, 1922, *lusteth, v.* 2577, *pres. subj.* liste, *v.* 505, *pret. (ind. or subj.)* liste, i. 932, 1984, *leste, i.* 720, *vi.* 357, *list, iii.* 2446, please: *pers.* i. 2741, *iii.* 1 (if thou lest), 111, *iv.* 3147, *viii.* 486, (lust, *P.* 85*), like, desire.
 lite, *see* lyta.
 litel, *a. P.* 957, i. 357, *ii.* 1151: *adv.* i. 615, *iv.* 2617, *alitel, iv.* 1339.
 lith, *s. i.* 1691, limb.
 live(n), *v. n.* *P.* 171, i. 127, 189, 1710, *ii.* 1723, lyve, *iv.* 1930.
 livere, *s. vii.* 457 ff., liver.
 livinge, lyvyng, *s. v.* 1615, *vii.* 1657, 1934.
 Livius (Virginus), *vii.* 5136, 5204.
 lo, *interj.* *P.* 234, 918.
 lock, *s. iv.* 2879, *v.* 6621, lokes (*pl.*), *v.* 6632, lock (of a door).
 lockes, *s. pl.* i. 1685, *viii.* 2403, locks (of hair).
 lode, *s. v.* 4962, load.
 lodesman, *s. iii.* 996, helmsman.
 loenge, loange, *s. iv.* 1548, *vii.* 3924, *viii.* 3027*, *PP.* 371, praise.
 lofte, *s. vii.* 300, height.
 logged, loged, *pp.* *v.* 2114, 6659, lodged.
 logginge, *s. vi.* 1817.
 logique (-qe), *s. vii.* 1528 ff., *viii.* 2709.
 lok, *s. i.* 122, 2313, *ii.* 1350, look, gaze.
 loke(n), *v. n.* *P.* 328, 449, i. 1686, 2811, 2992, *ii.* 3075, *v.* 624, (lokyn, *viii.* 3029), *imperat.* lok, i. 1225, loke, i. 1703, *v.* 1220, look, take care, keep watch; *v. a.* *P.* 52*, *ii.* 733, *vi.* 1959 ff., examine, watch.
 loke(n), *v. a. pp.* *ii.* 358, 1868, 1996, *v.* 33, shut up.
 lokes, *see* lock.
 lokinge, lokynge, *s. i.* 680, 1785, *iii.* 763, looking, sight.
 lollardie, *s. P.* 349, *v.* 1807, 1819.
 lomb, *s. i.* 604, *vii.* 4983.
 Lombard, Lumbard, *P.* 207, 778, *vi.* 857, *pl.* Lombards, Lombars, Lombards, *P.* 772 ff., i. 2459, *ii.* 2101 ff.
 Lombardie, *P.* 755, i. 2461, *vii.* 800.

- lond, s. P. 123, 959 (*gen.* londis, viii. 3053), *pl.* londes, P. 501; to londe, i. 1170, ii. 1828, v. 18, 4899, into londe, i. 3288, of londe, i. 2240, in londe, iii. 1818, be londe, iv. 1627, out of londe, iii. 878, over londe, v. 923, fro the londe, ii. 179.
- londe, v. n. ii. 2545, iv. 736, 1927.
- londflodes, s. *pl.* vii. 1235.
- lone, s. v. 4697, loan.
- long, a. P. 55, i. 2870, *def.* longe, i. 171, ii. 817.
- longe, *adv.* P. 62, i. 1645, iii. 1888, iv. 943, 1490, 1782, long, v. 1086, vii. 4999; *comp.* (no) longer, ii. 1038: long on, *see* along.
- longe, v. n. (1), ii. 1424, v. 7030, desire: *impers.* iii. 2760, v. 2526, 3688.
- longe, v. n. (2), P. 80, i. 254, 1480, v. 972, vii. 1064, (3 s. *pres.* longith, viii. 3079), belong.
- lope, s. iii. 916, leap.
- lord, s. P. 86, i. 816, ha lord, v. 2397, *pl.* lordes, i. 2032, v. 7332, (lordis, viii. 3129).
- lorde, v. n. ii. 3267, be lord.
- lordschipe, s. i. 2959, ii. 1484.
- lore, s. P. 19, 323, i. 1338, 2665, *pl.* lores, i. 2768, vii. 23, teaching, learning.
- lore, *pp.* i. 974, 2008, iii. 188, lost: *cp.* lose.
- lorer, s. iii. 1716, laurel.
- loresman, s. v. 1005, teacher.
- los, s. iii. 2144, v. 996, 5334, fame.
- los, a., *def.* lose, i. 2660, loose.
- lose, v. a. v. 697, vii. 1592, set free: *pret.* loste, P. 686, i. 3304, lost, ii. 2290, v. 3465, *pp.* lost, P. 44, i. 1742, lose: *cp.* lese.
- lost, s. P. 762, i. 3106, ii. 2348, iv. 1485, loss.
- lot, s. v. 5309, vii. 1337.
- Loth, viii. 227.
- loth, a. i. 2876, ii. 962, iv. 1186, *pl.* lothe, i. 2282, v. 4277, lief . . . loth, i. 1203, ii. 999, 2227, lieve . . . lothe, ii. 3229, iv. 778, v. 770, hem thoghte lothe, iv. 1041: unwilling, unpleasing, hateful.
- lothe, v. a. v. 4650, vii. 3274, hate, make hateful; v. n. v. 5767, vii. 3724, be hateful.
- lothly, a. i. 1530, v. 647, vi. 2199; *sup.* the lothlieste, i. 1676.
- loude, *see* lowde.
- lourde, a. v. 657, clumsy.
- loure, v. n. i. 172, ii. 245, iii. 30, v. 479, frown.
- loute, v. n. i. 720, 2333, iii. 127, iv. 1169, bow, yield (to): *cp.* lute.
- love, s. P. 75, i. 811, 1863, *genit.* loves, i. 689, ii. 188, iii. 131, love drinke, vi. 333; love, loved one.
- love(n) (1), v. a. n. P. 389, 1050, i. 752, 1936, ii. 502.
- love (2), v. n. v. 7048, (luff), steer.
- loveday, s. P. 1047.
- lovedrunke, s. vi. 111, 307, love drunkenness.
- loveles, a. ii. 2961, v. 2505.
- lovere, s. iv. 554, *pl.* lovers, i. 673, ii. 237.
- low, lou, a. i. 2256, iv. 3521, lowe, iii. 606, vii. 740, *pl.* lowe, P. 924; *superl.* the lowest, vii. 224.
- low, lowh, v., *see* lawhe.
- lowde, loude, a. *pl.* i. 2808, ii. 309, iv. 3064: *adv.* iii. 452, v. 5673.
- lowe, *adv.* i. 718, 1066, iv. 1004; *sup.* lowest, i. 704.
- lowe, v. a. n. iv. 1273, viii. 587, lower, go lower.
- Lowis (emperor), P. 777.
- Lowyz (king of France), ii. 2966.
- Lubie, vi. 410, 1922, Luby, vi. 2069.
- luce, s. v. 2015, pike.
- Lucie, ii. 905, Lucius.
- Lucifer, i. 3299, v. 1701, viii. 10, *genit.* Luciferes, viii. 22.
- Lucius (1), v. 7124* ff.
- Lucius (2), vii. 3946.
- luere, s. i. 1706, iii. 2360, iv. 2590.
- Lucrece, vii. 4809, 4985 ff., viii. 2632.
- lugge, v. a. vii. 1893.
- Lumbard, *see* Lombard.
- lunge, s. vii. 452, 465.
- lure, s. iv. 285.
- lurke, v. n. v. 6746.
- lust, s. P. 19, 230, i. 443, 754, ii. 1109, *pl.* lustes, i. 778, 1241, 2517, iv. 1318; pleasure, desire, charm.
- lust, v. *see* list.
- lusti, lusty, a. P. 937, i. 317, 1581, 2167, 2306, pleasant.
- lustles, a. ii. 2024, iv. 3262, 3455.
- lute, s. viii. 2679.
- lute, v. n. i. 1933, lurk: *cp.* loute.
- luxure, s. vii. 4561, lust.
- lye, v. *see* lie.
- lye, lie, s. P. 504, iii. 895, dregs.
- lyht, liht, s. i. 633, 1168, ii. 836, iii. 920, be lyhte, v. 6517, *pl.* lyhtes, iv. 3221, light.
- lyht, liht, a. (1) P. 941, i. 2176, vi. 1982, vii. 956, *pl.* lihte, iii. 783, bright.

lyht, *a.* (2), *see* lht.
 lyhte, *adv.* v. 4076, brightly.
 lyhthnyng, *s.* viii. 1000, lightning.
 lyke, *see* liche.
 lym, *s.* v. 7233, vi. 1594, lime, (mortar).
 lyn, *s.* iv. 2437, v. 1203, flax.
 lyne, *see* line.
 lyon, *see* leoun.
 lyte, *a.* ii. 429, v. 6627, *as subst.* a lyte,
 a lite, i. 264, 2687, ii. 2045, (*often in*
 MSS. alite, alyte, *as* i. 2687, ii. 2045,
 vii. 4092); to lite, iii. 581, *see* tolite.
 lyvyng, *see* livinge.

M

ma dame, i. 168, iv. 1374.
 macched, *pp.* v. 5422.
 mace, *s.* v. 6865, viii. 2507.
 Macedoyn, Macedoine, ii. 1616, iii.
 2451, vi. 1809, vii. 3211*; *as a.* ii.
 1840.
 Maer, vi. 1408.
 Machabeu, PP. 282.
 Machaire, iii. 146 ff., viii. 2588.
 macon, *s.* vii. 2427, mason.
 madd, mad, *a.* i. 130, v. 496, 5891.
 Madian, vii. 3710.
 madle, *a. as subst.* iv. 1301, vii. 4215,
 male.
 mageste, *see* majeste.
 magicien, *s.* v. 3084, vi. 1337.
 magique, *s.* iv. 2077, vi. 1402; *a.* v.
 3947, vi. 1434.
 magnifie, magnifie, *v. a.* P. 44, 886, i.
 2998, ii. 2827, iv. 2608.
 mai, *v. see* mowe.
 maide(n), mayde(n), i. 2481, 2573 ff.
 3327, v. 3476, a maide child, viii.
 1058, *pl.* maidenen, iv. 255, maidens,
 iv. 1464, 1575: *cp.* may.
 maidehiede, *s.* v. 6384.
 maidenhod(e), maidehiede (-hede),
 maydenhiede (-hede), *s.* iv. 1566,
 1585, v. 3068, 6181, 6219, vii. 5145,
 maidenhed, v. 6769.
 Mail, i. 100, 2026, vii. 1045, May, vii.
 2276, *genit.* Maies, i. 2089, May.
 maille, *s.* v. 3111.
 main, *s.* vi. 90, strength.
 maintenue, *s.* viii. 3012, maintenance.
 maintiene, *v. a.* i. 3285, meintiene, iv.
 3433, maintene, PP. 385.

maister, *s.* i. 35, 1260, ii. 1134, v. 56, *pl.*
 maistres, v. 434.
 maistred, *v. a.* *pp.* iv. 3518.
 maistrefull, *a.* iii. 212.
 maistresse, *s.* i. 1825, iii. 170, viii. 2331.
 maistrie, *s.* iii. 1566, 2768, vi. 2341, vii.
 1398, *pl.* maistries, v. 2061, mastery,
 great deed.
 majeste, mageste, *s.* ii. 1058, v. 1510, 1737.
 majorane, *s.* vii. 1433.
 make, *s.* (1), i. 101, 2088, iii. 2612, v.
 4275, mate, match.
 make, *s.* (2), v. 2296, fashion.
 make(n), *v. a.* P. 23, 155, viii. 3143,
 2, 3, *s. pres.* makst, makth, i. 774, iv.
 2844, *pres.* made, P. 207, 816, ii. 858,
 1265, mad, ii. 310, v. 3822, *pp.* mad,
 P. 347, i. 2427, (maad, viii. 3110),
 made (*pl.*), P. 300, maked, v. 680.
 makere, *s.* ii. 916, vii. 1508.
 makinge, makynge(e), *s.* v. 1022, 1203,
 viii. 3089*, 3154, making, composing
 (poetry).
 maladie, maladye, *s.* i. 128, ii. 9, 3221,
 viii. 2642.
 male, *s.* iv. 546, wallet.
 Malebouche, ii. 389.
 malencolie, *s.* P. 1069, iii. 27 ff., vii. 402.
 malencollen, *a.* iii. 33, 241.
 malencolious, *a.* iii. 87.
 malengin, *s.* v. 344, evil device.
 malgracious, *a.* v. 647.
 malgre, *s.* v. 6481, 6946, ill-will: *adv.* i.
 789, 1329, in spite of the will; malgre
 myn, iv. 59, m. hem, iv. 1233, *cp.* vi.
 524.
 malice, *s.* P. 62*, i. 605, vii. 939.
 malicious, *a.* iii. 1634, vii. 2852.
 man, *s.* P. 21, iii. 1249 ff., *genit.* mannes,
 P. 14, i. 2412, (mannys, viii. 2975), to
 manne, iii. 1967, viii. 308, *pl.* men, P.
 12, 167, i. 768, *genit.* menne, i. 1995;
 man, servant.
 manace, *s.* i. 1598, iii. 1832.
 manace, *v. a.* n. iii. 1525, 1533, vi. 1680.
 Manachas, Manachas, vii. 1801 ff.
 mandement, *s.* viii. 1819, command.
 Mane, v. 7023.
 manere, *s.* P. 362, i. 793, iv. 1281, such
 a maner wise, &c., P. 83*, i. 1086,
 1360, iii. 1072, *cp.* i. 1977, in manere,
 vii. 2132, 4344, PP. 53.
 Manes, *pl.* v. 1363.
 manfull, *a.* vii. 2881.
 manhod(e), *s.* P. 260, ii. 1639, 2514, iii.
 1964, manhiede, manhed(e), i. 1212,

- 3044, iv. 325, 2033; man's nature, manliness, race of men.
 mankinde, s. ii. 3108, iv. 2443.
 manlich, *a.* vii. 5093.
 manna, *s.* v. 1673.
 manneskinde, *s.* v. 4110.
 mannyssh, *a.* vi. 1528.
 manslawhte, *s.* iii. 2544, (*manslaghtre*, PP. 171).
 mantel, mantell, *s.* v. 3557, 4201, 6890, vii. 4524, 5067.
 many, mani, *a. sing.* P. 857, ii. 89, 447, iv. 1619, many a, P. 75, i. 1958, manye an, vii. 2191, many (*many*) on, v. 5302, *pl.* manye, manie, P. 299, 672, i. 2530, iv. 1629, many, v. 2904, 4015, 5147; *as subst.* manye, i. 3238, v. 4001.
 manyfold, *adv.* iii. 1702, 1952, iv. 125, be manyfold, v. 1778.
 manyon, *pron.* i. 416, 655, 2441, *pl.* manion, ii. 1272: *cf.* many.
 mappemounde, *s.* vii. 530.
 marbre, *s.* iv. 3666 ff., v. 2035.
 Marc, vi. 474.
 March, v. 5968, vii. 1008, Marche, viii. 2843, Mars, viii. 2852, March.
 marchandie, *s.* ii. 600, vii. 917.
 marchant, *s.* v. 952, 2689, vii. 1687.
 marche, *s.* P. 720, i. 1417, ii. 2521 ff., vii. 555, PP. 291, border, territory.
 Marche, *see* March.
 marche, *v. n.* iv. 2987, border.
 Marchus Claudius, vii. 5167 ff.
 mareschall, mareschal, *s.* viii. 714, 2662.
 marriage, *s.* i. 1763, ii. 625, v. 1260.
 Marie, i. 3278, v. 1782*.
 married, *pp.* v. 509.
 marked, *pp.* vii. 1144.
 market (place), *s.* v. 1535, vii. 5101.
 marrement, *s.* vii. 3310*, trouble.
 marrubium, vii. 1343, (name of a herb).
 Mars (1), Mart, Marte, v. 651 ff., 883 ff., 1215, 1477, 3506, 6150; (the planet) iv. 2470, vii. 889 ff., 992, 1136, 1314, 1323, 1360, 1374, 1389, 1411.
 Mars (2), *see* March.
 Marsagete, vii. 3444.
 martire, *s.* PP. 341.
 mased, *a.* vi. 132.
 Masphat, iv. 1533.
 masse, *see* messe.
 mast, *s.* i. 1068, viii. 617.
 mat, *a.* iii. 114, vi. 34, 730, weak, dejected.
 mathematique, vii. 72, 145 ff., 623.
 matiere, *s.* P. 6, 984, iv. 565, v. 572, matter, cause.
 matins, *s.* v. 7111.
 matrimoine, *s.* i. 1777.
 matrone, *s.* i. 1657.
 may, *v.* *see* mowe.
 may, *s.* iv. 30, v. 3438: *cf.* maide.
 mayde, *see* maide.
 Maximin, vii. 2766.
 me, *pron.* P. 30*, i. 117, 567, me, myself.
 mea culpa, i. 661.
 mecanique, *s.* vii. 1693.
 mecherie, *see* micherie.
 mechil, *see* mochel.
 mede, *s.* i. 795, 1554, ii. 2727, v. 4720, meede, v. 7133*, vii. 129.
 Mede, vii. 4335, 5313.
 Medee, Medea, iii. 2559, v. 2539, 3241, 3368 ff., 4361, viii. 2563.
 medicine, *s.* i. 30, 167, ii. 3203, medicine, healing.
 meditacioun, *s.* ii. 2876.
 medle, *v. a.* i. 1709, 3014, *pp.* medled, P. 858, medlid, iv. 1475; *v. n.* vii. 1586: mingle.
 Meduse, Medusa, i. 401 ff., 551.
 medwe, *s.* v. 4151, 5964.
 meedful, *a.* viii. 3105*.
 meel, *s.* vi. 720, meal.
 meene, *see* mene.
 meete, *see* mete.
 Megaster, vii. 1455.
 meind, *see* meynd.
 meintiene, *see* maintiene.
 meke, mieke, *a.* v. 2472, 5396, vii. 916.
 meke, *v. refl.* i. 866, v. 7386, submit.
 meknesse, *s.* i. 126, ii. 1486.
 melk, *s.* v. 4048.
 melle, *v. n.* v. 2833, *cf.* medle.
 melled, *a.* vii. 4899, mingled.
 melodie, *s.* i. 494, v. 1030.
 melte, *v. n.* iv. 1057, *pret.* malt, iv. 1065.
 membre, *s.* P. 153, v. 1457, PP. 164.
 memoire, *s.* P. 1002, i. 1775, ii. 1421.
 memorial, *s.* iv. 532, 563, 2042, memory.
 memorial, *a.* viii. 3026*, 3105, remembered.
 men, *indef. pron. sing.* ii. 659, v. 5510, viii. 2926, people.
 menable, *a.* i. 1067, ii. 1123, iii. 390, vii. 2762: *see note on* i. 1067.
 menage, *s.* v. 4809.
 Menander (1), iv. 109.
 Menander (2), iv. 2409.
 mencion, *s.* ii. 428, iii. 739.
 mende, *see* mynde.
 mene, meene, *v. a. n.* i. 15, 280, 926, 1210, ii. 2465, iii. 2761, iv. 1859, *pret.*

- mente, P. 667, 1024, minte, vii. 5043 ;
mean, intend, speak.
mene, meene, *a. v.* 3895, 5330.
mene, *s. v.* 6542.
Menelay, iii. 2136, v. 3072, viii. 2547.
Menesteüs, iii. 2145.
meninge, *s. ii.* 1599, menynge, vii. 4837.
menstral, *s. vii.* 2423.
menstre, *s. v.* 7059, minster.
mercerie, *s. ii.* 3059.
merci, mercy, *s. i.* 1832, 1902, 1936, iii.
222, thanks, mercy.
merciabie, *a. iii.* 1514, iv. 3426, vii. 3276,
merciful.
Mercurial, *a. vii.* 1357.
Mercurie, Mercurius, *i.* 422 ff., iv. 2053,
3332 ff., v. 938, 1399, 1465, 7411, vii. 2967,
3056 ; (the planet) iv. 2474, vii. 757 ff.,
1087, 1156, 1382, 1421, 1427.
merel, *s. P.* 430, vii. 3266, lot.
merie, merye, *a. i.* 2081, 2734, iv. 504, v.
6128 : *adv. v.* 3779.
merite, *s. P.* 301, v. 4893, merit, v. 1725.
meritoire, *a. P.* 465.
merthe, *s. i.* 2531, iv. 3149, *pl.* merthes,
i. 102, vii. 4799.
merveille, merveille, *v. n. ii.* 774, 1347,
iv. 1266, vi. 171, mervaille, *i.* 2226 ;
impers. v. 4481, vi. 385.
merveille, merveille, *s. i.* 3234, iii. 1422,
vii. 3998, mervilles (*pl.*), v. 309, iv.
2059, mervaille, mervaille, iv. 1480,
vii. 2456.
merveiled, *a. v.* 2060, filled with wonder.
merveilous, *a. iv.* 2990, v. 5292.
meschief, *s. P.* 150, ii. 1029, iii. 2387,
(meschef, PP. 111), mischief, iii. 137.
meschieved, *pp.* iv. 15.
mescreance, *s. v.* 1444, vi. 2366.
mescreantz, *s. pl.* PP. 268.
Mese, iii. 2645, iv. 3516.
message, *s. i.* 834, ii. 816, iii. 255, message,
embassy.
messenger, *s. ii.* 943, v. 1185, vii. 4681,
messagier, *i.* 2505 ; *fem.* messagere,
iv. 2972.
messe, masse, *s. i.* 660, iv. 1133, v. 7037,
7111.
mestier, *s. vii.* 1692, occupation.
mesure, *s. P.* 1056, 1080, *i.* 2402, iv. 3305,
viii. 768.
mesure, *v. a. iv.* 3306, v. 7638.
metall, metal, *s. P.* 735, iv. 2449 ff.
Metamor, Methamor, *i.* 389, v. 6711.
mete, *s. P.* 475, *i.* 812, 2843, ii. 1363, iii.
183, meat.
mete, meete, miete, *v. a. n. (1), i.* 2599, ii.
457, iii. 52, iv. 2902, v. 5584, *pret.* mette,
P. 42*, *i.* 85, *pp.* met, iv. 2094, meet.
mete, meete, *v. a. n. (2), iii.* 51, iv. 2901,
pret. mette, iv. 2910, 3065, vi. 1980,
dream.
mete, meete, *a. and adv.* ii. 458, vii. 2899,
fit, fitly.
Methamor, *see* Metamor.
Metodre, viii. 48.
metre, *s. iv.* 2414.
metrede, *s. vi.* 2003, dream.
meynd, meind, *a. P.* 615, v. 2311, 4049,
mingled.
mi, min, *see* my.
Micene, Micenes, iii. 2039, 2081.
Micheas, vii. 2595 ff., Michee, vii. 2667.
micherie, mecherie, *s. v.* 6296, 6495,
6754, 6944, thievishness.
michinge, *s. v.* 6525, thieving.
midday, *s. iv.* 3273.
middel, *a. P.* 17, v. 7691, viii. 720.
middel, *s. iv.* 1356, vi. 786, vii. 1058,
waist, middle.
middelerthe, middilerthe, *s. i.* 3305, vii.
287.
Mide, Myde, v. 153 ff., 412.
midmorwe, *s. viii.* 666.
midnyht, *s. ii.* 2891.
mieke, *a. see* meke.
miele, *s. vi.* 590, bowl.
miete, *see* mete.
miht, mihte, *v. see* mowe.
miht, *s. see* myht.
milde, mylde, *a. P.* 1058, *i.* 915, ii. 1056,
vi. 1918, viii. 1030.
mile, myle, *s. ii.* 1474, a ten mile, iv.
1707, thritty mile, v. 2036, (of time)
iv. 689, viii. 2312.
milion, *s. v.* 2613.
minde, *see* mynde.
mine, *s. see* myn.
mineral, *s. iv.* 2559.
minerall, *a. iv.* 2552.
Minerve, *s. i.* 1120, 1147, v. 1189, 1460,
1831, 7413, vii. 1922, 1933.
ministre, *v. n. i.* 808 ; *v. a. vii.* 1030.
ministres, *s. pl. i.* 583.
Minotaurus, Minotaure, iv. 1043, v.
5277, 5291 ff.
minte, *see* mene.
minut, mynut, *s. iv.* 241, 642, vi. 2257.
mir, *see* myr.
miracle, *s. iv.* 522, 3661, vii. 662.
mirour, *s. P.* 496, iii. 1076, v. 2033, viii. 2821.
mirre, *s. i.* 1705.

mis, mys, *s. i.* 3311, vi. 2359, wrong.
 mis, mys, *adv. i.* 2403, ii. 559, vii. 5429, amiss.
 misbegat, *v. a. pret. vi.* 2357.
 misbelieve, *s. ii.* 1569, v. 833, 1593.
 misbelieved, (*pp.*) *a. v.* 739.
 misbere, *v. refl. vii.* 5279, misbehave (one-self).
 misbore, *pp. ii.* 971.
 miscaste, *v. a. iii.* 110.
 mischief, *see* meschief.
 misconte, *v. n. i.* 3112.
 misdede, *s. iii.* 1931, 2614.
 misdespended, *v. a. pp. i.* 298.
 misdo, *v. a. n. i.* 3443, *pret. misdede, iii.* 227, *pp. misdo, i.* 2385, ii. 3513.
 miselve(n), *miself, pron. i.* 62, 192, 556, myselfe, *iv.* 853, (*my self, viii.* 2958).
 misericorde, *s. iii.* 2628, 2712, vii. 3303.
 misfalle, *v. n., pret. misfell, vi.* 2362.
 misfare, *v. n. ii.* 694, *iv.* 3387, *pret. misferde, iv.* 3602, vii. 4437, *pp. misferd, ii.* 2432, go wrong, transgress.
 misgete, *v. a. pp. viii.* 243.
 misgovernance, *s. ii.* 2965, v. 693.
 misguide, *v. a. viii.* 2920.
 mishandlinge, *s. v.* 1869.
 mishap(p), *s. iii.* 814, vi. 2358.
 mishappe, *v. n. iv.* 304, vii. 4916, fare ill, unfortunately happen.
 mislede, *v. a. vii.* 1678, 4310.
 misledere, *s. ii.* 3021.
 mislike, *v. n. v.* 7054, be displeasing.
 mislok, *s. i.* 334.
 misloke, *v. n. i.* 418, sin in looking.
 mislokynge, *s. i.* 445.
 mispaie, *v. a. iii.* 648, *pp. mispaid, mispaied, ii.* 549, viii. 1582, displease.
 mispeche, *s. ii.* 545.
 mispeke, *v. a. n. ii.* 535, 548, 2008, iii. 562, speak amiss.
 misreule, *v. a. vii.* 2508, viii. 2114.
 misse, *v. n. iii.* 1362, viii. 2229, fail; *v. a. vi.* 312, *pret. miste, iv.* 836, lose.
 misserve, *v. a. vii.* 3933.
 misseye, *v. n. P.* 480, say amiss.
 missit, *v. n. 3 s. pres. v.* 5213, is unfitting.
 mist, myst, *s. v.* 1866, vii. 281.
 mistake, *v. a. iv.* 1001.
 misteppe, *v. n. v.* 473, go wrong.
 misthrowe, *v. a. i.* 549.
 mistime, *v. a. i.* 220, iii. 2458, viii. 196, mystyme, *vi.* 4, disorder, bring about wrongly.
 mistorne, *v. a. n. P.* 957, i. 427, v. 6304, vii. 4468.

mistriste, *v. n. i.* 3165.
 mistrowinge, *s. vi.* 1643.
 mistrust, *s. ii.* 53.
 misuse, *v. a. P.* 521, v. 4538.
 miswende, *v. a. n. iii.* 1548, *pret. miswente, vi.* 2361, *pp. miswent, P.* 517, i. 395, v. 5288.
 Mitelene, viii. 1405, 1610, 1917.
 mitre, *s. ii.* 2936.
 mo, *a. pl. i.* 922, 1272, *iv.* 1357: *cp. nomo.*
 Moab, viii. 235.
 Moabite, vii. 4503, viii. 241.
 moche, *a. i.* 224; *as subst. to moche, iii.* 581, *cp. tomoche: for als moche, i.* 272, *cp. vi.* 349.
 mochel, *a. P.* 342, i. 1568, iii. 1619, (moohil, mehil, viii. 3040, 3046); *adv. i.* 1412, 1983, ii. 2251, iii. 908.
 mod, *s. ii.* 2734, *iv.* 1280, PP. 101, mood, mind.
 modifie, *v. a. vii.* 2153, 4210, 5379, limit.
 moder, *s. P.* 852, ii. 644, vii. 4731, (modir, PP. 106, 241), *genit. moder, iii.* 313, 2175, *pl. modres, ii.* 3223.
 moderhed(e), *s. ii.* 1073, v. 5893.
 moerdre, *s. ii.* 3293, iii. 1883, murder.
 moerdre, *v. a. iii.* 1935 ff., viii. 1382, murder.
 moerdrer, *s. viii.* 1958.
 moerdrice, *s. iii.* 2003, viii. 1958, murderess.
 moeve(n), *v. a. ii.* 190, 1379; *v. n. iii.* 1273, vii. 677: move.
 moevement, *s. vii.* 674.
 Moises, *P.* 306, iii. 2254, v. 1656, 1682, 6967, vi. 1092, vii. 1475, 3054, PP. 187, Moises, *iv.* 648.
 moist(e), *s. P.* 977, vii. 271, 379, 445, moisture.
 moiste, moyste, *a. ii.* 3123, vii. 413, 1061 ff., moist, vii. 1287.
 moisture, *s. vii.* 730.
 molde, *s. i.* 1607, ii. 1737, *iv.* 1844, vii. 5017, earth; *iv.* 1112, fashion.
 Moloch, vii. 4509.
 moltoun, *s. P.* 1060, sheep.
 monarchie, *s. P.* 673, i. 763.
 mone, *s. (1), i.* 2180, 3143, ii. 703, iii. 556, moan, lament.
 mone, *s. (2), P.* 142, 484, i. 1168, v. 1447, vii. 721 ff., moon.
 mone, *s. (3), i.* 1634, companion.
 moneie, monie, *s. iv.* 2448, v. 11, 610, 1834, 4377, money.
 monelyht, *s. vii.* 733.

- monkes, *s. genit.* iv. 2732.
 monstre, *s. i.* 404, v. 1091, 5275.
 mont, *s. ii.* 3350, 3378, *pl.* montz, P. 755, iv. 1952.
 montaine, montaigne, monteine, *s. iii.* 365, v. 1048, 1288, 1331.
 montance, *s. viii.* 2312, amount.
 monthe, *s. i.* 100, 2026, *pl.* monthes, iv. 2960, a monthe (two monthe) day, iv. 776, 2955.
 mor (1), *s. iv.* 2786, moor.
 mor (2), *see* more.
 Moral, P. 945, (Gregory's) *Moralia*.
 moral, *a. iv.* 2321, v. 1852, viii. 2925.
 More, i. 1686, Moor.
 more, *a. P.* 158, v. 5889; *as subst.* P. 20, 324, 762, *mor*, ii. 996, iv. 1650; *cp.* mo: *adv.* P. 640, i. 1263, iv. 122, *mor*, i. 1951, 2703, ii. 1736, the more, P. 55*, i. 2322, more yit (moreover), iv. 2446.
 more, *v. a. v.* 1614, vii. 1841, 4846, increase.
 mortgage, *s. vii.* 4228.
 Morien, iv. 2609.
 Moris, ii. 937, 975, 1365 ff.
 Morpheus, iv. 3039, 3057.
 morscel, *s. vi.* 6, morsell, viii. 195.
 mortalite, *s. PP.* 284.
 mortiel, *a. iii.* 1532, 2027.
 morwe, *s. i.* 2169, 2852, ii. 2713, iii. 2616, be the m., v. 3415, a morwe, ii. 781; *as a. iv.* 1829.
 morwetyde, *s. iii.* 1221.
 most, *a. superl.* i. 1194, 2074, *def.* moste, ii. 46, iii. 2678, iv. 959, greatest, chief: *adv.* most, P. 120, ii. 2336, v. 233, moste, i. 307, v. 3103.
 mote, *v. n.* viii. 640, 1, 3 *s. pres.* mot, P. 650, i. 1296, 2102, mote, vii. 3536, 3604 ff., viii. 255, 2 *s. most*, ii. 206, *pl.* mote(n), P. 698, ii. 3225, iii. 1030, *pret.* moste, (*as pres.*) P. 525, 646, i. 261, 1333, 2700, v. 526, (*as pret.*) P. 729, i. 2309, *pres. subj.* (expressing a wish), mot, mote, P. 92, 340, i. 2878, 3347: must, may.
 mote, *s. ii.* 576.
 mounte, monte, *v. n.* i. 3065, iv. 1061.
 mous, *s. iii.* 1643, vii. 3572.
 mowe, *s. iv.* 900, v. 1926, grimace.
 mowe, *v. n. inf.* iv. 38, mow, ii. 1670, 1, 3 *s. pres.* mai, may, P. 21, 249, i. 174, 689, 987, 1545, vii. 111, 4144, 2 *s. miht*, myht, i. 247, 710, 2242, ii. 2085, (myght, PP. 97), 2 *pl.* mow ye, iv. 2788, 3 *pl.* mow, v. 6768, *pret.* mihte, myhte, P. 203, 728, i. 1412, 2261, 2332, vii. 5062, (myghte, viii. 3048, PP. 76), miht, iii. 1356, myht, PP. 39, myhte... to, ii. 510, *cp.* vii. 437, be able (to), have power, (may, might).
 mowe, *v. a. ii.* 2375, reap.
 mowth, mouth, *s. i.* 1275, ii. 431, to mowthe, to mouthe, be mowthe, i. 1642, 2433, ii. 485, vii. 5285, *pl.* mouthe, v. 3609, vii. 2653.
 muable, *a. P.* 581, v. 444, viii. 585, changing, easily moved.
 mue, *s. iii.* 1412, cage.
 muk, *s. v.* 4855.
 mule, *s. ii.* 1506, vi. 1835.
 mull, *s. v.* 2310, rubbish.
 multeplie, multiplie, *v. a. n.* iv. 2460, v. 133, 1651; 6423, viii. 29, increase.
 multiplicacioun (-on), *s. iv.* 2573, vii. 159, viii. 86.
 multitude, *s. ii.* 1810, v. 2201.
 Mundus, i. 783.
 murmur, *s. i.* 1345.
 muse, *v. n.* i. 3091, iii. 75, 1219, vii. 4270, reflect, gaze.
 Muse, *s. viii.* 3074*, 3140.
 musette, *s. viii.* 2677, (a musical instrument).
 musike, musique, musique, *s. i.* 497, iv. 2416, 3335, vii. 150.
 musinge, *s. vi.* 126.
 must, vii. 1165.
 my, mi, myn, min, *poss. pron.* P. 63, 85, i. 2, 74 ff., *pl.* my, myn, min, i. 228, iii. 60, iv. 3219; *disj.* myn, i. 950, iii. 896, *pl.* myne, vii. 2333*: al myn one, i. 115, *see* one.
 mydnyht, *a. v.* 3961.
 myht, miht, *s. P.* 655, i. 2848, ii. 1155, vii. 2120, *pl.* mihtes, myhtes, i. 2917, iii. 1112, (myghtes, viii. 3065).
 myht, myhte, *v. mowe*.
 myhtely, *adv.* vii. 242.
 myhti(-y), mihty, mihti, *a. P.* 378, i. 940, 2792, 3013, ii. 1639, (myghti, mighti, PP. 41, 293); *sup.* myhtiest, *def.* myhtieste, P. 736, i. 1098, vii. 1826.
 mylde, *see* milde.
 myle, *see* mile.
 myn, *pron. see* my.
 myn, *s. v.* 86, 2155, myne, mine, iv. 2455, 2553, mine.
 mynde, minde, *s. P.* 93, i. 918, 1618, ii. 2226, v. 5726, viii. 1559, mende, iv. 643, 1961, vii. 1200, mind, memory, mention.
 myne, *v. n. v.* 2121, mine.
 myne, *s. see* myn.

Mynitor, v. 897.
Mynos, v. 5231 ff.
mynour, s. v. 2121, miner.
mynut, *see* minut.
myr, ii. 1974, iii. 1631, iv. 2723, **mir**, i. 683, mire.
mys, *see* mis.
mysbefalle, v. *impers.* i. 459.
mysdrawe, *pp.* P. 430, wrongly drawn.
myst, *see* mist.
mystyme, *see* mistime.
myswreynnt, *pp.* v. 1869, wrongly twisted.
myte, s. v. 4412.

N

Nabal, vii. 4530.
nabeith (=ne abeith), vi. 1378.
Nabugodonosor, P. 595, i. 2786, v. 7018.
Nabuzardan, v. 7013.
Nachaie, vi. 1660.
nacion (-oun), s. i. 394, iv. 1451, viii. 85, 91, kind, race.
nagher(e), *adv.* ii. 1244, 1260, v. 6240, nowhere: *cp.* nowher.
naght, *see* noght.
Naiades, v. 1334.
naked, a. i. 363, 1781, iii. 248 &c., **nakid**, ii. 709, iii. 1429, iv. 403, *def.* **nakede**, iv. 421.
nam (=ne am), i. 743, 2751.
nam, v. a. *pret.* i. 1738, ii. 1438, iii. 1447, **nom**, P. 758, *pp.* **nome**, P. 982, i. 443, 901, 3264, took, taken: **thurgh nome**, v. 3635, penetrated.
name, s. P. 99, 294, i. 806, 2096, name, honour.
name, v. a. P. 87, i. 3394, iii. 1599, iv. 2477, *pret.* **namede**, iv. 468.
namely, *adv.* P. 144, iii. 63, 2633, **namly**, ii. 47, **nameliche**, i. 2370, v. 6345, **namliche**, iv. 1449, especially.
Namplus, iii. 1002 ff., *cp.* **Nauplus**.
naproche (=ne aproche), iv. 1135.
Narcizus, i. 2285, **Narcise**, viii. 2542.
nargh, a. i. 1685, narrow.
nase, s. i. 1678, iv. 2544, vii. 3273, **nose**.
nassote (=ne assote), vii. 4254.
natheles, P. 36, i. 21, 988, vii. 3877, nevertheless, moreover.
nativite, s. i. 392, iv. 2764.
nature, s. ii. 1376, iii. 175, 350 ff., viii. 2224 ff., *pl.* **natures**, vii. 108.
nature, v. a. vii. 393, fashion,

naturel, a. i. 1498, iii. 2581, iv. 2399, vii. 1301.
naturien, s. vi. 1338, vii. 649, 1471, fol-lower of natural magic.
Nauplus, iv. 1816 ff., *cp.* **Namplus**.
navele, s. i. 489.
navie, s. i. 528, 1171, iv. 80, vi. 1445, **navye**, ii. 1128.
nawher(e), *see* nowher.
nay, *adv.* P. 373, i. 740, iii. 55.
nayled, *pp.* vii. 2900.
ne, *adv.* i. 733, iii. 936, iv. 2855, **ne . . . no**, P. 179, i. 159, 792, **ne . . . noght**, i. 166, iii. 570, **that . . . ne**, P. 990, i. 788, 2093, **ne . . . bot**, i. 264, **non . . . ne**, iv. 1400; **ne** (=nor), i. 25, 794, 1082, **ne . . . ne**, viii. 2451, **noght . . . ne noght ne**, i. 2722: **ne hadde he** (if he had not), iv. 2184, **ne hadde be that**, vi. 1755, **that I nere**, **that he ne were**, (O that I were, &c.), iv. 3414, v. 3747.
Neabole, v. 1435.
necessaire, a. vii. 1504.
necessite, s. P. 797, vii. 1704.
negligence, *negligence*, s. iv. 889 ff.
negligent, a. iv. 962, 1031.
necke, s. P. 605, i. 1687.
Nectanabus, v. 6671, vi. 1796 ff., vii. 1296.
neddre, s. vii. 1010, adder: *cp.* **eddre**.
nede, s. P. 227, i. 1988, 2239, **ned**, iv. 3449, *pl.* **nedes**, ii. 3414; **ate nede**, iii. 1772, **mot nede**, **nedes mot**, **moste nedes**, &c., P. 574, i. 1714, ii. 778, iii. 352.
nedeles, a. i. 3267, without need (of help).
nedeth, **needeth**, v. n. 3 s. *pres.* P. 800, i. 2446, iii. 1311, viii. 2245; *impers.* P. 33, i. 283, ii. 1897, 3364: is necessary, (it) is needful.
nedle, s. vi. 559, **nedle and ston**, vi. 1422, viii. 541.
nedly, *adv.* iv. 1168.
nedy, a. v. 7757.
negligence, *see* **negligence**.
neisshe, *see* **neysse**.
Nembrot, **Nembroth**, P. 1018, v. 1547, vii. 1452.
Neptunus, **Neptune**, i. 1152, ii. 180, v. 983 ff., 1146, 6162 ff., vi. 1406, viii. 623, 1595, 1614.
nere (=ne were), iv. 3414.
Nereides, v. 1345.
Nero, vi. 1155 ff.
nerr, a. and *adv. comp.* i. 2323, iii. 1040, iv. 1705, vii. 312, **ner**, ii. 2286, v. 5050; *as prep.* iii. 694: nearer.
Nessus, ii. 2168 ff.

612 GLOSSARY AND INDEX OF PROPER NAMES

nest, *s.* iv. 1669.
 nest, *adv.* *see* next.
 Nestor, iii. 1801 ff.
 net, *s.* iii. 183, iv. 2428.
 netherdes, *s. pl.* v. 1006, neatherds.
 netle, *s.* ii. 401.
 Neuma Pompilius, vii. 3057.
 nevere, *adv.* P. 660, i. 1532, 2324.
 neveremo, *adv.* iv. 2266, neveremor(e),
 v. 2813, 4474, nevermor, ii. 1304.
 nevoeu, *s.* i. 1409, nephew.
 newe, *a.* P. 349, 659, i. 2083, *as subst.*
 P. 1003, i. 1202; of newe, P. 6, uppon
 newe, PP. 315.
 newe, *adv.* P. 163, i. 1665.
 newe, *v. a.* P. 92*, i. 2700, vi. 1497, renew,
 produce; *v. n.* P. 59, viii. 1587, change.
 newefongel, *a.* v. 4367.
 newefot, *s.* vi. 145, (name of a dance).
 next, *adv.* i. 256, 1230, 1964, nest, vii. 1075.
 nexte, *a. def.* ii. 3149.
 neyhe, *v. n.* v. 3782, draw near.
 neysahe, neissahe, *a.* iv. 3681, v. 4693, soft
 nice, *see* nyoe.
 Nicolas, ii. 2809.
 Nigargorus, v. 1521.
 nigromaunce, *s.* v. 6673, vi. 1308.
 niht, *see* nyht.
 Nil, vii. 561.
 nimphe, *s.* i. 365, 2317, *pl.* nimpheas, i.
 2343, v. 1182, 1328 ff., nimphis, v. 6932.
 Ninus, v. 1541.
 nis (= ne is), i. 618, 3382, nys, i. 443, ii.
 2946.
 no, *a.* P. 106, i. 152, no thing, iii. 1824:
cp. non.
 no, *adv.* i. 712, ii. 1931, iv. 2746, no lengere,
 v. 5082.
 noble, *a.* P. 633, i. 3351; *sup.* noblest, i. 465.
 noblele, *s.* i. 2032, vii. 813.
 nobles, *s. pl.* v. 3758, vii. 2376.
 noblesce, noblesse, i. 2100, ii. 2820, v.
 7648.
 Noë, P. 1015, v. 1605, vii. 542, 1452, viii.
 79, 84.
 noght, *s.* P. 624, i. 2197, (nought, viii.
 3078), at noght, i. 1567, 1896, for n.,
 ii. 2696, al to n., iii. 580, as n. ne were,
 iv. 696, 1925, for n. he preide &c., ii.
 1164, 2974, al to noghtes, vii. 412.
 noght, *adv.* P. 124, 221, 270 &c., nought,
 P. 33, 70*, naght, v. 3786, not, vii.
 2198, viii. 3017*.
 noghwhere, *see* nowher.
 noise, *s.* i. 375, 1733, noyse, ii. 3239.
 noise, *v. a.* iv. 3004, disturb.

noide (= ne wolde), vi. 1366, viii. 1603.
 nom, *see* nam.
 noman, P. 41, i. 21 &c., (no man,
 PP. 11).
 nomaner, iii. 173.
 nombre, *s.* vii. 155, number.
 nombre, *v. a.* ii. 1769, vii. 1122.
 nome, *see* nam.
 nomo, *s. pl.* i. 1898, ii. 133, no mo, i. 1272.
 nomore, nomor, *a.* ii. 1526, iv. 603:
subst. i. 270, 1605, 3439; *cp.* nomo:
adv. P. 1086, i. 1226, 2101.
 non, *a.* P. 207, 901, i. 890, iv. 505, 1543,
pl. none, P. 201, iv. 691, 1446, non,
 i. 1336, 1386; in none wise, v. 1637,
 viii. 949; *cp.* no: *pron.* P. 176, ii.
 1828, no one: *adv.* i. 137, 1329, iii.
 2443, not.
 non, *s.* viii. 668, noon.
 Nonardigne, v. 1009.
 noncertein, *s.* viii. 2179, 2378, uncer-
 tainty.
 nones, i. 2538, ii. 1130, iv. 1353, 3009.
 nonne, *s.* viii. 175, nun.
 norrice, *s.* i. 618, ii. 1076, iii. 1936, iv.
 1087, vii. 3573, nurse, nurture.
 north, *s.* viii. 1039.
 Northumberlond, ii. 717.
 not (= ne wot), P. 254, i. 56, iii. 124,
 nost (= ne wost), iv. 1779, nyete
 (= ne wyste), i. 914, iii. 998.
 not, *adv.* *see* noght.
 note, *s.* (1), P. 1058, iv. 434, 699, *pl.* notes,
 i. 496, note (of music), mark.
 note, *s.* (2), iv. 566, nut.
 note, *v. a. n.* iv. 698, 2415, v. 1346, vii.
 2340.
 notefle, *v. a.* ii. 2825.
 notetre, *s.* iv. 867, nut-tree.
 nother, *see* nouthier.
 nothing, *s.* i. 909, ii. 1166 &c., no thing,
 iii. 1824: *adv.* P. 214, i. 3029 &c.
 nouche, *s.* i. 2420, v. 7066, vi. 1134,
 brooch.
 nought, *see* noght.
 noughte (= ne oughte), viii. 2991.
 nouthier, nowther, *a.* iv. 2254; *as conj.*
 i. 271, 2470, ii. 1412, v. 2849, nother,
 iv. 1268: neither.
 novellerie, *s.* v. 3955.
 Novembre, vii. 1167.
 now, nou, *adv.* P. 27 &c., now . . . now,
 nou . . . nou, P. 569 f., i. 90, as now,
 i. 546, tyme now, i. 2379, viii. 2437,
 on daies nou, iv. 1731 (*cp.* nowadaies):
as subst. P. 843, iv. 2772, v. 4501.

nowher, *adv.* ii. 31, noughwhere, vii. 1514, nawher(e), iv. 1044, v. 3269: *cp.* naghære.
 nowhider, *adv.* v. 520.
 nowther, *see* nouthër.
 nyce, nice, *a.* i. 1224, 2016, 2276, ii. 1866, iv. 610, v. 1038, 2818; *as subst.* v. 4725: foolish, fastidious, delicate.
 nyeste, *s.* v. 462, vi. 176, folly.
 nygard, *s.* v. 4850.
 nygardie, *s.* v. 4805.
 nyh, *a.* P. 261; *adv.* P. 884, i. 1527; *prep.* i. 2322, ii. 1115: *cp.* nerr.
 nyht, niht, *s.* P. 939, i. 1167, ii. 2656, nyght, PP. 102, *gen.* nyhtes, i. 860, vii. 358; *be* nyhte, *be* nihte, i. 823, ii. 2681, iii. 148, iv. 420, *be* nyht, iii. 1541, iv. 3057, *at* nyht, i. 870, *on* nyht, i. 1811, *a* nyht, v. 2099, 6507, *to* nyht, i. 944.
 nyhte, *v.* *n.* v. 4955, become night.
 nyhtingale, *s.* i. 355, iv. 2872, v. 5944.
 nyle (= ne wyle), iii. 961.
 nyne, *num.* iii. 1521, v. 4019.
 nynthe, *a.* vii. 1141, 1379.
 nys, *see* nis.
 nyste, *see* not.

O

O, *interj.* i. 124, v. 5677.
 o, *pron.* *a.* i. 1505, v. 2252, 2296, that o, P. 981, v. 2255, that o... that other, v. 2306 ff., *cp.* on *pron.*
 obedience, *s.* i. 1301, 1858.
 obedient, *a.* i. 1291, iv. 1125.
 obeie, *v.* *a.* *n.* P. 729, i. 510, 1269, 1281, 2236, ii. 2612, v. 6364; *refl.* iii. 265; *is* obeyed (to), ii. 1529: obey, submit, do obeisance.
 obeissance, *s.* P. 107, i. 2606, viii. 2713, (obeyssaunce, viii. 3021*), obedience, homage.
 obeissant, *a.* i. 2502, 2795, iv. 425, v. 1351, obedient.
 oblivion, *s.* iv. 651.
 observance, *s.* i. 881, 1869, 2605.
 observe, *v.* *a.* P. 72*, iv. 3252, vii. 4214.
 obstacle, *s.* ii. 1546, iv. 521.
 obstinacie, *s.* iv. 3434.
 obstinat, *a.* iv. 3442, v. 1704.
 oocene, *s.* vii. 592.
 occident, *s.* iv. 3235, vii. 582, thooceident, P. 720, the West.

occupacioun (-on), *s.* iv. 212, 1257, v. 197.
 Octobre, vii. 1139.
 Octovien, v. 4731.
 odde, *a.* vii. 1580.
 Oēnes, iv. 2045.
 Oētes, v. 3321.
 of, *prep.* P. 1, 3, 235, i. 825, 1212, 2237, 2737, ii. 2285, iv. 3414, v. 1998, of, from, by reason of, as regards, by: of that (= since), P. 333, i. 417, 1128, 2566; of tolde, speke of, &c., i. 2866, iv. 2466: *adv.* i. 1745, 2471, off.
 offence, *s.* i. 2072, iii. 104, 614, iv. 505.
 offende, *v.* *n.* P. 422; *v.* *a.* vii. 3243, PP. 245.
 office, *s.* P. 80, i. 2410, iii. 2004, 2218, thoffice, i. 242.
 officer, officier, *s.* i. 647, 2506.
 offre, *v.* *a.* i. 1122, 1159; *v.* *n.* iii. 1990.
 offrende, *s.* i. 936, v. 1638, viii. 956, offringe, iii. 1995, v. 830.
 ofherkne, *v.* *n.* ii. 2007.
 ofte, *adv.* P. 14, i. 620, often, P. 502, ofte sithes (time), i. 118, ii. 2015, often times, v. 4777.
 oftetime, *adv.* vi. 1248.
 oghne, *a.* P. 86, i. 951 &c., oughne, i. 1948, v. 588, owen, viii. 1248, owne, viii. 2954*.
 oght, *s.* P. 846, iv. 673, 1765, 3487, ought, i. 1287, ii. 1930, iv. 1745, auht, v. 6073: *adv.* i. 549, ii. 274, awht, i. 2770.
 oghth, *v.* 3 *s.* *pres.* iii. 2474, *pret.* oghte, i. 462, 2238, v. 4984, oughte, v. 2607, owhte, ii. 549, thou oghtest, iv. 1794; *impers.* ii. 2142, iii. 704, 1666: ought, owe, own.
 oignement, *s.* v. 3596, viii. 2817.
 oil, *s.* vii. 2194, 2584 (*see note*).
 oile, *s.* *see* oyle.
 old, *a.* P. 1003, i. 1072, *def.* olde, i. 2693, 2696, *pl.* olde, P. 7, i. 3390, (*as subst.*) v. 3930; of (be) olde ensample, iii. 782, 1683, be olde tyde, v. 139: *cp.* eldeste.
 Olimpe, v. 3997.
 Olimpas, vi. 1824, 1965.
 olyve, *s.* v. 4142.
 Omelie, v. 1901, Homilies.
 on, *prep.* P. 28, 789, i. 350, 697, 1677, iv. 624, 1632; *adv.* i. 1273: on, in.
 on, *num.* P. 125, i. 194, 1274, 1793, one; in on, P. 159, united; in on, evere in on, P. 523, i. 1795, iii. 526, v. 375, in the same way, without ceasing; on and

- on, i. 194, vi. 1315, one by one: *pron.*
 on, i. 2483, ii. 1217, 1247, iv. 605, 2050,
 oon, ii. 1092, iv. 555, v. 519, on . . .
 other, P. 649, 968, i. 1496, that on
 . . . that other, i. 397, v. 2298, on the
 ferste, &c., iv. 2606, vi. 1481, vii. 3092:
cp. one.
 onde, s. i. 979, v. 3975, emotion, breath.
 one, a. i. 2179, vii. 3619, 4161, al one, P.
 72, i. 351, al myn one, &c., i. 115, iv.
 833, him one, viii. 634, single, alone.
 ones, *adv.* i. 962, ii. 1490, at ones, i. 2202,
 ii. 2301, iv. 2102.
 only, onli, *adv.* P. 265, 719, i. 622, iv.
 3202, onlyche, onlich(e), i. 740, 1948,
 iii. 42.
 onwrong (?), *adv.* P. 65*.
 oon, *see* on, *pron.*
 open, a. P. 34, 865, ii. 431, 776, in open,
 i. 616, leie open, v. 974.
 openly, *adv.* P. 330, i. 2187, openliche,
 i. 1035, ii. 918.
 operacioun (-on), s. vii. 998, 1282.
 opinioun (-on), s. i. 1990, ii. 3214, iii.
 2114, oppinion, P. 531, v. 1174.
 opne, v. a. v. 3594, 5785.
 oppose, v. a. i. 225, 880, 1276, 1601;
 v. n. iii. 436, viii. 1712; question; ask
 questions.
 opposit, s. iv. 3243.
 oppresse, v. a. iii. 49, 2335, v. 889, 1806,
 vi. 568, (*pp.* oppressid, viii. 3019).
 or, *conj.* P. 215, or . . . or, P. 211, i. 740,
 either . . . or, or (that) . . . or, iii. 1192,
 iv. 1093, whether . . . or.
 or, *prep.* *see* er.
 Orace, vii. 3581, *cp.* vi. 1513 *marg.*
 Orayn, v. 806.
 Orbis, vii. 613, 618, 687.
 Orchamus, v. 6727.
 ordeine, ordeigne, v. a. P. 379, i. 828,
 1754, 2126, 2504, 3319, iv. 3624, appoint,
 arrange.
 ordinal, s. vii. 969, arrangement.
 ordinance, s. ii. 677, 1643, iii. 1787,
 ordinaunce, iv. 3559, management,
 order.
 ordre, s. i. 243, 1026, v. 890, order, v.
 6954, *pl.* ordres, i. 608.
 ore, s. ii. 1904, v. 3688, viii. 1401, oar.
 Oreades, v. 1330.
 orf, s. P. 410, cattle.
 orient, s. i. 2789, iv. 3236, vii. 555, thori-
 ent, P. 719.
 original, a. v. 1767, vi. 1.
 orped, a. i. 2590, iii. 2415, valiant.
 Ortolan, iv. 2609.
 Orus, v. 798.
 oth, s. i. 985, 1487, iii. 55, 220, oath.
 other, a. P. 264, other wise, P. 463, i.
 1048, 1615, in othre wise, viii. 3054,
cp. otherwise, an other, i. 178, an-
 other, P. 968, an othre, i. 481, non
 othre, viii. 2962, that other, P. 373,
 i. 1783, ii. 1832 (the next), thother, ii.
 1740, that othre, v. 3172, *pl.* othre, P.
 255, i. 1728, iv. 1184, other, i. 116, iv.
 1183, thother, vii. 371: *as subst.* P.
 1024, an other, i. 1500, iii. 179, vii.
 4741, 5165, an othre, i. 1496, ii. 511,
 ech . . . other, iv. 500, eche (echon) . . .
 othre, i. 2061, 2082, *pl.* othre, P. 427,
 i. 810, 2074: *adv.* i. 1760, other-
 wise.
 othergate, *adv.* P. 440, iv. 2790.
 otherwhile, *adv.* i. 2335 f., 2515, ii. 456,
 1080, sometimes, any time.
 otherwise, *adv.* P. 240, i. 1938, of other-
 wise, ii. 2421: *cp.* other.
 Othes, P. 818.
 Othrin, v. 3997.
 oughne, *see* oghne.
 ought, *see* oght.
 oughte, *see* oghth.
 oule, s. i. 1727, iii. 585, vi. 1450.
 outrage, s. P. 1080, ii. 2967, iii. 1775,
 vii. 1190.
 outtrel, *adv.* vii. 4107, utterly.
 oure, *poss. pron.* P. 5, i. 2062, iii. 1473,
 our, v. 1860.
 ourselve, *pron.* PP. 222, *cp.* ousselve.
 ous, *pers. pron.* P. 1, 5 &c., *refl.* P. 543,
 (us, viii. 3110*), us.
 ousselve, *pron.* P. 525, ouself, iii. 2302,
 ourselves: *cp.* ourselve.
 out, *see* oute.
 outake(n), outtake, *pp.* P. 136, vii. 264;
as prep. i. 3077, iv. 3459, v. 215:
 excepted, except.
 outbreide, v. a. *pret.* iii. 800, out breide,
 viii. 1377, drew out.
 outdrowh, outdrouh, v. a. *pret.* iii.
 1661, v. 3719, drew out.
 oute, out, *adv.* P. 689, i. 1418, ii. 1887,
 3240, iv. 2351, viii. 1377, (*as exclama-*
tion) v. 3910, out of, P. 131, i. 933, &c.
 outh, *conj.* *see* owther.
 outh, *indef. pron.* v. 2836.
 outtake, *see* outake.
 outward, *adv.* P. 447, ii. 2201, v. 1996,
 4399, outwardly, out.
 outwith, a. viii. 2833, outwardly.

- over, *prep.* P. 755, over this, P. 328, (ovyr this, viii. 3005), over that, P. 1017, besides, *cp.* overthis, overthat; over al, iii. 1945, throughout.
- overall, *adv.* P. 119, i. 1713, overall, iv. 2882, everywhere, throughout.
- overblowe, *v. n. v.* 7828.
- overcaste, *v. a.* P. 657, i. 1070, iii. 1010, 1136, 1354, v. 4603, viii. 1042, overthrow, upset, cover (with clouds).
- overcome, *v. a.*, 3 *s. pres.* overcomth, iii. 619, *pret.* overcom, P. 757, overcam, v. 1093, *pp.* overcome, P. 704, i. 970, v. 3745.
- overforth, *adv.* P. 635.
- overgilt, *pp.* viii. 569, gilded over.
- overglad, i. 2713, iv. 678.
- overgladed, *pp.* iii. 106.
- overgo, *v. n.*, 3 *s. pres.* overgoth, iii. 102, overgeth, iii. 1962, *pp.* overgo(n), i. 3325, iv. 664, pass away: *v. a.* iii. 576, 1488, viii. 182, 227, overcome.
- overhaste, *v. a.* iii. 1675.
- overhippe, *v. a. v.* 2004, leap over.
- overladde, *v. a. pret.* iii. 2364, *pp.* overlad, iv. 582, v. 2749, overcame, overcome.
- overlein, *pp.* vii. 3930, oppressed.
- overlippe, *s. v.* 376, upper lip.
- overmo, overmor(e), *adv.* i. 2386, 3361, ii. 378, iii. 918, (ovyrmore, viii. 3029), moreover.
- overpasse, *v. a. i.* 517, 2402, ii. 2401, vii. 1839, 4075, pass over, pass by, avoid, surpass; *v. n. P.* 630, i. 6, 2922, iii. 94, iv. 1134, pass away.
- overrede, *v. a.*, *pret.* overradde, ii. 956, *pp.* overrad, iv. 207, read over.
- overrenne, *v. a.*, *pret.* overran, iii. 2445, *pp.* overronne, i. 2478, iv. 2188, v. 6974, vi. 1059, vii. 862, overrunne, viii. 100, overrun, conquer, pass, omit, transgress.
- overscape, *v. a. i.* 2242, iii. 518, escape from.
- overseie, *pp.* oversein, *v. a. ii.* 1011, viii. 879, looked over.
- oversein, overseie, *a. v.* 3190, viii. 2933, careless, imprudent.
- overset, *v. a. pp.* i. 1953, v. 2707.
- oversit, *v. a. 3 s. pres.* iii. 618, *pret.* oversat, iv. 806, outstay.
- overspradde, *v. a. pret.* v. 1653, 7114*, viii. 1012, 3002*.
- overtake, *v. a. v.* 700, *pret.* overtok, ii. 303, *pp.* overtake, P. 135, ii. 2586, iii. 2098, iv. 3415, overtake, convict, ruin.
- overthat, *adv.* P. 839, iii. 277, moreover; *cp.* over.
- overthis, *adv.* i. 448, 573, iv. 3698, moreover; *cp.* over.
- overthrowe, *v. a. P.* 139, *pret.* overthrew, overthreu, vi. 1590, viii. 2704, *pl.* overthrewe, vi. 2264, turn over, overthrow; *v. n. P.* 969, i. 1886, 1962, ii. 252, *pret. subj.* overthrewe, iii. 1630, be overthrown.
- overtorne, *v. a. iv.* 1280, vi. 129, 1956, (*pp.* ovyrturnyd, viii. 3145), turn over, overturn; *v. n. P.* 958.
- overtrowe, *v. n. i.* 2369.
- overwende, *v. iii.* 1131, v. 1668, overturn, come over.
- overwroth, *a. iii.* 579.
- Ovide, i. 333, 386, 2274, ii. 106, 2297, iii. 361, 381, 736, iv. 1211, 2669 ff., 3317, v. 140, 635, 878, 4229, 5570, 6146, 6710, viii. 2266 ff., 2719.
- owen, *see* oghne.
- owther, outhet, *conj.* i. 2309, iii. 847, iv. 938, either.
- oxe, *s. i.* 2843, ii. 86, v. 10, *pl.* oxen, v. 1023, oxes, iv. 1835.
- oyle, oile, *s. iv.* 257, viii. 1198, 2775, oil.

P

- Paceole, v. 299.
- pacience, *s. ii.* 2819, iii. 12, 1098.
- pacient, *a. iii.* 706.
- packe, *s. v.* 5516, 6094.
- Pafagoine, iv. 2148 ff.
- page, *s. iv.* 1192, foot-boy.
- paie, *v. a. n. iv.* 1848, 3269, v. 2679, 3 *s. p.* paith, v. 4522, paieth, v. 5513, *pret.* payde, v. 1755, *pp.* paid, payd, i. 2449, 3324, ii. 2217, iii. 934, paided, i. 2984, please, pay, satisfy.
- palement, *s. v.* 5087, 5520.
- païen, *s. vii.* 3246* ff., *pl.* païens, vi. 1313, PP. 183, pagan.
- palene, payene, *a. v.* 1137, 1943 païen, vii. 3222*, 4408, pagan.
- paindemeine, *s. vi.* 620.
- Palamades, iii. 1007, iv. 1817.
- pale, *a. i.* 701, 982, ii. 1346.
- paleis, *s. P.* 838, i. 2964, ii. 3231.
- Palene, v. 1199.
- Palladion v. 1833 ff.

- Pallant**, v. 1209.
Pallas, i. 420 ff., v. 1207 ff., 4219, 6149 ff.
palle, v. a. n. v. 5486, vi. 342, weaken, grow weak.
palle, s. v. 6680, covering.
Pan, v. 1007, viii. 2239, 2476.
panche, s. vi. 1000, belly.
Pandas, iv. 2410.
Pandion, v. 5556.
Pandulf, iv. 2408.
panne, s. i. 2472, iv. 2733.
Pantaslee, iv. 2139 ff., v. 2547, **Pantaselee**, viii. 2527.
Panthasas, iv. 3049.
Pantheon, viii. 272.
papacie, s. P. 364, ii. 2895.
papal, a. ii. 2925.
papat, s. ii. 2833, papacy.
paper, s. iv. 198.
Paphos, iv. 435.
Paphus, iv. 434.
pappes, s. *pl.* iii. 2010, 2073.
par, *prep.* see *per*.
paradia, s. P. 1005, i. 3303, iv. 682, v. 1707, vi. 207, **paradya**, i. 502.
parage, s. i. 3336, viii. 351, equal rank, rank.
parail, s. vii. 1038.
paramour, s. iv. 1269, 1470.
Parasie, v. 1011.
paroonner, s. viii. 2535, partner.
pardoun, s. i. 2174, viii. 2896.
parfit, a. iii. 2496, v. 2032, *def.* **parfit**, iv. 2522, **parfite**, iv. 2624; *as subst.* the **parfit**, iv. 2363, v. 1723; *adv.* v. 1714.
parfitly, **parfitli**, *adv.* ii. 755, iv. 2497, v. 2136, **parfithliche**, v. 1732.
parforne, v. a. vii. 1373, viii. 2273, perform.
Paris, v. 7374 ff., viii. 2529.
park, s. i. 1566, iv. 1288.
parlement, s. ii. 1549, 2653, iii. 2130, v. 484.
part, s. P. 64, i. 321, 1376, ii. 174, 1447, *pl.* **pars**, v. 4774, **parts**, v. 7704.
parte, v. a. P. 170, 467, v. 73, divide, distribute: v. n. ii. 1578, v. 131, 3639, 6175, 7582, part (from, with), depart, share.
parti, a. iii. 983, variegated.
parti, s. ii. 1740, v. 7341, part, party.
partie, s. P. 43, 792, 956, ii. 230, part, party: *stant partie*, iii. 1160.
partinge, s. vii. 2008, division.
pas, **pass**, s. i. 1421, ii. 2205, v. 6090, **pass**, **passage**; i. 2183, vi. 1197, **pace**, foot's pace, the **grete pas**, ii. 988, v. 3178; vii. 3283*, (the) **softe pas**, ii. 1509, vii. 4970.
Pasiphe, v. 5279.
passage, s. ii. 1885, 2194, 2209, 3036, iv. 1902, **passage**, passing away.
pass(e)n, v. a. i. 332, 651, 1849, 2175, iv. 1666, viii. 2692, **pass**, **pass through**, **pass over**, **surpass**; v. n. P. 689, i. 142, 499, 1534, 2247, ii. 944, 2810, iv. 2239, v. 5954, vii. 4762, **pass**, **happen**, **pass away**.
passible, a. v. 771, liable to suffer.
passioun (-on), s. P. 915, iii. 2721, vi. 169.
past, s. iii. 447, vi. 620, **paste**, **pastry**.
paste, s. v. 2407, **pasty**.
pasture, v. n. i. 2915.
paternoster, s. v. 7119.
path, s. v. 1990.
patriarch, s. v. 1635, vi. 1040, *pl.* **patriarkes**, viii. 134.
patrimoine, s. P. 741.
Paul (**Emilius**), **Paulus**, ii. 1776 ff.
Pauline, i. 765 ff.
paved, *pp.* viii. 1855.
pay, s. vi. 1208, satisfaction.
payene, see **palene**.
peine, s. P. 509, i. 1209, 1367, ii. 2586, (**peyne**, viii. 3121), *pl.* **peines**, i. 2900, punishment, pain: **do mi peine**, &c. ii. 507, v. 658, **endeavour**.
peine, **peyne**, v. *refl.* iv. 414, viii. 2509, suffer, take pains; **peined**, *pp.* i. 2916, ii. 26, troubled.
peinte, v. a. i. 284, 1346, 2729, ii. 2854, iv. 2138, PP. 329, **paint**, **embellish**.
peinture, s. vi. 1894.
peire, s. v. 5691, p. of **bedes**, viii. 2904.
pels, s. vii. 3119, viii. 2380, weight.
pelse, v. a. P. 540, i. 3377, iii. 2403; v. n. v. 232, viii. 1169: **weigh**, **feel by weight**.
Pelage, ii. 1316.
Peleüs (1), iii. 2550.
Peleus (2), v. 3249 ff., 4187, **Pelias**.
pelote, s. v. 5349, ball.
pelrinage, s. i. 803, ii. 1315, iv. 1199.
penance, **penaunce**, s. P. 471, i. 1669, ii. 2316, viii. 477.
Penele, v. 4006.
penne, s. iii. 271.
Penolope, iv. 152 ff., 1822, vi. 1471, viii. 2621.
penon, s. vi. 1650.
penonceal, s. viii. 988.
pensel, s. vi. 1553, 1733, **pennon**.
Pentapolim, viii. 658, 1966 ff.
peny, s. vii. 2125.

- per, par, *prep.* P. 42*, i. 1521, 2049, 2225, ii. 1644, iii. 2604, iv. 39, 964, 1101, 1239, v. 3351.
 peraunter, *adv.* ii. 563, perchance.
 peroe, *v. a.* iii. 451, iv. 2881, 3030, v. 1678, pierce.
 Peroe, *see* Perse.
 perceive, *v. a.* i. 471, 899; *v. n.* v. 2086.
 perdurable, *a.* vii. 520, viii. 2976, eternal.
 perfeccioun, *s. P.* 436.
 periferie, *s.* vii. 265 ff.
 peril, *s. P.* 381, i. 1076, iii. 185.
 perjurie, *s. v.* 3225, perjure, *v.* 7617.
 perle, *s.* iv. 1313, v. 3015, vii. 4334.
 perled, *a.* i. 2510.
 pernable, *a.* viii. 2931.
 Peronelle, i. 3396.
 perpetuel, *a.* vii. 98.
 perplexete, *s.* viii. 2190.
 perrle, *s.* i. 2997, v. 7117*, vi. 1135, vii. 1397, precious stones, stone.
 Perse (1), Peroe, P. 678 ff., ii. 2548, 2629 ff., iii. 2312, vii. 1784, 3433 ff., 4366 ff., Persia.
 Perse (2), *see* Perseus (2).
 Perse (3), ii. 1784 ff., (name of a dog).
 Perseus (1), i. 419.
 Perseus (2), Perse, ii. 1620, 1647 ff., (king of Macedon).
 Persiens, *pl.* P. 697.
 persone, *s. P.* 71, i. 840, ii. 1098, iv. 160.
 pes, *s. P.* 109, i. 1103, iv. 2046, PP. 62, peas, P. 1061, PP. 35, peace, protection.
 pese, *s. v.* 4409, pea.
 pestilence, *s. P.* 279, ii. 1648, v. 1070.
 pet, *s.* i. 2981, v. 4945 ff., pitt, i. 1908, *pl.* pettes, v. 1114, 4047, puttes, v. 4043, pit.
 Peter, i. 656, ii. 3335, 3478, v. 1871, 1904, *genit.* Petrea, P. 234, PP. 230.
 Petornius, v. 1520.
 Petro, i. 3395.
 Phara, vii. 3697.
 Pharao, v. 1654.
 Phares, v. 7023.
 Pharisee, P. 305.
 Phebe, iv. 3254.
 Phebus, iii. 783 ff., 1688 ff., iv. 979 ff., 3197, 3243 ff., v. 6447 ff., 6740 ff., vii. 4704 ff., Phebum (*acc.*), v. 6719.
 Phedra, *see* Fedra.
 phesant, *s.* vi. 2223.
 Pheton, iv. 983 ff.
 Philemenis, iv. 2151.
 Philemon, iv. 2405.
 Philen, v. 4251.
 Philereim, v. 1163.
 Philippe (1), Philipp, vi. 2112, 2221.
 Philippe (2), ii. 1616.
 philliberd, *s.* iv. 869, filbert.
 Phillis, iv. 743, 866 ff., viii. 2554.
 Philogeus, vii. 857.
 Philomene, v. 5561 ff., viii. 2583.
 philosophie, *s.* iii. 1219, iv. 2399, vi. 1404.
 philosophre, *s.* ii. 2674, iii. 1201, iv. 2453, phillisophre, v. 2080.
 Philotenne, viii. 1337.
 Phinees, vii. 4432.
 phisicien, *s.* viii. 1164, 3156.
 phisique, *s.* ii. 3163, iv. 2420, 3304, vi. 663, 1409, vii. 71, 135; medicine, treatment, physical science.
 phisonomie, *s.* vi. 109.
 phitonessie, *s.* iv. 1937, vi. 2387.
 Phocus, iii. 2551.
 Phoieus, *s.* iii. 2023 ff.
 Phorceus, i. 390.
 Phyrina, v. 6372.
 ploh, *s.* v. 2176, 5349, viii. 1109, pitch.
 Pictagoras, vi. 1410.
 pie, *s.* iv. 3001, v. 1998, magpie.
 piece, *s.* v. 1338, al to pieces, iii. 465, 1048.
 pier, *s.* i. 3337, iii. 1344, vii. 2461; *as a.* i. 3365: peer, equal.
 pieresles, *a.* viii. 286, PP. 305.
 pietous, *a.* vii. 3159, 3271, merciful.
 pigne, *s.* v. 1010, pine.
 pike, pyke, *v. a. n.* i. 698, 2568, iii. 500, iv. 2650, v. 6633, 6681, vii. 1590, 2282, pick, choose, assume.
 pilage, *s.* v. 2071, 6172, vii. 2035, plunder, plundering.
 pile(n), *v. a. n.* P. 401, iii. 2359, vii. 4053, plunder.
 pilgrin, *s.* i. 2041, pilgrim.
 Pileon, iv. 1980.
 piler, *s.* iv. 2054, v. 1670, pillar.
 pilour, *s.* iii. 2372, robber.
 pilwe, *s.* i. 2986, iv. 3021, v. 540, pillow.
 piment, *see* pyment.
 pinnacle, *s.* iv. 3662.
 pipe, pype, *s.* iv. 3334, 3342, v. 1032, viii. 2675.
 pipe, *v. n.* iv. 3343, v. 95, 1032.
 pipinge, *s.* iv. 3345, viii. 2477.
 Piramus, iii. 1376 ff., 1660, viii. 2543.
 pire, *v. n.* vi. 818, peer.
 piromance, *s.* vi. 1298, divination by fire.
 Pirotoüs, vi. 489.
 Pirrus, iv. 2161, v. 3195, viii. 2593.

618 GLOSSARY AND INDEX OF PROPER NAMES

Piscis, vii. 1216, **Pisces**, vii. 1253.
pitance, s. vi. 877, portion (of food).
pite, s. P. 320, i. 2203, ii. 3174, vii. 3107, ff., **pitée**, vii. 3177*, mercy, pity.
pitous, a. i. 122, 680, 979, vii. 3125.
pitously, *adv.* iii. 1663, iv. 3621, **pitousliche**, iv. 2810.
pitousnesse, s. vii. 3526.
pitt, *see* **pet**.
place, s. i. 136, 1314, 1513, a **place**, i. 2377, iv. 2451, *cp.* **aplace**.
planetrie, s. vii. 1469.
planete, s. iii. 1216, iv. 2467, v. 753, vii. 637 ff.
planisperie, s. vii. 1464.
plante, v. a. PP. 368.
planteine, s. vii. 1391.
plat, *adv.* i. 472, 1495, ii. 2047, vii. 4084, flatly, plainly.
plate, s. v. 3111, 7113*.
Plato, vi. 1404, viii. 2718.
plaunte, s. ii. 2370.
plede, v. n. vii. 2069.
pledour, s. ii. 3416.
ple, **plee**, s. ii. 3416, vii. 2068, **plea**.
plele, v. n. i. 54, 348, 1764, 1854, 2031, v. 6786, vii. 2423, **pleye**, P. 85*, viii. 3057*, *refl.* i. 364, iii. 151; v. a. iv. 904.
plelefieres, s. *pl.* iv. 482.
pleigne, v. n. P. 183, 747, i. 999, ii. 446, 1650, **pleine**, iv. 3180, complain.
pleignte, **pleinte**, s. i. 3026, ii. 293, iii. 1983, iv. 117, complaint.
plein, a. (1), iv. 1539, vii. 931, *def.* **pleine**, i. 864, full.
plein, a. (2), P. 184, 408, i. 282, 736, vii. 2350, viii. 1982, *def.* **pleine**, v. 5251, *pl.* **pleyne**, viii. 3122, level, simple, plain, smooth.
plein, *adv.* i. 1490, 1656, ii. 1452, iv. 39, vii. 1594, fully, plainly.
pleine, **plein**, s. i. 113, 357, ii. 1498, v. 1287.
pleinly, **pleinli**, *adv.* P. 473, i. 127, ii. 1238, 2789, **pleinliche**, i. 211, fully, plainly.
pleinte, *see* **pleignte**.
pleintif, a. iv. 154.
plenerliche, *adv.* P. 527, i. 1278, **plenerly**, vii. 525, fully.
plente, s. P. 97, v. 2218.
plentivous, **plentevous**, a. v. 2147, vii. 931, abundant.
plesance, s. i. 882, 1499, 2617, ii. 1177.
pleasant, a. i. 1503, v. 1295.

plese(n), v. a. P. 192, i. 1698, 3051, ii. 1450, v. 4761.
plesir, s. v. 501.
pley, s. P. 85*, vi. 1852, viii. 692.
pleye, *see* **plele**.
pleyinge, s. viii. 3082*.
Pliades, vii. 1320.
plie, v. a. i. 578, 1249, ii. 3419, **plye**, vii. 3871, bend; v. n. i. 1779, iii. 871, iv. 3564, bend, submit; ii. 3146, strive.
plight, s. vii. 4228, engagement.
plihte, **plyhte** (1), v. a. iii. 1508, *pret.* **plihte**, **plyhte**, i. 822, ii. 1205, *pp.* **pliht**, iv. 757, engage.
plihte (2), v. a. *pret.*, to **plihte**, v. 850, tore in pieces.
plit, s. P. 57, 296, i. 989, 1663, 2579, ii. 692, v. 2031, **plyt**, ii. 2980, condition, state of things, manner.
plover, s. vi. 943.
plowh, **plouh**, s. i. 1566, 3257, iii. 514, v. 3720, **plogh**, iv. 2383, plough, ploughed land.
plowed, a. vii. 1162, of the plough.
plowman, s. ii. 3422.
Pluto, iv. 2851, v. 1104, 1146, 1290, 4052.
plye, *see* **plie**.
plyhte, *see* **plihte**.
pocock, s. v. 6498.
poepie, s. P. 107, i. 1193.
poesie, s. iv. 1038, 2668, v. 6806.
poete, s. i. 386, ii. 121, viii. 2719.
point, i. 73, 1229, iii. 308, viii. 2579 f., (*poynt*, vii. 3157*), *pl.* **points**, i. 288, vii. 1706; in the **point as** (as soon as), P. 268, in **p. to**, ii. 1016, in **good p.**, ii. 2792, *cp.* vii. 4654, out of **p.**, i. 1304: point, condition, manner.
pointure, s. vii. 1048, prick.
policed, *pp.* i. 2543, polished.
policie, s. iii. 459, vii. 1683, 1986, &c.
Poliphemus, **Polipheme**, ii. 107 ff.
Polixenen, iv. 1696, **Polixena**, v. 7593, viii. 2593.
pomel, iii. 307, 1443.
pompe, s. P. 304, i. 2685, ii. 1773.
Pompele, v. 5533, vii. 3215 ff.
Pompilius, *see* **Neuma**.
Pontsorge, ii. 3003.
pope, s. P. 371, 745, ii. 635, 2809 ff., PP. 383.
popl, s. iv. 3007, poppy.
por repouer, viii. 2907.
porchace, *see* **pourchace**.
pore, *see* **povere**.
porpartie, *see* **pourpartie**.
porpos, *see* **pourpos**.

- poursuite, *see* poursuite.
 port, s. (1), i. 674, 3429, iv. 1187, v. 1426, viii. 2195, bearing, behaviour, kind.
 port, s. (2), viii. 387, harbour.
 porte, s. ii. 1114 ff., porthole.
 porveance, *see* pourveance.
 positif, a. P. 247, iii. 172.
 possessioun (-on), s. P. 684, ii. 3480, v. 64, v. 1685.
 pot, s. iii. 656, vii. 3742, *pl.* pottes, P. 614, vi. 914.
 potestat, s. iv. 3522.
 poudre, *see* pouldre.
 pouer, P. 144, i. 2892, ii. 928, iii. 1779, (power, viii. 3062 ff.).
 Poul, ii. 3335, 3478, v. 1910.
 pouldre, poudre, s. P. 623, i. 2003, vii. 354, powder.
 Poulins, iv. 2420.
 pound, s. iv. 2591, v. 2719.
 pourchace, purchase, v. a. i. 816, iii. 1484, iv. 1996, purchase, P. 129, viii. 3132, porchace, v. 4684, procure, seek after; v. n. i. 2157, ii. 3504, v. 2001, vi. 1944, endeavour, make gain, succeed.
 pourchas, s. v. 6089, gain.
 poure, v. a. iii. 679, v. 2222, pour.
 porpartie, s. i. 406, v. 7000, porpartie, v. 1691, share.
 pourpos, s. i. 642, 1178, porpos, v. 3363.
 pourpose, v. a. n. ii. 2528, purpose, P. 53; *refl.* v. 1988.
 pourpre, s. vi. 990, purple.
 pours, purs, s. ii. 2683 ff., v. 5093 ff., purse.
 poursuiant, s. ii. 2552, *pl.* poursuiantz, ii. 239, suitor.
 poursuite, v. a. i. 946, iv. 2685, pursue, iv. 3453, pursue, attain to; v. n. ii. 255, 2630, iii. 1673, vi. 2406, make pursuit, continue.
 poursuite, poursuite, s. iv. 28, v. 4423.
 pourtreie, v. a. vii. 4876.
 pourture, s. iv. 2421, v. 757.
 pourveance, s. P. 585, i. 1916, 2028, v. 926, 5539, porveance, porveance, P. 188, v. 2674, providence, foresight, provision.
 pourveie, v. a. i. 843, iv. 204, *pp.* pourveid, v. 4021, pourveied, vii. 1681; v. n. ii. 1327; *impers.* viii. 24: provide, ordain.
 pourveour, s. v. 1997, procurer.
 povere, a. P. 227, i. 2098, 3010, pore, viii. 2411; *as subst.* P. 317, vi. 1004; *superl.* the povereste, iv. 2238.
 poverté, s. P. 303, i. 1353, iv. 2219.
 power, *see* pouer.
 pratique, s. iv. 2612, vii. 41, 1648 ff., method, moral science.
 prance, v. n. vi. 1191.
 preche(n), v. a. ii. 3433, iii. 2500, v. 3361 (admonish); v. n. P. 231, i. 1277.
 preching, s. v. 1906.
 prechour, s. ii. 3356.
 precious, a. v. 1549, *pl.* precieuse, iv. 1354.
 preferre, v. a. ii. 3073, 3254, iv. 1806, vii. 2824.
 preie, s. iii. 1393, 2605, prey.
 preie, v. a. n. P. 231, i. 804, 3195, iv. 369, prae, ii. 1933, viii. 2998, (preye, P. 31*, 66*), prai (1 s. *pres.*) i. 220, 3 s. *pres.* preith, P. 748, *pret.* preide, P. 600, i. 1549, ii. 1120, iv. 398, 1368, preyde, iv. 192, *pp.* preid, v. 4241, *imperat.* prei, i. 2937, vi. 451; pray to, pray for, pray.
 preiere, s. i. 794, iii. 135, iv. 172, 3231, prayer.
 preise, v. a. n. P. 539, i. 2120, ii. 394, v. 231.
 preisinge, s. ii. 407.
 preinyng, s. vi. 426.
 prelatie, s. P. 287, v. 1902.
 prelat, s. P. 294, vii. 4246, *pl.* prelatz, v. 1850, PP. 247.
 prenostik, s. ii. 1793, presage.
 preparacion, s. vii. 1429.
 pres, press, presse, s. iv. 148, 2162, v. 4, 2440, 7253, viii. 904, 2751, crowd, eagerness: in presse, iv. 2849, down below (*cp.* Chaucer, *Troilus*, i. 559).
 presage, s. ii. 1790.
 presence, s. i. 1635, 2071, ii. 757, v. 1069.
 present, s. v. 4204, in present, v. 3595, *pl.* presens, vi. 1497, gift.
 present, a. P. 587, ii. 1368.
 presente, v. a. v. 1911, viii. 2307; *refl.* v. 2093.
 preserve, v. a. vii. 3856, viii. 1961.
 press, presse, s. *see* pres.
 presse, v. a. ii. 462, 1733; v. n. viii. 2752.
 prest, priest, s. i. 193 ff., iii. 2275, 2556, *pl.* prestes, i. 810.
 presthod(e), s. P. 259, viii. 2079.
 presumpcioun, s. i. 1989.
 pretoire, s. vii. 2847.
 Priamus, iii. 975, 1890, v. 7226 ff., viii. 2523, 2592.

- pricke, s. P. 396, i. 3311, iii. 116.
 pride, s. P. 224, i. 581 &c.
 pride, pryde, *v. refl.* i. 2372, ii. 1811; *pp.*
 prided, PP. 257.
 prie, *v. n.* iv. 1176, v. 7078, pryhe, v.
 470.
 priente, s. i. 555, vi. 2149, print.
 prieve, *see* prove, proeve.
 prike, *v. a. n.* i. 2036, iv. 997, vi. 1191,
 spur, ride.
 prime, s. v. 3880.
 primerole, s. vii. 1214, 1362, primrose.
 princē, s. P. 45, ii. 633, iii. 1005.
 prinche, *v. n.* v. 4854.
 principal, *a. i.* 307, 581, iv. 2489, v. 1115;
as subst. iii. 1282, v. 1995, 6446, in
 principal, vii. 29.
 prioress, s. v. 891.
 pris, s. P. 42, i. 848, 1900, 2525, 2755,
 3304, 3329, vii. 3966, *priss*, vii. 4364,
 value, prize, fame, praise: sette pris
 of, i. 3068, iii. 1454, iv. 908, value,
 stonde in p., iv. 2632, v. 1708, *cp.* ii.
 278, be valued, be praised.
 prisoner, s. iii. 2375, v. 7212, vii. 2374.
 prisoun (-on), s. ii. 1854, iv. 1042 ff., v.
 5734, *prison*, vii. 2630.
 prive, pryve, *v. a.* vii. 3270, 4040, de-
 prive.
 prive, *a. i.* 815, 1738, ii. 2858, vii. 121,
 privi, v. 7621, (preve, PP. 128), in
 prive, ii. 686; secret.
 prively (-li), *adv.* i. 898, 2069, v. 2143,
 privelich(e), ii. 1695, v. 1247.
 privete, privite, s. i. 1660, ii. 1416, 1651,
pl. privetes, i. 2806.
 privilege, privileg, P. 103, v. 7173,
 vii. 1989, (previlege, PP. 245).
 probleme, s. i. 3071, viii. 1681.
 procede, *v. n.* P. 405, 1025, iv. 1.
 process, s. viii. 269.
 processoun, s. i. 1140, v. 7560.
 proclame, *v. a.* P. 88, ii. 3039, iv. 2478.
 procurour, s. v. 2862.
 prodegalite, s. v. 7645, vii. 2026.
 proeve(n), prove(n), *v. a. n.* P. 556, 926,
 948, i. 61, 758, 1851, iii. 2311, prieve,
 vii. 126, try, prove, appear.
 professed, *pp.* v. 890, 1805, viii. 1848,
 bound by vow.
 professioun (-on), s. ii. 2383, viii. 1266.
 profit, s. P. 295, ii. 348, iii. 2468, v.
 188.
 profitable, *a.* ii. 2201, PP. 300.
 profite, *v. n.* iv. 2298, 2572.
 profre, *v. a. n. and refl.* iii. 1988, iv. 1130,
 3 s. *pres.* proferth, i. 1693, profreth,
 i. 1772, v. 5322, 6923, offer.
 profre, s. iii. 1989, v. 4745, offer.
 progenie, s. ii. 592, iv. 2701.
 Progne, v. 5559 ff., viii. 2583.
 prolacioun (-on), s. ii. 2875, vii. 173,
 utterance.
 proliffoacion, iv. 3248, fruitfulness.
 prologe, s. P. 66.
 promission, s. v. 1686, promise.
 Promotheüs, iv. 2422, v. 1523.
 pronounce, *v. a.* ii. 391, v. 7321.
 prophecie, s. P. 588, ii. 1857, iii. 764.
 prophecie, *v. a.* v. 1167.
 prophete, s. v. 1693, vi. 1093, vii. 2560.
 prophetesse, s. ii. 1802.
 propordion, s. v. 2531, 7245.
 propre, *a.* P. 258, 535, i. 3393, ii. 2365, iii.
 2361, iv. 2543, proper, own, appropriate;
adv. vii. 4011, for (his) own part.
 proprely (-li), *adv.* i. 299, ii. 289, v.
 1328, vii. 1268, properly, P. 947, pro-
 preliche, iv. 5.
 proprete, s. P. 929, ii. 2377, iii. 2326, v.
 1336, (proprite, PP. 326), *pl.* propretes,
 i. 257, iii. 1225, propretees, vii. 63.
 Proserpine, Proserpina, iv. 2850, v.
 1277, 4053.
 prosperite, s. i. 2802, iv. 1213.
 proteccioun, s. v. 2573, viii. 3040*.
 Protheselai, iv. 1901.
 Protheüs, v. 3082, 6672.
 proud, *a.* P. 347, 712, v. 198, *def.* proude,
 P. 222, i. 1980; *sup.* proudest, i.
 1996.
 proudly, *adv.* i. 1912.
 prouesse (-esce), P. 98, i. 1083, ii. 2589,
 iv. 2302.
 prove, *v. see* proeve.
 prove, s. ii. 1673, prieve, ii. 2022, vi.
 1924, trial.
 Provence, ii. 3004.
 provende, s. P. 210, prebend.
 proverbe, s. P. 786, v. 6631, vi. 448, vii.
 1961.
 providence, s. ii. 1322, iv. 863, vii.
 3941.
 province, s. vii. 2770.
 provisour, s. v. 2905.
 prudence, s. iv. 2652, v. 2289.
 prune, *v. refl.* vi. 2203, trim (oneself).
 Prus, iv. 1630.
 pryhe, *see* prie.
 pryve, *see* prive, *v.*
 Pseudo, v. 1879.
 Puile, v. 2064 ff., 2646.

pulson, puyson, *s. i.* 2645, *ii.* 565, *iii.* 2457, *vi.* 2246, *poison*.
pulle, *v. a. P.* 400, *ii.* 1788, *imperat.* pull, *iv.* 723.
purchase, *see* **pourchace**.
pure, *a. P.* 742, *i.* 1721, 1987, *iii.* 2214; *sup.* the purest, *P.* 921; *pure*, *mere*, *absolute*.
pure, *v. a. iv.* 2555.
purefie, purifie, *v. a. i.* 1044, *ii.* 3460.
purgatoire, *s. i.* 1776, 2682.
purge, *v. a. i.* 1039.
purifie, *see* **purefie**.
purpose, *see* **pourpose**.
purs, *see* **pours**.
pusillamite, *s. iv.* 314, 707, *vii.* 3527.
put, *s. see* **pet**.
pute(n), *v. a. inf. i.* 462, *ii.* 1551, *iii.* 547, 2648, *iv.* 1641, *putte*, *iv.* 2288, *put*, *i.* 1578, 3213, *ii.* 93, *1 s. pres.* *put*, *i.* 732, *v.* 2951, *3 s. put*, *i.* 690, *ii.* 2493, *3 pl. pres. (subj.) putte*, *v.* 608, *pres. putte*, *P.* 1069, *i.* 2797, *pitte*, *viii.* 2796, *put*, *P.* 683, 693, 718, *i.* 1013, 1807, *putt (pl.)*, *v.* 7417, *imperat. sing. put*, *ii.* 3154, *pl. putteth*, *ii.* 1033.
pyke, *see* **pike**.
pyl, *s. ii.* 390, *pile* (*as in the phrase 'cross or pile'*).
Pymaleon, *iv.* 372.
pymment, piment, *s. vi.* 218, 337.
pyne, *s. v.* 4020, *pain*.

Q

quake, *v. n., pres. quok, qwok*, *iii.* 258, *vi.* 2206.
qualite, *s. P.* 954.
quant, *see* **tant**.
quarel, *s. v.* 7239, *bolt*.
queene, queen, quen, *see* **qwene**.
queint, queynte, *see* **quenche**.
queinte, qweinte, *a. i.* 283, 2730, *ii.* 2853, *iv.* 2314, *v.* 4623, *viii.* 2687, *cunning, curious, gentle*.
queintise, *s. i.* 906, *ii.* 2403, *cunning*.
queintise, *v. a. viii.* 2472, *adorn*.
quelle, *v. a. v.* 5357, *kill*.
queme, *see* **qweme**.
quenche, *v. a. ii.* 1627, *vi.* 452, *pres. queynte*, *v.* 3697, *pp. queint, queynt*, *ii.* 1556, 1748, *v.* 2223.
querelle, *s. P.* 277, *i.* 134, 1822, *ii.* 16, *v.*

2066, *querelle*, *ii.* 2703, 2967, *cause, quarrel, enterprise*.
querelle, *v. n. vii.* 3172*.
queste, *s. v.* 2878.
questioun (-on), *s. i.* 1013, 1460, 3098, *iii.* 2245, *question, torture*.
quik, quyk, qwik, *a. v.* 6774, *vii.* 2898, *viii.* 2451, *def. qwike*, *ii.* 2779, *pl. s. qwike*, *ii.* 3405, *alive, living*.
quikselver, *s. iv.* 2475.
quit, qwyt, *a. i.* 1664, *ii.* 691, *iii.* 1588, *iv.* 661, *pl. quyte*, *iii.* 2577, *free, unpunished*.
quite, quyte, *v. a. i.* 3347, *iii.* 1608, *v.* 7184*, *viii.* 1255, (*qwiten*, *PP.* 279), *pp. quit*, *iii.* 2194, *v.* 7729; *pay for, requite, acquit*.
quod, *v. pres. i.* 183, 1273, 1557, 3183, *said*.
qwed, qued, *s. iii.* 1534, *v.* 3568, *bad thing, villain*.
qweinte, *see* **queinte**.
qweme, queme, *v. a. n. ii.* 197, *iii.* 902, *v.* 4366, *queeme*, *vii.* 2312; *impers. iv.* 746, 966: *please, be pleasing*.
qwene, qweene, *s. i.* 139, 1914, 2601, *queene*, *i.* 132, *queen*, *viii.* 1896, *qwen, quen*, *v.* 2543 ff.
qwik, *see* **quik**.
qwok, *see* **quake**.
qwyt, *see* **quit**.

R

raoches, *s. pl. v.* 4388, *hounds (hunting by scent)*.
Rachel, *viii.* 127.
rage, *s. P.* 1079, *i.* 2620, 2945, *ii.* 910, 1275, *pl. rages*, *vii.* 3410.
rage, *v. n. i.* 1764, *sport*.
Rageman, *s. viii.* 2379, *see note*.
ragerie, *s. v.* 6258, *sport*.
Rages, *vii.* 5313.
ragged, *a. v.* 1509.
ragges, *s. pl. i.* 1723.
Raguel, *vii.* 5315.
raile, *s. vi.* 2201.
ramage, *a. iii.* 2430, *wild*.
Ramoth Galaath, *vii.* 2541.
rampe, *v. n. vi.* 2182, 2230, *vii.* 2573.
rancoun, *s. v.* 1755, *vii.* 3426.
rancour, *iii.* 2730, *vii.* 3443.
ransake, *v. a. v.* 6094.
rape, *s. iii.* 517, 1625, *haste*.

- rape, *v. n.* iii. 1678, hasten.
 Raphael, vii. 5358, viii. 44.
 rase, *v. n. v.* 4090, run swiftly.
 rased, *pp.* iv. 580, erased.
 rasour, *as a.* ii. 830.
 rathere, *adv. comp.* i. 2748, ii. 503, iv. 2195, 2756, rather, *P.* 88*, iv. 1619, sooner, rather; *superl.* rathest, i. 27, iii. 2121.
 rave, *v. n.* iii. 91, vii. 4109, be mad, rage.
 raven, *s.* iii. 812, 2077.
 RAVENNE, i. 2638.
 ravine, *s.* iii. 2433, v. 5507 ff., rapine, robbery by violence.
 raviner, *s. v.* 5530, 5627.
 ravisht, *a.* iv. 683.
 Razel, vi. 1316.
 Rea, v. 849.
 real, *a.* i. 2924, v. 5551, vii. 2449, viii. 1526, royal.
 reali (-y), *adv.* viii. 1563, 1747, royally.
 realme, *s.* vii. 49, 646.
 realte, *s.* i. 2063, vii. 3810, royalty.
 Rebecke, viii. 115.
 rebell, ii. 1718, rebellious.
 rebelle, *v. n. v.* 2065.
 rebuke, *v. a. v.* 689, vii. 2668.
 recche, *v. n.* ii. 2344, v. 4402, *pret.* rowhte, iv. 3547, roghte, v. 6383, have care; *v. a., pret.* roghte, vii. 3010, care for; *impers.* ii. 252, v. 4702, *pret.* roghte, ii. 2403, iii. 664, v. 938, be a care (to).
 receite, receipte, *s.* vi. 290, vii. 991, receiving, receiptacle.
 receive, receyve, *v. a. P.* 178, i. 872, 1208, viii. 1974, resceive, vii. 1819, viii. 1287.
 recepcion, *s.* vi. 1962.
 reclame, *v. a. v.* 4724, vii. 1843, viii. 54, 2721, call back (as a hawk), summon.
 reclus, *a.* ii. 2817.
 recomande, *v. a. P.* 29*, vi. 949.
 reconcile, *v. a. P.* 185, v. 1743*, recon-
 sile, v. 1783, vii. 1578.
 record, *s. P.* 122, i. 850, ii. 939, 1696, v. 3082, viii. 1518, be (stonde) of r., i. 1116, 1632, 3363, iii. 2060.
 recorde(n), *v. a. n. P.* 964, i. 481, ii. 106, 629, 892, iii. 1377, iv. 562, 1639, v. 3681, viii. 2204, remember, take note of, relate, repeat.
 recovere, *v. a.* iii. 578, 1998, iv. 1485, v. 303, 6579; *v. n. v.* 2429, 4420: get back, make good, help; prosper.
 recoverir, *s.* ii. 3159, v. 228, 6195, remedy, expedient.
 recreacioun (-on), *s.* vi. 638, vii. 477.
 red, *a.* iv. 386, *def.* rede, v. 1661, 4011, *pl.* rede, ii. 402; *as subst.* the rede, iv. 2571: red.
 red, *s.* i. 108, 1563, 2146, ii. 116, 2065, to rede, iii. 1771, vii. 3634; advice, counsel.
 reddour, *s.* iii. 348, v. 4558, vii. 3151, harshness, strictness.
 rede, *v. a. n. P.* 15, i. 2271, ii. 104, *pret.* radde, v. 3693, *pp.* rad, ii. 1045, iv. 571, *imperat.* red, vii. 1596, read: *P.* 16, i. 914, 1294, 1 *s. pres.* rede, i. 78, 1396, red, vi. 1359, *pret.* radde, iv. 1842, advise, decide.
 rede, *v. n.* iv. 185, v. 5988, grow red.
 redely (-li), redily, redyly, *adv.* *P.* 948, i. 1533, ii. 1221, v. 297, 366, 1601, 2239, 6462, 7836, easily, quickly, eagerly.
 redi, redy, *a. P.* 424, i. 856, 2093, ii. 3444, iii. 83, v. 1036: *adv.* iii. 449.
 redinesse, *s.* iv. 2356.
 redinge, *s.* vi. 878.
 redresce, *v. a. P.* 486, i. 3417, ii. 2427, redresse, ii. 1801, (*pp.* redressid, viii. 3020); set right, reform.
 redy, *see* redi.
 reforme, *v. a.* i. 3035, ii. 3404, iv. 2945, vii. 1538, restore.
 refreche, *v. a.* vi. 710.
 refte, *v. a. pret.* v. 5697, viii. 2517.
 refus, *s.* viii. 686, refused.
 refuse, *v. a. n. P.* 74*, i. 1015, iii. 76, 1195, iv. 1238, 1750, (*pp.* refusid, viii. 2963), deny, refuse.
 regalie, *s.* *P.* 103, i. 2959, ii. 1022, vii. 1684, royal estate, royalty.
 regiment, *s.* ii. 1751, vii. 915, 1245, 1702, rule, government.
 regioun, region, *s.* iv. 2939, v. 2599, 6032.
 registre, *s.* vii. 19.
 registred, *v. a. pp.* ii. 3031.
 regne, *s.* *P.* 127, 579, ii. 2651.
 regne(n), *v. n. P.* 32*, i. 2890, 3036, v. 3253, (reigne, *PP.* 331), reign.
 regard, *s.* iv. 3520.
 reguerdoned, *v. a. pp.* iii. 2716.
 reguerdoun, *s.* v. 2368.
 reherce, reherse, *v. a.* i. 584, 1637, ii. 1682, iv. 3029, declare, repeat.
 rein, reyn, *s.* iii. 692, vii. 286, viii. 1592, *pl.* reines, i. 2987, rain.
 reinbowe, *s.* v. 1185.
 reine, reyne, *v. n. i.* 2925, iii. 689; *v. a.* v. 1672: rain.
 reins, *s. pl.* viii. 2819, reins (of the body).

- reissahe, reysahe**, *s.* ii. 42, *v.* 4694, **rissahe**, iv. 2853, *rush*.
rejoie, *v. refl.* vi. 208.
rekeninghe, *s.* iii. 2283.
rekevere, *v. refl.* viii. 2129, *recover*: *cp.* *recovere*.
rekne(n), *v. n.* iii. 64, vii. 1101.
relacion, *s.* vi. 2254, *report*.
reles, *s.* i. 1188, iii. 848, vi. 253, *deliverance*, *release*, *power* (?).
relesse, *v. a.* ii. 2904, 3322, iv. 1572, vii. 3005.
relief, *s.* vi. 640, *satisfaction*.
relieve, *v. a.* i. 104, ii. 172, iii. 1316, 2636, *v.* 2135, 2628, vi. 678, *raise up*, *assist*, *relieve*, *satisfy*.
religioun (-on), *s.* i. 623, viii. 158, 1265, 1456.
remembrance, *s.* P. 69, i. 1060, 3392, ii. 1519, iii. 2558, **remembraunce**, iv. 449, *memory*, *mention*.
remembre, *v. i.* 2682, vii. 1118, *have memory*, *remember*.
remenant, *s.* P. 963, i. 1184, 3016, 3294.
remene, *v. a.* i. 279, *v.* 6541, (*bring back*), *apply*.
remission, *s.* v. 4445.
remuable, *a.* vii. 4896, *unstable*.
remue, *v. a.* i. 1327, iii. 1165; *v. n.* iii. 1411, *v.* 5646; *move*, *remove*.
Ramus, *v.* 900.
rende, *v. a., pret.* **rente**, iii. 2072.
rendre, *v. a.* viii. 1253, *deliver*.
renegat, *s.* ii. 1093.
renes, *s. pl.* iv. 998, *reins* (*for driving*).
renne, *v. n.* P. 505, ii. 24, 401, 1972, *pret.* **ran**, ii. 2296, *pl.* **ronne**, i. 373, **runne**, vii. 4869, viii. 750, *pp.* **runne**, *v.* 6127.
renomed, *a.* i. 2653.
renomee, *s.* iv. 1250.
renoun, *s.* iii. 1886, iv. 2154.
renounce, *v. a.* ii. 2931.
rente, *s.* i. 1566, 3356, *v.* 1053.
repast, *s.* vi. 698, 926.
repeire, *v. n.* vii. 1136.
repentaille, *s.* v. 6783, viii. 3101*.
repentance, *s.* i. 2446, iii. 803, *v.* 296.
repente, *v. a. n.* i. 757, iii. 2184, *v.* 2837; *refl.* iii. 1814, viii. 255; *impers.* vii. 5328.
replie, *v. n.* v. 4644.
repos, *s.* v. 508.
reposer, viii. 2907.
represe, *v. a.* vii. 2410, 3334*.
reprise, *s.* i. 3308, 3414, *v.* 4708, *retribution*, *cost*.
reproef, *s.* P. 490, vii. 4108.
reprove(n), *v. a.* iii. 498, 1274, iv. 862, *reprove*, *v.* 4619.
reptil, *s.* vii. 1011.
requeste, *s.* ii. 1491, **reqweste**, PP. 27.
resousuper, *s.* vi. 911, *late supper*.
rereward, *s.* ii. 1827, *rear-guard*.
res, *s.* iii. 1152, 1671, vi. 58, *haste*.
resoeive, *see* *receive*.
rescoue, *v. a.* i. 667, vi. 96, **resoowe**, *v.* 2019, *save*, *deliver*.
rescouss, ii. 1700, iii. 2085, *v.* 2551, **rescouss**, iv. 2146, *rescue*.
resemblable, *a.* P. 950.
resemblance, *s.* ii. 1376, iv. 2424.
resemblant, *a.* iv. 2492.
resembled, *v. a. pp.* ii. 2839, *v.* 251, *compared*.
resigne, *v. a.* P. 776, ii. 2931.
resistance, *s.* P. 387, i. 2154.
resonable, *a.* P. 359, i. 1030, ii. 276, iii. 389.
resoun, **reson**, P. 151, 488, i. 775, 2675, ii. 2495, iii. 245, iv. 652.
respit, *s.* iv. 1563, vii. 3828, 5200.
respit, *v. a.* i. 1053, 1593, iii. 2672, *save*, i. 2213, vii. 1617, *delay*; *v. n.* i. 1456, *delay*.
restauracioun, *s.* vi. 637.
restauratif, *a.* vi. 859.
reste, *s.* P. 110, i. 998, 1604, ii. 2509.
reste(n), *v. n.* ii. 1135, 1476, iv. 736, 1670; *v. a.* vii. 2936; *refl.* viii. 1308.
resting place, *s.* vii. 1865.
restore, *v. a.* P. 761, iii. 1827, 2480, vii. 4445.
restreigne, *v. a.* P. 510, i. 2660, ii. 889, 1168, *restrain*, *keep back*.
retenance, **retienance**, *s.* ii. 1576, *v.* 7467, vii. 1054, *retinue*.
retenue, *s.* i. 1328, ii. 3409, iii. 1166, 2421, *service*, *retinue*.
rethorien, *s.* vi. 1399.
rethorike, **rethorique (-qe)**, *s.* iv. 2649, vi. 1401, vii. 36, 1523 ff., 1631.
return, *s.* vii. 4121.
retorne, *v. n.* vii. 1428.
retret, *s.* viii. 2416.
reule, *s.* P. 108, 803, i. 883, **rewle**, iii. 1169, *rule*, *vi.* 9.
reule(n), *v. a. n.* P. 252, 497, i. 17, 808, ii. 1322, **rewle**, iii. 2250.
revel, *s.* v. 3143.
revelacion, *s.* viii. 49, 2806.
revelen, *v. n.* iv. 2719, *revel*.

- reverence, *s.* P. 298, i. 218, 3291, ii. 1358, 2843, v. 322.
 revers, *a.* ii. 222, 2105, v. 7658, vi. 1418; *subst.* iii. 2289: opposite, contrary.
 reversed, *pp.* P. 30.
 revile, *v.* *a.* v. 2806, vii. 4635, debase, abuse.
 revolucion, *s.* iv. 1783.
 reward, *s.* iii. 345, iv. 2024, v. 4978, regard, reward.
 rewarde, *v.* *a.* v. 171, 4471, viii. 2374.
 rewarding, *s.* iii. 1596, v. 5195.
 rewe, *v.* *a.* *n.* P. 164, 1004, iii. 1610, 1625, v. 5760, vii. 3233, repent, be sorry, have pity.
 rewe, *s.* see rowe.
 reyn, see rein.
 reyne, see reine.
 reyni, reyny, *a.* i. 692, iii. 988, iv. 2979, rainy.
 ribald, *s.* vii. 2383 ff.
 Richard, P. 25, viii. 2987*, *genit.* Richardes, P. 24*.
 riche, *a.* P. 633, i. 814, 2537; *as subst.* vi. 1072; *sup.* richest, the richeste, i. 1098, v. 2612.
 riche, *s.* i. 2278, domain.
 riche, *v.* *a.* iv. 2265, v. 2398, 7744, enrich.
 richeliche, *adv.* iv. 1371.
 richesse, *s.* P. 97, ii. 737, iv. 514, 2208, *pl.* richesses, vi. 633.
 ride, ryde(n), *v.* *a.* *n.* i. 350, 2035, ii. 945, 3194, iv. 1106, v. 7404, vi. 1188, *pret.* sing. rod, i. 348, ii. 1136, *pl.* riden, ii. 1272, v. 1293, *imperat.* ryd, i. 1562, *pp.* ride, vii. 2859; *cam ride*, &c., i. 350, iv. 1307: ride, make expedition, lie at anchor.
 riedes, *s.* *pl.* v. 1031, reeds.
 rif, *a.* ii. 1618, rife, current.
 riff, *s.* viii. 1983, reef (of a sail).
 rifle, *v.* *a.* iii. 2384, v. 6521.
 rigole, *v.* *a.* v. 1436, delight (wantonly).
 riht, *a.*, rihte, vii. 1312, *def.* rihte, ryhte, P. 232, i. 33, 1052, ii. 947, (righte, viii. 3091), riht, iii. 300: *adv.* riht, ryht, P. 682, 829, i. 639, 1862, 3362, ii. 1789, right, P. 50, rihte, v. 5351, vii. 545.
 riht, ryht, *s.* P. 271, 795, right, P. 251, viii. 3023, ryhte, v. 898, be rihte, vii. 2137, at alle rihtes, v. 3530.
 rihte, ryhte, *v.* *a.* ii. 589, iv. 821, v. 3058, vii. 2728, (righte, PP. 252), *pret.* rihte, vii. 5072, direct, arrange; *v.* *n.* ii. 3071, go right.
 rihtful, rihtfull, *a.* vii. 2833, 2918, 3814, 4122, (rightful, PP. 59, 383), just, true.
 rihtwisenesse, ryhtwisenesse, *s.* P. 109, i. 2936, v. 1645, (rightwisenesse, viii. 3035), righteousness.
 rime, *s.* iv. 2414, rhyme.
 rime, *v.* *a.* v. 1370, put in rhyme.
 rinde, rynde, *s.* i. 3261, v. 324, 4123, bark.
 ring, *s.* i. 2420, ii. 2614, ryng, v. 7119*.
 ringe, *v.* *a.*, *pp.* runge, ii. 1728, iii. 452.
 riote, *s.* v. 1217, 5240, 5278, vii. 1378, riot, v. 7131*, riot, disorder.
 riote, *v.* *refl.* vii. 4320.
 ripe, *a.* i. 2822, ii. 2579.
 rise, ryse, *v.* *n.* P. 544, v. 7135*, *pret.* ros, iv. 436, *pp.* rise, ii. 1427.
 risinge, *s.* vii. 1085.
 risshe, see reisshe.
 rivage, *s.* vi. 1435, viii. 1615, landing place.
 rivele, *v.* *n.* i. 1681, be wrinkled; *pp.* riveled, viii. 2829.
 rivere, *s.* i. 1043, ii. 2161, v. 1014.
 ro, *s.* iv. 2786, roe.
 robbe, *v.* *a.* *n.* v. 207, 993, 6107.
 robberie, *s.* iii. 2212, v. 6083 ff., 6142.
 Roboas, vii. 4029, 4128.
 roche, *s.* i. 2305, iii. 1048, v. 6814, *pl.* rockes, iii. 1034, 1054, rock.
 rocke, *v.* *a.* ii. 1081.
 rockes, *s.* *pl.* see roche.
 rodd, *s.* i. 2898, iv. 1276.
 rode, *s.* (1), i. 1730, iv. 1629, journey, raid.
 rode, *s.* (2), vi. 773, ruddy colour.
 rode, *s.* (3), ii. 1161, rood.
 Rodes, iv. 1630.
 rodi, rody, *a.* iv. 385, v. 2471, viii. 1909, ruddy.
 Rodopeie, iv. 734.
 rof, *s.* ii. 2947, roof.
 rolle, *v.* *n.* iii. 313, vii. 3707.
 romance, *s.* vi. 878.
 Romanie, ii. 2638, vii. 5155.
 rome, *a.* *n.* v. 6502.
 Rome, P. 715 ff., 845, i. 763 ff., ii. 588 ff., 1195 ff., 1315 ff., 1448 ff., 1638 ff., 2502 ff., 2803, 3039, 3189, 3476 ff., iii. 100, iv. 2647, v. 904, 1067, 1435, 2031 ff., 2196, 2393, 4939, 5020, 5125, 6359 ff., 6811, 7104* ff., vii. 1598, 2061, 2347, 2361 ff., 2448, 2767, 2785, 2882 ff., 3145, 3216 ff., 3269 ff., 3946, 4188, 4636 ff., 5131 ff., viii. 199, 2717, PP. 353; Rome lond, P. 715, Rome gate, ii. 1537.

Romein, *a.* ii. 1406, 1829, 2565, iv. 2639;
subst. P. 768, i. 764, ii. 2554 ff., vii. 2846,
 4594, Romain, viii. 2633, *pl.* Romeins,
 P. 737, 841, ii. 679, 1774 ff., 2777, v.
 1068 ff., 1307, 2199 ff., vii. 2336, 3061,
 4697 ff.
 Romelond, ii. 2544.
 Romeward, ii. 1173, v. 2190.
 Romulus, v. 900, vii. 3061.
 rondeal, *s.* i. 2709, 2727.
 ronne, *see* renne.
 rooted, *a.* i. 1319.
 rore, *v. n.* ii. 160, roar.
 rore, *s.* vi. 2183.
 rose, *s.* i. 603, ii. 402.
 Rosemounde, i. 2481.
 roaine, *s.* v. 2176, rosin.
 Rosiphalee, iv. 1249.
 rosmarine, *s.* vii. 1407.
 rote, *s.* (1), P. 118, i. 145, 2838, iv. 134,
 roote, vii. 3336*, root.
 rote, *s.* (2), vi. 1312, 1457, custom, con-
 dition.
 rote, *s.* (3), viii. 829, (a musical instru-
 ment).
 rother, *s.* ii. 2494, rudder.
 round, *a.* iv. 1147, vi. 777, *pl.* rounde, vi.
 1327: *adv.* i. 358, 2829, iv. 3005.
 rounne, *v. n.* ii. 45, 1944, iv. 407, v. 478;
v. a. v. 2460: whisper.
 rounge, *v. n.* ii. 520, nibble.
 route, *s.* P. 793, i. 2734, ii. 2997, iii. 2389,
 v. 1910, 5054, company, quantity: *al*
a route, iv. 2145, v. 6932.
 route, *v. n.* iv. 2731, 3272, v. 6895, snore.
 routhie, *see* rowthe.
 rovere, *s.* iii. 2369.
 rowe, *s.* ii. 1960, iv. 26, 2238, rewe, viii.
 998, row, company; *be rowe*, vi. 1315,
 in order: *cp.* arowe, arewe.
 rowe, *v. n.* (1), P. 40*, i. 1961, iv. 1781;
v. a. ii. 1905: row.
 rowe, *v. n.* (2), iii. 1057, dawn.
 rowthe, routhie, *s.* i. 182, 1200, iii. 1597,
 v. 5394, pity.
 rucke, *v. n.* iv. 1669, crouch.
 ruide, rude, ii. 173, iv. 946, v. 2571, viii.
 3122.
 ruine, *s.* P. 837, v. 1706.
 rule, *see* reule.
 runge, *see* ringe.
 rust, *s.* iv. 2494, 2557.
 rusti, *a.* viii. 1378.
 ryde, *see* ride.
 ryht, ryhtwinesse, *see* riht, &c.
 ryve, *s.* vi. 1429, viii. 516, shore.

S

Saba, v. 6833, 6932.
 sable, *s.* viii. 2904.
 saore, *v. a.* vii. 4510, worship.
 sacrament, *s.* PP. 309.
 sacrifice, sacrificie, *s.* i. 1120, 1141, iii.
 1995, iv. 2966.
 sacrifie, *v. a. n.* i. 1128, iv. 1519, viii.
 1826, sacrifice, offer.
 sacrilegge, *s.* v. 6979 ff., sacrilege, v.
 7016*, 7090.
 sadd, *a.* vii. 226, firm.
 sadel, *s.* iv. 1202, *pl.* sadles, iv. 1312.
 sage, *a.* v. 7455.
 saghte, *see* sawht.
 Sagittarius, Sagittaire, vii. 1143, 1150,
 1258.
 sai, sain, saide, &c., *see* seie.
 sail, *see* seil.
 saintuaire, *s.* P. 322.
 sake, *s.* P. 24, i. 209, 2474, ii. 585.
 sal armoniak, *s.* iv. 2480.
 Salamyne, iv. 3652.
 sale, *s.* v. 5084.
 salfly, *see* saufly.
 salge, *s.* vii. 1385.
 saliens, *see* Capra.
 Salomon, iv. 2340, vi. 93, 1317, 1407, vii.
 3594, 3865, 3891 ff., 4027, 4477 ff., viii.
 2691, PP. 29.
 salt, *s.* iv. 1837.
 salte, *a.* iv. 1666, 3092, v. 1342, *pl.* v.
 1347.
 salue, *v. a.* ii. 1504, greet.
 Salustes, Saluste, ii. 1199, 1220.
 salvacion, *s.* ii. 3361, v. 1795.
 salvage, *a.* iv. 2262, vii. 4112, wild.
 salve, *s.* P. 134, 396, ii. 2788, viii. 2290,
 cure.
 salvely, *see* saufly.
 Samarie, iv. 1938, vi. 2387, vii. 2554.
 same, *a.* i. 1585; *as subst.* P. 461, i. 629,
 3032.
 same, *adv.* v. 3375, together.
 Samele, v. 1044.
 Sampnites, *pl.* vii. 2787.
 Sampson, vi. 94, viii. 2703.
 Samuel, iv. 1936 ff., vii. 3821 ff.
 sanguin, *a.* vii. 455.
 sans, *prep.* iii. 1550, v. 508.
 saphir, *s.* vii. 1342.
 sapience, *s.* v. 1205.
 Sarasin, *s.* iii. 2489, iv. 1679, vii. 3702 ff.,
 4412, PP. 250; *fem.* Saraxine, ii. 705,
 vii. 4496, viii. 2694.

- Sardana Pallus**, vii. 4314, Sardanapalus.
sardis, vii. 1416, sard.
Sarra, vii. 5315.
Satiri, *pl.* v. 1327.
satureie, *s.* vii. 1423, savory.
Saturnus, **Saturne**, **Satorne**, iv. 2445, v. 845 ff., 1133 ff., 1221, 1388, vi. 1293; (the planet) iv. 2471, 3223, vii. 937, 1115, 1174, 1188, 1330, 1340, 1374, 1427, viii. 2275.
sauf, *a.* P. 104, ii. 181, iv. 917, **sauf** conduit, v. 994, **sauf**, P. 1016, *pl.* **save**, ii. 1157, iv. 1453, 2172, **safe**: *adv.* ii. 935, 2188, **safely**: *as prep.* i. 432, **save**, i. 1271, **salve**, v. 1359, **save**, except; **save** . . . **that**, iv. 3497.
sauffy, **saufi**, *adv.* i. 1469, 3152, ii. 3309, v. 2159, **saufliche**, v. 3617, **salvely**, v. 2932, **salfy**, v. 2965, **safely**.
Saül, iv. 1935 ff., vi. 2384, vii. 3821 ff.
saundres, *s.* *pl.* ii. 1961.
save, *v. a.* P. 470, i. 941, 1300, iii. 927.
save, *prep.*, *see* **sauf**.
saveine, *s.* vii. 1353.
savigne, *s.* v. 2794, vii. 3383.
savour, *s.* iv. 2495, v. 587.
sawe, *s.* ii. 588, 1396, iii. 431, iv. 2684, saying, speech.
sawht, *pp.* *a.* iii. 2742, reconciled, **saghte** (*pl.*), viii. 1149, at peace.
Saxon, ii. 723, **Saxoun** (language), ii. 1405.
say, *s.* ii. 2090, trial.
scales, *see* **skales**.
scars, *see* **skars**.
scarsly, *see* **skarsly**.
scarsnesse, *see* **skarsnesse**.
soeptre, *s.* ii. 589, PP. 378.
sohake, *v. a.*, *pp.* v. 570, *pret.* **sohok**, vi. 2205.
schal, *v.* 1, 3 *s. pres.* P. 15, 93, i. 1711, iv. 377, 2823, 2 *s.* **schalt**, P. 589, *pl.* **schulle(n)**, i. 2251, 2558, **schul(l)**, i. 3197, 3246, v. 1914, **schule**, v. 3529, **schol**, P. 1034, *pret.* **scholde(n)**, P. 43, 153, 275, 362, 421, &c., **sohold**, ii. 578, **schulde(n)**, P. 317, v. 5357, viii. 2961, (**schuldyn**, viii. 3004): shall, must, may.
sohale, *s.* iv. 566, (nut) shell.
sohallemele, *s.* viii. 2483, shawm.
sohame, *s.* i. 274, 1668, ii. 3062, 3355, iv. 871.
schame, *v. a.* iii. 2200, v. 723.
sohameles, *a.* vii. 1964, free from shame.
schanokes, *s.* *pl.* iv. 2725, legs.
schape(n), *v. a. n. and refl.* P. 387, i. 297, 820, 1514, 1551, 3342, *pret.* **schop**, P. 706, ii. 2855, iii. 1206, **sohope**, v. 4278, *pl.* **sohope(n)**, i. 1105, 2627, *pp.* **schape(n)**, i. 1195, 1509, 1544; **shape**, appoint, contrive, prepare, bring about.
schaply, *a.* ii. 3112.
schappe, *s.* i. 1736, shape.
schapthe, *s.* vi. 785, shape.
scharnebud, *s.* ii. 413, dung-beetle.
scharpe, *a.* P. 396, iii. 252, iv. 2417, vii. 170.
scharpnese, *s.* P. 1084.
schave, *v. a.* viii. 1303.
schawe, *s.* iv. 1293, v. 6133, wood.
sche, *pron.* P. 853, i. 148, &c., **soheo**, i. 160.
schede(n), *v. a.* iii. 2243, vii. 3493, *pret.* **schedde**, PP. 148, *pp.* **sohad**, iv. 1661, PP. 105.
schedinge, *s.* iii. 1105, 2534.
scheete, *s.* viii. 1194.
scheld, *see* **sohield**.
schelle, *s.* vi. 2228, vii. 615, viii. 2120.
schenche, *v. a.* ii. 3098, pour out.
schent, *v. a.* *pp.* i. 1292, iii. 450, iv. 554, v. 728, harmed, ruined.
schep, **schiep**, *s.* P. 399, v. 3271, *pl.* P. 414, iv. 2894.
schepderesse, *s.* v. 6115.
schepherde, *s.* P. 394, 1064, iii. 2257.
scherged, (*pp.*) *a.* v. 3707.
scherde, *s.* *pl.* vi. 1985, scales.
schere, *v. a.* v. 4001, *pp.* **sohore**, i. 1751, cut, crop.
scheres, *s.* *pl.* v. 5691.
scherte, *s.* i. 2171, ii. 2243, **sohortes** (*pl.*), i. 2179.
schete, *v. n.*, 3 *s. pres.* **sohet**, ii. 2957, *pret.* **sohte**, v. 4862, shoot.
schette, *v. a.* ii. 2130, *pret.* **schette**, vi. 1587, *pp.* **sohet**, ii. 2807, iii. 2043; *v. n.* iii. 1453, vii. 4623: shut.
schewe(n), *v. a.* P. 112, i. 84, 1035, ii. 603, *imperat.* **schew**, **soheu**, i. 185, v. 6190, show; *v. n.* P. 46, 834, i. 626, ii. 1921, iii. 809, 857, appear, be evident.
sohield, **scheld**, *s.* i. 421, 1998, 2470, ii. 2594.
schiep, *see* **sohep**.
schifte, *v. a.* iii. 1310, v. 3166, 4668, vii. 1518, viii. 556, arrange, dispose of, turn.
schilde, **sohyld**, *v. a.* P. 67*, ii. 714, iv. 2753, v. 6334, vi. 1244; *v. n.* 266: protect, defend.

- schip, *s.* i. 1065, ii. 24, *be schipe*, P. 1016, iv. 731, *to (into) schipe*, i. 1164, ii. 1108, *to schip*, viii. 1573.
 schipman, *s.* i. 500, iii. 991, viii. 1084.
 schode, *v. a.* i. 1750, vii. 1534, divide.
 schof, *see* schowve.
 scholde, *see* schal.
 schoo, scho, *s.* P. 356, vii. 4306, shoe.
 schort, *a.* i. 1687, iv. 1709, schorte, vii. 5201, *pl.* schorte, ii. 903, iii. 874.
 schortli, *adv.* i. 1690, v. 2603.
 schote, *s.* ii. 2238, shot.
 schour, *s.* vii. 290, *pl.* schoures, v. 4173, 7829, shoures, P. 938.
 schovale, *s.* v. 16, shovel.
 schowve, *v. a.* ii. 2340, *pret.* schof, ii. 174, iv. 108, *pp.* schoven, vii. 3280, push, thrust.
 schreden, *v. a.* i. 2837, tear.
 schrewe, *s.* iii. 798, 2220, v. 959, vii. 44, rascal, scoundrel.
 schrewed, *a.* vi. 2098, villainous.
 schrifte, *s.* i. 197, 818, v. 1385.
 schrive(n), schryve, *v. a. n. and refl.* i. 208, 219, 546, iii. 1127, v. 7101, *pret.* schrof, iv. 519, *imperat.* scrif (thee), i. 587, 2718, *pp.* schrive(n), i. 190, 2383, iv. 1772, schryve, viii. 2969, confess, hear in confession, absolve.
 schrunken, *pp.* i. 1683.
 schryhte, *v. n. pret.* viii. 1383, shrieked.
 schuldre, *s.* P. 607, i. 1687, ii. 2220, shoulder.
 schydes, *s. pl.* iii. 1033, split pieces (of wood).
 schylde, *see* schilde.
 schyne, *v. n.* iii. 1308, iv. 980, *pret.* schon, iv. 3551.
 science, *s.* iv. 974, 2413, *pl.* sciences, iv. 2666, vii. 27.
 scisme, *s.* P. 348, schism.
 scolaundre, sclandre, sklaundre, *s.* ii. 881, v. 712, 5536, 7570, vii. 3083.
 slaundre, *v. a.* ii. 864, slander.
 scole, *s.* P. 199, i. 2665, ii. 436, iv. 3373, school.
 soomerfare, *s.* viii. 1391, piracy.
 score, *s.* ii. 500, iv. 1356, 2891.
 scorn, *s.* viii. 2397, to scorn, to skorne, v. 696, 6931, vii. 3992.
 scorne, *v. a.* v. 6217.
 Scorpio, vii. 1123 ff., 1259, 1403, tail of Scorpio, vii. 1426.
 scorpioun (-on), *s.* vii. 1124, 4091.
 Scottes, *pl.* ii. 929.
 scribe, *s.* P. 305.
 scripture, P. 872, iv. 2626, writing.
 scrivein, *s.* iii. 1070, writer.
 sculpture, *s.* iv. 2422, vi. 1343.
 se, sen, *v. a. n.* P. 28, 134, 610, i. 1132, (see, PP. 281 ff., 382), 2 *s. pres. sest*, ii. 1059, 3 *s. seth*, i. 2804, ii. 224, *pret.* sih, syh, P. 603, 617, i. 795, &c., sawh, i. 138, iii. 1604, sihe, v. 5810, (sigh, viii. 2962), 2 *s. sihe*, ii. 234, iii. 2629, *pl.* syhe(n), sihen, iii. 970, vii. 1798, 4745, *pret. subj.* syhe, sihe, i. 664, 904, *imperat.* seth, ii. 861, *pres. part.* seënde, ii. 1808, *pp.* sen, P. 342, sene, P. 789, 936, seene, iv. 1492, sele, ii. 967, v. 2374, sein, seyn, i. 2883, ii. 170, iii. 757.
 seal, *s.* i. 1474, 1487, ii. 3217.
 seche, *v. a. n.* P. 173, 899, i. 570, 1285, 2278, ii. 3219, iv. 3463, (3 *pl. pres.* sechin, viii. 3036), sieche, viii. 2911, seke, sieke, i. 1024, 3072, ii. 928, 1455, iv. 1604, *pret.* soghte(n), i. 425, 1144, ii. 2474, iv. 2163, soughte, P. 197, v. 3933, sowhte, iv. 3548, *pp.* sought, ii. 3128, sought, v. 4003, *imperat.* sech, v. 7605; *al to seche*, noght to s., &c., i. 924, ii. 44, 2276, iv. 2963.
 secounde, *a.* i. 2601, ii. 1, iv. 2479, v. 2127, seconde, i. 1233, v. 2129, following, second.
 secre, *a.* ii. 2132, *in secre*, i. 617.
 secret, *s.* vi. 1573.
 secretaire, *s.* iv. 888, private counsellor.
 seote, *s.* P. 349, v. 1643, vii. 1572, religion, kind.
 seculers, *s. pl.* i. 648.
 sed, *s.* iv. 3007, v. 4014, seed.
 Sedechia, vii. 2566 ff.
 see, se, *s.* (1) P. 306, v. 1944, vi. 1037, seat.
 see, se, *s.* (2) P. 933, i. 486, ii. 145, 2531, iii. 86, sea: see foul, vi. 2129, *cp.* se-foul.
 seewolf, *s.* v. 4138, shark.
 sefne, *see* sevene.
 sefnthe, *a.* vii. 1363.
 sefoul, *s.* viii. 2654.
 Segne, v. 1113.
 sele (1), sein, sain, *v. a. n. inf.* P. 431, i. 281, 2760, (seye, seyn, P. 86, viii. 2966), say, sai, i. 2750, v. 5198, 2 *s. pres. seist*, saist, i. 176, ii. 555, 3 *s. seith*, P. 43, &c., 3 *pl.* sein, sain, P. 12, 56, sele, P. 442, *pret.* seide, saide, i. 153, 768, 2740, 3218, sayde, v. 1756, seid, i. 3188, v. 4309, *imperat.* sey, sei, say, sai, i. 184, 1822, 2418, ii. 1871, iii. 932, sele,

- vii. 4084, *pp.* *seld*, *said*, P. 335, i. 585, 1229, 3323, iii. 931, vii. 150; *as who seith*, P. 43, i. 2794: *say*, name.
- seie* (2), *see se*.
- seil*, *s.* i. 704, 1165, ii. 2152, iii. 1555, *sail*, v. 3313, 3923, *sail*.
- seile(n)*, *saille*, *v. n.* i. 511, iv. 1741, v. 991, *pres. part. sailende*, *seilende*, ii. 1210, iv. 733, v. 5407, *seilinge*, i. 524.
- sein*, *pp.* *see se*.
- seint*, *a.* ii. 3335, *fem. seinte*, iv. 964.
- seint*, *s.* vii. 2778, *pl. seints*, v. 1813.
- seintefie*, *v. a.* vii. 4247, viii. 1269.
- seisine*, *see seaine*.
- sek*, *siek*, *a.* i. 703, 1703, ii. 15, v. 586, viii. 873, *sik*, v. 616, *def. sike*, vi. 1012, *pl. seke*, P. 914; *as subst. the sike*, ii. 1202, *pl. seke*, ii. 3163, *sieke*, viii. 2368: *sick*, *sick man*.
- seke*, *see seche*.
- seker*, *see salker*.
- sekerliche*, *see sikerliche*.
- sekernesse*, *see sikernesse*.
- seknesse*, *s.* P. 61, i. 2571, v. 410, *sieknesse*, i. 185, 713, *siknesse*, ii. 3249, iii. 280, *sickness*.
- selde(n)*, *av.* P. 787, iii. 1636, iv. 61, *siede(n)*, iv. 1472, 2282, v. 4420; *siede whanne*, iv. 2734, *siede wher*, vii. 4240, *siede if*, v. 6595, *selden whanne* . . . *if*, vii. 4328: *seldom*.
- seli*, *a.* iii. 658, *simple*.
- selk*, *s.* iv. 857, v. 5770, *silk*.
- selle*, *v. a.* ii. 3061, v. 243, *pret. soldo*, iii. 2546, *pp. sold*, ii. 1662.
- Selonites*, vii. 4515.
- selve*, *a.* i. 200, ii. 51, 2064; *as subst. that selve*, i. 1247.
- selver*, *s.* P. 608, iv. 2460, viii. 823.
- Sem*, vii. 546, 557, viii. 83.
- semblable*, *a.* i. 646, iii. 2595, v. 1545.
- semblance*, *semblaunce*, *s.* ii. 3273, iv. 379, v. 1534, 6674.
- semblant*, *s.* P. 114, i. 1213, ii. 1912, vi. 707, *appearance*; *feigne semblant*, ii. 187, 2015, 2196, *make pretence*.
- seme(n)*, *v. n. and impers.* P. 559, i. 614, 903, *sieme*, i. 1891, viii. 2386, *me (him, you) semeth*, iii. 2344, iv. 965, 1774.
- Semiramis*, iii. 1332, v. 1432.
- semly*, *semlich*, *a.* i. 1899, viii. 708.
- sempiterno*, *a.* vii. 104.
- senatour*, *s.* ii. 1195, 1330.
- sende*, *v. a. n.* P. 86, 161, *pret. ende*, P. 1013, i. 851, 992, *sente*, i. 3095, ii. 613, v. 1072, *pp. sent*, P. 588, *send*, v. 5236.
- Senec*, ii. 3095, v. 7735.
- senne*, *sinne*, *s.* P. 457, 920, 1017, i. 2929, ii. 3063, iii. 2033, 2546, v. 1739 ff., (*synne*, viii. 3040), *sin*.
- sensible*, *a.* vii. 127.
- sentence*, *s.* i. 2153, ii. 2978, 3417, vii. 1620.
- Septembre*, vii. 1117, viii. 2845.
- Septemtrion*, vii. 1264.
- sepulture*, *s.* i. 2349, iii. 2015.
- Serapis*, v. 1564 ff.
- serpent*, *s.* i. 396, *pl. serpents*, viii. 2574.
- servage*, *s.* ii. 2981, vii. 4096, *servitude*.
- servant*, *s.* i. 251, ii. 3300, *pl. servants*, iii. 18, *servantes*, vii. 2333*.
- serve(n)*, *v. a.* P. 707, i. 737, 860, 2521, ii. 35, 1297, iii. 502, iv. 531; *v. n.* i. 169, 1245, 2131, iii. 1291, iv. 1407, (3 *s. pres. servith*, viii. 3026).
- servicable*, *a.* v. 762.
- service*, *servise*, *s.* P. 78*, i. 176, ii. 2971, iv. 1036.
- servitude*, *s.* v. 1655.
- seise*, *v. a.* i. 1697, 2479, 3357, ii. 3009, iii. 2646, *seize*, *take possession of*, *deliver as a possession*.
- seisine*, *seisine*, *s.* v. 5527, vii. 564, *possession*.
- sesoun* (-on), *s.* iii. 693, vii. 1014, *season*.
- set*, *s.* vii. 4913, *setting* (of the sun).
- sete*, *seete*, *s.* v. 846, vi. 1041, vii. 2900, *seat*.
- sette(n)*, *v. a. n.* P. 357, i. 2, 3 *s. pres. set*, i. 637, 1724, *sett*, viii. 3089, *pret. sette*, P. 41*, i. 201, ii. 2226, vii. 4624, *set*, ii. 2220, v. 3691, *imperial. sett*, viii. 2095, *pp. set*, *sett*, P. 116, 245, i. 1486, iii. 647, *sette*, vi. 10, *sete*, vii. 2864; *sette* . . . *of*, v. 2498, *set* . . . *therby*, viii. 2194; *set*, *appoint*, *suppose*, *account*, *plant*, *make attack*.
- sevene*, *num.* P. 804, i. 577, ii. 320; *sefne*, i. 2916, vii. 692.
- seventy*, *num.* viii. 91.
- Severus*, vii. 4575.
- sewe*, *s.* v. 5900, *seasoned dish*.
- sex*, *sexe*, *num.* v. 7246, vii. 5347, viii. 126.
- sexe*, *a.* vii. 908, 1082.
- sextenthe*, *a.* P. 25.
- sextiene*, *num.* vii. 1055.
- seyinge*, *s.* viii. 3081*.
- Seyix*, *see Celix*.
- shoures*, *see schoures*.
- sibb*, *a.* viii. 1703, *related*.

- Sibeles, Sible, v.** 1135 ff.
Sibille, v. 7454.
sibrede, s. viii. 139, 266, kindred.
sich, see such.
Siculus, vii. 3296.
side, syde, s. P. 28, 146, 392, 1085, i. 2381, 3424, iii. 1503, iv. 1308, 3227, (ride) on side, iv. 1311.
Sidoyne, vii. 4499.
sleche, see seche.
siege, s. i. 1082, iii. 1759.
sieged, v. a. pp. iii. 2046, besieged.
siek, sieknesse, see sek, seknesse.
sieke, v. see seche.
sielde(n), see selde(n).
sighe, syghen, v. n. iv. 3170, v. 3670, 5729, sigh.
sighte, see sihte.
signal, s. vi. 1668, sign.
signe, s. i. 2544, iii. 2227; (of the zodiac) iv. 3222, v. 752, vii. 695, 968 ff.
signet, s. v. 5775.
signife, signefie, v. a. P. 885, iii. 814, v. 914, vii. 4717.
sihte, syhte, s. i. 427, 437, 665, 1728, 2221, ii. 3072, **sighte**, vii. 1228, viii. 2950, sight.
sik, see sek.
sike, syke, v. n. i. 697, 1726, 2996, 3140, ii. 1350, iv. 1150, sigh.
siker, seker, a. P. 568, ii. 2422, 3153, iv. 1003, v. 664, 2427; *superl.* **sikerest**, ii. 2469, the **sekereste**, vi. 1599; *adv.* i. 3048, 3339, iv. 911: sure, secure; surely.
sikerliche, sekerliche, adv. i. 1564, 2145, **sikerly**, iii. 1427, **sikirly**, iv. 2498, surely, assuredly.
sikernesse, sekernesse, s. i. 1890, iv. 937, v. 205, vi. 232, security.
siknesse, see seknesse.
silence, s. i. 1302, **cilence**, iv. 3206, vi. 1872.
sillable, s. viii. 2049.
silogime, s. viii. 2708.
Silvestre, P. 742, ii. 3351 ff, PP. 346.
Simon (Magus), P. 204, 241, 439 ff, ii. 3055.
simple, a. iv. 1187, v. 2589, viii. 3052*.
simplesce (-esse), s. P. 217, i. 832, 2099, (*symplesce*, P. 76*, *symplessce*, viii. 3134), simplicity, humility.
sinful(l), a. iii. 2569, PP. 45; *as subst.* iv. 3490.
singe, v. n. i. 111, ii. 3012, iii. 330, *pret.* **sang**, P. 1057, ii. 1080, **sang**, i. 2732, *pl. songe*, i. 2034, **sunge**, v. 1468, *pp. sunge*, ii. 1300.
singulier, singuler, a. vii. 1996, 2931, private.
sinke, v. n. i. 1309, v. 2938, **sincke**, iii. 1628, *pret.* **sank**, ii. 2070, *pp. sunke*, vi. 115.
sinne, see senn.
sire, s. P. 722, i. 2878, ii. 54, 2710, lord, sir.
Sirenes, pl. i. 484.
sithe, sythe, s. v. 3590, *ofte* **sithe** (*sithes*), *fulofte* **sythe**, &c. i. 118, 318, 1400, ii. 658, iii. 458, time, times.
siththe(n), adv. P. 832, i. 1842, vi. 2351; *conj.* **siththe**, **sith**, **sithe(n)**, P. 973, i. 13, iii. 66, vi. 1073, **sithen** that, i. 2244: since.
sitte, v. n. P. 337, i. 2397, 2 *a. pres.* **sist**, v. 5742, **sittest**, vii. 2462, 3 *s. sit*, **sitt**, i. 1317, v. 6121, **sitteth**, iv. 2724, vii. 2286, *pret.* **sat**, i. 1675, iv. 653, **satte**, vii. 2282, *pl. seten*, i. 2524, ii. 2913, iii. 2163, **siete(n)**, iii. 1809, v. 3339, **ssete**, vi. 1174, **sit**, be seated: *impers.* (it) **sit**, i. 273, 745, 1211, iii. 1674, **sitte**, viii. 2428, suits, is fitting.
sive, s. iii. 433, sieve.
skales, scales, s. pl. ii. 3456, v. 4128.
skar, s. P. 507, crack.
skarcete, s. v. 4857, stinginess.
skars, scars, a. v. 4712, 4728, sparing.
skarse, v. n. viii. 1146, diminish.
skarly, searly, adv. iv. 552, v. 4412.
skarnesse, searnesse, s. v. 394, 4674 ff., 4740, stinginess.
skiere, v. (refl.) i. 478, ii. 472, v. 1424, defend.
skile, s. P. 380, 402, i. 36, 1866, iii. 2165, **skyle**, iii. 2360, *pl. skiles*, ii. 2770, reason, reasoning: *as a.* iii. 397, reasonable.
skile, v. n. viii. 2047, reason.
skin, skyn, s. i. 1681, v. 2469, 6862.
skippe, v. n. iv. 2784, vii. 345, *pret.* **skipte**, iv. 2110, v. 4997.
sklaundre, see sclaundre.
skorne, see soorne.
skulke, v. a. iv. 2720.
skulle, s. i. 2544 ff.
sky, s. i. 2001, iii. 984, iv. 825, 1436, viii. 2942, *pl. skyes*, v. 3993, cloud, sky.
skyn, see akin.
slades, s. pl. iv. 2727.
slake, v. a. iv. 2812, viii. 1983, slacken, appease; *v. n.* PP. 220.

- slawhte**, *s.* iii. 2058, 2483, slaying.
sl(e)(e), **slen**, *v. a. n.* i. 1439, 2590, iii. 261, 3 *s. pres.* sleth, ii. 2623, iii. 957, (sleeth, PP. 265), *pret.* slowh, slouh, slow, slou, i. 434, v. 3727, 4045, 5897, *pl.* slowhe, i. 377, v. 1722, slowen, i. 1181, *subj.* slowe, PP. 132, *pp.* slain, alayn, P. 685, i. 527, 1427, alawe, i. 514, ii. 770.
sl(e)hte, **sleyhte**, *s.* i. 468, 688, 797, 1085, 1111, sleighte, iv. 2082, 2123, v. 2111, *pl.* sleyhtes, ii. 1873, skill, device, trickery.
slep, *s.* i. 155, 1782, **a slepe**, *v.* 2177, to slepe, ii. 3333, to slep, iv. 2819, Slep, Slepes hous, god of Slep, iv. 2973 ff.
slepe(n), *v. n.* P. 310, 476, i. 884, *pret.* slepte, P. 595, slep, v. 2762, *pp.* slepe, iv. 2914, v. 158.
slepi, *a.* iv. 2731, 2848, vi. 1405.
slider, *a.* vi. 378, slippery.
slieve, *s.* v. 2575, 7669.
sl(h), *see* slyh.
sl(ite), *v. n. pret.* iv. 2109.
slitte, *s.* P. 338, cleft, separation.
slombre, *v. n.* iv. 3032.
slow, **slou**, **slowh**, **slouh**, *a.* iv. 54, 245, 1281, v. 1949, vii. 415, 761, *voc.* slowe, iv. 843, *pl.* (as *subst.*) slowe, iv. 137, 356, 1082; *superl.* the sloweate, iv. 1082.
slowh, *s.* i. 2981, marsh.
slowthe, **slouth**, *s.* P. 321, 342, iii. 2758, iv. 3 & c., sloth.
slowthe, *v. a.* iv. 19, lose by sloth; *v. n.* iv. 1796, 3420, be slothful.
sluggardie, *s.* iv. 2714, 3177, slugardie, iv. 2752.
sl(y)de(n), *v. n.* iv. 41, v. 4158, vi. 1792, vii. 4457.
slyh, **sl(h)**, *a.* P. 262, v. 2303, vii. 4936, *def.* slyhe, ii. 2374, slyh, ii. 2341, *pl.* slyhe, alihe, ii. 2199, v. 3213, vii. 3257*; *superl. def.* slyheste, slyeste, i. 1442, ii. 2102; cunning.
slyhli (-ly), *adv.* i. 2629, v. 677, 7145*.
slyke, *v. a.* v. 7092*, smoothe; *v. n.* v. 6634, flatter.
slym, *s.* vii. 338.
slype, *v. refl.* v. 6530, sneak along.
smal, *a.* iv. 463, 1147, *def.* smale, v. 1990, *pl.* smale, P. 81, i. 1679; as *subst. pl.* P. 426: slender, small.
smale, *adv.* v. 4535.
smaragdine, *s.* vii. 840, emerald.
smarte, *adv.* vii. 848, quickly.
smelle, *v. n.* iv. 2546; *v. a.* vii. 2794.
smite, *see* smyte.
smith, *s.* v. 644, 962.
smok, *s.* i. 2171.
smoke, *s.* ii. 1556.
smyle, *v. n.* ii. 1404, iv. 388, v. 3012.
smyte, *v. a. n.* P. 424, iii. 910, 3 *s. pres.* smit, P. 1085, *pret. sing.* smot, i. 2003, 2342, ii. 874, iv. 3349, smette, ii. 2239, *pp.* smite(n), iii. 911, v. 334, vii. 4695.
snake, *s.* vii. 1010.
snoute, *s.* iii. 128, 1400, iv. 2749.
snow, *s.* vii. 293, viii. 2851, snow whyt, iii. 807.
so, *adv.* P. 8, 29, i. 1695, ii. 139; **who so**, P. 1002, **how so**, i. 1455, **be so**, **so be**, i. 187, 1652, **up so doun**, ii. 1744, iii. 80, iv. 561.
sobbe(n), *v. n.* iii. 303, v. 5729.
sobbinge, *s.* i. 2182.
sobre, *a.* P. 239, iii. 140, viii. 2684, 2869.
sobre, *v. a.* viii. 1700.
socour, *s.* iii. 2670, v. 4953.
socoure, *v. a.* i. 653, ii. 2882, iii. 328.
Socrates, iii. 640, 701.
sode, *pp.* v. 4281, boiled.
sodein, *a.* P. 619, i. 1069, ii. 688, iii. 335, **soudein**, *v.* 4942, sudden: *adv.* iii. 862.
sodeinliche, **soudeinliche**, *adv.* P. 503, i. 2963, v. 7830, vi. 211, **sodeinly** (-li), P. 1038, i. 911, iv. 573, **soudeinly**, vi. 1423, (sodeynly, viii. 2961*).
soffrance, **suffrance**, *s.* P. 773, iii. 1639, 1672, v. 4267, (suffraunce, viii. 3022*).
soffre, **suffre**, *v. a. n.* P. 698, 788, i. 1371, 2380, 2570, 2941, ii. 206, 3023, v. 7378, 3 *s. pres.* soffreth, soeffreth, suffreth, iii. 2431, iv. 1428, v. 574, (1 *pl.* soeffrin, PP. 222); suffer, allow, leave, permit.
softe, *a.* i. 619, 1220, 2564, soft, iii. 2734, *pl.* softa, i. 915, ii. 309; **the softa pas**, iii. 1386; gentle, quiet: *adv.* P. 476, i. 1725.
softly, *adv.* iv. 2885.
sojorne, **sojourn**, *v. n.* iv. 740, 3224, v. 1078, vii. 1173, viii. 1286, dwell, remain: *pp.* sojorned, vi. 1180, vii. 294, kept.
solas, *s.* vii. 1900, pleasure.
soldan, *see* souldan.
solein, **soulein**, *a.* iii. 1220, iv. 448, vi. 135, *fem.* soleine, v. 1971, alone, lonely, strange.
solempne, **sollempne**, *a.* v. 1317, vii. 4703, viii. 1561.

- solempnite, sollempnite**, *s.* i. 1157, iv. 3651, **solempnete, sollempnete**, iii. 2169, vi. 1825, vii. 2405, celebration, ceremony.
sollempneliche, adv. viii. 1617.
solucion, *s.* iv. 2515.
Solyna, Solina, iii. 2600, iv. 2410, Solinus.
som, *a.* P. 6, i. 1499, v. 2469 ff., **som while, som time**, iii. 2624, iv. 649, viii. 3119, **som man**, vii. 643 f.; *pl.* **some**, i. 1265, **somme**, P. 355, **alle and some**, v. 7320, **som men**, P. 529, iii. 2113: *as subst.* **som**, vi. 384, *pl.* **some, somme**, P. 432, i. 2034 ff., ii. 1362, 2510, iii. 2112.
somdiel, somdel, *a.* P. 613, iii. 697, iv. 800; *adv.* P. 286, 612, i. 1003: **some, somewhat**.
somer, *s.* iv. 1091, viii. 2853, **somer dai**, ii. 732, **somer floures**, P. 937; summer.
somerfare, *s.* viii. 2856, condition of summer.
somertide, *s.* v. 6009, **somer tyde**, v. 6819.
somme, *s.* iii. 2568, vii. 161, viii. 1119, **sum.**
somoune, sommone, *v. a.* vii. 5182, viii. 1551, 1915, **summon**.
sompnolence, *s.* iv. 2703, 2770 ff.
somtime, *adv.* iv. 810 f., 1131, 2799,
somtyme, iv. 3304, **som time, som tyme**, iv. 649, viii. 3119.
somewhat, *pron.* i. 1297, iii. 2332, iv. 2829; *adv.* P. 19.
somwho, *pron.* P. 345, **some one**.
sond, *s.* v. 4009, vi. 1294, **sand**
sonde, *s.* ii. 324, 1567, iii. 247, iv. 799, viii. 1859, **sending, message, decree**.
sondre, *v. n.*, **to sondre**, iii. 986, **part asunder**.
sondri, sondry, P. 29, 501, i. 2530, ii. 1476, iii. 2210, v. 1458, **sundri**, v. 7437, **separate, several, various**.
sondrily, *adv.* vii. 1305.
sone, *s.* P. 740, i. 206 &c., **to sone**, v. 806; **son**.
sone, *adv.* i. 996, 1633, 2091, ii. 357, **also sone**, i. 3079; **soon**.
soned, *see* **sonne**.
song, *s.* ii. 3012, iv. 3346, **songe**, i. 2745, *pl.* **songes**, i. 2739.
sonne, *s.* P. 919, iii. 1307, iv. 979, **sonne lyht**, v. 2790, **sonnes l.**, vi. 559, **sunne**, ii. 3452, **sun**.
sopp, *s.* v. 3807.
sor, *s.* P. 134, ii. 22, 2789, **sore**, v. 2858, **hurt, sore**.
sorceresse, *s.* vi. 1434, viii. 2602.
sorcerie, *s.* iv. 2077, v. 940, vi. 1289, 1768 ff.
sore, *adv.* P. 598, i. 475, 2245, **sor**, vii. 5256.
sore, *v. n.* i. 2672, vii. 1842, **soar**.
sore, *s.*, *see* **sor**.
sorgful(1), *a.* ii. 1303, iii. 1481, **sorrowful**.
**sorgfully, sorwfulli, adv. i. 3173, ii. 69.
sorghe, *see* **sorwe**.
sori, sory, *a.* i. 989, 2182, ii. 2307, iii. 2203, iv. 1347, **wretched, unhappy**.
sort, *s.* i. 673, iv. 450, 3099, **kind, lot**.
Sortes, viii. 2718.
sorwe, *s.* i. 971, 1665, ii. 48, iv. 1212, **sorghe**, ii. 165, v. 513, **sorrow**.
sorwe, *v. n.* i. 1814, 3182, ii. 745; *v. a.* PP. 104.
soster, *s.* i. 399, 3155, iii. 165, iv. 1383, **suster**, iv. 1369, *genit.* **sostres**, v. 5726.
sosterhode, *s.* v. 4205, 5398, viii. 103, **sosterhiede**, viii. 96.
soth, *a.* P. 12, 534, i. 1955, *def.* **sothe**, iii. 1270, *pl.* **sothe**, PP. 93, **in soth**, iii. 1078.
soth, *s.* ii. 58, **the sothe**, P. 834, 850, i. 981, *pl.* **sothes**, vii. 2351, **truth**.
sothfastnesse, *s.* i. 2268, vii. 3303*.
sothly, sothli, adv. ii. 522, iv. 3496, v. 244, **sothliche, ii. 2021, **truly**.
sothsaue, *s.* v. 2935, **truth**.
sothseiere, *s.* iii. 761, vii. 2348.
sotie, *s.* i. 539, 2320, iv. 1887, **sotye**, vi. 223, **folly**.
soubgit, *a.* P. 675, iv. 3523, v. 1726, **sougit**, vi. 1507; *subst.* **soubgit**, iii. 1277, v. 55, **subgit**, PP. 165: **subject**.
soubtil, soutil, *a.* ii. 2125, iv. 2076, vi. 1443, **soubtiel**, v. 1026.
soubtilite, *s.* ii. 2378, 3046, **soutillete**, v. 2138.
souche, *v. n.* i. 314, ii. 1969, **suspect**.
soudein, *see* **sodein**.
soudeinliche, *see* **sodeinliche**.
sougit, *see* **soubgit**.
souke, *v. n.* ii. 3227, **suck**.
souldan, soldan, *s.* ii. 613 ff., 2548 ff., vii. 1784.
souldeour, *s.* iii. 2356, **soldier**.
soule, *s.* P. 453, *genit.* P. 749, ii. 1313.
soulein, *see* **solein**.
soulphre, *see* **sulphre**.
soun, *s.* i. 2217, iii. 453, iv. 346, **sound**.
sound, *a.* ii. 2223, v. 5371, vi. 1488, *pl.* **sounde**, v. 4164.****

- soune**, *v. n.* i. 2807, ii. 2875, iii. 60; *v. a.* v. 5699, **soned**, (*pp.*), iv. 2644: sound.
soupe, *v. n.* i. 2114, v. 6872, vii. 4766, have supper.
souper, *s. i.* 2112, v. 3835, 6871, **souper time**, viii. 705.
souptime, *s.* viii. 711.
souple, *v. a.* vii. 4890, (bend), influence.
sour, *a.* vi. 1127, viii. 194, the **soure**, vi. 336; *adv.* **soure**, ii. 246.
source, *s. i.* 148, iii. 611.
soure, *v. a.* iii. 447, make sour; *v. n.* i. 1190, turn sour.
south, *s.* vi. 862.
southward, *adv.* vii. 1255.
soutillete, *see* **soubtilite**.
soverein, **sovereign**, *a.* P. 186, i. 1609, iv. 1518, vii. 1776, *fem.* **sovereine**, ii. 3507, vii. 1392, viii. 2530: *subst.* i. 862, v. 1133, **soverain**, v. 1464.
sovereinete, *s. i.* 1847.
sowe, *v. a. n.* P. 320, v. 819, *pret.* **slew**, **sieu**, **sew**, iv. 1837, v. 1883, 3722, *pp.* **sowe**, ii. 2376.
sowinge, *s.* v. 1228.
sowke, *s.* ii. 1079, suck.
space, *s.* iv. 615, 679, v. 3439, 3843.
spade, *s.* v. 16.
Spaine, **Spaigne**, i. 3390, ii. 1088, vi. 539, 569.
spanne, *s. i.* 1112, span.
spare, *v. a.* ii. 693, 3360, iii. 2220, PP. 19; *v. n.* iii. 2217, iv. 439, to **spare**, v. 7826.
sparinge, *s.* v. 4785.
spark, *s.* ii. 2946, iv. 2995.
spatula, *s.* vi. 1311.
specifie, *see* **specifle**.
speche, *s.* P. 174, i. 923, 1278, iv. 875, **spieche**, iv. 144.
specheles, *a. i.* 1293, v. 3966.
special, *a.*, in **special**, P. 120, i. 1501.
specifle, **specesfe**, *v. a. n.* P. 33, 866, i. 572, ii. 1407, iv. 2534.
sped, *s. i.* 107, 1379, ii. 115, iv. 3450, **spied**, i. 1956, iv. 301, success, advantage.
spede, **spiede**, *v. n.* i. 687, 796, 2654, iv. 2280, *pret.* **spedde**, iv. 2178, succeed, be advanced; *v. a. and refl.* ii. 103, 2232, iii. 2198, *pret.* **spedde**, ii. 624, v. 3866, *pp.* **sped**, i. 1557, vi. 2095, **spedd**, v. 1720, advance, help, hasten.
speke(n), *v. n.* P. 31, i. 10, 204, 1520, 3 *s.* *pres.* **spekth**, i. 656, *pret.* **spak**, i. 294, 818, *pl.* **spieke(n)**, ii. 959, 1456, 2264, v. 622, vii. 1611, **speeke**, viii. 749, *im-perat.* **spek**, iii. 850, *pp.* **spoke**, i. 537, 1178, **speke**, v. 5035.
spekere, *s.* v. 945, 1466.
spekinge, *s.* v. 7129*, *pl.* **spekynges**, i. 239.
spelle, *v. a.* iv. 570.
spellinge, *s.* v. 4067.
spende, *v. a.* iv. 2591, *pret.* **spente**, v. 7787.
Spercheldos, v. 4006.
sperre, *s. i.* 1998, ii. 3195.
Spertachus, vii. 3418.
spiece, *s.* vii. 888, *pl.* **spieces**, **spices**, i. 2977, 3446, iii. 466, v. 5898, vi. 856, kind, spice.
spille, *v. a.* i. 1192, 2850, vii. 3493, *pret.* **spilde**, ii. 948, **spilte**, iii. 1446, *pp.* **spilt**, ii. 3285, viii. 570, destroy, spill, waste; *v. n.* iii. 264, iv. 2586, perish, fail.
spinne, *v. a. n.* v. 1283, *pp.* **sponne**, vi. 2381, PP. 299.
spire, *v. n.* ii. 1146, 1999; *v. a.* viii. 1472: inquire, inquire for.
spirit, *s.* ii. 3137, iv. 2364, viii. 2590, *pl.* **spirits**, iv. 2464.
spirital, **spiritiel**, *a.* ii. 2987, v. 1915; *as subst.* P. 855, ii. 3492.
splen, *s.* vii. 449 ff.
Spodius, v. 4817.
spoke, *s.* vii. 815.
spore, *s.* P. 1084, i. 2301, iii. 1235, spur.
sporne, *v. a.* iv. 2115, vi. 429, kick against; *v. n.* iv. 1279, vi. 464, vii. 4739, stumble.
spot, *s.* iv. 609, PP. 366.
spousalle, *s.* ii. 642, *pl.* **spousalles**, viii. 975.
spouse, *s.* iii. 658, v. 6017.
spouse, *v. a.* vi. 497.
spousebreche, *s.* iii. 2158, v. 6014, adultery.
spoute, *s.* vii. 1193.
sprantlende, *v. n. pres. part.* iv. 111.
spriede, **sprede**, **spreede**, *v. a. n.* i. 2824, ii. 504, vi. 895, 3 *s. pres.* **sprat**, ii. 417, **sprede**, v. 7679, *pret.* **spradde**, ii. 684, iv. 1526, v. 1458, **sprede**, v. 6891, *pp.* **sprad**, iv. 3082, **sprede**, v. 2316; spread.
spring, *s.* v. 6239, **daies spring**, iv. 2852.
springe(n), *v. n.* P. 347, i. 353, iii. 428, *pret.* **sprong**, i. 2306, iii. 1921, *pl.* **spronge**, i. 2085, **sprungen**, v. 1595, *pp.* **sprongen**, vii. 4679.
spume, *s.* v. 4122.
square, *a.* vi. 1327.

- squier, *s.* ii. 254, *pl.* *squiers*, *v.* 2275.
 stable (dore), *s.* iv. 903.
 stable, *a.* iv. 268, 444, vii. 4202; *adv.* iv. 3671.
 stable, *v.* *a.* PP. 145, set firmly.
 stacion, *s.* vii. 204, place.
 staf, *s.* P. 420, *v.* 536, 4991.
 stage, *s.* P. 603, iv. 2977, vii. 741.
 stake, *s.* ii. 3094, iv. 2431, vi. 191.
 stalke, *v.* *n.* i. 910, ii. 828, *v.* 3861, 6498, go stealthily.
 stalle, *s.* PP. 383, place.
 stalle, *v.* *a.* vii. 1162.
 staloun, *s.* viii. 160, stallion.
 stanche, *staunche*, *v.* *a.* P. 345, i. 2312, 2838, 3308, vi. 303, 422, quench, satisfy, heal.
 stare, *v.* *n.* iv. 1832, vi. 178.
 stark, *adv.* iv. 3082.
 stat, *s.* ii. 2992, iii. 1998, (*staat*, viii. 2990): *cp.* *astat*.
 statue, *s.* P. 891.
 stature, *s.* i. 2166, 3135, iv. 744, vii. 981, stature, form; *vi.* 1524, statue.
 statut, *s.* ii. 1741, *v.* 4551, viii. 360.
 stede, *s.* (1) P. 274, 1074, i. 842, iii. 923, iv. 3483, *pl.* *stedes*, iv. 718, *v.* 2087, place; in *stede* of, P. 128, 396, i. 1669, in the *stede*, ii. 2684, in hire *stede*, i. 2602, iii. 1558.
 stede (2), *see* *stiede*.
 stedefast, *a.* vii. 906.
 stel, *see* *stiel*.
 stole, *v.* *a.* *n.* iv. 3333, *v.* 207, 3873, *pret.* *stal*, stall, iv. 3351, *v.* 3900, 6750, *pp.* *stole(n)*, iv. 902, *v.* 6558, steal.
 Stellibon, i. 398.
 stelthe, *s.* i. 644, *v.* 6296, 6495 ff.
 stepmoder, *s.* i. 1844.
 stere, *v.* *a.* ii. 447, iii. 137, iv. 337, 2085, 3124, *v.* 1854; *v.* *n.* *v.* 3064: stir, move.
 steringe, *s.* ii. 3141, motive.
 sterne, *a.* i. 2127, iii. 2444, iv. 2065, sturne, viii. 403.
 sterre, *s.* iv. 1348, *v.* 879, 912, vii. 1303 ff.
 sterred, *a.* vii. 1060, viii. 2942.
 sterreles, *a.* vii. 1024, 1126.
 sterrellht, *s.* *v.* 3958, 6508, *sterre lyht*, i. 1168.
 sterte, *v.* *n.* iv. 336, vi. 59, vii. 3656, *pret.* *ster*, ii. 850, iv. 2102, *pp.* *stert*, i. 372, start, rush, move.
 sterve(n), *v.* *n.* i. 3263, ii. 36, iv. 797, *pret. sing.* *starf*, ii. 885, *pp.* *sterve(n)*, iii. 1509, *v.* 1999; die.
 stevene, *s.* i. 493, 3025, iv. 847, voice, promise.
 steward, *see* *steward*.
 steyne, *v.* ii. 1963, stain.
 sticke, *s.* *v.* 4959, 5054, 5972.
 stiede, *stede*, *s.* i. 2508, iv. 901, vi. 1280, steed.
 stiel, *s.* P. 611, vi. 1814, *stel*, iv. 2425, steel.
 stiere, *s.* i. 560, 2943, ii. 709, helm, guidance.
 stiere, *v.* *a.* P. 234, 1088, i. 506, 1064, 2394; *v.* *n.* iii. 993.
 stiereles, *a.* ii. 1393, without rudder.
 stieresman, *s.* *v.* 3122.
 stieward, *steward*, ii. 1091, 2760, *v.* 2669 ff., vii. 3948.
 Stige, *v.* 1113, Styx.
 stigh, *see* *styh*.
 stike, *v.* *n.* iii. 1631, iv. 2723, stick.
 stille, *s.* i. 8.
 stille, *a.* i. 1289, iii. 932, 2738, iv. 3009, silent, quiet: *adv.* P. 478, i. 886, 952, 1794, 2617, iii. 1719, quietly, in silence, always.
 stille, *v.* *a.* P. 61*, vii. 1583, viii. 2636, keep still, silence, satisfy.
 Stinfalides, *v.* 1019.
 stinge, *v.* *a.* vii. 1048.
 stink, *s.* iv. 2557.
 stinte(n), *v.* *n.* iii. 1612, iv. 3453, *pret.* *stinte*, ii. 1132, *imperat.* *stynt*, viii. 2284, cease; *v.* *a.* iv. 132, vi. 2005, make to cease.
 stook, *s.* iii. 585, *v.* 1513, viii. 239, *stok*, iv. 2868.
 stod, *s.* vii. 3345, viii. 161, stud.
 stoke(n), *v.* *a.* *pp.* i. 538, iv. 584, vii. 5019, shut.
 stol, *s.* vii. 3954, *pl.* *stoles*, P. 336, iv. 626, stool.
 stomak, *stomac*, *stomach*, *s.* *v.* 1487, vi. 162, vii. 479.
 stomble, *v.* *n.* iv. 621.
 ston, *s.* P. 618, i. 1794, iv. 2523 ff., *pl.* *stones*, P. 953, i. 2537.
 stonde, *v.* *n.* P. 84, i. 428, 1313, 3233, 3 *s.* *pres. stant*, P. 30, 118, 170, &c., *standt*, *v.* 5215, *pres. subj.* *stonde*, P. 481, i. 1458, *stond*, i. 3416, *pret.* *stod*, P. 95, 214, ii. 2513, (*stood*, viii. 3004*), *pl.* *stode(n)*, P. 50, 233, 798, 3 *s.* *pret. subj.* *stode*, P. 41, iii. 1580, (3 *pl.* *stodyn*, viii. 3050), *imperat.* *stond*, iv. 3244, *pp.* *stonde(n)*, i. 2930, vii. 2629; stand, remain, depend.

- stoppe(n), *v. a.* i. 475, 522, v. 3516.
 stor, *s.* ii. 2363, store.
 storie, *s.* v. 6002.
 stormes, *s. pl.* i. 2987, v. 3298.
 stormy, *a.* P. 938, iii. 686.
 storve, *see* sterve.
 stounde, *s.* i. 1425, ii. 2, 877, iv. 3632, time, period.
 stoute, *a. (pl.)*, v. 3507, 7282.
 straght, *adv.* P. 1044, ii. 1482, strawht, strauht, v. 3327, 3665.
 straided, *pp.* viii. 2860.
 strange, *a.* P. 604, i. 1416, 3029, ii. 2060.
 strange, *v. a.* iv. 1489, v. 1890, 6040; *v. n.* v. 4103: estrange, change; grow strange.
 strangle, *v. a.* v. 6531, vii. 3323*.
 Strangulio, viii. 545, 1290 ff.
 strauht, *a.* vi. 772, straight.
 strauht, strawht, *adv.* *see* straght.
 straw, *see* stree.
 strecche, *v. a. and refl.* i. 1, 622, *pret.* strawhte, strauhte, ii. 1056, iii. 1407, v. 5029, straghte, i. 2820, viii. 1150, stretch, direct; *v. n. pret.* strawhte, strauhte, straghte, i. 2820, iii. 1939, v. 3338, 3923, reach, go.
 stree, stre, *s.* iii. 85, 667, iv. 1716, straw, v. 2310, *pl.* stres, i. 2993, straw.
 streit, *a.* v. 7655, close.
 streite, streyte, *adv.* ii. 237, 1638, v. 261, vi. 1374, near, closely, strictly.
 streite, *v. a.* v. 6380, diminish.
 stream, *s.* P. 509, ii. 195, iv. 2730, stream.
 strengere, strongest, *see* strong.
 strengthe, *s.* P. 704, i. 787, ii. 2413, vi. 1595, strength, force, stronghold.
 strengthe(n), *v. a.* ii. 1077, 3157, vi. 1598, vii. 2546, strengthen.
 strete, *s.* i. 938, iii. 1338, street.
 streyte, *see* streite.
 strif, *s.* P. 248, 993, iii. 650.
 strike, *v. a.* v. 3318; *v. n.* viii. 1891.
 strok, *s.* P. 426, iv. 2099, v. 2565.
 stronde, *s.* i. 1169, ii. 758, iv. 741, shore.
 strong, *a.* P. 716, ii. 1740, v. 7377, *def.* stronge, P. 314, v. 2050, *pl.* i. 1155, ii. 48, iii. 1112, iv. 2103; *comp.* strengere, vii. 4087; *superl.* strongest, vi. 1593: *as subst.* the stronge, P. 615, vii. 4296.
 strowed, *v. a. pp.* iv. 3022, strewn.
 stryve, *v. n.* iii. 26, 1651, PP. 73.
 studie, *v. n.* P. 323, i. 3091, vii. 2245.
 studie, *s.* iv. 2662, v. 3090.
 studious, *a.* vii. 759.
 sturdi, *a.* viii. 403, harsh.
 sturne, *see* sterne.
 stwes, *s. pl.* viii. 484, stews.
 styh, *v. n.* 3 *s. pret.* ii. 3401, v. 3991, (stigh, PP. 177), ascended.
 subfumigacioun, *s.* vi. 1310.
 subgit, *see* soubgit.
 subjeccioun (-on), *s.* P. 683, i. 2857, ii. 3272, v. 6409.
 sublimacion, *s.* iv. 2517.
 substance (-aunce), *s.* P. 199, iv. 2465, 2563, PP. 314.
 substancial, *a.* vii. 226.
 substitucion, *s.* vii. 2769.
 such, *pron. a.* P. 8, i. 175, 1624, ii. 2241, iii. 2421, swich, v. 377, swiche, iv. 1429, sich, viii. 1110, *pl.* suche, i. 853, swiche, ii. 504: *as subst.* swich, ii. 566, *pl.* suche, swiche, P. 233, 299, iv. 1236: *as adv.* such, P. 735.
 sucre, *s.* i. 1705, v. 2833, sugar.
 suete, *see* swete.
 sufficance, *s.* i. 4, 1915, v. 4819, ability, sufficiency.
 sufficient, *a.* i. 1183, ii. 2700, iii. 1779, viii. 2696, (suffisant, viii. 3099), sufficient.
 suffice, suffice, *v. n.* P. 324, i. 1399, iii. 321, iv. 790, 1129, v. 320, vii. 5092, suffice, be able, endure.
 suffrance, suffice, *see* soffrance, &c.
 suggestioun (-on), *s.* i. 1014, viii. 364, 1684.
 suie, *v. a.* i. 2256, ii. 256, (sue, viii. 3031*); *v. n. pres. p.* suiende, ii. 1591, 3526, iv. 2482, suinge, vi. 2371: follow.
 suite, *s.* ii. 1378, iv. 27, 1306, v. 4385 f., viii. 2930: fashion, livery; pursuit.
 sulphre, sulphre, sulphur, *s.* iv. 2481, v. 2176, vii. 355.
 Sulpices, iv. 2407.
 sundri, *see* sondri.
 suore, suote, *see* swere, swete.
 superfluite, *s.* v. 2217, vi. 267.
 superiour, *a.* iii. 2447.
 supplant (-aunt), *s.* ii. 2368, 2374.
 supplantacioun (-on), *s.* ii. 2327, 2937.
 supplantarie, *s.* ii. 2322.
 supplante, supplaunte, *v. a.* ii. 2369, 2385 ff., *pret.* supplantede, ii. 2453.
 supplicacion (-oun), *s.* viii. 2184, 2301.
 supplantour, *s.* ii. 2437, 3024.
 support, *s.* vii. 3207*.
 supporte, *v. a.* vii. 2144.
 suppose, *v. a. n.* i. 226, 879, 2196, ii. 1018, 1174, vi. 2300; *impers.* v. 22: conjecture, think; seem.
 supposinges, *s. pl.* v. 3848, conjectures.
 surfet, *s.* vii. 4561, excess.

surgerie, *s. v.* 1061, vi. 1411.
 surgien, *s. viii.* 1163.
 Suriale, *i.* 399.
 Surie, *see* Surrie.
 surmonte, *v. a. ii.* 1716, *v.* 6738, rise above, surpass.
 surquiderie, *s. i.* 1877, 2358.
 surquidous, *a. i.* 2257.
 surplus, *s. vi.* 682, rest.
 Surrie, *vi.* 2375, Surie, *vii.* 2539.
 suspesion (-oun), *v.* 578, 7093*.
 sustienance, sustenance, *s. ii.* 1851, *iv.* 2443, *v.* 122.
 sustiene(n), *v. a. vii.* 476, 704, (sustene, PP. 71).
 swalwe, *s. v.* 6005.
 swan, *s. iii.* 797, *iv.* 105.
 swelle, *v. n. iii.* 671, (*pret.* swal, *i.* 368*).
 swerd, *s. P.* 242, *i.* 1189, *iii.* 3.
 swere, *v. a. n. i.* 1462, 2765, *pret. s.* swor, *i.* 985, suor, *v.* 5930, *pp.* swore, *i.* 1227, 1513, *ii.* 2536, suore, *v.* 5178, sworn, *v.* 4306.
 swere, *s. iv.* 859, neck.
 swerve, *v. n. P.* 862, *ii.* 2406, *iv.* 1216; *v. a. i.* 366, *iv.* 1408, *vii.* 4569.
 swete, *v. n. iv.* 1092, sweat.
 swete, suete, *a. P.* 325, *v.* 1861, swote, suote, *i.* 113, *iv.* 1297, *v.* 3999; *as subst. i.* 1190, 1708, *iv.* 637, 3469, *v.* 668: sweet.
 swetnesse, *s. iv.* 1671, *vi.* 395.
 swevene, *s. P.* 596, *i.* 2815, *iv.* 3023, swefne, *i.* 2851, dream.
 swich(e), *see* such.
 swift, *a. v.* 6005, *pl.* swifte, *i.* 2300, *iii.* 2107; *superl.* swiftest, *i.* 705: *adv.* swift, *vii.* 859.
 swimme, *v. n. iv.* 3096, *pret.* swam, *v.* 4338, *viii.* 2653.
 swinke, *v. n. iv.* 2440, *v.* 6964, labour.
 swithe, *adv. vi.* 1655, *vii.* 848, *viii.* 930, swiftly.
 swot, *s. i.* 1390, sweat.
 swote, *see* swete.
 swoune, *adv. viii.* 2449, in a swoon.
 swoune, *v. n. i.* 983, *ii.* 846, *iii.* 233, *v.* 4351, 6006.
 swoune, *s. viii.* 2859, in swoune, on swoune, *v.* 3647, 5788, a swoune, *viii.* 1060, *cp.* aswoune.
 swyn, *s. (pl.) v.* 6894, *vii.* 1166.
 syh, syhte, *see* se, sihte.
 syke, *see* aike.
 Synon, *i.* 1172.
 sythe, *see* sithe.

T

tabate (=to abate), *ii.* 809.
 table, *s. iv.* 3672, *viii.* 630, tablet, plank.
 taocompte (=to accompte), *i.* 650, 2241.
 tail, *s. i.* 475, *vii.* 987 ff.
 taillage, *s. vi.* 1501, *vii.* 4045, taxation.
 taille, *s. v.* 1923, tally.
 take(n), *v. a. P.* 122, 497, *i.* 1011, *iii.* 1970, 3 *s. pres.* takth, *P.* 205, tath, *v.* 48, *vii.* 1074, (3 *pl.* takyn, *viii.* 2988), *pret. tok*, *P.* 229, *i.* 421, *ii.* 2243, 2 *s. tok*, *i.* 2421, *pl. toke(n)*, *P.* 810, *i.* 1162, tok, *v.* 7534, *pret. subj. toke*, *i.* 383, *imperat. tak*, *i.* 447, 1317, take, *v.* 6429, *pp.* take(n), *P.* 130, *i.* 1107, take, give; *v. n. P.* 54, prevail; *refl. and n. iii.* 1063, *iv.* 2385, *v.* 1262, betake (oneself).
 takel, *s. iii.* 989, *viii.* 470, tackle.
 tale, *s. P.* 82, 573, *i.* 650, *pl. tales*, *i.* 1283, *ii.* 312, tale, reckoning, speech.
 tale(n), *v. n. P.* 425, *ii.* 47, *iv.* 1178, *v.* 3772, speak.
 talent, *s. v.* 7136, inclination.
 Taliart, *viii.* 505, 513.
 talke, *v. n. ii.* 2093.
 tall, *a. v.* 2476, comely.
 Taltabius, *iii.* 1928.
 tame, *a. P.* 1058, *i.* 3031, *v.* 1017.
 tame, *v. a. iv.* 1886, *v.* 1024, *vii.* 1844.
 tant ne quant, *ii.* 2430.
 Tantal, *v.* 365.
 tapinage, *s. v.* 1810, skulking.
 tarie, *v. a. i.* 452, *iv.* 1499, 3450, *viii.* 2924, vex, delay; *v. n. i.* 1645, *ii.* 825, *iv.* 8, delay.
 tariinge, tariynge, *s. iv.* 35, 1184, *v.* 3633.
 Tarquinus, Tarquin, *vii.* 4595 ff., *viii.* 2634.
 Tartarie, *s. iv.* 1631.
 tasse, *s. v.* 4400, 4958, collection, heap.
 tasse, *v. a. vii.* 4484.
 tast, *s. i.* 1191, *v.* 7144, taste, touch.
 taste, *v. a. n. iv.* 2546, *v.* 7792, *vii.* 1944, *viii.* 1186, taste, perceive, try.
 tastinge, *s. vi.* 302, 942.
 Taurus, *vii.* 1015, 1267.
 tavernne, *s. ii.* 3098.
 taxe, *s. i.* 1556, engagement.
 taxe, *v. a. P.* 267, *i.* 3108, *ii.* 334, *vii.* 3905, *viii.* 361, tax, appoint.

- teche, *v. a. n.* P. 417, i. 229, 2260, *pret.*
 tawhte, tauhte, ii. 754, iii. 2543, v.
 3583, tawht, iii. 176, taghta, P. 361,
 viii. 663, *pp.* tawht, tauht, i. 2253, v.
 6074, taught, v. 7015*.
 Techel, *v.* 7023.
 techer, *s.* vii. 1520.
 techyng, techinge, i. 1592, v. 611.
 teene, tene, *s. i.* 3399, iii. 772, v. 5483,
 sorrow.
 Tegea, *v.* 6242.
 teide, *v. a. pret.* i. 2311, *pp.* teid, v. 52,
 tied.
 teise, *v. a. v.* 6331, stretch.
 telle(n), *v. a. n.* P. 82, 168, i. 66, 400,
 3297, iii. 450, iv. 1693, 3 *s. pres.* telth,
 v. 6126, *pret.* tolde(n), P. 599, i. 2109,
 vii. 1622, told, i. 3187, ii. 884, *imperat.*
 tell, i. 164, 1254, *pp.* telleth, i. 1395;
 tell, say, speak, name.
 tellinge, *s.* iii. 506.
 tempeste, *s. i.* 2142, ii. 1907, iii. 2739, iv.
 3063.
 tempeste, *v. a. v.* 1184, disturb.
 temple, *s. i.* 800, iii. 1993, v. 1313, the
 temple flor, viii. 1855.
 temples, *s. pl.* viii. 2819, temples (of the
 head).
 temporal, *a. ii.* 2988, vii. 94; *as subst.*
 P. 854, ii. 3491.
 tempre, *v. a. i.* 23, ii. 3178, v. 3802, viii.
 778, *pp. as adj.* tempred, iv. 2521;
 mingle, temper, restrain, tune.
 temprure, *s. P.* 1055, viii. 832, harmony,
 tuning.
 tempte, *v. a. ii.* 3139, iii. 711, vii.
 5337.
 Temse, P. 39*, Thames.
 ten, *num.* P. 526, ii. 52, 2063, iv.
 475.
 tendre, *a. i.* 779, ii. 3175, iv. 1362, vi.
 1514, tender, vii. 3382, tender, deli-
 cate.
 tendre, *v. a. i.* 2172, soften; *v. n. ii.*
 3289, grow tender.
 tendresse (-esse), ii. 1073, 2165, vii.
 4975, affection, care, softness.
 tene, *see* teene.
 tenets, *s.* PP. 295, tennis.
 tente, *s. ii.* 2635, iv. 2431.
 tenth, *a.* vii. 1169, 1387.
 tere, *v. a. iii.* 2010, *pp.* tore, P. 413, i.
 1154, tear.
 teres, *s. pl. i.* 1680, vii. 4835, tears.
 Tereüs, *v.* 5569 ff., viii. 2585.
 terme, *s.* iii. 2411.
 Termegis, iv. 2408.
 termine, *v. a. ii.* 272, bring to a conclu-
 sion.
 terremote, *s.* vi. 2207, 2261.
 Tersites, vii. 3585.
 teschule (= to eschule), vii. 3247, teschue,
 PP. 64.
 testament, *s.* P. 245, vii. 3860, viii.
 2955*, PP. 177.
 tete, *s. ii.* 3227, teat.
 text, *s. i.* 271.
 thaddre (= the addre), v. 3528.
 thaffeocloun (= the affeccoun), P. 366.
 thair (= the air), v. 3993.
 Thaise, Thayse, Taise, viii. 1295 ff.,
 Thaisis, viii. 1536.
 thalemans (= the Alemans), P. 821.
 thalter (the alter), vii. 4707.
 Thamar, viii. 215.
 thamende (= thee amende), i. 568.
 Thameris, vii. 3445.
 thank, *see* thonk.
 thankworth, *a. i.* 2405.
 thanne, than, *adv.* P. 48, i. 183, *as*
 thanne, iii. 2005, then; *conj.* P. 57,
 i. 973, 1927, than.
 thapocalips (= the apocalips), v. 6389.
 thapostel (= the apostel), P. 434, v. 1953,
 thapostle, vii. 3149*.
 thapparence (= the apparence), iv.
 3053.
 thar, *impers.* ii. 2430, vii. 2344, it be-
 hoves; *pers.* tharst, iv. 1774, thar, iv.
 3180, ought.
 Tharbis, iv. 650 ff.
 tharmes, *s. pl.* P. 608, intestines.
 Tharse, viii. 542 ff.
 Tharsiens, *pl.* viii. 597.
 thassay (= the assay), v. 3239.
 thassent (= the assent), ii. 1479.
 thassise (= the assise), P. 148.
 thastat (= the astat), i. 2100.
 thastronomie (= the astronomie), vi.
 1403.
 that, *dem. pron. and a.* P. 122, 689, 725,
 that on . . . that other, P. 649, i. 397,
 that Remus, that Diane, v. 899,
 1249, that (= that which), P. 3, 21, i. 298,
 603, &c.; *pl.* tho, P. 48, i. 299, 1273,
 that ilke tuo, i. 1271: *relat.* P. 1, 15,
 39, 42: *conj.* P. 4, 8, 13, 20, i. 439,
 ii. 2640, if that, P. 16, whan that, P.
 37, who that, what that, P. 13, 460,
 iii. 1879, that (= take care that), ii.
 2872, that I ne hadde, &c. (a wish),
 iv. 1422, v. 3747.

- thavantages** (=the advantages), v. 1978.
thaverous (=the averous), v. 57.
the, *def. art.* P. 2, 72, 260, &c., **the** more, **the** betre, &c., P. 55*, i. 1543, 2322 f.
Thebes, i. 338, 1992.
Thebith, vi. 1322.
thebreus (=the Hebreus), vii. 3054, 4421.
theder, *see* **thider**.
theeffect (=the effect), iv. 1759.
theffe, s. v. 944, 6088.
Theges, iv. 2403.
thegipcienes (=the Egipcienes), v. 811, 821, **thegipciens**, vii. 3055.
thel, **they**, *pron.* P. 159, 424. &c.
their (=the eir), iii. 1215, viii. 3009*.
Thelacuse, iv. 452.
Thelamacus, **Thelamachus**, iv. 1851, vi. 1757 ff., **Thelamachum**, vi. 1587.
Thelamon, v. 7216, viii. 2515.
Thelaphus, **Telaphus**, iii. 2642 ff.
thelement, **thelements** (=the element, &c.), v. 759, vii. 441.
Thelogonus, vi. 1619 ff.
Thelcūs, ii. 1092.
thembuisschements (=the embuisschemetz), vii. 3476.
themperour (=the emperour), i. 762, ii. 1196.
thempire (=the empire), P. 767, i. 1482.
thenoress (=the encress), v. 3941.
thende (=the ende), P. 283.
thenemis (=the enemis), vii. 4355.
thenke (1), *v. n.* P. 23, 77, 193, 1076, **thinke**, v. 213, vi. 198, 3 s. *pres.* **thenkth**, i. 2687, **thenketh**, i. 657, *pret.* **thoghte**, i. 811, 1571, 2106, (thoughte, viii. 2965), *imperat.* **thenk**, iii. 225, v. 5217, **thenke**, iii. 1083; *v. a.* ii. 2195, (*cp.* i. 657), iii. 559: think.
thenke (2), *impers.* 3 s. *pres.* **thenkth**, P. 260, i. 1700, **thenketh**, i. 569, **thinketh**, v. 254, *pret.* **thoghte**, P. 603, i. 346, 929, ii. 1374; seem.
thenne, *fro* **thenne**, *adv.* i. 2637, iv. 98, vi. 1046, **thence**.
thensample (=the ensample), vii. 3552.
thensamplerie (=the ensamplerie), vii. 3858.
thenvious (=the envious), ii. 1728.
theologie, s. vii. 70, 131.
Theophilus, **Theophile**, viii. 1359, 1500.
theorique, s. vii. 31, 134 ff., 624.
ther, **there**, *adv.* P. 46, 115, i. 725, iii. 60, 236, **there**, in that matter: *conj.* P. 389, i. 1317, 1732, iii. 311, 807, iv. 169, where, whereas; **ther(e)** **as**, i. 1282, ii. 114, **ther while**, iv. 760.
theraboute, *adv.* vii. 4761, about it.
therat, *adv.* i. 600, **therate**, iv. 1534, vi. 1674.
therayeln (3), *adv.* i. 1018, iii. 357, against it.
therbage (=the herbage), s. iii. 1397.
Therbellis, vii. 3291.
therby, *adv.* i. 330, iii. 400, **therbi**, iv. 1462, **ther by**, iii. 768.
there, *see* **ther**.
therfore, P. 2, i. 1514, ii. 1454, **therfor**, ii. 534, **therefore**, vii. 796, (**ther fore**, viii. 2954 ff.).
therfro, *adv.* iii. 960, iv. 1216.
therinne, *adv.* i. 824, 2192, **thrinne**, iii. 315, v. 7345, **ther inne**, iv. 1658.
therof, *adv.* P. 120, i. 732, 1315.
theroute, *adv.* i. 2818, iii. 2472, **therout**, v. 4158, out there, out.
therthe (=the erthe), i. 3265, v. 825.
therto, *adv.* P. 1056, i. 421, 1291, 2055, ii. 1635, to it, moreover.
therupon, *adv.* P. 815, i. 841, 2697, vi. 1321, (**ther uppon**, viii. 3046).
therwhile, *adv.* iv. 1708, meanwhile; *conj.* P. 962, ii. 2716, **therwhiles** that, P. 673, v. 3474, **ther while(s)**, **ther whyles**, iii. 1903, vi. 1478, vii. 2985, while.
these, *see* **this**.
Thesēus, v. 5310 ff., viii. 2511, 2557.
Thessaille, v. 4018.
thessamplerie (=the essamplerie), vii. 2318.
thestat (=the estat), P. 202.
Thetis, v. 2961 ff.
Theucer, iii. 2645 ff., iv. 3516.
thevangile (=the evangile), vi. 977.
thevenynge (=the evenynge), v. 3886.
thew, s. vi. 105, *pl.* **thewes**, vii. 43, habit, manner.
thewed, *a.*, **wel thewed**, i. 273, 639, vii. 3788, of good disposition.
thexperience (=the experience), P. 331, v. 764.
thextremetes (=the extremetes), iv. 2565.
thi, **thin**, *poss. pron.* i. 165, 449, iv. 3220; *disj.* **thin**, i. 949, **thyne** (*pl.*), i. 168.
thider, *adv.* ii. 707, 789, &c., **theder**, v. 7476.
thiderward, *adv.* iii. 1044, 1622.
thidoles (=the idoles), v. 1955.

- thief, *s. i.* 319, iii. 2388, *pl.* thieves, v. 603.
 thikke, *a. v.* 5971, vii. 186, thick.
 thilke, *pron.* P. 16, i. 804, 2410, ii. 3056; *as subst. i.* 2548.
 thing, *s. P.* 34, 686, i. 792, thyng, P. 930, *pl.* thinges, P. 255, i. 1265, &c., alle thinge, ii. 557, v. 1246, 3885, vii. 80, othre thing, i. 574.
 thinke, *see* thenke.
 thinne, *a. i.* 1787, viii. 2827, thin.
 thinspeccion (= the inspeccion), vi. 1349.
 this, *pron. and a. P.* 11, 27, 276, 481, iv. 1365, *pl.* these, P. 7, 900, &c., thes, ii. 475, 3319.
 thiself, *pron. i.* 1615, ii. 2441, iv. 267.
 tho, *pron. see* that.
 tho, *adv. P.* 3, 94 ff., i. 809, iv. 1358, then: *conj.* viii. 1466, when.
 Thoas, v. 1831 ff.
 Thobie, vii. 5357 ff.
 thoccident (= the occident), P. 720.
 thooffice (= the office), i. 242, v. 1921.
 thogh, *conj. P.* 61, 402, &c., as thogh, P. 270, i. 2013, though, i. 1283, ii. 962, all thogh, iv. 269, *cp.* althogh.
 thought, *s. i.* 195, 1568, thought, ii. 66, *pl.* thoghtes, i. 721, thoughtes, vi. 198.
 tholde (= the olde), v. 7007.
 thole, *v. a. v.* 6770, suffer.
 Tholome, Tholomeüs, vi. 1403, vii. 1043, 1201, 1459, Ptolemy (the astronomer).
 Thomas (the apostle), v. 1909.
 thombe, *s. ii.* 468.
 thonder, thondre, thunder, *s. i.* 2002, iii. 455, vii. 4401, viii. 1000.
 thonderstrok, *s. vii.* 307.
 thondre, *v. n.* iii. 985.
 thonk, *s. P.* 72*, i. 738, 816, 1119, 2650, thank, ii. 60, 2012, gratitude, thanks, reward: his thonkes, v. 2507, by his own will.
 thonke, *v. a. n. i.* 961, 2664, 3346, ii. 773, 1517, thank, give thanks.
 thonkinge, *s. ii.* 3317, vii. 1933.
 thonkles, *a. vii.* 2134, without thanks.
 thonour (= the honour), i. 1719, iv. 2142.
 Thophis, v. 6817.
 thordre (= the ordre), viii. 3021.
 thorghseese, *v. a. iv.* 210, take hold of.
 thorient (= the orient), P. 719.
 thorizonte (= the orizonte), vii. 694.
 thorn, *s. i.* 603, vi. 928, *pl.* thornes, P. 412.
 thorst, *see* thurst.
 Thosz, vi. 1314.
 thother (= the other), ii. 1740, vii. 378 (*pl.*).
 thou, thow, i. 124, 174, *obl.* the, thee, i. 436, 448, 1545.
 though, thought, *see* thogh, thoght.
 thousand, thousand, *num. i.* 1153, ii. 500, iii. 59, iv. 720, 3034.
 thousandel, *s. i.* 728, iii. 468, thousandth part, thousand times.
 thousandfold, iv. 3023, v. 2602, vii. 3438.
 thral, *s. v.* 54, vi. 74.
 thre, *num. i.* 406, 3097.
 thred, *s. i.* 1419, v. 5343, thread.
 threde, *v. a. vi.* 558.
 threste, *v. a. pret.* iv. 135, v. 6381, thrust.
 threte, *v. a. iii.* 2124, threaten.
 thretty, *see* thritty.
 thridde, *a. i.* 400, 1884; *as subst. iv.* 552.
 thries, *adv. ii.* 2897, v. 3593, thrice.
 thrift, *s. vii.* 3161, prosperity.
 thrinne, *see* therinne.
 thritiene, *num. vii.* 1410, thirteen.
 thritty (-ti), *num. v.* 7311, vii. 3637, thretty, viii. 438, thirty.
 throghes, *see* throwe, *s. (2)*.
 throne, *s. vii.* 2418, 2449, PP. 378.
 throng, *v. a. pret.* vii. 5069, thrust.
 throstle, *s. i.* 355.
 throte, *s. ii.* 831, v. 1470, throat.
 throwe, *s. (1) P.* 566, i. 117, 410, 2297, ii. 1587, time, short time.
 throwe, *s. (2) iii.* 1130, iv. 97, *pl.* throwes, vii. 3559, throghes, vii. 5401, throe, pang.
 throwe(n), *v. a. iii.* 788, iv. 1274, v. 3609, *pret.* threw, i. 145, *pp.* throwe(n), i. 27, ii. 243, 2158.
 thryve, *v. n. iv.* 2345, 2592, vii. 262, 2799.
 thunchaste (= the unchaste), vii. 5301.
 thunder, *see* thonder.
 thunkinde (= the unkinde), viii. 222.
 thunsemlieste (= the unsemlieste), *a. superl. i.* 1625.
 thurgh, *prep. P.* 49, i. 827, 2952, through, by reason of: *adv. v.* 3581, 3635, all over, thoroughly.
 thurghknowe, *pp. i.* 2847, thoroughly known.
 thurghout, *prep. ii.* 2748, 2873, through; *adv. ii.* 2245, v. 3655, thoroughly.
 thurghseche, *v. a., pp.* thurghsoght, thorghsoght, i. 1895, iv. 636, viii. 2045, 2247; seek through, penetrate, resolve.
 thurghsmite, *v. a. pp.* vii. 4853.
 thurst, thorst, *s. i.* 2308, v. 377, vi. 237, *pl.* thurstes, vi. 394.
 thurste, *v. n. vi.* 262; *impers. v.* 254, 384.

- thursti, *a.* vi. 439.
 thus, *adv.* P. 52, i. 761.
 thyle (=the yle), v. 1071.
 thymage, thymages (=the ymage, &c.), v. 5791, 7541.
 thyne, *see* thi.
 Tiberie Constantin, ii. 590.
 Tiberius (1), i. 762.
 Tiberius (2), vii. 3281.
 Tibre, i. 1042, v. 2206.
 tide, tyde, *s.* P. 27, i. 150, 860, 1731, 2715, ii. 1883, iii. 1024, v. 139, vii. 972, time, tide, season.
 tidinge, tyding(e), *s.* i. 450, iii. 444, iv. 2962, v. 3322, *pl.* tidinges, tidynge, i. 2761, iv. 178.
 tigre, *s.* iv. 1977, vi. 1450, vii. 4944.
 til, *prep.* ii. 902, vii. 397, viii. 2841, to: *conj.* P. 597, i. 1333, til that, P. 677, iv. 2890, til whanne, iv. 1262, until.
 tile, *v.* a. iv. 2441, v. 328, till.
 tilinge, *s.* v. 1227, tilling.
 tilthe, *s.* v. 1238, 1882, 4304, crop, cultivation.
 timber, tymber, *s.* v. 2158, 2168.
 timberwerk, *s.* v. 2179.
 time, tyme, *s.* P. 5, 701, i. 839, 2379, 2846, ii. 805, iv. 615, 3401, v. 3641.
 time, *v.* a. ii. 2238, aim.
 tirannie, tyrannye, *s.* P. 49, ii. 1721, v. 5921, tyrannyes, (*pl.*) v. 988, tirandie, tiraundie, P. 756, iii. 1117, (tirandise, viii. 3076).
 tirannyssh, *a.* vii. 4594, tyrannysse, vii. 4889.
 tirant, *a.* v. 5627, vii. 1889, (*subst.* tiraunt, PP. 48).
 tire, *v.* n. vi. 817, pull.
 Tiresias, iii. 363, 749.
 Tisbee, iii. 1374 ff., 1663, viii. 2578.
 title, *s.* PP. 12.
 titled, *v.* a. *pp.* iv. 2468, assigned.
 to, *prep.* P. 10, 67, i. 1554, ii. 158, v. 5724; *with gerund*, P. 33, 133, ii. 511, iv. 2373, viii. 1393, *cp.* forto:
adv. (1) to . . . fro, P. 569, i. 1571, 2067; (2) P. 81, i. 1063, too; *cp.* tomoche, tolite.
 to, *prefix*, *see* to plithe.
 tobete, *v.* a. *pp.* iii. 122, beaten to pieces.
 toblowe, *v.* a. *pp.* viii. 1949, blown about.
 tobreide, *v.* a. *pret.* iv. 1535, rent.
 tobreke, *v.* a. i. 1068, 1420, 2650, *pret.* tobrak, ii. 1825, *pp.* tobroke, P. 390, i. 1154, break in pieces; *v.* n. iv. 359, 3 *s. pres.* tobrekth, P. 505, *pret.* tobrak, vi. 2226, *pl.* tobricken, vii. 3476, break (in pieces), break forth.
 toolef, *v.* n. *pret.* viii. 626, parted asunder.
 todrawe, *v.* a., 3 *pl. pret.* todrowhe, i. 378, *pp.* todrawe, i. 513, iii. 1405, tear asunder.
 tofore, *prep.* P. 1, i. 2134, iii. 2052, &c., tofor, i. 518, iii. 2053, 2375, before, in presence of: *adv.* P. 822, i. 2948, ther tofore, i. 1153, hier t., i. 2787, now t., i. 1867, tofor, ii. 2128, before, formerly.
 togedre, *adv.* P. 648, i. 1102, ii. 137, al togedre, P. 984.
 tohewe, *v.* a. iv. 1547, toheewe, (*pp.*) v. 5899, hew in pieces.
 tokne, *s.* P. 638, i. 873, 1174, 2211, iii. 804, that in tokne, P. 907.
 tokne, *v.* a. P. 601, betoken.
 tokninge, *s.* v. 5765.
 tolyte, tollite, *s.* i. 19, iv. 2621, vii. 3847, to lite, iii. 581, too little.
 tombe, *see* tumbre.
 tome, *s.* ii. 2680, (leisure), opportunity.
 tome (=to me), i. 294, ii. 3160, viii. 2386.
 tomoche, *s.* i. 19, iv. 2621, v. 7689, to mooche, iii. 591, too much.
 tomorwe, *adv.* iii. 2399, iv. 9, vii. 3668.
 tonge, *see* tunge.
 tonne, *s.* P. 504, iii. 1210, v. 1677, vi. 333, tunne, viii. 2253.
 tonsure, *s.* viii. 482.
 too, *s.* v. 472, *pl.* ton, P. 876, toe.
 toose, *v.* a. P. 400, shear.
 Topasion, vii. 1406.
 to plithe, *v.* a. *pret.* v. 850, pulled in pieces.
 topselloole, *s.* v. 3119, viii. 1890.
 topulled, *v.* a. *pp.* i. 565, pulled asunder.
 torche, *s.* iv. 3651, v. 3846.
 tormente, *v.* a. i. 2989, iv. 412.
 torne, *v.* a. P. 273, i. 1537, 2267, 2408, (*pp.* turnyd, viii. 2956); *refl.* i. 1792, iv. 2112; *v.* n. P. 463, 591, i. 3265, v. 312, (turne, PP. 95): turn, return.
 tornele, tournele, *v.* n. i. 2515, vi. 1850, tourney.
 tornement, *s.* i. 2509.
 torninge, tornyng, *s.* P. 138, iii. 85.
 torof, *v.* n. *pret.* viii. 617, was torn to pieces.
 to sondre, *see* sondre.
 tosprad, *pp.* v. 3964.
 toswal, *v.* n. *pret.* v. 6252, *pp.* toswolle, vi. 1467.
 tote, *v.* n. v. 470, vi. 819, spy, gaze.

- toth**, *s.* P. 325, *pl.* **teeth**, **teth**, *ii.* 411, v. 3523, tooth.
tothe (= to the), *iv.* 1875.
tothrowe, *v. a.* vii. 5257, throw aside.
totore, *pp.* P. 414, i. 1723, iv. 1355, torn in pieces.
touche, **touch**, *s. v.* 269, 315, 6278, 7147.
touche, *v. a.* P. 58, i. 313, ii. 2057, iv. 667, v. 275, touch, concern; **touchende**, i. 742, 3441, concerning: *v. n.* i. 241, ii. 527, iv. 3016, have concern, treat; **touchende of**, P. 481, i. 1232, (as) **touchinge of**, i. 2721, viii. 2993*, **touchende to**, i. 1338, 1971, concerning.
touchinge, *s.* iii. 84.
toun, *s.* P. 839, i. 802, iii. 454, 1380, to **toune**, *ii.* 1354, in **toune**, *ii.* 2103.
tour, *s.* P. 1019, ii. 3027, iv. 818, tower.
tournele, *see* **tornele**.
tow, *s. v.* 5623.
toward, *prep.* i. 456, 638, 1136, 2103, 2284, 3032, ii. 1384, viii. 2077, **towardes**, P. 78, i. 747, iii. 1090, to, towards, with regard to, near: **toward Troie**, *iii.* 2643, on the way to T.
towh, *a. vi.* 722, tough.
Trace, *v.* 1198, 5569, 5832, Thrace.
trace, *v. a.* vi. 1328.
traiteresse, *s. v.* 4620.
traiterie, *s.* iii. 2211, viii. 1779, treason.
traunce, **traunce**, *s. i.* 1800, iii. 1457, viii. 1367, 2813.
trance, *v. iv.* 2115, trample (?).
transforme, *v. a. i.* 2971, ii. 194, iv. 501.
translate, *v. a. ii.* 3044, 3 *pl. pret.* **translateden**, *iv.* 2660, change, translate.
transpose, *v. a. iv.* 2656, translate.
trapped, *v. a. pp.* i. 1133, v. 2708, furnished with trap-doors, entrapped.
traunce, *see* **trance**.
travail(l), *s. ii.* 1009, iv. 1105, 1604 ff., **travalle**, *iv.* 2663, labour.
travaille, *v. n.* P. 78*, i. 2658, ii. 266, 641, 2533, viii. 1050, labour, travail; *refl.* iii. 584, v. 110; labour, strive: *v. a. ii.* 3314, iv. 428, 1893, trouble, cause to labour, iii. 1205, travel about.
travers, *s. viii.* 3158, obstacle.
tre, **tree**, *s. i.* 1319, 2818, iv. 3593, *pl.* **tres**, **trees**, P. 935, ii. 2298.
treble, *a. vii.* 1755, 2366.
trede, *v. viii.* 2682.
tregetour, *s. ii.* 1873, juggler.
treigne, *s. vii.* 4456, snare.
treine, *s. iv.* 621, train (of a robe).
treis, *s. i.* 2963, three, (or one, two, three).
tremble, *v. n.* ii. 2622, iii. 190; *v. a.* vii. 5104.
tresced, *a. vii.* 4881.
tresces, **tresses**, *s. pl.* v. 5464, 5686.
treson, **tresoun**, *s. i.* 1659, ii. 1185, 2945, vii. 1563.
tresor, *s.* P. 316, i. 2633, v. 69, **tresour**, *ii.* 3305, treasure.
tresorer, *s. ii.* 3304.
trezorie, *s. v.* 134, 1922.
trespas, *s. vii.* 3327.
tresses, *see* **tresces**.
trete(n), *v. n.* P. 77, i. 7, 1099, ii. 3201, iii. 1831; *v. a.* ii. 1686: treat, deal, deal with.
tretee, *s. v.* 5258, treaty.
treteur, *s. iii.* 2096, viii. 1937, traitor.
trew, **trew**, *a.* P. 184, i. 702, 1198, iii. 2228, 2346, v. 2877, 7391, true; *superl.* **the treweste**, *ii.* 1282.
trewes, *s. pl.* iv. 2708, truce.
trewly, **trewll**, **treuly**, *i.* 1650, iii. 66, iv. 921, v. 2536, 3454, **trewely**, *ii.* 2018, iv. 1649, **trewliche**, *i.* 1336, truly.
trewman, *s. vii.* 1640.
tribe, *s. vii.* 4118, viii. 136.
tribut, *s. i.* 2795, iv. 2159, v. 5365.
tricherie, *s. i.* 828, ii. 812, iv. 2078.
trichorous, *a. ii.* 3019.
Tricolonius, *v.* 1239.
trie, **trye**, *v. a.* ii. 3420, iv. 2456, v. 2895, vi. 1204, vii. 42, separate, purify, test.
trinlte, *s. i.* 3276, vii. 77.
triste, *v. a. n.* i. 1947, ii. 492, 1160, **truste**, v. 2898, *pret.* **triste**, *i.* 1983, 2573, 2874, **troste**, *i.* 1739, **truste**, *v.* 3894; trust.
tristesce, *s. iv.* 3396, 3432.
Tristram, *vi.* 471, viii. 2500.
Triton, *v.* 1192.
Trocinie, *iv.* 2928.
Troian, *vii.* 3144, Trajan.
Troie, *i.* 1078 ff., ii. 2452, iii. 974 ff., 1757, 1885 ff., 2643, iv. 81, 147 ff., 772 ff., 1696, 1820 ff., 1903 ff., 2143, 2152, v. 1003, 1833, 2551, 3071, 3303, 5281, 6455, 7197 ff., vi. 1391, 1416, vii. 3585, viii. 2517, 2570, 2625; **newe Troie**, P. 37*, tale of (book of) T., i. 483, iii. 971, v. 3245, vii. 1559.
Troiens, *pl.* v. 1839, 7211, vii. 3056.
Troleward, *iv.* 732, v. 6450.
Troilus, *ii.* 2457, iv. 2795, v. 7597, viii. 2531.
trompe, *s. i.* 2128, ii. 2866, vii. 3763.
trompen, *v. n.* i. 2139, sound a trumpet.
trompette, *s. vii.* 3744, trumpet.
trosse, *see* **trusse**.

- trouble, *a. v.* 4160; *as subst.* vi. 360: turbid.
trouble, *v. a.* vi. 362; *v. n.* trowble, viii. 3009*.
trowe, *v. a.* P. 512, v. 580, 1925, believe; *v. n.* i. 1925, 2691, iii. 531, believe, think.
trowthe, trouthe, *s.* P. 154, 488, i. 746, 1559, 1588, iv. 2747, v. 4363, vi. 2285, vii. 1724 ff., trouthe plight, vii. 4228, *pl.* trowthes, i. 822: truth, assurance, loyalty.
truage, *s.* iv. 2175, v. 1553, 1726, tribute, subjection.
truandise, *s.* iv. 2767, laziness.
truants, *s. pl.* iv. 342, idlers.
truffle, *s.* viii. 2062, trifle.
trusse, *v. a.* i. 2634, iv. 1398, pack.
trusse, trosse, *s. v.* 4966, v. 5056, vii. 3253*, bundle.
trust, *s.* P. 91, i. 3154, ii. 769, iii. 281, trist, iii. 2754, v. 2133.
truste, *see* triste.
Tubal, iv. 2425.
tuelthe, *see* twelfthe.
tuelve, *see* twelve.
Tullius, iv. 2648, vi. 1401, vii. 1589, 3163*, viii. 3119.
tunbe, tombe, *s.* iv. 3665, viii. 1527, 1581, tomb.
tun, *s.* viii. 830, tune.
tunder, *s.* ii. 1274, tinder.
tunderstonde (= to understonde), ii. 815.
tunge, *s.* P. 61*, i. 678, ii. 1602, iv. 2639, tonge, iii. 1799, tongue, language.
(false) tungen, *a.* ii. 1751.
tunne, *see* tonne.
tuo, two, *num.* P. 336, i. 810, 2041, v. 188, bothie tuo, P. 1068, i. 851.
turne, *see* torne.
Turne, iv. 2186.
turves, *s. pl.* v. 4031.
twele, *num.* P. 18, i. 1344, v. 3610, tweine, tueine, ii. 3472, v. 4040, two.
twelfthe, tuelfthe, *a.* vii. 1215, 1402.
twelve, tuelve, *num.* P. 158, 526, i. 1134, ii. 97.
twenty, *num.* iv. 1356, vii. 1227.
twinklunge, twinlinge, *s.* i. 3033, v. 5935.
twinne, *v. a.* iii. 423; *v. n.* ii. 2293: separate, be separated.
twinnes, *s. pl.* vii. 1033, twins.
two, *see* tuo.
twyes, *adv.* v. 4094, twice.
tyde, *s.* *see* tide.
tyde, *v. n.* v. 3755, happen.
tyding(e), *see* tidinge.
- tye, *s. v.* 3559, case.
tyh, *v. n. pret.* v. 5709, came.
tymber (1), *see* timber.
tymber (2), vi. 1844, timbrel.
tyme, *see* time.
tymliche, *adv.* iv. 3163.
Tymolus, v. 6831.
Typhon, v. 798 ff.
Tyr, viii. 375 ff.
tyrannye, *see* tirannie.
tyt, *adv.* v. 5769, vi. 1751, quickly.

U

- Uluxes, Ulixes, Ulixe, i. 516 ff., iv. 147, 1818 ff., v. 3099 ff., 3201, vi. 1392 ff., viii. 2623.
umbreide, *v. a.* v. 5034, reproach.
unable, *a.* vii. 585, 3275, useless, incapable.
unaffiled, *a.* i. 2287, untrained.
unansuurd, *a.* ii. 2706.
unaperceiued, *a.* v. 6271, unapercieved, v. 7147*.
unaquit, *a.* ii. 3332, unrewarded.
unarme, *v. a.* v. 3803.
unarmed, *a.* vii. 3589.
unarraied, *a.* vii. 2659, in disorder.
unavanced, *a.* v. 2328.
unavised, *a. or adv.* i. 2701, iii. 1097, iv. 1241, unwise, unwisely.
unbegunne, *a.* viii. 1, without beginning.
unbehovely, *a.* vii. 1134, viii. 2884, unprofitable, unfit.
unbende, *v. a. pret.* i. 1967, unbent.
unbesein, *a.* viii. 153, devoid.
unbinde, *v. a.* viii. 2812, *pp.* unbounde, v. 159.
unbore, unborn, *a.* i. 3164, iv. 3221, v. 1748.
unbounde, *a.* v. 7734.
unbuxom, *a.* i. 1255, 1272, disobedient.
unbuxomly, unbuxomliche, *adv.* i. 1368, vii. 3569, rebelliously.
unbuxomnesse, *s.* i. 1394, disobedience.
unohaste, *see* thunchaste.
unelene, *a.* ii. 575, unclean.
unelennesse, *s.* vii. 474.
unelose, *v. a.* v. 2376, open.
uneloth, *v. refl.* v. 3494.
uncoupled, *v. a. pp.* i. 2298.
uncouth, *a.* v. 5694.
undefendid, *a.* PP. 223, not forbidden.
under, *prep.* P. 108, i. 27, 1104, undur,

- v. 1573, (undir, viii. 3060, PP. 39): *adv.* P. 76, i. 2237, ii. 418.
- underfonge, *v. a.* P. 68, iv. 206, viii. 1486, *pret.* underfing, v. 7182*, *pp.* underfonge, i. 63, ii. 1751, iv. 418, (undirfongen, PP. 264), receive, accept.
- undergete, *v. pp.* ii. 1133, come under.
- underling, *s.* vi. 2350, vii. 1294.
- undernethe, *prep.* ii. 2933; *adv.* v. 3130.
- undersette, *v. a.* v. 2157, support.
- understonde, *v. a. n.* P. 206, 481, i. 46, *pret.* understod, i. 1798, (undirstod, PP. 150), *pret. subj.* understode, P. 460, i. 2774, *imperat.* understond, i. 1882, ii. 3132, *pp.* understonde, P. 34*.
- understandinge, *s.* iii. 1950, vi. 972, understanding, significance.
- undertake, *v. a. n.* i. 2020, 3232, iv. 1967, v. 2340, (undirtake, PP. 159), *pret.* undertok, v. 2130, (undirtok, viii. 3107), *pl.* undertoke, v. 2077, *pp.* undertake, P. 241, i. 1108, undertake, take in hand, declare.
- undeserved, *a.* i. 51, vi. 358.
- undo(n), *v. a. n.* i. 2855, iii. 690, *pret.* undede, v. 2380, *imperat.* undo, ii. 2483, *pp.* undo, ii. 1016, v. 7450.
- undoinge, *s.* vii. 4099.
- undren, *s.* v. 3669.
- unenvied, *a.* P. 115.
- unethes, *adv.* P. 846, i. 1221, unethe, iii. 2536, noght (ne) . . . unethes, iv. 570, 3478, unnethes, vii. 5033, hardly.
- unevene, *a.* P. 803, v. 4547: *adv.* P. 170, iii. 14.
- unfolde, *v. a.* iv. 686.
- ungentilesce, *s.* iv. 845.
- unglad, *a.* ii. 234, 3117, *pl.* unglade, ii. 3287.
- unglade, *v. a.* v. 5680.
- ungoode, *a. pl.* P. 489, viii. 239.
- ungoodly, *a.* v. 6136, ungoodlich, v. 6293; *superl. def.* ungoodlieste, iii. 422.
- unhapp, *s.* ii. 3085, iii. 1466, *pl.* unhappes, iv. 1024.
- unhappely, *adv.* i. 376.
- unhappi, *a.* ii. 2280, iii. 1390, v. 5685, unfortunate, ill-omened.
- unholpe, *a.* v. 1862, unhelped.
- unholy, *a.* v. 7021*.
- unhorsed, *v. a. pp.* iii. 2658.
- unite, *s.* P. 987, vii. 78, unity.
- universiel, universal, *a.* vi. 2261, vii. 215.
- unjoynted, *v. a. pp.* iv. 274.
- unkemd, vii. 5023, uncombed.
- unkendeli, *a.* ii. 3124, unnatural: *cp.* unkindeliche.
- unkest, *a.* ii. 467, unkist, iv. 2712, unkissed.
- unkinde, unkynde, *a.* i. 2565, iii. 374, 2055, iv. 849, thunkinde, viii. 222, unnatural, ungrateful.
- unkinde, *s.* viii. 222.
- unkindeliche, *adv.* iii. 375, 2066, unkindely, iii. 2065, viii. 2005, 2558, unnaturally, unkindly.
- unkindenesse, *s.* v. 5141.
- unkindeschipe, *s.* ii. 3103, v. 4699, 4887 ff.
- unkist, *see* unkest.
- unknet, *v. a. pp.* ii. 2372, v. 556, vii. 4828.
- unknowe(n), *a.* P. 319, ii. 467, v. 1251, unknown; ii. 1105, v. 3148, not knowing.
- unliche, unlich, unlike, *a.* v. 4415, vi. 1862, vii. 133, unequal, unlike, superior.
- unliered, unlered, *a.* P. 233, iv. 611, untaught.
- unloke, *v. a. pp.* P. 654, iii. 425, viii. 424, unlocked.
- unlust, *s.* viii. 481, sorrow.
- unlusti, *a.* ii. 1308, unhappy.
- unmerciable, *a.* iii. 216, unmerciful.
- unmete, unmeete, *a.* ii. 122, iii. 1100, iv. 3573, vii. 5030, unequalled, unworthy, far apart: *adv.* v. 2140, beyond comparison.
- unmyhti, *a.* v. 1502, unable.
- unmylde, *a.* i. 1242.
- unpeysed, *a.* P. 64*, unweighed.
- unpike, *v. a.* v. 6509, unfasten.
- unpinned, *pp.* iii. 424, unconfined.
- unpitous, *a.* vii. 3411.
- unpitously, *adv.* viii. 2994*.
- unplein, *a.* i. 1058, dishonest.
- unpreised, *a.* ii. 2078.
- unprisone, *v. a.* vii. 3293, free from prison.
- unprofitable, *a.* ii. 3108.
- unpurse, *v. a.* v. 558, take from the purse.
- unreasonable, *a.* v. 761, viii. 2932.
- unriht, *a.* ii. 2773, iii. 1247, wrong.
- unrihte, *v. a.* ii. 506, v. 6744, set wrong, undo.
- unrihtwisnesse, *s.* vii. 4724, 5270.
- unsauhte, *a.* (*pl.*), vii. 2034, out of accord.
- unschette, *v. n.* iv. 2997, vii. 4968, open.

unsein, *a. v.* 3572, unseen.
 unsely, *a. i.* 88, *v.* 459, viii. 2360, unhappy.
 unsemlieste, *see* thunsemlieste.
 unserved, *a. iii.* 2277.
 unsittende, *a. vii.* 1736, unfitting.
 unskilfully, *adv. vii.* 4757, unjustly.
 unsofte, *a. iii.* 123.
 unsowed, *v. a. pp.* viii. 1183.
 unsped, *a. viii.* 532, without success.
 unstable, *a. P.* 863, ii. 1226.
 unstoken, *pp.* v. 34, opened.
 untame, *a. iii.* 245, wild.
 unteid, *a. iii.* 830, iv. 3462, vi. 598, unrestrained, wandering.
 unthewed, *a. i.* 3040, wrongly disposed.
 unthryve, *v. n.* v. 2508, be unprosperous.
 until, *prep.* i. 2061, iv. 3058, unto.
 unto, *prep.* P. 80, 152, i. 2162, iv. 684, &c., un to, P. 339, viii. 3069.
 untome (= unto me), iii. 99.
 untoward, *prep.* iv. 559, v. 2622, towards.
 untreuly, untrewly, *adv.* v. 5814, vii. 5239, untrewely, v. 6976.
 untrewe, *a. P.* 536, i. 1201.
 untrist, untrust, *s. v.* 585, 717, mistrust.
 untrowthe, untrouthe, *s. i.* 926, ii. 852, 2750, v. 5683.
 untrusse, *v. a. v.* 4988, unload.
 unwaked, *a. vii.* 4966, asleep.
 unwar, *a. ii.* 1041, iv. 15, vi. 1262, *pl.* unaware, P. 393, ignorant, careless, unknown.
 unwarli, *adv.* vii. 4784.
 unwedded, *a. ii.* 785, v. 6436*.
 unwelde, *a. iii.* 989, vii. 1855, unmanageable, helpless.
 unwerrred, *a. iii.* 2317, free from war.
 unwis, *see* unwys.
 unworschipe, *s. vii.* 2130, dishonour.
 unworthely, *adv.* vii. 2479.
 unwys, *a. ii.* 208, iv. 3529, unwis, viii. 2094, *def.* unwise, iii. 1799, *pl.* unwise, v. 742.
 up, *prep.* ii. 3469, iv. 1002, 1342, v. 160, upon: *adv.* P. 570, i. 339, 1184, v. 3530; *cp.* uppe: up so down, ii. 1744, iii. 80, iv. 561.
 upbere, *v. a., pp.* upbore, v. 1814, viii. 405, 631.
 upcaste, *v. a. pret.* iv. 3032, viii. 1156, *pp.* upcast, i. 697.
 updrawe, *v. a. pp.* ii. 794, v. 3313, viii. 599, brought up, drawn up.
 upheld, *v. a. pret.* i. 985.

uplefte, *v. a. pret.* i. 1674, vii. 2264, upliste, i. 198, lifted up; *v. n.* uplefte, P. 696, was raised.
 upon, *prep.* P. 27, 61, 781, i. 968, 1000, 1197, 1599, 2673, ii. 2899, iii. 2425, iv. 236, 2080, 3101, (uppon, viii. 2959); *adv.* v. 3556, hier upon, v. 7206*: on, upon, into, with regard to, by reason of.
 uppe, *adv.* P. 344, i. 2570, iv. 1831: *cp.* up.
 upriht, upryht, *a. and adv.* P. 147, 656, 1028, i. 746, ii. 253, vii. 5282.
 uprihtes, upryhtes, *adv.* P. 940, i. 2918, iii. 2634.
 upriste, *s. i.* 2198, rising.
 upset, *v. a. pp.* v. 2316, set up, upsete, viii. 244, overthrown.
 upward, *adv.* i. 663, v. 3978.
 us, *s. P.* 359, i. 2695, v. 137, use, usage.
 usage, *s. v.* 7542, vi. 664.
 usance, *s. i.* 2027, vi. 569, custom.
 use(n), *v. a. P.* 397, i. 342, 1373, 2101, v. 6578, (*pp.* usid, viii. 2964), use, practise; *v. n.* ii. 400, v. 38, be wont.
 usure, *s. v.* 4384 ff.

V

vailable, *a. vii.* 1526, 3176, PP. 142, serviceable.
 vailant, *a. iv.* 1633, valiant.
 vaile, *v. n.* vii. 144, profit.
 Valentinian, v. 6398.
 Valerie, Valeire, v. 6360, vii. 3181.
 valleie, *s. v.* 1013, vii. 3320*, valley.
 value, *s. ii.* 3410, iii. 2765.
 vanite, *s. i.* 451, 2784, v. 215, vii. 2410.
 vanyssht, *v. n. pp.* v. 3959.
 variance, *s. P.* 542, vii. 1758.
 vasselage, *s. v.* 902, 6435*, prowess.
 vecke, *s. i.* 1675, hag.
 Vegecius, v. 885.
 vegetabilis, iv. 2535.
 veile, *v. a.* viii. 1261.
 vein, *a. ii.* 1713, *def.* vein, P. 221, i. 599, *fem.* veine, P. 262, i. 2677, *pl.* veine, i. 2689; in vein, i. 1946, 2736, ii. 2253.
 veines, veynes, *s. pl.* ii. 3123, iv. 3463, v. 4164, viii. 1186, veins.
 veneison, *s. iv.* 1996, game (in hunting).
 Venenas, vii. 1393.
 venerie, *s. v.* 1262, hunting.

venerien, *a.* vii. 795, 1347.
vengable, *a.* iv. 3510, apt to take vengeance.
vengeance, *s.* i. 378, 1433, (**vengeance**, viii. 2997*).
venge(n), *v. a. and refl.* i. 991, 2578, ii. 1285, iii. 1013, vii. 2891, *avenge*.
vengement, *s.* i. 1457, viii. 220, *vengeance*.
Venus, *i.* 124, 235 ff., 2491, iii. 1462, 2555, iv. 419, 824, 1262, 1467, 1787, 3558, 3658, v. 650, 859, 917, 1388 ff., 1493, 4827, 4861, 5819, 5843, 6715, 6753, 7413, 7479 ff., vi. 506, 614, 639, 2425, vii. 20, viii. 2172 ff.; (the planet) iv. 2473, 3245, vii. 773, 797, 1020, 1113, 1135, 1231, 1315, 1382, 1395, 1421.
venym, *s.* P. 858, ii. 2294, 3490.
Ver, vii. 1014.
Verconius, iv. 2433.
vernage, *s.* vi. 218, (a kind of wine).
verrai, **verray**, *a.* P. 978, i. 1450, 2451, ii. 3397, iv. 2275, **veray**, **verai**, iv. 2519, v. 1774, *true*.
verrailliche, **verrailly**, *adv.* i. 904, vi. 116, 866.
vers, *s.* vi. 70, *order*.
vertu, *s.* P. 79, 360, iv. 2327, vii. 1545, *virtue*, *power*.
vertue, *v. refl.* iii. 2766, *endeavour*.
vertules, *a.* vii. 1319, *without virtue*.
vertuous, *a.* P. 39, ii. 7, iv. 2635, vii. 1327, 1548, *virtuous*, *powerful*.
verveyne, *s.* v. 4039.
Vesper, iv. 3209.
vessel(l), *s.* ii. 1133, 3445, vii. 3500.
Veste, v. 892.
vestment, *s.* v. 7135.
viage, *s.* ii. 2528, iv. 218, 1948, viii. 1540, *journey*.
vicair, *s.* ii. 2804.
vloe, *s.* P. 79, i. 577, 647.
vicious, *a.* vii. 792.
victoire, *s.* P. 1001, i. 2476, iii. 2681.
vigile, *s.* iv. 3252.
vil, *a.* P. 887, i. 2098.
vilein, *a.* iii. 1182, v. 7203, *pl.* **vileins**, P. 738, *worthless*, *cowardly*: *subst.* iii. 1244, iv. 2300, vii. 3062, *boor*, *commoner*.
vilenie, **vileinie**, *s.* i. 2408, v. 170, viii. 1431, *worthlessness*, *unworthy deed*.
vines, *s.* *pl.* iv. 2441, v. 1229.
vinour, *s.* vii. 1875, *vine-grower*.
Viola, v. 4811, 4849.
violence, *s.* ii. 2977, iii. 24, iv. 607.
violent, *a.* vii. 946, 4551.
virelai, *s.* i. 2709, 2727.

Virgile, v. 2032, vi. 98, viii. 2714.
virgine, *s.* v. 1773 ff., 6363 ff., viii. 52.
virginite, *s.* v. 6243, 6340 ff., viii. 204.
Virginus, vii. 5136.
Virgo, vii. 1081 ff., 1249.
visage, *s.* P. 112, i. 1684, ii. 1789, iii. 1784, vii. 4046, *face*, *appearance*, *pretext*.
viser, *s.* i. 637, ii. 2081, *mask*.
visioun, *s.* v. 7410.
visite, *v. a.* ii. 917.
vitaile, *v. a.* ii. 711, 1031, *viactual*.
Vitellus, **Vitelle**, vi. 538, 563.
voide, *a.* iv. 2098, v. 1914, viii. 36, *empty*, *clear*.
voide, **voyde**, *v. a.* i. 1890, ii. 2125, iv. 2084, PP. 317, *empty*, *drive away*.
vois, *s.* i. 495, 1828, v. 995, 1721, *voice*, *rumour*, *vote*.
voisdie, *s.* vii. 3739, *cunning*.
voluptuosite, *s.* viii. 156.
vou, *s.* v. 5816.
vouche, *v. a.* iii. 486, iv. 668, *affirm*.
vowe, *v. a.* i. 3021.
Vulcanus, v. 642 ff., 956.

W

wacche, *v. n.* ii. 110, *watch*.
wacche, **wachche**, *s.* iv. 2808, v. 2241, *watch*.
wade, *v. n.* ii. 2221, iii. 228.
walle, **weille**, *v. n.* i. 3025, v. 7443.
walleway, *interj.* viii. 327.
waishe(n), *v. a. n. and refl.* v. 301, 1471, *pret.* *s.* **wissh**, v. 306, **wysh**, v. 3806, vii. 2283, *pl.* **wisshen**, v. 3836, *pp.* **waisschen**, i. 2846; *wash*.
waite, **wayten**, *v. n.* ii. 110, 117, iii. 915, 2090, iv. 802, *wait*, *keep watch*; *v. a.* v. 7112, PP. 204, *watch for*, *attend to*.
wake(n), *v. n.* iii. 51, iv. 2709, 2837, 3314, *pret.* *wok*, i. 914, ii. 1349, *wake*, *stay awake*.
wakere, *s.* iv. 3162.
wakinge, *s.* iv. 3142.
wal, *see* **wall**.
Wales, ii. 904.
walke, *v. n.* i. 99, ii. 758, 2094, iii. 364.
wall, **wal**, *s.* P. 836, ii. 1089, 2893, *pl.* **walles**, i. 1155.
walle, *v. a.* v. 7230.
wane, *s.* v. 5369, vii. 591.
wanhope, *s.* iii. 281, iv. 3397, *despair*.
wantounesse, *s.* iv. 1277, v. 6116, vii. 798.

- wantonly, *adv.* iv. 1017.
 war, *a.* P. 508, i. 330, 1075, ii. 557, *pl.*
 ware, viii. 1392, be war, ii. 1606, v.
 7838, aware, careful.
 war, *v. n. and refl. imperat.* war thee wel,
 iii. 968, v. 7606, war hem wel, iii. 1113,
 war, vii. 1137.
 warrant, *s.* i. 1695, ii. 1237, v. 1924, secu-
 rity, warrant.
 warde, *s.* i. 332, iii. 1953, v. 5298, guard;
pl. wardes, v. 1868, wards (of a key).
 warde, *v. a. n.* i. 331, 536, iii. 1954, v.
 5297, guard.
 wardein, *s.* v. 6614, 7152*.
 warie, *v. a. v.* 510, 3913, curse.
 warisoun (-on), *s. i.* 671, 3349, property.
 warm, *a.* iii. 314, iv. 422, vii. 4135, al
 warm, ii. 2485, v. 679.
 warme, *v. a.* viii. 1194.
 warne, *v. a. i.* 2506, ii. 1436, 2092, iv.
 1432, warn, command, inform.
 warnynge, *s.* viii. 581.
 was, were, &c., *see* be.
 was, *as subst.* viii. 2435.
 wast, *a.* P. 839, v. 7816, desolate, wasted.
 wast, *s.* (1), i. 1192, v. 356, 4656, waste.
 wast, *s.* (2), v. 7143, waist.
 waste, *v. a.* P. 649, i. 2836, 3310.
 wastour, *s.* v. 1053.
 water, *s.* i. 2194, ii. 2189, 3170, iv. 3009,
 vii. 238, water stronde, i. 1169, water
 Nymphes, v. 1182, waterspoute, vii. 1193.
 watergates, *s. pl.* iii. 689, 987.
 waterpot, *s.* iii. 673.
 wawe, *s.* i. 2945, ii. 24, 728, iv. 3083.
 waxe, wexe, *v. n.* P. 629, ii. 2260, iii. 56,
 iv. 345, 3 *s. pres.* wext, vi. 34, waxeth,
 P. 1078, 3 *s. pret.* wax, P. 914, ii. 1713,
 3 *pl.* woxen, P. 914, vii. 1995, *pp.*
 woxe, v. 9, 6008.
 way, *see* weie.
 wayt, *s.* ii. 2447, 2999.
 wayten, *see* waite.
 we, *pron.* P. 2, i. 842, &c., *cp.* ous.
 wedd, *s.* i. 1558, pledge; to wedde, i.
 1588, ii. 2662, iv. 2876, as a pledge.
 wedde(n), *v. a. n.* i. 1587, 1741, 2486,
 ii. 623, 664, 1305, v. 486, *pp.* weddid,
 iv. 650, wedded, i. 1761.
 wedded, *a.* v. 4655, 5631.
 weddinge, *s.* vii. 5326.
 wede, *s.* ii. 1847, v. 6209, dress, cover.
 weder, *s.* i. 2925, ii. 1888, iii. 1029, v.
 7048, weather, wind.
 weene, *s.* iv. 2595, expectation.
 weene, *v. see* wene.
 weer, *see* wer.
 weie, *s.* P. 17, 232, i. 89, 818, 1002, 1712,
 3440, (weye, viii. 3058*), wey, i. 1562,
 way, v. 6596; do wey, vii. 5408; mi
 weie, his weie (= away), viii. 1452,
 PP. 336: way, road, means.
 weie, *v. a. n.* v. 4412, vii. 1105, PP. 91,
pp. weie, PP. 320, weigh.
 weile, *see* waile.
 weke, *s.* i. 3110, vii. 957, week.
 wel, *adv.* P. 92, 522, 616, &c., wiel, P. 648, vii.
 816, wel is, i. 1605, wel you be, ii. 1513,
cp. iii. 840, wel the more, &c., P. 55*, ii.
 3512, 3523, wela fourtenyht, iv. 1418, als
 (also) wel... as, i. 1316, 2248 f., ii. 3408.
 wel, wele, *s.* P. 547, i. 149, 2371, iii. 283,
 780, iv. 1070, prosperity, happiness.
 welcome, *a.* v. 3788.
 welcome, *v. a. v.* 3373, viii. 1895.
 welcominge, welcomyng, *s.* ii. 671, v.
 3813, vi. 1504.
 welde(n), *v. a.* ii. 2411, iv. 1828, v. 77,
 1631, vii. 657, manage, rule.
 welfare, *s.* ii. 225, iv. 3412.
 welke, *v. n.* P. 934, wither; *pp.* welked,
 viii. 2437.
 welkne, *s.* P. 928, iii. 985, viii. 1042.
 welle, *s.* i. 148, 2306, 2343, iii. 1408, well,
 spring; welle stremes, vii. 251.
 wellwillende, *a.* iv. 507, well disposed.
 welmore, *adv.* i. 973, iii. 455, 797, much
 more.
 welnyh, *adv.* P. 30, i. 983, vi. 1685.
 welthe, P. 95, 787, i. 2495, ii. 1207,
 prosperity, wealth.
 welwillinge, *s.* iii. 599, 2258, goodwill.
 wenche, *s.* ii. 3097.
 wende(n), *v. a.* v. 522, *pret.* wente, ii. 2248,
pp. went, P. 246, iii. 878, v. 4450, vii. 442,
 turn; *v. n. and refl.* P. 591, i. 2090, 3 *s.*
pres. went, i. 50, *pret.* wente, i. 143, 826,
 1163, v. 3314, went, v. 7533, turn, go.
 wene, weene, *v. n.* P. 337, 656, i. 681, 1603,
 1897, ii. 2479, iv. 911, 2596, *pret.* wende,
 i. 2005, ii. 2289, think, expect, trust; *v. a.*
 i. 925, 1194, ii. 2018, *pret.* wende, i.
 1187, expect, believe.
 wenge, *see* wyng.
 wente, *s.* iv. 168, v. 2726, vi. 1029, vii.
 2250, turn, way, device.
 wenynge, wenyng, i. 1946, 1958, 2267,
 expectation, thought.
 wepe, *v. n.* i. 115, 955, 965, 2325, 3 *s.*
pres. wepth, i. 2338, *pret.* wepte, i.
 2180, 2325, weep.
 wepinge, *s.* i. 2188, 3171, viii. 522.

- wepne, s. ii. 1767, v. 338, weapon.
 wepneles, a. vii. 2850, without arms.
 wer, weer, s. P. 143, i. 1924, iii. 1148, doubt, difficulty.
 werche, *see* worche(n).
 were (1), v. a. P. 356, iv. 1429, *pp.* wered (oute), P. 870, wear; v. n. were (oute), P. 368.
 were (2), v. a. v. 3615, defend.
 were, s. vii. 4813, wearing.
 werinesse, s. vii. 3264*.
 werk, s. P. 51, i. 1090, 2542, *pl.* werkes, P. 491, iii. 1274.
 werke, *see* worche(n).
 werkman, s. i. 1091.
 werkmanschiþe, s. i. 2541.
 werne, v. a. i. 1931, ii. 85, iv. 2066, viii. 948; v. n. i. 2622, prevent, refuse.
 werre, s. P. 129, i. 2463, 3288, war.
 werre, v. a. iii. 2489, 2537, fight against, *pp.* werred, iv. 1805, be engaged in war; v. n. iii. 2584, v. 6420*, make war.
 werre, *see* werse.
 werrejour, s. ii. 2516, iii. 2348, PP. 130.
 werse, a. *comp.* P. 638, iii. 1563, worse, P. 57, iii. 2598; as *subst.* the werse, iii. 587, the worse, v. 7353, the werre, P. 176, iii. 1646, for bet, for wers, iv. 673: *adv.* wurse, v. 6994, worse, vii. 5293.
 werste, a. *sup.* i. 3057, worste, iii. 2102; as *subst.* the werste, P. 641, ii. 1675, v. 7363, *cp.* viii. 1067, the worste, ii. 443, v. 3278: *adv.* werst, worst, i. 326, iv. 420, worste, i. 2360.
 wery, a. iii. 1153, vii. 415, weary.
 west, s. vii. 565.
 westward, *adv.* vii. 576.
 wet, a. i. 1680, *pl.* wete, v. 4087; as *subst.* the wete, vi. 1271.
 wete, v. a. vi. 1042, *pret.* wette, v. 3973, wet.
 wether, s. v. 4045, vi. 429, ram.
 wetinge, s. iv. 1109, wetting.
 weve, v. a. n. v. 1283, vii. 4333, *pret.* waf, v. 5770, weave.
 wevinge, s. iv. 1175.
 wex, s. iv. 1055, vi. 1958, wax.
 wexe, *see* waxe.
 wey, *see* wele.
 weyhte, s. ii. 341, 1926, iii. 1572, weight, balance.
 weyve, v. a. i. 479, 2894, ii. 610, 2930, iii. 1061, iv. 3692, vi. 1456, 2058, weive, iii. 1854, viii. 1288, put aside, refuse, leave, vacate; v. n. ii. 3469, iii. 1768, 2509, turn aside, refuse, leave off.
 whan, whanne, *conj.* P. 9, 343, i. 112, whan that, P. 37, 337, when, i. 1757, 2402.
 what, *pron. and a.* P. 26, i. 881, (= whatever) P. 69*, i. 281, iii. 325, what man, iii. 2508, what womman, i. 1610, what . . . that, P. 68, 399, 997, what as (evere), P. 487, i. 1830, v. 351, what . . . what, iv. 701, v. 527, 7583, what . . . and, viii. 856, what time, iv. 1983.
 what, s. i. 1676, iii. 1217, v. 4429, thing.
 whel, *see* whiel.
 whelp, s. i. 1259.
 when, *see* whan, whenne.
 whenne, when, *interr. adv.* iv. 578, viii. 738, 989, fro whenne, ii. 3135, v. 614, fro whenne that, ii. 1147, fro when, iv. 1336; *conj.* whenne as evere, i. 3375, whenne that, ii. 1583: whence.
 wher (1), where, *interr. adv.* P. 381, i. 126, 932; *conj.* P. 288, i. 35, wher that, P. 666, wher(e) as (evere), P. 893, i. 37, iii. 2339, iv. 2877; wher on, iv. 3001, elles where, ii. 1979, iii. 2079: where.
 wher (2), *interr. adv.*, wher . . . or, i. 57, 1811; *conj.*, wher . . . or, i. 789, iii. 1000, iv. 1516, wher so . . . or, iv. 641, v. 466, 3569, viii. 2220: whether.
 wherby, *rel. adv.* v. 4991.
 wherinne, *rel. adv.* iv. 1835.
 wherof, *rel. adv.* P. 47, i. 454, 829, 1203, iv. 1790, vii. 741, (whereof, PP. 17 ff., wher of, viii. 2952 ff.), wherof that, i. 541, 1266; of which, whence.
 wherto, *rel. adv.* iii. 254.
 wherupon, *rel. adv.* i. 12, v. 268, (wher upon, vi. 1762).
 wherwith, *rel. adv.* v. 2618.
 whete, s. iv. 1710, viii. 469.
 whether, a. ii. 1725, iii. 1733, iv. 1741, which (of the two), which ever.
 whether, *conj.*, whether that . . . or, i. 1332, iv. 1092; *cp.* wher (2).
 whi, why, *interr. adv.* P. 32, 849, i. 2149, iv. 2023, why that, P. 557, whi ne were it (a wish), iv. 2855; for why, v. 4717.
 which, *rel. pron. and a.* P. 52, 75, i. 193, 766, 2411, iii. 343 (that which), 2527, the which, P. 71, *pl.* whiche, P. 707, i. 404, ii. 604, which, P. 1016, which that, i. 94, which(e) as, i. 1653, ii. 2082: *interr.* i. 827; *in exclamation*, iv. 1212, v. 388, 1186.
 whider, *interr. adv.* iv. 578, 3446, whither.
 whiderward, *interr. adv.* vii. 777.

- whiel, whel**, P. 138, 444, 561, i. 2490, ii. 241, 1822, iv. 1196, wheel.
whil, whyl, while, conj. P. 252, i. 762, ii. 1010, iii. 1577, iv. 1495, *whil that, whyl that*, i. 963, 3384.
while, whyle, s. P. 558, i. 706, 756, 1094, 1264, 1577, 2628, ii. 1846, 2324, 2862, v. 6752; *al the while (as conj.)*, iii. 2530, *the whyle*, iv. 1565, (meanwhile): short time, time, leisure.
whiles, whyles, *see therwhile*.
whilom, P. 54, 886, i. 975, *whylom*, iv. 2347, formerly.
whippe, s. iii. 120.
who, pron. indef., who that, P. 13, 550, i. 481, *who so*, P. 1002, *who so that*, v. 50, *who as evere*, iv. 1096, 1685, *as who seith*, P. 43, i. 1381, 2794: *interr.* P. 176, *who was who*, vii. 2001, viii. 2461: *relat.* *whom*, P. 85, *the whom*, ii. 162, *whos*, P. 444, *the whos*, iv. 3039, v. 1798: *cp.* *which*.
why, see whi.
whyt, whit, a. ii. 1506, iii. 797, iv. 1348, *def.* *whyte*, iv. 859, *pl.* *whyte*, i. 2045, iv. 1310: *as subst.* *whyt*, iv. 1317, *the whyt*, v. 3016, *the whyte*, iv. 2571.
wiccheecraft, s. vi. 1288.
wicke, a. ii. 571, iii. 115, 462, 1651, v. 7353, *wikke*, viii. 3025, *bad: as subst.* v. 5915.
wicke, s. i. 3312, ii. 495, *evil*.
wicked, a. ii. 496, iii. 1626, *wickid*, iii. 649, vii. 3805, *wikkid*, P. 459.
wickedly, adv. i. 959.
wickednesse, wikkidnesse, s. vii. 4723, 5060.
wide, see wyde.
wiel, see wel.
wierde, s. iii. 1819, *weerde*, (*pl.*) iv. 2765, *destiny*.
wif, s. i. 677, 765, 1573, *genit.* *wyves*, i. 2500, *dat.* *to wyve*, v. 2686, *pl.* *wyves*, ii. 1283, v. 6019, *woman, wife*.
wifhode, s. i. 974, v. 456, vi. 1475.
wifes, a. i. 1411, viii. 1760, *without wife*.
wihssinge, s. iii. 1174, *wishing*.
wiht, wyht, s. i. 28, 315, 745, 1548, *wight*, i. 3011, *person, creature*.
wikkid, wikkidnesse, see wicked, &c.
wilde, wylde, a. P. 68*, 1057, i. 1241, ii. 161, 2295, iii. 325, 1638, *a wylde fyr*, v. 2178.
wildernesse, s. iv. 1975, v. 1263, *wyldernes*, vii. 3216*.
wile, see wyle.
wilful, a. iii. 2449.
wille, will, s. P. 477, i. 190, 928, 1953, iii. 1161 ff., iv. 1828, (*wil*, P. 72*, viii. 3037*), *will, pleasure, wilfulness*.
willinge, s. v. 5744.
wind, see wynd.
winde, v. a., pret. *wond*, v. 6889.
winge, see wyng.
winke, wynke, v. n. i. 384, v. 1842, *close the eye*.
winne, see wyne.
winnynge, s. iii. 2284.
wirche, see worche(n).
wis, see wys.
wisdom, s. P. 13, i. 2267, viii. 1483.
wise, s. P. 463, i. 478, 747, 2018, 3027, *wyse*, P. 8, *manner*.
wisemen, see wysman.
wisly, see wysly.
wiss, adv., als so wiss, v. 3487, *als so wiss . . . as*, v. 4444, *surely*.
wisse(n), v. a. P. 232, iii. 1640, v. 1669, *inform, guide*.
wisshe, v. n. i. 115, 3164, iii. 1575, iv. 11, *pret.* *wissheide*, i. 120.
wisshe, s. pl. iii. 1507, iv. 1107, vii. 4826.
wist, see wite.
wit, witt, s. P. 14, i. 1309, 1907, iii. 609, 1163 ff., *pl.* *wittes*, P. 81, i. 296, *mind, reason, wits, senses*.
wite(n), v. a. n. P. 286, i. 2742, 2 s. *pres.* *wost*, ii. 3528, 3 s. *wot*, P. 27, ii. 226, *woot*, i. 1640, 3 *pl.* *witen*, i. 608, *pret.* *wiste*, P. 1024, i. 911, 931, ii. 36, *wist*, ii. 2010, *pp.* *wist*, P. 503, *hadde I wist*, i. 1888, ii. 473, iv. 305, *wiste*, viii. 37, *imperat.* *wite*, i. 2450, *know: cp. not*.
with, prep. and adv. P. 85, 132, i. 248, 514, ii. 283, viii. 2501, 2553, *with that*, i. 972, ii. 1528, *forth with, see forth*.
withal, adv. P. 545, i. 1225, *withalle*, i. 2307, ii. 1777, *withall*, ii. 3474, *with al*, i. 3421, *therewith, moreover*.
withdrawe, v. a. and refl. i. 2224, *pret.* *withdrowh, withdrouh*, i. 930, iii. 2673, v. 6268, *pp.* *withdrawe*, ii. 2582, iv. 2683, v. 2812, *imperat.* *withdrawgh, withdrawh*, iv. 3220, v. 7738; *v. n.* iv. 1924.
withholde, v. a. iv. 533, v. 3383, *pp.* *withholde*, P. 101, 263, i. 262, iii. 851, *keep, retain (in service)*.
withinne, prep. P. 989, i. 1158, 2954, *withinnen*, viii. 959; *adv.* P. 836, i. 360, 875, (*withynne*, viii. 3081).
withoute, prep. P. 114, i. 119, *withouten*, P. 985, iii. 55, (*with outen, with oute*, viii. 2951, 3089*), *without: adv.* *withoute*,

- P. 794, i. 597, ii. 4, v. 2279, outside, outwardly, without.
- withsein, withseie, *v. a.* iii. 978, 2166, 3 *s. pres.* withseith, ii. 2806, withseid, iii. 1838, oppose, say in opposition.
- withset, *v. a. pp.* ii. 2335, hindered.
- withstonde, *v. a. i.* 787, iv. 1993, *pret.* withstod, ii. 2973, *pp.* withstonde, i. 91; noght withstondende, v. 1611, *cp.* vi. 683.
- witles, *a. vi.* 163, 567, senseless.
- witnesse, *s. P.* 907, i. 714, 2559, ii. 1696, iii. 487, iv. 2040, evidence, witness.
- witnesse, *v. a. n.* ii. 3095, v. 2864, vii. 4821, bear testimony (to).
- wo, *s. P.* 547, iv. 3031, wo thee be, i. 1659, iii. 462, *cp.* i. 1076, iii. 802, wo worthe, viii. 1334, 2582, wo begon, i. 1762, wo the while, v. 6752.
- wo, *a. ii.* 134, v. 3678, sorrowful.
- wod, *a. P.* 1078, ii. 153, iii. 217, *def.* wode, iii. 244, iv. 3064, mad, wild.
- wode, *s. i.* 110, 344, ii. 2296, (woode, v. 7026 *), *genit.* wodes, iv. 1308, wood.
- wode, *v. n.* iii. 86, rage.
- wodemayde, *s. v.* 6237, wood-maiden.
- wodesschawe, *s. v.* 6324, wood.
- woful(i), *a. P.* 255, i. 75, 1001, 1674; *sup.* the wofulleste, vii. 5017.
- wofully, wofulli, *adv.* ii. 1149, 3224, vi. 1009.
- wol, *v. i.* 3 *s. pres.* P. 482, 750, 963, woll, P. 62, i. 838, 1266, wole, i. 2389, v. 4516, wile, i. 1865, nyle (=ne wyle), iii. 961, 2 *s. wolt*, i. 2254, wilt, i. 3333, *pl.* yewole, i. 1831, ye woll, i. 66, 3274, wol ye, ii. 551, 3 *pl.* wol, i. 1363 f., iv. 1678, wole, v. 2107, 3 *s. pres. subj.* (?) wole, P. 368, iv. 1171, 1215, wile, P. 379, i. 35, *pret. ind. and subj.* wolde, P. 17, 151, 461, i. 162, 816, 3169, wold, v. 4217, 7137, wolde god, iv. 899, 1148, *pp.* wold, iv. 248; will, would (*as auxil.*): *v. a. i.* 3169, iv. 3475, desire.
- woldes, *as subst. pl.* vi. 923.
- wolf, *s. P.* 419, iv. 328, vii. 3364.
- wolle, *s. iv.* 2435, v. 45, 1203, wulle, P. 399, iv. 2895, wool.
- wollesak, *s. i.* 1692, sack of wool.
- wombe, *s. P.* 609, iii. 190, iv. 2755, belly, womb.
- womman, *s. i.* 681, ii. 56, *pl.* wommen, i. 488.
- wommanhiede (-hede), *s. i.* 1719, iii. 1607, iv. 602, 2305, v. 533, woman's nature, womanliness.
- wommanlich, wommanly, *a. i.* 2757, vii. 4879.
- wommanysshe, wommannysshe, wommanisshe, *a. i.* 495, 913, iv. 1924, v. 6199, viii. 855, wommannysch, womannyssh, i. 1530, vii. 4321, womanly, effeminate.
- wonde(n), *v. n.* iii. 1569, 2215, v. 7036, turn aside; *v. a.* vii. 5260, avoid.
- wonder, *s. P.* 75, 243, i. 2798, wondre, iv. 1972, (wondir, viii. 3093, PP. 47), *pl.* wondres, v. 1570; no wonder thogh, &c., i. 1726, 2759.
- wonder, *a. i.* 67, 411, 1328, wondrous: *adv.* P. 604, i. 368.
- wonderfull, *a. P.* 557, v. 349.
- wonderly (-li), *adv.* ii. 1544, iii. 1157, iv. 2980.
- wondre, *v. n.* P. 175, ii. 775, 1508, iv. 3647.
- wondringe, *s. v.* 5149.
- wone, *s. i.* 2276, ii. 3260, iii. 149, v. 468, custom, habit.
- wone, *v. n.* i. 920, ii. 1053, iii. 150, v. 467, dwell.
- wones, *s. pl.* iv. 2217, v. 210, vii. 4116, viii. 612, possession.
- wont, *a. i.* 2979, 3036, iv. 3105.
- worche(n), *v. a. n.* i. 2615, ii. 215, 1850, iii. 357, 959, iv. 2595, v. 463, werche, P. 450, i. 626, v. 1800, (wirche, PP. 20, 199), werke, i. 633, v. 1894; *pret.* wroghte, P. 694, 1008, iii. 1117, (wroughte, viii. 3002), *pp.* wroght, i. 1061, 2613, work, do.
- worcheinge, *s. ii.* 3485, vii. 1369.
- word, *s. P.* 113, 460, i. 746, ii. 1406, vii. 1509 ff., (*pl.* wordis, viii. 3118 ff.).
- worde, *v. n.* iii. 742, dispute.
- world, *s. P.* 10, 28, 383, 1081, i. 178, 1257, ii. 2972, iii. 626, iv. 2078, vii. 2521, 2702; worldes blisse, &c., i. 1771, 2683, iii. 2470, worldes deth, i. 2213, a worldes womman, v. 5755: world, fortune.
- worldesriche, *s. iii.* 2587, v. 87.
- worldly, *a. P.* 219; *adv.* vii. 2304.
- worm, *s. v.* 3716, 5131, serpent.
- worschipe, *s. P.* 785, i. 919, 1553, v. 188, 195, honour.
- worschipe, *v. a. P.* 105, v. 1272, honour, worship.
- worschipful, *a. ii.* 662.
- worse, worst, *see* werse, werste.
- wortes, *s. pl.* vii. 2297, herbs.
- worth, *s. P.* 636, iv. 1327.
- worth, *a. P.* 629, i. 1927, iii. 1652.
- worthe, *v. n.* vi. 279, become, wo worthe, viii. 1334, 2582.

worthi, *a. P.* 45, i. 203, 316, 764, iv. 1335, v. 105; *as subst. pl.* v. 2058; *sup.* the worthiest, i. 1432, vi. 1600.
 worthili (-ly), *adv.* ii. 604, 2649.
 worthinesse, *s. P.* 50*, i. 1435, iv. 1156.
 wounde, *s. i.* 1426, iii. 308, vii. 1568, wound.
 wounde(n), *v. a.* iv. 2002, vii. 4282, *pp.* wounded, viii. 2818.
 wow, *s. iii.* 1341, iv. 246, wall.
 wowe, *v. n.* iv. 161, 2281, 2711, v. 2888, woo.
 wower, *s. ii.* 52, wooer.
 wrestle, *v. n.* viii. 2240f.
 wrathful, *a.* vii. 411.
 wrathfulli, *adv.* v. 7202.
 wraththe, *s. i.* 3325, iii. 83, 842, wrathe, iii. 21.
 wraththe(n), *v. n. and refl.* iii. 385, 401, *pret.* wroth, viii. 1692, be angry.
 wreche, *s. i.* 2098, v. 4856, wretch.
 wreche, *s. P.* 899, ii. 572, iii. 231, v. 388, wrieche, vii. 537, 4731, wreche, iii. 2147, vengeance.
 wreke, *v. a.* i. 1519, iii. 1109, iv. 3618, *pp.* wroke(n), ii. 536, 2174, iii. 860, wreke, ii. 186, v. 5869, avenge, satisfy.
 wrenne, *s.* viii. 2227.
 wrieche, *see* wreche.
 wringe, *v. a.* iii. 1426, iv. 2673.
 writ, *s. ii.* 3386, v. 1923, viii. 2698.
 write, *see* wryte.
 writere, *s.* iv. 2657.
 writhe, *v. a. pp.* vii. 5341, twisted.
 writinge, *see* wrytinge.
 wroghte, wroght, *see* worchen.
 wrong, *a.* ii. 2391, v. 5743, *def.* wrong, ii. 295, *pl.* wronge, iv. 3709.
 wrong, *s. P.* 251, ii. 1739, iii. 2425, PP. 106, with wrong (= wrongly), vi. 2320.
 wronge, *v. n.* ii. 3070, v. 7634, do wrong.
 wrongful, wrongfull, *a.* ii. 2980, iii. 2343, 2354, v. 7385, vii. 5247.
 wroth, *a. i.* 368, 1204, iii. 217, for wroth, vi. 1696, *pl.* wrothe, P. 920, iv. 1873.
 wryte(n), *v. a. n. P.* 6, 21, i. 74, &c., (write, P. 56*, viii. 3014*), 3 *s. pres.* writ, P. 13, vii. 4560, *pret.* s. wrot, i. 1487, *pl.* write(n), P. 1, i. 1857, iv. 2525, *pret. subj.* write, P. 41, *pp.* write(n), P. 3, iv. 1662; write.
 wrytinge, wrytynge, *s. P.* 38, ii. 3030, iv. 2924, vi. 2438, wrytynge, P. 53*, wrytynges (*pl.*), i. 8.
 wulle, *see* wolle.

wurse, *see* werse.
 wyde, wide, *a. P.* 100, i. 627, ii. 595; *adv.* vii. 3320, wyde where, iii. 1019, viii. 1460.
 wyde where, *adv.* vii. 3456, far and wide: *see* wyde.
 wyht, *see* wiht.
 wyhte, *a. pl.* viii. 681, nimble.
 wylde, *see* wilde.
 wyle, *s. i.* 755, 2627, ii. 480, wiles, (*pl.*) i. 2588, cunning, wile.
 wimpel, wimpel, *s. iii.* 1396, 1419, v. 6889.
 wyn, *s. i.* 2549, ii. 1008, *pl.* wynes, iv. 2442, wine.
 wynd, *s. P.* 923, i. 2410, wind, viii. 2851.
 wynddrive, *pp.* vi. 1423, driven by wind.
 wyndi, wyndy, *a.* vi. 1418, viii. 1146.
 wyndou, wyndowe, *s. v.* 6513, 6661.
 wyndrunke, *a.* vi. 547, drunk with wine.
 wyng, winge, *s. ii.* 417, v. 6005, 6526, *pl.* wynges, iii. 2107, iv. 111, wenges, viii. 2655.
 wynke, *see* winke.
 wynne, winne, *v. a. n. P.* 265, 403, i. 792, 823, 1809, *pret.* wan, P. 709, i. 3421, *pl.* wonne, iii. 2049, *pret. subj.* wonne, iv. 2782, *pp.* wonne, P. 687, i. 755, iv. 2184, vi. 2231, wunne, vi. 2092, win, get, make, gain; *v. n.* winne (away), v. 352, get (away).
 wynter, *s. i.* 2355, 3253, *genit.* wyntres, v. 5959, *pl. with num.*, wynter, i. 1153, 1803, ii. 3207; *as a. P.* 938, i. 1167, ii. 1817, iii. 684.
 wyny, *a.* viii. 2849.
 wype, *v. a.* v. 6529.
 wys, wis, *a. P.* 157, i. 1899, *def.* wyse, P. 65, i. 3396, *pl.* wise, P. 363, i. 2017, 2768, iv. 2367; *as subst. sing.* the wise, ii. 3248, *pl.* wyse, P. 7; *superl.* the wiseste (*as subst.*), P. 666, i. 1097; wise.
 wyse, *s. see* wise.
 wysly, wisly, *adv.* i. 536, ii. 2854, vii. 2482.
 wysman, wisman, *s. P.* 68, i. 130, 1064, iii. 954, *pl.* wisemen, vii. 1792, *genit.* wisemennes, PP. 94.
 wyte, *s. ii.* 430, iv. 2622, (wite, P. 59*), blame, censure.
 wyte, *v. a.* ii. 1844, charge; to (forto) wyte, P. 530, i. 20, 263, 592, 1455, 2214, (to wite, viii. 3013*), to be blamed.
 wyve, *v. n.* ii. 3112, iv. 256, take a wife.
 wyve, wyves, *s. see* wif.

Y

- yare (3), *a. i.* 1165, *v.* 3299, 5613, ready.
 ybore, *see* bere.
 Yehonithon, vii. 1453.
 ydeac, vi. 1318.
 ydel, *a. i.* 1986, *iv.* 1094, 2678, *v.* 4724, idle, useless, empty: *adv.* *iv.* 1152.
 ydeliche, *adv.* *iv.* 1197, idly.
 ydelnesse, *s. iv.* 1086, 1104.
 ydelschipe, *Idelschipe*, *s. iv.* 1729, 2329, vii. 4390.
 Ydoine, vi. 879.
 ydolatrie, *s. v.* 1587, vii. 4497.
 Ydomeneux, iii. 1949.
 ydriades, vii. 835, (name of a stone).
 ydromance, *s. vi.* 1297, divination by water.
 ydropesie, *s. v.* 250, dropsy.
 ye (3), *pron.* *P.* 16, *i.* 182, 588, 1821, *ye*, *vi.* 1071, viii. 1533, *obl.* *you*, *yow*, *i.* 66, 173.
 ye, *ye* (3), *adv.* *P.* 373, *i.* 550, 740, *ii.* 17, 1387, *yea*.
 ye, *see* yhe.
 yede (3), *v. n. pret.* *ii.* 856, vii. 2786, went.
 yelde(n) (3), *v. a. v.* 4926, 7092, *pret. pl.* *yolde*, viii. 1265, *pp.* *yolde*, *iv.* 2125, *v.* 5648, vii. 4639, render, surrender, repay.
 yelpe (3), *v. n. iv.* 3410, *v.* 6156; *refl. i.* 26, 1651: boast.
 yelwe (3), *a. vii.* 4881.
 yeme (3), *v. a. v.* 6611, take care of.
 yer, yeer (3), *s. P.* 25, 779, *pl.* *yeres*, *ii.* 711, 1218, 2259, *yeeres*, *iv.* 481, *yer*, *i.* 2922, 3134; *yer* (*yeer*) to *ye*, *yer* to *yeeres*, *i.* 342, *ii.* 239, *v.* 1242, *yer* be *ye*, *ii.* 20, *yeeres* *dai*, *v.* 1311: year.
 yerd (3), *s. iv.* 870, courtyard.
 yerde (3), *s. iii.* 369, *v.* 2363, vii. 4676, stick.
 yeve (3), *see* yive(n).
 yhe, ye, *s. P.* 34, 330, *i.* 305, 903, 2362, *v.* 2034, *pl.* *yhen*, *i.* 140, 774, eye, sight.
 yhed, *a.*, bryht yhed, vii. 1857, bright eyed (man).
 yhte, *s. v.* 7307, possession.
 yifte (3), *s. i.* 794, 1100, *ii.* 330, gift; god I give a yifte, *iv.* 1114, I vow to God, *cp.* *iv.* 1684.
 yifteles (3), *a. ii.* 997.
 yis (3), *adv.* *ii.* 235, 1251, *iii.* 416, 854, *iii.* 1269, yes (not specially after a negative).
 yit (3), *adv.* *P.* 62, *i.* 1284, 2364, *ii.* 60, *iii.* 199, yet (3), *P.* 179, *i.* 576, 786; for the time yit, &c., *vi.* 311, 893: yet, as yet, moreover.
 yive(n) (3), *v. a. i.* 964, 1648, *ii.* 1208, *iv.* 1114, *yeve*, *P.* 167, 2 *s. pres.* *yifst*, *v.* 5856, 3 *s. yifth*, *P.* 519, *iv.* 367, *pret.* *yaf*, *P.* 226, *i.* 817, *imperat.* *yif*, *i.* 135, 1972, *pp.* *yove(n)*, *P.* 332, *i.* 1125, *iii.* 1594, give.
 yle, ile, *s. i.* 1578, *iv.* 435, *v.* 861, 1254, thyle, *v.* 1071, island.
 ylem, *s. vii.* 216 ff., first substance.
 Ylia, *v.* 894.
 Ylioun, *v.* 7236.
 ymage, *s. P.* 604, *i.* 804, *v.* 1499.
 ymagerie, *s. v.* 5771.
 ymaginacdon (-oun), *s. i.* 958, 2269, 3069, *ii.* 2845.
 ymaginynge, *s. vii.* 3312.
 ynche, *s. i.* 1112, inch.
 Ynde, *iii.* 2447, *iv.* 2056, *v.* 1049, 1910.
 Yndien, *a. v.* 4732.
 Yno, *v.* 4271 ff.
 ynowh, *a. i.* 929, 1565, *pl.* *ynowhe*, *ynowe*, *i.* 1135, *ii.* 3226; *subst.* *ynogh*, *ynow*, *v.* 84, 2485: enough.
 ynowh, ynouh, ynou, *ynou*, *adv.* *ii.* 3319, *v.* 2607, 5010, vii. 2100, sufficiently.
 Yo, *iv.* 3319 ff.
 yock (3), *s. v.* 108, yoke.
 yoke(n) (3), *v. a. iv.* 1836, *v.* 3519, yoke.
 yomen (3), *s. pl.* *vi.* 1811.
 yong (3), *a. i.* 488, *def.* *yonge*, *i.* 790, *iv.* 503, *pl.* *yonge*, *ii.* 3219, *iii.* 1800; *as subst. pl.* *i.* 2086, *v.* 3930; *comp.* *yonger*, *v.* 5395; *sup.* *the yongest*, *i.* 3133.
 yongly (3), *a. v.* 7202*, viii. 2674.
 you, yow (3), *see* ye.
 youre (3), *poss. pron.* *i.* 2768, *iii.* 596, 1087, *your*, *iii.* 627; *disj.* *youres*, *i.* 1852.
 yowthe, youthe (3), *s. i.* 730, *iii.* 153, 793, *iv.* 1588, (person) viii. 2462 ff.
 Ypocras, vi. 1409.
 ypocrisie, ipocrisie, *s. i.* 585, 635, 1034, 1079, hypocrisy.
 ypocrite, *s. i.* 591 ff.
 Ypolitus, *v.* 967.
 yren, *see* iren.
 Yris, *iv.* 2972 ff.
 ys, *s. ii.* 1824, *vi.* 245, ice.
 Ysis, *i.* 806, *v.* 801, 816, *Isis*, *iv.* 460, *Ysis* temple, *i.* 842, 858.
 Ysolde, *vi.* 472, viii. 2501.

Ytalle, iv. 93, 2183, v. 887, 903, 1223.
Ytalle, ii. 591.
Ytaspis, vii. 1785.
yvor, s. iv. 383, ivory.
yvy (lef), s. iv. 586, ivy (leaf).
ywiss, *adv.* i. 1281, ii. 2394, iwiss, i. 1226, certainly.

Z

Zelpha, viii. 131.
Zensis, iv. 2421.
zodiaque, s. vii. 697, 977.
Zorastes, vi. 1402, 2368.
Zorobabel, vii. 1802 ff.

INDEX TO THE NOTES

abaisst, iv. 1330.
abeche, vi. 709.
accidence, ii. 3210.
Achelons, iv. 2045.
adjective forms, P. 139, 221, 738, i. 636, 1006, 2677, ii. 2341, 3507, iv. 1320, 2624, vii. 4245.
aftercast, iv. 904.
a game, viii. 2319.
Alanus de Insulis, viii. 2341.
Albertus Magnus, v. 6498: see also *Speculum Astronomiae*.
Albumasar, vii. 283, 989, 1239.
alchemy, terms of, iv. 2462 ff.
Alexander, *Historia de Preliis*, v. 1453, 1571, 2543, vi. 1789 ff., Romance of, vi. 1789 ff., see also *Roman de toute Chevalerie*.
Alfraganus, vii. 1461.
algorisme, vii. 155.
Almagest, vii. 983, 1449.
'along on,' iv. 624.
amaled, i. 2030.
anacoluthon, i. 98, iii. 1593, vi. 1798, vii. 5254.
'and,' position of, P. 155, v. 2815.
Andreas Capellanus, iv. 1245.
Antoninus Pius, vii. 4181.
a place, a down, &c., i. 2377.
Apollonius of Tyre, *Historia*, viii. 271-1681.
appende, vii. 978.
applied, i. 577.
archdeacon's court, P. 407.
arechen, v. 1826.
arista, iv. 1285.
Aristotle, vi. 663, vii. 1, 265, 334 ff., 611.
article, use of, P. 72.
'as he which,' &c., i. 695, ii. 785.
'as to,' 'as forto,' i. 713.
asp, i. 463 (with *Addenda*).
assi se, i. 3050.
assub, vii. 334.
asterte, iii. 626.

astraled, vii. 2660.
'at after,' vi. 1831.
Augustine, i. 463, iii. 2363, vi. 2368.
Avian's Fables as authority, ii. 291.
Avicen, iv. 2610.
'away,' v. 7179.
Ayenote of Inwynt, vi. 785.
Babio (comedy), v. 4808.
baillie, P. 220.
balke, iii. 515.
Barbour's *Bruce*, viii. 1393.
Barlaam et Josaphat, i. 2021, v. 729 ff., 2273.
believe, viii. 2500.
Benoît de Sainte-More as authority, i. 483, 1077, iii. 973 ff., 1757, 1885 ff., 2639 ff., iv. 1693, 2135, v. 1831, 2547, 3247 ff., 6435, 7195 ff., 7591, vi. 1391 ff.
besele, beseln, viii. 1617.
beteche, vi. 2411.
'betwen hem two,' &c., ii. 653, v. 5025.
bewar, iii. 1496, v. 7838.
Bible as authority, P. 881, i. 2785, iv. 1505, 1935, 2325, 2342, v. 1930, 1952, vi. 986, vii. 1783 ff., 2527, 3149*, 3627, 3820, 3860, 3891, 4027, 4406, 4469, 5307.
bidde, biede, bede, v. 4455.
blanche flevere, vi. 239.
blesse, v. 5022.
Boccaccio, i. 389, 2316, ii. 2451, iii. 2555, v. 2273.
Boethius quoted, P. 567, false reference, ii. 261.
Bohemian fashions, viii. 2470.
Boniface VIII, legend of, ii. 2803.
bord, iv. 1741.
bot (=beyond), vii. 694.
Bromyard, *Summa Pruedicantium*, ii. 83, vii. 2355.
Brunetto Latini as authority, P. 745 (*Addenda*), i. 463 (*Addenda*), vii. 1-725, 1595 ff., 2115, 3054, 3387.
brygantalle, P. 212.

- burel, P. 52.
 Burley, *De Vita Philosophorum*, iii. 1201.
 byme (= by me), i. 232.
- Caecilius Balbus quoted as Seneca, v. 7736.
 Callisthenes, vi. 2274.
 'cam ride,' i. 350.
 Canahim, vii. 566.
 capital letters, use of, iii. 1158, iv. 1285, viii. 1285.
 Capitolinus, vii. 4181.
 Caracalla, vii. 4574.
 Catiline, debate on the conspiracy, vii. 1595 ff.
 'cause of,' P. 905.
 champartie, iii. 1173.
 'chase' at tennis, PP. 295.
 Chaucer and Gower, i. 1407 ff., ii. 587 ff., 2451, iii. 143, 1331, iv. 104, 731, 2927, v. 3247, 5231, 5551 ff., vii. 4754, 5131, 7597, viii. 2450, 2573, 2955*.
Chaunces of the Dyse, iv. 2792.
 cherry fair (or feast), P. 454, vi. 891.
 cheste, iii. 417.
 Cicero (Cithero), not identified with Tullius, iv. 2648, vii. 1595.
 oit, P. 836.
 Civile, ii. 83.
 'coat for the hood,' v. 4787, 7716.
 Colchos, Isle of, v. 3509.
 Comestor, Petrus, iv. 647, vii. 3417.
 'common voice,' P. 122.
 conjunctions, position of, P. 155.
 conscience, i. 595.
 consecutive clauses, i. 492.
 conseil, v. 3904.
 contenance, i. 698.
 contretaille, viii. 3102*.
 'cope (coupe) of hevene,' vii. 534.
 crok, vii. 2268.
 'cross and pile,' ii. 390.
 'curry favel,' i. *Lat. Verses*, x. 5.
- Daaly, vii. 351.
 'danger,' i. 2443.
 Dante, ii. 3095, iv. 2200, 2208.
 definite form of adjectives, P. 221, ii. 2341, vii. 4245, before proper names, P. 139.
 demonstrative for definite article, P. 900, ii. 317.
 depos, ii. 1757.
 desoryve, vi. 1110.
 deserve, PP. 278.
 digressions, v. 729.
 Dindymus, Didymus, iv. 2641.
- disorder of clauses, P. 34*, i. 2078, ii. 709, iv. 242, 3520.
 'do wey,' vii. 5408.
 dom, viii. 2113.
 'doute,' 'hem stant no doute,' ii. 2124.
 due, vii. 4195.
- Eges, vii. 351.
 elision before 'have,' i. 2398.
 elision never prevented by caesura, PP. 356.
 elision-apocope, P. 683, vi. 2062, viii. 2165.
 Emaré, ii. 1300.
 embrace, i. 431.
 entame, i. 709.
Epistola Valerii ad Rufinum, v. 6398.
 erasures in Fairfax MS., i. 2713, ii. 594, iii. 2346, iv. 1245 (end), vi. 1359, viii. 2938.
 errors of original copyists, i. 2410, ii. 833, 1020, 1778, 2537, iii. 1065, iv. 2973, v. 4251, vii. 2698 (margin).
 eschu, v. 4748.
 '-eth' termination of plural verb, vii. 536.
 Etna, fire of, P. 329, ii. 20.
 'evel' in the metre, v. 519.
 'exaltation' of planets, vii. 1085 ff.
 'excuse,' i. 733.
 exponde, P. 823.
- Fa crere, ii. 2122.
 fale, i. 2317.
 'fall' of planets, vii. 1135 ff.
 fatalism of Gower, i. 1714, iii. 352, vi. 995.
 lawht, *pret.*, v. 5360.
 felawe, P. 795.
 feminine forms of substantives, i. 1006, of adjectives, i. 636, 1006, 2677, ii. 3507.
 ferke, viii. 603.
 fet, viii. 2415.
 fieldwode, v. 4039.
 finde, vi. 632.
 'for an ende,' viii. 1219.
 'for pure abaisht,' 'for wroth,' &c., iv. 1330, vi. 1696.
 fore, iv. 1723.
 forebode, v. 6053.
 'forwhy and,' ii. 2025.
 French plural adjective, P. 738, fem. adj. i. 636, 1006, 2677, ii. 3507, iv. 2624.
 Froissart, iv. 3438, viii. 2450.
 Fulgentius as authority, v. 363, 1520, vii. 853.
- Galahot, viii. 2505.
 Garland, *see* Hortulanus.
 Geber, iv. 2608.
 genitive for adjective, v. 3533, viii. 1374.

Genius, i. 196: cp. *Vox Clamantis*, iv. 587 ff.
 'gentillesse,' iv. 2200.
 geomancy, vi. 1295.
Gesta Romanorum, iii. 1201, v. 2391, 7105*, vii. 2061, 2355, 2889, 2917, 3295; not used by Gower, vii. 2061.
Geta of Vitalis Blesensis, ii. 2459 (*Addenda*).
 'goddeshalf,' v. 4452.
 Godfrey of Viterbo as authority, i. 2459, iv. 647, 2396 ff., v. 1541 ff., vii. 2765, 2833, 3144, 3295, 4181, 4335, 4574, viii. 271, 679, 1311, 1567.
 gold laid on the book, v. 558.
 Gregory cited, P. 289, 945, v. 1756, 1900.
 grein, vi. 770.
 grisel, viii. 2407.
 Grosteste, legend of, iv. 234.
 Guido di Colonna (*or delle Colonne*), iii. 2639; also referred to, i. 483, 1077, iii. 973 ff., 1757, 1885 ff., v. 3247 ff., 7195, vi. 1391 ff.
 'had' for 'hadde,' i. 2569.
 'hadde I wist,' iv. 305.
 Hampole referred to, viii. 2833.
 hapne, v. 7830.
 hed, ii. 2066.
 'of hed,' iv. 3438.
 Hegesippus as authority, i. 761, 940.
 hepe, v. 2872.
 heraldie, ii. 399.
 Hermes (Trismegistus), iv. 2410, 2606, as authority, vii. 1281 ff.
 'heved' in the metre, i. 1536.
 heavenly, *hevenely*, v. 774.
 'hire' in the metre, i. 367.
 'his oghne (hondes, &c.),' i. 1427, ii. 3260.
 Hoccleve, vii. 2061, 2416, 2889, 3295.
 Homer, vi. 330.
 homward, i. 938, iii. 2451.
 Horace, false references to, vi. 1513, vii. 3581.
 hors (*pl.*), iv. 1309.
 horse side, &c., P. 1085.
 horses of the sun, vii. 853.
 Hortulanus, iv. 2533, 2609.
 'houses' in astrology, vii. 991 ff.
 Hugh of Fleury, vii. 2573.
 Hyginus, ii. 2451, iii. 973, iv. 1815, v. 363, 4251, 5231 ff., 6435, vi. 399.
 '-ie' termination, P. 299, 323, ii. 905.
 'if,' interrogative, ii. 11.
 imperative, 2nd pers. for 3rd, P. 550, viii. 1128, *sing. and plur.*, iv. 1432, v. 3986, 7372.
 incest, iii. 172, viii. 158.

infinitive (Latin) as noun, P. *Lat. Verses*, iv. 4.
 intelligences, vii. 26.
 intersticion, vii. 283.
 inverted order, i. 833, ii. 2642.
 Jerome, iii. 641, v. 6359.
 jeupartie, iii. 1173, vii. 3217.
 Joachim (Abbot), ii. 3056.
 John, 'Seint John to borwe,' v. 3416.
 Joutes, vii. 2279.
 Justin, ii. 1613, vii. 2917, 3417.
 Justinian II, vii. 3267.
 Juvenal quoted, vii. 3581.
 Kaire, ii. 2558.
 Langharet, ii. 2995.
 lapwing, v. 6041.
 Latini, *see* Brunetto Latini.
 Lay d' Aristote, viii. 2705.
 Legenda Aurea, ii. 3187 ff.
 'leng the lasse,' viii. 2055.
 lere, i. 1509.
 leste, *adv.* i. 3296.
 lete, i. 3365, iv. 453.
 'lete by,' 'let of,' v. 1004, 5840.
 letters of request, P. 207.
 Livy, vii. 5093, 5131.
 loke, P. 52*.
 Lombards, ii. 2098.
 love (= luff), v. 7048.
 Lydgate, i. 1129, 1917, 2443, iii. 143, iv. 869, 1330, 2533.
 Macer, vi. 1408.
 maintenue, viii. 3012.
 Malebouche, ii. 389.
 'in manere,' vii. 2132.
 'many,' ii. 447.
 Matthew Paris, v. 4937.
 'men,' vi. 321.
 menable, i. 1067.
 merel, P. 430.
 Methodius as authority, viii. 48, 62.
 mi, min, iv. 3159.
 microcosm, P. 947.
 miht, mihte, iii. 1356.
 mile, viii. 2312.
Mirour de l'Omme, P. 16, 54, 122, 204, 212, 323, 407, 430, 480, 823, 836, 900, 910, 945 ff., 1066, i. 10, 299, 463, 492, 636, 695, 709, 718, 1006, 1067, 1354, 1676, 2677, 2703, 3067, 3308, ii. 20, 83, 389, 401, 413, 2098, 2430, 3095, 3122, 3507, iii. 431, 585, 699, 2599, iv. 9, 60, 448, 893, 914, 1090, 1108, 1632, 2014, 2200, 2606, 2738, v. 29,

- 49, 249, 363, 370, 1879, 1900, 1919, 2015, 2238, 4774, 5507, 5550, 6041, 6359, 6372, 6389, 6395*, 6398, 6498, 7013, 7015*, 7105*, 7612, vi. 71, 218, 253, 770, 857, 1513, 1707, vii. 978, 3137, 3144, 3161* ff., 3581, 5307, viii. 110, 158, 2931, 3012.
- mistime**, iii. 2458, vi. 4.
Morien, iv. 2609.
moste, viii. 395.
mote, viii. 640.
- '**Namplus**,' 'Nauplus,' iii. 1002.
natheles, i. 21, vii. 979.
 'nedle and ston,' vi. 1422.
newe, P. 92*.
 'Nonarcigne,' v. 1009.
Norwich, bishop of, P. 268.
- Octovien**, gold of, v. 4731.
 'of hed,' iv. 3438.
 'of this lif' &c., iv. 3414.
 'offering,' v. 7140.
oil, vii. 2194.
old, olde, iii. 782.
 omission of pronoun subject, P. 676, i. 1895, vi. 34; of relative, i. 10; of negative, ii. 2423, iii. 78.
 'on the ferste,' &c., iv. 2606.
 'onwrong,' P. 65*.
oppose, i. 225.
 'Orbis,' vii. 611.
 order of words, P. 155, 905, i. 833, ii. 2642, of clauses, P. 34*, i. 2078, ii. 709.
Ormulum, viii. 2833.
Orosius, ii. 1613, vii. 3417, 4574.
orthography, P. 24*, 252, 550, 702, iv. 2123, v. 5215, 5248, vii. 3418, viii. 484, 2938, PP. (p. 552).
other, othre, i. 116.
outwith, viii. 2833.
overhippe, v. 2004.
Ovid as authority, P. 1055, i. 333, 389, 2275 ff., ii. 104, 2157, 2451, iii. 143 ff., 361, 736, 783, 818, 1331, 1685, iv. 77, 104, 147, 371, 451, 731 ff., 816, 979, 1035, 1901, 2045, 2927 ff., 3187, 3317, 3515 ff., v. 141 ff., 635, 1009, 3927 ff., 4583, 5231, 5551 ff., 6145 ff., 6225 ff., 6713 ff., 6807, vi. 485, 1445, 1513, vii. 3355, 4593 ff., 4754 ff.
 'owl on stock,' iii. 585.
- Pantheon**, see Godfrey of Viterbo.
par, per, i. 2049.
 paragraphs in the MSS., ii. 2451, v. 1323.
para, v. 4774.
 participle absolute, ii. 752, 791, 1723.
 participle for infinitive, i. 3153, iv. 249, 816.
 participle inflected as predicate, i. 3246.
Paulus Diaconus, i. 2459.
Paulus Langius, ii. 2803.
 peace with France, P. 162.
 'peace with honour,' PP. 157.
peacock, v. 6498.
 'peire of bedes,' viii. 2904.
Pericles, Prince of Tyre, viii. 271, 1534.
pernable, viii. 2931.
Physics of Aristotle, vi. 663.
 'pillars of Hercules,' iv. 2054.
pipe, v. 95.
plight, vii. 4228.
 'poete,' i. e. Ovid, v. 5231.
 'positive law,' P. 247, iii. 172.
 pronoun subject omitted, P. 676, i. 1895, vi. 34.
Proteus, v. 3082.
provende, P. 210.
proverbs, P. 416, i. 1293, 1917, iii. 585, v. 4787, 6526.
Pseudo, v. 1879.
punctuation, P. 809, i. 320, 1102, 2548, 2939, ii. 762, 1001 f., 1173, 1950, iii. 1394, iv. 733, 1490, 1927, 3438 (end), 3542, v. 1636, 1980, 2937, 3966, 3981, 5093, 5724, 6281, vi. 2074, vii. 2302, viii. 1101, 2713.
- queinte**, iv. 2314.
- Ragman**, viii. 2378.
Razel, vi. 1316.
 relative omitted, i. 10.
reles, vi. 253.
remene, v. 6541.
 repetition of line, i. 2106, iii. 352.
reprise, i. 3308, v. 4708.
rhyme, ii. 2578, 2680, iv. 453, 979, 1723, v. 3488, 3786, 6073, vi. 709, viii. 1451, PP. 150.
Richard II, viii. 2991*.
 riddles, viii. 405, 1681.
Rishanger's Chronicle, ii. 2803.
Robert of Geneva, P. 196.
Roman de la Rose, P. 945, i. 196, 213, 2443, ii. 389, iii. 1158, iv. 2200, 2421, 2901, vi. 330, vii. 5131.
Roman de toute Chevalerie as authority, vi. 1789 ff.
Roman des Sept Sages as authority, v. 2031, 2643.
Romane de Troie, see Benoît de Sainte-More.
 'Romance of Alexander,' (English), vi. 1789 ff.
 Romance of Ydoine and Amadas, vi. 879.
rote, vi. 1312.

- schapthe, vi. 785.
 scomerfare, viii. 1391.
 sea terms, iv. 1741, v. 7048.
Secretum Secretorum, iv. 2533, v. 6498, vi.
 663, vii. 1, 1706, 2017, 2031 ff., 3207*,
 4559.
 see, PP. 382.
 sein (= seen), i. 2883.
 sende (*pret.*), P. 1013.
 Seneca, vii. 2061, false references to, ii.
 3095, v. 7736.
 sete, vii. 2864.
 sett, viii. 2095.
 Silvester, legend of, ii. 3187.
 Simon Magus, P. 204.
 'slake a riff', viii. 1983.
 slyke, v. 6634.
 sojorned, vi. 1180.
 solein, iv. 448.
 som, P. 529.
 Sortes, viii. 2718.
 soth, sothe, P. 850.
Speculum Astronomie as authority, vi.
 1306 ff., vii. 1449.
Speculum Stultorum, v. 4937 ff.
 'Spertachus', vii. 3417 ff.
 stars, names of, vii. 1281, 1329 ff.
 Statius as authority, i. 1980, iv. 1968, v.
 2961 ff.
 statue, P. 891.
 stature, vi. 1524.
 'stones' of alchemy, iv. 2533.
 'strong thing', v. 7377.
 subjunctive in indirect speech, P. 41, i.
 532, iii. 708; with 'who that', &c., P. 460,
 iv. 1096, v. 2677.
 'Supplication', viii. 2217.
 supposeth (*impers.*), v. 22.
 symbolism of Gower, i. 2355, ii. 196, v.
 5943.
 syncope, P. 66*, 152, v. 519.
 'Synon', 'Symon', i. 1172.
 take, P. 54.
 'tale and ende', v. 5670.
 Tantalus, punishment of, v. 363.
 'testament of love', viii. 2955*.
 'that', v. 899, 'that I arise', &c., iv. 3273,
 v. 3422, 'that I ne hadde', &c., iv. 1422,
 'that . . . ne betre (more, &c.)', i. 718,
 ii. 1423.
 'the', use of, P. 72, 116.
 Thebith, vi. 1321.
 thenken, thinken, i. 2684.
 'ther', i. 987.
 Tiberius Constantinus, ii. 590.
 tire, vi. 817.
 'to', use of, v. 5724, 'to loke', &c., P. 133,
 'to' after 'mai', 'myhte', 'mote', ii. 510,
 vii. 437, viii. 640.
 'he to go', viii. 1393.
 tome (= to me), i. 232.
 tome (*subst.*), ii. 2680.
 topselleole, viii. 1890.
 'toward', v. 6757, viii. 2077.
Trésor, see Brunetto Latini.
 Trevisa's *Polychronicon*, vii. 2194.
 Trivet as authority, ii. 587.
 'Troian', vii. 3144.
 Tullius, iv. 2648, vii. 1595.
 tyh (*pret.*), v. 5709.
 u and v, vii. 5390.
 'under the gore', &c., v. 5730, 6680.
 unskilfully, vii. 4757.
 unwar, vi. 1262.
Valerii Epistola ad Rufinum, v. 6398 f.
 Valerius Maximus, ii. 1613, vii. 2217, 2783,
 2845, 2889, 3181, 3215.
 Valerius, *Res Gestae Alexandri*, vi. 1789 ff.
 'vernage', vi. 218.
 vers, vi. 70.
 Vincent of Beauvais, i. 761, ii. 1613, iii.
 1201, vii. 283, 989, viii. 2573.
 Virgil, legends of, v. 2031, viii. 2714.
Vita Iohannis Eleemosynarii, vii. 2416.
Vox Clamantis, P. 207, 247, 268, 305,
 407, 945, 947, i. 718, v. 1879, 1900, 4937,
 viii. 2212, PP. 157 and p. 554.
 Walsingham's Chronicle, iv. 3438.
 'was', viii. 2435.
Weddyng of Sir Gawene, i. 1407 ff.
 weer, P. 143.
 what (*subst.*), i. 1676.
 'what' (= whatever), P. 69*.
 'whi ne were it', iv. 2855.
 'whiche' in the metre, i. 2769.
 'who that', P. 13.
 William of Malmesbury, v. 4731.
 'Wit and Will', iii. 1158.
 'with', use of, i. 452, v. 6757, vii. 3359.
 'with al', vi. 1707.
 wool, iv. 2895.
 world, P. 383, iii. 626.
 ydel, v. 4724.
 'yit' used redundantly, vi. 311, 2418.
 Ylem, vii. 216.
 Zoroaster, vi. 2368.

OXFORD
PRINTED AT THE CLARENDON PRESS
BY HORACE HART, M.A.
PRINTER TO THE UNIVERSITY

12 c Early English Text Society.
EXTRA SERIES, LXXXII.

The English Works of John Gower.

EDITED FROM THE MANUSCRIPTS,
WITH INTRODUCTION, NOTES, AND GLOSSARY.

G. C. MACAULAY, M.A.,

FORMERLY FELLOW OF TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.

VOL. II.

(CONVERSIO AMANTIS, LIB. V, 1971—LIB. VIII; and IS PRINCE OF PEACE.)

'O, gentle Enghelbert, a ful founte.'

LONDON:

PUBLISHED FOR THE EARLY ENGLISH TEXT SOCIETY,
BY KEGAN PAUL, TRENCH, TRÜBNER & CO., LTD.,
PATERNOSTER HOUSE, CHANCERY LANE, E.C. 4.

M DCCCCL.

Price Fifteen Shillings.

Early English Text Society.

Committee of Management:

Director: Dr. FREDERICK J. FURNIVALL, M.A.

Treasurer: HENRY B. WHEATLEY, Esq.

Hon. Sec.: W. A. DALZIEL, Esq., 67, VICTORIA ROAD, FINSBURY PARK, N.

Hon. Secs. for America: { North and East: PROF. G. L. KITTREDGE, HARVARD COLL., CAMBR. MASS.
South and West: PROF. J. W. BRIGHT, JOHNS HOPKINS UNIV., BALTIMORE.

LORD ALDENHAM, M.A.

ISRAEL GOLLANCZ, M.A.

S. L. LEE, B.A.

REV. PROF. J. E. B. MAYOR, M.A.

DR. J. A. H. MURRAY, M.A.

PROF. NAPIER, M.A., Ph.D.

EDWARD B. PEACOCK, Esq.

ALFRED W. POLLARD, M.A.

REV. PROF. WALTER W. SKEAT, Litt.D.

DR. HENRY SWEET, M.A.

DR. W. ALDIS WRIGHT, M.A.

(With power to add Workers to their number.)

Bankers: THE UNION BANK OF LONDON, 2, PRINCES STREET, E.C.

The Early English Text Society was started by Dr. Furnivall in 1864 for the purpose of bringing the mass of Old English Literature within the reach of the ordinary student, and of wiping away the reproach under which England had long rested, of having felt little interest in the monuments of her early language and life.

On the starting of the Society, so many Texts of importance were at once taken in hand by its Editors, that it became necessary in 1867 to open, besides the *Original Series* with which the Society began, an *Extra Series* which should be mainly devoted to fresh editions of all that is most valuable in printed MSS. and Caxton's and other black-letter books, though first editions of MSS. will not be excluded when the convenience of issuing completed Texts demands their inclusion in the Extra Series.

During the thirty-six years of the Society's existence it has produced, with whatever shortcomings, an amount of good solid work for which all students of our Language, and some of our Literature, must be grateful, and which has rendered possible the beginnings (at least) of proper Histories and Dictionaries of that Language and Literature, and has illustrated the thoughts, the life, the manners and customs of our forefathers and foremothers.

But the Society's experience has shown the very small number of those inheritors of the speech of Cynwulf, Chaucer, and Shakspeare, who care two guineas a year for the records of that speech. 'Let the dead past bury its dead' is still the cry of Great Britain and her Colonies, and of America, in the matter of language. The Society has never had money enough to produce the Texts that could easily have been got ready for it; and many Editors are now anxious to send to press the work they have prepared. The necessity has therefore arisen for trying to increase the number of the Society's members, and to induce its well-wishers to help it by gifts of money, either in one sum or by instalments. The Committee trust that every Member will bring before his or her friends and acquaintances the Society's claims for liberal support. Until all Early English MSS. are printed, no proper History of our Language or Social Life is possible.

The Subscription to the Society, which constitutes membership, is £1 1s. a year (and £1 1s. additional for the *EXTRA SERIES*), due in advance on the 1st of JANUARY, and should be paid either to the Society's Account at the Head Office of the Union Bank of London, Princes Street, London, E.C., or by Cheque, Postal Order, or Money-Order to the Hon. Secretary, W. A. DALZIEL, Esq., 67, Victoria Rd., Finsbury Park, London, N., and crossed 'Union Bank of London.' (United-States Subscribers must pay for postage 1s. 4d. a year extra for the *Original Series*, and 1s. a year for the *Extra Series*.) The Society's Texts are also sold separately at the prices put after them in the Lists; but Members can get back-Texts at one-third less than the List-prices by sending the cash for them in advance to the Hon. Secretary.

MSS. and Books that Editors are wanted for.

Among the MSS. and old books which need copying or re-editing are:—

ORIGINAL SERIES.

English Inventories and other MSS. in Canterbury Cathedral (5th Report, Hist. MSS. Com.).
 Maumetrie, from Lord Toller's MS.
 The Romance of Troy. Harl. 825.
 Biblical MS., Corpus, Camb. 344 (ab. 1375).
 Hampole's unprinted Works.
 The Clowde of Unknowyng, from Harl. MSS. 2273, 2289, 1884, Reg. 17 C 21, &c. Univ. Coll. Ox. 14.
 A Lantern of Light, from Harl. MS. 2324.
 Soule-his, from the Vernon MS.
 Lydgate's unprinted Works.
 Boethius de Consol.; Pilgrim, 1426, &c. &c.
 Vegetius on the Art of War. (Magd. Ox. 59, &c.)
 Early Treatises on Music: Descant, the Gamme, &c.
 Skelton's englishing of Diodorus Siculus.
 Boethius, in press, MS. Auct. F. 3. 5, Bodley.
 Penitential Psalms, by Rd. Maydenston, Brampton, &c. (Hartmann, A. 389, Douce 232, &c.)
 Documents from the early Registers of the Bishops of all Dioceses in Great Britain.
 Ordinances and Documents of the City of Worcester.
 Chronicles of the Brute.
 T. Breus's Passion of Christ, 1429. Harl. 2338.
 Jn. Crophill or Crephill's Tracts, Harl. 1735.
 Burgh's Cato.
 Memorials Credendum, &c. Harl. 2398.
 Book for Recluses, Harl. 2372.
 Lollard Theological Treatises, Harl. 2342, 2350, &c.
 H. Selby's Northern Ethical Tract, Harl. 2488, art. 29.

Hilton's Ladder of Perfection, Coll. Faust, B. 6, &c.
 Supplementary Early English Lives of Saints.
 The Early and Later Festivals, ab. 1400 and 1440 A. D., Bodley, Chanc. A. 24. Univ. Coll. Ox. 109, &c.
 Select Prose Treatises from the MSS.
 Jn. Hyde's MS. of Romances, &c., Bodley 634.
 Metrical Homilies, Edinburgh MS.
 Lyrical Poems from the Fairfax MS. 16.
 Prose Life of St. Audry, A. D. 1480, Corp. 14, 150.
 English Miscellanies from MSS., Corp. Oxford.
 Miscellanies from Oxford College MSS.
 Diace Mori, Jesus Coll. Ox. 59; Bodl. Laud 90.
 Alain Chartier's Quadrilogue, &c., Univ. Coll. Ox. 55.
 Mirror of the blessed Ilf of Ihesu Crist, Univ. Coll. Ox. 123, &c.
 Poem on Virtues and Vices, &c., Harl. 2290.
 Maundeveyle's Legend of Gwydo, Queen's, Ox. 583.
 Book of Warrants of Edw. VI., &c., New Coll. Ox. 328.
 Adam Loutfut's Heraldic Tracts, Harl. 6149-50.
 Rules for Gunpowder and Ordnance, Harl. 6355.
 John Watton's english Speculum Christiani, Corpus, Ox. 135, Laud 11. 12, Thomson 239, Harl. 2250, art. 29.

EXTRA SERIES.

Erie of Tolous.
 Ypocrite.
 Sir Eglancoure.
 Lyrical Poems, from the Harl. MS. 2253.
 Le Morte Arthur, from the unique Harl. 2253.
 Sir Tristrem, from the unique Auchinleck MS.
 Miscellaneous Miracle Plays.
 Sir Gowther.
 Dame Siriz, &c.
 Orfeo (Dugby, 86).
 Dialogues between the Soul and Body.
 Barlaam and Josaphat.
 Amis and Amiloun.
 Ipomedon.
 Sir Genetides, from Lord Toller's MS.
 The Troy-Book fragments once called Barlaam's in the Camb. Univ. Library and Douce MSS.
 Poems of Charles, Duke of Orleans.
 Carols and Songs.
 The Siege of Rouen, from Harl. MSS. 2254, 753.
 Egerton 1960, Bodl. 5262, E. Muses 124, &c.

Songs and Ballads, Ashmole MS. 48.
 Octavian.
 Ywain and Gawain.
 Libeaus Desconus.
 Auntyr of Arther.
 Awoyng of King Arther.
 Sir Perceval of Gallas.
 Sir Isambard.
 Partonope of Blois, Univ. Coll. Ox. 188, &c.
 Pilgrimage to Jerusalem, Queen's, Ox. 227.
 Other Pilgrimages to Jerusalem, Harl. 2332.
 Horne, Penitential Psalms, &c., Queen's, Ox. 267.
 St. Brandon's Confession, Queen's, Ox. 216.
 Scotch Heraldry Tracts, copy of Caxton's Book of Chivalry, &c., Queen's Coll. Oxford 161.
 Stevyn Scrope's Doctryne and Wyssedome of the Auncient Philosophers, A. D. 1458, Harl. 2261.

Early English Text Society.

The Subscription, which constitutes membership, is £1 1s. a year (and £1 1s. additional for the Extra Series), due in advance, and on 1st JANUARY, and should be paid either to the Society's Account at the Head Office of the Union Bank of London, Princes Street, London, E.C.2, or by Cheque, Postal Order, or Money Order to the Hon. Secretary, W. A. DAINIEL, Esq., 67, Victoria Rd., Grosvenor Park, London, N.W.1, or to the Union Bank of London. United States Subscribers must add 5s. for postage 1s. 6d. a year extra for the Original Series, and 1s. a year for the Extra Series. The Society's books are also sold separately at the prices put after them in the lists.

ORIGINAL SERIES.

The Publications for 1900 are:

94. *Aelfric's Metrical Lives of Saints*, Part IV, edited by Prof. F. J. F. [?], 1900, 140 pp.
95. *Jacob's Well*, edited from the unique Salisbury Cathedral MS. by Dr. A. [?], 1900, 106 pp.
96. *An Old-English Martyrology*, edited from the 4 MSS. by Dr. H. [?], 1900, 122 pp.

The Publications for 1901 will be:

97. *Minor Poems of the Vernon MS.*, Part II (with a few from Irish and other MSS.), ed. Dr. E. J. F. [?], 1901, 114 pp.
98. *The Lay Folks' Catechism*, by Arncliffe, Thoresby, ed. Dr. [?], 1901, 106 pp.
99. *Robert of Brunne's Handlyng Synne* (1303), and an French original, edited by Dr. F. J. [?], 1901, 106 pp.

The Publications for 1902 will be chosen from:

- Minor Poems of the Vernon MS., Part II. Introduction and glosses by Mrs. F. [?].
Sir David Lindsay's Works, ed. [?], 1902, 106 pp.
The Anglo-Saxon Siege of Jerusalem, ed. by Prof. F. [?], 1902, 106 pp.
Jacob's Well, and other [?], ed. [?], 1902, 106 pp.
Vices and Virtues from the [?], ed. [?], 1902, 106 pp.
The Exeter Book (Anglo-Saxon Poems), re-edited from the unique MS. by Dr. F. [?], 1902, 106 pp.
Prayers and Descriptions, from the unique MS. Cotton Tibs C. IV, ed. by [?], 1902, 106 pp.
A few Political and other Poems from Oxford MSS., edited by Dr. [?].
North English Metrical Homilies, edited from Ashmole 12 and other MSS. by G. W. [?].

EXTRA SERIES.

The Publications for 1907 (see previous page):

- LXXI. *The Unweaned Play*, edited from the unique MS. by G. [?], 1907, 106 pp.
LXXII. *Howe's Regement of Piracy*, 1611-12, ed. [?], 1907, 106 pp.
LXXIII. *Huckeye's Minor Poems*, ed. [?], 1907, 106 pp.

The Publications for 1908 (see previous page):

- LXXIV. *Secreta Secretorum*, from the [?], ed. [?], 1908, 106 pp.
LXXV. *Speculum Gloriarum de Warwick*, ed. [?], 1908, 106 pp.

The Publications for 1909 (see previous page):

- LXXVI. *George Ashby's Poems*, ed. [?], 1909, 106 pp.
LXXVII. *Lydgate's Deguileville's Pilgrimage of the Life of Man*, ed. [?], 1909, 106 pp.
LXXVIII. *Mary Magdalene*, by Th. [?], ed. [?], 1909, 106 pp.

The Publications for 1900 (see previous page):

- LXXIX. *Caxton's Dialogues, English and French*, ed. [?], 1900, 106 pp.
LXXX. *Nightingale and other Poems*, ed. [?], 1900, 106 pp.
LXXXI. *Gower's Confessio Amantis*, ed. [?], 1900, 106 pp.

The Publications for 1901 (see previous page):

- LXXXII. *Gower's Confessio Amantis*, ed. [?], 1901, 106 pp.
LXXXIII. *Lydgate's Deguileville's Pilgrimage of the Life of Man*, ed. [?], 1901, 106 pp.
LXXXIV. *Lydgate's Reason and Sensuality*, ed. [?], 1901, 106 pp.

The Publications for 1902 and 1903 will be chosen from:

- Meineke*, the [?], from the unique MS., ed. [?], 1902, 106 pp.
Promptorium Parvulorum, c. 1400, from the Winchester MS., ed. [?], 1902, 106 pp.
Lydgate's Dance of Death, edited from the MSS. by Miss Florence Warner.
Secreta Secretorum, from the [?], ed. [?], 1902, 106 pp.
The Craft of Nombryng, the earliest English Treatise on Arithmetic, ed. [?], 1902, 106 pp.
The Book of the Foundation of St. Bartholomew's Hospital, London, MS. [?], ed. Dr. Norman [?].

- The Chester Play*, ed. [?], 1902, 106 pp.
Lichfield Gilds, ed. [?], 1902, 106 pp.
Alexander Scott's Poems, ed. [?], 1902, 106 pp.
John Hart's Orthographie, from his unique MS. 1231, and his black-letter text, 1232, ed. Prof. Otto [?].

- John Hart's Methodus with Riddings*, 1278, ed. Prof. Otto [?].
Extracts from the Rochester Dominican Registers, ed. [?].
The Owl and Nightingale, ed. [?].
The Three Kings' Song, Part II, from [?], ed. [?].

- The Coventry Plays*, re-edited from the unique MS. by Dr. [?].



[REDACTED]

1

—



~~NON-CIRCULATING~~



Stanford University Libraries



3 6105 005 674 895

CECIL H. GREEN LIBRARY
STANFORD UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES
STANFORD, CALIFORNIA 94305-6004
(650) 723-1493
grncirc@sulmail.stanford.edu

All books are subject to recall.

DATE DUE

JUN 3 0 2000
MAY 3 0 2000

MAY 3 0 2000
JUN 3 0 2000

